COUNCIL BLUFFS DEPARTMENT

Woman's Relief Corps No. 180, will mee! in regular session this afternoon at Grand On and after February 1 the Council Bluffs office of The Bee will be located at No. 16 North Main street.

Unity Guild will hold its regular meeting on Friday afternoon at the home of Mrs. C. P. Shepard on Perrin avenue. The Grand hotel, Council Biuffs. High class in every respect. Rates, \$2.50 per day and upward. E. F. Clark, proprietor.

The Veteran Fireman's association will meet this evening at No. 3 engine house for the purpose of electing officers. Regular meeting of Fidelity council Royal No. 156, will be held this evening All members are requested to be present. A case of membraneous croup was reported

to the Board of Health yesterday morning. The child is Charles O'Brien, the 9-year-old on of Nick O'Brien. The Comptine will resume their engagement

at the New Dohany this evening. The play will be "Sweet Genevieve," a beautiful little four-act comedy-drama. Uncle Henry DeLong has arranged a program for his Workingmen's Friendly club at their hall on Monday night. It will be free to all. Good music will be one of the

features. The trial of the third batch of Manawa fishermen, which was to have been heard in Justice Vien's court yesterday afternoon, was continued by agreement of the attorneys until

Z. T. Lindsey of Omaha was awarded a judgment for \$150 and costs in Justice Cook's court yesterday. B. M. Duncan was defendant. He made no appearance and a

default was taken. Constable Alberti returned from Plattsmouth yesterday with John Parker, the fugutive member of the gang of chicken thieves. He was locked up in the county fail pending a hearing today.

Madge, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Dempster, died at Decatur, 111, on Tuesday last. Mr. and Mrs. Dempster formerly lived In this city and their many friends will be grieved to learn of their bereavement. The Portsmouth Hand Sewed Shoe com

pany was given a judgment in Justice Cook's court yesterday against B. M. Duncan for \$71.20. A notice of garnishment was served on Emmett Tinley as the representative of Duncan.

The Council Bluffs Carpet company secured attachment yesterday upon the property M. C. Goodwin and wife to protect a claim of \$16.10. The corpet company claime that the Goodwins were about to dispose of their property and leave the state. The society young men of the city will

give a party tonight at Chambers' dancing academy, which promises to be one of the swell social events of the season—a return for the leap year party given them by their lady friends on New Year's night at Royal Arcanum hall.

At 8 o'clock Thursday evening at the hom of Mrs. Georges T. Phelps, a marriage cere-mony was performed by Rev. McDill of Omaha, the contracting parties being Dr. J. T. Matthews of Omaha and Mrs. F. A. Moore of this city. Mrs. Matthews has been matron of the Woman's Christian Association

The Ladies' Aid society of St. John's Eng-lish Lutheran church had an interesting meeting yesterday at the residence of Mrs E. Leffert, 326 Eleventh avenue. In their business session they accepted the kind proffer of the Swanson Music company to give an exhibition next Friday night at their church hall, No. 17 Pearl street, of the conversational, singing and playing powers of the wonderful Edison phonograph. The entertainment will be both interesting and enjoyable, as the firm has a very large and strong toned instrument, and the hall is well adapted for the display of its powers.

Judge Smith entered a decree vesterday morning in the Manawa case wherein a num ber of citizens petitioned for the dissolution of the t.wn corporation. The court orders the question to be submitted to the voters of the town, and fixes the date of the election for that purpose on March 2. This decision is a substantial victory for Colonel Reed, whose influence is now sufficiently powerful down there to carry the election either way. If he chooses to have the town corporation re-main as it is and have a set of officers elected sultable to his interests he can do so, or he of the little village. The colonel is expected

A new set of chicken thieves got in the'r work some time after midnight yesterday morning. The owner of the fowls was Ed Archer, 1724 Second avenue. H: is something of a chicken fancier and had a coop of fine blooded birds that were not only very valuable but were his especial pride. Yesterday morning he found the coop broken open and nothing, but a few heads and feathers left. He has a pretty good idea as to who the thief is, and has filed an in-formation in Justice Cook's court, but omitted the name. Yesterday he found where the thieves had sold thirteen of his plump, fat darlings to a butcher. The culprits will

probably be arrested today. From numerous letters that have been received from Buffalo, N. Y., recently, it is learned that Rev. E. W. Allen, the former paster of the Christian church in this city. is having some serious trouble that is likely to culminate in his leaving his pulpit. When Mr. Allen left here he entered upon his work new field with the brightest of prospects. For several weeks members of the church here have been receiving communications from members and officers of the Buffalo church relative to Mr. Allen's life and work here, and it is presumed that some of these letters have not been altogether friendly. None of the details of the trouble have been made public, even if they have

reached here.

James Storrer, the popular passenger conductor on the Northwestern, is laid up at Dunlap, Ia., with a hand badly mangled. Mr. Storrer took his train out of Council Bluffs at 11 o'clock yesterday and all went well until he reached Dunlap. Misty rain and fine snow had been falling all the day and the platform was covered with a thin sheet of ice. The conductor stepped out on the platform when the train was slowing up, lost his footing and fell to the ground. In tryling to save himself he tried to seize the railing around the steps, but missed it, and his hand fell across the track. All of the fingers and the thumb were cut off and the remainder of his band fell across the track. All of the fingers and the thumb were cut off and the remainder of his band badly bruised. He stayed in Dunlap last night and will be brought home today.

Boatleggers, l'ke the innocent victims of

that Uncle Sam's officers gather in every day in the year. Once in a while a repeater is developed, but it is not often. William S. Ellenwood of Windyville was another of them brought in yesterday. Windyville is the cognomen of a coal mining camp about thirteen miles from Corning, and William has been obliging the miners by supplying them with whisky, which he bought in the salcon and carried to them in his pockets. He was brought in yesterday, and Commissioner Steadman bound him over to await the action teadman bound him over to await the action

Steadman bound him over to await the action of the federal grand jury.

What was supposed to be an important catch of a band of counterfeiters at Creston has employed the federal officers several days and cost the government several dolars. It was reported that three Council Bluffs men were under arrest in the Union county metropolls, with a clear case against them. They were put under arrest last Saturday, and on Monday informations were them. They were put under arrest last Sat-urday, and on Monday informations were filed in the federal court here and warrants issued for their apprehension by the United States officers. The matter has been under States officers. The matter has been under investigation ever since, and only reached a conclusion yesterday. The prisoners were three boys, the oldest of whom was under 18 years of age. They were beating their way eastward and had reached Creston. One of them picked up a saloon advertisement resembling somewhat a \$5 bill and asked another saloon keeper to change it. When he refused the boys jokingly remarked that they would have to find some farmer to pass it upon. This was the sum total of the case. The federal warrants were not served.

Guard against loss by fire and insure your roperty in reliable companies. If you pay a insurance premium you expect insurance. We represent some of the best English and merican companies. Louges & Towle.

Point for the Dickerson Defense.

STATE MAKES A STAND-OFF ON THE DAY

One Witness Proves a Tartar and Another a Good Thing-Trouble Brewing Among the Lawyers for the Prosecution.

Contrary to the advice of his fellow attorneys for the state, Attorney Bruce called George H. Robinson to the witness stand n the Dickerson case again yesterday. Mr. Robinson was a bookkeeper in the Case County bank for eleven years, from 1880 to 1891, and it has been the degre of Mr. Bruce to prove by Mr. Robinson that the lass County bank was insolvent in 1891. Other attorneys in the case were opposed to pressing the point, but Mr. Bruce had maters his own way and got a direct and postlive statement from Mr. Robinson that the Cass County bank was, in his estimation, perfectly solvent in 1891.

On the other hand the state presented strong witness, through Mr. Swan, in Henry Myers, a farmer, who testified that he had given Isaac Dickerson a check for \$1,909 to pay a mortgage on his farm, and that the money got into the Cass County bank and was never applied to the purpose intended. Those were the principal features of the case yesterday and honors were even. At the morning session of the court D. W. Smart and W. E. Blair, both of Atlantic, testified that they had about \$2,000 each on deposit in the Cass County bank, and were unable to get their money when the leposit certificates were due. Both men

ost their money.

W. C. Carter testified to having gone to Missouri with requisition papers for Isaac Dickerson. He saw all the live towns of the state that claimed Jesse James, but iid not find his man.

J. B. Aldrich had a number of certificates

in the Cass County bank which Isaac Dick-erson had endorsed at the time they fell duc, along in November, 1893. He did not see Isaac Dickerson endorse the certificates, but when he presented them at the bank A. W. Dickerson went out and came back with what purported to be the endorsement of Isaac Dickerson on the back of the certificates of deposit. He said he allowed his noney to remain in the bank on the strength of Isaac Dickerson's endorsement, and thus lest \$1,500. He testified that he went to Isaac Dickerson's house, and that Isaac Dickerson told him that when he would dispose of his homestead he would see that the witness got what he had in the bank. He did not remember talking with A. W. Dickerson after the failure of the bank, and could not remember that Isaac Dickerson had said to him that the only trouble with the bank was a lack of currency.

Pherson's questions were answered, but he got them in before the court's objection could be secured, and they answered the pur-

pose for which they were intended. WHAT THE BOOKKEEPER KNEW. G. H. Robinson was recalled and testifled that Isaac Dickerson had been in the bank n May, 1890, with President Yetzer of the bank, and had examined the bills receivable of the bank. Lists had been prepared of the men who owned the bank and these lists were examined by Mr. Dickerson and by keeper. Mr. Harl had talked with Robinson Mr. Yetzer. Mr. Robinson testified that he and knew that he would not give the proposed knew the condition of the bank when he evidence, but Bruce had his own way and

olvent or insolvent. "I consider the bank was solvent," replied Mr. Robinson, and the attorneys for the defense seemed to appreciate the answer more than did Mr. Bruce.

Perfectly solvent?" asked Mr. Bruce.
"I would say that the bank at that time," replied the witness, "had assets sufficient to meet all of its liabilities."
Mr. Bruce was not satisfied. He questioned the witness about the bank's bad paper, and the amount due the bank from its directors, and then repeated his question: "Mr. Robinson, I want to ask you, if in the light of your knowledge of all the affairs of the bank, you considered the Cass

County bank solvent or insolvent when you left the employ of the bank in 1891?" "I would consider the bank solvent," re-Even then Mr. Bruce was not through. He repeated the question again, and then once more in a new form, and was finally stopped by Judge Smith, who said: "You have asked the question three times and the witness has answered three times, and

about three kinds of insolvency."

Then Mr. Bruce gave it up and allowed Attorney Swan to examine R. A. King of Atlantic, the next witness. Mr. King had purchased a draft at the Cass County bank and had taken it to Dakota, but had been unable to get it cashed. He testified that he returned from Dakota in August and saw Isaac Dickerson in the Cass County bank during the month of August quite frequently. He admitted on cross-examination that it was nothing unusual to see Mr. about three kinds of insolvency."

brought home today.

Bootleggers, I'ke the innocent victims of the express package dodge, never read and consequently never learn that some schemes have been worn to such a thinness that their transparency is visible a mile off. It is the same array of uneducated, unclean victims that Uncle Sam's officers gather in every day in the year. Once in a while a repeater is developed, but it is not often. William S. Ellenwood of Windyville was another of them brought in yesterday. Windyville is the cognomen of a coal mining camp about

once with holders of the mortgages and from conversations with the officials of the bank. Then Mr. Organ showed that the list of in-cumbrances had not been made up by Mr. Steinke himself.

Before the cross-examination was com-pleted Mr. Bruce withdrew all the testimony pleted Mr. Bruce withdrew all the testimony of Mr. Steinke concerning the incumbrance on the property mentioned. Mr. Organ secured from Mr. Steinke that he had testified at Glenwood that one piece of property was valued at \$800, and he had placed the valuation in this trial at \$600. There was a lengthy cross-examination, in which Mr. Organ sought to show that Receiver Steinke had placed the lowest possible valuation on the property lowest possible valuation on the property owned by the Dickersons, which came into his possession as the receiver of the bank.

BANK WAS SOLVENT IN IS91

his check for the amount to Isaac Dickerson for the courts of this county. Take provision in his office, and Dickerson promised to take the money and pay the mortgage. He learned on December 27 that the interest of the mortgage, \$109.80, had been paid, but that the mortgage, \$109.80, had been paid, but that the mortgage, \$109.80, had been paid, "On Point for the Dickerson Defense.

Point for the Dickerson Defense.

| December 27, 1833," said the witness, "at 3 money by County Auditor Matthews. o'clock Isaac Dickerson told me that the \$1,900 | money by County Auditor Matthews. had not been paid, and that the check I had given him had disuppeared from the drawer. He said that the cashier—Al Dickerson, who was there—would give me a draft for the supposed to Rest on the Grounds of amount. I said there was two and a half months' interest due, and Isaac Dickerson said he would attend to that. He then told Al to issue the draft. He did so, and I sent the draft away and it came back unpaid.

He asked me to have pity on his gray hair and not bring disgrace upon him. He of the funds.

On cross-examination Mr. Myer stated that he had all of the \$1,909.80 on deposit except \$243.45, and he borrowed that sum from the bank. He got the check for the amount from A. W. Dickerson and took it to Isaac Dickerson's office and gave it to him, after endorsing it. He was in Mr. Dickerson's office three times between October 14 and December 27. Mr. Myer was of the opinion that Isaac Dickerson had that \$1,900, and would ewear that such was his opinion, but finally admitted, with a great deal of reluctance, that he left his money at the Cass County bank and had taken what he supposed was a check for \$1,909.80. He could not read English well enough to read writing readily, and had not read was on the check given him by A. W. Dickerson. Mr. Organ asked the witness to read the draft referred to and found him unable

ATTORNEYS DO NOT AGREE. There is trouble in the ranks of the atorneys for the state in the Dickerson and the facts might as well be told about it now as any time. Mr. Boorman is county attorney of Cass county and is very familiar with all the Dickerson troubles and the Cass County bank case. He went through the case at Glenwood when Isaac Dickerson was tried in Mills county, and prosecuted the case very vigorously, assisted by Major Curtis of Atlantic and Shirley Gilliland, the prosecuting attorney for Mills county. When the arrangements were being made for the trial of the present case in this county Jim Bruce, a lawyer-banker of Anita. Cass county. was suggested for a place in the list of state's attorneys. The Cass County Board of Supervisors discussed the question of employing special counsel to assist Mr. Boor-man, and the board was divided on the proposition. One of the supervisors from Anita finally announced that he was in favor of the appropriation for special counsel if Jim Bruce was selected as the special coun sel, and Bruce was added to the Before Bruce was selected to assist in the case, Charles M. Harl of Council Bluffs had been retained, and Attorney Swan of Atlantic was also on the list. When the case came on for trial Bruce assumed the leadernip. He has examined all of the witnesses, with very few exceptions, and has simply ignored Mr. Boorman and Mr. Harl, neither of whom has been allowed cashier, on the streets of Atlantic.
"Do you mean to say that you really saw this defendant talking to his son, right on the streets of Atlantic?" asked Mr. Mc-Pherson, "Wasn't that awful? Do they allow a father to talk to his son on the streets of Atlantic? Why in heaven's name, when you saw them talking, didn't you call a policeman?" Of course dence today, and of the fifty witnesses called less than a half a dozen have given testi-mony that has been considered damaging by the defense. Several of the witnesses have impeached themselves and others have been better witnesses for the defense than

they have for the state. BRUCE CATCHES A TARTAR. The differences came near culminating yesterday when Mr. Bruce insisted upon putting G. H. Robinson on the stand to prove by him that the Cass County bank was insolvent in 1891, when he was employed there as a book-keeper. Mr. Harl had talked with Robinson "State then," said Mr. Bruce, "what the state and testified that the bank was thoroughly solvent in 1891, and answered the subject to the state and testified that the bank was thoroughly solvent in 1891, and answered the subject to the state and testified that the bank was thoroughly solvent in 1891, and answered the subject to the state of s in a half dozen different ways. Mr. Harl left the room during the offer of this evidence, Mr. Boorman had business in the cloak room and Mr. Swan put on his blue glasses to conceal his disgust. The attorneys associated with Mr. Bruce are not claiming any credit that may fall to the

rosecution.

Then to make the matter binding an article appeared in the Des Moines Register yes-terday morning, signed by "J. E.," and dated at Council Bluffs, charging The Bee with making biased reports of the trial, and asking that the state be given a "equare deal." The Bee correspondent was accused of being a relative of A. W. Dickerson, and of purposely doctoring the reports of the trial. The facts are that the reports of the evidence addused at the trial have appeared in all the paper of Council Bluffs and Omaha substantially alike, and The Bee, less than any other paper, has referred to the weakness of the

Ladies, send your table linen to the Eagle Laundry and see the beautiful finish and snow-like color we give your goods. Tele-phone 157. 724 Broadway.

Dr. Cleaver's office moved to 600 Broadway. Davis, only drug store with registered clerk. WHAT STARTED THE BIG FIRE.

Insurance Companies Inclined to Let the Court Answer the Question. Special agents of several of the insurance

creek farms, 740 acres, nine miles from At-lantic, were mortgaged for \$10,000. The Mill This was the first building destroyed. Agents lantic, were mortgaged for \$10,000. The Mill property in Atlantic, the only flouring mill of the insurance companies and local attitutes amounting to \$82.20.

On cross-examination Mr. Steinke stated that he received his information as to the indebtedness on the property from notes, mortgages, books of the bank, correspondence with holders of the mortgages and from the Milwaukee, for it is said that the employes of both companies were assisting in ployes of both companies were assisting in burning the rubbish. If the case is started it will be brought in the United States

it will be brought an the coming March term. The firm of Woodbury Bros. having been dissolved, C. E. Woodbury has opened an office in the Sapp block for the practice of

Stephan Bros. for plumbing and heating; also fine line of gas fixtures. Have you seen the new gas heating store: t the company's office?

Fixing Up the Sheriff. The Board of County Supervisors concluded its contracts with the sheriff yesterday for the

also to board all prisoners at negatory rates, provided that the sheriff shall be permitted to retain all fees of the juli realized from prisoners other than those sent there by the courts of this county.

the Stock Yards Company, Since the introduction in the city council of the Iowa Construction company's ordinance, by which it is sought to secure the right of way along Indian creek, there has He told me also that the reason an individual scheme of Mr. Paul to secure a my check for \$1,909.80 was not cashed in Cotober was that the bank could not spare realize upon. Developments of the last twenty-four hours, however, indicate that what-ever the scheme is it is a part of the scheme in which the Union Land and Improvement company, John W. Paul and the Council Bluffs Stock Yards company were interested, and which premised great things and created a boom in real estate in the northwestern part of the city a year ago last summer. Just what connection it has with the aspirations of the bridge and terminal company, or if it has any at all, are subjects that are altogether within the realms of conjecture. When the new stock yards company was incorporated in the summer of 1894 condemnation proceedings were started by filing wit the sheriff the plat of a large number of lots lying along the east side of the Driving park and a triangular tract of ground lying within the Y formed by North Twenti-eth street and the tracks laid upon the levy. No property was condemned for trackage pur-poses for the reason, it is said, that the drouth and the hard times made it advisable to delay the work contemplated. The papers have rested since then in the sheriff's office These papers have been fished out of the pige n holes, and it is now intimated that the sheriff will be required to go ahead and condema the property. A glance at the plat fur-nished the sheriff and the plat of the proposed Indian creek grant show that there is a palpable connection between the two, the blue prints leaving a break of only a few blocks west of the Northwestern main line

The articles of the Iowa Construction com pany were filed last April in the county re-corder's office. At the time no interest war awakened and the newspapers only gave a few lines to the subject. But since the Indian creek ordinance has come up and the condemnation proceedings revived the construc tion company's articles are of some interest The articles say that the general nature of the business to be transacted by the said corporation shall be the construction of railways, transfer yards, stock yards, packing houses, water works, electric light and power plants, and any and all other business relating to or in conformity with such companies. The amount of the capital stock is \$500,000, which may be increased by a twothirds vote of the stockholders. The corporation shall commence business when \$50,00 of the stock is subscribed. The corporation shall commence business on the first day of April, 1895, and shall continue for a period of twenty years, unless sooner dis-solved by a vote of the stockholders. The articles are signed by R. C. Howell, John B. Robinson and M. E. Winn and are dated Chicago, April 5, 1895. They are acknowl-edged by Edwin G. Lancaster, a Cock county

What there is back of the scheme is only a matter of the merest conjecture. If John W. Paul knows he also knows how to keep from telling it. A railway line down Indian creek, connecting with the elaborate system of trackage that is laid out on both sides of the river and partially completed, would certainly mean that something more than local enterprise or a real estate schem was afoot.

Patent Medicine Preacher Stopped. The case tried at the last term of the United States district court wherein Theophilus Noel of Chicago asked for an injunction restraining Rev. Mr. Ellis of Boone for selling a patent medicine called Vitea Or, has been decided. Clerk Steadman yesterday received from Judge Woolson his finding in the case. He grants the injunction prayed for by the Chicago man and places Rev. Mr. Ellis under a bond of \$500 not to make or sell any preparation which he may cal "Vitea Or," or "V. O." The decision sus tales the trademark which the Chicago may claimed as his property. The suit involves

Personal Paragraphs. Miss Edna Sedwick of Fort Dodge, Ia., is visiting Miss Mayme Mulholland of this city Clarence Strow of Chicago is visiting his brother E. C. Strow. He will return home Miss Breta Jeffries will leave for southern

about \$20,000.

California next week, accompanied by her mother, to improve her health. W. O. Wirt, M. Keating and several other Council Bluffs men left last evening for Cripple Creek. Mr. Wirt wil remain and look after his extensive mining properties there and the other gentlemen will remain long enough to acquire some valuable inter-

STOLE SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS. Cherokee Authorities Nab J. A. Scott

of Chicago. CHEROKEE, Ia., Jan. 16 .- (Special.) -- One of the most important arrests ever effected by the police at Cherokee was made today and perhaps one of the smoothest crooks that ever struck Iowa is safely behind the bars. The man arrested registered at the hctel as J. A. Scott of Chicago. He carried a fine sample case full of surgical instruments and claims to be the representative of Huston Bros., manufacturers of surgical and dental instruments, of 125 South Clark street, Chicago, and presented one of that street, Chicago, and presented one of that firm's cards to each of the different doctors on whom he called. Dr. Sherman was the first physician he called to see and he was "touched" just a little bit harder than the other victims. Scott was well dressed and fine appearing and well posted on the use and qualities of the different styles of instruments which he carried. This together with ments which he carried. This, together with the manly bearing, threw off all suspicion. The next day after he called at Sherman's office the doctor was called out and at once missed his operating glasses. Further search revealed the fact that several fine instru-ments, among which was, a surgeon's field case, were also gone. He at once suspected the salesman and started out in search of an officer. Acting under advice of the marshal he sent for the man, saying that he wished to purchase an instrument which he had found sudden use for. The fellow came and found sudden use for. The fellow came and Sherman made the purchase, at the same time getting his eye on one of his own instruments. He at once locked his door and commanded the crook to deliver up his property. Scott became very "indignant and stoutly denied the charge, but was compelled to "show up," and all of the missing articles were found on his person, together with several which had been taken from other local physicians. He was at once put under arrest and searched. On his person, in his sample case and a bundle that was found in his room at the hotel were found close to sample case and a bundle that was found in his room at the hotel were found close to \$1,000 worth of second-hand instruments, all of which are supposed to have been stolen from doctors at different towas throughout the state. The police think they have caught blig game and everything goes to substantiate their claim. Huston Bros. of Chicago have been notified of the matter, but word from them has not yet been received. Iowa Millers in Convention.

DES MOINES, Jan. 16 .- (Special Telegram.) The twenty-second annual meeting of the lowa Millers' association was held in this city today. There was a good attendance, president E. A. Consigney, presiding. The folhis possession as the receiver of the bank. In this effort he was partially successful, and wholly successful in getting Mr. Steinke very wrathy. Nothing important wa brought out by the contest for either side of the case.

MONEY FOR MYER'S MORTGAGE.

Henry Myer, a farmer living near Wiota, testified that on Oct ber 14, 1893, he deposited \$1,909.80 in the Case County bank to pay a mortgage on his land held by the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance company. He gave is successful, and keeping of the county pris ners and the jail. The new law fixes the salary of the sheriff at \$3,000, and leaves the board to contract with him for the care of the jail. By his contract yesterday the sheriff agrees to take charge of the jail and to perform all labor about the building and to furnish a jailer; to \$1,909.80 in the Case County bank to pay a mortgage on his land held by the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance company. He gave

GOVERNOR DRAKE GOES

His Inauguration Made the Occasion of an Unusual Demonstration.

MATT PARROTT NAMES HIS COMMITTEES

the Day at Des Moines.

Funk, Ellis, Waterman, Penrose and Perrin Get the Most Important Chairmanships-Doings of

DES MOINES, Jan. 16 .- (Special.)-This "When the draft was returned I saw lease Dickerson on January 15, 1894, and told him I was going to have him arrested for embezzlement for beating me out of my money.

Tight of way along Indian creek, there has been a gala day for the republicans of Iowa. Nearly every prominent party worker in the state scems to have felt that it was bezzlement for beating me out of my money. has been a gala day for the republicans of meaning of the movement. People inclined to his personal duty to see Governor Drake criticize John W. Paul were not backward take the oath and enter upon the discharge fered to make a contract to pay the money in in their assertions that it was likely to prove of the duties of the high office to which he has been called. Drake university, too -young men and women, staid college professors and all-was out in force to witness the elevation of their munificent patron to the highest office within the gift of the Iowa people. The alumni of the college scattered all over the state made a pilgrimage to the Capital City to take the hand of the man by whose magnificent generosity Drake university was made possible, and to wish him Godspeed in guiding the helm of state. Centerville, of course, was here with flags and banners, borne by prominent citizens without distinction of party, to share in the honors bestowed upon her most distinguished citizen. The democrate seemed to vie with the republicans in making the inauguration of Governor Drake a success n every particular.

Ex-Governor Larrabee came down from

his classic home at Clermont to add his presence to the scene, and Senator Allison postponed his return to his duties in order to participate in the reception and lend the charm of his presence to the occasion. Never in recent years has an Iowa governor entered upon the discharge of his duties under more favorable auspices or with the heartier good will of a host of both political and personal friends. The rotunds of the capitol was tastefully though not expensively decorated, under the direction of the cus-todian. The public was shut out by temporary barriers from the rotunda, except the corridors, the reserved space being barely sufficient to seat the privileged. The members of each house were permitted just ne extra ticket each, and not one-tenth of the people who desired to do so could get within hearing distance while the insugural was being delivered. The upper balcony, reserved for the public, was crowded and jammed with a dense mass of humanity striving to gain some point to better ob-serve the exercises below. The inaugural was listened to with marked attention, and

at times drew forth applause. WAS A NOTABLE THRONG. The ceremony took place at 2:30 this afteroon on a platform in the rotunda of the building in the presence of several thousand people. The inaugural pro-cession formed on the west side at 1:30 p. m. and began to march to the capiol. Companies A and H of Des Moines, with the governor's staff, formed the military escort. Carriages in the procession were occu-pled by Governor Jackson and wife, General Drake and daughter, Lieutenant Governor Dungan, Lieutenant Governor Parrott, the justices of the Iowa supreme court. Senator Allison, J. S. Clarkson, ex-Governors Larrabee and Sherman, members of the inauguration committees appointed by the house and senate, and other distinguished citizens.

The procession arrived at the south door of the capitol building shortly after 2 o'clock and the party went at once to the stand. The members of the legislature had arrived previously and were seated surrounding the stage. The general public crowded the corridors to the east, west and north, and a large number were in the rotunda above. where an excellent view of the stage was obtained. After music and prayer, the oath of office was administered by Chief Justice Rothrock to General Drake and Mr. Parrott. General Drake then presented his inaugural. ENDORSES THE MONROE DOCTRINE. Governor Drake in his inaugural emong other things said: "The stand taken by the president in favor of the enforcement of the Monroe doctrine has received the most unhesitating and most cordial approval of pa-triotic people of all political parties. The immediate action taken in both houses of congress sounded the keynote of the true Ameri can policy. The grand chorus of American voices is now heard in unbroken harmony and with such perfect unity throughout the western hemisphere that all the world must know and England be well advised that no further encroachments upon American tolerated. It is the duty of the United States sacredly to guard and protect America and American interests to the full-est extent and to resist all encroachments by

all means in its power.
"The growth of liberty, freedom of thought and conscientious action and the rapid advancement of Christian civilization in America and the western hemisphere show a very morked contrast with those of the eastern hemisphere. Their civilization is European: ours intensely American. We claim no rights to enter upon or trespass upon the territory of the eastern, and we interpret the Monroe doctrine to be that they as Europeans have no right to encroach upon the territory of the western. We do not claim that the Monroe dectrine is international law, but we do claim that it has long been declared a fundamental doctrine of the American perple, intended to be maintained; and we do not believe it is a subject of arbitration in which the representative of any European power is competent to participate. The honor of this great nation and the perpetuity of this republican government are involved in this momentous question. The time has come when this question must be settled and the principle contended for acknowl-edged. We hope this will be done peacefully. but if under providence of almighty God and in the interest of liberty and justice it cannot be so done, Iowa is ready to acquiesce in the determination of the nation for the defense of its integrity and the maintenance of this vital principle, if necessary, with

force of arma." Regarding Armenia, he said: "So-called Christian civilization which thus tolerates the inhuman butchery of innocent Christian people is not worthy to be coupled with that of American Christian civilization. Such a foul assault on Christianity and such inhuman practices would be of short duration on this western hemisphere. No boundary lines would suffice to stay the onward rush of American soldiers for the protection of the innocent and the condign punishment of the guilty.

SATISFIED WITH MULCT. "The liquor question," he said, "has long been one of serious discussion and the majority of the people, being anxious to secure the most favorable results, prenounced in favor of local self-government and relegated the question to the representative desired. the question to the representative districts. The Twenty-fifth general assembly, to pre-serve prohibition in those localities where it could be made effective, and to control the traffic in the other localities, enacted what is known as the mulci law. That law has since been in force, and upon information I believe is giving reasonable satisfaction, still leaving the prohibitory law undisturbed in localities where it is preferred. At the same session of the legislature preliminary steps were taken for the resubmission of a prohibitory amendment to the constitution. These questions will be before you for your earnest con-sideration, and I doubt not will be deter-mined by you in the exercise of wisdom and in sincerity as the chosen representatives of the senatorial and representative districts. and with all due regard for the wishes of your constituents, keeping in mind the wel-fare of the state."

Senator Carroli introduced a joint resolution in the senate today expressing sympathy for the Cubans and making congress to recognize them as bellig-erents. It will be considered Friday. The erents. It will be considered Friday. The house joint resolution was amended to provide a visiting committee for each of the state institutions and was thus passed. A resolution on the Armenian outrages was called up, but consideration was deferred till a later session.

The house this morning agreed to the senate plan of handling code revision. The governor sent a report on pardons, showing fifteen perdons for various crimes, with thirteen commutations of sentences, forty-nine remissions of fines, twelve remissions for for-

feitures, 111 suspensions of sentences, four-teen suspensions from industrial schools, 117 temporary suspensions of sontences, eleven revocations of suspension, thirteen applications for pardons from men serving life ren-tences, for whom pardons must be granted

by the legislature. SENATE COMMITTEES NAMED. When the inaugural ceremonies were over both houses retired to their respective cham-bers. Lieutenant Governor Dungan in a few words took leave of the senat is and intro-duced Licutenant Governor Parrott, who assumed his duties with a few formal remarks. The standing committees of the sensie were then announced, the following being the most

Ways and means: Punk, Perrin, Paimer Penrose, Purcy Riggen, Allyn, Carroll Berry, Ericson, Hospers, Sargeant, Hipwell, Hurst, Judiciary: Eilis, Cheshire, Eston, Carpen-

Ranck, Bonson, Appropriations: Waterman, Garst, Phelps Craig Gorrell Alexander Kilburn Harriman Funk, Hotchkiss, Gilbertson, Druet, Everall,

Downey, Hurst. Railways: Penrose, Young, Palmer, Garst, Riggen, Berry, Hobart, Phelps, Upton, Bell, Byers, Rauck, Hurst. Cities and towns: Cheshire, Waterman Lathrop, Pusey, Trewin, Blanchard, Alexander, Ellis, Carney, Ericson, Hospers, Hip-

well. Binson. Suppression of intemperance: Perrin, Riggen, Carney, Gilbertson, Palmer, Garst, Sar geant, Funk, Ellis, Waterman, Hospers, Bon-

Phelps, Craig, Ellison, Rowan, Hotchkies, Eaton, Gorrell, Cheshire, Byers, Ranck, Har-Insurance: Garst, Craig, Kilburn, Rowan, Phelps, Pusey, Young, Hotchkiss, Alexander, Harper, Everall.

man, Rowan, Ranck, Harper.

Building and loin associations: Eaton,
Lothrop, Cheshire, Ericson, Junkin, Funk,
Waterman, Rowan, Ellis, Sargeant, Downey. The house committees will be anuounced Tuesday.

Sensational Suit Settled. CHEROKEE, Ia., Jan. 16 .- (Special.) -- One of the most noted cases ever tried in the district court of Cherokee county was settled yesterday, when Judge Oliver overruled the but not one case in a hundred of heart motion for a new trial in the Arnold-McCulla trouble is organic. seduction case. This case was tried at the August term of the district court, and a decision rendered for the defendant. The plaintiff filed a motion for a new trial. The case attracted a great deal of attention, as Me-Culla is county attorney and very popular in society, at the same time being engaged to one of the most charming society belies of the city. The case was one wherein Miss Minnie Arnold, a 14-year-old school girl, sued Thomas McCulla for \$10,000, alleging seduction as grounds for action. The case was bitterly contested, and the court room was packed to suffocation each day of the trial, which lasted over three weeks. The ruling of Judge Oliver, which has given general satisfaction, was awaited with much interest by everybody. The last heard of Miss Oliver she was in Omaha, and her parents are here, broken-hearted, caused by the waywardness of their eldest daughter. She still main that McCulla is responsible for her tains downfall.

Displeased with the Monument. DES MOINES, Jan. 16 .- (Special Telegram.)-The council of administration of the Republic held a meeting here yesterdsy and Republic held a meeting here yesterdsy and Republic held a meeting here yesterdsy and Read May 12, 13, and 14 as the dates of the most druggists at 50 cents or by mail from next encampment, and the place will be Cedar Rapids. The commission also dis-cussed the problem connected with the Iowa soldlers' monument. The members of the Grand Army of the Republic object to this because they claim over half of the regiments of the state are in no way represented. They desire that the arrangements be changed that works of art now prepared be destroyed and a series of ideal figures prepared instead. The council will adopt resolutions to this effect, and will advise all Grand Army of the Republic posts in the state to adopt resolutions asking the legislature to make the change. If made, it will in-

Jefferson Business Review. JEFFERSON, Ia., Jan. 16 .- (Special.) -- The Jefferson Bee of today contains more than a column of interviews with business men relative to the comparative amount of business done in 1895 and in 1894. The majority report a larger volume of business in 1895 and quite a considerable increase in cash The banks claim they handled business. more business the past year than in 1894, but say they made less money on account of the increased rates of interest paid on

Beecham's pills are for billiousness, billious headache, dys pepsia, heartburn, torpid liver, dizziness, sick headache, bad taste in the mouth, coated tongue, loss of appetite, sallow kin, etc., when caused by constipation; and constipation s the most frequent cause of all of them.

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the krocory stores, which claim that while there has not been any falling off in the number of patrons, they have all bought more number of patrons, they have all bought more sparingly and the volume of business has therefore been considerably less. The dry goods stores report a large increase in trade over the preceding year. There is a wide range of opinion concerning the outlook for 1896. Many hold that times will begin to improve with the opening of the spring.

Says Prayer Cared Her. WEBSTER CITY, In., Jan. 16 .- (Special.)-Mrs. Acy Van Syke, who has been in Chicago receiving treatment, has just returned to her home in this city. She is cured, after being unable to walk for ten years, and she claims that prayer did it. She went to Chicago nearly two months ago, and it was the sensation of the day when word came back that she was able to walk across the room, after ter, Perrin, Pheips. Upton, Harriman, being there only a week, and receiving the Blanchard, Mitchell, Ellison, Healy, Harper, prayers of her medical advisers. She will take the lecture platform.

Creston Poultry Show Opened. CRESTON, Ia., Jan. 16 .- (Special Telegram.)-The first exhibition of the Creston Poultry and Live Stock association opened here today with over 300 entries. Many fanciers from southwestern Iowa and north-ern Missouri have birds on display. The Creston association is fighting for the state poultry show, the location being decided in March.

Prominent Stockman Burt. geant, Funk, Ellis, Water, Son, Hipwell, Son, Hipwell, Agriculture: Palmer, Kilburn, Henderson, Lehfeldt, Bell, Harriman, Mitchell, Young, Hospers, Everall, Downey, amendments and suffrage: Use by the booken of his buggy. His nose and several ribs were broken. HASTINGS, Ia., Jan. 16 .- (Special.)-David

HEART DISEASE.

Revision of code: Carpenter, Trewin, SOME FACTS REGARDING THE Pusey, Craig, Carney, Berry, Lothrop, Junkin, Hobart, Funk, Gilbertson, Water-TROUBLES.

> Do Not Be Alarmed, but Look for the Cause.

Heart troubles, at least among Americans, are certainly increasing and while this may be largely due to the worry and excitement of American business life, it is more often the result of weak stomachs, of poor diges-

Real, organic heart disease is incurable,

trouble is organic.

The close relation between heart trouble and poor digestlon is because both organs are controlled by branches of the same great nerves, the Sympathetic and Pneumogastric. In another way, also, the heart if affected by that form of poor digestion which causes gas and fermentation from half digested food; there is a feeling of oppression and heaviness in the chest caused by pressure of the distanced stomach on the heart and lungs, interfering with their action; hence arises palpitation and short breath.

Poor digestion also poisons the blood,

makes it thin and watery, which irritates

and weakens the heart.

The most sensible treatment for heart troubles is to improve the digestion and to Insure the prompt assimilation of food,
This can best be done by the regular use,
after meals, of some safe, pleasant and effective digestive preparation, like Stuart's
Dyspepsia Tablets, which may be found at most drug stores and which contain val-uable, harmless digestive elements, in a pleasant, convenient form. It is safe to say that the regular, per-sistent use of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets at meal time will cure any form of stomach



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all the week, engagement of the celebrated all the week, engagement of the celebrated COMPSTON DRAMATIC PLAYERS. "SWEET GENEVIEVE."

Program changed nightly. Notwithstanding that this one of the highest salaried repertoire organizations on the road, the prices will be 10c. 29c and 29c.

NOTE-Grand matines on Saturday at 2:20, when a bill appropriate for ladies and children will be presented. Seats on sale at the box office.

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Having fully demonstrated by years of successful practice and experience that he is able to cure multitudes of diseases which baffle the skill of ordinary physicians, he feels it his duty to make known to suffering humanity that he devotes his whole time and energy to this particular branch of the profession, and will prepare and furnish medicine at his office or visit those cases which may require personal examination. Patients at a distance may consult Dr. Mosher by letter, giving a carefully written history of their cases, describing their symptoms minutely as possible, which will enable him to make correct diagnosis, and judge very accurately of the curability of the disease, and to apply proper remedies. Medicine forwarded either by mail or express, and all medicine prescribed by Dr. Mosher is prepared under his own personal supervision. He treats all diseases without mercury or other poisons, which create disease of themselves.

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