

SOME TARIFF SURPRISES

Senate Committee Suffers Several Unexpected Reverses.

COTTON BAGGING GOES ON FREE LIST

Duty on White Pine Lumber is Reduced from Two Dollars to One Dollar Per Thousand Feet.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—The finance committee suffered several unexpected reverses during the progress of the tariff bill today, being defeated on three important votes. Cotton bagging was placed on the free list—20 to 25—and cotton ties also by a vote of 23 to 22. The duty on white pine lumber was reduced from \$2 to \$1 per thousand by a vote of 22 to 21. The amendment on pine occasioned the greatest surprise and led to a general breaking up of party lines on both sides of the chamber. During the early stages of the debate the duty on lumber was placed at \$2 after a protracted contest.

Today Mr. Teller returned to the contest and moved to place white pine lumber on the free list. This amendment was defeated by the vote of 22 to 23, four republicans—Baker, Carter, Hanbrough and Quay—joining with the democrats, while three democrats—Hacon, McHenry and Martin—voted with the republicans in the negative. Following this vote the publishers of San Francisco newspapers in publishing accounts detrimental to his (Durrant's) interests in having the tariff on lumber reduced to \$1 and without protest of law, particularly in the case of the court and prejudicing the jury against him.

As the supreme court will not sit again until October 10, the appeal can not be argued before that time.

BALANCE SHEET FOR THE MONTH RECEIPTS EXCEED EXPENDITURES BY THIRTEEN AND A HALF MILLIONS.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—The monthly comparative statement of the government receipts and expenditures shows that during the month of June the receipts from all sources amounted to \$39,584,798, and the expenditures \$25,434,649, leaving a surplus for the month of \$14,150,149. The surplus during June, 1897, was \$2,349,430. The statement shows that the government for the year closed yesterday was \$18,623,108, a reduction of \$31,821,985 since March 11 of the present year. The receipts from customs during the month of June aggregated \$2,560,177, compared with \$11,351,803 for June, 1896. The receipts from internal revenue sources during the month of June aggregated \$12,857,085, a sum compared with \$10,176,076 of about \$2,681,009 more.

SEND OUT PENSION CERTIFICATES. Have Been Held Up in the Department.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—For more than a month all pension certificates issued by the government have been held up in the pension bureau. This terminates the operations of an order, which, taking effect on May 31 last, was designed to avoid increasing the cost of the pension in the pension bureau by crediting the payment which would follow the issuance of these certificates to the new fiscal year instead of to the fiscal year in which the pension was granted. It is said to be over \$300,000. Between 12,000 and 15,000 certificates had accumulated, but have not been sent out since the issuance and mailing of them will be resumed.

PRESIDENT APPROVES THE BILL. Foreign Labor for Exposition Purposes Can Come In.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—The president has approved the bill providing for the admission of foreign labor to be employed upon the Omaha exposition to be held next year.

Postal Congress Medals.

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News for the Army.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—(Special Telegram.)—General Caleb P. Carlton has been placed on the retired list under the forty years' law. The resignation of Captain Andrew G. Quay of his commission as first lieutenant of cavalry only has been accepted by the president.

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Leaves of absence: Lieutenant Thomas Combs, first infantry, six months, with permission to go abroad; Lieutenant Frederick S. Pals, first cavalry, extended one month; Captain George C. Hoyle, first cavalry, three months.

President Gives a Dinner.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—The president gave an informal dinner tonight to the members of his official family and a few invited guests. The guests outside the cabinet were Vice President Sherman, Secretary of War, Secretary of the Interior, Hon. Carl Schurz, who is a guest at the white house, and Secretary of the Interior, Hon. Carl Schurz, who is a guest at the white house, and Secretary of the Interior, Hon. Carl Schurz, who is a guest at the white house.

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Japs Driven Away.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—The secretary of state has written a letter to the governor of California asking him to cause an investigation of the circumstances under which two Japanese residents were driven away from a new town of Johannesburg in that state.

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Yokuba Trust Divided.

NEW YORK, July 1.—The Yokuba trust directors have declared the dividend of 2 cents per share, and referred to the dividend on the common stock.

ment, to withdraw the original finance committee provisions for a duty on sea and an increase of 4 cents per barrel on the tax on beer to provide a tax on bond and stock transactions.

DURRANT'S LAST HOPE OF FREEDOM. Appeal Filed in the United States Supreme Court.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—The papers in the appeal of W. H. T. Durrant, under sentence of death in San Francisco for the murder of Blanche Lamont, were received by the clerk of the United States supreme court today. The appeal is from the decision of the circuit court of appeals in California for the ninth circuit in refusing to grant Durrant's motion for a writ of habeas corpus. In his petition Durrant alleges the irregularity of the trial, the admission of evidence in the California state courts in that the trial was "conducted upon information not in accordance with the equal protection of the laws and the process of law, and that testimony was introduced and conviction secured without due process of law and without a trial by an impartial jury and without process of law, particularly in the case of the court and prejudicing the jury against him.

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RULES FOR FOREST RESERVE. Regulations Tabulated by the General Land Office.

PENALTIES FOR SETTING OUT FIRES

WASHINGTON, July 1.—Much attention has been paid recently by the general land office to the preparation of rules and regulations applicable to the government of all the various forest reserves of the United States, and Commissioner Hermann has now formulated these for the approval of the secretary of the interior.

PASTURING OF SHEEP PROHIBITED.—Regulations Concerning the Cutting of Timber.—Must Be Used in the State.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—The regulations concerning the cutting of timber in the various forest reserves of the United States, and Commissioner Hermann has now formulated these for the approval of the secretary of the interior. Attention is called to the matter of forest fires, which annually do so much damage through carelessness, and the law is especially referred to which imposes a penalty for willfully setting fire to timber or carelessly suffering fire to burn unattended near any timber, and which punishes such offenses by fine or imprisonment. The law provides that before breaking camp fires shall be totally extinguished. Prospecting, locating and developing the mineral resources of forest reserves are permitted. Lands for school houses and churches are provided and the use of waters for domestic, mining, milling and irrigation purposes are also allowed.

CONSTRUCTION OF WAGON ROADS IS AUTHORIZED.—The Right to Cross the Reserves for Irrigating Ditches, Canals and Reservoirs is Permitted.

The construction of wagon roads is authorized and the right to cross the reserves for irrigating ditches, canals and reservoirs is permitted. The pasturing of live stock on the reserves is permitted except as to sheep, which in view of their injuries to the forest cover is prohibited. Where the rainfall is limited, and the present exception in this regard is extended only to the reserves in the states of Oregon and Idaho, because of the scanty rainfall, the pasturing of the Pacific coast ranges. Even this privilege will be revoked if pasturing extends to Bull Run reservoir to Crater lake, or places where injury may be done.

WHERE PERSONS HAVE UNPERMITTED HORN BILLS FORCED WITHIN THE RESERVES, THEY WILL BE PROSECUTED.—The Right to Cross the Reserves for Irrigating Ditches, Canals and Reservoirs is Permitted.

Where persons have unpermitted horn bills forced within the reserves, they will be prosecuted. The right to cross the reserves for irrigating ditches, canals and reservoirs is permitted. The pasturing of live stock on the reserves is permitted except as to sheep, which in view of their injuries to the forest cover is prohibited. Where the rainfall is limited, and the present exception in this regard is extended only to the reserves in the states of Oregon and Idaho, because of the scanty rainfall, the pasturing of the Pacific coast ranges. Even this privilege will be revoked if pasturing extends to Bull Run reservoir to Crater lake, or places where injury may be done.

SALE OF TIMBER.

The sale of timber from the reserves will be permitted in limited quantities, and this is done for the purpose of preserving the lead and growth of the reserves, and the younger growth of timber on the reserves. Lead, matured or large growths of trees found upon the reserves shall be designated as timber for sale. The timber to be sold is to be necessary for the forest preservation and water cover and may be sold for not less than the appraised value, in such quantity as shall be prescribed by the secretary of the interior. The timber to be sold is to be used in the state or territory in which the reservation may be. Sixty days' notice, published in the county where the timber is to be sold, shall be given to the public, and the timber to be sold is to be made to the receiver of the land office of the district wherein the timber is to be sold. The timber to be sold is to be examined and appraised under the direction of the department. In order to avoid a monopoly, the department may in sales of timber restrict the quantity of timber to be sold to the several bidders, and the right is reserved to reject any or all bids. Within thirty days after an award of timber to a bidder, the bidder must erect temporary sawmills for the purpose of manufacturing lumber from the timber purchased. The sawmills will be necessary. All timber so cut must be used in the state or territory in which the reservation is situated.

RESERVES TO BE OPENED TO ALL SPECIAL AGENTS OF THE INTERIOR DEPARTMENT TO TAKE COGNIZANCE OF UNLAWFUL CUTTING OF TIMBER AND OTHER VIOLATIONS OF THE LAWS RELATING TO THE FOREST RESERVE, AND HEREAFER A VIGILANT WATCH WILL BE DIRECTED TOWARD THE MATTER OF FOREST FIRES.

The law further provides that in the case of lands more applicable for mining and agriculture than for forestry purposes, upon request the department may cause to be eliminated entirely from the forest reserves and restored to public domain. As to the reserves which have lately been established by the act of March 3, 1897, a geological survey is now being engaged in examining them and in extending the existing lines of the reserves to include the reserves. In this manner large portions unreasonably heretofore embraced in reserves will be restored to public entry and other portions which were omitted from the reserves will be embraced within them.

THE ESTIMATED AREA OF THE EXISTING FOREST RESERVES IS 18,928,410 ACRES.

The estimated area of the existing forest reserves is 18,928,410 acres. The aggregate area of the existing and suspended reserves is 39,941,649. This is greater than the area of any state east of the Mississippi river and of several west of it.

NOMINATIONS BY THE PRESIDENT. Customs Officers for the Port of New York Named.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate: Treasury—George C. Bidwell, to be collector of customs for the district of New York; John P. Wakeman, appraiser of merchandise at the district of New York; Justice—Henry P. Chase, attorney of the United States for the northern district of New York; John F. Mowey of Washington, consul at Kanagawa, to be consul general at Yokohama; George N. West of the District of Columbia, now consul at Peking, to be consul at Sydney; John C. Huggins of Delaware, to be consul at London; John C. Huggins of Delaware, to be consul at London; John C. Huggins of Delaware, to be consul at London.

NO ACTION ON SCALPERS' BILL. Pooling Measure Also Likely to Go On.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—The interstate commerce committee of the senate considered the anti-scalping bill, but owing to the absence of several members of the committee no vote was reached. It is probable that no further effort will be made on the bill reported. It is also probable that it will not be another meeting of the committee this session and the pooling bill will also go over.

CRISIS OF THE RUSSIAN EMPIRE. CAR RULES OVER ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-NINE MILLION PEOPLE.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—For the first time in history a general election has been taken for the population of the Russian empire, which is shown to number 129,211,313. In forty-five years the population has doubled and during the last twelve years it has increased 20 per cent.

INDIAN SCARE ENLARGED. Robbers Make Away with Machinery and Metal Fittings.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 1.—The old war vessel Omaha, which has been condemned by the government and is at present going duty as a quarantine bulk, has been systematically looted by the Indians. The looting is a metal nature. One of the thieves has been captured, and he has made a confession that the watchman of the old steamer was his confederate. The man under arrest gave the little bulk for a large sum of money, and that it is an Indian.

INDIANS KILLED BY PAINKILLER. BAINBRIDGE, Mich., July 1.—Five Indians, including Chief Sag, are dead at Malone's Point on Mill's Lake. Malone's general others are expected to die, as the result of drinking painkiller, hair oil and other preparations containing alcohol. The Indian payment has been going on there for some time, and the Indians are getting used to this stuff, which was bought from Malone's trading post. Indian robbers are securing every part of the reservation, and the Indians are getting used to this stuff, which was bought from Malone's trading post.

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TRIAL IN POLICE COURT SAID TO BE A FIGHT BETWEEN WESTERN TICKET-BROKERS ASSOCIATION.

It seems now that the case of A. D. Young, alias J. B. York, who was arrested on the charge of obtaining from Ticket Broker P. H. Philbin \$263 of railroad tickets by false representations, has simmered down into a determined fight between the Western Passenger Association and the Ticket Brokers' Association. The acquittal or the conviction of Young would be a victory for one or the other association, railroad men, although it is still admitted pretty generally that Young remains yet in the van of all interested parties.

It has been declared that Young is not being prosecuted so much by Ticket Broker Philbin as by the Ticket Brokers' association, of which he is a member. This is the opinion, because it is believed that if Philbin were alone in prosecuting he would have been ready to quit at the moment that he was offered recompense for the amount he alleges he lost through Young. A settlement of the case by the ticket broker and the ticket broker's association, however, would be a victory for the ticket broker's association, and it is believed that Young is not being prosecuted so much by Ticket Broker Philbin as by the Ticket Brokers' association, of which he is a member.

ARMY PACK TRAIN READY TO MOVE. Orders to Go to Fort Hall, Idaho, Are Issued.

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WOMING SHERIFF AND POSSE STAY IN THE CITY.

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TRIAL IN POLICE COURT SAID TO BE A FIGHT BETWEEN WESTERN TICKET-BROKERS ASSOCIATION.

It seems now that the case of A. D. Young, alias J. B. York, who was arrested on the charge of obtaining from Ticket Broker P. H. Philbin \$263 of railroad tickets by false representations, has simmered down into a determined fight between the Western Passenger Association and the Ticket Brokers' Association. The acquittal or the conviction of Young would be a victory for one or the other association, railroad men, although it is still admitted pretty generally that Young remains yet in the van of all interested parties.

It has been declared that Young is not being prosecuted so much by Ticket Broker Philbin as by the Ticket Brokers' association, of which he is a member. This is the opinion,