

THE OMAHA DAILY PRESS

ROOT IS CLEAR CUT

First Annual Report of the Secretary of Exceptional Interest.

PROBLEMS OF INSULAR GOVERNMENT

These Questions Are Handled in Vigorous Style with Recommendations.

TELLS WHAT IS BEING DONE IN CUBA

Making Rapid Progress in Paving Way for Independent Government.

PROPOSES RADICAL CHANGES IN ARMY

Thorough Reorganization Is Necessary to Make the Army as Effective as It Should Be to Meet Modern Requirements and Needs.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—Dealing, as it does, with questions of insular policy, of the future of Cuba and of the campaign in the Philippines, the first annual report of Secretary Root just made public is of exceptional interest.

The report begins with a recital of the policy followed in reorganizing the army in accordance with the necessities arising in the discharge of the state volunteers and of the men called up for the Spanish-American war and gives statistics of the past and present strength of the organization, covering in that respect matters dealt with in the reports of the major general commanding and of the adjutant general.

It is stated that at present all the new regiments of volunteers are in the Philippines, or on their way there. The operations on those islands are next taken up and the report again points out that the outbreak of last February was provoked by the insurgents' unprovoked, and was, from the standpoint of the government, a surprise.

Frequent reference is made to the reports of General Otis to show the magnitude of the task set for him with the inadequate forces at his command when the outbreak came, and a high tribute is paid to the courage of the troops which, in the face of great hardships, voluntarily consented to forego an immediate return to their homes upon expiration of their terms of service.

Outlines Plans of Campaign.

The history of the operations of the last season is recounted, and the secretary outlines the plans of the present campaign which began in October. This involves the movement of three forces. One was to proceed up the Rio Grande along the north-eastern borders of the plains and strike across to the gulf of Lingayen. Another was to land on the gulf shores by transports and proceed along the coast road to unite with the first. The third column was to move along the railroad to Dagupan.

The secretary says these movements were executed with energy, rapidly and success, notwithstanding delays of rain. It is stated that within the last few days a portion of troops has extended civil law has been put in operation. Education has been introduced until at present in Manila there are now better facilities for primary education than ever before.

A chapter tells of what has been done in Cuba by the army during the past year. Order has been maintained, social distress has been alleviated, sanitation has been instituted and in all respects satisfactory progress has been made and the part played by our troops noted. Seeing his position was hopeless, the khalifa told his emirs to suit with him and die.

He then spread a sheepskin on the ground and sat down on it, with the emirs on either side of him. The khalifa was found shot through the head, arms and legs and the emirs were lying dead beside him. The members of his bodyguard were all dead in front of them. General Wingate's force swept over them without recognizing the khalifa and his emirs, but they were identified.

SAN DOMINGO IS RESTLESS

Further Disturbances Threatened by Popular Unrest Over the Acts of Jiminez.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Dec. 1.—San Domingo small advances under date of November 28 report a condition of popular unrest threatening further disturbances. Apparently the acts of the Jiminez administration, particularly relative to financial matters, instead of winning the confidence or approval of the majority of leaders of the independence movement, has given practically a bloodless victory over the followers of Heureaux, an excited popular suspicion and distrust, and active opposition is rapidly developing for the purpose of enforcing popular desires on Jiminez. The advisers do not look for a speedy collapse of Boer resistance.

THREE WRECKS, SHIP MISSING

Storm on the New Foundland Coast Which May Have Cost Several Lives.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., Dec. 1.—The schooner *Vickerson*, with a general cargo, ran ashore at Cape Capereau and will be a total loss. One man was drowned.

The schooner *Dart* has stranded in Grates Cove. It is laden with fish and will be a complete wreck.

The schooner *Emily* went on a bar near here, but was pulled off by tugs. It is badly damaged.

The schooner *Warrior* is missing. It is feared it has gone down in Bonavia bay. Its crew numbers ten persons.

Kind Words from London Press.

LONDON, Dec. 1.—The Standard, in the course of an editorial briefly reviewing the present prospect of the United States in connection with the opening of congress, says:

"Seldom has a presidential message been delivered in circumstances so favorable to the nation and to the party in power as are those in which Mr. McKinley is about to approach congress."

May Cut Tax on Coffee to Brazil.

PABIS, Dec. 1.—Arrangements are about to be opened with the view of imposing a Brazil a reduction of about 10 francs on the tax on coffee, on condition that French products are given the most favored nation treatment. Should the negotiations fail, the maximum tariff will be applied to Brazilian coffee.

Australian Premier Resigns.

MELBOURNE, Victoria, Dec. 1.—The premier, Sir George Turner, has resigned. The government, Lord Brassey, has summoned Mr. A. McLean to form a new ministry.

Steamer Landed Overboard.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 1.—Considerable anxiety is felt here in regard to the safety of the British steamer *Merrimac*, which left Quebec October 27, for Belfast.

EUROPE ASSURED

Austrian Emperors Takes a Hopeful View of the Situation.

VIENNA, Dec. 1.—Replying to the addresses of the presidents of the Hungarian and Austrian delegations today, Emperor Francis Joseph referred with emotion to the "innumerable manifestations of devotion to himself and the imperial house, in which the peoples of the monarchy had united with himself in deep sorrow at the death of the emperor."

His majesty, continuing, said the relations of the monarchy with the powers continued friendly and appeared to justify confidence that they would not be disturbed. The continuance of the peace of Europe, he added, was the surest guarantee, and this was afforded by the "undisturbed existence of the free and trusting relationship with our allies."

A further guarantee of peace, the emperor said, was the harmonious co-operation of all the civilized states at The Hague conference, "originated on the magnanimous initiative of the czar which imparted fresh and increased hopes to those recognizing the need of peace throughout the world."

The emperor also referred to the friendly relations with Russia in regard to the Balkans. Alluding to the Transvaal, he said: "We have resolved to observe the strictest neutrality and can only wish the conflict was approaching an early conclusion. After saying that the demands of the War department were confined to the most urgent requirements, the emperor concluded with an appeal to the patriotic zeal of the delegations."

MISS MADGE DALY MATCHED

Gossips Wag Their Tongues About the Daughter of the Wealthy Ancestral Copper King.

(Copyright, 1899, by Press Publishing Co.) PARIS, Dec. 1.—(New York World Telegram.)—Temporaneous gossip has been excited here by the rather inconsiderate boast of Mrs. Stewart Taylor that she has been promised \$250,000 as a commission by Marcus Daly, the Ancestral Copper King, to match his daughter Madge with a French Italian prince. Mrs. Taylor spoke this before a gathering of ten or twelve women in Armand's fashionable dressmaking establishment.

It had been generally understood that Miss Madge Daly was engaged to Dr. Archibald Ryckert, a handsome American dentist, with a fashionable clientele. Marcus Daly only began to oppose the match during his visit here last summer.

The Italian prince is aged and has a rather unenviable reputation in Paris and Rome, where he has been the hero in several social adventures.

Marcus Daly's friends say he has too much American common sense to have intended the remark to Mrs. Taylor to be taken seriously.

SIT DOWN TO WAIT FOR DEATH

Stoical Action of the Khalifa and Emirs When They See Their Position is Hopeless.

CAIRO, Dec. 1.—Officers from the Sudan who have arrived here say that when General Wingate's forces overtook the khalifa the latter tried to outflank the Anglo-Egyptians but failed, seeing his position was hopeless, the khalifa told his emirs to suit with him and die.

He then spread a sheepskin on the ground and sat down on it, with the emirs on either side of him. The khalifa was found shot through the head, arms and legs and the emirs were lying dead beside him. The members of his bodyguard were all dead in front of them. General Wingate's force swept over them without recognizing the khalifa and his emirs, but they were identified.

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GOOD THING FOR KIMBERLEY

Advance of General Methuen Calls Off the Boesing Army.

BELIEF THAT FOOD IS BECOMING SHORT

Accounts for Urgency in Pushing the British Column Forward—There is Danger of Starvation and Disease.

(Copyright, 1899, by Press Publishing Co.) LONDON, Dec. 1.—(New York World Telegram.)—The Post's military expert says:

"It is clear that our continued ignorance concerning the facts of the Boer war is a source of regret. It is apparently assumed in most quarters that Methuen has practically achieved the relief of Kimberley, but there seems nothing in the tidings we have received to warrant such an assumption. The order which Methuen has forced the pace northward confirms our conjectures as to the needs of Kimberley. Once Kimberley is relieved the relief of Mafeking must be achieved indirectly by threatening other places. No advance from Kimberley is likely to be undertaken until Gatacre and French, moving by Stormberg and Arundel, have joined hands north of the Orange river."

SILENCE AT WAR OFFICE.

LONDON, Dec. 2.—A 130 a. m.—Absolute silence has fallen over affairs in South Africa. The War office has not yet received Lord Methuen's capture of the Boers, but it is so completely necessary to keep the matter so secret that not a word emanates from any of the various camps.

It is regarded as practically certain that Lord Methuen has been reinforced by half a battalion of the Buffs, a regiment of artillery and a battery of armoured cars. It is supposed that the Natal advance has been delayed by the necessity of getting supplies to Pietermaritzburg, but not a word emanates from any of the various camps.

Lieutenant General Sir Charles Mansfield Clarke, who, as already announced, will command the Sixth division, has seen much service in South Africa, particularly in the Zulul and subsequent wars. He has held a number of high staff offices at home and is reputed to be a very capable officer.

LIGHTENS PRESSURE ON GARLSON.

LONDON, Dec. 1.—While the rumors of the relief of Kimberley current on the Stock exchange today may be premature in their literal sense there seems no doubt that the pressure on the garrison has been much lightened by General Methuen's successes and the actual relief of the place is likely to be a fact very soon.

A clue to the urgent reasons which dictated General Methuen's hurried march may be found in Governor Milner's hint to the relief commission at Capetown to prepare for the reception of 10,000 refugees, indicating that the garrison must have had reason to fear the reduction of Kimberley by starvation and disease.

The most recent news from Kimberley comes by way of Pretoria and almost seems to show that Kimberley and Mafeking are acting in concert with General Methuen, for at the time of the election commissioning, Pan both Colonel Kewitch and Colonel Baden-Powell made sorties and assailed the beleaguers. The result of the Mafeking sortie is not known, but according to a dispatch from Pretoria Colonel Kewitch inflicted considerable losses on the Boers, who were killed in and wounding seventeen in a group.

A special dispatch from Pretoria, dated Sunday, November 26, says there was another sortie from Mafeking Saturday, November 25. On the morning of that day the Chartered police attacked Eloff's fort with great determination. The fight was progressing when the despatch was sent.

Several ambulance trains left Mafeking November 25 for the interior, and no fighting was expected during the coming week, when the Boers, it was added, would resist the advance of the British in the direction of Kimberley.

Methuen Resumes March.

It is reported that General Methuen resumed his march northward Wednesday and expected to form a junction with the Kimberley forces Saturday or Sunday.

It is suggested in some quarters that the Boer forces have been withdrawn from the north of Cape Colony and may be hurrying to attack General Methuen's rear; but reinforcements have been pushed rapidly forward from Orange river and De Aar. It is claimed, in circumstantial details.

From Lord Wolseley's announcement that it had been decided to call out one more division, it appears clear that the War office does not look for a speedy collapse of Boer resistance.

The brief telegrams coming from Natal and the central theater of the war convey little information about the situation. Nauwpoort reports that half the Boer force which responded to the Boer summons for military service has now returned to their homes, so, perhaps, the serious civil troubles hampering General Gatacre may be lessened and the military operations under his direction will commence.

So far as known the Ladysmith relief force is still at Frezer, though the bridge was repaired sufficiently to permit of its passage November 20, in which case the opposing forces may already have come in contact near Colenso, where, apparently, the Boers are strongly entrenched on the north side of the river.

A special dispatch received here today from Frezer, dated November 25, says that while attempting to blow up a 500-foot bridge over the river at Colenso the Boers were driven back by British artillery and mounted infantry.

TAKE THEM FOR IDLE WORDS

Paris Press Refuses to Get Excited Over the Chamberlain Speech.

PARIS, Dec. 1.—Some of the newspapers attach considerable importance to the utterances of Joseph Chamberlain at Leicester yesterday and consider that they show that Emperor William's visit to England was partially political. The majority, however, characterize certain of Mr. Chamberlain's declarations as empty threats and regard the suggestion of an alliance between Great Britain, the United States and Germany as simply eccentric.

The Mail observes that Mr. Chamberlain alludes to the alliance as accomplished fact and as being his work and "seizes on the opportunity to address threats to France, which leaves us as unimpaired as does the famous prospect of a new triple alliance."

The Journal regards the recall of Admiral Fournier's squadron from the Levant, in view of "eventualities which may arise from the present anti-British campaign in France."

The Journal also doubts its doubts the

MONSON MAY LEAVE PARIS

Attack of French Press Said to Be Too Much for British Ambassador.

LONDON, Dec. 1.—(New York World Telegram.)—The Paris correspondent of the Evening News telegraphs to his paper today that there is reason to believe that Sir Edmund J. Monson, the British ambassador to France, will shortly apply for a prolonged leave of absence as a protest against the state of the French press campaign on Queen Victoria and the prince of Wales.

DOES NOT STRIKE POPULAR CHORD.

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The Westminster Gazette takes the same line, believing Mr. Chamberlain did not represent government opinion and pointing out how offensive the speech was toward France. The Globe maintains it is impossible for General Roberts to reach the interior and the responsibilities which would accrue to Great Britain by such an alliance.

The Evening Standard says Mr. Chamberlain referred to no alliance by treaties. The St. James Gazette says: "Mr. Chamberlain's speech is a masterpiece of English opinion, which has come to realize that with Germany and the United States we can work, because with those powers we have a community of interests and sentiments, whereas, with Russia and France, we have not."

The Sun, the only other afternoon newspaper, takes a more favorable view of the suggested alliance.

ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR EXPECTS TO BE KRUGER'S GUEST.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Dec. 1.—A dispatch from Pretoria says that Assistant Secretary Webster Davis of the Interior department will sail from New York next Tuesday for Capetown, South Africa. He expects to be gone at least three months. It is his intention to see something of the Boer war. He will be the guest while in Capetown of Colonel G. D. A. of Kansas City, consul general at that port.

Mr. Davis expects later to get into the Transvaal as the guest of President Kruger. There he will compile material for a series of lectures on the different aspects of the Boer war for the benefit of the United States before the struggle is ended.

MINUTE FOR THE TRANSVAAL.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Dec. 1.—The corner Anselma de la Reheague, Captain Thomas, cleared today with 800 mules for the British government and will sail tomorrow for Capetown.

BRADLEY PACKING HIS GOODS

Kentucky's Chief Executive Preparing to Return to Private Life—Successor Still in Doubt.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Dec. 1.—The post-positive resignation of Governor Bradley of Kentucky's gubernatorial vote until Monday has for the time being at least cooled the surcharged political atmosphere in a very perceptible manner. It is not likely now that there will be any developments until the meeting of the legislature on Monday.

Representative Powers of Vermont presided at the conference tonight. Those present were Messrs. Henderson of Iowa, Grosvenor, Shattuck, Southard, Kerr and Taylor of Ohio, Powers of Vermont, McPherson of Ohio, Dalzell of Pennsylvania, Payne and Hild of New York, Hill of Connecticut, Thomas of Iowa, Alexander and Ray of New York, Curtis of Kansas, Warner of Illinois, Landis of Indiana, Cannon of Illinois, Morris of Minnesota, Steele of Indiana and Long of Kansas.

The gubernatorial vote is not to come up for consideration at the republican caucus tomorrow night. The republican leaders do not desire to make the question in any sense a party issue.

NEBRASKANS GET INTO LINE

Three of the Delegation Are Outspoken Against Giving the Utah Man a Seat.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—(Special Telegram.)—The Roberts case is the only thing heard in Washington just now, the policies of the administration for the settlement of the greater questions developing upon the president by reason of the acquisition of Cuba, Porto Rico, Hawaii and the Philippines being lost in the middle this case has created.

Interviews had today with some of the Nebraska members showed that Burdett, Sutherland and Stark are against the seating of Roberts, while the rest are non-committal.

Burdett thinks that Utah has violated the "pact she made on entering the union." Sutherland said: "If Roberts is guilty of polygamy, as he appears to be, I shall possible chance for Taylor being governor of the state. Governor Bradley has evidently made up his mind that somebody will be issued a certificate of election, for he was busy engaged all day in packing up his private property in the state house preparatory to a return to private life."

"They are making my last days my hardest days," he said. "But I guess there will be no trouble. There are too many sensible men on both sides to allow anything of that kind to really don't see how anything can be done to keep Mr. Taylor from the chair. He will go in all right."

SMYTH WILL PROSECUTE

Attorney General Says He Will Get Right After the Soldiers at Fort Crook.

LINCOLN, Dec. 1.—Attorney General Smyth has notified Governor Poynter that he will prosecute the Fort Crook soldiers who shot and killed a deserter who was resisting arrest. A court-martial has already acquitted the soldiers and a court of Sarge county dismissed the complaint on the ground that the civil authorities have no jurisdiction over the works and that while the soldiers are subject to punishment or discharge by the military, the offense is nevertheless committed against the peace of the state, and cannot be punished except by the civil courts of Nebraska.

EXPLOSION AT POWDER MILLS

Occurs Nine Miles South of Kansas City and Buildings in City Are Shaken.

KANSAS CITY, Dec. 1.—A Star special from Weir City, Kan., says: "A terrific explosion occurred at the Ladin Powder Mills, nine miles south of this city, at 12:45 o'clock today. Direct communication with the works was cut off by the force of the explosion and it was impossible to ascertain the extent of damage. Buildings in this city were shaken and it is feared that a loss of life resulted."

HOLD SESSION ON ROBERTS

Prominent House Republicans Look Into His Eligibility.

SPECIAL COMMITTEE TO CONSIDER MATTER

When Mormon Member-Elect Appears to Take Oath Objection Will Be Made and Charge of Bigamy Will Be Investigated.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—At a conference of about twenty-five prominent house republicans held at the capitol tonight it was decided that the eligibility of Representative-elect Roberts of Utah to occupy a seat in the house should be investigated and determined, and that pending the decision he should not be permitted to take the oath of office.

This decision was arrived at by those present without a dissenting voice. Representative Taylor of Ohio, who will have charge of the matter in the house, explained after the conference had adjourned that this proceeding does not involve a pre-judgment of the case, but irrespective of party, will afford the members an opportunity to vote upon a question which is of such public importance.

Mr. Taylor had made a study of the allegations and precedents and presented them to his colleagues. He offered a resolution which was adopted, which after a general exchange of views, the procedure is to be as follows:

When Mr. Roberts appears at the bar of the house to take the oath objection is to be made upon the grounds that he is ineligible. He will then step aside and after the other members are sworn in the member making the objection—who probably will be Mr. Taylor—will recite the allegations and offer a resolution for their investigation by a special committee. This will give the house an opportunity to vote in the first instance on the question of postponing the administration of the oath until after the allegations have been investigated.

The resolutions have not been formulated yet, but will include the investigation of the charge that Mr. Roberts' alleged conviction of violation of the Edmunds act in 1889 renders him ineligible by the terms of that act, whether the fact that he is an avowed polygamist renders him ineligible to hold the office of congressman, whether he has violated the compact which it obtained that day.

Precedents Are at Hand.

Mr. Taylor says the precedents for objection to the swearing in of a member duly elected and bearing proper credentials are numerous and in point. Among others are the well known case of Prentiss Knott, Boyd Winchester and John M. Rice of Kentucky, who were elected to congress shortly after the war and also were charged with ineligibility on the ground of disloyalty. All these precedents were cited at the conference tonight. These precedents led to the making of the objection and properly be made to the swearing in of a member where there are apparently well grounded reasons for believing him ineligible. The resolutions will provide for the appointment of a special committee of either seven or nine, to be appointed by the speaker.

Representative Powers of Vermont presided at the conference tonight. Those present were Messrs. Henderson of Iowa, Grosvenor, Shattuck, Southard, Kerr and Taylor of Ohio, Powers of Vermont, McPherson of Ohio, Dalzell of Pennsylvania, Payne and Hild of New York, Hill of Connecticut, Thomas of Iowa, Alexander and Ray of New York, Curtis of Kansas, Warner of Illinois, Landis of Indiana, Cannon of Illinois, Morris of Minnesota, Steele of Indiana and Long of Kansas.

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ARRESTED AT WIFE'S BIER

Beautiful Woman Dies and Her Husband is Charged with Her Murder.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Dec. 1.—The sudden death last night of Mrs. John Williams, a well-known and beautiful woman of this city, and the arrest today of her husband on the charge of murder have caused a tremendous sensation here. Today after all arrangements had been made for Mrs. Williams' funeral, the order came for the body to be held, as an autopsy was to be made. A warrant was issued for the arrest of the husband and he was soon placed in the county jail charged with the murder.

The autopsy developed that Mrs. Williams came to her death by a violent blow on the stomach, bursting the bladder and rupturing a blood vessel. The woman died in great agony, but made no charges against anyone. The husband questioned by his wife only a week ago. He refused to talk Mrs. Williams was a sister-in-law of City Recorder West. Williams is a well-known young man about town.

REDUCTION IN CABLE RATES

Decrease in Cuban Tolls Said to Have Been Brought About by Increase in Business.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1.—Thomas W. Clark, vice president of the International Telegraph company and of the Western Union telegraph company, made this afternoon a statement concerning the reduction in the cable rates to Cuba, which those companies have announced and as to the position taken by his companies in the application of the Commercial Cable company for landing rights in Cuba. Mr. Clark said: "The reduction in the cable tolls of Cuba, as stated in the announcement, is simply carrying out the policy of the companies to make conservative and fair reductions as business conditions may warrant from time to time. The cable communication with the islands which our companies have established has always been of the most reliable and constant kind and no expense has ever been spared to keep it so."

TRUSTS TO LEAVE ILLINOIS

Corporations Representing Five Hundred Million Dollars Said to Be Ready to Move.

CHICAGO, Dec. 1.—The Chronicle tomorrow will say: "Corporations with an aggregate capital of more than \$500,000,000 are preparing to move out of the state of Illinois and establish their headquarters in the east, mainly New York City. The chief reason assigned for the radical change is that the legislature and courts of Illinois have assumed so distinctly an anti-trust complexion that the corporations have had to retaliate by withdrawing their interests to other fields. The principal corporations getting ready to quit this city are: The Federal Steel company, American Steel and Wire company, American Steel Hoop company, American Tiptone company and the Glucose Sugar Refining company."

A representative of the Whisky trust said tonight that its entire business would be taken from Illinois as soon as possible.

To Create an Enamel Trust.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 1.—An attempt is being made to consolidate all of the iron and enamel manufacturing companies of the middle west, which reaches from the Allegheny mountains to the Mississippi river. It is proposed to effect a consolidation of the leading companies that make enamel ware, such as Enamel, Washburns and the other leading companies.

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Need More Marines at Guam.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—Captain Leahy, the naval governor of the island of Guam, wants an additional force of marines. The few men he has at command now are but his highlanders. His report made public last week shows that the island has a population of 8,000 and while there are no signs of trouble just now it is regarded as the part of prudence to have

CONDITION OF THE WEATHER

Forecast for Nebraska—Generally Fair; Westerly Winds.

Hour.	Temp.	Hour.	Temp.
5 a. m.	33	1 p. m.	47
6 a. m.	32	2 p. m.	51
7 a. m.	31	3 p. m.	53
8 a. m.	31	4 p. m.	53
9 a. m.	34	5 p. m.	52
10 a. m.	35	6 p. m.	51
11 a. m.	37	7 p. m.	50
12 m.	42	8 p. m.	49
		9 p. m.	48

has been reserved, 38,845,191 being appropriated. Iowa has 25,646,080 acres, all appropriated. South Dakota has 11,076,557 surveyed; unsurveyed, 1,608,557; reserved, 12,684,777; area appropriated, 24,130,300.

Speaking of the act creating reservoirs for watering livestock, which created a great deal of excitement at the time of the passage of the bill, the secretary states that the provisions of the act were abused to such an extent that new restrictions were made limiting entries. So grossly was the act abused that all lands in several adjoining townships were filed upon by, or in behalf of, some person or company. He recommends legislation restricting the terms of the present act.

Upon the question of leasing Indian lands the secretary states that eighty-seven leases were made on the Omaha reservation and forty-five on the Winnebago, the total number in force on the former reservation being ninety-six, while on the latter reservation there are in effect 152. These leases run from 25 cents to \$2 per acre per annum. Congress will have to do something at this session for settlers upon the Otoe and Missouri reservation in Gage county, Nebraska, as the controversy between the Indian owners and purchasers of lands has been going on since May, 1883. The secretary recommends that in view of the rejecting of the proposed settlement on the part of the settlers' attorney congress will solve the difficulty.

George F. Cole was today appointed postmaster at Inman, Holt county, Nebraska, vice George D. Buck, dead.

HAYWARD SLIGHTLY BETTER

Passes a Quiet Day, Sleeping Most of the Time—No Pain in His Head.

NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., Dec. 1.—