FROM THE FARTHER WEST

MINING IN THE BLACK HILLS

New Districts Are Proving to Be Wonderfully Rich.

DEMONSTRATED VALUE OF THEIR VEINS

Refractory Ores Which Were Formerly Considered Valueless Now Being Worked at a Good Profit.

HURON, S. D. Dec. 8.—(Special.)—Hon. R. B. Hughes, surveyor general for South Dakota, returned from a visit to Deadwood and the Black Hills a day or two since and in conversation with a number of gentlemen relative to the wave of prosperity that is said to have come to that section stated that the reports are true, but the half has not been told. "Few people have an adequate idea of what is being done in the mining districts of the Black Hills," said he, and then continued:

"Yes, prosperity has reached the Black Hills, at least, whether its beneficent influence has been felt throughout the country or not. And, so far as the Hills section is concerned, it has come to stay and to increase. Outside of the Cripple Creek district in Colorado there is not a district anywhere in the world of like area that is producing the quantity of gold, month after month, that is produced in Lawrence county, South Dakota. The great Homestake mine, which has been for a considerable number of years the largest gold-producing property in the world, recently increased its monthly output very materially by the addition of a hundred stamps to its milling capacity and the completion of one of the finest hoisting plants ever built. And yet these facts were stated in a newspaper paragraph of a few lines. An increase of hundreds of thousands of dollars annually to the bullion output of a single mining corporation in the Hills is briefly mentioned, while newspaper columns are devoted to the discovery of a 'prospect' in Colorado, Arizona, Alaska, or South Africa.

"A few years ago it was believed that the Homestake mine and its immediate vicinity embraced all that was profitable in free milling ores. At present considerable depth has been attained on mines of free-milling and concentrating ores fifty miles distant and milling operations continuously conducted upon such ores are turning out evidence—in the way of bullion—as to their value that cannot be disputed. While a considerable number of such mines can be named I will confine myself to the mention of one which will do very well as a type, though its success has been more marked than that of any other in its vicinity.

HOLY TERROR MINE.

"The Holy Terror is located in the southern part of Pennington county. When phenomenally rich ore was encountered on the Holy Terror ground many miners expressed the opinion that it would "pinch out" if an attempt were made to follow it downward. But the gentleman who purchased the ground from the prospector was not of this opinion. After incorporating, one assessment of 5 cents per share was levied and the work of demonstrating whether the Holy Terror was to prove a mine or a mere 'pocket' commenced in earnest. The incorporation had been made with 300,000 shares of stock at a par value of $1 per share. Sanguine, indeed, would he have been considered who would have then predicted that the stock would sell at par on the market within a year and yet today it would be impossible to procure 100 shares at a 50 per cent advance above par. The main shaft has reached a depth of 550 feet and that the mine has greatly improved with depth is unquestioned. In September of this year the directors declared their first dividend of 3 cents per share, or $9,000, and that has been followed by another of the same amount in October and a third in November and stockholders have just received checks for the fourth dividend of $9,000 this month. There is no reason to expect a less return per month for the future. Indeed, an increase in the dividend would be less surprising. Eight months ago a considerable block of the stock sold at 15 cents per share. Four months ago a block brought 35 cents, and now that the mine is paying 36 per cent a year upon the par value of the stock it is not wonderful that sellers are hard to find.

"Much credit is due the management of the Holy Terror. This management has rested mainly in the hands of John J. Fayel, a man young in years, but of a valuable mining experience. To his caution and good judgment the stockholders are indebted. He has not only done a good work for them, but for the entire central and southern hills as well, in proving that the rich, narrow veins do extend downward to a great depth and can be made very profitable.

"The Keystone property, adjoining the Holy Terror, has a large body of ore, is a free milling and concentrating proposition, and will, in my opinion, develop into a great mine. That there are many others in this district destined to become important gold producers cannot be doubted.

"In a new district lying practically midway between the Keystone and the great ore bodies of the northern Hills some vast bodies of free milling and concentrating ores have been penetrated to a depth to prove permanence and reports upon them by such well known mining men as Major A. J. Simmons and Samuel Scott are exceedingly favorable.

TREATING REFRACTORY ORES.

"So much for the ores that are comparatively free. But just at present the principal interest centers in the silicious ore districts of Lawrence county. The development of these districts has been wonderfully accelerated by the introduction of plants in which the ore may be treated. Briefly, five years ago the output of gold from the silicious ore was inconsiderable. During the year 1896, to quote from the addresses of Prof. Frank Clemes Smith, then occupying the chair of metallurgy and chemistry in the State School of Mines, but now superintendent of the Golden Reward Mining company, delivered before the American Institute of Mining Engineers at the Lake Superior meeting, July, 1897, silicious ores in the following quantities were treated:

	Tons.
D. and D. Smelting Co.	65,700
Golden Reward Co. (chlorination)	29,000
Kildonan Milling Co. (chlorination)	56,000
Black Hills G. and E. Co. (cyanide)	6,500
Shipped outside, about	4,800
Total	152,000

"While it is impossible to state exactly the average value of this ore per ton, it is known that much of it will run from $50 to $100 or upward, while none can be handled in the smelter that will not pay a reduction charge of $9 or $9.50 per ton in addition to cost of mining and transportation. Certainly it is safe to place the average value per ton at $25, which would give as the production of the 152,000 tons treated in 1896 $3,800,000. This is from silicious ores alone, which a few years ago yielded nothing.

"But what is most significant as to the future of the country is the manner in which the areas known to bear these silicious ores are being extended. A short time ago it was believed that such ores of value were confined particularly to Bald Mountain and Ruby Basin districts. Now not only have discoveries of good ore been made farther out in every direction but the newly opened mines are sending in their ores to the reduction works. Deadwood, which was considered to lie outside the valuable ore-producing area, is now well within it and may reasonably be expected to become one of the greatest centers of ore reduction and gold production in the world."

OREGON SHOWER OF LIGHTNING.

Strange Freak Which Injured a Number of People.

Mrs. George Buchanan was recently struck by lightning, at the Buchanan station, near Harney City, Ore., says the Vale Advocate. The Advocate learns that not only was that lady struck, but also her husband, Mr. and Mrs. Joe Buchanan, Miss Hattie Bunyard and Sam Graves were all more or less injured or shocked at the same moment, though they were on different parts of the ranch at the time. A canary bird in its cage in the house was killed, its eyeballs being forced from the sockets, adding another peculiarity to this phenomenal freak of the elements. Mrs. Buchanan has almost recovered, though the hair was burned from the crown and back of the head, and the electric current passed entirely around her body before making its exit through her shoe, leaving her body severely burned. Joe Buchanan had a hole burned through his hat, Sam Graves was knocked from his wagon seat and rendered semi-conscious for some time; George Buchanan was knocked down and stunned, and Mrs. Joe Buchanan and Miss Bunyard, who were in the house where the bird was killed, escaped with a severe electric shock—all occurring at the same exact instant and at several widely separated points. There appears to be no doubt that this descent of electricity came in the form of a shower and covered an area of some forty acres.

Oregon News Notes.

The Northern Pacific Horseman's association met in Portland yesterday.

The Columbia Southern has shipped 415 cars of wheat from Wasco, which is about a third of the crop for export.

John E. Pelton has in Ashland 200 head of cattle, that he recently bought in the upper end of the Rogue river valley.

Albert and Edward Geiser brought in $17,500 to Baker City from their Bonanza mine, the result of twenty-seven days' run.

Messrs. Lafferty and Whitlow tramped through the snow of the Blue mountains recently and brought back two deer and a bear.

The Moro Observer says that everybody is delighted with the success of the Columbia Southern railway, a little road in Sherman county.

J. Swank, who was mistaken for a deer and shot recently, while hunting in Linn county, is in a critical condition and there is much fear that he will not recover.

J. B. Parker, who lives near Independence, in Polk county, has been experimenting with tobacco culture, and has been so successful that cigars made with tobacco grown by him are said to be as good as the average cigar smoked in Oregon.

Charles Tompkins, who has been trapping and hunting at the head of Red Blanket creek, was recently lost in the mountains while returning from a trip to Fort Klamath. He wandered for four days and a half in the snow on the summit of the Cascades without food or shelter, and was almost starved and exhausted last Wednesday, when he found shelter at the ranch of S. Aiken, in Jackson county.

There have been shipped from Medford station this season thus far about forty carloads of apples, and there remain to be shipped yet twenty carloads more of merchantable apples. This includes fruit hauled from the Applegate and surrounding country. Two carloads of dried fruits of different varieties have been shipped eastward from that station, too, and about eight carloads more remain to be shipped.

The total shipments from Sheridan for the three months ending November 30 were as follows: Sixty-four cars of wheat, forty-eight of wood, thirty-five of clay, nine of flour, five of hops, one of feed, one of prunes, one of sheep and two of mixed freight. Total, 172 cars. In addition to this a large amount of butter, cheese, poultry, eggs, pork, veal, fish, hides and fruit have been shipped by way freight during this period.

In Snake river precinct, Malheur county, one day last week, D. Kerfoot, an Idaho sheriff, came over from Washington county with a party of Weiser sportsmen to hunt coyotes with greyhounds. In the willows along the river the dogs started a gray wolf, and upon overtaking him a terrific fight ensued. Just as the party of hunters rode up to take a hand, the burly gray ruffian completed his job of whipping the whole pack of hounds, and made his escape. Upon examination, it was found that a foot of one of the greyhounds had been bitten off by the wolf during the fracas.

WYOMING MARRIAGES LEGAL.

Colorado Court Sustains a Case Involving Curious Complications.

DENVER, Dec. 8.—(Special.)—In an opinion rendered by Judge Butler yesterday in the case of Elizabeth B. Eickhoff against Charles A. Eickhoff, the injunction rendered against the defendant was allowed to stand. The decision rules on Wyoming marriages. Mrs. Eickhoff was divorced from A. B. Malsby last February in this county. She married Eickhoff a few weeks later in Wyoming, and then ensued domestic unpleasantness which resulted in her obtaining an injunction against her husband preventing him from disposing of his property until her complaint for divorce could be passed upon. The husband sought to have this dissolved on the ground that she had married him within a year from the divorce, thereby violating the Colorado statutes, which prohibit marriages within that time after a divorce has been granted either party. Judge Butler's opinion holds that Wyoming marriages are legal even if one of the contracting parties has been divorced in this state less than a year before.

California's Golden Jubilee.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Dec. 8.—(Special.)—Preparations being made here for the celebration of the golden jubilee of the discovery of gold in California are now well under way and there is no doubt of the success of the jubilee. All the pioneers who were here before the discovery of gold will be specially invited, including John Bidwell and Moses Schillersberger of the Donner party, Colonel William A. Mendenhall and several others. The parade will be illustrative of California's history from the early days and the floats will represent the old Franciscan missions, the Spanish occupation and the American conquest, the discovery of gold and the great development of the state. Among the curiosities that will appear in the parade are three old "prairie schooners," now in Sutter's Fort, the original flag of Stevenson's regiment and the bear flag which was hoisted in Sonoma county and led to the American conquest.

No Divorces for the Canucks.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Dec. 7.—Hon. Theodore Davie, as chief justice of British Columbia, refused to confirm a divorce granted a Mrs. Mathews in Victoria by the high court some six months since. The chief justice holds, contrary to the views of several of his colleagues, that the British Columbian courts have no power to grant divorces under the English divorce act, but that applications for divorce in British Columbia must, like those in other provinces of Canada, come before the Dominion Senate. The chief justice's decision has caused some sensation here, as, although divorces are rare in British Columbia, they have been granted of recent years in about a dozen cases, in which the chief justice's present contention raises doubt as to the validity of the proceedings.

Montana Land Office Business.

HELENA, Mont., Dec. 8.—(Special.)—The business of the Montana state land office showed a remarkable growth for the fiscal year of 1897 over previous years. During the year $102,806 was collected by the land department, principally from sales, and rentals of $60,117 more than for 1896, which was the banner year in the history of the department. Total receipts from all sources in the state for 1897 were $532,913, as compared with $474,864 for 1896.

TWO MEN KILLED IN AN EXPLOSION.

Little is Known of the Unfortunates Except Their Names.

GEM, Idaho, Dec. 8.—An explosion in the Helena-Frisco mine this morning instantly killed Joseph McNamara and Joseph C. Bowes. The accident happened just before coming off shift, and left no living witnesses. Both men were frightfully mangled, one being entirely unrecognizable, and the other had only one side of his face left intact. Nothing could be learned regarding their antecedents. Bowes is said to have a wife in San Francisco. McNamara is a native of New York, but nothing is known of his relatives. Both were young men, 25 years or under.

Preacher May Go East.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, Dec. 8.—(Special.)—It is rumored that Rev. Adelbert L. Hudson, pastor of the Unitarian church, will soon resign to accept a call to a church in Buffalo, N. Y. He will go to Chicago for a time to fill the pulpit in Robert Collyer's old church and it is then stated that he will go to Buffalo. Mr. Hudson was formerly a leading lawyer of Sioux City, Ia., and has been here about two years.

ARIZONA WILL PAY OFF ITS DEBT.

Arranges to Sell Bonds to Eastern Capitalists.

PHOENIX, Ariz., Dec. 8.—An arrangement was entered into today between the Territorial Loan commission and Frank M. Murphy, president of the Santa Fe, Prescott & Phoenix railroad, representing eastern clients, whereby the outstanding balance of the territorial floating debt is to be lifted by the purchase of $258,000 in territorial 5 per cent bonds running fifty years. The purchasers, though yet unnamed, are known to be connected with the Illinois Trust company of Chicago. The price secured for the bonds is par and several thousand dollars in accrued interest.

Mines in Yellowstone Park.

LIVINGSTON, Mont., Dec. 8.—(Special.)—A recent decision of the Interior department will result in the closing of some valuable mines in the Crevasse district, which are declared to be within the limits of the national park. Superintendent Young has notified the mine operators that they must get out before June 1. These mines were located about twelve years ago, and while they were known to be near the north boundary line of the park, it was always considered that they were outside. Last winter a new survey of the boundary line was made under the direction of Captain Anderson, who relocated the line one-half mile farther north than before. The new line includes some valuable mining property on Crevasse mountain.

Montana Mining Deal.

HELENA, Mont., Dec. 8.—It is reported here that the Bimetallic Mining company has bought the Elizabeth mine, formerly known as the West Granite, at Phillipsburg. The latter mine was sold out at a trustee's sale about a year ago for $30,000, the purchaser being A. Mr. Dickinson, and it is from him that the Bimetallic company is said to have bought the property. The consideration is not stated. It is also reported that the Bimetallic mine will soon begin operations.

Teaching the Wyoming Indians.

FORT WASHAKIE, Wyo., Dec. 8.—(Special.)—W. P. Campbell, superintendent of the Indian school here, has made a very favorable report to the government on the work done the past year. The enrollment was 204, an increase of 69 over the previous year, the girls numbering 90, the boys 114. The average are of pupils was 11 years. The number could be increased if the quipment could be enlarged to accommodate more pupils, as the Indians are anxious to have their children attend. An effort has been made to have all the conversation of the pupils carried on in English and all of the employes have been forbidden to converse in Indian. The school has a fenced farm of 600 acres, part of which is cultivated by the Indian boys. A crop of eleven acres of oats and seventeen acres of potatoes and other vegetables has been harvested this year. In addition to their studies the boys are taught forming and various trades, and the girls sewing and cooking. The advance made by the pupils is surprising and the friends of the Indian school system are much encouraged at the results obtained.

Wyoming News Notes.

The Otto people in the Big Horn basin are working for a free reading room.

Wyoming feeble minded children will hereafter be sent to a private institution in Pueblo, Colo.

On account of the continued illness of Chief Justice Conway the supreme court has adjourned to December 15.

A valuable quarry of building rock near Thermopolis is being utilized in the construction of substantial structures in that town.

A Casper ranchman claims to have discovered a way of keeping wolves away from cattle. He puts bells on cattle and finds it effective and cheaper than furnishing loin steak for the wolves.

Cheyenne Tribune: "If I was looking for a place to engage in the cattle business," said State Engineer Mead, "I would go to Jackson's Hole, Wyo. If I was seeking recreation and pleasure I would go to the same place. I have seldom, if ever, visited a new country which impressed me as favorably as did this valley. The beauty of its scenery must be seen to be understood. The Teton mountains, with Jackson lake at their base, is a landscape which, to look at, makes an event in one's life."

It is easy to catch a cold and just as easy to get rid of it if you commence early to use One Minute Cough Cure. It cures coughs, colds, bronchitis, pneumonia and all throat and lung troubles. It is pleasant to take, safe to use and sure to cure.

PENSIONS FOR WESTERN VETERANS.

Survivors of Late War Remembered by the General Government.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—(Special.)—Pensions have been issued as follows:

Issue of November 29, 1897:

Nebraska: Additional—John M. Raper, Shubert. Increase—Leonard M. Johnson, Bradshaw; Benjamin Crabb, York. Original widow, etc.—Emily W. Thurston, Hyannis.

Iowa: Original—John Mailing, Davenport; Leander Lane, Davenport. Restoration and increase—Andrew Jack (deceased), Ridgedale. Increase—Hugh L. W. Goss, Council Bluffs; John H. Keller, Mt. Pleasant; Hiram J. Alvis, Montrose. Original widow, etc.—Marie Behrens, Davenport; Cordelia Dyer, Jamestown. Reissue—Mary E. Grice, Minburn; Lucinda E Worrall, Solon.

Colorado: Original—Arthur C. Humphrey, Denver; John Lee, La Junta; Thomas A. Campbell, Denver.

South Dakota: Original—Frederick Hanryot, Hot Springs. Increase—Enoch Patterson, Huron; Orson D. Nims, Canton.

Montana: Increase—Allen D. Sutherland, Evans.

WEEKLY PACKING HOUSE OUTPUT.

Offerings of Hogs Large and Western Killings Liberal.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 8.—(Special Telegram.)—Price Current says: Offerings of hogs have been large and western killings the past week 585,000 compared with 495,000 the preceding week, and 535,000 last year, making a total of 2,545,000 since November 1, against 1,195,000 a year ago. Prominent places compare as follows:

City.	1897.	1896.
Chicago	905,000	660,000
Kansas City	305,000	260,000
Omaha	150,000	118,000
St. Louis	172,000	125,000
Indianapolis	146,000	96,000
Cincinnati	88,000	83,000
Milwaukee	165,000	67,000
Cleveland	52,000	50,000
Ottumwa	71,000	32,000
Cedar Rapids	45,000	40,000
Sioux City	41,000	27,000
St. Joseph	45,000	20,000

TOILET AND BATH

requirements are perfectly met in Wool Soap.

There may be more expensive soaps, but none better. *It is absolutely pure.* For the bath it is pleasant, soothing and delightful.

There's only one soap that won't shrink woolens. You must choose between no soap and

WOOL SOAP

MILLER'S MARVELOUS PACE

Making a New Record Every Hour He Remains Astride His Wheel.

HAS A COMFORTABLE LEAD IN THE RACE

Interest in the Contest Grows Hourly, and the Riders Give Frequent Exhibitions of Wonderful Speed.

NEW YORK, Dec. 9.—At midnight the indomitable riders were still pedalling their way, lap after lap, around the high-banked floor of Madison Square Garden. From midnight to midnight Miller had put more than 350 miles behind him. This marvelous record on the third day of the race carried him along to a total of more than 1,200 miles in seventy-one hours, 139 miles ahead of the former record. During this weary journey Miller has left the track but for a few hours. With the exception, perhaps, of Stephane, the Frenchman, Miller, up to late in the afternoon, had had less sleep than any man on the track, and, notwithstanding this, is seemingly in as good condition as he was yesterday, when experts claimed that he and Rice, the Wilkesbarre coal miner, were in the best shape of all the riders.

The next man to Miller at the present time is Rice, and he is something more than fifty miles behind, but he is strong and seems to have the same determination that carried him almost to the front in the big race of last year.

HALE IS MOVING UP.

Last year's champion, Teddy Hale, whose great ride then promises to be far outdone this year, is now making up ground. He is almost 175 miles behind the leader, but, nevertheless, he has crept up from tenth place, which he held last night, to eighth place, and is certain to go much higher before the end is reached.

After sixty hours of what seemed to Americans to be the fiercest kind of rivalry, Stephane has given in to Rivierre and the latter has put more than 100 miles between himself and his fellow countryman. Indeed, Rivierre holds a dangerous place in the front rank. He is third man in the race and has a good lead on those below him.

Stephane, Rivierre's quandam rival, took the sulks tonight, which accounts for his lost ground. He disappeared from the track for a couple of hours, and even after that only rode at intervals.

Waller, who made such a wonderful record during the second day, but who, too, got stubborn, has returned to his work with renewed vigor, but he is now far behind.

At 8 o'clock Jimmy Michael, the Welch wonder, made his appearance on the track and the big crowd at once transferred its attention to him. Paced by tandems and triplets the middle distance champion wheeled a five-mile exhibition and covered the distance in 10:45.

WATCH THE ENGLISHMAN.

The man to be watched from now out is "Teddy" Hale, the champion. The "foxy" work hinted at by his friends earlier in the week is becoming apparent. From a despised "tailender" he moved up within the last twenty-four hours until at 8 o'clock tonight he had passed Pierce and forged into sixth place, with 140 miles between him and the lead.

Sprinting remains the rule on the track, and the audience that had gathered witnessed a great sprint in which Julius was well up in front. Rice pushed around at an even pace, with a sponge cocktail clinched between his teeth. Beacom was among the sprinters. Rivelre was riding alone, reeling off lap after lap in a steady, telling pace, in his effort to recover the ground he had lost. Miller dashed about with a huge bouquet, the gift of admirers, fastened to the handlebars of his machine. Elkes left the track for about ten minutes and came in for a great sprint when he returned. Miller passed a century ahead of Schoch during the sixty-ninth hour. When the results of that hour were announced, the string began another spurt with Rice in the lead. Music still inspires the men to those wonderful feats which have made this match sensational.

STEPHANE GETS CROUPY.

Billy Young is a disgusted man. Stephane has disappointed him. He was off the track for two hours and a half. He got off at 7:20 p. m. and kicked about his saddle. Young repaired it. He went about five laps and then the handlebars displeased him. Gougoltz looked after them. Then he started off again, but came back with another wail about the saddle post. "Limberjack" fixed it. "I want a shave" was his next demand. Young was staggered.

"You can ride just as well without it," Young replied.

"I want a shave," was the sullen response.

A barber was secured and after Stephane had been attended to the rider, mounting his wheel, declared that he would continue wheeling until Saturday night. Then Young grinned with delight.

Gray got back about 9 o'clock and looked fresh as a daisy. He rode in fairly decent style.

Miller's work is marvelous. He goes pumping away in a peculiar manner that is as effective as deceptive and he manages to keep fifty miles between himself and Rice, who is pushing hard to fill the gap.

Waller is making a mighty effort, but it seems a fruitless one to get back to the front. There is too much ground for him to cover and if he comes in one, two, three he will be a wonder.

The short match races last night were exceedingly interesting and did not have the suspicious appearance that characterized the performances of the previous night.

INTERESTING SIDE MATCHES.

Arthur Zimmerman rode one-third of a mile in the Garden tonight in 0:41⅘.

Harley Davidson of Canada tried to do Fred Titus in a mile scratch race. The Canadian set the pace, but Titus passed him on the first lap and held the lead all the way thereafter, although on the seventh lap Davidson came near enough to be alarming. Titus won in 2:14 4-5.

E. C. Bald gave a mile exhibition, doing the mile in 1:55⅘.

The pursuit race between Titus and Davidson was exciting. Titus overtook Davidson after a chase of fourteen laps in 3:20.

Just as the race was finished Miller rolled off his wheel asleep. He was raised from the track and in a few minutes went on again. Miller is very anxious, and later in the evening found himself locked in his stall, where he had been sleeping, dressed himself and pounded on the door until he was permitted to come out.

Michael was next announced for a five-mile exhibition, but on the first lap the valve of the rear wheel blew out and he was called off temporarily.

Edward Taylor, the French champion, then gave a two-mile exhibition, paced by Lamberjack, Gougoltz and the "Black and White Olive team." The exhibition was a fine one. Taylor's pickups were all in good style, and he made the two miles in 4:00 2-5.

Michael then got off without a mishap and made the five miles in 10:19 4-5.

The score at 11:15 p. m. was:

Name.	Miles.	Laps.	Name.	Miles.	Laps.
Miller	1,206	0	Beacom	696	8
Rice	1,131	2	Golden	988	4
Rivierre	1,124	0	Enterman	932	2
Schinneer	1,110	0	King	905	4
Moore	1,085	0	Gannon	902	6
Waller	1,060	0	Julius	855	2
Pierce	1,016	5	Gray	702	7
Hale	1,023	5	Johnson	671	5
Elkes	1,000	0	Stephane	101	0

Miller was 139 miles ahead of the record for seventy-one hours.

At 12:15 a. m. the score was:

Name.	Miles.	Laps.	Name.	Miles.	Laps.
Miller	1,219	0	Golden	1,003	6
Rice	1,161	2	Elkes	1,000	1
Rivierre	1,124	7	Enterman	942	8
Schinneer	1,124	6	King	922	1
Moore	1,086	2	Gannon	914	8
Waller	1,077	5	Julius	871	0
Pierce	1,057	7	Gray	713	4
Hale	1,031	8	Beacom	710	7
Stephane	1,024	2	Johnson	671	2

Miller was 141 miles ahead of the record for seventy-two hours.

The score at 1:15 a. m. was:

Names.	Miles.	Laps.	Names.	Miles.	Laps.
Miller	1,236	4	Golden	1,017	0
Rice	1,192	7	Elkes	1,000	1
Schinneer	1,143	8	Enterman	958	6
Rivierre	1,127	2	Gannon	923	0
Moore	1,089	4	King	922	6
Waller	1,086	2	Julius	872	5
Pierce	1,070	5	Gray	726	1
Hale	1,067	1	Beacom	718	5
Stephane	1,026	1	Johnson	671	5

Miller was 160 miles and 4 laps ahead of the record for seventy-three hours.

At 2:15 the score was:

Names.	Miles.	Laps.	Names.	Miles.	Laps.
Miller	1,255	6	Golden	1,024	5
Rice	1,190	0	Elkes	1,000	1
Schinneer	1,162	3	Enterman	987	8
Rivierre	1,145	1	King	922	6
Moore	1,115	2	Julius	873	5
Waller	1,114	5	Gannon	844	2
Pierce	1,082	0	Gray	733	6
Hale	1,073	0	Beacom	718	5
Stephane	1,035	4	Johnson	679	7

Miller was 172 miles, 6 laps ahead of the record for seventy-four hours.

EARLIER SCORES.

The bicycle score at 9:15 a. m. (fifty-seven hours) was as follows:

	Miles.	Laps.		Miles.	Laps.
Miller	996	0	Golden	817	0
G. Rivierre	941	0	Elkes	814	0
Schineer	932	0	Enterman	788	0
Rice	925	0	King	712	0
Stephane	899	0	Gannon	710	0
Moore	899	0	Julius	680	0
Pierce	881	0	Gray	576	0
Waller	867	0	Johnson	566	0
Hale	855	0	Bacon	528	0

The best previous record for the same time in a six days' race was 867 miles, made by Schock in Washington in 1896.

The score at 11:15 was as follows:

	Miles.	Laps.		Miles.	Laps.
Miller	1,028	0	Golden	844	0
Rice	971	0	Elkes	842	0
Schineer	971	0	Enterman	815	0
G. Rivierre	970	0	Gannon	743	0
Moore	928	0	King	738	0
Stephane	917	0	Julius	689	0
Pierce	911	0	Gray	589	0
Hale	890	0	Bacon	574	0
Waller	884	0	Johnson	566	0

The best previous record for fifty-nine hours was 911 miles, made by Schock at Washington in 1896.

At about 9:50 o'clock Miller completed his thousandth mile. His score at 10.15 was 1,010 miles—ninety miles better than the record at the same stage in any similar contest.

The score at 2:15 p. m. was:

	Miles.	Laps.		Miles.	Laps.
Miller	1,047	0	Elkes	884	0
Rivierre	1,025	0	Golden	879	0
Rice	1,013	0	Enterman	852	0
Schineer	1,004	0	King	797	0
Moore	975	0	Gannon	772	0
Stephane	952	0	Julius	773	0
Hale	937	0	Gray	617	0
Pierce	925	0	Johnson	600	0
Waller	920	0	Bacon	600	0

The best previous record for sixty-two hours was 948 miles, made by Schock at Washington in 1896.

Trout for Nebraska Streams.

Accompanied by Superintendent W. J. O'Brien of the Nebraska State Fish commission, car A of the commission left yesterday for a trip over the Elkhorn railroad for the purpose of carrying 10,000 trout to the streams of the state along the line of the Elkhorn railroad.

The fish that will be distributed in Nebraska waters are yearling rainbow trout, and have been obtained from Neosho, Mo. The fish will be sent through to the headwaters of the White river at Harrison, Neb. The streams in which they will be planted during the next few days are Niobrara, Long Pine creek, Plum creek, Bordeaux creek, Chadron creek and the headwaters of the White river. The 10,000 trout are regarded as a valuable acquisition to the fish supply of Nebraska waters, and were obtained from the United States Fish commission through the earnest efforts of W. L. May, state fish commissioner.

Franchises Not Transferred.

SCRANTON, Pa., Dec. 8.—The story telegraphed from Syracuse last night that the Eastern league franchises of Scranton and Wilkesbarre had been transferred to Newark and Rochester is denied here. In fact, the Scranton owners have given an option on the sale of the club to promoters of a local stock company. The matter is to be definitely settled about December 20. If the deal goes through it is possible that Thomas R. Brooks, and possibly H. P. Simpson, the active members of the present ownership, will be slightly interested in the new company.

Milwaukee Riders Suspended.

MILWAUKEE, Dec. 8.—Four of Milwaukee's fastest cyclers were today upon order of the National Racing board of the League of American Wheelmen suspended for a period of three years from participating in any bicycle races run under the sanction of the league. The riders suspended are Herbert H. Mason, Morgan S. O'Brien, Phil Nickel and John McDonald, jr. They are charged with participating in unsanctioned races at Elkhorn under assumed names, and action by the board was taken after a thorough investigation.

Horse Breeders Organize.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 8.—An important meeting of Pacific race horse men was held last night for the purpose of forming a mutual protective association of breeders. The meeting was the outcome of the expulsion of Charles Boots and his stable from the Oakland track. The committees on incorporation and legislation and bylaws were appointed. Porter Ashe and H. H. McPike, attorneys for the association, were instructed to file articles of incorporation with the secretary of state.

New Players for Montreal.

MONTREAL, Dec. 8.—The Montreal base ball club has sold Shortstop Frank Shannon to Buffalo, for Barry and a cash consideration. Genslenger and Murray of the California league have been signed and the management claims that Russell Hall, the shortstop claimed by St. Louis, will play in Montreal next season.

Englishmen Beat Canadians.

MONTREAL, Dec. 8.—Peter Latham, professional racquet champion of the world, and Percy Ashforth, erstwhile amateur champion of Great Britain, today defeated George Standing and Briggs, the Montreal professionals.

When You're "A-weary of Life"

It's your liver's fault. Anheuser-Busch's Malt-Nutrine will enlighten your speed. At all druggists.

Confesses to Aiding in Murder.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Dec. 8.—David A. Weeks, jointly accused with Charles A. Bonal of the murder of George N. Nichols of Daniels Farms, made a full confession of that crime today. Bonal is on trial and Weeks was called as a witness for the state. The confession implicates Bonal in a long list of robberies as well as in the Nichols murder and in the shooting of Mrs. Carolina Booth on April 30. In this latter crime Weeks said the shooting was done by James A. Tuttle, who has been under arrest on suspicion and who lived in the same house with Mrs. Booth.

Liabilities Over a Million.

OSHKOSH, Wis., Dec. 8.—The complete list of claims filed in the Sherry failure show over 900 creditors, with liabilities of $1,132,952. A large number of the creditors hold only the personal notes of Mr. Sherry.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

This fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

BLOOD POISON

(OR SYPHILIS)

A Written Guarantee to CURE EVERY CASE or MONEY REFUNDED.

Our cure is permanent and not a patching up. Cases treated ten years ago have never seen a symptom since. By describing your case fully we can treat you by mail, and we give the same strong guarantee to cure or refund all money. Those who find it to come here for treatment can do so and we will pay railroad fare both ways and hotel bills while here if we fail to cure. We challenge the world for a case that our **Magic Remedy** will not cure. Write for full particulars and get the evidence. We know that you are skeptical, justly so too, as the most eminent physicians have never been able to give more than temporary relief. In our ten years practice with this **Magic Remedy** it has been most difficult to overcome the prejudice against all so-called specifics. But under our strong guarantee you should not hesitate to try this remedy. You take no chance of losing your money. We guarantee to cure or refund every dollar and as we have a reputation to protect, also financial backing of **$500,000**, it is perfectly safe to all who will try the treatment. Heretofore you have been putting up and paying out your money for different treatments and although you are not yet cured no one has paid back your money. Do not waste any more money until you try us. Old, chronic, desperate cases cured in thirty to ninety days. Investigate our financial standing, our reputation as business men. Write us for names and addresses of those we have cured, who have given permission to refer to them. It costs you only postage to do this. It will save you a world of suffering from mental strain, and it may save you what may your offspring suffer through your own negligence? If your symptoms are pimples on face, sore throat, mucous patches in mouth, ulceration in boils and joints, hair falling out, eruptions on any part of the body, feeling of general depression, pains in head or bones, you have no time to waste. Those who are constantly taking mercury and potash should discontinue it. Constant use of these drugs will surely bring sores and ruling ulcers in the end. Don't fail to write. All correspondence sent sealed in plain stamped envelopes. We invite the most rigid investigation and will do all in our power to aid you in it. Address,

COOK REMEDY CO.,
1491 Masonic Temple, Chicago Ill.

EXPERIMENT WITH INDIAN WARDS.

Government Will Put Them in the Minnesota Forests.

ASHLAND, Wis., Dec. 8.—The government is about to make the experiment of making loggers out of its Indian wards on reservations in northern Minnesota. The plan, which is approved by Land Commissioner Herman, is that contracts for cutting dead and fallen timber on the White Earth and Winnibigoshis reservations will be let to the Indians themselves, and no others. The Indians must contract for the sale of the lumber at a certain price per 1,000 delivered on the bank of a lake or stream. Fifteen per cent of the sale price will be deducted for the tribe in payment for stumpage and the remainder will go to the contractor. In case the Indian has not sufficient money with which to purchase a camp outfit, provision is made for advancing the necessary amount, either by the government or the purchaser of the logs. It is expected that between 15,000,000 and 20,000,000 feet will be cut in the Winnibigoshis reservation during the coming winter, and a total of about 50,000,000 feet on that and the neighboring reservations.

Deaths of a Day.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Dec. 8.—Chief Justice Conway of the Wyoming supreme court died early this morning. He has been sick some three weeks and confined to his home with an attack of the grippe, but no one supposed that he was seriously ill. He was elected in 1890 at the first state election.

HASTINGS, Neb., Dec. 8.—(Special.)—Mrs. P. M. Griswold died yesterday after an illness of several weeks. The funeral will be held tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock from the Baptist church.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Dec. 8.—Captain George T. Walker, until a year ago inspector of steamboats and barges for the port of Philadelphia, died in this city today of heart failure. Mr. Walker came to Colorado Springs in June, 1895, on account of pulmonary troubles. He was 35 years of age. He formerly conducted one of the largest steamboat and barge businesses in Philadelphia. The remains will be taken east.

CINCINNATI,