

for the purpose of inquiring into the charges.

Father Philip of St. Louis, a friend and associate of the distinguished prelate, says of him: "He was a conscientious priest, the loved study not because he had taste for books, but purely because he felt that knowledge was power, and he would be strong to do the work of God in this country. He has been a hard student for many years, and no press of official duty and no delinquency of neglect interrupted his study. The result was that for many years he was regarded as the foremost scholar among the American bishops. Many of his sermons were true and like rank with the best productions of the great pulpits of the golden age of the Catholic pulpit. As an administrator he was eminently just. He was considered cold and distant, but his nature was warm and affectionate. He did not seek companionship and social duties were unknown to him. But this was because of the hermit life he had lived and the little small talk he had at command. But to those who were privileged with his intimacy he was the most charming of men."

Funeral of Alice Beeson. PLATTSMOUTH, Neb., March 4.—(Special.)—The funeral services of the late Alice Beeson were held in the Methodist Episcopal church this afternoon at 2 o'clock and were conducted by Rev. A. H. Brown, who paid a glowing tribute to the honor of the deceased. The Cass county bar, of which deceased was a member, and Mayor F. M. Hickey and the city council, attended in a body. Mr. Beeson was born in Highland county, Ohio, October 24, 1832. In 1854 he graduated from a law school in Cincinnati and was admitted to the bar and, with his family, he removed to Red Oak, Ia., where he remained until 1875, when he removed to this county, where he has since resided. His first partner in the law business here was ex-Judge S. M. Chapman, then A. N. Sullivan, and for nine years he was the senior member of the firm of Beeson & Root, his partner being county attorney Jesse L. Root. At the time of his death his oldest son, A. J. Beeson, city attorney, was associated with him. He leaves a widow, four sons—Frank and Charles of Creston, Ia., Allen J. and John of this city—and two daughters, Mrs. N. Isabel and Gertrude of this city.

Pioneer Presbyterian Missionary. SIOUX FALLS, S. D., March 4.—(Special.)—The information received here of the death of Rev. Charles Secombe, one of the pioneer missionaries of the northwest. He established the first Congregational church at Stanley Falls, Minn. He narrowly escaped with the lives of himself and family during the Minnesota war, and he was one of the pioneer ministers of Dakota, having been the pastor of the Congregational church at Springfield from 1881 up to a year or two ago, when failing health compelled him to give up active church work. He was aged 85 years, and he had two daughters at Springfield, one son, Charles, at Sibley, Ia., and the other in Chicago.

Funeral of Mrs. Arnold. FREMONT, Neb., March 4.—(Special.)—The remains of Mrs. Ella L. Arnold, for many years a resident of Fremont, who died at Denver February 28, were brought to Fremont on the Union Pacific this afternoon and buried in Ridge cemetery. Brief funeral services were held at the cemetery by Rev. W. H. Buss of the Congregational church. Mrs. Arnold leaves a husband, two sons and three daughters. She was a sister of B. Lombard, organizer of the Lombard investment company, and Mr. Arnold was for many years in the same company as a general agent and inspector of agencies.

John Bradley. AUBURN, Neb., March 4.—(Special.)—John Bradley, an aged and highly respected resident of this place, died yesterday. He was born in England and has resided in Auburn for the last ten years. He was in his 76th year.

Prominent Iowa Physician. DEBUQUE, Ia., March 4.—Dr. E. A. Guilbert, one of the most prominent physicians in the state, a former president of the State Board of Health and one of the leading members of the west, died tonight, aged 75.

B. F. McCune. RED CLOUD, Neb., March 4.—(Special.)—Benjamin F. McCune, formerly in the employ of the Western Cattle Co., died last night from lead poisoning.

FIRE RECORD.

Pennsylvania Tannery. COBBY, Pa., March 4.—Western Union Tannery at Spartanburg, with contents, was destroyed by fire today. With no means to fight the fire the citizens had to stand helplessly by watching the only industry of the town being destroyed. The loss is \$80,000, fully covered by insurance. A hot journal in the drying room is supposed to have caused the fire.

After doctors failed to cure me of pneumonia I used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Cure and three bottles of it cured me. It is also the best remedy on earth for whooping cough. It cured my grandchildren of the worst cases," writes John Berry, Loganton, Pa. It is the only harmless remedy that gives immediate relief. Beware of cheap imitations. Group and throat and lung troubles. Mothers endorse it.

Joint Mandamus Board of Education. A joint committee representing the interests of the patrons of the schools which have been recently closed by the board of education met pursuant to agreement Saturday evening. These committees, which with full powers to act from their respective organizations, elected Edward Walsh as chairman and F. G. Davis as secretary. Resolutions were adopted by the committee to proceed to immediately have the schools reopened by mandamus proceedings unless the board of education by voluntary action rescinds the same. A meeting of the board of education was held at 8 o'clock, and the board of education, including Messrs. J. H. Minner, G. S. Ambler, I. N. Syas and John Winder, was appointed to secure the necessary legal services to present this matter. Some of the best lawyers of the city have advised the committee that the board of education has no right under the law, except an established school for a reason except to prevent the spread of contagious diseases.

Bohemian Amateurs Entertain. The entertainment given by the dramatic branch of the Tet Jed Sokol at the new Bohemian building, between 13th and 14th streets, Sunday night, was one of the most largely attended gatherings of its kind in Omaha. The entertainment was excellent, histrionic talent and it was given under the auspices of the Bohemian club, the "Podeklatka," written by J. F. Sarnowski, and the Bohemian writers of Bohemian literature. The cast included Mrs. E. Handbauer, Mrs. M. Sloboda, Mrs. Anna Knapik, Mrs. J. Novak, Miss Karla Nejedlikova, Joseph Benisek, Joseph Mik, Ed. Michal, Joseph R. Pala, F. Kotera, A. Knoll, J. H. Hron, M. B. Slavsky, Bohdan, Petr, Joseph Frank, J. Spisak, E. Fekel, V. Raba and M. Slavsky.

North Dakotan Wins Skating Match. PRESTON, Ont., March 4.—The Canadian skating record was broken here last night in the first heat between Norman Novak, Daple of North Dakota and James Woodard of Collingwood. The rink is fourteen feet to the mile and the race was won by Novak in 2:35 1-5. Woodard won the second heat in 3:25 and Daple the third and the race to 3:25.

Hood's Pills. Do not gripe nor irritate the alimentary canal. They act gently yet promptly, cleanse effectually and give comfort.

Give Comfort. Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

CHANCE FOR LOTS OF TALK

Porto Rico, Quay Case and Currency Bill in the Senate.

FORMER WILL BRING UP EXPANSION. Pettigrew and Others to Oppose Foraker's Measure on What They Consider Constitutional Grounds—Two House Contests.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—The question of seating Senator Quay, the conference on the currency bill and the Porto Rican government will divide the attention of the senate for the present week. By agreement the report on the currency bill will be voted upon at 4 o'clock Tuesday and will have practically the undivided attention of the senate until that time if there are senators who will speak about it. After Tuesday the Quay resolution will be the uppermost topic during the morning hour each day and the Porto Rican bill for the remainder of the day. There are still several speeches to be made on the Quay resolution, among those who are to speak being Senators Foraker, Spooner, Perkins and Carter, favorable to Quay, and Senator Burrows in opposition.

The Porto Rican bill will be debated at length. Senators Culberson, Turner and Pettigrew will make set arguments against it on constitutional grounds and Senators Nelson and Dewey will talk in support of it. The broad question of expansion will be raised in connection with this measure and it will provoke much running debate, as well as many set speeches. Senator Foraker, who is in charge of the bill, says there is no disposition to accept the Porto Rican bill and drop the senate measure, as has been reported in some quarters would be done. The diplomatic and pension appropriation bills probably will be passed during the week. Fear of them is calculated to provoke prolonged discussion.

Contested Elections in the House. The House will devote this week, except tomorrow, which is District of Columbia day, to contested election cases. The debate on the Aldrich-Robbins case, which opened on Friday, will continue Tuesday and Wednesday. After it is disposed of, the Wise-Young contest from Virginia will be taken up and probably will consume the remainder of the week. In both cases the majority has reported against the sitting members, who are democrats, and the House will probably sustain the reports, so that by the end of the week the republican majority in the house will have been increased by two.

TO THE POPE WITH PROTEST

Meklejohn Tells Cuban Delegates This Country Cannot Interfere in Spanish Appointment.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—General Jose Laerret Molot and Felipe Perozo, the Cuban delegates who came to Washington to protest on behalf of the Cuban people against the appointment of Mr. Sharratt as bishop of Havana, have fallen in their mission. After being informed by Acting Secretary of War Meklejohn that the United States could not interfere in the matter, they called to see Mr. Martinelli, the papal delegate. They presented their protest to him, saying that a number of Cuban priests were qualified to become bishop of Havana. Mr. Martinelli informed the delegates that he had no authority to interfere. This information led today was carried to General Gomez at Havana. It is likely that protest will now be made directly to the pope.

PENSIONS FOR WESTERN VETERANS.

Survivors of the Civil War Remembered by the Government. WASHINGTON, March 4.—(Special.)—The following western pensions have been granted:

Issue of February 15: Nebraska: Original—Isaac A. Cooper, Imperial, \$5; Increase—Vivian Sharp, Broken Bow, \$10; Stephen Edward Archer, Stratton, \$12; Alexander Russenock, Germanville, \$4; John E. Byers, Garrettsville, \$4; Eugene Ceder, Farmington, \$10; Original widow's pension accrued, February 17—Emeline R. Wilson, Tekamah, \$5; Iowa: Increase—Darwin Barker, Nevada, \$5; Charles M. White, Ash Grove, \$5; Israel Gaskill, West Liberty, \$5; Jacob Leddic, Dunkerton, \$16; Thomas M. Skaggs, Taylor, \$5; Thomas B. Martin, Grand Junction, \$10; \$17; (Special, February 17), Jefferson G. Brown, Okmaha, \$10; Original widow, etc.—Maria T. Mead, Brandon, \$12; South Dakota: Increase—James Rollins, Alton, \$12; \$12.

CONGRESSIONAL TERRY DEFENDED.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., March 4.—Congressman W. L. Terry of this city has been defeated for renomination by Charles C. Reid of Morrilton. The primaries held at Little Rock yesterday settled the contest in favor of Reid. Terry has represented this district in congress for ten years.

NETHERLANDS MINISTER ARRIVES.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—Baron Govers, the new minister from the Netherlands, arrived here tonight. The post of minister from that country has been vacant for some time, the business of the legation being transacted through the consular general's office at New York.

NEBRASKA NEWS.

Airing a Family Skeleton. PLATTSMOUTH, Neb., March 4.—(Special Telegram.)—William Brownell, who has been running a drug store in South Bend, wrote out a warrant in Police Judge Archer's court charging Dr. Isaac D. Jones with living and cohabiting with Hattie Brownell, wife of William Brownell. Constable J. S. Hartsorn of Louisville arrested Dr. Jones in a room over the drug store of Brownell in South Bend today and brought him to this city this afternoon and turned him over to Deputy Sheriff J. D. McBride for safe keeping. If County Attorney Root returns the doctor will probably be given a preliminary hearing tomorrow. Brownell's parents reside in Ashland.

Burlington Tests Changes.

TABLE ROCK, Neb., March 4.—(Special.)—It is said that since the recent change in the time table of the Burlington, that orders have been given at Table Rock to keep the switch thrown for the Lincoln line of the B. & M., since Nov. 15 and 16 in case of a run, it is now considered the "through line," instead of the Republican valley line, as formerly. It is further announced that the company expects to carry its way through west-bound passengers by way of Lincoln, in order to avoid the expense of running a branch through the Republican valley line.

Eyes Injured by Acid.

TECUMSEH, Neb., March 4.—(Special.)—James Boyce, a deaf and dumb boy, lives with his sister, Mrs. J. A. Linford, in the northern part of this county. James is now suffering from the effects of an accident that promises to cost him his eyesight. He was experimenting with chemicals when a bottle containing nitric acid and other ingredients exploded in his face. His face was filled with the acid and particles of glass. The attending physician says his eyes are injured, but that his face is so badly swollen it is hard to say just how badly.

Joint Memorial Services.

TABLE ROCK, Neb., March 4.—(Special.)—The Woman's Relief Corps, in connection with John N. Gere post, Grand Army of the Republic of this place, held joint mem-

BATTLE IS ON AGAIN

South African republics were unanimously adopted. It was furthermore resolved that all Boer sympathizers throughout the land be cordially invited to co-operate with the association for the purpose of sending a general appeal to Washington at the earliest possible date.

WAR SAPS A NATION'S VITALITY.

DAVID STAFF JORDAN Predicts the Downfall of Great Britain. CHICAGO, March 4.—David Staff Jordan of Leland Stanford university, California, lectured at All Souls' church here today, speaking to a large audience on "The Blood of a Nation." He said that the present century would witness the downfall of Great Britain. He declared that ultimately the people of South Africa would have their freedom. The speaker in emphatic terms asserted that the present inhabitants of Great Britain were a mere shadow of their forefathers in point of brain and health. Jordan thinks that a nation that founds its destiny on war must reach a speedy decay. He said a great war saps the vitality of the best blood of the nation. Jordan deprecated the fact that so many of the best youths of a nation are killed during times of war. He remarked that this accounted for the existence of a weak nation, both mentally and physically.

The speaker declared that France more than any other great nation had deteriorated. He said that more than any other thing had contributed to this sorrowful condition. He continued: "I think war more than any other agency destroys the vitality of a nation. Take for instance the present British-Boer war. The best representatives of both countries are now on the field of battle. War not only makes widows, but it prevents many marriages. I certainly am of the opinion that war is a curse on any nation unless it be the result of a fight for freedom. Such a thing as carrying on war for the sake of the glory of a nation is a thing which sooner or later a nation that tries such a scheme."

QUEEN WILL REMAIN AT HOME

Interest in the War Causes Her to Abandon Her Proposed Trip to Italy. LONDON, March 5.—4-40 a. m.—Her majesty has abandoned her intended visit to the Italian Riviera and has decided to remain at home. Her decision to give up her customary spring holiday is accounted an other proof of her deep interest in the outcome of the military operations. On Thursday she will depart for a brief visit, remaining until Saturday.

BRITISH FLAG TORN AT HANOVER.

Demonstration in Front of an Englishman's Residence. BERLIN, March 4.—At Hanover some persons met to demonstrate against the British flag and made an anti-British demonstration in front of the residence of an Englishman who had displayed the union jack in celebration of the British successes in South Africa.

PERSONAL SIDE OF FRICK.

Habits and Hobbies of the Man Who Is Saving Carnegie. Henry Clay Frick, who by lawsuit, is trying to relieve Mr. Carnegie of some of the disgrace of dying rich, is directly the opposite in character of Andrew Carnegie. Frick is a conservative to an unusual degree. Mr. Frick is daring, and in the game of business takes long chances.

PRINCESS SALM-SALM'S PLAN

She Arrives at Chicago and Talks of Her Scheme for Amalgamation Corps. CHICAGO, March 4.—Princess Agnes Salm-Salm arrived in Chicago today and went to the residence of her nephew, Edward Mendel, 4735 Bond boulevard.

FRENCHMAN WARNS FRANCE

President of the Chamber of Deputies Speaks Out Against Anglo-Public Sentiment. PARIS, March 4.—Paul Deschanel was banqueted today by his constituents at Nogent le Rotrou in celebration of his reelection to the presidency of the Chamber of Deputies.

GERMAN FEARS OF ANGILOPHOBIA.

Semi-Official Berlin Paper Hints that Disunion is in the Air. BERLIN, March 4.—The semi-official Berlin paper, in a strong article today, again goes in the Anglophobia press to denounce the practice of abusing British names by the German and British enterprises generally, declaring that "this does more harm than any may suppose."

Brome Grass for Sandy Lands.

In answer to the question: "Would brome grass do well in Johnson county, Ia.?" Wallace's Farmer says: "Brome grass is in its experimental state in central Nebraska and Kansas, but we believe that it will prove the pasture grass for that section. We have not recommended its general use in Iowa or Illinois for the reason that we believe that clover and timothy, which can be grown very readily, do better. If we had sandy lands in these states, however, we would try it."

German-Americans for Mediation.

PITTSBURG, Pa., March 4.—At the regular meeting of the American-German league of western Pennsylvania, consisting of 200 branches and representing an aggregate of 20,000 members, a resolution was adopted by the government of the United States use its friendly offices to bring about a cessation of hostilities between Great Britain and the

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AN INTERVIEW WITH A KING.

Monarch of Sweden and Norway Talks on Affairs of the Day.

FAVORS BRITISH IN SOUTH AFRICA. Regrets Death of General Lawton and Hopes Both Wars Will Soon End—Speaks of Kentucky Feud.

(Correspondence of the Associated Press.) STOCKHOLM, Sweden, Feb. 12.—As recalled at the time, a representative of the Associated Press was recently accorded an audience of King Oscar of Sweden and Norway. The following details of the interview are interesting:

Every Tuesday morning, whenever King Oscar is at his capital, any of his subjects may be received by him with hardly any formality. Foreigners, of course, are only given an audience if they are previously summoned, and then only through the medium of their respective ministers. The correspondent arrived at the royal palace at 10 o'clock in the morning. Mounting five flights of stairs, he entered an antechamber, where one non-commissioned officer from each of the regiments of Life Guards stood at attention. Several lackeys helped the correspondent to take off his overcoat; he kept his hat, as it is the custom to carry it in the hand when admitted to the presence of the king. In the next room the correspondent was received by the king's adjutant. After a short conversation, he took the correspondent into another room, a grand salon, one of the most beautiful and gorgeous rooms in the palace. There the adjutant introduced the correspondent to the chamberlain, who thereupon went into the king's private rooms. Returning in a minute, he told the visitor the king was ready to receive him.

Informed on American Affairs. King Oscar was standing in the center of the room, dressed in the uniform of a general of the Swedish army. His majesty is more than six feet tall; his face has an expression of sympathy and intelligence. From his sprightly movements one would not think that he is a man of 71 years.

The king spoke in the highest tone and the correspondent, extended his hand toward the king, who welcomed him with a hearty handshake. His majesty was very much interested in hearing about conditions in America. Nothing happening there has escaped him. He spoke of the feud in Kentucky and about the educational institutions with the same knowledge of facts. He had regretted very much to hear of the death of General Lawton in the Philippines, showed a great interest in what was taking place on the islands and asked many questions in regard to the progress of the campaign.

Naturally, the king was much concerned about the war in South Africa. It must be remembered that Great Britain, though in no way an ally of Sweden and Norway, is the best guaranty for the independence of the two northern countries. Great Britain's long before the two little nations were swallowed up by their mighty neighbor in the east.

FAVORS BRITISH IN SOUTH AFRICA.

From King Oscar's conversation the correspondent believed his majesty was in favor of the British in South Africa. However, he spoke in the highest terms of the great strategic ability of the Boers and expressed a fervent wish that our own war in the Philippines and the Transvaal war would soon be over.

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The king then sent the greeting to the Scandinavians in the United States which was contained in the cable dispatch.

A few days later the correspondent was received by the new minister of foreign affairs, Mr. Lagerheim. At the time the correspondent had called on the king, and the minister's opinion of the troubles between Sweden and Norway. Mr. Lagerheim, who was delighted at being offered the opportunity of giving his views, said:

"Having been away from Sweden for the last thirty years, as ambassador or diplomat, I am naturally difficult for me to speak so soon after taking office on the political differences between Sweden and Norway. Until I have visited Norway and closely studied its side of the controversy I cannot express myself on the subject. I will say, however, that I think both countries might meet each other half way on many of their differences, and thus by mutual concessions take away the bitter feeling that exists in some respects."

NORWAY'S UNREASONABLE DEMANDS.

"I shall plainly state my irrevocable opinion as to the Norwegian demand for a separate representation of foreign affairs and a separate representation abroad. Such a condition is impossible, besides being unconstitutional. One Swedish minister of foreign affairs and one Norwegian and two sets of representatives abroad would be equal to a dissolution of the union and against such an end I shall work with all my might. This question of a common minister of foreign affairs and a common representative abroad is provided for in the act of union. Consequently it cannot be changed by the Norwegian Storting alone and Sweden will never agree to such a change."

Mr. Lagerheim also said he was sure most of the talk of unfriendliness between the two peoples was only on the surface, if even there, adding that if the time ever came when it would be necessary to make a common stand in defense of the union he had no doubt but that the world would find the Swedes and Norwegians united as one.

McKinley Goes to Church in Gotham. NEW YORK, March 4.—Although President McKinley was up late last night attending the funeral of his mother, he arose about 8 o'clock this morning and breakfasted shortly afterward.

Next Attraction: "ARIZONA." Wednesday and Thursday Nights—"ARIZONA." Prices—\$1.50, \$1.00, 75c, 50c, 25c. Seats on sale now.

The North American Review

FOR MARCH. Continues its comprehensive series of papers on 'The War For an Empire'

In South Africa, with articles by THE MARQUIS OF LORNE, CAPT. A. T. MAHAN, U. S. N.; EX-SECRETARY OF WAR R. A. ALGER, PROF. S. M. MACVANE, of Harvard, SYDNEY BROOKS, THOMAS C. HUTTEN (a Netherlander), and a British officer who has been at the front.

It contains in addition, eight articles on timely topics by EX-SERGEANT DAVID B. HILL, MAYOR W. HAZELTINE, JUSTIN MCCARTHY, ELIZABETH CADY STANTON, A. HENRY SAVAGE LANDOR, JOHN OLIVER HOBBS, P. L. PECHENARD, Editor of the Catholic University of Paris, PERRY BELMONT, four new poems by CARMEL SYLVIA—the Queen of Roumania.

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