COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL

Traders Are Mostly Bullish and Prices Advance Materially.

BAD CROP REPORTS AND CASH BUSINESS

Wheat Closes a Cent and a Half Higher and Other Grains About a Quarter Cent—Provisions Up a Little.

CHICAGO, April 23.—Wheat was again very feverish and unsettled today. The majority of traders were on the bull side, however, and whooped things up to such good effect that the market closed about 1½c higher. Bad crop reports, war news and cash business were features marking sudden and violent fluctuations. All other markets borrowed more or less strength from wheat, corn and oats advancing about ¼c each and provisions 2½@5c.

In wheat, firm foreign markets helped to start trading at an advance. Shorts were the best buyers, but there was a big line of long wheat for sale at around the opening price, which was dealt out with a liberal hand for half an hour, and the effect of it was to force the price down 1c per bushel from the best figure of the early trading. When that scalping line was out of the way the bulls came into the market with a rush, but found so little for sale that the price soon recovered the most of its previous decline. Liverpool showed no change in quotations at the opening and rose ½d later. New York reported buying orders there from the continent this morning, the first for a long time. Receipts were nine cars. English consols were unchanged, which indicated the unshaken feeling in the United Kingdom that the war in Europe would be confined to the present combatants. That and the comparative heaviness of the new receipts, 225 cars against 342 last year, were the bearish factors in the early news. May opened at from 74¼c to 74¼c against yesterday's close of 73¼c. It declined to 73¾c under the hammering it received, then recovered to 73⅝c. A report that Kansas had issued an estimate of the condition for the state, making the condition 80, was the cause of a strong spurt afterward, which put up the price from around 73⅝c for May to 74½c, but when it was found this was on a parity with the government report, the advantage was lost. May wheat was at times difficult to trade in. Speculation is now over into July, such little speculation as there is. The market became very strong near the close and was making its top prices of the day about fifteen minutes from the close. Shorts covered liberally on the remarkable strength of outside markets, notably St. Louis, and on the tone of the war news. May finally selling up to 75¼c and closing strong at from 74¾c to 75c; July closed at 74⅞@75c.

Corn was firm in the main on a moderate business, but had some intervals of weakness. The predictions of rain today and tomorrow made offerings scarce. The market became quite strong near the close in sympathy with wheat. Exports were liberal, 820,000 bu. May opened unchanged at 24⅜c and sold between 24¼@24¾c, closing at 24⅝c bid.

Oats was firm all day, wet weather causing most of the strength, although wheat and corn were also influential. Shorts were free buyers and a good general business was transacted. Exports were 127,000 bu. May opened a shade higher at 17¼c, sold between 17¼@17⅝c, closing at 17⅜c bid.

Provisions were fairly firm, but dull. Buying orders were in excess of offerings all day, but not sufficiently so to put spirit in trading. The market was influenced by the strength of grain. Price fluctuations were very narrow. At the close May pork was 5c higher at $8.32½. May lard 2½c higher at $4.15 and May ribs a shade higher at $4.70@4.72½.

Estimated receipts Saturday: Wheat, 2 cars; corn, 245 cars; oats, 140 cars; hogs, 13,000 head.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

Articles.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Yes'dy.
*Wheat—					
April..	74¼@74¾	75¼	73¾	74¾-75	73¾
May....	74¾@74¾	75¼	73⅝	74¾-75	73½
July....	73@74	74⅝	72¾	74⅜	72¾
Sept..	70⅝@70¾	71⅜	69¾	71	69⅝
*Corn—					
April..	24⅝	24⅝	24¼	24⅝	24⅜
May....	24¾	24¾	24¼	24⅝	24⅜
July....	29¾	26	25¼@25⅜	25¾-26	25⅝
Sept..	27	27⅜	26⅝	27¼	26⅝@27
*Oats—					
May....	17¾	17⅝	17⅝@17¾	17⅜	17¾@17¾
July....	18¾	18⅝@18¾	18¾	18¾	18¾
Sept..	19	19¼	19	19¼	19
Pork—					
May....	8 47½	8 55	8 47½	8 52½	8 47½
July....	8 55	8 65	8 55	8 62½	8 57½
Lard—					
May....	4 12½	4 15	4 12½	4 15	4 12½
July....	4 22½	4 25	4 22½	4 25	4 22½
Sept..	4 32½	4 35	4 32½	4 35	4 32½
Sh'l Ribs—					
May....	4 70	4 72½	4 70	4 72½	4 70
July....	4 75	4 77½	4 75	4 77½	4 75
Sept..	4 80	4 82½	4 80	4 82½	4 80

* No. 2

Cash quotations were as follows:

FLOUR—Strong; winter patents, $4.30@4.50; bakers, $2.60@2.90; straights, $4.00@4.20; spring specials, $4.20.

WHEAT—No. 2 spring, 74⅞@76c; No. 3 spring, 70@70¾c; No. 2 red, 90¾@94c.

CORN—No. 2, 24⅝@24¾c; No. 2 yellow, 24⅝@24¾c.

OATS—No. 2, 17½c, f. o. b.; No. 2 white, 22c, f. o. b.; No. 3 white, 20@22½c.

RYE—No. 2, 35½c.

BARLEY—No. 2, nominal; No. 3, f. o. b., 30c; No. 4, f. o. b., 28c.

FLAXSEED—70¾@79c.

TIMOTHY SEED—Prime, $2.75.

PROVISIONS—Mess pork, per bbl., $8.50@8.55. Lard, per 100 lbs., $4.15. Short ribs sides (loose), $4.65@4.85. Dry salted shoulders (boxed), $5.25@5.50. Short clear sides (boxed), $4.87½@5.00.

WHISKY—Distillers' finished goods, per gal., $1.19.

SUGARS—Cut loaf, $5.15; granulated, $4.76.

Articles.	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, bbls	6,000	9,000
Wheat, bu	8,000	13,000
Corn, bu	88,000	14,000
Oats, bu	291,000	347,000
Rye, bu	1,000	1,000
Barley, bu	14,000	204,000

On the Produce exchange today the butter market was firm; creamery, 12@13c; dairy, 9@14c. Eggs, firm; fresh, 7½c. Cheese, firm; 9@9½c. Live poultry, steady; turkeys, 9c; chickens, 7c; ducks, 9@10c.

NEW YORK GENERAL MARKET.

Quotations of the Day on General Commodities.

NEW YORK, April 23.—FLOUR—Receipts, 16,992 bbls.; exports, 3,518 bbls.; market firm and held higher, shutting out buyers. Rye flour, firm.

CORN MEAL—Dull.

RYE—Strong; No. 2 western, 39½@40c.

BARLEY—Firmer at 28@28½c.

BARLEY MALT—Steady.

WHEAT—Receipts, 14,800 bu.; exports, 15,319 bu. Spot, firmer, with fair demand; No. 2 red, nominal; No. 2 hard winter, 76c. Options opened strong on bad crop news and covering, was hammered down by the bears, but recovered and was strong later on export business, bullish Kansas crop report and war news; closing at 1½@1¾c net advance; No. 2 red, April, closed at 83c; May, 80@81¾c, closed at 81½c.

CORN—Receipts, 147,300 bu.; exports, 61,364 bu. Spot, firmer; No. 2, 30¾c. Options opened steady and advanced later on wet weather and advance in wheat; April closed at 30½c; May, 29⅞@30c, closed at 30c.

OATS—Receipts, 31,600 bu.; exports, 60,536 bu. Spot, quiet and steady; No. 2, 23c. Options dull, but firmer on export demand; closed at ¼@½c higher; May closed at 22½c.

HAY—Steady; shipping, 55@70c; good to choice, 70@75c.

HOPS—Steady; state, 1895 crop, 2½@6c; 1896 crop, 5@10½c; Pacific coast, 1895 crop, 3@6c; 1896 crop, 7@12c.

HIDES—Firm; Buenos Ayres, 18@19c; California, 16c.

LEATHER—Steady; hemlock sole, Buenos Ayres, 20@21c.

WOOL—Receipts, 10,043 pkgs.; steady; state and western, 13@17c; Elgins, 17c; factory, 8@11½c.

CHEESE—Receipts, 1,152 pkgs.; quiet; state, large, 9@12c; state, small, 9@12¾c; part skims, 4@8¼c; full skims, 2½@3c.

EGGS—Receipts, 9,270 pkgs.; firm; state and Pennsylvania, 9¾@10c; western, 9½@10c; southern, 8½@9c.

PROVISIONS—Beef, steady; family, $9.25@10.00; extra mess, $7.25@8.00; beef hams, $9.50@10.50. Cut meats, steady; pickled bellies, $5.00@6.75; pickled shoulders, $4.75@5.00; pickled hams, $9.00@9.50. Lard, quiet and steady; western steam, $4.37½; refined, dull. Pork, firm; family, $9.75@10.50. Tallow, weak; city, 3¼@3⅜c; country, 3⅜@3½c.

RICE—Steady; fair to extra, 4¼@6¼c; Japan, 4¾@4¾c.

MOLASSES—Firm; New Orleans, open kettle, poor to choice, 23@30c.

OILS—Petroleum, dull; United closed at 84c bid; Pennsylvania crude, steady; May, 87½c bid; sales, none. Rosin, quiet; strained, common to good, $1.65. Turpentine, steady at 30c. Cottonseed, prime summer yellow, 23½@24c; off summer yellow, 23½c; butter grades, 27@28c; prime white, 29@29½c.

METALS—Pig iron, steady; southern, $10.00@11.00; northern, $10.50@12.50. Copper, easy; brokers, 11¼ 25; exchange, nominal. Tin, easy; straits, 13.10@13.25; plates, dull. Spelter, easy; domestic, $4.10@4.20. Lead, weak; exchange, $3.25@3.30; brokers, $3.12½.

Kansas City Markets.

KANSAS CITY, April 23.—WHEAT—Market slightly higher, but slow; No. 2 hard, 81¼@82¼c; No. 3, 76@80c; No. 4, 72@75c; No. 2 red, 95c; No. 3, 95c; No. 4, 80@85c; No. 2 spring, 81@83c; No. 3, 75c.

CORN—Market about active; mixed, 21¾@22¼c; white, 22½c.

OATS—Market firm; No. 2 white, 21c.

RYE—No. 2, 32c.

HAY—Market weak; choice timothy, $8.50; choice prairie, $6.50@7.00.

BUTTER—Market lower on heavy supply; creamery, 15@16c; dairy, 5@12c.

EGGS—Market steady; strictly fresh, 7¼@7½c.

OMAHA GENERAL MARKETS.

Condition of Trade and Quotations on Staple and Fancy Produce.

T. Sullivan, who has been in the produce commission business in South Omaha, yesterday succeeded to the business of Whitney & Co. of Omaha and will continue the same. Quotations:

EGGS—Bulk of sales, 8c.

BUTTER—Common to fair, 7@8c; choice to fancy roll, 11@12c; separator creamery, 16c; gathered creamery, 14c.

GAME—Everything out of season.

VEAL—Choice fat, 80 to 120 lbs., are quoted at 8@8½c; large and coarse, 4@6c.

LIVE POULTRY—Hens, 7½@8c; cocks, 3@5c.

PIGEONS—Live, 75@80c; dead pigeons not wanted.

HAY—Upland, $4.50; midland, $3.50; lowland, $3.00; rye straw, $3.50; color makes the price on hay; light bales sell the best; only top grades bring top prices.

BROOMCORN—Extremely slow sale; new crop, delivered on track in country; choice green self-working carpet, per lb., 2½@2½c; choice green, running to hurl, 2@2½c; common, 1½c.

VEGETABLES.

MUSHROOMS—Per lb. box, 50@60c.

GREEN PEAS—Per 20-lb. box, $2.00.

CUCUMBERS—Per doz., $1.50.

CAULIFLOWER—Per crate, $3.50@4.00.

ASPARAGUS—Per lb., 15c.

SPINACH—Per bu. box, $1.00; per basket, 75c.

TOMATOES—Per 7-basket crate, $5.00.

WATER CRESS—Per 16-qt. crate, $1.75.

PIE PLANT—Illinois, 50-lb. boxes, $1.25@1.50.

TURNIPS—Per bbl., $1.25.

OLD VEGETABLES—Beets, carrots, parsnips, per bbl., $1.50.

RADISHES—Per doz., 30c.

LETTUCE—Per doz., 20c.

WAX BEANS—Bu. boxes, $3.75.

STRING BEANS—Per bu. box, $2.50.

ONIONS—Per doz., 15@20c.

PARSLEY—Per doz., 25c.

BERMUDA ONIONS—Per crate, $3.50; new southern, 70-lb. sacks, $3.

SWEET POTATOES—Fancy Illinois, per bbl., $1.75; seed, $1.25@1.50.

ONIONS—Good stock, per bu., $1.25@1.50.

LIMA BEANS—Per lb., 3c.

BEANS—Hand-picked navy, per bu., $1.60@1.10.

CABBAGE—California, 2½c per lb.

CELERY—Per doz., large, California, No. 1, 90c; No. 2, 45c.

POTATOES—New Californias, 3½c per lb.; new southern, per bbl., $5.50@6.00; old native stock, per bu., 25@30c; early Ohio seed potatoes, red river valley, 45@50c; Minnesota early Ohio, 40@45c.

FRUITS.

STRAWBERRIES—Texas, per 24-qt. cases, $5.00; Louisiana, 24 pints, $2.75@3.00.

MALAGA GRAPES—Per keg, $7.00.

APPLES—Fancy, large, $2.25; choice, $2.00.

TROPICAL FRUIT.

ORANGES—California navels, 150s to 200s, $3.75; large sizes, $3.25@3.50; seedlings, $2.25@2.65; Mediterranean sweets, fancy, $3.00; choice, $2.50@2.75.

LEMONS—Messinas, fancy, $2.50@2.75; choice, $3.00@3.25; choice California, $2.75; fancy, $3.00.

BANANAS—Choice, large stock, per bunch, $2.00@2.25; medium-sized bunches, $1.50@2.00.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NUTS—Almonds, California, per lb., large size, 13c; Brazils, per lb., 10c; English walnuts, per lb., fancy, soft shell, 12½@12½c; standards, 10@11c; filberts, per lb., 10c; pecans, polished, large, 9@10c; jumbo, 11½@12c; large hickory nuts, $1.25 per bu.; cocoanuts, $4@5 per 100.

FIGS—Imported fancy 4 crown, 20-lb. boxes, 13c; 5 crown, 50-lb. boxes, 13@14c.

HONEY—Choice, 13@14c.

CIDER—Clarified juice, per half bbl., $2.50; per bbl., $4.00@4.25.

MAPLE SYRUP—Five gal. cans, each, $2.50; gal. cans, pure, per doz., $12; half gal. cans, $6.25; quart cans, $3.50.

HIDES, TALLOW, ETC.

Hides—No. 1 green hides, 6c; No. 2 green hides, 5c; No. 1 green salted hides, 7½c; No. 2 green salted hides, 6½c; No. 1 veal calf, 8 to 12 lbs., 7c; No. 2 veal calf, 12 to 15 lbs., 4c; No. 1 dry flint hides, 9@10c; No. 2 dry flint hides, 8@9c; No. dry salted hides, 8@9c; part cured hides, ½c per lb. less than fully cured.

SHEEP PELTS—Green salted, each, 25@60c; green salted, shearings (short wooled early skins), each, 10c; dry shearings (short wooled early skins), No. 1, each, 5c; dry flint, Kansas and Nebraska butcher wool pelts, per lb., actual weight, 49@5c; dry flint, Kansas and Nebraska Murrain wool pelts, per lb., actual weight, 3@4c; dry flint Colorado butcher wool pelts, per lb., actual weight, 4@5c; dry flint Colorado Murrain wool pelts, per lb., actual weight, 3@4c; feet cut off, as it is useless to pay freight on them.

TALLOW AND GREASE—Tallow, No. 1, 2½c; tallow, No. 2, 2c; grease, white A, 3c; grease, white B, 2c; grease, yellow, 2c; grease, dark, 1¾c; old butter, 2@2½c; beeswax, prime, 15@22c; crude tallow, 1c.

WOOL—Unwashed, fine heavy, 6@7c; fine light, 8@9c; quarterblood, 10@12c; seedy, burry and chaffy, 8@9c; cotted and broken, coarse, 7@9c; cotted and broken, fine, 6@8c. Fleece washed—medium, 15@18c; fine, 14@16c; tub washed, 16@18c; black, 8c; bucks, 6c; tag locks, 2@3c; dead pulled, 5@6c.

BONES—In carlots, weighed and delivered in Chicago: Dry Buffalo, per ton, $12.00@14.00; dry country, bleached, per ton, $10.00@12.00; dry country, damp and meaty, per ton, $6.00@8.00.

St. Louis General Markets.

ST. LOUIS, April 23.—FLOUR—Nominally unchanged; patents, $4.65@4.80; extra family, $4.30@4.45; fancy, $3.85@3.95; choice, $3.20@3.50.

WHEAT—The opening of the speculative market was higher, but there was little snap to the trading and the undertone was weak. No news of importance was scarce. Local receipts were moderate, but receipts in the northwest were fairly heavy. Crop news was conflicting and there was a fair speculative demand, but the market was very irregular. In the forenoon the greater part of the day the fluctuations were frequent and wild, the market steadily advancing. At the close, which was excited at about the highest point of the day, prices had made the following advances over yesterday: May, 3¼c; July, 2c; August, 2¼c, and September, 2c. Cash wheat again broke the record. No. 2 red winter selling at $1.03 per bu. This is the highest price reached since 1890. One car was sold at that figure by C. T. Taylor & Co. to the Egers Milling company. The news of the sale helped materially to bolster the market: No. 2 red, cash, elevator, 31 bid; track, $1.02@1.03; May, 99c bid; July, 77¼c asked; September, 77⅝c.

CORN—Futures quiet, but strong, and fractionally higher; receipts were heavy, and there was a good cash demand, but holders are asking higher prices; No. 2 cash, 22¼c bid; May, 21½c bid; July, 23¾c bid; September, 25⅝@25½c.

OATS—Futures, dull; demand, slow, and prices a shade under yesterday. Spot, higher; No. 2 cash, 19c bid; May, 19@19¼c; July, 19¼c bid.

RYE—Held at 31c.

BARLEY—Nominal.

CORN MEAL—$1.40@1.45.

BRAN—Firmer; sacked, east track, worth nominally, 51@52c.

FLAXSEED—Steady at 74c.

TIMOTHY SEED—Steady at 60c.

HAY—Firm; prairie, $1.00@6.50; timothy, $8.00@12.50.

BUTTER—Firm; creamery, 13@18½c; dairy, 8@15c.

EGGS—Strong at 8c.

WHISKY—$1.19.

METALS—Lead, dull at $3.07½@3.12½. Spelter, firm at $3.95.

COTTON TIES—65c.

BAGGING—5¾@6c.

PROVISIONS—Pork, steady; standard mess, jobbing, $8.15@8.75. Lard, steady; prime steam, 4¼ ch 4c; 4.07½. Bacon (boxed) shoulder, 5.25; extra short clear, 5.37½; ribs, $5.50; shorts, $5.62½. Dry salt meats (boxed) shoulders and extra short clear, $5; ribs, $5.12½; shorts, $5.25.

POULTRY—Chickens, quiet; hens, 6c; springs, 17@20c; turkeys, easy, 6½@7½c; ducks, quiet, 7c.

RECEIPTS—Flour, 4,000 bbls.; wheat, 8,000 bu.; corn 44,000 bu.; oats, 12,000 bu.

SHIPMENTS—Flour, 2,000 bbls.; wheat, 4,000 bu.; corn, 57,000 bu.; oats, 7,000 bu.

Liverpool Grain and Provisions.

LIVERPOOL, April 23.—WHEAT—Futures, dull; April, nominal; May, 6s 2d, ¼d higher; June, not quoted; July, 6s 2¼, ¼d lower.

CORN—Spot, quiet; futures, dull; April, 2s 7¼d; May, 2s 7¾d, unchanged; June, not quoted; July, 2s 10¾, ¼d higher.

FLOUR—St. Louis fancy winter, 8s 6d.

HOPS—At London Pacific coast, 65s@5s.

PROVISIONS—Beef, extra India mess, 56s 5d; prime mess, 47s 6d. Pork, prime mess, fine western, 50s; prime mess, medium western, 45s. Hams, short cut, 14 to 16 lbs., 43s 6d; short ribs, 16 to 24 lbs., 27s; 14 to 16 lbs., 27s; clear middles, heavy, 45 to 50 lbs., 25s 6d; clear bellies, 12 to 14 lbs., 29s. Shoulders, square, 10 to 14 lbs., 26s 6d. Bacon, short ribs, 20 to 24 lbs., 27s 6d; long clear middles, light, 35 to 38 lbs., 27s; long clear middles, heavy, 40 to 45 lbs., 28s; short clear middles, 45 to 50 lbs., 27s. Lard, spot, 21s 3d.

CHEESE—American, finest white and colored, 56s 6d.

TALLOW—Prime city, 18s 6d.

LINSEED OIL—15s.

PEAS—Canadian, 4s 2½d.

New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, April 23.—With the close of the week the volume of new business effected fell off up a large amount, that was increased largely by forwardings on account of prior purchases. The tone of the market shows increased steadiness and is reflected by agents having advanced the price of Pepperell and Androscoggin wide sheetings and Lucania cotton flannels each ½c per yard. Woolen goods of all descriptions are steady and good deliveries. Printing cloths, dull, but steady at 2 9-16c.

Cotton Markets.

NEW YORK, April 23.—COTTON—Spot, quiet; middling, 7 7-16c; middling uplands, 7 7-16c; middling gulf, 7 11-16c. Sales, 684 bales. Futures quiet; sales, 79,500 bales; January, 86 bs; February, 86@86½; April, 87@87½; May, 87@87½; June, 87@87½; July, 87@87½; August, 87@87½; September, 86@86½; October and November, 86@86½; December, 86@86½.

NEW ORLEANS, April 23.—COTTON—Firm; middlings, 7¼c.

Peoria Markets.

PEORIA, April 23.—CORN—Steady; new No. 2, 24½c.

OATS—Firm, irregular; No. 2 white, 20@21c.

WHISKY—Market steady at $1.19.

RECEIPTS—Corn, 59,800 bus.; oats, 46,000 bus.; rye 1,800 bus.; whisky and wheat, none.

SHIPMENTS—Corn, 5,700 bus.; oats, 21,850 bus.; rye, 600 bus.; whisky, 225 bbls.; wheat, 600 bus.

London Stock Market Dull.

LONDON, April 23.—The stock market opened easier and remained so throughout the day on inactivity of operators. The tone was dull, with generally light demand.

WAR MAKES PRICES GO UP

Conflict Between Greece and Turkey Causes Wheat to Boom.

PRICE RISES SIX CENTS AND STAYS THERE

Large Share of the Grain Needed in Europe Must Come from This Country—Falling Off in Failures.

NEW YORK, April 23.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade tomorrow will say:

If either Turkey or Greece had been wholly buried in the sea, markets might have been effected less than by the outbreak of war in Europe. Like fire in the heart of a crowded city it raised the question whether a general conflagration may spring up at once. To this possibility and not to the direct influence of either Turkey or Greece upon the world's money or produce markets was due the excitement in grain and stock exchanges unexcelled in many years. American markets were much more flighty than European, where the possibilities have been discussed and partly discounted for months. The uncertainty remains and will affect the movement of money and staples until it disappears, creating a larger demand for American products at higher prices, causing speculative selling at times, but also more continuous buying, by foreign investors and not improbably influencing the attitude of foreign powers on questions important to this country.

Wheat rose 6 cents from Thursday to Monday and has retained most of the rise. Since Russia and the Danubian states will be likely to ship wheat scantily, especial needs and much higher prices may be possible there, a large share of the requirements of western Europe may be drawn from this country, and the chance of a war between the great powers has the more influence because supplies are not large. While western receipts do not yet increase and in three weeks have been but 5,841,091 bushels, against 5,533,199 last year, Atlantic exports began to gain slightly, amounting to 1,199,249 bushels, flour included, against 1,055,761 last year, and for three weeks have been 3,598,179 bushels, against 3,543,079 last year. But the great increase in corn, on which the price has scarcely advanced, though Atlantic exports were 4,189,194 bushels for the week and for three weeks 10,251,251 bushels, against 12,129,592 last year. Already the exports for the crop year have been 35,689,000 bushels larger than all Atlantic exports of wheat and flour, and may soon exceed the total exports of wheat and flour from both coasts. Cotton has been affected scarcely at all thought government estimates indicate that the trade yielded nearly 500,000 bales, an increased acreage in other sections is generally reported.

The past week, like others of late, has witnessed the starting of operations by several iron works, especially in black sheets for tinplate, and yet prices of pig iron and unfinished products are lower, demand not yet equaling the supply. Bessemer pig has sold as low as $9.65 at Pittsburg and grey forge at 25.50 in Birmingham. Steel billets fell to $14.25 at Pittsburg, and angles to 1 cent, but wire rods cannot be secured fast enough at 22.75. Nails are easing, and the structural orders are not pending. Eastern works also have orders for 15,000 tons of steel rails. Complaint and proof that the demand for the products is declined blinds many to the fact that the actual work in progress largely on the heavy orders for beams, billets, rails and sheet bars taken when the pools broke up, is of greater volume than for a long time. Large sales of copper are reported at 10¾, with speculation of 11 cents in March. While the end of the stipulated curtailment has been reached by some cotton mills, and since the auction sales, some bleached goods have been slightly advanced, but actual buying does not increase, and print cloths do not follow.

Sales of wool have been largely of foreign, reports being swelled by arrivals of quantities sold some time ago, and imports at Boston for the week were 2,600 bales. For the three chief cities sales were 4,700,600 pounds in three weeks, 20,271,300 pounds being foreign, against 15,906,100 pounds in 1892, including 7,574,000 pounds foreign. But manufacturers are doing scarcely anything and orders for goods improve very little, though for some what better grades of goods.

Failures for the week have been 218, in the United States, against 238 last year, and twenty-one in Canada, against forty-four last year.

WEEKLY CLEARING HOUSE TOTALS.

Aggregate of Business Transactions of the Associated Banks.

NEW YORK, April 23.—The following table, compiled by Bradstreet's, shows the total clearances at the principal cities and the percentage of increase or decrease, as compared with the corersponding week last year:

CITIES.	Clearings.	Inc.	Dec.
New York	$ 519,512,512	.....	9.9
Chicago	81,795,737	.....	7.9
Boston	69,309,454	.....	16.4
Philadelphia	57,312,548	.....	21.8
St. Louis	16,605,432	16.6	.....
San Francisco	14,155,623	15.5	.....
Baltimore	12,562,271	2.2	.....
Pittsburg	16,979,580	.....	3.9
Cincinnati	11,778,050	¼	.....
Kansas City	10,888,735	.....	4.9
New Orleans	6,802,2 9	.....	26.6
Buffalo	3,527,099	12.2	.....
Milwaukee	4,225,888	.....	2.1
Minneapolis	6,142,209	2.6	.....
Louisville	6,112,869	4.0	.....
Minneapolis	7,003,864	46.6	.....
OMAHA	5,085,482	.....	10.7
Providence	5,071,700	.....	8.2
Cleveland	3,492,778	.....	8.9
Houston	1,978,799	50.1	.....
St. Paul	2,912,699	.....	28.4
Denver	2,643,067	11.7	.....
Indianapolis	4,235,571	.....	1.8
Columbus, O	3,851,300	.....	16.7
Hartford	1,967,055	.....	15.5
Richmond	2,147,852	100.0	.....
Washington	1,954,400	6.0	.....
Dallas	2,591,176	.....	12.6
St. Joseph	1,144,728	.....	7.3
Peoria	1,322,016	.....	12.0
Memphis	1,458,035	.....	19.8
Portland, Ore	1,561,534	2.7	.....
Rochester	1,561,534	9.0	.....
New Haven	1,318,987	.....	7.0
Savannah	1,997,209	18.9	.....
Springfield, Mass	1,292,434	.....	5.0
Worcester	1,357,124	4.0	.....
Portland, Me	977,677	5.2	.....
Atlanta	1,295,479	25.0	.....
Fort Worth	1,289,742	1.8	.....
Waco	527,782	.....	40.6
Norfolk	1,029,781	.....	8.1
Des Moines	935,572	14.3	.....
Grand Rapids	760,781	1.1	.....
Seattle	572,065	5.1	.....
Lowell	578,761	.....	6.9
Wilmington, Del	666,739	16.8	.....
Norfolk	960,392	11.2	.....
Salt Lake City	452,500	8.8	.....
Los Angeles	984,461	18.7	.....
Tacoma	415,538	18.3	.....
Spokane	589,582	16.5	.....
Evansville	1,310,619	27.3	.....
Lincoln	868,088	15.0	.....
New Bedford	455,650	21.6	.....
Wichita	465,293	.....	5.8
Birmingham	455,287	.....	26.0
Topeka	458,599	9.4	.....
Lexington, Ky	321,999	16.5	.....
Binghampton	316,100	.....	7.6
Bay City, Mich	153,800	.....	37.9
Fall River	604,944	.....	14.3
Akron, O	229,524	.....	4.6
Springfield, O	153,186	.....	.....
Canton, O	453,800	.....	4.1
Sioux Falls	56,543	.....	42.5
Fremont, Neb	52,544	.....	.....
Hastings, Neb	65,000	30.0	.....
Chattanooga	1,000,000	.....	8.7
Fargo	316,058	.....	15.3
Nashville	942,425	.....	.....
Galveston	5,369,500	1.4	.....
Salt Lake	1,414,000	12.8	.....
Scranton	854,033	.....	10.5
Augusta	677,992	.....	.....
Dayton	594,485	.....	5.2
Kingston	178,000	21.9	.....
Kalamazoo	232,598	.....	22.1
Rockford	286,286	.....	24.2
Davenport	506,352	.....	.....
Toledo	1,371,624	1.3	.....
Totals	$ 934,719,719	.....	7.9
Exclusive of New York	414,797,207	.....	5.5

DOMINION OF CANADA.

Montreal	$ 9,359,845	.....	0.6
Toronto	5,260,652	.....	8.7
Halifax	987,615	.....	11.3
Hamilton	593,946	.....	4.8
Winnipeg	842,051	.....	2.7
St. Johns	456,509	.....	.....
Totals	$ 16,948,197	.....	5.5

BRADSTREET'S WEEKLY REVIEW.

Changes During the Week Have Been of an Encouraging Nature.

NEW YORK, April 23.—Bradstreet's tomorrow will say:

The change in conditions underlying general trade, while slight this week, has been in the direction of improvement. The depression in iron and steel continues and Bessemer pig and steel billets have reacted another 25 cents a ton.

The outlook favors an increase in labor disturbances to resist midsummer wage reduction. The bituminous coal mining industry is worse than the anthracite, with rumors of strikes, which promise to have an unfavorable influence on other than the iron and steel industries. Trade in wool is quieter. There is less life in the wholesale dry goods trade and little relief has been experienced, notwithstanding the large auction sales of cotton goods last week, buyers continuing to supply immediate needs only.

The tendency toward more settled weather has stimulated retail demand, more particularly at the northwest, notably for dry goods, hardware and millinery. The general tendency of the Mississippi flood to subside has created a better feeling, but not even the recent agricultural department census records all the damage done. Country roadways have begun to improve, which benefits interior merchants.

The only large cities reporting an increase in the movement of merchandise are St. Paul, Minneapolis, Milwaukee and Kansas City, where the distribution of dry goods, shoes, hardware and building materials has been more conspicuous. At almost all other large centers there has been no material gain in industrial or commercial lines.

Exports of wheat (flour included as wheat) from both coasts of the United States and from St Johns, N. B., this week, amount to 1,654,000 bushels, against 5,344,000 bushels last week, 1,128,000 bushels in the third week of April, 1896, 2,461,000 bushels in the like week of 1895, 2,727,000 bushels in 1894 and as compared with 2,507,000 bushels in the corresponding week of 1893. Exports of Indian corn amount to 4,593,315 bushels this week, against 2,723,000 bushels last week, less than 1,600,000 bushels in the week of 1896, less than half as many in the corresponding week of 1895 and as compared with 1,642,000 bushels in the third week of April, 1894.

There are 216 business failures throughout the United States for the week, compared with 195 last week, 240 in the third week of April, 1896, 221 in the corresponding period of 1895, 261 in 1894, and with 196 in the like week of April, 1893. There are twenty-two business failures reported from the Canadian Dominion this week, compared with thirty-nine last week, thirty-seven in the week a year ago, and twenty-two two years ago.

REVIEW OF THE STOCK MARKET.

War In Europe Effects Transactions In Wall Street.

NEW YORK, April 23.—Bradstreet's Financial Review tomorrow will say:

Saturday and Monday last were signalized by heavy selling and considerable declines on the part of the foreign houses and by heavy liquidations by the local traders. The declaration of war between Turkey and Greece was the cause, and it was assumed that when the London and continental markets reopened on Tuesday after the Easter vacation they would be in more or less panicky conditions and that American stocks would be thrown on New York in large quantities. The result, however, was a great disappointment to the bears. Both London and the continent took the news of war calmly and apparently concluded that the disturbance would be limited to the original belligerents or soon ended. Speculators in London who had sold our stocks on the opposite theory of course made haste to cover their short contracts, and the local bear contingent also purchased with haste resulting in the marked recovery in prices during Tuesday and Wednesday. The exhaustion of the short interest in international stocks caused a slackening in the movement toward the end of the day, which was in a measure compensated for by manipulation directed against the bears, the anthracite stocks, Jersey Central in particular gaining considerable ground.

On Thursday, however, London's demand for Americans to cover shorts fell off entirely, and the market there devoted itself to a rise in the Kaffir mining shares. The absence of further foreign support, with the circulation of rumors that the area of disturbance in the continent was spreading, had of course an effect on this market and prices yielded toward the end of the week, there being also more or less renewed activity on the part of the bear traders.

The proceedings throughout were purely professional, and it would seem that large interests generally hold aloof from the trading until a more equitable set of conditions appear.

STOCKS AND BONDS.

Tobacco Alone Is Dealt in to Any Considerable Extent.

NEW YORK, April 23.—Undeviating dullness marked the dealings in stocks today from start to finish. The total shares sold fell several thousand under 100,000, and dealers and brokers found their occupation practically gone. Tobacco was the only stock dealt in to the extent of 10,000 shares, and that was a selling movement. In the railway list, outside the coalers, the only stock which varied its price to the extent of a point was Burlington and its net change was only ½ per cent. Such a market offered no inducement, except to the strictly professional element, and to them only for a very quick turn on an almost infinitely small margin. The whole market continued to be dominated by the war situation in Europe, and the opening adhered closely to the level already established for the day's trading in Lombard. The disposition to trade in stocks seemed to be based on the expectation that the Turks were sure to win success ultimately, and that Greece success served only to delay the ending of the war, which would come in the intervention of the powers in the event of Turkish success. There was a slight activity shown shortly after midday when a rumor was circulated that the Turks had captured the town of Larissa. The falsity of this report was quickly ascertained and the momentary activity came to an end. In spite of the inaction of the market, it is probable that the bears are very chary of making any wholesale onslaught for the present on the long line. The indications point also to a large decrease in the existing short interest in the last few days, the loan rate for most stocks being much reduced, except where manipulated for special purposes, and the short interest has, as in the case of the coalers. The movement upward of New Jersey Central and Delaware & Hudson is attributed to the bidding up of the loan rate by inside interests and to the driving of the shorts to cover. The features of the money market were all found in the specialties, where the activity was due in each case to a special cause. In Tobacco the decline was due to the reports from the west of the hostility of labor organizations to the company's product. In American Spirits, it was recognized by an unfavorable interpretation of the failure of the controlling interest to have a quorum at the annual meeting and the consequent failure to report on business and condition of the company. In others the activity was wholly caused by manipulative tactics. Leather preferred showed a recovery from its recent decline on the covering of shorts. The net result of the day's trading was a general gain of a fraction. The Sellers preference was a loser