

MASSACHUSETTS DAY TODAY

Lieutenant Governor Crane and Party Reach the City.

ABOUT FORTY PEOPLE ARE IN THE CROWD

One of the First States to Accept the Invitation to Visit the Exposition and Will Be Welcomed Accordingly.

Lieutenant Governor W. Murray Crane and the other members of the Massachusetts delegation chosen by the legislature of that state to officially represent it at the Trans-Mississippi Exposition today arrived on their special yesterday morning, a little before 9 o'clock. Their train was the second section of the Chicago & Northwestern overnight Limited. Altogether there are about forty in the delegation.

A year ago an invitation was extended to Massachusetts to participate in the exposition by paying it a formal visit, which invitation was readily accepted. The legislature selected four members of the delegation, and ten members of the lower house, and as the matter had been referred to the committee on federal relations in the ordinary course of legislative action, that committee was also designated to go along. The governor, Roger Wolcott, and the state officials and the executive council besides were included. Today in Massachusetts day the occasion to be fittingly observed with a program of speeches and enjoyments at the exposition. Governor Wolcott himself was prevented from coming by the exigencies of the present war in Spain.

When the delegation came in General Manager T. S. Clark of the exposition, with a score of carriages, was at the depot waiting. The visitors were at once driven to the Millard hotel and permitted to spend the day in the ways best suited to their own tastes. During the forenoon Lieutenant Governor Crane, John L. Bates, speaker of the Massachusetts house of representatives, and Edward P. Hamlin, executive secretary, went to the First Methodist Episcopal church to hear Rev. Jenkin Lloyd Jones discuss the topic of religious unity. Mr. Bates' father is a Boston minister of wide reputation. Rev. Lewis B. Bates, the pastor of the Bromfield Street Methodist Episcopal church. The other members went driving in various directions over the city viewing points of interest, most of them going out to the exposition grounds. The exposition was generally visited in an informal manner again in the afternoon and many of the delegation heard Dr. Jones at the Auditorium.

Who Are in the Party.

The excursion from the old Bay commonwealth consists of the following: Lieutenant Governor W. Murray Crane and staff, Colonels William C. Capelle, assistant adjutant general; Harry E. Converse, assistant quartermaster general; Roger Morgan, executive secretary; John L. Bates, speaker of the executive council; John H. Sullivan, Eliza H. Shaw and Horace H. Atherton, and Executive Secretary Edward P. Hamlin. State officials: Edward P. Shaw, treasurer and chief clerk; John H. Kimball, auditor; George E. Smith, president of the senate; and John L. Bates, speaker of the house. Committee on federal relations: Senators Henry Parsons, Wilson H. Fairbank, Daniel D. Rourke and Representatives Eugene B. Estes, John O. Stearns, Francis B. Farnsworth, John H. Pihlbeck, Frederic P. Drake and William Kells, Jr. Joint special legislative committee: Senators Joseph B. Farley, George E. Putnam, Charles O. Bailey and Representatives Albert Clark, Willmore B. Stone, John H. Ponce, Harvey C. Smith, Julius C. Anthony, Jeremiah J. McCarthy, Walter S. V. Cooke, Otis M. Gove, Alfred S. Hayes and Carlisle F. How. Clerks: Henry D. Coolidge of the senate and James W. Kimball of the house. Colonel John G. B. Adams, sergeant at arms, John B. Smith of the Boston Herald, Color Bearer David T. Remington and C. H. Wilson also accompany the party. Colonel Adams is in charge of the delegation, and Mr. Wilson attends to the transportation.

The delegation left the Massachusetts state capital on Thursday last. A day on the way was spent at Niagara Falls, also a day at Chicago. At the latter city Mayor Carter Harrison gave them a cordial welcome, and some compliments of an oratorical nature were exchanged while Chicago's hospitality was fully enjoyed. Lieutenant Governor Crane, President Smith of the senate and Speaker Bates each making a response to the welcomes.

It being Sunday the entire day after the arrival here was passed in an informal manner. The official welcome was extended today with formal exercises in the Auditorium at the exposition. A banquet will be tendered the delegation on Tuesday evening. The visit will continue until Wednesday afternoon, at which time a start on the return home will be made.

All the members of the party wear bronze medals bearing the seal of their state, the date of their departure from Massachusetts and the name and location of the Trans-Mississippi Exposition.

Talk a Little Politics.

Naturally, inasmuch as the national republican league is about to hold its convention here, the conversation of the excursionists turns occasionally to politics. Massachusetts is so solidly republican that there is no possible hope for a democrat, although at times the state does make a streak and elect a democrat for governor, as was the case with William E. Russell, whose young life so suddenly terminated while on a visit to Canada. But then Russell was the only one on his ticket fortunate enough to have a majority.

The state gave Mr. McKinley a plurality of 173,255. Governor Wolcott got a plurality last year of 55,548, but there was a great falling off in the vote, for Governor Wolcott's 165,095 represented a fraction over 61 per cent, while Mr. McKinley's electors received 278,976, and that was hardly 70 per cent of the total vote.

Of the state's congressional delegation of fourteen only one is a democrat, John P. Fitzgerald of the Fourth district, a populous stronghold of Boston democracy of the Russell kind—gold standard. Fitzgerald may be returned, but there will be no doubt with the other districts," said Hon. Jeremiah J. McCarthy, while discussing this phase. "We will renominate all the old state

ticket," he said, "as this is usually done in our state, so as to give our officials at least two years in office, as we elect every year. Next year Lieutenant Governor Crane may succeed Governor Wolcott, and Speaker Bates may be made lieutenant governor. Mr. Crane and Mr. Bates are both popular. "In my district William E. Barrett, the editor of the Boston Advertiser and Record, who now represents it in congress for the second term, declined a renomination about three months ago, when the way clear for some other republican. The newspapers have had something to say about myself as a candidate for Mr. Barrett's seat, and I may decide to run."

Like Fitzgerald's district that represented by Mr. Barrett is a Boston district, but entirely of another political complexion. Mr. Barrett received 22,755 votes, against 10,650 for his democratic opponent, Philip J. Doherty.

The state vote cast last year for Lieutenant Governor Crane, Treasurer Shaw and Auditor Kimball ran about 154,960, against 74,900 for the democratic opponent. The appropriation made by Massachusetts to cover the expenses of this official trip was \$5,000.

"We have had a most enjoyable trip," said Lieutenant Governor Crane at the Millard last evening, after coming in from a drive over the city. "I am sure we will carry back with us some good impressions of your wide awake and progressive western country. I have not been out to the exposition yet, but those of our party who have say they are surprised beyond measure. I expect to see it all in a while here."

"The fame of the Trans-Mississippi Exposition has spread all over the east, and I believe that you will see thousands here from New England before it closes. To come here in person and see the progress made on this side of the great Father of Waters is to most of us a revelation, indeed. It is life and push everywhere."

BIG SUNDAY CROWD

(Continued from First Page.)

cause he spoke in the interest of common humanity and touched a chord of common sympathy in the hearts of all present.

The speaker told of several other representatives of foreign lands whose appearance in the exposition was a revelation to which they gave utterance when it came time for them to deliver the message they had brought, drawing lessons from all of these incidents.

In summing up he declared that these representatives came to the parliament free of the shackles of the past, and brought simply the naked truth which stood out with startling force. He declared that when the preachers and missionaries learn to leave behind them their impedimenta and go to foreign lands in light of the message of the gospel, they will find the same success as the sermon on the Mount, and the life of the prodigal son, and others of a like nature, thousands will be found ready to receive the light of the gospel.

In closing Rev. Mr. Jones said he hoped to come to Omaha again in the fall to attend the meeting of the liberal christian religions, and he expressed the belief that the congress will do much to prolong the influence of the Parliament of Religions.

After the singing of "America" by the entire congregation the benediction was pronounced by Rev. Dr. Thomas.

MINERAL EXHIBIT IS ATTRACTIVE

Showing by New Mexico is a Surprise to Most Visitors.

The New Mexico exhibit is the first feature to attract the attention of visitors to the Mines building at the exposition. It is the largest mineral collection in the building and in many respects it is a revelation to thousands of people who were not previously aware of the extensive mineral resources of that yet unexplored territory. The exhibit is a complete study of the various formations and varieties.

For instance the gold specimens show the metal in the forms known as wire, nugget, scale, dust and flour, as well as in the form of rocks and in its combinations with other ores. The silver specimens embrace so many formations that they excite the wonderment of the observer at the marvelous work of nature. Here are seen the wire silver, flake, nugget, horse, chlorides, sulphides, sulphates, sulphates, bromides and numerous other forms besides the formations in which the silver is blended with the lead, iron, zinc and other ores.

Next to these are shown the copper ores and in beauty and variety of formation these include any other form of ore formation, the richness of coloring and the fine, delicate crystallizations of the malachites, azurites and cuprites form a study worthy of an artist's pencil, and command the unstinted admiration of the visitor. The copper exhibit also offers a wide field of study for the geologist, and the mineralogist, and the collector of native, wire and sheet copper, as well as the lovely pyrites, oxides and various other forms.

The lead ores also constitute an interesting study on account of the variety of the minerals exhibited. They include the sulphides, sulphides, wolframites, carbonates and various other forms and crystallizations. Then comes an exhibit of iron ores that shows a similar variety of formations, and a case of mixed ores which include specimens of zinc, tin, aluminum, platinum, manganese, wolframite, sulphur, phosphates and other species.

One of the most interesting features to the general visitor is the extensive exhibit of gems and precious stones. These specimens include turquoise, rubies, emeralds, garnets, agates, opals, topaz and a score of other and less familiar varieties. These colors comprise the center group on the main aisle, but at the side are a large number of additional cases which contain large quantities of native silver, copper, lead, zinc and iron ores, as well as coal and coke. These are also supplemented by a large exhibit of building stones, fire clays and marbles.

In addition to the purely mineral features the exhibit contains a number of interesting curios scattered through the exhibit. One is the historic old bell of New Mexico, which was cast in 1578. It swung peacefully in a church belfry until 1680, when the church was destroyed by the Indians, and in 1741 it was dug out of the ruins of the old Spanish city of Granada, Quivira. It was then taken to the San Miguel church at Socorro, which was also destroyed by the Indians and the inhabitants driven out of the country. The town was resettled in 1806 and the old bell was again resurrected. The bell weighs 461 pounds and is composed of gold, silver and copper melted together. It bears the distinction of having been the first bell to ring on the American continent.

Another remarkable curiosity is an old bottle that is alleged to be 512 years old. It was made in 1387 and was used by the Spaniards as a means of conveying important documents. It was twice sent to Rome by its owners and brought back filled with holy water for the baptism of their children, and it is said to be the oldest bottle in existence.

Other relics of the same character are shown, including an old compass, a mad-

RUSHING THROUGH TO HAWAII

Minister Hatch and Party Are Pleased with Annexion

THEY MAKE A HARD AND LONG CONTEST

Predict that in a Few Years the People of This Country Will Rejoice Over the Action About to be Announced.

A number of Hawaiian nobles spent a short time in Omaha yesterday morning. Being in a hurry to catch the next steamer for their adopted land they could not stop off to visit the exposition, although they were urged to do so by Major T. S. Clark, who was at the train to meet them.

In the party were Francis M. Hatch, minister of Hawaii to the United States; Lorin A. Thurston, president of the Hawaiian Annexation club; James A. Waterhouse, a prominent member of the Hawaiian senate; and Mrs. Waterhouse; James B. Castle, proprietor of the Honolulu Advertiser and secretary to Minister Hatch; Robert W. Shingle, Hawaii's commissioner to the exposition and editor of the Honolulu Star; and A. L. C. Atkinson. The two latter joined the party in this city. Mr. Shingle accompanied them a short distance westward. Mr. Atkinson is going to locate permanently in Hawaii.

The party left Washington immediately after the passage of the annexation bill by congress and came in from Chicago on the Northwestern-Union Pacific Overland Limited train. They will sail from San Francisco on Wednesday morning for their homes in the new territory.

That all of the visitors were in good spirits was not hard to discern. They had hard work to keep from smiling with glee every time the annexation of their island to this country was mentioned. As Commissioner Shingle had not met some of the others since the act of congress that means so much to them, he had quite a ratiocination meeting with them over the event, and the old ad ad station employes rubbed their eyes to see if they were not hugging each other with intense delight.

IN CAMP AT CHICKAMAUGA

Doings of the Nebraska Boys at Their Rendezvous 'Way Down in Dixie Land.

CHICKAMAUGA, Ga., July 7.—(Special Correspondence.)—The trial of Private M. A. Maher of the Second Nebraska Infantry, which has been wide-spread attention owing to the fact that Mr. Maher is a colonel on the staff of Governor Holcomb of Nebraska, is at last at an end and the accused has been released from the guard house and restored to his duties as a soldier. The trial, which was recommended by the military commission, following is an extract of a review of the case from division headquarters.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST DIVISION, THIRD CORPS, CHICKAMAUGA PAICK, GA., July 4, 1888.—Private John G. Maher, of the Second Nebraska Infantry, was tried by a general court-martial, convened at the headquarters camp of the First brigade, First division, Third corps, and found guilty of the crime of desertion, in violation of the second article of war, by failing and refusing to obey the order of a commissioned officer, was sentenced to be publicly reprimanded on parade by the commanding officer of said regiment.

The proceedings in this case were so carefully prepared, so fraught with error, and so defective in every particular, that the methods, usages and customs of court-martial procedure, that it would be impossible to point out the errors in detail. Repeatedly the proceedings fell to show that the court was cleared for deliberation, or that the accused and the judge advocate were withdrawn in passing upon objections of counsel, and the presumption from record is that the court was never cleared, and in some instances the objections of the accused were not leniently considered. Record of the exact time of adjournment in some places was omitted and one officer who had been excused from sitting as a member on the trial appears afterward to have been present and participated in the proceedings. In its findings the court omitted to designate the accused by name and the sentence of reprimand of an enlisted soldier, adjudged in this case, is most unusual and irregular. The evidence in this case showed beyond doubt willful and deliberate disobedience of orders on the part of the accused, and inasmuch as the charge was to the specification and charge, it was the imperative duty of the court, under its sworn obligations, to determine the case created by the facts.

By command of Brigadier General Grant. Captain and A. A. C. U. S. V., Adjutant General.

The court which tried the case has been dissolved. An order to that effect was issued from division headquarters on Tuesday. Private Maher was released from the guard house Tuesday night and was soon surrounded and congratulated by friends, including many officers of the regiment. He has had the warmest sympathy of the regiment.

First Lieutenant Howard F. Jeffrey of the Second Nebraska has been appointed a member of the court-martial of the Second brigade, First division, Third corps.

Lieutenant Colonel Olsen left Tuesday night for Stanton, Ind., having received word that his wife had been seriously injured in a runaway. One of her arms, it is thought, will have to be amputated. Mrs. Olsen and her daughter are visiting relatives in Iowa.

Corporal Charles T. Lee of company C has been found discharged of company C. The application for his discharge passed through numerous headquarters and came out literally covered with endorsements.

The band returned yesterday from Chattanooga after an absence of three days. This band is a laud-winning organization. The regiment now numbers 1,159 men, and has not yet received its full number of recruits.

Major R. E. Griffin of Lincoln has arrived at the park to accept a position as surgeon in the army.

Private William Barnum of company C, who has been sick in the division hospital, has returned to the regiment, almost recovered.

Major Mapes, one of the most popular officers of the regiment, is in command during the absence of Lieutenant Colonel Olsen.

Thanks of the Soldiers.

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Happy Over the Result.

In speaking of the new condition Mr. Thurston said: "We are happy over the annexation of Hawaii. That about sums up the matter up in a nutshell. We have worked hard to bring about this event, and have reason to rejoice at its final accomplishment. It means much to us, but it means a great deal to the people of Hawaii."

Of the Hawaiian commission just appointed he said: "It couldn't be improved upon. President McKinley has selected a set of very able men for the commission, and we are satisfied they will treat us fairly. The commission will be in the territory in a few days. It is understood they will start for Hawaii with their own outfit, and will get down to work soon. We anticipate no hitch in the annexation program. The provisions of the resolution will be carried out without delay."

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When hostilities are opened by the bombardment of great things are expected from the navy. Admiral Sampson is quoted as saying he will drop one shell into the city every five minutes and if that is not sufficient he will drop one into the city every two minutes. This fire, in addition to that of the army, will turn it into a inferno. The Spanish fleet has moved the Twentieth Infantry to the side of the ravine nearest Santiago and placed the Third Infantry, which with the Twentieth forms his brigade, at right angles to the line of the Twentieth. The bulk of his line, which is the extreme left of the American army, is about opposite the upper end of the Santiago harbor and from four to six miles from the coast line.

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World's Theater at Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 10.—Fire tonight, which originated mysteriously in a stable in the rear of the World theater, soon destroyed the theater and from there rapidly communicated to adjoining buildings. In a short while the entire section fronting on the lower side of Federal street to the Boyle block and in the rear to almost Baltimore street was in ruins. While the fire was large the loss was not exceed \$175,000. The buildings were small frame structures. The insurance will probably reach two-thirds of the loss.

Hotel St. Joseph.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., July 10.—Hotel St. Joseph was destroyed by fire tonight. Of the forty guests and employes in the building all escaped alive except A. A. Benson of Loganport, Ind. Benson was an employee and lost his life while trying to save books from the office. The hotel had 200 rooms and was owned by J. A. Graham of the Graham & Morton transportation company. Loss, \$13,000; insurance, \$17,500.

Big Fire in Allegheny.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 10.—A large fire is raging in Allegheny. The World's theater, Delp & Bell's furniture warehouse and a dozen smaller buildings are in flames and will be destroyed. The loss will be heavy.

PENNSIONS FOR WESTERN VETERANS.

Survivors of Late War Remembered by the General Government.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—(Special.)—Pensions for late war veterans have been issued as follows: Nebraska: Additional—Michael Fague, South Sioux City, \$5 to \$12; Henry Wheeler, Western, \$4 to \$12; Increase—Eud Hall, Cornwell, \$12 to \$30; Isaac Underhill, Cornwell, \$12 to \$24; John Lett, Benedict, \$10 to \$12; Original—John Newman, Dubuque, Iowa, \$10; Daniel M. Burnett, Goldfield, \$10; Charles H. Wigton, Des Moines, \$8; Veleva A. Bryant, Stone Lake, \$8; Increase—Norman J. Deaton, Alorton, \$14 to \$17; Michael Coleman, Montrose, \$12 to \$17; Andrew P. Johnson, Muscatine, \$12 to \$14; Reissue—Ephraim M. Reynolds, Centerville, \$12 to \$14; Original—Widow, etc.—Martha Botsford, Marysville, \$8. South Dakota: Increase—Arnold Davis, Canning, \$12 to \$16.

Revenue Stamp on Cheating Gam.

Collector Houze says: "A large supply of proprietary stamps of denunciations required upon cheating gam have been received at the revenue office in Omaha and as there is now no reason why all parties should not have their gam properly stamped and as required by the war revenue law revenue officers have been instructed to see that the law in this respect is strictly enforced."

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CENTRAL CITY, S. D., July 10.—(Special.)—The following officers have been installed in the Knights of Pythias lodge of this city: J. P. Jones, C. C.; J. F. Payler, V. C.; Henry Sarton, P.; Thomas Goodman, M. A.; Daniel Collins, I. G.; Tom O'Connor, O. G.; John Welmarth, M. W.

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ALL READY FOR THE BATTLE

American Forces Are in Excellent Position and Prepared to Enrich a Warm Time for the Enemy.

(Copyright, 1898, by Associated Press.)

BEFORE SANTIAGO, July 9.—(Per Associated Press Dispatch Boat Wanda, via Kingston, Jamaica, July 10.)—Everything on the firing line is now ready for the commencement of hostilities. The dynamite gun, which has been in position for some time, is now in better working order than at the time of the battle of San Juan and it is predicted that its charges, consisting of twenty pounds of gun cotton and gelatine, will open havoc in the Spanish trenches when used.

Twelve mortars in one battery are mounted and ready for use and they are relied on to do effective work in shelling the city. Three batteries of artillery are now posted on El Paso ridge, 2,400 yards from the town, and the Capron and Grimes batteries are 1,500 yards to the north of the road in the rear of General Lawton's division. In firing the light batteries will shell the town over our own soldiers' heads, but the artillery officers say it can be done safely.

The dynamite gun has been so placed that it will be able to enfilade several of the Spanish lines. On the other hand during the truce, which so far as regards the continuing of preparations for defense has been no truce whatever, the Spaniards have not been idle, they have been mounting guns and some of these are of much heavier caliber than the Americans. Some are of antiquated pattern and not capable of much damage, but others are different and capable of excellent work. One 7-inch gun, which had so perfect a range during the battle of San Juan, has been located with especial care by the American gunners, and it will be the recipient of much attention when hostilities reopen.

General Bates' division, which holds the extreme left of the line of the Twentieth, has moved forward today to a new position 400 yards in advance of its former line. It has, since the battle of San Juan, been planted along the edge of a precipitous ravine, the walls of which are about eighty feet high. This ravine is about 700 yards long and about 400 wide.

General Bates has moved the Twentieth Infantry to the side of the ravine nearest Santiago and placed the Third Infantry, which with the Twentieth forms his brigade, at right angles to the line of the Twentieth. The bulk of his line, which is the extreme left of the American army, is about opposite the upper end of the Santiago harbor and from four to six miles from the coast line.

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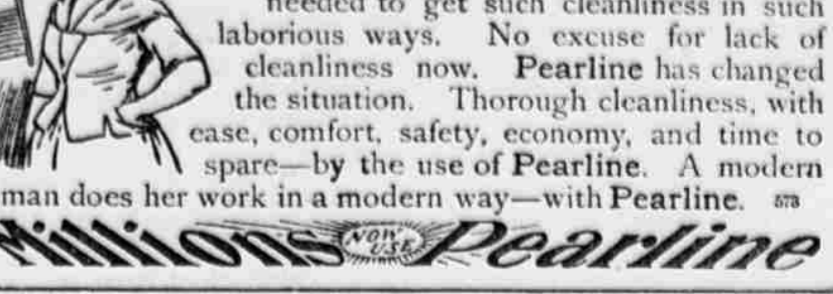
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Ancestral Cleanliness.

Proverbial for its thoroughness, Pearl-line users admire the pluck that a woman needed to get such cleanliness in such laborious ways. No excuse for lack of cleanliness now. Pearl-line has changed the situation. Thorough cleanliness, with ease, comfort, safety, economy, and time to spare—by the use of Pearl-line. A modern woman does her work in a modern way—with Pearl-line.



BIG DAY FOR ENDEAVORERS

They Hold Many Enthusiastic Meetings During Sunday.

COMMANDER BOOTH-TUCKER SPEAKS

Throughout All the Services the Spirit of President McKinley's Proclamation is Observed in a Sincere Manner.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., July 10.—The religious services of President McKinley in the homes of worship and return thanks for the success attending the army and navy of the United States was fully complied with in this city today, notably so because the pulpits of nearly every church this morning and evening was occupied by a prominent Christian Endeavor minister.

From the early morning prayer meeting to the last service tonight, permeating the most serious and brief addresses, was the sentiment of devout