

KAISER SHOWS GREAT GRIEF

Displays His Sorrow Over the Death of Prince Bismarck.

HIS CUSTOMARY THEATRICAL EFFECT

Alleges that He Will Now Have a Free Hand for 'My Policy'—Little Sorrow is Shown in England.

(Copyright, 1898, by Press Publishing Co.) LONDON, Aug. 1.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—The Kaiser manifests great grief over Bismarck's death with the customary theatrical effect. A report received here from the British ambassador in Berlin says that the emperor's exclamation of hearing of the ex-chancellor's death was: "Now, at last, I shall have a free hand for my policy."

The recluse at Friedrichsruhe was always a hostile force in reserve on which the Kaiser had to reckon in all his schemes. Sir Edward Mallet, until lately British ambassador at Berlin, where he was stationed many years, was more closely associated with Bismarck throughout his career than any living diplomatist. Replying to a request for a personal estimate of Bismarck he telegraphed from his country seat: "Bismarck was the greatest man of the century and his race was run for his task was done."

Though willing testimony is offered by all classes of Englishmen to Bismarck's intellectual mastery as a statesman, it is impossible to find a single expression of sympathy or one touch of grief at his loss. Some critics deprecate his statements and achievements—even his claim to be the maker of German unity is questioned.

The Prince of Wales returned good for evil by sending a warm message of sympathy to Friedrichsruhe, an attention which Queen Victoria herself omitted to do because she never forgave Bismarck for the hostility he showed Empress Frederick, and above all his ruthless breaking of the betrothal of the empress' daughter to Prince Alexander of Hattenburg, the queen's first matrimonial project.

It is curious that Bismarck, as the bulwark of the German throne, was the most hated statesman in Europe by the royalty of all nations.

OBSEQUIES OF BISMARCK

Nothing Definite Has Yet Been Decided as to the Time of Their Occurrence.

BERLIN, Aug. 1.—Baron von Buelow tells the correspondent of the Associated Press that nothing definite regarding Prince Bismarck's funeral will be decided upon until the wishes of Emperor William and the family of the deceased are ascertained. The United States ambassador, Andrew D. White, has formally requested leave of absence from President McKinley's message of condolence at the foreign office this afternoon, and he has also sent a copy of it to Count Herbert Bismarck at Friedrichsruhe.

The ceremony of blessing Prince Bismarck's remains will be performed tomorrow, only the near relatives attending. The coffin will then be closed and will remain in the casket until the mausoleum is completed, which will be in October next. Emperor William has telegraphed twice to Friedrichsruhe. The first dispatch, sent on Sunday morning, was addressed to Count Herbert Bismarck and set forth in the most cordial terms the merits of the late prince and expressing his majesty's undying gratitude to the deceased. "Who has been a model of the most faithful performance of duty." The emperor also mentioned Prince Bismarck's death and said that he has been his greatest joy, and assures the family of his most sincere sympathy.

The second telegram begs for the family's consent to bury the prince's remains in the Charlottenburg mausoleum, where the body of Emperor William I. reposes. This, however, is declined because of Prince Bismarck's expressed wish to be buried near the Schloss.

Prince Hohenlohe, the imperial chancellor, took a special train for Friedrichsruhe this morning in order to convey to the family the condolences of the Prussian ministry of state and to place a wreath upon the former chancellor's bier.

The city councils of Berlin and Munich will hold special sessions on Tuesday, the prince having had the honorary freedom of these cities. The Karlsruhe city council has passed a resolution of condolence and has selected delegates to attend his funeral.

In regard to Prince Bismarck's testament, it is known that Friedrichsruhe, with the title of prince, descends to Count Herbert Bismarck, the oldest son, the family of Count von Rantzau, the husband of Prince Bismarck's daughter, remaining there temporarily. Schoenhause goes to Count William Bismarck, the second son. The late prince's money, which is estimated to amount to several million marks, a larger amount than was generally supposed, is divided among the three children and the young Rantzau. This money is partly in the Bank of England and partly in the Bleidroeder bank. The decorations, diamonds and art objects, valued at about 1,000,000 marks, are deposited at a Berlin jeweler's.

Dr. Schweininger, the prince's physician, now says that the immediate cause of death was effusion of blood on the brain. KIEL, Aug. 1.—A naval order has been issued commanding that all the flags on war ships be half-masted on the day of Prince Bismarck's funeral, that a salute of nineteen guns be fired at noon and that all the naval officers and officials wear mourning for a week.

Thanks for Condolence. WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—Ambassador White today cabled the State department as follows: BERLIN, Aug. 1, 1898.—Ade, Acting Secretary State Department, Washington, I am requested to convey to the emperor and the German people to the president and the people of the United States for the message of condolence referring to the death of Prince Bismarck.

RUSSIAN PRESS LAUDS BISMARCK. ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 1.—The newspapers here are unanimous in lauding the greatness and eminent genius of Prince Bismarck. The Novoye Vremya says he was the most gifted diplomatist of all time.

HOOLEY STANDS BY HIS STATEMENT. Insists that Money Was Paid Titled Personages for Influence. LONDON, Aug. 1.—The examination of Ernest Terah Hooley, the bankrupt company promoter, was resumed here today. A number of lawyers were present in behalf of the distinguished clients who denied Mr. Hooley's charges in connection with the payment of large sums of money for the use of their names, or for introductions to people of prominence. Mr. Hooley, upon examination, insisted, with few exceptions, upon the truth of the statement he had made. He said in regard to the Earl of Winchester that the latter himself suggested he ought to be given £10,000 for joining the directors of the Cycle Tube company. The Earl, witness added, said he could not take the money personally, but remained that it could be given to his brother, Mr. Fitch-Hatten. Continuing, Mr. Hooley asserted that the Earl of Winchester also received £2,000 for joining the directors of a horseless carriage company.

As to the Earl of Albemarle, Mr. Hooley said that his "silly disclaimer" did not need

SOUTH OMAHA NEWS.

The regular monthly meeting of the city council, which was held last night, was harmonious from start to finish and a large amount of routine business was disposed of. Only six members were present and President Barrett occupied the chair, the mayor being absent.

Trainer brought up the "flimflammers" matter by stating that complaints had been made about the number of men of this class who congregated on Q street near the viaduct and he offered a motion to the effect that the council co-operate with the police force in driving these men out of the city. Barrett stated that the council could do nothing, as the mayor controlled the police force and after a short discussion the motion was amended so that the mayor was requested to do something toward ridding the city of these undesirable residents.

An ordinance creating a permanent sidewalk district on both sides of Twenty-fourth street from J to L streets was read for the first time and referred to the judiciary committee. A similar ordinance for permanent sidewalks on Q street from the west end of the viaduct to Thirty-third street followed the same course. These walks are to be built by the property owners within thirty days from the passage of the ordinance, if not the city will do the work and tax the cost against the property.

Another ordinance providing for the laying of wooden sidewalks on Twentieth street from G to H on the east side of Twenty-fifth street from R to S and on the west side of Twentieth street from U to W was read and referred.

Through an oversight the special ordinance providing for the levying of a special tax for the grading of I street between Twelfth and Thirteenth streets had been overlooked for several meetings and it was taken up and passed without opposition. The cost of this grading amounts to \$800.

An attempt was made to pass the ordinance allowing the Union Pacific railroad permission to lay a sidetrack from the main line across Railroad avenue to the property of the South Omaha Fuel company. This ordinance, or a similar one has come up regularly for the last six months and the council apparently hated to part with an old standby like that for by a vote of 4 to 2 it recommitted to the street and alley committee. Then the revised milk inspection ordinance came up and was read for the third time. Mr. Bennett discovered that the ordinance called for the payment of a salary of \$70 a month to the inspector and at his request the document was re-committed. The present milk ordinance provides for fees for the inspector and Bennett objected to a change in this ordinance.

Aprons at Twenty-fourth and J and Twenty-fourth and L streets were ordered placed in position by the street commissioner. Housemovers will be notified to at once repair all sidewalks and crosswalks damaged by them under penalty of having their licenses revoked. A crosswalk was ordered laid at Twenty-second and S streets.

Mort brought up the matter of repairing Thirty-second street from the city limits on the north to L street. He said Omaha is now engaged in placing this street as far south as the city limits, in a poor condition, and he thought that the work ought to be continued in order to accommodate a large number of persons who drive back and forth.

Kelly objected to the spending of any large amount of money on this work, but he finally agreed to allow the work to be referred to the street and alley committee. Adjourned until Wednesday evening, August 10.

COLONELS ALL DISPOSED OF

None in Regular Army at Santiago on Effective List—Death List Since July 17.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, July 31.—(Delayed in transmission.)—Colonel John H. Page of the Third Infantry (regulars) leaves today by the transport Troquels for New York. Dangerously ill with malarial fever, Colonel Page is the last colonel of the regular army left in Cuba. All the others who came originally have either been killed in battle or have died of sickness.

The deaths in the army since July 17 are as follows: First Lieutenant A. J. Babcock of the Twenty-third Michigan, who died of typhoid fever on July 28 at Siboney; Private James A. Martin, Company A, Thirty-third Michigan, who died at Siboney of fever; Private William Doldbard, Company C, Thirty-third Michigan, died at Siboney of fever; Private Max H. Pausler, Company C, Thirty-third Michigan; Private Edward B. Jamia, Company A, Thirty-third Michigan, died of dysentery; Corporal Charles E. Wrangel, Company E, Thirty-third Michigan, died of fever; Private Ward Morris, Company I, Thirty-third Michigan, of typhoid fever; Private Charles Semens, Company H, Thirty-fourth Michigan, of malarial fever; Private George Holders, Thirty-fourth Michigan; Teamster D. G. Lobo, Thirty-fourth Michigan, of fever; Teamster Moore Stewart, Thirty-fourth Michigan, of fever in camp; Captain William Francis Poore, Company G, First District of Columbia volunteers, of typhoid fever in camp; Private R. H. Hines, Company D, Twentieth Infantry; Private Albert Borgunde, Company G, Sixteenth Infantry, of malarial fever in camp; Private Brooley, Company D, First Infantry, of dysentery in camp.

The detachment in hospital during the same period were: Private J. Laine, Company G, Ninth Infantry, dysentery; Private G. T. McLean, Second cavalry, fever; Private F. Harvey, Second cavalry, fever; Private J. Atkins, Second cavalry, malarial fever; Private William Brent, Twentieth Infantry, fever; Private Michael McGoldrick, First Infantry, fever; Private W. H. Beyers, Company G, Seventeenth Regiment, malarial fever; Private P. H. Farrell, Company H, Ninth Massachusetts, fever; Corporal Thomas Robson, Company H, Ninth Infantry, fever.

SCHLEY WRITES OF HIS VICTORY

Characteristic Letter of Naval Officer to His Cousin.

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 1.—Shortly after the great naval victory off Santiago, in which Cervera's fleet was pursued and destroyed by the American vessels of war under Commodore Schley, Captain John Schley, cousin of the commodore, wrote a letter of congratulation for the victory won. Today he received a reply, which in part is as follows:

FLASHING BROOKLYN, Off Santiago de Cuba, July 22.—My Dear John: The victory of July 3, so complete in results and so rich in glory for our country, was the greatest in our history. It was fortunate enough to be engaged, and I ought rather to thank you in their name than to appropriate the congratulations to myself. Surely you were large enough to win laurels for all, and I assume no other pride in it than that the luck of this ship being in the line where the first heavy assault was made and that you were in the line of direction to keep in the "scraps" to the finish, which occurred three and one-half hours from the beginning. The greatest satisfaction comes from the fact that your conduct that day has won the people's love and earned the nation's admiration. It is this which encourages us in the public defense, no matter at what risk to ourselves. If it brings peace to our beloved land and permits us to return soon to our loved ones and to our people our efforts were well directed.

Thanking you again, my dear cousin and schoolmate and friend, I am always very sincerely yours, W. S. SCHLEY. Movements of Ocean Vessels, Aug. 1. At Naples—Sailed—Kaiser Wilhelm II. for New York. At Liverpool—Arrived—Umbria, from New York. At Hamburg—Sailed—Pretoria, for New York. At Antwerp—Arrived—Noordland, from New York. At Marseilles—Arrived—Patris, from New York. At New York—Arrived—Nomadic, from Liverpool.

We Are Kimball Agents

It costs you nothing to see our display of Kimball and Knabe pianos, and our large and complete art gallery—We pay large sums of money for this space to invite you here—and we want you to feel free to come whenever you can and will—but if you want to see the famous painting "Alonso," by Baron Paszthory of Vienna, we exact a small charge of 15 cents—and you will agree with us that the price is none too high.

A. HOSPE, Music and Art 1513 Douglas

FLOWERS ON PARADE

(Continued from First Page.)

wired that he will be here, and it is more than likely that he will be accompanied by his staff and most of the state officials. While the program for New Mexico day has not yet been completed, it is certain that it will contain some interesting features. Governor Miguel will be here and if rates can be secured a special train will come in bearing several hundred of the people from Albuquerque and the surrounding country.

PITS OUT BEAUTIFUL SOUVENIRS.

Union Pacific Passenger Department Distributing a Costly Portfolio. Within the next few days the Union Pacific will send 50,000 most beautiful souvenirs of the Transmississippi Exposition to be distributed at the principal ticket offices in the east. This work will be followed up later by placing equally large quantities of the new souvenir in the leading cities of other parts of the country for free distribution.

The advertisement of the exposition is in the form of a pocket folder of sixty-two pages and all of these pages save the first are devoted exclusively to an adequate description of the exposition by pictures and sketches. The pictures are something entirely new, fine color work being the noteworthy feature. Light blue tints are used with good effect and help to set off the pictures of the buildings and grounds to the greatest advantage. In addition to pictures of the main buildings, Grand Court and state buildings there are good representations of Midway scenes and a fair description of the amusement section of the exposition. Each building is graphically described. Appended there is a valuable guide for visitors concerning the hotels, public buildings and other institutions of Omaha.

The folder has been gotten out by Mr. Darlow under the direction of General Passer in connection with a resolution adopted by the advertising bureau of the Union Pacific's passenger department.

MISSOURI PRESSING FORWARD.

Present Attraction of State Horticultural society leaves for home tonight. Upon his arrival there he will begin the work of completing the arrangements of the Missouri Peach day, which will be held on Saturday, August 6. He will urge the fruit growers to contribute peaches for free distribution.

Missouri day at the exposition has been fixed upon August 30. Superintendent Nelson says in this connection that he is receiving large numbers of letters daily from all of the people in the vicinity of Lebanon are enthusiastic and expect to come.

At this time Missouri is making an exhibit of the grains and grasses of the state. This exhibit is in the Horticulture building and is independent of the state exhibit that is made in the Agriculture building. The exhibit is by the father of the superintendent and is regarded as being one of the best upon the grounds.

ILLINOIS AFTER FIRST PLACE.

Treasurer J. W. Stanton of the Illinois Horticultural society is expected in the city within the next few days. He will remain two weeks and will investigate with reference to what is needed in the fruit exhibit that is being made in the Horticulture building. While the Illinois exhibit is about as complete as any in the building it is proposed to make it the best. The grapes and the peaches will be in within a few days. Apples are arriving each day and from now on it is proposed to have everything in the fruit line kept right up to date.

WHITTED TORPEDO ON EXHIBITION.

The first Whitehead torpedo that has ever been seen in Nebraska has been added to the navy exhibit in the Government building and is regarded with marked interest by visitors. The missile is an invention of the late John H. Whitehead, but its method of operation is easily understood. It is shaped almost exactly like a huge cigar. The larger end contains the

All Omaha—

Should go out to the Exposition Flower day—especially if you've never been there before, and we understand there are Omaha people that have never been there—and we expect there are ladies living in Omaha that don't know that we sell the best tan shoe for \$3 ever sold here or elsewhere—out-of-town visitors should come and see this great shoe value—buy or not, as you feel like it—but see it you should—we've so many that we can fit any lady's feet with a pair of our tan shoes at \$3.

Drexel Shoe Co.,

Omaha's Up-to-date Shoe House. 1419 FARNAM STREET.

THE OMAHA BEE'S

The Omaha Bee's Photogravures of the Exposition

No exposition has excelled the Trans-Mississippi in architectural splendor and artistic beauty—yet before the snow flies it will be only a memory, were it not for the aid of the photographer's art. In all its varied beauty, the splendor of the Grand court and the fun of the Midway—all the many scenes of the Exposition have been reproduced by

THE HIGHEST PRODUCT OF THE PHOTOGRAPHER'S ART—THE PHOTOGRAVURE

These are from the work of Mr. F. A. Binehart, the official photographer of the Exposition and are more artistic and beautiful than his photographs. A photogravure is a work of art which anyone will be glad to frame. They are 10x7 1/2 inches and about 100 views in all will be published, so that no feature of the Exposition will be omitted.

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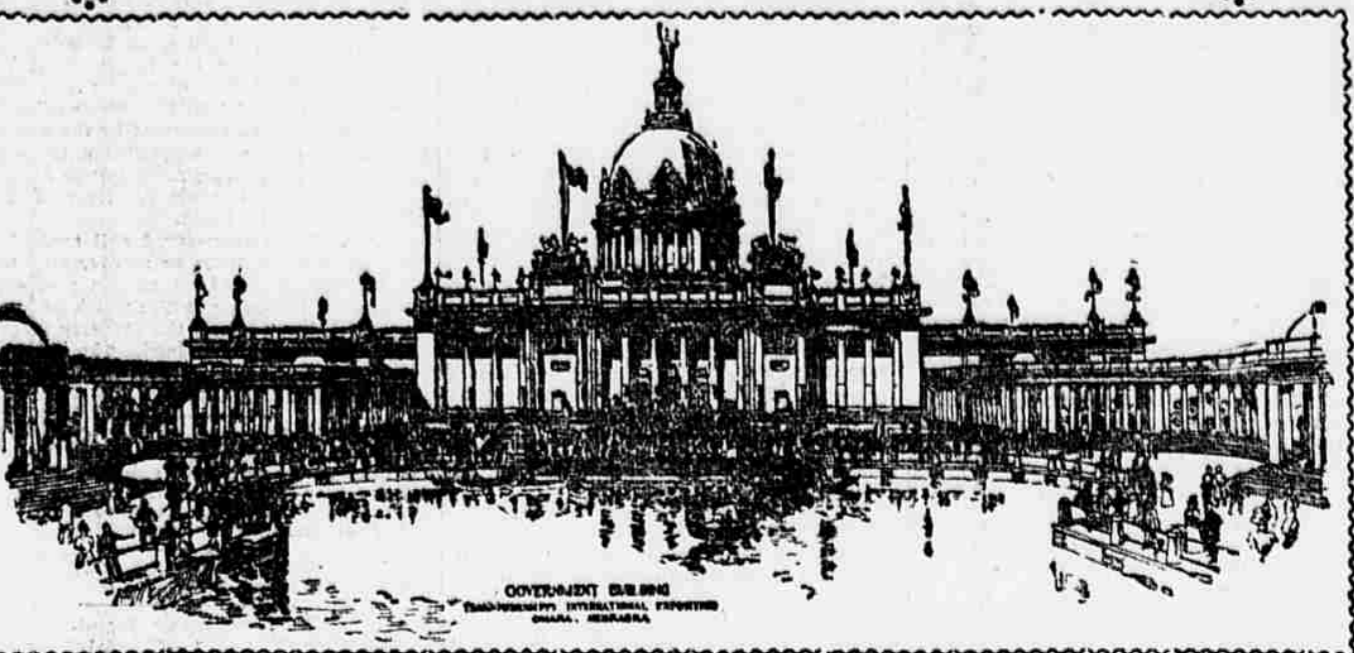
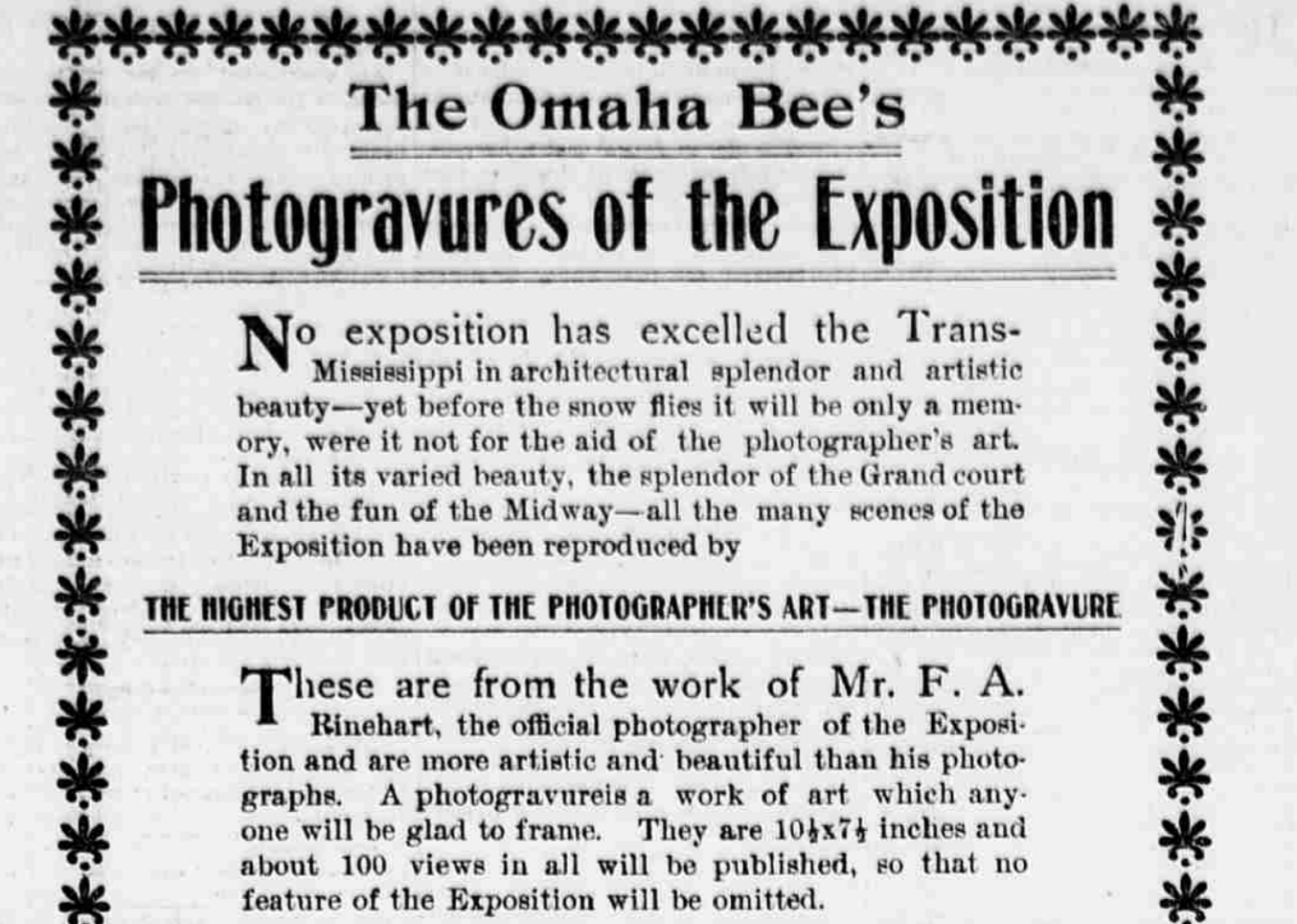
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SIXTEEN VIEWS NOW READY

- 1—Opening Day, June 1, 1898. 2—Northeast Corner of the Court. 3—Government Building. 4—Main Entrance Agricultural Bldg. 5—Scene in Streets of All Nations. 6—Grand Court, Looking West. 7—Hagenback's on Children's Day. 8—Grand Court, Looking Southwest. 9—Fine Arts Building. 10—Nebraska Building. 11—Grand Court, Looking East. 12—Section of Fine Arts Building. 13—Grand Court at Night. 14—Main Entrance Horticultural Bldg. 15—Scene on North Midway. 16—Marine Band at Grand Plaza.

Three for 10 Cents With a Bee Coupon.

All Sixteen for Fifty Cents.

These are offered to Bee readers on heavy paper suitable for framing or for a collection of Exposition views. The Bee will issue a portfolio cover for 15 cents to form a cover for this collection.

In ordering by mail state which pictures you wish, by title or number, and enclose 2 cents extra for mailing. For the full 16 enclose 5 cents extra for mailing.

Photogravure Department,

The Omaha Daily Bee, Omaha, South Omaha, Council Bluffs.

THE OMAHA DAILY BEE EXPOSITION PHOTOGRAVURE COUPON.

This Coupon and 10 Cents will obtain three Photogravures of the Exposition. By Mail, 2 Cents Extra.

EXPLOSIVE, WHILE THE OTHER HOLDS THE COMPRESSED AIR AND ENGINE THAT FURNISHES THE MOTIVE POWER. IT IS PROPELLED BY TWO SCREWS WHICH TURN IN OPPOSITE DIRECTIONS IN ORDER TO HOLD THE TORPEDO STEADY IN ITS FLIGHT THROUGH THE WATER AND BEHIND THESE ARE THE RUDDERS THAT CAN BE SO SET AS TO KEEP IT AT ANY DESIRED DISTANCE FROM THE SURFACE OF THE WATER. THE PERCUSSION HEAD IS PROTECTED BY A SMALL WHEEL THAT IS NOT UNLIKE A TINY PROPELLER, BUT THE ACTION OF THE WATER UNDERCUTS THIS AND IT IS DROPPED A FEW SECONDS AFTER THE DISCHARGE, LEAVING THE PROJECTILE READY FOR BUSINESS. EACH OF THESE TORPEDOS COST \$3,000.

To Increase Georgia's Display.

Ex-Governor Northern of the Georgia commission has returned to his home at Atlanta, where he will remain several days, working up an addition to the state exhibit. This addition will be forwarded in due time and will consist largely of agricultural and mineral products of the state.

During the last few days Georgia has placed a number of photographs of the city schools of the state. They are in the Geography building and are attracting considerable attention. In that state there are separate schools for the black and the white children. The pictures show an unusually bright looking lot of children.

The state of Georgia is preparing to display a lot of peaches. Some have arrived, but they are in glass jars. A quantity of fresh peaches are on the way and will be exhibited as soon as they arrive.

Mr. Gregg is Surprised.

H. C. Gregg of Minneapolis was at the exposition yesterday. He was just in from Honolulu. He was there at the time of the arrival of the Nebraska boys who were on their way to Manila to join Commodore Dewey's command. He says that the boys

owned the Hawaiian city while there and that there was nothing too good for them. Speaking of the exposition, Mr. Gregg said: "It is the greatest of the great shows and when the railroads get around to making decent rates it will be a winner. I am surprised at the class of the exhibits. They are better than those at the World's Fair. The buildings are magnificent and the grand court is the most beautiful thing that I ever saw in the exposition line."

Kansas Keeps Coming.

The new apples from Kansas are coming in at a rapid rate and those people who thought that the Sunflower state would not be in it in the fruit line are keeping quiet. Arrangements have been completed by which Kansas fruit will be received weekly from now until the close of the exposition.

In addition to showing fruit, Kansas will have a booth in the Mines building where the ores of the state will be shown. A car of material is on the way and as soon as it arrives it will be put in the space that was secured some weeks ago.

Executive Committee Meeting.

Little of importance was transacted at the meeting of the executive committee, held yesterday afternoon. Fireworks were ordered for the evening of August 30, Missouri day, and for the evening of September 1, Kansas day.

Shriner day was set for September 14 and the use of the Auditorium was granted for both day and night. Odd Fellows' day was fixed for October 14.

Mexican Band Coming.

The coming of the Seventh Artillery band from the City of Mexico is an assured fact. Last night Manager Lindsey of the Department of Ways and Means received a telegram stating that the band will start on August 4 and will reach here the night of

Exposition Notes.

All the flags on the exposition grounds were hung at half mast yesterday in tribute to Bismarck. This feature was generally commented on by visitors of German extraction, who expressed a lively appreciation of the recognition of the demise of their greatest statesman.

W. C. Peeler, traveling passenger agent of the Cotton Belt, who has been in charge of the exhibit in the Agriculture building during the last two weeks, has returned to his home in Memphis, Tenn. He is succeeded by W. G. Adams, traveling passenger agent of the same road, who is stationed at Nashville, Tenn.

Montana day at the exposition is set for September 10, but it is possible that the ceremonies attending the dedication of the building will not be held at that time. Governor Smith has wired that upon the date named he will be compelled to be at home to attend the meetings of the state board, of which he is a member by virtue of his office. He says that he can be here earlier or later, but that it will be impossible for the band to start on the time fixed by the department of management.

Do Your Eyes Trouble You?

Do you have headaches?—Can you see with glasses as well as without them?—If you can it is proof positive that you need glasses—stop in our store if your eyes tire quick or burn and smart when you use them—and we will test your sight and give you honest advice as to what you need—You can preserve your eyesight to an extreme old age if you attend to it in time.

The Aloe & Penfold Co.

Deformity Brace Manufacturers. 1408 Farnam Street. Opposite Paxton Hotel. OMAHA