

RENEW FIRE AGAIN

Kansas' Punishment of Rebels at Calocao Not Quite Enough.

FUSILLADE ON OUTPOSTS TWENTY MINUTES

Americans Do Not Reply and Nobody is Hurt.

NATIVES GLAD OF REFUGE OF WHITE FLAG

Twenty-First Kansas Drives Them From Their Last Stand.

FORCE OF SEVEN THOUSAND AT PARANAQUE

Otis Cables War Department that He Has Declined to Answer Aguinaldo's Request—American Fighting a Revolution.

MANILA, Feb. 8.—(11 a. m.)—The Filipinos at Calocao opened fire last evening just before midnight upon the Kansas outpost on the extreme left of the American line. They maintained a fusillade of musketry, supplemented by an occasional shot from two big guns, for about twenty minutes. The Americans did not reply.

The enemy fired at long range and nobody was hurt. All was quiet along the rest of the line and there was no change in the American position during the night. The first Wyoming infantry relieved the Twenty-third infantry at the water works yesterday, the latter returning to protect guard in the city, which is gradually resuming its normal appearance.

The Tennessees have just sailed for Holo on the transport St. Paul. Brigadier General Miller's forces now consist of Battery G, the Sixth and Eighteenth regular infantry regiments and half a signal company, with the Baltimore, Boston and Detroit.

Aguinaldo Wants a Conference.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—The War department today received the following dispatch: MANILA, Feb. 8.—Situation rapidly improving. Reconnaissance yesterday to south several miles to Laguna bay, to southeast eight miles, resulted in the capture of various directions, encountering no decided opposition, army disintegrated and natives returning to their homes.

OTIS SENDS A FURTHER LIST

Adjutant General Receives Additional Details of the Loss Suffered on the American Side.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—The adjutant general has received the following additional list of casualties at Manila: MANILA, Feb. 8.—Adjutant General. Killed: Additional casualties: Killed: Twentieth Kansas.

FIRST LIEUTENANT ALFRED C. ALFORD.

PRIVATE CHARLES E. PRATT, Company B. Wounded: Artificer Charles A. Nelson, Company B. Private Dan Hewitt, Company B.

Fourteenth Infantry.

Killed: PRIVATE RANSOM CLASE, Company H. PRIVATE NEWTON HENRY, Company H. Wounded: Private Frank A. Goodson, Company A.

Private Hans Jensen, Company B. Private E. D. Hough, Company D. Private Nicholas N. Foulkes, Company C.

First Idaho.

Killed: PRIVATE ORION L. DARRASS, Company G. Wounded: Sergeant W. L. Teller, Company D.

First California.

Wounded: Private David G. Sinclair, Company E. Private Frank Aust, Company G.

First Washington.

Wounded: Private J. J. Carlie, Company N. Corporal C. A. Augustin, Company N. Missing: Private Oval F. Gibson.

First Montana.

Wounded: Private G. W. Rowan, Company H. Third Artillery.

PRIVATE BRANCY HAAG, Battery G.

Wounded: Sergeant D. C. Sissenouth, Battery L. Private Herman Hansen, Battery G.

First Wyoming.

Private Harry R. Crumrine, Company F. OTIS.

NEW YEAR AND ORDERS HAVE BEEN ISSUED PROHIBITING FIREWORKS.

Bumping at the water works has been resumed. Sebastians at Most Advanced Post.

General Hale's brigade, consisting of the First Dakota infantry, First Colorado infantry and First Nebraska infantry, supported by a battery of Utah light artillery, occupies the most advanced post in the American line, ten miles from the base of supplies. It is an almost perfect position.

Four guns of the Utah battery, stationed on a hill behind the water works, command a valley. Two companies of the Colorado support the Twenty-third infantry, which is encamped at the reservoir, three miles to the rear. Outposts line the ridge overlooking the valley, while a sandbag entrenchment with gun emplacements fronts the river.

Yesterday the Utahs dropped shells into the villages across the river. The natives disappeared among the hills, the main body retiring to the right and the others scattering. Subsequently the Americans reconnoitered and captured the village of Paos aeri. They did not burn it and today the villagers returned in small parties, bearing bamboo to which white flags were fastened. They kept, however, out of range. Later signs of fire were seen along the ridge on the other side of the valley.

The American troops are in excellent spirits and appear to regard their experience as a picnic rather than a stern reality. One burly Coloradoan, who was discussing the American line, said that he remembered him of a rabbit drive on the Colorado plains.

Enemy Concentrated at Paranaque.

General Oversein's brigade, the Fourth cavalry, Fourteenth infantry and First North Dakota on the right, ditto some reconnoitering duty, but otherwise has been taking matters easy.

The First Washington, the First Idaho and the North Dakotas are strung out from blockhouse No. 11 to the old Spanish blockhouse, where the Malate fort, where the Fourteenth infantry is quartered.

A few native houses from which shots have been fired were burned, but most of the others are either vacant or marked with white flags. The enemy is obviously concentrated at Paranaque. General King's brigade, which includes the First California infantry, First Idaho infantry, First Wyoming infantry, has been compelled to destroy the village of Santa Rita near Malate, as the natives, moving from house to house, fired from the windows as the Americans advanced.

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OBJECT OF SUIING WILDMAN

Hong Kong Filipino Committee Wished to Prevent His Appointment on Special Commission.

AWAIT DECISION OF POWERS

Dr. Kramer of Samoan German Legation Brings Advice for His Government.

CHIEF JUSTICE CHAMBERS' LIFE IN PERIL

British and American Consuls Did All They Could to Prevent Recent Hostilities and Another Outbreak is Expected.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 8.—The steamer Moana arrived from Samoa today, bringing full details of the recent outbreak at Apia to the Associated Press from its correspondent at that place.

Dr. Kramer, prominently connected with the German legation in Samoa, was a passenger, and it is believed he brings important advice for his government regarding the situation in Samoa. Dr. Kramer says the situation is at a standstill and the decision of the powers is all that is being awaited.

The Associated Press correspondent writes that while Chief Justice Chambers had under advisement the claims of the rival candidates for the kingship that Mataafa favored, he was numerically stronger, were openly supported by the German officials, and the entire German population.

Three officers agreed to issue a proclamation, putting the chief justice and his residence under the protection of the powers. For some reason the German consul broke his word and declined to do so.

The British and American consuls thereupon issued a proclamation and advised their national flags over the residence of the chief justice. December 31 the chief justice decided Mataafa was ineligible for election and that Malietoa Tanua was king.

The American and British consuls immediately recognized the decision. The decision was received with ominous silence by the natives. Within an hour the consuls, the president and the German and British captains held a meeting.

The consul and president declined to recognize the decision, but the British captain was waiting at Malulu, the western port of Apia, with 3,600 men under arms, until he had surrounded the loyal troops, 1,200 in number, who occupied the central portion of the town.

The Malietoans lacked arms and ammunition. In a few hours the rebel forces had surrounded the residence of the chief justice, who was guarded by 200 loyal natives, and Captain Sturdy of H. M. S. Porpoise landed twenty-five sailors under Lieutenant Gault.

The residence was barricaded and the men stood to arms all night, when the chief justice and family were taken to the beach. Fighting was expected to commence at any moment, but the British and American consuls did all they could to prevent hostilities.

A renewal of the fighting is expected. If the two rebel parties had effected a junction these loyalists might have been slaughtered, but darkness came and the fighting ceased. During the night Malietoa people sought refuge in boats and were huddled together under the guns of the Porpoise. After the retreat from the Tiavoli to the mission it was found that King Tui had been left at the Tiavoli. Captain Sturdy and Consul Maxwell went to the hotel and brought the king safely back. It was a brave deed and, although the rescuers were fired upon repeatedly, they escaped without damage.

The British sailors under Lieutenant Gault behaved splendidly. They held their fire for a direct attack, which never came. The American consul, Mr. Osborne, and family took refuge in the British consulate, which was closely guarded by British sailors. By the flight of Malietoa men to the Porpoise the rebels were left in absolute possession of the town.

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In 1898, and quotes that section of the Berlin treaty which stated that his successor should be duly elected according to the laws and customs of Samoa.

Justice Chambers' decision that Mataafa is ineligible for the kingship is evidently due to the introduction of a copy of the Berlin treaty, together with the protocols of the final session of the Berlin conference, as in his decision he says: Reference was specially directed by counsel for the contestant, Malietoa Tanumafili II, to the document in which was found the text of the Berlin treaty...

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MERCURY CRAWLS DOWNWARD

Hides Its Diminished Head in the Bottom of the Glass Tube.

WORST DAY OF A DISAGREEABLE SEASON

All Omaha and Nebraska Shiver in the Grasp of a Disagreeable Winter.

Crash suits were not in evidence in Omaha yesterday, neither was the oldest inhabitant in the city.

Fact is, Wednesday was by all odds the coldest and most disagreeable day of the present winter, if not the coldest that ever struck the town.

Coal stoves seemed to be utterly powerless to raise the temperature of a room to anything like a comfortable degree. The electric heaters and stoves had no effect on the chilliness, while steam heating apparatus was equally ineffectual in mitigating the extremely cold interiors of buildings.

The weather man smiled in finished style while he dealt out of stuff he dealt out for local consumption:

Hour. Deg. Hour. Deg. 5 a. m. -16 11 p. m. -16 6 a. m. -17 12 p. m. -16 7 a. m. -17 1 p. m. -16 8 a. m. -16 2 p. m. -16 9 a. m. -16 3 p. m. -16 10 a. m. -16 4 p. m. -16 11 a. m. -16 5 p. m. -16

The table tells its own tale. Comment is unnecessary, further than to say that a stiff northwest gale made life out of doors well nigh unendurable.

Forecast: Welsh promises a lull today, but a Washington man says: "Fair; continued cold; north winds."

CREDIT GIVEN TO TROOPS. Otis Testifies as to Their Gallantry and Prompt Obedience of Orders.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—Secretary Alger today received the following telegram from General Otis, in reply to his message of congratulation yesterday: "I accept your congratulations; all credit due to hearty response of troops to orders of officers."

AGONILLO PRESENTS HIS VIEWS. Claims that Attack at Manila is Precipitated by Americans.

LONDON, Feb. 8.—The Filipino junta here has received a cablegram from Agonillo, the agent of Aguinaldo, dated Montreal, February 4, declaring that the Filipino rebels had the effect of securing the ratification of the peace treaty.

Agonillo says he believes the outbreak was provoked by the Americans in order to ensure the ratification of the treaty, and declares that the peace treaty is being aggressors were taken by surprise and were unprepared.

FULLERTON, Neb., Feb. 8.—(Special.)—This city has for the last three weeks undergone very severe weather. The mercury varying between 20 degrees above zero and 15 degrees below zero during all of that time.

ST. EDWARD, Neb., Feb. 8.—(Special.)—At 5 o'clock this morning the thermometer registered 24 degrees below zero, the coldest it has been known for years, the nearest being 22 degrees below in 1885.

PREMONT, Neb., Feb. 8.—(Special.)—This morning was the coldest of the year, the thermometer registering 15 degrees below zero.

ALBUQUERQUE, Neb., Feb. 8.—(Special.)—The mercury reached 12 below at 9 p. m. yesterday. This morning the temperature is reported at from 29 to 25 below.

WINDSIDE, Neb., Feb. 8.—(Special.)—This morning is experiencing the coldest weather of this winter, or of years. Thermometers registered as low as 20 degrees below zero here this morning and the wind is blowing a gale.

WINNIEBAGO, Neb., Feb. 8.—(Special.)—The most severe cold spell for years has been on here for the last ten days, culminating last night with the temperature 32 degrees below zero. Stock is suffering badly.

RECORDS BROKEN AT DES MOINES. Coldest Day Since Establishment of the Weather Bureau.

DES MOINES, Feb. 8.—(Special Telegram.)—This will be remembered as the coldest day in Iowa since the weather bureau was established. The coldest previous day recorded was January 5, 1854, when the mean temperature for the day was 16.7 degrees below zero.

ACQUITS A WIFE OF MURDER. Defense of Mrs. Anna Buerman for Shooting Her Husband is Successful.

House Committee on Elections Reaches Decision in Fillmore County Case.

ANDERSON TO BE UNSEATED FOR CONWELL. This Gives the Republicans a Gain of One Vote in the House.

TAYLOR'S SEAT WILL NOT BE DISTURBED. Free High School Bill and Miller's Cattle Stealing Bill Pass the Senate.

SENATE TAKES UP THE MEASURE AND INDIVIDUALLY POSTPONES IT—HOUSE TABLES A RESOLUTION LAUDATORY OF BRYAN.

LINCOLN, Feb. 8.—(Special Telegram.)—The house committee on privileges and elections held a meeting on Tuesday and counted the ballots from the remaining three precincts from Madison county, examined witnesses and adjourned to meet tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock.

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SETTLES A CONTEST

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PROCEEDINGS OF THE SENATE

Free High School Bill Passed by a Large Majority.

LINCOLN, Feb. 8.—(Special.)

On reports of standing committees in the senate this morning S. F. 115, 116, 117, 68, 148 and H. R. 21, 24 and 25 were read in general file for passage.

On report of the committee on education and the interior, S. F. 135 was indefinitely postponed. It being the same bill as H. R. 21, S. F. 21 was indefinitely postponed because it was imperfect in construction and referred to matter covered by other bills.

The resolution introduced by Van Dusen of Missouri, providing for a national convention to be held in the next week, was adopted unanimously without discussion.

It provides that the committee on printing shall keep an accurate account of the time that each bill is held by the contractor, to be given to the printer, and that bills are not returned within the limit fixed by law.

On report