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THE ONLY EXCLUSIVE DRY GOODS HOUSE IN OMAHA. T. M. C. A. BUILDING, COR. 18TH AND DOUGLAS STS.

adopt the modified civil government bill, the

committee's modification does give us the

absolute certainty of unrestricted trade at

Step in the Right Direction.

the sovereign power of earth."

or since the Spanish war.

tated Since Maine's Destruction.

The chief incident of the day was a de-

charge of reckless extravagance in the fit-

the committee on elections No. 2 in the con-

confirming Boreing's right to the seat, was

In Favor of Home Produce.

WASHINGTON, March 29 .- Senator Berry

"The quartermaster's department in mak

ant and the contestee are republicans.

to the army appropriation bill:

partment for the military service."

Commander Very Ordered Home

WASHINGTON, March 29.-Commander S

of the Castine and ordered home from Ma-

man, now at the Mare island navy yard.

Commander Very has had some trouble with

officers attached to the Castine, due, it is

aboard ship. Commander J. B. Briggs will

said, to his methods of enforcing discipline

dopted without division. Both the contest-

WASHINGTON, March 29.-After

"The bill as a whole, while not what I

no distant date,

Senator Beveridge addressed the body. In government without the revenue feature, al-

The issue joined in this debate involves feature so as to insure early freedom of hand to deal with these islands as their dif- ernment to those people is denial of justice, ferent conditions and changing needs de- And so I shall vote for the civil government be impossible to hold them. To treat Porto ment at once and because, under the modifi-Rico as we treat Hawaii, and to deal with cation by the committee, it also establishes the latter as we deal with the Philippines, absolute reciprocity in the near future. It and to apply to all without delay the same ought to establish unrestricted trade infixed formula of laws which custom and the stantly and it may be that the house will so intention of statchood has prescribed for amend it if we should not so amend it here. our territories from which our states are But if we are not able to so amend it here formed, is a proposition as mad as it is and if the house should not amend it, but

Constitution Not Charter of Death. "We have the greatest opportunity, the

greatest duty, with which fortune blessed its most favored nation. Events have placed us in positions of command over the Pacific. The key to the commerce would have it in its failure to give imme- gard to the existence of the bubonic plague for the national defense. of the East is in our hands. We are the diate and unrestricted trade to Porto Rico canal a completed work, we control the establish civil government which may not chosen and the natural highways of the be delayed another moment and does insure commerce of mankind more than any power early reciprocity and so is a step in the learned positively that there has not been original condition on than England; more than any people of his- right direction in our progress as an ad- a single case of bubonic plague either at charters. Of the chartered vessels seventycommand and compel the peace of the those great principles on which that proworld. Porto Rico, Cuba, the Canal, Hawaii, gress depends." the Philippines, make us literally the sover- | Beveridge closed his epeech, saying: eign power among the nations. I say make our possession to others, because we cannot power; of civilization as well as of cominvent sane and appropriate methods for merce. Directly or indirectly it affects all their government and control. I will never humanity. We go forth on a world career: believe that our constitution manacles our we must conduct it with a world statesmanhands and narrows our vision and numbs ship-a statesmanship which considers the our brain. I will never admit that our con- effect of every law we pass upon the peoples stitution is such a charter of death.

"Of course congress must exercise this upon the world at large, as well as upon power in the manner prescribed in the con-stitution. The constitution determines the "Sir, administration of government means fundamental general limitations to This is, of course, self-evident, but I state harmony that not even the discords of his- ippines as compared with white troops. it only that even the malice of partisanship tory can destroy, and they mean that in all shall not say that we put congress above that divine and splendid composition the

the constitution Institutions Control Constitution.

"Do you tell me that under power so broad we can set up a king in Porto Rico, and that therefore we must so construe the constitution as to forbid such a power? answer that we could not even if another section of the constitution did not, in terms.

"Why not? Recause our constitution in terms forbids? Yes. But also because our institutions forbid. Institutional law is from the form in which it came from the older, deeper and more vital than constitutional law. Our constitution is only one of the concrete manifestations of our institutions; our statutes are another; decisions of our courts are snother. Our institutional law is like the atmosphere, impalpable, imperceptible, but all-pervading and the source of life itself. There is scarcely a decision of our courts of last resort in all the republic, involving great constitutional questions, which does not refer to the spirit of our institutions as interpreting our constitution. It is our institutional law which flowing like our vital blood through the that there had been no extravagance. weaker constitution, gives that instrument vitality and power of development. Our institutions were not established by the did not receive extra pay when mustered constitution. Institutional law existed before the constitution. Our institutions had the United States and two months' pay if fully uphold the policy adopted and contheir beginnings well-nigh with the begin- they served beyond the limits of the United sider it necessary to overcome the lawless ning of time. They have developed through States. the ages. Magna Charta only marked a period in their growth; the assertion of the rights of the Commons marked another; rested election case of White against Boreour revolution marked another; the constiing, from the Eleventh Kentucky district. tution marked another still. Our institutional law, therefore, our unwritten constitution, if you will, the soul and spirit and breath of life of our written constitution, forbids the cutablishment of monarchy anywhere, by and under American au-Partisanship shricks 'Imperialism" and asks where we find words to prevent the development of a czar, beginning with absolute power in our possesions and ing contracts and purchases of articles and today introduced an amendment to the Inending with absolute power in the repub- supplies for the military service shall give dian appropriation bill providing for a countries of the lic, if such power as the constitution con- preference, all other things, including price grees of the representatives of the various fers be exercised. I answer: I find the and quality, being equal, to articles impossibility of such a development in our growth, production and manufacture of the Buffalo Panamerican exposition and apinstitutions.

Favors Immediate Reciprocity.

"For these reasons I favor immediate of the United States, preference shall be recipracity and I shall go on record as vot- given, all other things being equal, to those ing for amendments giving immediate unre- producers, etc., who are not members of, or stricted freedom of trade to our island of in any way connected with, any trust or com-Porto Rice. But if we, in the senate, who bine framed to produce, manufacture or sell believe that Porto Rico should have the articles which are being contracted for reciprocity at once, are not able to so amend and purchased by the quartermaster's dethe bill here. I shall, after voting for reciprocity amendments, vote for the civil government bill as medified by the committee, because we must not deny civil government to the people of Porto Rico a moment longer and because the bill as modified insures free trade with Porto Rico as soon as the civil government of that island provides a system of taxation of its own. So that the sconer Porto Rico gets civil government the guicker it will get free trade under the podifications which the committee have made to the bill. I should be glad if the bill could be so separated that we might vote for civil

Your Liver

Will be roused to its natural duties constipation be cured if you take

Hood's Pills

Six Months More for Those in Philippines to Change Flags

UNSETTLED CONDITIONS THE CAUSE

Many Towns Where Spaniards Live More Technical Than Practical.

ing on this subject allowed the Spanish residents one year from the date of the exchange of ratifications of the treaty within which to make their choice. That period

The extension arranged for does not apply to Cuba or Porto Rico. It is confined in operation to the Philippines for the reason that conditions in the archipelago have been so in heattating in making an election in this

mportant matter. Many important towns in Luzon, where of citizens in the insular possessions of the United States

Mexican Ambassador is Authority for Denial of Current

ambassador is authority for the following poses.

tice of the Mexican government, which acquired under the terms of their charters have been current in this country with re- and were paid for out of the appropriation on the island of Cozume!, belonging to the warden of the gates of the Gulf. With the and in other particulars, nevertheless does state of Yucatan, it has neade suitable inquiry with a view to ascertaining whether [19 for services rendered, and a total cost these rumors have any foundation, and has of \$1.894,342 in restoring them to their Events are placing us where we may ministering nation and is a recognition of Cozumel or at any other place in the re- nine were attached to the Atlantic fleet at public

Netwithstanding this fact, however, an pairs of \$175,580. The remaining sixtyvices received to the effect that cases of the Pacific at a cost of \$7,749,235 for service "Mr. President: The great movement on master people of the world, for I which the American people have embarked that plague have occurred in the Argen- and \$107,608 for repairs. never will believe that we will surrender is a movement of conscience as well as time Republic, to close the port of Cozume to vessels from South American ports.

FAVOR ALLEN'S RESOLUTION Committee Report on Request for Number of Casualties in

method of congressional action in exercis-ing all its powers and the constitution fixes and measures. It means this, but it also resolution calling upon the secretary of war tion as to the number of Unite and absolute general prohibitions on, the and the balance sheets of the affections of States soldiers who have been killed or who power of congress, and when congress makes the governed people. The American masses, have died of wounds in the Philippine needful rules and regulations respecting in whose breas's dwell the purity, power and islands, and the number who have died from territory or other property belonging to the hope of the republic and of the world, un- disease and also the number who have com-United States' it cannot transgress these derstand this well. They feel and deeply mitted suicide or become insane. The comlimitations or prohibitions any more than know that we are henceforth the master mittee amended the resolution so as to call formation of a safety fuse trust in Germany it can pass laws in any other manner ex- people of the world. They doubt not that for information as to the comparative losses cept the one marked out in the constitution. human progress is one vast and swelling and disabilities of colored troops in the Phil-

shall be struck by the American people as Henring Yesterday. WASHINGTON, March 28.-The Coeu d'Alene investigating committee met today SOLDIERS' HOMES THROWN OPEN. with no outward evidence of the exciting events of yesterday, although there was House Would Admit Men Incapaciconsiderable good natured raillery among members as to when the "first round" days of stormy debate the house today would be called. Governor Steunenberg was passed the army appropriation bill. As again on the stand and Lentz conducting

The evidence was on unimportant details until Governor Steunenberg was questioned adopted opens the soldiers' homes to the as to a recent petition from the Cocur d'Alene district asking the secretary of war to retain federal troops there. This petiinto executive session to determine what to do with the matter.

The committee decided in executive ses sion to file the petition from the Coeur d'Alenes with the secretary of war and in the meantime it will not be made public It is understood, however, that it is an extensive document, bearing about names, and states in substance that while people at a distance may regard the policy adopted by the governor and military auout one month's pay if they served within thorities as harsh, yet that the signer fully uphold the policy adopted and conness and disorder which, it is stated, has existed for some time. It requests th secretary of war to continue the guard of troops in the Cocur d'Alene district.

Governor Steunenberg's examination was resumed at the open session, developing little additional, and at noon the committee adjourned until tomorrow.

PLATT FOR AN INDIAN CONGRESS

today introduced the following amendment Bill for Convocation at Buffalo Dur ing the Exposition. WASHINGTON, March 29 .- Senator Plat of Indian tribes of the United States at the United States; and as between the produc- propriating \$40,000 for the payment of the ers, manufacturers, merchants and dealers expenses of the congress,

Representative Driggs of New York has introduced a resolution reciting published charges of extravagance in the furnishing of the United States transport Sumner and directing that a select committee of nine members investigate the charges in this case and all others pertaining to the army trans-

W. Very has been relieved of the command for the new 2 per cents up to the close of business today was \$176,675,800, of which nila by regular steamer. He will be relieved \$18.874,550 came from individuals and inof the command by Commander C. G. Bowstitutions other than national banks.

PENSIONS FOR WESTERN VETERANS Survivors of the Civil War Remem

bered by the Government. WASHINGTON, March 29 .- (Special.)take the place of Commander Bowman as The following western pensions have been equipment officer at the Mare Island navy granted:

equipment officer at the Mare Island navy yard.

Persia Sends a Minister.

WASHINGTON, March 29.—The shah of Persia has appointed Mofakham ed Dowleh minister plenipotentiary of Persia to the United States. The Persian mission here has been vacant for some years. United States Minister Bowen at Teheran in communicating the news to the State department strongly commends the shah's action.

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States Minister Bowen at Teheran in communicating the news to the State of March 13.

States Minister Bo

Dubuque, \$1 to \$8. Renewal-Plorise! Davernort, Cedar Falls, \$12. Increase-Elijah Gance, Sloan, \$8 to \$10. Original widows, etc.—Lizzie M. Tyler, Hampton, \$12. Widows Indian wars (special accrued March 14)—Mary D. Palmer, Dubuque, \$8.

COST OF THE TRANSPORTS

Melklejohn Gives the Senate Informa tion of How Several Millions Were Spent.

WASHINGTON, March 29 .- Acting Secretary Meiklejohn has sent a report from the quartermester general to the senate in reply to a resolution of January 9 last calling upon the secretary of war for a list of all transport ships and other vesse's purchased or chartered by the War department since March 4, 1897, together with their names, from whom purchased or chartered, the cost of purchase or charter, the cost of fitting up or repair, and the number and names of vessels sold and the reasons for such action.

It is shown that thirteen vessels have been purchased by the quartermaster's department since March 4, 1897, exclusive of those purchased for the army transport service for transportation incident to the Spanish war. These included the ferryboat John Hancock, the steam tugs General Hunt, Martha and John Barry and ten steam launches, at a total cost of \$112,479, with \$9,525 for repairs.

Forty-ning vessels of all classes were purchased for the army transport service during and was moving, no one knew whither. insettled as to warrant the Spanish residents and since the Spanish war, including about twenty-five small craft such as tugs, Philippines. The total purchase price of der and the Riet. Spanish subjects reside, are as yet without these vessels was \$8,074,455, and the total American garrisons and the assertion of cost of refitting and repairing was \$5,189,093. American sovereignty over them has been The most expensive vessels were the transrather technical than practical, while on ports Grant, Logan, Sheridan, Sherman, though the committee has modified that enany of the Philippine islands no American Thomas and Hancock. The purchase price troops or representatives of the American of the first five named was \$660,000 each, the power of congress over the islands and trade. But as the bill stands, unless we government have ever landed. These con- and that of the Hancock \$600,000. The exthe peoples which providence has placed in can amend it, we must vote for it as modi- siderations are deemed sufficient to warrant pense of fitting up these vessels is stated our keeping, and therefore the expediency field by the committee or else vote against the extension to the Spanish residents of as follows: Hancock. \$543,516; Grant, of retaining them. It involves the power civil government altogether and civil gov- more time in which to make up their mind \$238,459; Logan, \$483,539; Sheridan, \$339,169; and progress of the republic throughout all ernment must no longer be denied to the as to their future. It may be, too, that Sherman, \$526,964; Thomas, \$335.365. It its future. For if congress has not a free people of Porto Rico. Delay of civil gov- the Spanish residents in these islands desire thus appears that the Hancock, Logan and to avoid making a choice until there has Sherman cost over \$1,000,000 each and the

The purchase price of the Transport Meade was \$400,000, and \$374,000 was expended in fitting it up. The purchase price of the Sumner was \$160,594, and \$250,000 addi-The original cost of the hospital ship Relief was \$450,000, and \$265,591 was expended in its transformation. The hospital ship Misscuri has cost the government so far \$430,612, of which a little more than half WASHINGTON, March 29.-The Mexican was expended in adapting it to hospital pur-Two of the large transports, Burnside and Hooker, are captured Spanish

> There were 147 vessels chartered for the cancellation a cost for service of \$2,882,284, and for re-

> TRUSTS IN SOAPS AND FUSES.

German Manufacturers Attempt to Secure Uniformity of Prices. WASHINGTON, March 29 .- Consul General Guenther at Frankfort, under date of January 29, writes to the State department relative to a trust of soap manufacturers uniformity in the prices of both hard and soft soap. Certain methods employed in the endeavor to force all manufacturers in these nufacturers in these provinces to join the trust have resulted in legal complications, whose final adjustment awaited with great interest.

Consul Brainard H. Warner, jr., at Leipsic informs the State department of the comprising, besides eight German manu facturers, a Belgian manufacturer. The trust is the outcome of flerce competition which so reduced the cost of fuses that in many instances they were below the actual cost of production. The manufacturers now look for a return of good times as a result of the newly formed union.

Philippine Commission Meets WASHINGTON, March 29.-The Philippine ommission met this forenoon and agreed pon the personnel of the staff that is to acompany the commission to Manila. They also agreed on certain outlines which they will follow in their work in the Philippines. These will be submitted to the secretary of war this afternoon.

Capt. Thomas Honorably Discharged. WASHINGTON, March 29 .- Captain William B. Thomas, Forty-sixth volunteer intion has not yet been presented to the fantry, having been found physically disfederal authorities and the committee went qualified to perform the duties of his rank, has been honorably discharged from the service of the United States.

enate Agrees to Conference Report. WASHINGTON, March 29.-The confer ence report on the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill was agreed to today by the senate soon after it convened

President Names Rear Admiral. WASHINGTON, March 29.- The president oday nominated Captain Charles Scotten. U. S. N., to be a rear admiral.

MAY LIBERATE MANY CONVICTS

If Contention for Dreyer is Upheld Jollet Will Lose Cook County Prisoners.

CHICAGO, March 29 .- Upon the decision of udge Dunne in regard to the contention of the attorneys of the former banker, E. S. Dreyer, now under a penitentiary sentence for embezzlement of \$316,000 of the funds of the West Park board, who are trying to secure his release on a writ of habeas corpus may depend the liberty of every convict sent to Joliet from Cook county since 1895. Dreyer's attorneys claim that the mittimus in their client's case which provided that he should be confined until released by the State Board of Pardons, was in error, in that the parole law of 1895 provided that the State Board of Pardons had no authority to release, but only to recommend such action to the governor, constituted an error sufficient to warrant his release Dreyer's attorneys have also raised the technical point that Dreyer had been twice placed in jeopardy by the dismissal of the

ury in a former trial before a decision had been reached. When Attorney Mayer finished his argument today Judge Dunne asked the state's attorneys if the mittimi were printed forms Upon receiving the reply that all prisoners were sent to Joliet upon this form of mittimus the court rejoined: Mayer's contention is true there will not be many men from Cook county left in Joliet. The state will argue against the point to

morrow. Travel to Paris Show Begins. NEW YORK March 29.—Travel to the Paris Exposition has begun. The French line stemmer La Touraine, when it sailed for Havre today, had the largest number of passengers on board that it has carried on any eastward trip in three years, there being 300 in the cabin and 200 in the steerage. The applications for passage of thirty-five persons had to be refused.

Brilliant Description of the Defeat of the "Lion of Africa."

ROBERTS' STRATEGY, CRONJE'S CUNNING

Hands Thrown Out that Encompassed the Boer General Until His Only Recourse Was Digging a Rathole.

LONDON, March 21 .- (Correspondence of the Associated Press.)-For a concise and graphic summary from a man on the spot of the movements which led to the corralling of General Cronje Provost-Battersby's letof February 24 he writes:

"Lord Roberts' achievement stands rebattles, but to take the risk of losing them. with his usual sagacity. "Cronje, lying in insolent injury across

of our advance when unaided by a railway erless to check. Cronje acted with prompti-

them or awaited them in too leisurely a General French swept the drifts mood. with his cavalry and his guns and the men who held them fled precipitately, leaving the damper in their billies beside the fire

and the eggs just broken for the spoon. And as French cleared the drifts other portions of this army loomed up to hold them. Seventh division filled the upper ford of the Riet, the Sixth laid its grip on the lower. "Then during successive nights the unseen arm was extended between the rivers and the Modder was seized. The great

relieved almost without a shot fired or a of them safely through the melce. man lost; relieved and at the same moment made a menace to the force which had awaited confidently its fall for months. "That is strategy.

Cronje Knew a Master Opposed Him. hands which had encompassed him that he game of war, and with a resolution as swift might as well have been a review. as it was sound flung over the hopes on which he had so long been building, threw

his dreams to the winds and fled. break his plans as to change them, but had put out its flags and decorations. Cronje is one of them. Only his experience order has been issued in view of the ad- eight chartered vessels were employed on still counted on our indecision and his security betrayed him.

"Despite a wonderful march from Magersfontein his rearguard was struck at Klip Kraaldrift on the Modder and a beautifully handled rearguard action could not shake off the troops which had come up on him tired enough, hungry enough, but as eager for battle as he was to evade it.

"They hung to his flanks for two night: and a day and on the next Cronje found a foe in front of him as well, for with WASHINGTON, March 29.—The senate formed last summer in six of the Rhenish scarcely a day's rest for hard-worked committee on military affairs today author- provinces with the object of establishing borses French had swung out of Kimberley and stood between him and home. "Behind his enemy was growing stronger

> front was the very force he could have no hopes to elude, a force of mounted men and mounted guns, equal to his own in mobility, superior in effectiveness.

Army Sinks in River Bed. "In a like position almost any European through the open and, failing, would have

surrendered. But dashing tactics sult the Boar as sank sullenly into the riverbed, sank as risen into the sky, and there at this moment they are like a rat in a hole-snarling, spitting, but immovable."

In the rapid course of epoch-making events which preceded and followed the relief of Kimberley, General French's ride to Kimberley escaped the minute attention it would otherwise have received. that since 600 cavalry charged and charged fruitlessly at Balaklava, no such spectacular sight has been recorded in the annals of war. In this case there were 10,000 men. and with them raising the dust of the plains were some forty-two guns. correspondent of the London Times de-

scribed these things as follows: "On Monday the march began. Randam. eight miles to the southeast, was soon passed, and a sharp skirmish secured Deklelsdrift on the Riet. After half of a breathless haste of a dash through the enemy's country carried out with a rapidity probably without a parallel had left its mark on the horses and the transport was hopelessly in the rear. Five days' rations scanty indeed was the amount doled out day by day. Some of the horses used had but recently been disembarked and the unexpected climate had impaired their health. apart from the inevitable slackness caused

by a long sea voyage. Push On Under Burning Sun.

"It had not been possible to spare them Day after day the cavalry moved at high pressure over the shadeless veldt during the hottest hours of the day. It is difficult to convey to English readers the burden that the alone entails. The absence of shade it not a relative matter. Often for twenty miles continuously there is not a bush that a child could creep under for shadow, the very leaves of the trees that are found near watering places are thin or deeply serrated poplars and babel thorns, giving little or no shelter from the tremendous heat of the

midday sun. "On Thursday the 15th at 10 o'clock th advance was made and the shelling and capture of two laagers a few miles out of Klipdrift on the northern side of the river cleared the way for the junction of the force encamped on the Modder some five miles east of the border fence. This body was composed of Kitchener's and Robert horse and two more regiments of mounted infantry. Before they entered the great plain of Alexandersfontein the contingent from Modder river-the Scots Grays, Household cavairy and two lancer regimentsalso joined the force, which now numbered some 10,000 men, seven batteries of hors

artillery and three field batteries. Thundering Across the Plain

"Their entry into the plain was the signal for the great event of the day. The p'ain i perhaps three miles in width and five it length, converging slightly to the north and fringed with kopjes. Wild quinces and babel thorns in scattered groups of thre and four are the only trees in this widand level expanse, and the whole force headed by the Lancer regiments and the Scots Grays as advance guard, deployed at ten yards' intervals and thundered acros

The kopjes on either side were held by Boers, who poured bullets and shells into the advancing men, almost hidden by the

curtain of dust which rose from under the horses' hoofs.

"The kopjes were quickly cleared by the mpetuous rush of the mounted infantry, Lieutenant Sweet Escott of the Sixteen a Lancers was the first officer to fall shot dead at fifty yards by a Boer who received a lance through his throat almost before he could produce the invariable cry for mercy. Kopje after kopfe was cleared and the Boers were driven from them right and left, as the column crashed forward like some great ploughshare, thrusting aside the enemy on either side, helpless to withstand this tremendous charge and almost power-

"A barbed wire fence stretching across the plain checked the advance for a moment and that enabled the Boers to withdraw their guns. It was no time for a flank movement to capture them.

ter from Paardeberg to the London Morn- of the plain, the column halted and reformed ing Post is probably unequaled. Under date in column after watering the horses. They had come ten miles and broken the ring around the besieged town. The pace at Heved, not only by its own merits, but which the advance had been made had both from the background of failure which had minimized the casualties and prevented preceded it. It was the conception of a Cronje from appearing with 10,000 men to man undaunted by the successes of his line the kopies on the plain. Cronje foes and accustomed not only to win his realized that he was defeated and acted

the hopes of Kimberley, heard that an army miles beyond the plain before the ox wagous had broken at Five Points into the state of the Boers were in-spanned and the long lines of transports were trekking back across "Accustomed to the dragging importance the very line of advance he had been powlaunches and lighters, purchased in the he sent his outposts to stop us at the Mod- tude and decision. By evening of this same day not a man of all the thousands of the "But the men to whom the task had been investing forces, beyond a few straggling entrusted either found our scouts before bodies of men out patrolling or foraging when Cronje gave the order to retreat, was left on the ridges and hills that had been their camping ground so long.

"Meanwhile the cavalry pushed on. From Devillier's farm the country resembles som great English park, studded with single trees and undulating under the long grass through which the guns ploughed long tracks in the crumbling red soil.

after horse that had struggled on so far felt moment came when, with a hand on either dead from some wound unnoticed in the stream, a threatening hand to every move-, heat of the fight. The strain on the horses ment of its opponent, the cavalry division of the Royal Horse artillery had been ex was flung forward in a wide sweep to the treme and it is impossible to praise too northeastward and Kimberley was relieved. highly the handling that brought nearly all

"There was no time to pause and at las some three miles from the front, sight of Kimberley burst upon the column through the fringe of trees.

"Cronje, who needs no instruction in ant," and the long, weary weeks of anxiety such a matter, knew it for what it was; and hardships, the disappointment of Masaw in the swiftness and daring of the gerefontein and the heartsickness of deferred hope were alike forgotten. Kimberley was was playing at last with a master in the relieved and the remainder of the march "The Boers to the north of the town at the

intermediate station and Kampherdam were firing their last shots from their large guns "It is not every commander that knows in ignorance of their failure on the south, the hours of abandonment as well as the but these soon stopped and General French moment for assault, and is as willing to soon entered the town, which in a moment "The panic that had been caused by the

> mines thousands of women and children emerged into the light of day." MAFEKING IN JANUARY

Even Then the Rations Had Beer Reduced and Foodstuffs Were Becoming Scarce.

the Associated Press,)-Writing January 20, after the first 100 days of siege had been completed, the Mafeking correspondent of he London Times save:

indefinite sojourn in Mafeking and almost all foodstuffs, beyond a few luxuries, have been taken over by the military authorities. Although we have enough food to last several months, this precaution is necessary, as when the slege is raised many weeks must army would have done its best to cut elapse before supplies can come in. The garrison has been put upon a scale of re duced rations-half a pound of bread, hall a pound of meat a day. The reduction little as yielding is suited to Cronje. His in bread took place in the early part of the reply was 'The rats.' He and his force year, while the orders in relation to the meat supply were issued during this week. completely out of sight as though they had Matches and milk are prohibited from pub lic sale and the latest order prevents the shops from opening. All supplies of biscuits, tea and sugar-preserves also-have been commandeered. It is, perhaps, difficult to define precisely what in the present circumstances are luxuries, but lest there should be any doubt upon the point the price It is said of every variety of comestible has been in flated to an abnormal value. The shopkeepers and hotel proprietors and, indeed, anybody who can find any possible excuse for doing so, have trebled the price of their

the siege." Lady Sarah Wilson, also shut up in Mafe king, writing to the London Daily Mail, gives the woman's point of view as follows:

gun, which is usually loaded and aimed at town, very early hours being kept here when the Boers must know men and women may be killed indiscriminately.

"For this last shot wearled women and children generally wait before leaving their and forage were carried by each man and shelter and seeking their beds in their va rious homes, but sometimes, as a refinement of cruelty, it is not fired at all and these evenings the poor things creep to bed at last with many forebodings. "A feature of the town at present is its

bombproofs or shelters from the fire. From rough holes, hastily dug and covered over with boards and earth, which were at first constructed at the arrival of the monster Creusot Boer gun, which fires a projectile of ninety-four pounds, these refuges have been improved upon till they are now luxurious chambers roofed over with best steel rails and sandbags, ventilated and lighted by

round windows and large drain pipes. "Mine, for instance, measures 18x100 feet, and is eight feet high, with boarded floor. walls, painted white, with three large port-holes for windows. It much resembles the cabin of a yacht and its efficacy has been thoroughly tested, as it is, I think, the only covered with matting and paneled wood shelter in the town on the top of which a ninety-four-pound shell actually exploded without even making the glasses jingle or disturbing various war trophies hung on the walls inside."

FIRE RECORD.

Indian Territory Town Damaged. SOUTH M'ALESTER, I. T., March 29 A fire, which started in the Grand Avenue hotel tonight, burned over nearly two blocks destroying over a dozen small business buildings, including the Grand Avenue hotel, the Wilson house, the Jones and Fogarty blocks. the Telephone exchange and two livery sta-

Brunswick, N. J., last night did \$100,000 damage to the Consolidated Fruit Jar factory. Three hundred hands are thrown out of employment.

Pennsylvania Court Decision

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somally sell it. If yours does met, we will express a bott project, for \$c; six for \$c. Write for interesting book.

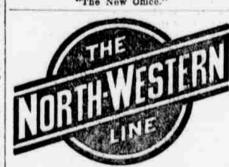
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Bee, March 29, 1900. SPANIARDS GET MORE TIME

Assertion of American Sovereignty in

WASHINGTON, March 29.-Secretary Hay and Duke d'Arco, the Spanish minister, today signed a protocol extending for six months the period of time allowed Spanish residents n the Philippine islands to elect whether they shall remain Spanish subjects or surrender their allegiance and adopt the naionality of the territory in which they

The article in the Paris treaty bearexpires on the 11th of next month.

been some authoritative and final determina- other three named a slightly less amount. mand, it is not only inexpedient, but it may bill because it does establish civil govern- tion in the United States of the exact status

NO PLAGUE AT COZUMEL tional was expended in fitting it up.

statement: "Certain rumors having come to the no- steamers. All the principal transports were

over whom our influence is extending, and the Philippines. means the weighing of the hearts of men for infor-

GOOD NATURE AT IDAHO INQUIRY

noblest, highest, purest, tenderest notes No Sign of Former Trouble at th

passed, the bill is only slightly modified the cross-examination. committee. One of the last amendments officers and men of the volunteer and regular armies incapacitated by service during

fense of the War department against the ting up of the transport Sumner, made by Driggs of New Jersey yesterday. Parker of New Jersey produced the itemized expenses furnished by the War department to show An amendment was adopted to give to officers and men of the volunteer army who The resolution unanimously reported from

The amount of bonds offered for exchange

RUNNING CRONJE TO EARTH

less to harm it.

Ring of Bestegers Broken. "At Devillier's farm, at the northern end

"The cavalry column had hardly gone fly

Horses Falling Dead. "Here the pace began to tell and horse

" 'A passage perilous maketh a port pleas

continuous bursting of the huge shells over every part of the basieged town vanished and from the 1,200-foot level of the diamon l

LONDON, March 21 .- (Correspondence of

"We have now begun to prepare for an

goods, pleading that the inflation is due to

"There is something very cowardly in the fairly regular evening shell from the big day the column moved on. At Klipdrift sundown and fired off between 8 and 9 p. the cavalry division halted a night. The m., or even later, over a partially sleeping

bles. The total icas is over \$50,000. Fruit Jar Factory. NEW YORK, March 29.-Fire at Nev

PHILADELPHIA. March 29.—The state upreme court today filed an order in which we court holds that a company incorporated under the laws of another state and which falls to register in Pennsylvania cannot reover at a suit at law.

life-giving, body-building properties of **Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey**