## MAKING NEW FIGURES

Exposition Attendance Has Turned Into the Seven-Figure Column.

FINANCIAL SUCCESS NO LONGER IN DOUBT

Outlook for the Future.

CHILLICOTHE AND COLINING

Missouri Sends Excursionis Society History

PEACE JUBILEE PLANS PROGRESSING

President Wattles Works Steadily on the Details for the Great Observance and Gets Much Material Encouragement.

No formal celebration or spectacular fea-Important day in the exposition calendar. tendance ceased to be reckoned in thousands and the million figure was written exposition officials and outside interests. on the books for the first time. Over 1,000,000 people have now passed stiles recorded an aggregate at- adopted without oppositio'..

terp ise. This is considered a remarkable his department. He referred particularly showing for the opening months, in view of to the provision that no checks should be the war and the difficulty of inducing people cashed at the secretary's office, saying that from a distance to attend an exposition dur- many people had to be paid late Saturday ing the summer months. It encourages the | night and as they are frequently strangers, confident belief that during the sixty-six unknown at the banks, it is advisable to pay days that remain the total will easily reach | them at the grounds and turn in the vouchthe 3,000,000 figure, which was suggested in ers. the beginning as the maximum expectation of the promoters of the enterprise. The era of increased attendance has already arrived and there is no longer a doubt that cess in the history of expositions.

## Peace Jubilee Preparations.

While nearly every remaining day of the show will be made notable by from one to half a dozen special features, the great peace jubilee celebration is regarded as the premier event of the exposition. The special committee will start for Washington in a few days to confer with President Mc-Kinley, and in the meantime President Wattles is personally pushing the local preparations. At a conference with the board of governors of the Knights of Ak-Sar-Ben he induced them to agree to furnish the feature for at least one of the evenings of jubilee week. The knights will put their best parade on in the main court, and it is possible that they will also occupy an additional evening. These parades will include the best features of their street demonstrations during carnival week, and they will be made even more elaborate for the latter occasion.

The entire country seems to have discovered that the celebration is going to be the biggest event that has ever occurred in the west. President Wattles is receiving numerous communications from all parts of the United States which contain the most enthusiastic assurances of interest and cooperation. Among these is a vigorous letter from Tom Richardson, secretary of the Houston Business league, who urges the importance of impressing the business men of the transmississippi cities with the importance of giving loyal support to the

Omaha celebration. There was a slight falling off in the attendance yesterday, as many of the out-oftown people who had come early in the week had left for home, and there were no extensive excursions to supply their places. The only large party in evidence came from Chillicothe, Mo., which sent up a crowd of about 500 people over the Port Arthur route. The special children's excursion from Columbus was postponed one week on ac count of lack of opportunity to secure sufficient local co-operation, but nevertheless the regular Union Pacific trains brought in several hundred children who evidently proposed to have their holiday any way. As they were entirely unexpected, no arrangements had been made for admitting them for 15 cents, and most of them paid the

regular juvenile rate of 25 cents. The movement in favor of 25-cent admissions was given additional impetus at the adjourned meeting of the board of directors yesterday when a resolution providing for a 25-cent admission on Sundays and Monday night in addition to Thursday was

New York's Hospitable Building. On several occasions during the last two months the young people of the city have given private dancing parties at the New York building on the Bluff tract. They have been very enjoyable functions and have been voted just the thing after the evening fireworks. The dances commence at about 9 o'clock and continue until midnight. The last one was given Thursday night. The

people, the New York commission kindly

loaning the use of the building. The New York building on the exposition grounds is in a conspicuous location, just east of the Horticulture building. It is modest and unprecentious, but architecturally attractive and especially suited for the lovely surroundings of green lawns, gorgeous flower beds on one side and with the river, the State and other exposition buildings on the other. Its colonial character, broad piazzas, lofty cellings, light and airy decorations of blue and white and other harmonious colors present an appearance of comfort and welcome that invites the educated eye and weary soul and body, giving a sense of comfort and restfulness not often found in public places or elsewhere. A well known Omaha woman in speaking of the New York building said: "It is so delightfully dainty and restful, with an air of comfort, it exhibits great

taste in its harmonious arrangement of colors, selection of furniture and decoration. Everything about it is so modest, but so very tasteful, stylish and appropriate."

sions for the 25-Cent Rate. The board of directors succeeded in getting a quorum yesterday and in completing the order of business before adjournment. As this is the first occasion since the exposition opened on which it has accom-Management Greatly Encouraged by the plished this feat the minutes will be recorded in red ink. The principal results of the meeting consist in an effectual suppression of the disposition manifested by HERE the special investigating common of the departthe special investigating committee to look

ment managers and a partial victory for mocates of a 25-cent admission on e will be in force on Sundays iday and Thursday evenings.

The question of limiting or unlimiting the powers of the investigating committee was left in abeyance, when the previous meet-ing adjourned. When the board convened yesterday President Wattles announced that Casper E. Yost's motion that the committee be given the broadest possible scope was before the house. Chairman Klipatrick of the special committee then read three resolutions which he had prepared and suggested that the board adopt the one that Total admissions yesterday. 14,428 suited its purpose. One of the resolutions charges of fraud or corruption and errors ture was necessary to make yesterday an in the books and the third provided that it might investigate matters in which the It was the occasion on which the total at- exposition alone is concerned, but prohibited any meddling with matters at issue between

Herman Kountze had also prepared a resclution which was very similar to the last through the gates of the Transmississippi one read by Mr. Kilpatrick. It gave the Some one of the visitors on committee power to audit books and acthe grounds yesterday has the distinction of counts and to investigate written charges adding the last unit to the enormous total. of dishonesty or corruption on the part of While it is manifestly impossible to locate any official or employe, but it was not to the individual the mark must have been concern itself with matters of equity in reached some time between 11 and 12 o'clock | which no dishonesty or misappropriation yesterday forenoon. When the gates was involved. This was offered as a subclosed the preceding night the turn- stitute for Mr. Yost's motion and was

tendance of 989,638. This left only 10,362 At the request of Marager Lindsey the necessary to reach the grand total of a action taken at the provious meeting, diround million. This balance was made up, recting certain changes in the office syswith enough left to afford a substantial be- tem, was suspended and Accountant Streeter, ginning for the millions that are to follow. Chairman Kilpatrick of the auditing com-The fact that the million mark has been mittee and Secretary Wakefield were direached was regarded with unbounded sat- rected to recommend an improved system at isfaction by the exposition officials. It in- the next meeting. Mr. Lindsey objected to dicates an average attendance of over 11,500 | the previous action on the ground that it during the first eighty-seven days of the en- had a tendency to cripple the operation of

> The protest of Central Labor Union against the employment of the Cosmopolitan band was placed on file.

Thomas Kilpatrick brought up the quesduring the last two months of the show it tion of 25-cent admissions and moved that will exceed all expectations. General Man- that rate be put in force every Monday ager Clarkson says he is confident that the night in addition to Thursday night, which last day of the show will record more than had previously been provided for. This re-2,000,000 paid admissions, and if this figure newed the discussion that has occupied the is even approximated the Transmississispi bulk of the last three meetings and the Exposition will be the most brilliant suc- question was complicated by a half dozen amendments and substitutes in the course of the debate. When it was finally untangled the motion contemplated a 25-cent Sunday rate also and it was adopted in that

form by 17 to 14. Pass Inspector Mitchell reported that he had checked up the concessionaires' passes carefully and had found that some have passes who are not entitled to them. Each case has been reported to the department of admissions and the passes canceled. He also found that the wagon passes are being largely abused and the result of his investigation in that line has been to increase the receipts from that source from \$6 to \$10.50 a day. He promised a detailed report in a short time.

Clement Chase was represented by another demand for an additional season pass, which was voted. The secretary was directed to produce a list of all season passes issued to date at the next meeting.

## RIVALRY IN FRUIT INCREASES.

Idaho Hopes to Cut Some Figure in the Final Award of Judgment. Yesterday Commissioner Driscoll of Idaho commenced installing the fruit exhibit from that state, and in the course of the next two or three days will be able to make as fine a showing of horticultural products as can be found in the building He has 500 feet of tables and shelf space to fill, and expects fruit along at the rate of 1,000 pounds per week until the close of the exposition. The first shipment came early yesterday, and consisted of Beiteighteimer apples, as large as quart cups, Bradshaw dums, Elberta peaches and watermelons. Commissioner Driscoll says that this year the Idaho fruit crop is unusually fine and abundant, and he has no hesitancy in venturing the opinion that when the time for making awards rolls around, he will be well in the lead.

Superintendent Walker, in charge of the Douglas county fruit exhibit, is proud of a lot of plums that have just been placed on exhibit. They were propagated by Theodore Williams, a farmer residing near Omaha, and have been named the Omaha Exposition plum on account of this being the first time that they have ever been seen by the public. Last year Mr. Williams raised a few. This year his supply is limited, as the trees have hardly commenced to bear. The Omaha plum is a bright blue, very dark and as round as a ball. This plum is very meaty and when ripe is soft, but firm. Bob Douglas, a farmer residing near Elkhorn, has sent in some Hungarian plums that are richly colored and are as large as the plums that come from California, and which occasion so much favorable comment on account of

their enormous size. Superintendent Stanton, in charge of the Illinois fruit, is in high feather over the fact that he has just received word from Senator Dunlap, who has informed him that the Illinois commission has appropriated an additional \$700 to be used in keeping up and in enlarging the Illinois exhibit. This leaves Superintendent Stanton with about dances are given exclusively to the young \$1,700 to run the exhibit during the two emaining months of the exposition. this money and the interest that is being taken by the Illinois horticulturists, he says that he can keep up an exhibit that be second to none in the building. Some time within the next two weeks he will return home and will remain several lays visiting the orchards and deciding

just what he wants sent on for exhibition Pottawattamie's Product. Superintendent Graham, who is in charge of the Wigwam on the Bluff tract, has succeeded in working up a deep interest among the farmers and fruit raisers of Pottawattamie county and the products of the farms and orchards are pouring in upon him at a lively rate. He is receiving an abundance of grapes, apples and plums, while he is almost swamped with corn, wheat, oats, rye

(Continued on Fifth Page.)

HALF RATES SUNDAY AND MONDAY. President's Official Advisers Agree on the Peace Commission. Directors Decide on Two More Occa-

DAY, DAVIS, FRYE, REID, JUSTICE WHITE

Possibility that the Last Named May Not Accept Position, as His Duties May Keep Him on the Bench.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.-The cabinet was in session two hours today and devoted a large share of the time to matters which will come before the peace commis-

At the adjournment of the meeting Secretary Day announced that four members of the commission had been selected-Secretary Day, Senators Davis and Frye and Whitelaw Reid. As to the fifth member no definite announcement could be made, Justice White's acceptance not having at that time been received. Secretary Day arranged to leave for Can-

ton tonight or tomorrow, in order to make his personal preparations for the trip to Paris. He will be accompanied abroad by Mrs. Day, who has entirely recovered from limited its investigations to specific ready shipped to Canton a number of his personal effects, in anticipation of his early retirement from the head of the State department.

The following attaches of the peace commission have been selected and will be appointed by the president:

John B. Moore of New York, now asistant secretary of state, to be secretary of the commission, and J. R. MacArthur of New York, to be assistant secretary, Mr. MacArthur was formerly first secretary of the United States legation at Madrid and is now on special duty at the State department. He has had considerable experience in work of a diplomatic nature. These appointments were decided on by the president this afternoon.

Assistant Secretary Moore tonight admitted his selection as secretary of the commission. He said he had not decided when he would resign his position as assistant secretary of state, but that it would probably be within a fortnight. He had a long conference with the president this afternoon, and some plans of the commission were discussed. Secretary Day also had a interview with the president.

Porto Rican Tariffs.

Another matter before the cabinet was the Cuban and Porto Rican tariffs. It was intended that the rates promulgated some days ago should be subject to change if inconsistencies were found or if any injustice had been done the people of the islands or if any particular trade or industry had been discriminated against. The particular question discussed today was that of butter, butterine and oleomargarine. Under the Spanish law butter paid a tax of 6 cents pound and butterine and oleomargarine were prohibited. It was decided to fix a uniform rate for all of 3 cents a pound Porto Rico and 1.8 cents in Cuba. Butterine and oleomargarine, however, will be required to be stamped as

such. During the meeting a telegram was received from General Alger at Montauk Point, in which he said in effect that the situation there was reasonably satisfactory. The general will return to Washington to

## THREE TRANSPORTS ARRIVE

Several Hundred Soldiers in Bad Condition Are Landed at Mon-

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26 .- The transports Yucatan, Hudson and Catalina arrived at Montauk Point today with several hundred men from Santiago. The arrival of the ships was reported to the War department tonight by General Wheeler, in command of Camp Wikoff. During the voyage four deaths occurred on the Yucatan, one on the Hudson and nine on the Catalina. General Wheeler's dispatch announcing the arrival of the transports is as follows:

CAMP WIKOFF, MONTAUK POINT, -Hon. iR. A. Alger, Secretary of War, Washington: Yucatan arrived with six companies Seventh infantry, 487 men. 110 sick, four deaths, no contagion. Hudson arrived with 514 troops, consisting of Second and Third battalions District of Coninety-five sick, no contagion; Me-Donald, Second battalion, died on voyage. Catalina 401 men, various commands, arrived; following died on voyage: Ralph Lahlan, private Company G. First Illinois; Joseph McGiry, corporal Twenty-first infantry; Charles Wheaton private Company L. Thirty-third Michigan R. A. Jones, private Company L. Thirty-third Michigan; Fred P. Huston, Company B, First Illinois; Guy Tnorn, private Company H. First Illinois; John R. Guy, blacksmith, Troop G, Ninth cavalry; C. B. Cru-baugh, private Company A, Eighth Ohio volunteers; Major George McCreery, sur-geon. WHEELER, Commanding.

#### CONDITION OF THE OLIVETTE Its Physician, Dr. Reig, Says it Was Overloaded-Neither Proper Food Nor Medicine.

TOLEDO, O., Aug. 26.-The Commercial will print the following tomorrow. Phil Reig, surgeon in charge of the Olivette,

on its last trip, said tonight: "The Olivette was certainly in terrible condition. It had more patients than it should have had. I was the only surgeon working and had no medicines for fever patients. All I could do was to let them die. As far as provisions were concerned, they were plentiful, but not of the proper kind. Whehn we reached Boston many had died of exhaustion. I don't know who was to blame for loading the transport in such a manner.'

Dr. Reig, whose home is in Toledo, is chief surgeon of the marine hospital at Boston He was on the Olivette twenty-two days.

From Captain Joe Wheeler. WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.-The president has received the following from General

Joe Wheeler: CAMP WIKOFF, MONTAUK POINT, L., Aug. 26.—President of the United States was very glad to learn that yo visit Montauk Point very soon. The visit of the secretary of war has accomplishe more than I can express. He has promptly corrected evils, made valuable suggestions and given directions regarding administra-In addition, his personal visit to 1.50 sick soldiers in the hospitals cheered them up and it is difficult to adequately convey to you the change for the better by the secretary's arrival. The announcement tha you will visit the soldiers has already added to their improvement and your presence here for even a single day will accomplish a great extent of good, which you can crealize after your visit. WHEELER,

Interpreter for Cuban Commission WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—Captain Juan S Hart, First regiment, United States volun-

interpreter to the American military commissioners in Cuba and has been ordered from Galveston to Washington

#### SCHLEY IS IN WASHINGTON Great Throngs Assemble to Cheer the Rear Admiral, Who is Cordially Received at White House.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.-Rear Admiral Winfield S. Schley reached Washington at 4:10 o'clock this afternoon over the Pennsylvania railroad. He was quickly noticed at most of the stations along the line and throughout the trip he was greeted with cheering crowds. When the train pulled into the depot here he found a compact mass of spectators, which filled the depot and overflowed out into the train shed. The admiral and Mrs. Schley, when they appeared, were greeted with cheers and shouts of "Hurrah for Schley." Everybody joined stake

a handshake. At the gates the crowds increased and amid deafening cheers the admiral and his wife, the former with his hat off, passed through two solid lines of people. A lieutenant and squad of police with difficulty cleared a passageway to the carriage which was in waiting. Through a mass of vehicles that had been drawn up by curious drivers, the hansom pulled into Pennsylvania avenue and proceeded directly to the Shoreham hotel. There were groups of cheerers all the way and a cavalcade of cyclists formed a voluntary escort. The admiral stayed only a few minutes at the the Department of Justice. hotel and then drove over to the Navy department where without any preliminaries Allen. The latter accompanied him over to the White House, reaching there at 4:50. The president gave him a most cordial reception.

The president thanked him in behalf of himself and the nation for his brilliant services in the memorable engagement of July 3 and asked him to describe the battle, which the admiral did at length. The president took occasion to say that it was that battle which brought about the surrender of Santiago.

The president then entered into a discussion of the work of the Porto Rican general instructions which will guide the body in arranging for the evacuation of ing most of the conference, which occupied Moore was present.

On leaving the president Admiral Schley improved greatly. He will have another conference with Acting Secretary of the Navy Allen tomorrow morning and probably early in the afternoon will leave for New York. From there he will go back to Westport, Conn. He will spend a few days there before returning here preliminary to taking up his duties with the commission.

#### FIRST CORPS NEARLY GONE Second and Fifth Missouri Regiments Move to Lexington, Ky., Today

to Be Mustered Out.

CHICKAMAUGA. C. Aug. 26.-By Sunday night or Monday morning the entire First army corps will have gone from Camp Thomas. The regiments that left today Ninth Pennsylvania, First New Hampshire, Fort Lexington, and the First West Virginia for Knoxville. The Pennsylvania regiment left early this morning and the New Hampshire and West Virginia regiments late this evening. The New Hampshire regiment boarded trains at Ringgold and went via Nashville and Lebanon June tion, this being he Louisville & Nashville route, and 150 miles farther than the most direct route. Colonel Solfe, commanding the First New Hampshire, received notice today that his regiment is to be included in

the list of those to be mustered out. The details of mustering out the regiment will be arranged at the Lexington camp, after which it will proceed to New Hampshire and be formally mustered out. The Second and Fifth Missouri regiments, the former commanded by Colonel Caffee and the latter by Colonel Moore, leave for Lexington Saturday morning. The Sixth Ohio will leave for Knoxville in the after

Brigadier General Frank returned today from Huntsville, where he went under or ders from General Breckinridge to inspect the proposed camp site for the Third army corps. General Frank expressed himself as favor the massing of troops from two or three corps there. This means that General inexperienced soldiers in one camp.

The Eighth New York regiment started board. Governor Hastings of Pennsylvania will muster out at South Farmingham. will arrive at the camp early tomorrow morning with a hospital train, in which be regulars will also be allowed to go home will carry 100 sick Pennsylvania soldiers to on furloughs so that within a few days many their homes.

#### GOVERNMENT LINE TO WEST INDIES. First of the Steamers to Sail at Noon Monday.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.-The first of the steamers of the newly established government line between New York and Cuba and Porto Rico to start from the United States will be the Seneca, which will sail from New York next Monday. It is proposed to have a steamer leave New York in this service at least once a week. On each trip the United States mails and the stores of quartermasters and other supplies necessary for the islands will be carried The following official announcement was made today at the War department.

The quartermaster general states for the information of all bureaus of the War defrom New York on Monday next at noon, going first to Porto Rico and thence to Santiago, Cuba, thence returning to New York.

Lawton's Report from Santiago. WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.-General Lawton's report from Santiago of the health conditions of his troops today is as fol- age, neither are there any of the sick men

Total sick, 557; total fever, 403; total ew cases, 15; total returned to duty, 5. Deaths: Francis Smith. Company E Eighth Ohlo volunteer infantry, meningitis; James H. Miller, private Company D. Sec. ond infantry, typhoid fever; Raymond C. Buell, sergeant Company A, Second infantry, pernicious malarial fever; Andrew Ha-gerstand, private Company B, Seventh infantry, pernicious malarial fever and acute diarrhoea: Archibald Jones, private Company F. Second infantry, septicaemia; Conad Bussain, private hospital corps, yellow fever; Louis F. Barrett, private Company E, Third United States infantry, pernicious malarial fever. LAWTON, Commanding.

Major Andrews Ordered to Santiago. WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.-Major George Andrews, assistant adjutant general, has been relieved from duty at the department of the East and ordered to report at Santeer infantry, has been detailed to duty as tiago as adjutant general of that department.

Homestake Mining Company Timber Cases Finally Adjudicated.

TRESPASSERS PAY VALUE OF STUMPAGE

Seventy-Five Thousand Dollars the Amount of Money to Be Turned Into the United States Treasury.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26 .- (Special Telegram.)-The Department of Justice has suc ceeded in adjusting the celebrated cases of the United States against the Homeof "Hurrah for Schley." Everybody joined stake Mining company and the in the shouting and the depot attaches United States against the Black crowed about the admiral and insisted on Hills & Fort Pierre Railroad company. The adjustment is as satisfactory as such things can be both to the department and to the defendants and the latter will turn over to the government \$75,000 as a settlement.

These cases have been in litigation for some time and were the result of trespasses on the Black Hills forest reserve in South Dakota, the companies having removed large Middletown, Pa., has been ordered to Fort quantities of timber in violation of law. The government entered suit against the defendants for \$300,000 and the latter subsevolunteer infantry, now at Lexington, Ky., quently made an offer to compromise for \$30,000, which was rejected by the officials of the Interior department and referred to

Originally it was supposed that these cases came within the decision of the United he reported directly to Acting Secretary States supreme court in the famous Cupples Woodenware case, which held that under certain circumstances involving willfull tres pass in the cutting of timber, the party injured might recover not only the stumpage value but the added value by reason of cutting, hauling, freighting, etc., to the place where such timber was consumed. Upon the strength of this view by the original claim, timber of the probable value of 25 cents a cord was sued for by the government for many times that amount and the claim was thus amplified so as to reach quite magnificent proportions.

After a careful examination of all the facts commission, to which the admiral has been by the Department of Justice, through its appointed. He went over with him the attorneys in Dakota, as well as a special attorney of the department having peculiar knowledge of that class of cases, it was the Spanish islands and other work. Dur- decided that such a position could not be maintained in the United States courts of about an hour, Assistant Secretary of State Dakota by the government. A settlement of the case was therefore made upon an offer of the defendants of the sum of \$75,000, drove to his hotel. He said his health had which it is believed will cover the full stumpage value of the timber taken and all expenses to which the government has been subjected in any of its departments in connection with the cases from the beginning.

Balloons Coming Soon. Mr. Meiklejohn, as acting secretary of war, is doing everything in his power to give visitors to the Transmississippi Exposition an unique exhibit in connection with the signal corps of the army. By the end of next week it is believed that the two balloons which have been used off the north and south coast of Cuba, respectively, will be in Omaha. They are capable of carrying three or four men each and will be held captive while daily ascents are made several hundred feet in the air by the men attached to the corps.

Acting Secretary Melklejohn said today word of the arrival of a great quantity of historical relics from Santiago and Porto Rico. The secretary will order these guns, ammunition, shells, machetes, flags, etc., transported to the exposition just as soon as they are landed in this country.

Lieutenant Pershing of the Tenth cavalry, who was recently promoted for gallantry and efficient services at Santiago, arrived in Washington today and received his commission as major and was attached to the ordnance corps. Acting Secretary Meiklejohn granted Lieutenant Pershing ten days leave for recuperation, after which he will visit military posts in Nebraska.

#### SOLDIERS TO GET FURLOUGHS Both Regulars and Volunteers Re turning from Santiago to Be Thus Favored.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.-Secretary Alger resumed his work of investigating the affairs of Camp Wikoff today. Among the first things he did was to give attention to granting thirty day furloughs to the men pleased with the location. He thinks it of the Seventy-first New York volunteers will make a suitable camp, but does not and the Second Massachusetts. General Alger told the commanders of these regiments to make out a list of all men who were Frank's long experience in military affairs able to leave camp, so they can depart for has proven to him that the dangers from their homes as soon as possible. The Rough fever are due largely to putting so many kiders are also to be granted furloughs and so will the Michigan volunteers. At the expiration of their furloughs the Seventya special hospital train from Camp Thomas | first men will not return to Camp Wikoff. to New York with upward of 200 sick and but to Camp Black, to be formally musconvalescent soldiers of the regiment on tered out. The Second Massachusetts men

General Alger has given notice that all of the men who are now in camp will go away to make room for those on the transports in Fort Pond bay awaiting to come ashere and those expected on transports yet to come from Santiago, including General Shafter and his staff.

General Alger said he did not know when he should leave, as he wanted to see things in better shape before he went away. General Alger, while making his rounds, made a careful inquiry on routine affairs and whether a sufficient supply of ice and milk had been received at the hospitals. When he found what he considered neglect anywhere he plainly called to account those responsible.

Secretary of War Alger today received dispatch from Adjutant General Corbin in Washington informing him that President McKinley would not come to Camp Wikoff this week. The president will visit the camp, but he is not looked for now before the middle or end of next week. Another transport reached the camp to

day. It was the D. H. Miller and it has the men of the First regular infantry, 376 in all, on board. Twenty of them are sick. but there were no deaths during the voydown with contagious diseases. There were two deaths in camp reported

today. John Quilly of Company C. Seventyfirst New York regiment, died of dysentery and John Dorman ot Comapny E. Twentieth United States infantry, died from dysentery and exhaustion. In the general hospital there are 1.080 patients. There are 150 typhoid fever patients in the hospital, which is a decrease. The number of men in the detention camp was 236 and this is also a lower record than yesterday.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26 .- A telegram from Secretary Alger at Camp Wikoff, Mon-Point, was read at the cabinet meeting today. Secretary Alger stated that he found the existing conditions at the camp fairly satisfactory.

Mustering Out Kansas Men.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26 .- The Twenty-

### MUST PAY THE GOVERNMENT TEMPERATURE AT OMAHA

Hour. Deg. 5 a. m..... 72 Hour. Deg 1 p. m..... 83 2 p. m..... 83 3 p. m.... 84 6 n. m..... 71 7 n. m..... 72 8 n. m..... 74 9 n. m..... 77 4 p. m..... 5 p. m..... 6 p. m..... 81 10 a. m..... 80 11 a. m..... 84 S p. m..... 70 D p. m..... 72 12 m..... 81

TODAY AT THE EXPOSITION.

At the Grounds: Bohemian Day. 8 n. m. to 10 p. m., Indian Congress

at Encampment. 10 s. m., McCook Band, Grand Plaza. 1:30 p. m., Organ Recital at Auditorium.

2:30 p. m., Exercises at the Audito-rium; McCook Band. 2:30 p. m., Bohemian Turners' Drill, Grand Plaza.

2:30 p. m., Mexican Band, Govern-ment Building. 4 p. m., Life Saving Exhibition on Lagoon. 7 p. m., Mexican Band, Grand Plass. p. m., Fireworks on the North

Tract. Leavenworth, Kan., where they will be mustered out and the First New Hampshire

### to Concord, N. H., to be mustered out, FIX UP OMAHA RAIL RATES Agents of Western Lines Do Not

Reach Final Agreement, but Make

Tariff for Special Days. CHICAGO, Aug. 26.-General passenger gents of western lines were in session again today to consider Omaha rates. They failed

to reach an agreement as an organization, but gave individual notice that the following would be put in effect: From points from which the one-way rate is not to exceed \$4.50, one fare plus 10 per cent, sale every day; return limit, five days. From points from which the regular oneway rates are \$5 and not to exceed \$10, one fare for the round trip, except that from west of the Missouri river a one-fare rate

every day; limit, seven days. From points beyond the \$10 and \$14 limit and Fridays of each week; final limit fifteen days. The present summer tour is the rate of

may be made from points from which the

one-way rate does not exceed \$14; on sale

per cent to stand. Connecting lines to be tendered rate of one fare plus \$2 for round trip from association terminals for tickets to be sold Tuesdays of each week from September 6 to October 25, inclusive.

For Chicago day the rate to be \$10 from Chicago; on sale September 30; final limit October 3.

For St. Louis day, date to be fixed, rate o be \$9 from St. Louis. McKinley day will undoubtedly require special consideration. The final return limit on all tickets provided for as above shall

in no case exceed November 3, 1898. REORGANIZE THE B. & O. ROAD.

Receiver Cowan Will Be President and Greene General Manager. that he is in daily expectation of receiving ally believed that the plans for reorganiz- with the Hong Kong bank under pain of ing the Baltimore & Ohio rallway will be carried into effect before the end of the present year. Under the reorganization the British confine themselves to verbal Receiver Cowan will be president and Receiver Murray will be first vice president in charge of transportation and traffic. Mr. Murray is understood to be the representative of the new blood which is being injected into the system, and is said to have made up a slate which involves several important hanges among employes of the road. W.

> freight traffic manager as successor to C. S. Wight, who will be retired. A number of other changes is contemplated. MILLERS NO LONGER MAKE RATES.

Freight Agents Form Pool to Make Stable Tariff on Flour. MINNEAPOLIS, Aug. 26.-There was meeting of general freight agents this afternoon for the purpose of making arrangements for the formation of a pool which shall have as its chief object the flxing of stable rates on flour shipments. The rate was not fixed, but plans were adopted for arranging a sheet to go into effect in the near future. It is probable that the new pool will provide for a heavy guarantee deposit and severe fines for rate cutting and it will be operated in close connection with the lake lines pool which went into effect vesterday. Business will be distributed from Minneapolis after the old fashioned percentage method and millers will no longer make the rates. If the new basis can be maintained rates will be about double what they have been.

## CONFEREES MEET SEPARATELY

British and American Commissioner Meet by Themselves and Plan for the Joint Meeting.

QUEBEC, Aug. 26.—Both the American

and British commissioners have held meetings by themselves today. No joint meetings will be held until next Monday. On Friday of next week they will adjourn until September 20, but it is probable that before the recess is taken some intimation will be given as to whether or not anything is likely your majesty gave the president of the to be accomplished. Just what subjects republic. have been discussed so far is not known. The opinion is expressed by some here that the whole scheme of settlement of various questions will go to pieces on the rock dian papers have stated that the United grandeur of Russia. States would never consent to make concessions and adjust specific questions long as England is given so great an advantage over the United States over the Canadian markets. When asked about this point the commissioners declined to say whether or not it has been mentioned in their talk. It is quite likely that the American commatter in a specific way. It is known, however, that the American commissioners are securing the names of agricultural societies in the United States and getting information as to the probable result of some change in the matter of duties on agricultural prod-

racation farther down the St. Lawrence, the disposal of the British admiral. They were all assured by the commissioners second Kansas volunteer infantry, now at finished.

# EASTERN WAR CLOUD

Situation Suddenly Becomes Acute with Relation to China.

**ENGLAND MAKES A NAVAL DEMONSTRATION** 

Point of Rupture.

Relations with Tsung-Li-Yamen Strained to

FLEET CONCENTRATED AT WEI-HAI-WEI

All War Ships Under 5 000 Tons Mobilized in Yang Tse River.

CONFLICTING REPORTS ABOUT RUSSIA

Violent Scenes Said to Have Occurred Between British Minister and Russian Charge d'Affaires-Activity at Port Arthur.

Copyright, 1898, by Press Publishing Co.) LONDON, Aug. 27 .- (New York World Cablegram-Special Telegram.)-The Pekin correspondent of the Daily Mail says:

The situation has suddenly become acute. The relations between the Tsung-li-Yamen and Sir Claude MacDonald, the British minister, are strained to the point of runture. Sir Claude MacDonald has intimated that any failure by China to observe Great Britain's wishes will be accepted as a casus belli. In support of Sir Claude MacDonald the fleet has been concentrated at Wei Hai Wei 5,000 have been mobilized in the Yang Tse

and Hankow and all the war ships under river. The naval demonstration is solely directed against China, as it is semi-officially stated that the existing relations with Russia are cordial. Lord Salisbury has abandoned the policy of the open door, substituting for it a policy of spheres of influence. Diplomatic conferences have been of constant occurrence in the last few days, Lord Salisbury insists upon the recognition by other powers interested in China of the boundaries of Great Britain's "sphere of influence." In the same instrument whereby respectively, one fare plus \$2, sell Tuesdays | Great Britain recognizes Russia's position in Manchuria, Russia is required to acknowledge the paramountcy of England in the Yang Tse valley and guarantee that our territorial requirements shall be permanently respected.

Great Britain is willing to drop her protest in respect to the New Chwank railway, but Russia is required to cancel her agreement with China that the country having the largest financial interest should arbitrate in disputes connected with the Pekin-Hankow railway.

The negotiations are confined to Pekin. The British ambassadors at St. Petersburg and Pekin are in close communication. Have a Stormy Scene.

LONDON, Aug. 26.-A special dispatch from Shanghai says: Violent scenes are reported to have occurred between Sir Claude MacDonald, the British minister, and M. Pavloff, the Russian charge d'affaires, owing to the latter's commanding CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 26.-It is gener- the Tsung-li-Yamen to evoke its agreement the czar's strong displeasure. The Chinese are inclined to obey M. Pavloff, seeing that

protests. The position is now worse than ever: all the Russian ships have returned to Port Arthur, while the British vessels are assembling at Wei Hai Wei and Chefoo. treme activity prevails ashore at Port Ar-

The action of the Russians at New Chwang M. Greene, now general manager, will have indicates the intention on their part to remain there in strong force whether they the additional dignity of a vice presidency. L. R. Brockenbaugh is to become general build the Tien Tsin railway or not. The Copenhagen correspondent of the Daily Mail asserts that he is in a position to confirm the statement he recently made that comprimise has been arrived at between

> questions and England gets concessions in other directions. "The relations between England and Russia," the correspondent says, "are very satisfactory and Russian concessions fully meet

England and Russia, in accordance with

which Russia gets her way on the railway

English ideas." With reference to the sensational Chinese dispatch to the Daily Mail and a news agency here, it should be observed that the Times' Pekin correspondent, Dr. Morrison, who has been conspicuously alert through out, always getting information ahead of the foreign office, has thus far telegraphed nothing on the subject. The appointment of M. Payloff as Russian minister to Corea would seem to indicate better relations between England and Russia. M. Pavloff has been the active agent of all Russia's advances in

China

EXCHANGE COMPLIMENTS OF SEASON Expressions of Diplomatic Esteem PARIS, Aug. 26 .- President Faure and Emperor Nicholas exchanged telegrams today in honor of the first anniversary of M. Faure's visit to Russia.

The president's telegram to the czar was in part as follows: The declarations which were exchanged beneath the shadows of our flags in the roadstead Cronstadt are memories so dear to us that I cannot let this anniversa pass without assuring your majesty again of my very keen gratitude for the re-

Our sentiments have undergone no change, I am today, as I was then, a faithful in terpreter of the French people in renewing to your majesty an expression of the ardent wish we entertain for your happing of preferential tariff. Several of the Cana- for that of the imperial family and for the

> Emperor Nicholas replied: The empress and myself are deeply touched by the sentiments you have bee so good as to express on the anniversary of our visit on board the Pothuau. We like to revert in our the to those historic moments, the remembrance

of which will never fade. It gives me peculiar pleasure to be able missioners will look into the question of to renew at this time an expression of the duties on agricultural products, although unchanging and unceasing good wishes we nothing has been said about taking up this entertain for you, monsieur le president,

and for France, our friend. COURT AN ALLIANCE WITH JAPAN. Mission of Sir Charles Beresford to

Orient for that Purpose. LONDON, Aug. 26.-The London correspondent of the Patrie informs his paper The commissioners are to be entertained that the special mission of Rear Admiral tomorrow night at the Garrison club by Charles Boresford to China, in the interests Solicitor General Charles Fitzpatrick. Other of British commerce, includes the conclusimilar events in honor of the commission- sion of an offensive and defensive alliance ers are being arranged for the future. The between Great Britain and Japan, by the delegation of newspaper correspondents terms of which in case of complications which reached here early in the week have with Russia, Japan undertakes to invade nearly all left for their homes or gone on a Corea and to place the Japanese fleet at

According to the same questionable au that it was useless for them to remain, as thority, Lord Beresford has been "furnished absolutely nothing would be given to the with the means necessary to cause the press until the work of the commission was downfall of Prince Li Hung Chang, and also is a bearer of an autograph letter