

### Fine Tailor-Made Suits.

We do not believe that any lady would knowingly purchase an ill-made or ill-fitting suit, yet there are so many misleading statements made in selling goods that ladies are often persuaded into giving their order for garments which are found very unsatisfactory at home. Our method of doing business is somewhat different from the ordinary store. In the first place we allow of no misrepresentation—our salespeople are always glad to show our goods, whether you wish to purchase or not. We make a specialty of fine suits and devote most of our cloak room for hat purpose.

Fine suits in covert cloth, single breasted, tight fitting, or fly front, at \$13.00. Handsome Black Cheviot Suits, Jackets and Skirts, all lined with Givernaud's best taffeta—at \$25.00, \$30.00, \$35.00. The new suits are made with single or double box plaited back. Special new things in Fine Pinstripes at \$15.00, \$20.00, \$25.00, \$30.00, \$35.00.

We Close Our Store Saturdays at 6 P. M.  
AGENTS FOR FOSTER KID GLOVES AND McCALE'S PATTERNS.  
**THOMPSON, BELDEN & Co.**  
THE ONLY EXCLUSIVE DRY GOODS HOUSE IN OMAHA.  
T. M. C. A. BUILDING, COR. 10TH AND DOUGLAS STS.

### LIKE A WEDDING AT COURT

Daughter of English Ambassador Married in Washington Before a Fine Company.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.—Lillian Pauncefoote, daughter of Lord Pauncefoote, British ambassador to the United States, was married today to Hon. Robert Bromley of Stoke Hall, Newark, Nottinghamshire, England.

The wedding was performed by Rt. Rev. Bishop of Washington, Henry Yates Sprockell, assisted by Rev. Alexander Mackay-Smith, rector of St. John's.

After the ceremony a wedding breakfast was served at the embassy to 400 guests. Mr. and Mrs. Bromley later left for Palm Beach, Fla., and will soon return to England, where the young matron will be presented at court.

### WILL REDUCE CUBAN ARMY

Plans to Replace United States Troops with Cuban Regiments to Be Organized.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.—It is understood to be the purpose of the War department in carrying out its already announced policy of reducing the force of American troops in Cuba to begin within six weeks the reduction of the present force of 9,000 to about 5,000, which limit will be reached by the beginning of summer.

The proposition is under consideration to organize three complete Cuban regiments, with Cuban officers, to replace the United States troops in garrisons and to form the nucleus of the Cuban army, which would exist when the island passes from the United States' control.

### Favor Free Homestead Bill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.—(Special Telegram.)—Congressman Gamble of South Dakota is in receipt of many letters concerning the free homestead bill. Gamble has given considerable attention to this subject and says there is a growing sentiment in the house in favor of the measure and he believes it will pass when called up for consideration.

### Corn Crop Short.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.—(Special Telegram.)—Vera Cruz has reported to the State department that owing to lack of rain the corn crop has been short in his district and corn will have to be brought from other parts of the country, as it is virtually the staple of life for a large majority of the inhabitants. He suggests that United States exporters give the matter attention.

### Former Congressman Hamilton Lewis of Washington State Had a Final Conference with the President Concerning his Appointment as one of the Philippine Commissioners.

The president had had the subject under consideration. Colonel Lewis frankly told the president that he was not in accord with the Philippine policy. The president frankly told Lewis that while he would be delighted to honor him because of his personal regard he could not appoint him. Colonel Lewis assured the president of the appreciation of his confidence expressed and asked him to consider some other Pacific coast man for the place.

### General Wright a Democrat.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Feb. 24.—General Luke E. Wright is one of the best known lawyers in the south. General Wright was born in Pulaski, Giles county, Tennessee, fifty-three years ago and was educated at the University of Kentucky. He entered the army at an early age and served as a private throughout the war. After the war he began the practice of law in Memphis and has been associated with many of the most distinguished lawyers in the south. He was a member of the United States senate from 1881 to 1887. General Wright is a firm believer in expansion.

### COURT-MARTIAL MUST STAND

Attorney General Holds that Secretary of War is Without Power to Alter Record.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.—In an opinion rendered to the War department, the attorney general has decided that the secretary of war is without power to alter or amend the record of a court-martial.

The case in point was that of Lieutenant Lewis E. Brown, Ninth United States volunteer infantry, who was court-martialed at Santiago November 11, 1898, and found guilty of a charge of conduct unbecoming an officer and gentleman and dismissed from the service. After the court was dissolved and the sentence had been executed, the lieutenant submitted affidavits to show that the record of the court-martial contained a number of technical errors. This was declared to be a fatal error, inasmuch as the reviewing authority did not have before it all of the testimony, as required by the regulations.

It was sought to have the record of the court-martial corrected by the inclusion of this missing evidence, in order that the department might review it in a new light. This, the attorney general holds, cannot be done.

### Another Industrial Subcommittee.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.—The industrial commission contemplates the appointment of another sub-committee in addition to those given to Chicago and the south, to go to the Pacific coast. It will probably leave Washington in May.

### Morning, Afternoon, Evening, Midnight.

Four fast trains a day for Chicago via the Burlington—7:30 a. m., 4 p. m., 7:30 p. m., 11:52 p. m.

### ROUTE FOR PACIFIC CABLE

Line to Honolulu, Guam, Midway, Manila and Yokohama Mapped Out.

SATISFACTORY RESULTS OF A SURVEY

Report of Trip Made by the Nero—Particulars of Some of the Islands and the Pacific Currents.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.—Admiral Bradford, chief of the equipment bureau, has received the report of Commander Hodges of the Nero upon the survey made by that vessel of the Pacific ocean to find a practicable route for a submarine cable from California to Honolulu, Guam, Midway island, Manila and Yokohama. The officer reports that the survey developed a route for the cable eminently satisfactory and thoroughly practicable.

His report, in brief, shows that he sailed from Manila on the Nero on August 15 for Dingle, on the east coast of Luzon, which had been selected as the best landing for a Pacific cable. A run was made from this point to Guam, which portion of the line had already been outlined. September 3 the Nero sailed from Guam for Yokohama. The beach appeared to be favorable for landing on Japanese soil near the northeast corner of Sagami Kai.

Starting October 19 the ship returned to Manila on the Nero on August 15 for Dingle, on the east coast of Luzon, which had been selected as the best landing for a Pacific cable. A run was made from this point to Guam, which portion of the line had already been outlined. September 3 the Nero sailed from Guam for Yokohama. The beach appeared to be favorable for landing on Japanese soil near the northeast corner of Sagami Kai.

### Deepest Cais Ever Taken.

After making some soundings around the island Captain Hodges tried to find a southern route to connect with the direct line to Midway, but here, he says, the two deepest castles and the two deepest temperatures were taken were recorded. The depths are 5,169 fathoms and 5,269 fathoms, and the temperatures are 25.3 at 5,079 fathoms and 36 at 5,101 fathoms.

The Nero went back to Taratofa and began to develop the direct route to Midway, which was reached on January 2. No stop was made because Commander Belknap had already made an examination of the island. A light frame building standing in the middle of the north side of Sand island, apparently built some years ago, showed that the elements do not treat the island severely. There are no inhabitants, no food except an abundance of fish and seabirds, whose eggs could be utilized. On the whole, Sand island is regarded as a desirable site.

### Traverse was continued from Midway to Waimeha Bay, Oahu island, of the Hawaiian group. This was a fine sand beach and good landing station.

**Pacific Currents Are Erratic.**

Commander Hodges reports that the currents of the Pacific are very variable and erratic and subject to a tidal influence, especially in the vicinity of reefs and islands, so that very careful navigation is necessary, especially from the Hawaiian islands to Midway. A strong current of one to two knots an hour, setting with the wind, frequently changed to nothing in light weather in a single day.

From the date of sailing from San Francisco, April 22, 1899, to the date of return, February 11, 1900, the ship steamed 29,283 knots and the commander declares that a cable route was never so extensively and thoroughly surveyed and developed.

Appended to the report is a special report by Assistant Surgeon Frank McCullough upon the physical features of Midway island, in which reference is made to several wrecks and to the death on the islands of a portion of the crew of one of the castaway vessels. The sand is said to have been literally covered with seabirds and their eggs.

### Posyter Leaves for Home.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.—(Special Telegram.)—Governor Posyter took advantage of the privilege accorded chief executives of states and occupied a prominent seat on the floor of the house during the discussion of the Porto Rican bill today. He left tonight for Lincoln.

Congressman Burkett introduced bills to

### remove the charge of desertion from the records of Harman H. VanFelden, William H. Spradling and Robert Ricketts.

Congressman McPherson introduced bills to increase the pension of Sydney Falco, Eliza Waldman and Charles P. King.

### DALY, FACING CLARK, SMILES

Rivals Sit Opposite Each Other During One Day's Hearing in the Clark Case.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.—Senator Clark and Marcus Daly, the rival millionaires of Montana, faced each other during the greater part of today in the senate committee on Finance in the investigation of Clark's election to the senate of the United States.

Mr. Clark sat in the rear of his attorneys and Mr. Daly on the opposite side of the room. Daly wore a pleasant smile throughout the day and Clark maintained an unimpassioned silence.

It had been expected that Daly would be called to the witness stand during the day. The day was given up to J. R. Toole, a close friend of Mr. Daly.

W. G. Conrad also testified during the day. He was a candidate for the senate in opposition to Mr. Clark. He said that he had spent no money in the senatorial campaign proper.

Toole's testimony covered the senatorial contest from the Daly side of the question. He also related particulars concerning the capital contest, placing the total expenditures in behalf of Anaconda in that contest at over \$500,000 to \$1,000,000.

Mr. Faulkner—Did you not say after Mr. Clark's election that if you had had \$100,000 from the Anaconda you could have elected your man?

Toole—I did not. We could have beaten him with half the sum because I believe the vast majority of the voters would have been possible to have the republicans voted for Clark on making patriotic speeches and voting for men in their own party.

### Did you spend any money in the state campaign?

Mr. Campbell asked.

"I did not," from \$5,000 to \$10,000, giving it to committees, etc."

"Did you spend any in your effort to secure your election to the senate?"

"I did not spend to exceed \$200 in Helena beyond the amount of my hotel bill."

Toole, in the course of his testimony, stated that he had drawn \$50,000 from the American National bank of Helena after the Whiteside exposure. He also said that he had not contributed any part of the \$300,000 used by Whiteside. He had his bank checks and bills for the last thirty-two years and was willing the committee should inspect them. Mr. Conrad said there were thirty votes pledged to him in the legislature, but he failed to receive ten of the votes so pledged.

### NEW COMMISSION IS NAMED

Last of the Commissioners to the Philippines Will Be a Californian.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.—General Luke E. Wright of Memphis, Tenn., called at the White House today in company with Senator Turley and had a conference with the president on Philippine matters. On leaving, General Wright said the president had offered him a place on the Philippine commission.

Senator Turley's commission is expected here soon, and in case he receives an appointment, as now seems most probable, the completed commission will be as follows: Page Taft, chief, president; Prof. Worcester of the present commission; General Luke E. Wright of Tennessee, H. O. Ide of Vermont, Bernard Moses of California.

Former Congressman Hamilton Lewis of Washington state had a final conference with the president concerning his appointment as one of the Philippine commissioners. The president had had the subject under consideration. Colonel Lewis frankly told the president that he was not in accord with the Philippine policy. The president frankly told Lewis that while he would be delighted to honor him because of his personal regard he could not appoint him. Colonel Lewis assured the president of the appreciation of his confidence expressed and asked him to consider some other Pacific coast man for the place.

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### WALSH AND SCORN FIL CHAMBERLAIN'S DENIAL OF COMPLICITY IN RID.

### RESENTS CHARGES AS PERSONAL ATTACK

### Carries the Day with Majority to Appoint Chamberlain to Criticize the Navy—Fear it is Inadequate.

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LONDON, Feb. 24.—Apart from the dramatic change that came over the situation in South Africa, the event of the week was undoubtedly Joseph Chamberlain's vigorous, almost vicious, self-defense in the House of Commons.

The colonial secretary met the accusations and demands with one of those terrible fighting speeches for which he is noted. With venomous retort and scorn he once more denied complicity in the Jameson raid, denied the so-called revelations of the Independent Belge, and, with deft phrases, presented the opposition's agitation as a personal attack upon his much-persecuted self.

In the heat of debate, and with an overwhelming majority to cheer every bitter phrase, Chamberlain carried all before him. But after reflection many of those who thoroughly believe Chamberlain to be absolutely unimpaired and who place no importance upon the letters stolen from Hawleyke, counsel for the British colonies, are much surprised that the colonial secretary took up the matter in such a personal spirit.

Voicing this feeling, the Saturday Review, while strongly deprecating another raid inquiry at the present juncture, deprecates Chamberlain's "undignified attitude" and reminds him that the good faith of a secretary of state is not a personal but a public matter. Continuing the paper says it regrets that he did not court a resumption of the subject of the letters, but that he prohibited such a procedure at the present crisis. In the meanwhile, Dr. Gavin Brown, Clark, radical member of Parliament for Calne, who was formerly consul general of the British republic, stands accused by Hawleyke of buying stolen property in the shape of letters in regard to the raid. Though Dr. Clark has denied the allegations printed in the St. James Gazette, he has not so far done Hawleyke's charges. His fellow commoners are much stirred up in regard to the matter, but Clark seems disinclined to take any further steps unless his constituents force an issue.

### Rosebery Given Chance for Satire.

Lord Rosebery, this week the forlorn hope of the Liberal party, has been bantering the lords of the government in the lightest satire upon the five they have got into by the unexpected change of the Wemyss resolution, which originally proposed to enforce the existing statute providing for conscription, but which at the last moment was altered to read that the statute be amended in order to make it available to be put in force, a change which upset Lord Lansdowne's and the duke of Devonshire's carefully prepared speeches to such an extent that Lord Rosebery satirically moved an adjournment to enable them to prepare new speeches and even Lord Salisbury laughed.

The condition of the navy and the alleged inadequacy of the new estimates are subjects of discussion. The fact that the government has ordered the reserve squadron to assemble at Portsmouth March 1 has relieved the fears of those who thought continental interference was imminent, but they will hail with no pleasure the accompanying announcement that the squadron would be scattered again April 1, after a month's exercise.

### Fears of French Fleet.

Nor is public confidence strengthened by such statements as are made editorially in the Naval and Military Record, which aver that there are eight or nine modern battle cruisers capable of sinking the reserve fleet, and though France now has only six of such vessels with its northern squadron, it could quickly get the two needed from the Mediterranean without attracting suspicion, while the amalgamation of its northern squadron with that of Russia's Baltic fleet would altogether outclass Great Britain's reserve, which, this service press declares, is a heterogeneous and by no means a modern conglomeration, lacking in all the essentials of a trained battle fleet.

As a remedy it is urged that new ships not included in the reserve be at once commissioned and a powerful fleet be assembled in home waters. The army, or rather its system and the majority of its generals, has so disapproved the bulk of the British post-war budget that it is almost a fact to criticize and underestimate everything British, and the navy is coming in for its full share. Events have yet to show that such criticism is justified.

### NEW BOULANGER IS FEARED

### Republicans and Radicals Discourage Public Worship of Villebois with the Boers.

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PARIS, Feb. 24.—In French eyes the most interesting character in the Transvaal war is Colonel Villebois-Lemaire, the French military observer with the Boers, who is represented by the French press as the Von Moltke of the Boer army. He is popularly supposed to have been the directing spirit of most of the Boer victories.

The unanimity with which the nationalist press laud him has, however, become a serious cause of concern among republicans and radicals. You are trying to create another Boulanger and use him against the republic on his return to France."

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### ACCUSE AMERICA OF INTRIGUE.

### French Papers Say United States is Supporting the Martineque Insurrection.

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PARIS, Feb. 24.—In spite of the reputation by official circles and the deputy for Martineque of any sympathy for or credit to the insurrection, American political agitators are responsible for the troubles in Martineque, the newspaper which gave prominence originally to the statements has returned to the charge, publishing under the caption "American Intrigue," an interview with an anonymous Martineque planter, in which it reiterates the accusations against America and says:

"The audacity of their agents is such that they have recently American corvettes visited Martineque waters and under the very eyes of the colonial authorities took soundings." The article concludes by asking again what the government of the island cabinet are thinking of in permitting the action.

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### Helps Over the hill.

Got lots of Brain Work?

Use Grape-Nuts.

"I find Grape-Nuts very helpful to a man troubled with the cares and worries of business," says Louis Fink, Jr., of 59 S. 4th street, Philadelphia.

"At the time I commenced using the food I was very weak from want of properly selected food. The help I received from the powerful food elements in Grape-Nuts was indeed wonderful. I have come to use the food regularly and do not think a breakfast complete without it."

"I suggest you mention in your advertisements that Grape-Nuts are nothing like oatmeal, for many of my friends express themselves as weary of the mushes and such and find a delightful change in taste and quality by using Grape-Nuts."

There's a reason why this food gives one the feeling of new vitality and vigor. Actual use proves the proposition.

All grocers sell Grape-Nuts, and the pure-floated factories of the Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., at Battle Creek, Mich., produce them.

### Crystal Dinner Party.

(Copyright, 1900, by Associated Press.)

LONDON, Feb. 24.—(New York World Telegram—Special Telegram.)—Mr. and Mrs. How had a "crystal dinner" party at Carlton this week in celebration of the fifteenth anniversary of their wedding. It is commonly known as a "brass wedding" here, but "crystal" sounds nicer. The guests included Mrs. Ronalds, Mrs. Blount, Mrs. Merton Prewer, Mrs. Newhouse and Miss Ward. Mrs. Blount was dressed in white with embroideries of crystal and silver. The table was decorated with palms, violets and lilies of the valley.

### Countess Is Stubbhorn.

(Copyright, 1900, by Associated Press.)

LONDON, Feb. 24.—(New York World Telegram—Special Telegram.)—Countess D'Almeida, wife of Buller's cavalry general, has just executed a turning movement on the district council of Aberystwyth. It is the North Wales owned by the countess and adjoining the family seat, Gwyrch Castle, which has set the whole neighborhood aflame with indignation. The district council has been anxious to extend the water supply to the side resort, but the countess stubbornly resisted all proposals to make the place popular for visitors. Her chief beauty was a magnificent avenue of trees and the council at this session were promoting a bill in Parliament to obtain compulsory powers to carry out improvements. Thereupon the countess sent a gang of woodcutters and felled the whole avenue of trees, leaving a gaping ugly void in the park they had stood for centuries. Then the countess with her daughter, left for the Riviera for the spring.

### Conan Doyle an Inventor.

(Copyright, 1900, by Associated Press.)

LONDON, Feb. 24.—(New York World Telegram—Special Telegram.)—Conan Doyle, the author, has joined the ranks of inventors. He writes bitterly complaining that the War department ignored his proposal to lay before them a new sighting appliance showing the proper angle at which rifle should be held to enable the marksman to drop a bullet at any given range with accuracy. Doyle claims that his sight costs only 12 cents and would not interfere with the existing sight, but had been approved by several experts, but the War office curtly refused to give him facilities for extended experiments. Doyle will sail for South Africa next week with the Irish ambulance hospital corps fitted out by Lord Weir, one of the Guinness family, at a cost of \$50,000.

### Mrs. Symonds Marries Again.

(Copyright, 1900, by Associated Press.)

LONDON, Feb. 24.—(New York World Telegram—Special Telegram.)—Mrs. Penn Symonds, widow of General Penn Symonds, has married again within six weeks of the death of her husband. It had been killed in the battle of Glencoe under tragic circumstances. The general and his wife had been separated for some time. Her second husband is a subaltern half her own age. They are now honeymooning in South Europe. The queen is intensely indignant at this marriage after the sympathy and favor she had tendered to Mrs. Symonds, securing for her, among other things, an actual royal warrant, an extra pension, to which, according to strict rules, the circumstances of her husband's death did not entitle her.

### Woman Under Death Sentence.

(Copyright, 1900, by Associated Press.)

LONDON, Feb. 24.—(New York World Telegram—Special Telegram.)—Mrs. Ann Williams, aged 42, convicted of the murder of a baby she had taken to nurse, and believed to have perpetrated a long series of similar crimes, is now being under sentence of death in London. She has refused the ministrations of the clergy and asks only

## BRIGHT'S DISEASE.

For the First Time in the History of Medicine, a Cure for Bright's Disease Has Been Discovered.

**Swamp-Root, the Great Kidney Remedy**

Has Proven by Thousands of Triumphant Tests Its Wonderful Success in Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, Blood and Bright's Disease.

'BEE' READERS MAY HAVE A SAMPLE BOTTLE FREE.

The Eminent Kidney Specialist, Discoverer of Swamp-Root, in His Laboratory.

As sure as the break of dawn means another day, so does pain in the back indicate kidney trouble.

When your kidneys become weak and are unable to throw off the waste in the blood, they clog up with poisonous matter, break down, cell by cell, and the particles pass away in the urine. Then the albumen, which makes rich, red blood, leaks out, your system breaks down and you have what is known to all mankind as Bright's Disease.

Bright's Disease is taking away more lives today than any other known ailment, excepting kidney trouble, and it is not recognized until it is too late to do any good. Swamp-Root will set your whole system right, and in order that all afflicted may know its benefits, a special arrangement has been made with the Omaha Sunday Bee by which all readers of our paper who will send their names and addresses to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Birmingham, N. Y., will be sent absolutely free, by mail, a sample bottle of Swamp-Root. Also a book of value treating of all kinds of kidney diseases and containing some of the thousands of testimonial letters received from sufferers cured.

If you are already convinced that Swamp-Root is what you need you can purchase the regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles at the drug stores.

For a few novels "to pass away the time," she has also asked why the jail authorities cannot expedite her execution, as she feels the prison "very dull."

Like Father, Like Son.

(Copyright, 1900, by Associated Press.)

LONDON, Feb. 24.—(New York World Telegram—Special Telegram.)—A striking instance of hereditary heredity is afforded by Raymond Aquith, son of Herbert Aquith, a career in the public school and at Oxford, took precisely the same prizes his father did, and now also, following his footsteps, has been chosen president of the Russel club in Oxford, in which capacity he presided tonight at a banquet given by that club in honor of his father.

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Crystal Dinner Party.

(Copyright, 1900, by Associated Press.)

LONDON, Feb. 24.—(New York World Telegram—Special Telegram.)—Mr. and Mrs. How had a "crystal dinner" party at Carlton this week in celebration of the fifteenth anniversary of their wedding. It is commonly known as a "brass wedding" here, but "crystal" sounds nicer. The guests included Mrs. Ronalds, Mrs. Blount, Mrs. Merton Prewer, Mrs. Newhouse and Miss Ward. Mrs. Blount was dressed in white with embroideries of crystal and silver. The table was decorated with palms, violets and lilies of the valley.

Countess Is Stubbhorn.

(Copyright, 1900, by Associated Press.)

LONDON, Feb. 24.—(New York World Telegram—Special Telegram.)—Countess D'Almeida, wife of Buller's cavalry general, has just executed a turning movement on the district council of Aberystwyth. It is the North Wales owned by the countess and adjoining the family seat, Gwyrch Castle, which has set the whole neighborhood aflame with indignation. The district council has been anxious to extend the water supply to the side resort, but the countess stubbornly resisted all proposals to make the place popular for visitors. Her chief beauty was a magnificent avenue of trees and the council at this session were promoting a bill in Parliament to obtain compulsory powers to carry out improvements. Thereupon the countess sent a gang of woodcutters and felled the whole avenue of trees, leaving a gaping ugly void in the park they had stood for centuries. Then the countess with her daughter, left for the Riviera for the spring.

Conan Doyle an Inventor.

(Copyright, 1900, by Associated Press.)

LONDON, Feb. 24.—(New York World Telegram—Special Telegram.)—Conan Doyle, the author, has joined the ranks of inventors. He writes bitterly complaining that the War department ignored his proposal to lay before them a new sighting appliance showing the proper angle at which rifle should be held to enable the marksman to drop a bullet at any given range with accuracy. Doyle claims that his sight costs only 12 cents and would not interfere with the existing sight, but had been approved by several experts, but the War office curtly refused to give him facilities for extended experiments. Doyle will sail for South Africa next week with the Irish ambulance hospital corps fitted out by Lord Weir, one of the Guinness family, at a cost of \$50,000.

Mrs. Symonds Marries Again.

(Copyright, 1900, by Associated Press.)

LONDON, Feb. 24.—(New York World Telegram—Special Telegram.)—Mrs. Penn Symonds, widow of General Penn Symonds, has married again within six weeks of the death of her husband. It had been killed in the battle of Glencoe under tragic circumstances. The general and his wife had been separated for some time. Her second husband is a subaltern half her own age. They are now honeymooning in South Europe. The queen is intensely indignant at this marriage after the sympathy and favor she had tendered to Mrs. Symonds, securing for her, among other things, an actual royal warrant, an extra pension, to which, according to strict rules, the circumstances of her husband's death did not entitle her.

Woman Under Death Sentence.

(Copyright, 1900, by Associated Press.)

LONDON, Feb. 24.—(New York World Telegram—Special Telegram.)—Mrs. Ann Williams, aged 42, convicted of the murder of a baby she had taken to nurse, and believed to have perpetrated a long series of similar crimes, is now being under sentence of death in London. She has refused the ministrations of the clergy and asks only

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"I find Grape-Nuts very helpful to a man troubled with the cares and worries of business," says Louis Fink, Jr., of 59 S. 4th street, Philadelphia.

"At the time I commenced using the food I was very weak from want of properly selected food. The help I received from the powerful food elements in Grape-Nuts was indeed wonderful. I have come to use the food regularly and do not think a breakfast complete without it."

"I suggest you mention in your advertisements that Grape-Nuts are nothing like oatmeal, for many of my friends express themselves as weary of the mushes and such and find a delightful change in taste and quality by using Grape-Nuts."

There's a reason why this food gives one the feeling of new vitality and vigor. Actual use proves the proposition.

All grocers sell Grape-Nuts, and the pure-floated factories of the Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., at Battle Creek, Mich., produce them.

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