

NEWS OF INTEREST TO IOWA.

COUNCIL BLUFFS.

MINOR MENTION.

Davis sells glass. Budweiser beer, L. Rosenfeld, agent. Fine A. E. Coor, Neumeyer's hotel. Schmidt's photos, new and latest styles. Miss Maude Hutchins is visiting friends in Missouri Valley.

Get your work done at the popular Eagle laundry, 24 Broadway, phone 157. See artographer, Alexander & Co. give special prices on frames for them. W. C. Estep, undertaker, 25 Pearl street. Telephone: Office, 27, residence, 25.

House cleaning, carpet cleaning and putting down, P. H. Swan, 116 S. 7th St. Two nicely furnished rooms, modern, with board, Mrs. Skinner, 165 Park avenue.

R. Baldwin makes a specialty of cleaning wall paper and fresco, 121 1/2th ave. Miss Mabel Hutchinson of Park avenue is home from a visit with friends in Denver, Colo.

Last Saturday night, a small gold-headed cane, Finder please leave at 202 Main street.

Mrs. R. Patherly, who has been the guest of Mrs. Peter Smith, left last evening for New York.

Mrs. A. B. Ponder left yesterday on a visit to her daughter, Mrs. E. A. Schullart, at Fremont, Neb.

Miss Grace Foster, who has been spending her vacation in Chicago, returned home yesterday morning.

Principals of W. N. Clifford and daughter have returned from Des Moines, where they spent the vacation.

Miss Jessie Greer, who has been spending the spring vacation visiting friends in Chicago, returned home yesterday.

Judge and Mrs. L. H. Shook of St. Michaels, Alaska, are in the city, the guests of their niece, Mrs. Drayton W. Bushnell.

Miss Charlotte Matlock, of Council Bluffs, has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Page Morrison of Myer street, left for her home yesterday.

Mrs. E. E. Montgomery and daughter, Miss Eleanor, who have been traveling in the north for the last month, returned home yesterday.

Mrs. Holland, mother of Mrs. A. H. Ponder of this city, formerly well known resident of Council Bluffs, died recently in Salt Lake City.

C. D. Houghton has been in the employ of the Council Bluffs Gas & Electric company for the last six years, will enter the employ of the Omaha Gas company this week.

There will be a regular meeting of Ivanhoe Home and Business Club, Monday evening, April 8, 8 o'clock, in Woodman of the World hall. All archers are requested to attend.

Rev. S. M. Perkins, pastor of the First Christian church, occupied the pulpit of the Christian church at Leavenworth yesterday, returning in time to conduct the services at his own church in the evening.

General rent, on the several general good farms, one of forty acres, one seventy and one 100 acres, near Council Bluffs and Omaha, will be let to Leonard E. Barrett, 18 Pearl street, Council Bluffs, Ia.

Grant Fitch of Milwaukee is the guest of Mrs. J. M. L. Shook of St. Michaels, Alaska, are in the city, the guests of their niece, Mrs. Drayton W. Bushnell.

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STRIKE MAY YET BE SERIOUS

Painters Not Satisfied with Settlement Made with Long.

MANY CRITICISMS ARE BEING OFFERED

Trades and Labor Assembly Will Take the Matter Up at a Meeting Tonight—Eight-Hour Day in Sight.

The embryo strike of the painters in J. B. Long's shop, which was settled in a few hours by the men going back to work, on the terms offered by their employer, promises to be a more serious affair than at first contemplated. The union men of the city are not at all satisfied at the men going back to work on the terms they did, and the whole matter will come up for action at the meeting of the Trades and Labor assembly tomorrow evening.

At the meeting of the Painters and Decorators' union held Friday night it was decided to impose a fine of \$5 a day upon each of the three members who returned to work for Long, after being ordered out by the union. One of the strikers in the employ of Long who returned to work is president of the Painters and Decorators' union and his return in resuming work after Long had refused to sign the union scale is being much criticized by his fellow members.

The question at issue is an eight-hour day. In March an agreement was drawn up between the employing painters and their approval. Eight hours were named in the agreement to constitute a day's work and 20 cents per hour the scale. All the employing firms in the city except two, it is said, signed the agreement and have since sold by its terms. Mrs. Wallace is one of the two who refused to sign. A member of the Painters' union said yesterday: "The fight is on and we intend to make it a vigorous one. The striking painters who returned to work will have the entire union labor strength of the city arrayed against them. The eight-hour movement in Council Bluffs is going to succeed."

Gravel roofing. A. H. Read, 541 B'way.

INTEREST IN MOTHERS' CONGRESS.

Club Women of Council Bluffs Will Attend in Goodly Numbers.

The club women of Council Bluffs are much interested in the Mothers' congress which will convene in Des Moines May 31 and a number are planning to attend the sessions. Mrs. W. W. Wallace of this city has received a special invitation and will be one of the guests of honor. Each Iowa mother who has borne twelve children will be thus honored and Mrs. Wallace is the first to receive an invitation. An innovation that will receive popular favor is the idea of asking a representative young woman from each county in the state to be present and act as usher during the convention. This year the representative from Pottawattomie county has not yet been made, but it is more than probable that the choice will fall on some young woman from Council Bluffs.

The social features of the convention promise to be above the average. Governor Sargent will give an elaborate reception in honor of the delegates and George Dwyer will be held in the capitol building. Many of the handsomest homes in Des Moines will be thrown open to the visitors for receptions, luncheons, dinners and other entertainments.

The Primar Methodist has commenced work on a new church, to cost \$50,000.

Webster City is making an effort to drive out the gambling habit.

Ottumwa has reduced the saloon license from \$1,500 to \$1,200 per year.

The Sixth district congressional convention will be held at Fort Des Moines.

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NEW LAWS FOR STATE OF IOWA.

Volume of Work Done by Last General Assembly.

SEVERAL IMPORTANT TAXATION MEASURES

Among Bills Passed Are Anti-Prize Fight Law, Hunters' License Measure and Reformatory for Women.

DES MOINES, April 8.—(Special).—With the adjournment of the twenty-eighth general assembly many new laws are left upon the statute books of this state. Most important of the new laws are the ones relating to taxation, including the insurance taxation measure, the law applying the unit mileage system of taxation to express companies and the others providing for the tax on the net income of corporations as the railroads of the state are now taxed. The synopsis of the new laws follows:

Building and Loan Bill. S. F. 311—Repeals the building and loan laws of the state. This bill provides that no building and loan association shall issue fully paid stock or guaranty stock. If stock of any such corporation is held in stock of stock they must return to January 1, 1901. All expenditures and expenses of these associations must in the future be taken out of the interests and dividends earned, the expenses in no case to exceed 3 per cent per annum on \$100,000, not more than 2 1/2 per cent on \$200,000, and not more than 2 1/4 per cent upon amounts between \$200,000 and \$500,000. In no case shall such interest in one year exceed \$12,000. The new law provides a very small fine for delinquencies. Withdrawing members shall receive all dues paid in unless there has been a loss, when it will be necessary for them to share in such loss as other members do. By a vote of three-fourths of the directors of any corporation, not a borrowing member may be compelled to withdraw by being paid book value. One of the most important provisions is the limit of 8 per cent which is placed on the interest rate which can be collected by these associations. The Association of Directors of this kind may consolidate by a three-fourths vote, or may go into liquidation by some plan agreed upon. If a plan cannot be agreed upon the attorney general may be applied to and he will appoint a receiver. In case of liquidation, all assets approved by the courts. All associations must change their articles to conform to this law by July 1, 1930.

Anti-Prize Fight Law. S. F. 84—Prohibits any boxing matches or glove contests in Iowa in the future where a prize is given or an admission fee collected. It also prohibits the making of prize fights or prize contests in the state penitentiary, after present contracts are exhausted.

Blank-bird substitute provided that telegraph and telephone companies shall be taxed as railroads are now taxed in Iowa.

Extends the law of the court of the State University from two to three years and provides for imprisonment in the case of people and at the same hour Elder J. J. Cornish spoke in the basement to 500 more. At night the auditorium was crowded to hear Elder J. W. Wright and the basement was occupied by Elder W. W. Blanchard.

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highway within the jurisdiction of justices of the peace. This reduces the penalty, but it is believed will insure better enforcement of the law.

H. P. 9—Places steamboat owners under the same regulations as hotel and innkeepers now are.

H. P. 136—Prohibits "pantomiums" or other cleaning works where gasoline or other explosives are used for cleaning purposes in any building which is used as a residence.

Many Miscellaneous Changes. H. P. 66—Provides for payment out of the state treasury by the state of the costs and fees incurred when criminals are prosecuted for the crime of escaping from the penitentiary as the law now is the burden is on the county in which the prisoner is located.

S. F. 30—Provides for the choice of presidential electors by the state at large and correcting an error, or at least an ambiguity, in the present law.

H. P. 83—Provides that corporations shall pay the same fee for renewing articles of incorporation which they pay for originally filing them. There has been a question as to whether the old law required any fee for this.

H. P. 157—Authorizing foreign corporations, one-half of whose stock is owned or controlled by non-resident aliens which are prohibited from acquiring or holding title to real estate except on foreclosure to hold such property as they held July 1, 1888, or which has been acquired since on foreclosure, for ten years. A bona fide contract for the sale of such lands within the ten years is to be considered a sale, sufficient to prevent the land cheating at the end of that time. This bill also legalizes all sales and contracts for sales of such lands since July 4, 1888. It is in the interest of a large number of land owners in northwestern Iowa.

H. P. 200—Makes the same limitations apply to land and trust companies as now apply to state banks.

H. P. 45—Denies insurance companies the right to rebuild when the amount of the loss is left at the company's request to arbitration. The present law makes void all stipulations in contracts of insurance where the company reserves the right to rebuild in case of total loss. The new law goes a step farther.

H. P. 119—Requires railroad companies to make provision for redemption of tickets, and makes void all conditions and limitations in tickets which provide that no made and notice is not posted that such redemption may be had.

Joint Resolutions Adopted. Joint resolution No. 1—Proposing to amend the constitution of the state so as to provide for biennial elections in the legislature. The resolution was passed in the legislature for the second time and will go to the people next fall. The resolution provides that the first general election after the adoption of the amendment shall be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, 1930, and thereafter every second year thereafter. The resolution also provides that the first general election after the adoption of the amendment shall be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, 1930, and thereafter every second year thereafter.

Joint resolution No. 2—Proposing to amend the constitution of the state so as to provide for biennial elections in the legislature. The resolution was passed in the legislature for the second time and will go to the people next fall. The resolution provides that the first general election after the adoption of the amendment shall be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, 1930, and thereafter every second year thereafter.

Joint resolution No. 3—Proposing to amend the constitution of the state so as to provide for biennial elections in the legislature. The resolution was passed in the legislature for the second time and will go to the people next fall. The resolution provides that the first general election after the adoption of the amendment shall be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, 1930, and thereafter every second year thereafter.

Joint resolution No. 4—Proposing to amend the constitution of the state so as to provide for biennial elections in the legislature. The resolution was passed in the legislature for the second time and will go to the people next fall. The resolution provides that the first general election after the adoption of the amendment shall be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, 1930, and thereafter every second year thereafter.

Joint resolution No. 5—Proposing to amend the constitution of the state so as to provide for biennial elections in the legislature. The resolution was passed in the legislature for the second time and will go to the people next fall. The resolution provides that the first general election after the adoption of the amendment shall be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, 1930, and thereafter every second year thereafter.

Joint resolution No. 6—Proposing to amend the constitution of the state so as to provide for biennial elections in the legislature. The resolution was passed in the legislature for the second time and will go to the people next fall. The resolution provides that the first general election after the adoption of the amendment shall be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, 1930, and thereafter every second year thereafter.

Joint resolution No. 7—Proposing to amend the constitution of the state so as to provide for biennial elections in the legislature. The resolution was passed in the legislature for the second time and will go to the people next fall. The resolution provides that the first general election after the adoption of the amendment shall be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, 1930, and thereafter every second year thereafter.

Joint resolution No. 8—Proposing to amend the constitution of the state so as to provide for biennial elections in the legislature. The resolution was passed in the legislature for the second time and will go to the people next fall. The resolution provides that the first general election after the adoption of the amendment shall be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, 1930, and thereafter every second year thereafter.

Joint resolution No. 9—Proposing to amend the constitution of the state so as to provide for biennial elections in the legislature. The resolution was passed in the legislature for the second time and will go to the people next fall. The resolution provides that the first general election after the adoption of the amendment shall be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, 1930, and thereafter every second year thereafter.

Joint resolution No. 10—Proposing to amend the constitution of the state so as to provide for biennial elections in the legislature. The resolution was passed in the legislature for the second time and will go to the people next fall. The resolution provides that the first general election after the adoption of the amendment shall be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, 1930, and thereafter every second year thereafter.

Joint resolution No. 11—Proposing to amend the constitution of the state so as to provide for biennial elections in the legislature. The resolution was passed in the legislature for the second time and will go to the people next fall. The resolution provides that the first general election after the adoption of the amendment shall be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, 1930, and thereafter every second year thereafter.

Joint resolution No. 12—Proposing to amend the constitution of the state so as to provide for biennial elections in the legislature. The resolution was passed in the legislature for the second time and will go to the people next fall. The resolution provides that the first general election after the adoption of the amendment shall be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, 1930, and thereafter every second year thereafter.

Joint resolution No. 13—Proposing to amend the constitution of the state so as to provide for biennial elections in the legislature. The resolution was passed in the legislature for the second time and will go to the people next fall. The resolution provides that the first general election after the adoption of the amendment shall be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, 1930, and thereafter every second year thereafter.

Joint resolution No. 14—Proposing to amend the constitution of the state so as to provide for biennial elections in the legislature. The resolution was passed in the legislature for the second time and will go to the people next fall. The resolution provides that the first general election after the adoption of the amendment shall be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, 1930, and thereafter every second year thereafter.