

KELLEY, STIGER & CO., The Latest in Dress Goods and Silks that Will Be Appreciated by Jubilee Visitors.

NEW SILKS— \$1.00 \$1.15 \$1.25 New plaids, the latest pretty stripes, Bayadere stripes, and the greatest variety of Dress and Waist Silks.

75c 90c \$1.15 Rich all silk lustrous Satin Duchesse, black. 75c and \$1.15

Black imported Taffeta Silk, 27 inches, formerly \$1.35. 22 inch 90c. Black Silk Poplin dress silk \$3c. French Armure Silk \$5c. Beau de Soie \$1.00.

We announce new Bengaline or Poplin Silks, emerald, national, cardinal, creme and white, and many new attractive features in Dress and Waist Silks, for evening and street wear.

DRESS GOODS.

Not only low good, but also how cheap, is our aim, in placing the following before you.

- 40c—all wool 44-inch Softina, stylish worsteds—40c. 50c—Children's Plaid and Check Suitings—50c. 50c—Beaumont, 50 inch, French imported, high grade—\$1. 50c—English Coverts, 50 inch, for tailorsuits—military, chocolate, castor colors—\$1. \$1—Genuine English Cheviot, 50 inch, in garnet, brown and navy—\$1. \$1.25—Tailor Diagonals, stylish shades—\$1.25. \$1.50—French Venetian Cloth, castor, ruby, navy, mottle—\$2 value. \$2.00—Veritable English Poplin, the most saleable cloth of the season—all the shades for autumn and winter—\$2.50 value.

Black Dress Goods of Today's Styles

Mohair Seclillians, Brilliant and Lustrous—now in great demand—50c, 55c, 75c, 83c, \$1, \$1.25, \$1.50. Having bought an extensive lot at low prices, we make unusual offers in this line.

- 60c—Jaquard Satin Cloth—75c value. 85c—Storm Cheviot, 50 inch—\$1.00 value. \$1.00—French Crepon, the latest creations—\$1.25 value. \$1.25—Storm Cheviot, admirable tailor cloth, shirting. Broadcloth and Venetian Cloth—\$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.50 and \$3.50. The latest for Tailor Costumes—

We will display during this week high grade Black Dress Stuffs in exclusive dress patterns.

BUTTERICK PATTERNS.

Special agents for the Butterick Patterns—new patterns and publications now ready.

KELLEY, STIGER & CO., Corner Farnam and Fifteenth.

LADIES' FALL AND WINTER WRAPS.

Ladies' Jackets. Made of good Kersey cloth and beaver, in navy blue and black, good lining, box front, button sleeve, and finely tailored, \$6.00 and \$7.00.

Ladies' Jackets. In Kersey, button, round corners, strap seams, full lined, stylish garment, in green, navy, castor and black, \$12.50 and \$15.00.

Ladies' Jackets. In fine imported Chevots, Kersey and Melton cloth, handsomely tailored, new French sleeves, full lined with silk or satin, \$18.00 to \$25.00.

Ladies' Fin-Kerseys, Astrakhan Cloth and Plush Capes. Extra full, satin or silk lined, fur or braid trimmed, \$9.00 up.

Misses' Jackets. Misses' Military Jacket, with large collar and brass buttons, colors blue, green and red, size 6 to 12 years, \$5.00 to \$12.00.

Ladies' Fur Neck Scarfs and Collarettes. Best electric seal, astrakhan, marten, mink, beaver, krimmer, all latest styles.

Ladies' Dress Skirts. Novelties in fine cheviot, beautifully made and trimmed, black and colors, \$6.00 to \$12.00.

LINENS, SHEETS and SHEETING

Stacks of remnants Table Linen, all grades, all sizes, bleached and unbleached, at cleaning up prices.

Very large hemmed Huck Towels go at 15c each. Extra large size Fringed Bed Spreads, worth \$2.50, go at \$1.45 each. Napkins, bought direct from the mills in half dozen lots, and sell from 43c to \$1.43 per set.

Toilet Towel Crash, 25 yards in bolt, \$1 for entire piece or 53 yard. Two cases Hemmed Sheets, torn, not cut, marked Kelley, Stiger & Co. Special, sizes 2x24 and 2x24 1/2, at 30c an 49c each.

100 dozen 45x36 inch Pillow Cases, extra fine quality, at 12c each. 50 bolts very fine 36 inch Berkeley Cambric, worth 12c, tomorrow 9c.

FLANNELS.

"Bonnie Doon" Scotch Flannels a nd English Flannellette, suitable for ladies, dressing caps or wrappers, at 10c yd.

Scotch half wool unshrinkable Shirting Flannels, very desirable patterns, at 25c and 30c yard.

French Flannels just arrived—most exquisite line, at 70c and 75c yd. 28 inch crinkled weave Elderdown, latest designs, suitable for babies' cloaks, ladies' waists, etc., at 40c and 75c yard.

BLANKETS.

5 cases large and heavy Cotton Blankets, at 50c, 55c, 75c, 85c, 95c, \$1.35, \$1.50 pair.

One case Gray Blankets, all wool at \$3.00. One case large all wool White Blankets, at \$7.00. One case extra large and heavy all Wool Blankets in gray or white, at \$5.25 pair.

One case very large Yukon White Blankets, worth \$8.50, go at \$6.50.

COMFORTS.

Extra large Winter Comforts, made from fine silkolins, worsted tied, at \$1.35, \$1.50, \$1.65, \$2.00 each.

HOLCOMB DODGES THE ISSUE

Declines to Designate a Regiment to Be Mustered Out.

RECURS TO HIS ORIGINAL PROPOSAL

Requests that Regimental Formations Be Broken Up by the Discharge of Men from All Regiments Who Desire It.

LINCOLN, Oct. 8.—Governor Holcomb has declined the following to Washington:

To the President: Regarding muster out of Nebraska troops, First regiment at Manila is reported in poor health, sickness increasing and general desire by men to return to their homes. Several deaths reported to September 1. Third regiment at Jacksonville, Twenty-one deaths, 172 sick in hospitals, eighty-five absent on sick leave. Health of many men desirous of discharge. Many deserving men in each regiment entitled to some favorable consideration. Designation of one entire regiment would work unnecessary hardship on many in the other. Have heretofore requested muster out of volunteers in excess of this state's just proportion on a basis of 100,000, this by battalion or individual discharge, reducing the company's strength from 100 to 80, the enlisted men.

Muster out of entire regiment is in excess and at variance with my original request. In view of prevailing sickness and general desire of men in regiments to be returned home, cannot consistently designate one to exclusion of other. Must adhere to my original request, which would relieve many especially worthy in both regiments. Understand similar action has been taken with Delaware and Florida troops. Have also requested transfer of men of Second regiment, who desire to continue in service. If this regiment is mustered out, must leave the destination to your direction. Letter mailed conveying views more fully. Hope for early action.

(Signed.) SILAS A. HOLCOMB, Governor.

BAPTISTS MEET AT LINCOLN

State Convention of the Sec't is Now in Session—Other Capital City News.

LINCOLN, Oct. 8.—(Special.)—The Baptist state convention is in session in this city, with a large number of delegates in attendance. Yesterday was given over to ministerial work in its different branches. This morning the Bible school session was held and in the afternoon the convention of the Young People's union. The address tonight will be by Prof. Galusha Anderson, L.L.D., of Chicago.

An explosion occurred at the Nebraska Iron works last night, when the engineer directed a grate to a white heat into the pit under the furnace, where considerable water was standing. The engineer was burned and scalded, but not seriously so, and most of the windows in the foundry were shattered. The furnace was badly damaged.

J. A. Lancaster and wife are here, visiting the family of S. H. Burnham. Their home is in Merrimac, Mass., where Mr. Lancaster is president of the First National bank. He is also largely interested in the American Exchange National bank of this city.

The funeral of Emil Malmore, the switchman who met death in the Burlington yards Wednesday, was held yesterday afternoon and the remains taken to Swedenborg for burial.

The second trial of the suit of J. L. Hodgman against the Lincoln railway company, resulting in a verdict for the plaintiff, was held and in the afternoon the convention of the Young People's union. The address tonight will be by Prof. Galusha Anderson, L.L.D., of Chicago.

The Epworth league of the city, fourteen in number, are making arrangements for a big time at their union meeting to be held in St. Paul's church Wednesday evening, October 12. The program will be made up of chapter reports, music and five minute speeches by the various Methodist leaders of the city.

A young man about 25 years of age, but unable to give the police any information in regard to his name or home, is lying in the city jail awaiting word from friends, if he has any. He is believed to be crazy.

LAND REST.

HASTINGS, Neb., Oct. 8.—(Special.)—The remains of Mrs. Gannon, wife of Roadmaster Gannon of the Deadwood division, arrived in Hastings yesterday and were taken to St. Cecilia's church, where the funeral services were conducted by Father McDonald. The remains were interred in Parkview cemetery. The deceased was the daughter of Mrs. Langen, a former resident of Hastings, and had many friends here. Mrs. Gannon was well known in Deadwood and throughout the Black Hills, as it is said that she was the first white woman to locate in that country.

PREBYTERIAN SYNOD.

HASTINGS, Neb., Oct. 8.—(Special.)—The Presbyterian synod of Nebraska meets in Hastings October 11, 12, 13 and 14. It promises to be a great occasion, as many matters of considerable interest to the Presbyterian church in this state will be discussed. Among those presented will be the reports from Bellevue and Hastings colleges. This has, in the past, proven an occasion of lively discussion by the partisans of the institutions. Some of the ablest speakers in the country will be present and deliver addresses at the evening sessions.

LIQUOR CASE IN COURT.

FALLS CITY, Neb., Oct. 8.—(Special.)—Thursday afternoon in court, L. L. Matthews, colored, was bound over for his appearance at the district court on the charge of selling liquor without a license and upon default of bail was committed to the county jail. Her attorney immediately filed a petition for a writ of habeas corpus in the county court, which writ was allowed, and upon hearing thereof she was dismissed upon the ground that she was unlawfully deprived of her liberty.

REPUBLICAN RALLIES AT YORK.

YORK, Neb., Oct. 8.—(Special.)—Two big republican meetings were held here today. This afternoon E. H. Hinshaw, candidate for congress in this district, and Charles H. Fowler, senatorial candidate, spoke at the court house. State candidate T. L. Matthews and N. D. Jackson spoke tonight. Both meetings were enthusiastic. In his speech this afternoon Mr. Hinshaw aroused great applause by his vigorous declaration in favor of territorial and commercial expansion.

POYNTER SPEAKS AT HARVARD.

HARVARD, Neb., Oct. 8.—(Special.)—Last evening a fair sized audience convened at Rice's hall to listen to Hon. W. A. Poynter, future nominee for governor, Attorney General Smyth and Land Commissioner Wolf, who had come to Harvard to give an account of their stewardship as public officers and again ask the votes of the people for re-election.

HEAVY RAILROAD BUSINESS.

BEAVER CITY, Neb., Oct. 8.—(Special.)—The St. Francis branch of the Burlington is doing a big business, perhaps the largest in its history. The trains eastbound are so heavy that they frequently break in two. The schedule time, twelve miles per hour, is hard to make and connections are often missed at Oxford, delaying the mails twelve hours.

THIRD REGIMENT SICK REPORT.

LINCOLN, Oct. 8.—(Special.)—The sick report from the Third regiment today shows 154 sick men in the hospital, twenty-nine in the quarters, and gives news of the death of Private John Reynolds of Company G.

TEAM STOLEN.

DAKOTA CITY, Neb., Oct. 8.—(Special.)—Henry Bartels, Jr., a young farmer living near Hubbard, was invited upon returning from Sioux City tied his team in front of

ONE STRONG POINT

Intelligent and Effective Medical Care May Be Had By Patients Living Hundreds of Miles From Omaha—The Shepard Specialists, Through Their Great System of Correspondence, Cure People at their Homes.

One strong point in favor of the Shepard Treatment for Chronic Diseases lies in the fact that men, women and children hundreds of miles from Omaha may have their ailments cured at their homes. The treatment is intelligent and effective, too. As a rule family doctors are busy with acute cases of disease, but little of their practice is in the field of chronic ailments. Such cases naturally go to the specialist for competent and up-to-date treatment. To illustrate: Below is given the case of Mrs. Minnie Thomas of Bloomington, Kansas. She lives hundreds of miles distant from Omaha in a remote part of the country. She is a farmer's wife, who had overworked, as is nearly always the case with women on the farm. After she had tried patent medicines and the home doctors she followed the advice of neighbors who had been cured by Dr. Shepard and applied for his treatment also.

STOMACH DISEASE.

The Effect of Catarrh, Poisoned Upon the Stomach as Given by a Well-Known Omaha Man. Mr. George Klinger is the credit man for McLeod, Libby & Co., the wholesale grocers. Speaking of his illness and cure he says: "Catarrh of the stomach nearly ruined my disposition for several years. Almost invariably after eating I would have a dull, heavy pain in the stomach and a feeling as though filled up with lead or putty. The food would be on the stomach without digesting and I would have a general feeling of nausea. A number of physicians tried to help me, but none of them seemed to succeed until I began with Dr. Shepard, and he cured me."

STAND ON THE FARM.

On September 9th Mrs. Minnie Thomas, Bloomington, Kansas, wrote to Dr. Shepard as follows: "For a number of years I suffered from a catarrh disease in my head, ears and throat. After public speaking or singing for a few minutes I would become hoarse with a feeling of fullness and irritation in the throat and nasal passages. My nostrils became stopped up, giving a nasal tone to my voice and causing continual headaches. I had not breathed through the left nostril for two years. Marked deafness came on with other symptoms until my hearing became very dull. This was the worst affliction of all. My whole system had been thoroughly restored to good health by the use of the Shepard Home Treatment and the local catarrhal symptoms have for ever passed. The throat and nasal symptoms have disappeared and my hearing is excellent."

POLICEMAN HEITFIELD.

Henry Heitfeld, jailer at the Central Station, testifies to the skill of Dr. Shepard in curing chronic catarrh disease of the whole system. He says: "For six years past I have been afflicted with catarrh. In my occupation it is impossible to avoid colds and exposure, so, in spite of my best efforts, I never got more than a cold. Beside the throat and head inflammations, my digestion and other functions were so deranged that my case needed both local and general treatment. A short course with Dr. Shepard has restored me to good health, and the whole trouble has yielded in a very gratifying manner."

IF YOU TAKE TREATMENT

\$5.00 Per month, including all medicines, is the total and only cost.

Shepard Medical Institute,

C. S. SHEPARD, M. D. Consulting and Associate. Rooms 312 & 213 NEW YORK LIFE BUILDING, OMAHA, NEB. Office hours—9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Evenings—Wednesdays and Saturdays only, 7 to 8. Sundays, 10 to 12.

Transmississippi Exposition on Nebraska

ELKOT CITY, Neb., Oct. 8.—(Special.)—Miss Ellen Edwards and Miss Edith Payne of this city will act as her accompanist. DAKOTA CITY, Neb., Oct. 8.—(Special.)—Elka Edwards and Fred Edwards, brothers, and John Gibson, a cousin of the Edwards, were last night lodged in jail here by Sheriff Barowsky, charged with entering Marien's pasture above Jackson and killing a steer, the property of Dan O'Hanlon of this place, the meat of which they took across the river and disposed of.

Creemery Turned.

ST. PAUL, Neb., Oct. 8.—(Special.)—At 2:30 this morning fire was discovered in the large two story creamery and cold storage building belonging to Robert Teitzel, which was burned down with its contents. The loss was about \$2,000 with \$2,100 insurance.

Children See the Fair.

OAKLAND, Neb., Oct. 8.—(Special.)—About 200 school children were up and astir early this morning to take the train for Omaha to spend the day at the exposition. Every ten children were in charge of one grown person and all the children had on Oakland badges.

Hog Thieves In Tow.

GENEVA, Neb., Oct. 8.—(Special.)—Constable Beals brought two persons, Needer and Shanky, accused of hog stealing from the farm owned by County Treasurer Jacob Davis, in Monument. The sheriff took charge of them last night and placed them in jail.

Matthews at City Center.

CLAY CENTER, Neb., Oct. 8.—(Special.)—Hon. T. L. Matthews, candidate for auditor, spoke here at a republican meeting last night to an eager and attentive audience. Mr. Matthews has made many friends here and will be welcomed in this county again.

District Court at Decola.

OSCEOLA, Neb., Oct. 8.—(Special.)—Judge S. H. Sedgewick will be here next Monday, October 10, to hold the fall term of the district court, which is expected to be quite short for the reason that there is but thirty-three cases on the docket.

Three Notes Given by me dated September 20, 1898, for \$75, \$100 and \$125, respectively, will not be honored, as they were obtained fraudulently by delinquent men, Henry Schleuter, Murdock, Neb.

TODAY'S WEATHER FORECAST

Fair Skies and Southeast Winds Promised for Nebraska and Dakota for Sunday. WASHINGTON, Oct. 8.—Forecast for Sunday: For Nebraska and South Dakota—Fair; southeast winds; 50 to 60. For Missouri and Kansas—Partly cloudy weather; east winds. For Iowa—Fair; variable winds.

Local Record.

OFFICE OF THE WEATHER BUREAU, OMAHA, Neb., Oct. 8.—Record of temperature and rainfall compared with the corresponding day of the last three years: 1897 1898 1899. Maximum temperature... 70 72 61. Minimum temperature... 51 48 46. Average temperature... 59 58 54. Rainfall... .00 .00 .00.

Normal for this day and since March 1, 1891.

Normal for this day... 54. Excess for this day... 2. Accumulated excess since March 1... 23. Normal rainfall for the day... .09 inch. Deficiency for the day... .09 inch. Total rainfall since March 1... 22.72 inches. Deficiency since March 1... 8.87 inches. Excess for year, 1898... 3.73 inches. L. A. WELSH, Local Forecast Official.

REWICK RUNS THE HOSPITAL

Some of the Reforms He Has Put Into Effect at Lincoln.

SAVING IS EASY ACCORDING TO HIS PLAN

Refuses to Admit Patients and Handles the Amusement Fund to Provide Flowers for the State Officials and Their Friends.

LINCOLN, Oct. 8.—(Special.)—An investigation has been made into the manner of conducting the Hospital for the Insane at Lincoln by a man thoroughly acquainted with the institution and an array of facts and figures has been produced which show that the "reform" talk of the fusion combines is all a hollow pretense so far as this institution is concerned, with the further indication that the same applies as well to all the other state institutions. These facts have all been authenticated by an examination of the records and by direct testimony of individuals now in the employ of the Lincoln asylum.

It seems that the asylum has been turned into a machine to further the material welfare of a job lot of politicians and that the state officials have made some little private "savings" in their connection with the institution. In bringing about this style of reform the fact seems to have been lost sight of that the asylum was built for the comfort and treatment of the unfortunate men, women and children who are its inmates, the money appropriated for the maintenance of the institution and the control and treatment of the inmates being regarded as legitimate plunders for the reform crowd. In uncovering this state of affairs the insincerity of purpose on part of the reformers is laid bare before the public.

Rewick to the Front.

The chief manipulator at the asylum seems to be E. C. Rewick. This is the man who a few years ago demanded some substantial recognition from the republican party, either in a political or financial way, and being disappointed made it his special business to investigate the affairs of the Lincoln asylum, which resulted in an exposure. When the populists got in the saddle Rewick demanded as his reward that he be placed in charge of the business end of the asylum, and he has used the position to aid him in manipulating the affairs of the institution to the profit of himself and other politicians, making at the same time such a shrewd showing that the office-hunters have been able to point to the management of

the asylum as if some real reforms had been wrought.

It was evident for several years that the institution of the state were crowded, and the last legislature made appropriations for substantial additions to the buildings at Norfolk, Hastings and Lincoln, in order that a larger number of inmates might be accommodated. But during the last two years, when many insane persons were needing care and treatment and were being held in the counties waiting for transfer the Lincoln hospital has refused to receive them, giving as the reason that there was lack of room. The records, however, disclose the fact that this was not the real reason.

In April, 1898, from the 1897 appropriations, the capacity of the hospital was increased by the completion of an infirmary and other additions at a cost of several thousand dollars. The total cost of new additions and furnishings was \$10,000, and in April twenty-two beds were added, but instead of yielding to the demands of counties desiring patients to be cared for the institution actually reduced the number of inmates so that during last May the number was down to 357, as compared with the 417 who were accommodated ten years ago.

Figures on Inmates.

To show how little reason there is in this talk of lack of room it is only necessary to quote from the public records which show the number in the institution under Dr. Knapp in 1887-8, as compared with the reports of the present management:

Table with columns for years (1887, 1888, 1889) and rows for January, February, March, April, May, June, July, August, September, October, November, December.

For the latter part of the year 1887 the reports show the following number of inmates for each month: July, 389; August, 390; October, 393; November, 399; December, 396. This shows that in the course of ten years the number of inmates have been materially reduced, while at the same time the capacity of the buildings has been largely increased. That lack of room was not the real reason for this reduction is proven by the action of the management in receiving patients who had well-to-do relatives, including a number who furnished the cash to pay for their treatment, who were refused admission. In many cases reasonable demands have been made on the authorities of the counties as to the amount of clothing and other outfit that must come with each patient before admission. In these various ways the institution has been able to "save" money by compelling counties to furnish clothing, by utilizing attendants provided by private parties, by cutting down the number of inmates and finally by feeding the state of affairs in an unbecomingly large manner. That lack of room was not the real reason for this reduction is proven by the action of the management in receiving patients who had well-to-do relatives, including a number who furnished the cash to pay for their treatment, who were refused admission.

Flowers for State Officers.

In the manipulation of the funds the appropriation for \$200 for "amusements" receives the special attention of Rewick and as it turns out he is about the only person who is "amused." The fund has always been appropriated with the idea that it would furnish entertainment for the patients, but Rewick has diverted it into a channel where it will serve to entertain himself and the reform state officials.

The legislature appropriates money to maintain a hothouse on a considerable scale to provide fresh flowers for the patients. Under the present management no flowers are furnished in any of the wards, and a rule has been made forbidding any patient to enter the flower house. In addition to this, the amusement fund has been used to maintain this hothouse, and the flowers which should go to the patients are in reality turned over to the officials of the institution and the "reformers" at the state house. Indisputable evidence has been secured to show that the state officials from the governor down receive from the asylum a large amount of cut flowers, which if bought on the market would cost hundreds of dollars annually. Secretary Porter, who some time ago appropriated the hay grown on the capitol grounds to his own use, seems to have regarded the product of the "amusement fund" as one of his

particular perquisites of office. Twice each week the team of the reform secretary has been driven to the asylum, to bring back flowers and fresh vegetables for the family use, and if round-cornered cards were issued to show the amount saved to the household expense account of the Merrick county statesman, there would be figures regarding the hay, flowers and vegetables grown at the public expense that would furnish something besides amusement to the reform crowd.

Rewick's method in handling the amusement fund is to draw vouchers against it, have receipts signed by inmates of the institution, and uses part of the money in buying supplies for the hothouse. The signatures of the inmates are verified by a young son of Rewick's, and often it is only a mark that is made by the inmate who is unable to write his name. This signing of receipts is the only part the inmate have in the "amusement," and the vouchers are now on file in the state auditor's office as the best possible proof of a most peculiar method of doing business. The following vouchers have been drawn against the fund by Rewick, the receipts being by insane persons at the hospital:

Table with columns for dates (October 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31) and amounts.

Among the vouchers drawn against this same fund are the following:

- No. 12313, S. V. Stewart, tuberoses, bulbs and plants, \$22.00. No. 14728, Chapin Brothers, American Beauty roses and plants, \$16.90. No. 15784, E. B. Stewart, primrose seeds, 2.00. No. 16267, Lincoln Pottery company, 409 pots, \$2.90. No. 16268, E. B. Stewart, variety of cuttings, 3.75. No. 17000, S. V. Stewart, variety of flowers and plants, \$14.49.

It is in the receipting of such vouchers as these that inmates are furnished amusement by the fund and it is on the product of this kind that the tables of state employees are decorated or the private culinary departments replenished.

Home Stewards Multiply.

The hospital was provided with a chapel or amusement hall, the expense for building it being nearly \$4,000, yet during the last two years no attempt has been made to hold religious services in the hall, and the times when it has been opened for amusements or entertainments have been few and far between. Parties and elaborate luncheons have been given to city friends and political dignitaries, but none to the inmates, except the regular meals, where the Kansas City oleomargarine is the crowning article of diet. From the best of sources it is learned that no delicacies are furnished to the sick, that medical attention is often lacking and that some of the patients hire attendants of physicians and nurses from outside sources at their own expense. The assistant physician of the institution, who draws \$1,500 a year, does so little in the way of medicine that he is able to devote six hours a day to his duties as treasurer of Governor Holcomb's insurance company and the recent political decision made by the attorney general that a state employe "who gives all his time to the state" receives no attention from the asylum reformers. All the loudly promised reforms have been forgotten and the present management is thoroughly endorsed by the state officials, who draw house rent from the public funds, pay extra money to their deputies, open election returns in the middle of the night, and who declare that the county treasurers are thieves and "the delinquent tax list is worthless."

Republicans Rally at Edgar.

EDGAR, Neb., Oct. 8.—(Special.)—Judge N. D. Jackson, the republican nominee for attorney general and Hon. W. E. Andrews, spoke here last evening to a good house, notwithstanding the threatening and inclement appearance of the weather. Judge Jackson's address upon matters pertaining to the political affairs of the state and especially

the false claims of the populists of economy in running the various state institutions. He showed conclusively, by figures from the records, that it had actually cost more per capita to run the state institutions under the present administration than it did under the republican administration of Governor Crouse. Mr. Andrews dwelt on national affairs. He showed how fully and completely the republicans had fulfilled all their promises to the people and that the nation, under republican rule, was again the foremost nation of the world. He dwelt with caustic effect on the inability, incompetency and uselessness of the Hon. R. D. Sutherland, representative from the Fifth district, and closes by an eloquent appeal to the voters to uphold and sustain the president in his noble and glorious work by electing the entire republican ticket in Nebraska.

Lively Populist Convention.

CENTRAL CITY, Neb., Oct. 8.—(Special Telegram.)—The populist convention here today was a lively affair. There were two acts of delegates from Silver Creek, one called the Wooster delegation and composed of silver populists, the other of rock-ribbed populists. After an hour had been spent in showing how the rock-ribbed had been defeated in caucus by silver populists, denunciations, prohibitions and other parties too numerous to mention, a general caucus had been held presided over by the same chairman and another set of delegates elected. The convention by a vote of 21 to 10 decided the Wooster delegation was entitled to the seats. The populist delegation, after their retired executives had conferred with the polls. In the meantime the democratic convention, which was held in an adjoining room, had nominated Charles Wooster for representative and J. W. Sparks for county attorney. One ballot on each was all that was necessary to make them the nominees of the populist convention. If the republicans make a judicious selection at their convention Monday Mr. Wooster will remain at home this winter. After the convention Judge Robinson, fusion nominee, addressed a small audience at the court house. There seems to be little enthusiasm.

Burkett Speaks at Nehawka.

NEHAWKA, Neb., Oct. 8.—(Special.)—Hon. E. J. Burkett, candidate for congress, opened the republican campaign in Cass county at this place last night. He is a natural born orator and his strong presentation of facts, figures and fun, kept the big audience interested to the end. There are many who are here, who are confident that the populists are the sickest set of fellows that ever heard the wind howl through the willows of the Weeping Water bottoms.

Reception to Soldiers.

WEST POINT, Neb., Oct. 8.—(Special.)—A reception gotten up by the women of the city was given this week to the returned soldiers of Cuming county. The local posts of the Grand Army of the Republic and Sons of Veterans were special guests at the reception. The soldier guests present, registered by fifteen veterans, who for over an hour listened to him