

Telephone 618-694.

Bee, March 25, 1900.

Constant Arrivals

of new goods, the pick of the market, swells our magnificent stock of reasonable merchandise.

Ladies' Suits

The tailor-made suits, which we sell are altogether different from most ready-made garments.



gives great promise of popularity—our own exclusive styles, both color and black, 46-inch—\$1.25.

VENETIANS—Not a color missing—the most popular shades are easier and French gray; beautiful, rich satin finish—\$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.25.

CHEVIOTS—All sorts of weaves, colors are principally grays and blues; also handsome line of mixed colors—50c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.25.

Scotch Woven Fancy woven Linens—linen, for ladies' shirt waists. Are more popular this season than ever.

32 inches wide—price 50c per yard.



Our Notion Counter—Is crowded with many choice spring novelties.

Among the new arrivals are Chatelaine Bags, all sizes, colors and price.

Finger Purses, in all the new shades of leather.

Shopping Bags, in all leather and pretty combination of cloth and leather.

Fancy Hat Pins—at 10c, 25c, 50c, \$1.00 and \$1.25 each.

Beauty Pins—at 2 for 5c, 5c and 10c each. Marguerite Ring Belt Sets—at 25c and 50c set.

Pully Belt Rings—10c per pair.

Pompadour and Back Combs, with brilliant settings.

Fancy Hair Brooches, with brilliant settings—at 20c, 25c and 30c each.

For skirts and suits. Cotton Covert Cloth, new colorings—

New finish—at 12 1/2c yard.

SEIGNOR FRANCAIS—18c yard.

BEDFORD CORD—in plain colors—at 25c yard.

PEBBLED WELT—Plain colors, at 15c.

FANCY LINENS at 15c, 18c, 20c, 25c per yard.

GALATRA CLOTH—Fancy and plain, at 15c and 25c per yard.

DUCK SUITING—Plain and fancy, at 10c and 15c yard.

We close our store Saturdays at 6 p. m.

AGENTS FOR POSTER KID GLOVES and McCall's PATTERNS.

THOMPSON, BELDEN & Co.

The Only Exclusive Dry Goods House in Omaha.

Y. M. C. A. BUILDING, CORNER 15TH AND DOUGLAS STS.

FIRST EARTH IS TURNED

Work on Underground System Commenced by Mayor Van Wyeck with Silver Spade.

NEW YORK, March 24.—With a silver spade and in the presence of thousands of persons Mayor Van Wyeck today lifted from an opening in the city hall square a few pounds of earth, which formally began the work on the underground rapid transit railway system.

Addresses were made by Mayor Van Wyeck and President Orr of the Rapid Transit Commission. The underground railway tunnel will be twenty-one miles in length and will involve the expenditure by the city of New York of more than \$35,000,000. The contract time for completion is unlimited and about 10,000 men will be employed.

DANISH ISLANDS LOST TO US

German Government Will Probably Get Them by Right of Lease.

NEW YORK, March 24.—A special to the World from Washington says that resignation of the Danish cabinet means two things of importance to the United States.

1. It is improbable that this country will be able to buy the Danish West Indies for \$10,000,000, as provided for in the Gardner bill now before the foreign relations committee of the house, or for any other sum.

2. By the time this congress adjourns the German flag will be flying over the islands of St. John and St. Thomas of the Danish West Indies group by right of lease from the Danish government to the emperor of Germany.

Negotiations between this government and Denmark for the purchase of the islands were practically terminated by the resignation of the Danish ministry, headed by Prime Minister Hoerding.

The cabinet resigned because of the great popular uprising against the sale of the Danish West Indies to the United States.

King Christian and the cabinet of Denmark had consented to sell the islands to this country for \$10,000,000.

It was stipulated, however, that the sale should be made before the adjournment of the present session of congress. The Gardner bill was introduced at the instance of the president and Secretary Hay and had it been acted upon speedily, or even considered, the cabinet might have been forced to resign, but the bargain arranged would have been carried out.

The new cabinet will be made up of Danish politicians in favor of retaining the islands.

In 1867 a contract of sale between the United States and Denmark for these islands was entered into. The price was to be \$7,500,000. The treaties failed by the refusal of the United States senate to ratify them.

PENSIONS FOR WESTERN VETERANS.

War Survivors Remembered by the General Government.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—(Special.)—These pensions have been granted: Nebraska, Increase—Daniel C. Roderick, Hubbell, \$6 to \$8.

Iowa, Increase—Alfred A. Thomsen, Dubuque, \$6.75 to \$8; increase—Henry H. Oglesby, Cresco, \$4 to \$7; John Blanchard, Leasburg, \$7 to \$10; James I. De Courcy, Des Moines, \$4 to \$7; Joseph White, \$10 to \$10; John Bennett, David City, \$10 to \$12; John E. Conner, Iowa Falls, \$5 to \$8; Samuel B. Yohn, Princeton, \$5 to \$8; Heisler—John D. Sullivan, Cascade, \$5 to \$8; South Dakota, Increase—Ole Iverson, Bryant, \$5 to \$10.

Proposal for Western Miners. WASHINGTON, March 24.—Assistant Secretary Vanderlip, Treasurer Roberts and other treasury officials were before the house committee on mining today relative to the number of soldiers, volunteer and regular, who have been killed and who have died from wounds received in the Philippines since August 1, 1899; the number of regular and volunteer soldiers who have died from disease during that period and various other information concerning the deaths, together with steps taken to better protect the health of the soldiers in the Philippines.

Allen Asks Philippine Statement. WASHINGTON, March 24.—Senator Allen today introduced a resolution, which went over until Monday, directing the secretary of war to send to the senate a statement of the number of soldiers, volunteer and regular, who have been killed and who have died from wounds received in the Philippines since August 1, 1899; the number of regular and volunteer soldiers who have died from disease during that period and various other information concerning the deaths, together with steps taken to better protect the health of the soldiers in the Philippines.

Plans for the Philippines. WASHINGTON, March 24.—Alfred C. Bakersfield, commander of Lafayette post, Grand Army of the Republic, of New York City, and Wilbur E. Brown, adjutant and past commander of the same post, were at the War department today and arranged for the transportation of the transport Summer of 100 United States flags to Manila for free distribution among the native Tagals and citizens of that city. They are four by six feet, made of the best bunting in strict accordance with military regulations.

Nominations by President. WASHINGTON, March 24.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate: John J. Gilmond of California, to be consul at Santos, Brazil; Regular Army—Infantry, First Lieutenant A. J. Hunt, Sixth infantry, to be captain; Second Lieutenant J. B. Allison, Second infantry, to be first lieutenant; Second Lieutenant L. T. Jewett, Twentieth infantry, to be first lieutenant.

AID FOR PORTO RICO NEAR

House Adopts Conference Report on the Island Appropriation Bill.

MEASURE IS SIGNED BY THE PRESIDENT

Ready Sent Commissions to the Orient to Investigate Trade and Commerce.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—After a brief and spirited debate the house today took the last congressional step in completing the Porto Rico relief bill, agreeing to the conference report by a vote of 185 to 87. The bill turns over to the president for the use of Porto Rico over \$2,000,000 of customs receipts collected on Porto Rico goods up to January 1 last, and such amounts as may hereafter accrue until otherwise provided by law. The debate lasted but an hour, but in this time the whole range of Porto Rico legislation was discussed.

Richardson, the democratic floor leader, asked leave to print in the Record some editorial press criticism on the subject. When Deliver of Iowa objected, Richardson declared that this was most ungracious, which Deliver answered that he doubted the propriety of reprinting the newspapers in the Record.

Payne of New York, chairman of the ways and means committee, denied the reports that any campaign fund was involved in the bill, and denounced as false the statement that such reports emanated from members of the republican side of the chamber. He also complicated the idea that the trusts would be beneficiaries of the pending tariff bill and declared that the two great trusts, sugar and tobacco, would benefit most by getting their sugar and their tobacco free duty. So that, he asserted, if there was any campaign "hoodlum" was exerted against the proposition of placing a tariff on goods coming from Porto Rico.

Canon of Illinois closed the debate in support of the conference report. He declared that the government had cutlegh, were trying to muddy the waters and divert attention from themselves. But the people would recognize the fact that the minority opposed this practical measure of relief to the Porto Ricans. For half a century the democratic party had been one which would have benefited the government to anarchy and destruction. Now that party was posturing and asking power under false pretenses.

Opposition Loses Fourteen Votes. At 1 o'clock a yea and nay vote was taken on the report and it was agreed to—yeas, 135; nays, 37; present and not voting, 20. The vote was on party lines, except that a number of democrats and independents voted with the republicans for the report, viz: Bell, Colorado; Chandler, Pennsylvania; Cochran, Missouri; Cummings, New York; Davenport, Pennsylvania; Davey, Louisiana; Devries, California; Meeklan, Ohio; Newlands, Nevada; Scudder, New York; Shafroth, Colorado; Thayer, Massachusetts; Wilson, Idaho; Wilson, South Carolina.

Speaker Henderson at once signed the engrossed bill and it went to the senate for the signature of the temporary president. The resolution of Cummings of New York, requesting of the secretary of state information and correspondence relating to the "open door" in China, was on motion of Chairman Hitt of the committee on foreign affairs, agreed to by a majority of 27.

McClary of Minnesota called up the bill appropriating \$10,000 to secure plans for a suitable memorial to Ulysses S. Grant, to be erected in Washington. McClary paid a glowing tribute to Grant and appealed to members, north and south, to unite in favor of the measure. The bill was unanimously passed.

Resolutions of respect and eulogy of the late Representative Epps were passed, and at 3:05 p. m., as a further mark of respect, the house adjourned.

The appropriation bill was signed by the president at 12:20 p. m. today. Comptroller Dawes was the only person present when the president attached his signature.

TARIFF BILL VOTE THURSDAY

Foraker Announces His Intention to Test Strength of Measure's Support.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—For a few minutes in the senate today surprise, bordering almost on consternation in some quarters, was created by a request of Foraker that the Porto Rico governmental bill be recommitted to the Porto Rico committee. The request precipitated a lively colloquy, but it finally was developed that the bill Foraker wanted recommitted was the governmental measure on the calendar, and not the unfinished business. During the elucidation of his request, however, Foraker plainly indicated that it was his purpose to separate the bills and press the Porto Rico tariff bill to an early vote, his desire being to have the vote taken not later than next Thursday.

A measure was passed providing for the appointment by the president of a commission to investigate the trade and commerce of the Orient with a view to the extension of American commerce.

Gallinger supported the bill, saying the president had strong recommendations for the passage of the measure. Germany had attacked the tariff bill.

The Senate adjourned at 11:30 a. m. today. The bill providing for the extension of the gold standard secured American prosperity for many years.

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INCREASE IN FOREIGN TRADE

Difference in Commerce Between February of This and Last Year Shown.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—The detailed statement of the February imports and exports were completed today by the treasury bureau of statistics. The summarization of the results of the trade shows the foreign commerce of the month by great classes, compared with that of the corresponding month of the preceding year, as follows: Imports, Feb., 1899, Feb., 1900.

Articles of food and live animals, \$17,616,739 vs \$16,254,153. Articles in a crude condition for domestic use, 17,748,068 vs 20,806,001. Articles manufactured in the United States, 4,091,413 vs 6,732,437. Manufactures of foreign origin, 4,379,767 vs 2,758,782. Articles of voluntary use, luxuries, etc., 2,246,229 vs 9,116,831.

Total imports, \$69,228,432 vs \$67,714,160. Percent of free, 45.3 vs 44.96. Duties collected from customs, 16,921,572 vs 19,882,263. Total value of goods imported, 34,500,642 vs 38,291,614.

Domestic exports, 24,888,860 vs 24,288,128. Total exports, 45,389,502 vs 48,579,781. Products of the forest, 2,741,927 vs 3,648,209. Products of agriculture, 228,288 vs 380,569. Miscellaneous, 431,285 vs 940,719.

Total domestic exports, \$2,188,572 vs \$1,306,444. Foreign goods re-exported, 1,551,720 vs 2,903,458. Total exports, \$3,880,134 vs \$4,209,902.

Gold exports, 51,762 vs 1,653,628. Silver exports, 4,319,974 vs 4,932,841. Total imports of merchandise for the month, \$47,201,833 vs \$55,909,671. Total exports of merchandise for the month, \$42,433,256 vs \$49,497,264.

AMERICAN MARKET ACTIVE

Room in London Attributed to Passage of Currency Act Provision for Gold Standard.

(Copyright, 1900, by Press Publishing Co.) LONDON, March 24.—(New York World Telegram—Special Telegram.)—The money market is still in an unsettled condition and is likely to remain so until the end of the quarter, when dividends and other payments will be made. The Bank of England's prompt release of the excess of the war loan appropriation money enables the market to liquidate a considerable part of its indebtedness.

Anticipating easier conditions, bills to arrive next week have been down to 3 1/4, but on Friday the tone was slightly harder; 3 1/4-1/8 was the rate for three and four months bills.

During the week the market reduced the indebtedness to banks \$40,000,000. This naturally improved the stock market, but the volume of business is still slightly increased.

Government securities under the lead of the khaki loan displayed exceptional strength. Foreign stocks improved on the whole, Brazilians receiving exceptional support. South Africans, while moving upward, are still sluggish. The most active market has been for American railroads, buying on Thursday coming from all quarters, sending prices up rapidly. This movement is probably due to the belief that the passage of the currency act provision for the maintenance of the gold standard secures American prosperity for many years.

The market was active on Friday, and during the recent depression accumulated a great deal of capital and greatly developed industrial resources. This growth in the country's manufactures and mineral productions must have a permanent beneficial effect upon the prosperity of the country.

POODLE GONE WITH A FORTUNE

Mrs. George Law Having Over Loss of Dog Which Wore a Harness of Rubies.

(Copyright, 1900, by Press Publishing Co.) LONDON, March 24.—(New York World Telegram—Special Telegram.)—Mrs. George Law advertises in every paper and on every wall of the French capital a big reward for the return of her pet poodle, which has been stolen, together with a fortune in rubies, which the little beast always carried about its person when it went promading with its mistress.

It will be remembered that six months ago Mrs. George Law, who is an eccentric as she is beautiful, created a good-sized sensation by engaging the best jewelers to fashion jewelry for her dog. Among others was a complete ruby set collar made of four rows of large rubies arranged closely together and maintained by a single gold mounting. For each leg there was a bracelet of similar design, with smaller stones. The whole decorations, the choicest gems being used, were worth a large fortune.

On Wednesday last Mrs. Law went to Dr. Rykert, a fashionable American dentist, accompanied by Romeo, her dog. While Mrs. Law's teeth were being examined Romeo remained in the parlour outside the cabinet. When the dental work was done the poodle disappeared and the patient began to shriek murder. In her fury she threatened Rykert and his assistants with the gallows. However, Rykert having guaranteed the honesty of his staff, the magistrate considered

DRUGGED KIDNEYS.

They Poison the Blood, Become Infected with Disease, Break Down the Entire System and Bring on Bright's Disease.

To Prove What The Great Kidney Remedy Swamp-Root Will Do for YOU, Every Reader of The Bee May Have a Sample Bottle Sent Absolutely Free by Mail.



Laboratory of Dr. Kilmer & Co., Home of Swamp-Root, The World-Famous Kidney Remedy.

You know what happens to a sewer when it becomes clogged, don't you? Do you know what happens to the human system when the kidneys become clogged? They are unable to throw out the impurities from the blood, and become infected with poisons; they decay, fall apart, and pass out in the urine; the blood, unfiltered, carries the poisons all through the system and if not checked, death follows. The kidneys are the sewers of the human system.

When your kidneys are not doing their work, some of the symptoms which prove it to you are pain or dull ache in the back, irregular heart, breathlessness, swollen, unhealthy complexion, puffy or dark circles under the eyes, sometimes the feet, limbs or body bloat, loss of ambition, general weakness and debility. When you are sick or "feel badly," no matter what you think the name of your disease is, the first thing you should do is to afford aid to your kidneys by using Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy.

In taking Swamp-Root you afford natural help to nature, for Swamp-Root is the most perfect healer and gentle aid to the kidneys that is known to medical science. Perhaps you are in doubt about your kidneys and want to find out. Here's a simple test. Take from your urine passed when you

rise in the morning about four ounces; place it in a glass bottle and let it stand for twenty-four hours. It, upon examination, you find any settlements or sediment, if it is thick or cloudy, or if particles float about in it, disease has gotten a foothold in your kidneys and nature is calling for help.

If you have the slightest symptoms of kidney of bladder trouble, or if there is a trace of it in your family history, you would profit by taking Swamp-Root every now and then as a preventive, and thus absolutely forestall kidney and bladder troubles. The famous new discovery, Swamp-Root, has been tested in so many ways, in hospital work, in private practice, among the helpless too poor to purchase relief, and has proved so successful in every case, that a special arrangement has been made with the Omaha Bee by which all of our readers who have not already tried it, may have a sample bottle sent absolutely free by mail; also a book telling all about kidney and bladder diseases, and containing some of the thousands of testimonial tributes from men and women related to lives of happiness and usefulness by the means of Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy.

Swamp-Root is so remarkably successful that our readers are advised to write for a free trial sample bottle and to be sure and state that you read this generous offer in the Omaha Sunday Bee, when sending your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Birmingham, N. Y.

If you are already convinced that Swamp-Root is what you need you can purchase the regular fifty-cent and one dollar size bottles at the drug stores everywhere.

that was sufficient and declined to search any of them.

Three detectives are on the case. Besides Mrs. Law is spending another fortune advertising a reward. The police theory is that the dog's value being well known, crooks watched their chance and possibly employed a well dressed woman to enter the dentist's parlors and then, among the numerous patients, pick up the poodle and depart calmly as if it belonged to her.

Mr. Cornish spoke of a criticism he had heard made recently by a man who had lived in Canada on the political condition of the United States. He asserted that in Canada there were no political upheavals and no financial and commercial disturbances such as are experienced in America during presidential campaigns.

By comparison, however, Mr. Cornish stated, the United States is away head of Canada in material property and in the progress and energy of her people. "I believe in our system of presidential elections," he declared. "Every person has opportunity to discuss great public questions and problems of much import. The educational features arising therefrom develop men and character." Despite the criticisms made concerning the United States, Mr. Cornish called attention to the fact that people who have emigrated to this country from foreign shores are always exceedingly glad to return to the United States after they have gone to their native land for a visit.

Discussing the fusion platform adopted at Lincoln Mr. Webster called attention to its reaffirmation of the Chicago platform. "They are clinging to a doctrine," he said, "that the people of the United States repudiated at the last election. At that time, after going through a campaign of education lasting for several months, the people went to the polls and expressed their opinion of this same platform by defeating it overwhelmingly." Mr. Webster devoted a considerable share of his time to a discussion of the Philippine question.

Daughter of Convict Dies. MARYVILLE, Mo., March 24.—(Special Telegram.)—C. G. Jesse, who killed Editor Frank Galt and is now in the Nodaway State Prison, is to be taken to Jefferson City to serve two years in prison, in fulfillment of a promise made by Governor Jones when he was elected last year.

Movements of Ocean Vessels, March 24 At New York—Arrived—Hella, from Copenhagen; New York, from Southampton; LeFouquet, from San Francisco; Campania, from Liverpool; Patricia, from Hamburg; via Plymouth and Cherbourg; Werdermair, from Rotterdam, via Bologna.

At New York—Departed—Tania, from San Francisco, via Montevideo, for Hamburg; Utonia, from Boston; Rhyndland, from Philadelphia; Utonia, from Boston; Euribia, from New York; Sailed—Lucania, for New York.

At Bremer—Sailed—Munich, for New York. At Hong Kong—Arrived—Olympia, from Tacoma, via Hilo. At Antwerp—Sailed—Southwark, for New York.

At Havre—Sailed—La Bretagne, for New York. Arrived—L'Aquitaine, from New York. At Cherbourg—Sailed—St. Paul, from Southampton, for New York. At Queenstown—Arrived—Ettrick, from New York. At London—Arrived—Memnonite, from New York. At Yokohama—Arrived—Coptic, from San Francisco.

Sanitarium

3615 N. 24th St., Omaha, Neb.



Sanitarium Building. All Chronic Diseases Treated By Modern, Successful Methods.

We treat: Catarrh in all its forms, affections of the Nose, Throat, Ears, Oropharynx, Bronchitis, Tuberculosis, Lungs, Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Womb, Hay, Fever, Arthritis, Rheumatism, Neuritis, Paralysis and other allied ailments which the family physician has not the facilities to thoroughly care for and treat. Selected Surgical and Continence cases will also be treated.

SANITARIUM TREATMENT meets the actual needs of each case and includes proper diet and medical attention. Bactericidal, electric, ultra-thermal and saline. Electricity in every form. Ozone Inhalations in sanitarium and branch treatments, medical and surgical care of women, chemical and microscopic tests in affection of more symptoms just now than "rest" feedings in stomach diseases, etc. X-Ray apparatus for diagnosis in obscure cases.

DOWN-TOWN OFFICE. Offices in the New York Life Building, Rooms 396-7, will be continued. Formerly, where consultation and office treatments will be given. All patients in city or country should come to the downtown office. Hours, 9 to 4 daily, evenings, Wednesday and Saturdays only, 7 to 8; Sunday, 12 to 1.

HOME TREATMENT BY MAIL. Those who are not seriously ill or who cannot spare time to come to the Sanitarium may be treated by correspondence with excellent results. We have treated over six thousand people by mail during the past eight years. Send for full question lists and diagnostic sheets. Also for special literature pertaining to your case. Address all mail to

Dr. Shepard & Headrick, 308 NEW YORK LIFE BUILDING, OMAHA, NEBRASKA.

DENVER Great Rock Island Route BUFFET LIBRARY CARS Best Dining Car Service.

Blood Humors In the Spring

It Purifies the Blood. Cures All Eruptions. Overcomes That Tired Feeling. Eradicates Scrofula.