

FOUR DAYS FIGHTING

Many British Warriors Fall Under Fire of Boers at Wepener.

BASUTOS WILL BAR A BOER INVASION

Protest of Lord Roberts Regarding Treatment of English Prisoners.

MINE OWNER CAPTURED BY THE BOERS

Position of Colonel Dalgety's Forces Reported to be Strong.

MORE PRISONERS TAKEN TO ST. HELENA

British High Commissioner Complains that There Are Too Many Visitors, Especially Women, to the South African Country.

LONDON, April 15.—A dispatch from

Alhambra, dated April 13, says: "It is officially reported that the British

forces are a result of the invasion last week.

Five hundred Boers, under Commandant Swanevel, forced the Royal Irish Rifles to

to go to the front to provide him a true Free State.

A cablegram from Maseru, Basutoland, dated April 14, says:

"Sir Geoffrey Lagden, British resident commissioner, returned here yesterday (Friday) from the scene of operations near Wepener.

Colonel Dalgety's position is strong and well chosen, but he is completely surrounded.

The Boers have their backs against Basutoland, and if they stay much longer they will be hemmed in.

Colonel Dalgety's gunners are admirably served and there is no want of ammunition.

The Boers, when they see the electric flash of the cordite, bolt into their holes or bend

The Boers attacked fiercely the British northern position on Monday, April 9, but they were beaten back at daybreak.

From Warrenton comes news that Frank Smith, a well known mine owner, fell into the hands of the Boers while driving from

A dispatch from St. Helena, dated April 15, says:

"Colonel Schiel and two other Boer prisoners were landed today and sent to the citadel in consequence of an attempt to

"It appears that Colonel Schiel bribed a boatman to take a letter to a Dutch cruiser,

The Boer commander took a letter to the British cruiser Nobeke. A large knife was

"Colonel Schiel walked to the citadel, declining a carriage that was placed at his disposal."

Winston Churchill telegraphs to the Morning Post from Bloemfontein, under

The war is bound to prove an extremely expensive business, he says.

"Two hundred and fifty thousand men will be needed before the end is attained.

The question of remounts will continue one of the most important items on the agenda

The fact that the consuls allowed Winston Churchill's dispatch on the subject of

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was reached to withdraw the Transvaal force to the north of the Vet river,

Treatment of British Prisoners. BLOEMFONTEIN, Saturday, April 14.—

Lord Roberts, in his telegram of protest to President Kruger regarding the treatment

He points out that there are ninety cases of enteric fever and dysentery in the prisoner

A regiment of British infantry and a battery of artillery arrived Friday.

General Brabant's headquarters and all the mounted troops have gone to Rouxville.

The Northern Post asserts that the Rouxville district furnished 1,000 recruits to the

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PECK IS WELL PLEASSED

Commissioner General Complacently Endorses the Paris Exposition.

FINDS IT UP TO THE CHICAGO STANDARD

France Warmly Congratulated on Having Brought Together the Peoples of the World at the Fair.

(Copyright, 1900, by Press Publishing Co.) PARIS, April 15.—(New York World Telegram—Special Telegram.)—In these

of our own soldiers." Four farmers who had taken the oath to abstain from further co-operation with

He invites President Kruger to remedy this state of things and contrasts it with the

Four farmers who had taken the oath to abstain from further co-operation with the

A paymaster with £1,400 was captured. "Too Many Idle Visitors.

Joseph Oberlin, secretary of state for the colonies, has received the following

dispatch from Sir Alfred Milner, British high commissioner in South Africa:

"The number of visitors to South Africa is constantly increasing and includes many,

"I am sure this would not be the case if it were realized at home that visitors,

to whom I have submitted this message, authorizes me to add that he

fully concurs in the views expressed.

Lord Roberts, to whom I have submitted this message, authorizes me to add that he

fully concurs in the views expressed.

LOGANSFORD, Ind., April 15.—Too much pressure and a piece of defective gas pipe

in the mains of the Chicago Pipe Line company at a point four miles south of

today in which Michael Ellison, Jr., was instantly killed and five other men received

injuries from which it is doubtful if some recover.

Twenty men were in the trench repairing a leak in a ten-inch main from which

the gas had been transferred to an eight-inch main near it. The men were around

"T" in the eight-inch main and Ellison was stopping over it when the pipe gave

and was found 150 feet away with his bones broken.

George Morrison, in charge of the work, found himself sprawling on the ground

thirty feet with gravel and dirt blown into his skin, his whole body wrenched

and all of his clothes torn and tattered, but no bones broken.

Will Briggs was also hurled some distance and was taken home unconscious. Three

laborers were knocked down and bruised in the explosion. The rest of the men

Commissioner General Peck and the experts who assist him. With such able

collaborators all work becomes pleasurable and easy."

PARIS STAYS AWAY FROM SHOW. Grounds Crowded by Foreigners and

PARIS, April 15.—Glorious weather favored the opening of the exposition to the

general public today and immense crowds flocked into the grounds.

The area of the exhibition, however, is so great that no band of music, and the people promenade

were mainly composed of provincials and foreigners. Comparatively few Parisians

were to be seen. Aware of the great backwardness of the preparations, they remained

away for the most part. The management demanded two entrance tickets for morning

admission, one for afternoon admission and two during the evening, when the Eiffel

tower and the palace on the Champ de Mars were illuminated. But there were

absolutely no attractions provided for morning and afternoon admission.

The American national pavilion remained closed, so did most of the other pavilions for the excellent reason that their interiors

are still unfinished. "I was and remain a great admirer of the Chicago world's fair.

When I first came here and for a long time afterward I felt very doubtful whether the present exposition

could equal ours. My views have changed. Chicago excelled in some respects.

We had there a magnificent situation—vast areas of lake front and a splendid park.

Our men took advantage of these points with an intelligence, the result of which cannot be overpraised.

Even the French officials holding the present exposition have not forgotten the marvelous

architecture, harmonious groupings, enchanting water effects and the general loveliness of the fair of 1893.

They willingly concede that some of these things must remain unequalled here.

"On the other hand French ingenuity and artistic taste, coupled with extensive

experience, have achieved wonders. The area of the Paris exposition is less

than that of Chicago, but nevertheless it is enormous. Because of this it is difficult

to keep visitors busily going and always interested, even if they should stay

throughout the exposition period in Paris.

"General Divisions Described. "The space has been divided into four main

sections, owing to natural conditions—divided, yet closely linked. These four

sections do not include the river banks of the Seine, lined on the one side with the

TALK ABOUT VICE PRESIDENT

Dolliver of Iowa Said to Be in Very High Favor.

ORATOR WANTED TO MAKE THE SPEECHES

Mention of Possible Nebraska Candidates Not Taken Seriously by the Leaders of the Party at

Washington. A Washington special to the St. Louis

Globe-Democrat gives the following interesting review of the situation with regard

to the republican vice presidential nomination, as it appears to the leaders there:

Governor Roosevelt's peremptory refusal to accept the vice presidential nomination

has rather bewildered the republicans responsible for party management. Careful

inquiry in administration, national committee and congressional circles has

discovered agreement on any one man to take the place of Roosevelt. With Roosevelt

out of the race, New York's material is exhausted. Cornelius N. Bliss might be

a reluctant second choice, but his declination is taken by many to prevent

any further consideration of candidates from the Empire state. Those who are naming

Representative Sherman of New York have no authority for using his name, as he has

not even been thought of in the higher party circles.

Among those who have turned from the east to the west, Dolliver of Iowa seems

to have more friends than any other leading republican from that section. It is

believed that he is young, being but 42 years of age; that he is the best

speaker in the house and a trained fighter on republican lines; that he can go on the

stump in doubtful states and arouse an excitement equal to that which Roosevelt

could excite, and that he is clean of repute, reliable in every party emergency, and,

finally, poor. The aversion to nominating a candidate

for the vice presidency because he has a "barrel" is decided. While it is admitted

that President McKinley, as an occupant of the White House, cannot make

speeches in the campaign. The dignity of the office will forbid his active participation

in the rougher features of the contest. It is serious, because a necessity to have

some one with youth and strength and a brilliant personality to fight in the open

for the principle of the republican party, which are to be assailed with a vindictive

stomach never before equaled by the democratic stump speakers.

CONDITION OF THE WEATHER

Forecast for Nebraska.—Rain, Followed by Clearing; Colder.

Temperature at Omaha yesterday:

Hour. Day. Hour. Day.

5 a. m. 48 1 p. m. 57

6 a. m. 48 2 p. m. 59

7 a. m. 48 3 p. m. 62

8 a. m. 49 4 p. m. 62

9 a. m. 48 5 p. m. 60

10 a. m. 51 6 p. m. 58

11 a. m. 53 7 p. m. 58

12 m. 55 8 p. m. 58

12 m. 55 9 p. m. 58

ley or of Senator Hanna or of any other

the party to decide the vice president of the convention in advance of its meeting

at Philadelphia. Mr. Roosevelt is nominated at Philadelphia

he must accept. No man can refuse to accept like that and no republican ever has.

There are other republicans in New York state than Roosevelt who can be elected governor,

but he is needed on the ticket with McKinley and he should not set up his personal

views against the judgment of his party. The convention will decide upon the candidate

for vice president and if it is Roosevelt, as I believe, then Roosevelt will take the nomination."

MRS. ANDREWS TO DECIDE

Chicago Educator Will Leave Acceptance of Call to University of Nebraska to His Wife.

CHICAGO, April 15.—Dr. E. Benjamin Andrews said tonight that the question whether

he would accept or refuse the offer made him by the regents of the University of Nebraska

depended largely upon what his wife thought of the offer.

Mrs. Andrews, he said, would return Thursday from Pinehurst, N. C., where she has been for several days, and would then

have the case laid before her. Dr. Andrews returned today from Lincoln.

COLORADO IS SNOWBOUND

Furious Storm Has Been Raging Almost Continuously for Eleven Days—Damage in Farming Sections.

DENVER, Colo., April 15.—A mixture of rain and snow has been falling incessantly

BLOODSHED IS FEARED

Deputies and Italian Laborers in New York May Battle Today.

CALL FOR TROOPS HAS BEEN ISSUED

Strikers Are Heavily Armed and Hold Entrenched Position on a Hill.

EXCITEMENT IS RUNNING VERY HIGH

Attempt by Conference Committee to Bring About Settlement.

MEN DETERMINED IN THEIR STRUGGLE

Presence of Soldiers, It is Expected, Will Be Signal for Conflict—Southern Railway Officials Say Telegraphers' Strike is Dead.

CROTON LANDING, N. Y., April 15.—While everything is quiet here and in the neighborhood of the Cornell dam

tonight, nearly 300 armed deputies are guarding the works and each one of them is guessing as to what tomorrow may bring

for the striking laborers, and if the strikers are heavily armed and hold entrenched

position on a hill. The striking Italian laborers, whose homes are

in the vicinity of the works, are behaving themselves excellently. But underneath

their assumed quiet there is a stubborn resolve not to go back to work nor let any

outsider take their places until the contractors agree to pay the increase of wages

demanded. Strenuous efforts are being made by the Italian consul, Branch, and State

Arbitrator Delahanty to bring about a settlement of the difficulty, and much will depend

on the outcome of a conference which is to be held in New York between the two

contractors and General Roe, Sheriff Malloy this evening. A great deal of weight will

be brought to bear on the contractors to give in, in part, if not entirely, to the

demand of the striking laborers, and if the contractors do not make concessions there

is no telling what trouble may crop up within the next forty-eight hours. The strikers

are very determined in their demands and assure that if outside labor is brought here

they will fight tooth and nail to prevent it. The striking Italian laborers, whose

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NEW CONFESSION OF FAITH

Dr. Parkhurst Makes a Vigorous Assault on Westminster Document—System of T. eology Not Needed.

NEW YORK, April 15.—Rev. Charles Parkhurst, speaking at his pulpit in Madison

Square Presbyterian church today, made a vigorous assault on the Westminster

confession of faith. He said: "We ought to have a new confession of

faith. It is surprising that the Presbyterian church is able to do so much for the

world, and yet is so backward in its theology. We are tottering under our present

confession. In the first place the thing needed is not a system of theology, for that

is what our present confession is, but a simple and direct statement of a half dozen or so

of the fundamental truths of Jesus Christ's message to the world. I could get along

with a confession of faith containing but the little that Jesus said when he was

travelling at a right angle up and down the river what a joyously harmonious, original

panorama is presented. Likewise the Champ d'Elysees section, with its two permanent

marble palaces, seems indispensable to complete the invasion group. These and the

two parts of the fair with the bold bridge that makes them one, certainly

constitute a masterpiece in handling municipal landscapes. For here, and let us not forget

to mention it, we are right in the heart of the city of Paris, which would be one of

the best features of the exposition. It is humbling round us on all sides.

"Is all this less interesting that the Chicago world's fair or less grandly beautiful? I

would say so. At any rate this is very different.

"The last seven years have taught everybody a great deal. Everything here has been well planned. All the exhibits have

MAD WINDS SWEEP KANSAS

Storm Approaching Tornado Proportion Deaths in Several Towns—Many People Are Injured.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 15.—A Journal special from Wichita, Kan., says:

A storm approaching a tornado in proportions is reported from near Winfield,

between here and Newton, and in the vicinity of Clearwater. Two deaths are

reported and four people are known to be injured by overturned houses. The

wires are down and names and particulars are unavailable at 10 o'clock tonight.

At Putnam it is reported that several houses were blown down and four people seriously injured. Word was brought by

passengers on the southbound Santa Fe passenger train that two persons were killed,

but it is impossible to confirm this report at 10 o'clock tonight. The telephone and telegraph lines were reported to be

cut by the wind and all attempts to reach Putnam, Newton or affected points have proved

of no avail. West of Clearwater, in the country northeast of Adams, on the Englewood