## CITIZENS DEMAND ECONOMY

Town Meeting at the City Hall Last Evening.

PLANS OF RETRENCHMENT DISCUSSED

Taxpayers Protest Against Useless Expenditures by the City-Conference Between Owners and Council Arranged For.

In accordance with a request from a large number of heavy property owners and taxpayers, a meeting was held in the council chamber in the city hall last evening, to consider the matter of retrenchment municipal affairs. There were present the following city officials: Mayor Broatch, City Attorney Connell, Chairman Munro of the Board of Public Works, Councilmen Thomas, Axford, Allan, Kment, Burmeister, Benawa, Mercer, Bingham, Taylor, Kennard, Burkley and Prince. The committee of citizens present within the council railing included Messro. H. Kountze, General C. F. Manderson, H. W. Yates, A. Millard, G. E. Barker, Ferd Streitz, P. E. Her, Judge Neville, A. Meyer, C. J. Karbach, George W. Lininger, John Rush, W. F. Allen, E. Rosswater, S. Reichenberger, J. D. Creighton, L. Richardson, J. A. Horbach, W. V. Morse, G. W. Doane, Samuel Burns, Gustave Anderson, A. L. Reed, John Powers, I. S. Hascall and Charles Turner. The lobby was well filled, among those present being a number of prominent office holders were present to see what might be done with the salaries which they expect to draw the coming year.

President Siunders of the council called

the meeting to order and announced that the council had been called together for the purpose of meeting a committee of citizens to discuse retrenchment, and he requested Mr. Kountze to explain the wishes of the citizens' committee in the matter.

Mr. Kountze stated that the citizens' con mittee had no organization, but taxation had become burdensome and it had been suggested that a meeting be held with members of the council to see if retrenchment could not be secured in city government. The expenses were hard for the people to bear, considering the condition of affairs in the city and state and unless radical retrenchment could be obtained it would be impossible for the p ople to meet their taxes. What was asked was that, after a thorough investigation, a very radical reduction be made. It was known to the taxpayers that many things were fixed by the charter in such a way that they could not be changed, but the reduction must not be small-not several hundred dollars-but several hundred thousand. The speaker said that he was convinced that if the matter was thoroughly investigated some way could be found to accomplish this result. Chairman Saunders expressed the hope that the gentlemen present would give the council all the light in their power.

Ex-Governor Saunders was called for, and gaid he had no complaint to make, but the expenses of the present form of government were sufficient for a city of 500,000. He said he recognized that it would be necessary to amend the charter, and he did not ex-pect that unnecessary officials would resign He raid he would not say that salaries too large, but unnecessary employes should be cut off. The object of the committee was to cut down the expenses of the city. county and school board to where the needs of the times requires. He asked the council to do the best that could be done. City Attorney Connell said that he ex

pressed the idea of all officials when he said that it was their desire to accomplish re-trenchment in every possible way. He asked the citizens to suggest some practical way out of the difficulty. All recognized that the Board of Public Works and some other boards should be done away with, but this could only be done by the legislature, and this matter should be taken up in the proper manner. On the other hand, he said, it was possible to make certain changes. For was possible to make certain changes. For inctance, the cost of lighting could be greatly reduced if the citizens would stand by the mayor and council. Are lights and gasoline lights could be removed if public feeling would sustain such action.

The city attorney then went over the levies made during the past three years, showing in detail the amounts levied. The totals were: 1893, 44; 1894, 44; 1895, 44. He then threw out the suggestion that offices of gas inspector, electrician and

building inspector might be consolidated. He thought there was no legal reason why this could not be done and he thought it should Mr. Kountze said he took exception to the

statement of Mr. Connell that the valuation property was too low. He thought the would be the same burden no matter what the valuation might be.

Mr. Connell denied making such a state-ment. He said he was convinced that valua-tions should be better equalized and the burden more evenly distributed.

Councilman Mercer called on Mr. Taylor, as chairman of the finance committee last year, to state how much money the council had jurisdiction over.

Mr. Taylor stated that as near as he could remember the amount was less than \$69,000. He went on to say that he considered it a mistake to make the levy soon after the organization of the council, when the members were unfamiliar with the needs of the several offices. It was not safe to take the tax levy as conclusive evidence. In 1892 the levy for the sinking tund was little or nothing and the sinking fund had consequently been on the wrong side of the ledger. It had been necessary to make subsequent levies higher in order to overcome this. Mr. Taylor also stated that the city was afflicted with too many boards with independent

GENERAL MANDERSON'S SUGGESTION. General Manderson was called for. He expressed ignorance of the movement, but expressed ignorance of the movement, but was glad to co-operate. This city, as Mr. Connell had remarked, was not alone in this matter. The speaker expressed confidence in the council and thought it would profit by the errors of the past. He endorsed the remark of Mr. Connell calling for practifier remark of Mr. Connell calling for practifier remark of Mr. Connell calling for practifier the properties of the past of t cal suggestions. He did not think it was advisable to do anything that would react advisable to do anything that would react upon the city. He doubted the advisability of leaving the city in darkness by removing the street light or the crippling of the city by removing all the officials. There was a happy medium which should be found. Honesty was wanted as well as economy. The way to secure this was to punish dishonesty. (Applause.) As one taxpayer, he was sorry to see a large defalcation and no attempt to punish the thief. (Applause.) He wanted to see action taken at once to punish this crime and compel honesty on the part of afficials. He recommended a conference of the ex-officials, the present officials and citizens and that some plan of economy be devised and executed.

Judge Doane was the next speaker. He referred to the fact that in private business it had been found necessary by nearly every business man to dispense with many things which had been thought necessary. In public affairs the same rule should apply. A careful examination would prove that many things could be changed which had been thought necessary. The city could get along with fewer policemen; many fire hydrants could be dispensed with; some of the beards provided for by the charter might be dropped out as the terms of the members expired. He thought there was no legal requirement making it necessary to keep these wards full. vised and executed.

Messrs. Hascall, Kennard and Connell took issue with Judge Doane on this point, but the speaker stood his ground and said the object might be accomplished indirectly if

Judge Doane then recommended the appointment of a committee of citizens and officials to take the matter of retrenchment under consideration and outline some definite plan. He said the expenses of government must be reduced to accord with the means of the people. This sentiment was heartly applauded.

applauded.

Mr. Taylor stated that in 1891 the gasoline bill of the city amounted to \$5,000; in
1892 it was \$14,000, and in 1894, \$18,000. He
suggested that this might be reduced to
the old figures.
On request of Mr. Taylor, General Manderson read the charter list of officials and
their salaries. He thought the list contained all the officials necessary, but Mr.
Connell said there were as many more prosaid there were as many more pro-

suggested that the charter provisions might be evaded by appointing citizens who would be evaded by appointing citizens who would serve without salaries. He offered his serv serve without safaries. He offered his services as boiler inspector. He admitted that he knew nothing about the duties of the office, but would not ack for a safary. Other positions could be filled in the same way. In reply to a suggestion that the assistant city attorney be dropped, Mr. Kennard said there were now ninety-nine cases against the city in the district court. Any one of these, if neglected, might cost the city several thousand dollars. It would be false economy to dispense with this officer.

AGAINST BENAWA'S OPDINANCE.

AGAINST BENAWA'S ORDINANCE. Mr. Kennard then called attention to the ordinance introduced by Mr. Benawa, restoring salaries fixed by the retrenchment that the ordinance would not pass,

Mr. Craighton asked if the levy could not

educed to 38 mills.

Kennard stated that he was informed that the school board intended to ask for the full limit of the levy for school pur-poses, and if that were done it was impos-sible to say what the result would be. Mr. Rosewater was called for and said that General Manderson had struck the keynote when he suggested that honesty was necessary as well as economy. If honesty had characterized the conduct of officials n the past there would have been less of a burden upon the taxpayers at this time This sentiment was applauded and the speak er then said that it was necessary to make provision for the period ending in April, 1897, when a new charter would undoubtedly be secured. The move of retrenchment might be started in the council itself by not filling the two vacancies now ex-isting; sixteen councilmen could transact the business of the city as well as eigh-

Mr. Rosewater endorsed the suggestion of fices be filled with men who would not dray the salaries. He advised creating a joint committee of citizens and councilmen to go through the entire salary list and cut down wherever possible. The fire department should not be reduced, but the police force could be reduced about one-half. He said it was absolutely necessary to reduce expenses and it must be done.

Kountze then read a list which he said had been furnished the citizens' com-mittee as a complete list of monthly salary expenditures amounting in all to \$29,000. He endorsed the appointment of a joint

Mr. Mercer called attention to the fact that the council had actual control of but about \$50,000. It had been announced that the school board intended to ask for \$490,000. the school board intended to ask for \$490,090. This meant that the board wanted 25 per cent of all the tax levied. He deprecated the idea of the Board of Education conducting the schools on the same plan as a university, and he thought the circumstances would not warrant such a plan. He favored a liberal plan, but there were too many face and he thought they should be dispensed

Mr. Creighton asked if Mr. Mercer would vote for such a levy.

Mr. Mercer raplied that he and two other
members of the council had agreed not to
vote for a levy of more than 38 mills. This tatement was loudly applauded. Mr. Mercer then stated it as his opinion

that the ordinance restoring salaries would pass, and he asked the citizens to express their opinion as to the ordinance in question, which he read in detail. Mr. Benawa, the author of the ordinance lefended his ordinance and said that it made a difference in the monthly pay roll of \$3.30. It was in the line of retrenchment and it

was an improvement upon the ordinance Mr.

Mr. Creighton took the floor and gave his views as to where the retrenchment ax-should be applied. He thought the Board of Public Works should dispense with all clercal assistance, and this plan should be forced all along the line. Men should be put in the appointive offices who were capable of doing the work of the office. He thought the police and fire departments should be maintained, but retrenchment could be inougurated in other departments and the levy

Mr. Hascall was glad this meeting had been called. He said the city was afflicted with a government by boards. All the power had been taken away from the mayor and council, and the plan could only be changed by the legislature. The work of the Board of Public Works should all be done by the members themselves and not by substitutes The fire department should not be reduced, but if it was desired to reduce the police force the citizens should appeal to the fire and police board. Many of the fixed charges were under contracts and few changes could

Mr. Taylor said he wished to call attention to a few points. With the reduced valuation of property, he said, it would be necessary to increase the levy 4 mills over last year in order to realize the same amount as was realized last year. He called attention to the funds in which there were overdrafts, and asked the citizens to suggest some tractical way of reducing the levy to 36 mills. He said this question must be solved within the next month, as the levy must be made early

in February. In response to an inquiry from General Manderson, it was stated that the schools received \$236,350 last year from fines and l'censes and about \$140,000 from the levy. Mr. Turner and Mr. M llard each urged the appointment of a committee to co-operate

with the committee of citizens. On motion of Mr. Meyer it was voted to be the sense of the meeting that the council appoint a committee of five to confer with adopted; Resolve

## HAVDEN BROS.

Special Sale of Ladies' Kid Gloves. 1,000 dozen ladies' fine Kid Gloves, worth \$1.00 to \$2.00, go on sale at 59c pair. Special sale Men's Wool Sox. 500 dozen men's fine and heavy Wool Sox,

worth 25c to 50c a pair, on sale 121/c. See

Special sale ladies' Muslin Underwear. 100 dozen ladies' Cambric Gowns, tucked and embroidered yoke, regular price, \$1.50;

on sale Thursday at 98c. Ladies' extra size drawers, plain tucked, made from Pride of West muslin, worth one dollar, on sale Thursday at 59c pair. Ladies' black silk plaited hose, worth \$1.09, go on sale at 39c. Special Sale Linens, towels, white goods, spreads, etc.

Positively the largest stock, greatest variety Positively the largest and lowest prices.

No finer goods on earth. The best product of German, Irish and French looms.

HAYDEN BROS.

And You Save Money.

The thorough tourist sleepers which leave Omaha every Thursday morning via the Burlington route for San Francisco and Los Angeles are neither as expensive nor as fine to look at as standari sleepers.

But they are just as good to ride in.

They are clean and comfortable, are in charge of excursion conductors and are accompanied by uniformed Pullman porters.
California passinegers who aim to combine comfort with economy will find they are just exactly what they want. Call at the city ticket office, 1324 Farnam street, and get full information. Or write to J. Francis, G. P. A., Omaha, Neb.

"The Paradise of the Pacific." 3 GRAND TOURS TO HONOLULU, Ha wallan islands, "The Paradise of the Pacific," via Union Pacific system and Oceanic S. S. Co., leaving Omaha the morning of January 16. Only nine days from Omaha to Hono lulu. \$205.00 for the round trip, including stateroom and meals on steamers. Tickets good for nine months, with stop-over privi-leges. For information and tickets apply to A. C. Dunn, City Passenger and Ticket Agent, 1302 Farnam street.

The "ROCK ISLAND" vestibuled limited leaving Omaha Union Depot DAILY, at 4:50 p. m., with sleeping car for Omaha passengers, is the BEST train from Omaha to Chicago, as the ROCK ISLAND depot in Chicago is located in the heart of the city, thus avoiding transfer, and lands passengers within easy distance of all prominent hotels

Take the New Line to St. Paul.
Leaves Omaha DAILY at 4:50 p. m. via
Des Moines, through sleeper, no change, the
"ROCK ISLAND DINING CAR" for supper. For tickets or sleeping car reservations call at ROCK ISLAND ticket office, 1602 Far-

nam street. i more than 200 miles shorter than any point in Montana

Commissioners Call on All of Them for Reports.

COMPLAINT THEY HAVE NOT BEEN FILED

County Surveyor Submits His Report of Work on the Southwest Road -Resolution Respecting License Protest Cases.

County Surceyor House made his report on the paying of the Southwest road to the county commissioners at the session yesterday morning. The report in full was as fol-

"There have been 26.534.4 feet, or five mi'es, 134.4 feet of macadam pavement put down on the Southwest road during the year endng December 31, 1825. "The general average thickness of each

mile of pavement, laid and consolidated by the steam road rollers, is as follows, viz.: "First mile-Put down in 1894, "Second mile-Macadam averages nine inches in thickness over all; the earthen ways are complete and the pavement and earthen

ways are rolled solid. "Third mile-Macadam averages eight and wo-third inches in thickness over all; the carthen way is complete, and the pavement and earthen ways are rolled solid.

"Fourth mile-Macadam averages seven and five-eighths inches in thickness over all; the earthenway is high and rough; the pavement and carthenways are in an unfinished andition. "Fifth mile-Macadam averages nine and

ne-twentieth inches in thickness over all: he earthenways are high and rough; the pavement and earthenways are in an unfinished condition. "The foregoing averages are made up from cross sections, showing the thickness of the pavement every fifty feet throughout its

vas done and before the road was opened o traffic "The last two miles of macadam were put down in the months of November and De-cember, and owing to the cold and frosty

ntire length, and these cross section levels

veather are unfinished. "In making up the monthly estimates here has been retained on the last three miles, in addition to the twenty per cent called for in the specifications, 18 cents per lineal foot, making a total of thirty per cent retained for the faithful completion of he read and the requirements of the specifi-

"The estimated value of the stone in the road, as compiled from this office, is 90 cents lineal foot, or 10 cents per inch of

"The general average thickness of ma-cadam, laid in 1895, is eight and I veighths inches or three-eighths of an inch less than the specifications raquire; the value of this, from the foregoing figures, is \$817.54."

The report of the surveyor was referred to the committee on roads without debate. CALLING FOR REPORTS.

The finance committie recommended the approval of the annual report of the county lerk, submitted last week, and the recon mendation of the committee was adopted This furnished the text for a spicy talk by Commissioner Breen. He said that the clerk had submitted his report before retiring from office, as the law contemplated, and the other officials should have done the same. The taxpayers of the county were entitled to full information concerning the workto full information concerning the workings of each of the county officer, and especially of those from which the old officers were about to retire. The experience with the treasurer's office of the city of Omaha and with the office of the state treasurer was still fresh in the minds of the people who would have to bear the burden of the expense caused, in both cases, by officials who were derelict in their duty, and he intended to insist that all officers under control of the county board should make rerol of the county beard should make re ports at once showing the condition of the respective offices. At the close of his remarks Mr. Breen introduced a resolution requiring the heads of all departments to report to the board at once the financial con-

Mr. Stenberg stated that all officers had made reports at the close of each quarter, and he thought the reports for the last quarew days, Mr. Williams substantiated the statement

of Stenberg.
Mr. Jenkins supported the position taken

by Breen, and said the clerk had made report, and there was no reason why other officials should not have done the same with out being required by resolution to do The law was very plain, he said, and the officers should have made preparations to comply with it. roll call the resolution was unani-

Upon roll call novsly adopted. The hearing of the protest cases against several liquor dealers was laid over for the coson that it developed that two of the applicants had not paid the fee required for The following resolution was

adopted:

Resolved, That the cases of all licenses protested by N. P. Fell be set down for hearing whenever all are ready and heard as one case, so far as the issues in each case are the same, both parties to have the right to introduce special evidence in any case presenting special issues or facts different from others.

The county clerk was instructed to notify Phil Kearney post Crand Phil Kearney post, Grand Army of the Republic, formally requested the appointment of Michael Coady as a member of the Soldiers' Relief commission. The request was laid on the table until the next meeting. The bond of the Midland State bank in the sum of \$50,000 for the safe keeping of county funds, with Maria A. Johnson, Charles E. Ford and Charles A. Sharp as sureties, was

BONDS FOR DEPOSITS APPROVED. The commissioners held their final session yesterday afternoon, and finished up all

The following bonds of banks for the de-The following bonds of banks for the deposits of county funds were approved: Commercial National, in the sum of \$100,000, with C. W. Lyman, A. Millard, William G. Maul, Charles Turner and E. E. Morsman as sureties; the Union National, in the sum of \$100,000, with W. W. Marsh, G. W. Waitles and W. A. Smith, as sureties; German Saxings in the sum of \$100,000, with U. D. Savings, in the sum, of \$100,000, with L. D. Fowler, C. J. Karbach, W. Segelke and Wil-

liam Krug, as sureties,
A committee composed of Ernest Stuht,
John Powers, Frank J. Kaspar and William presented a certified report of the proceedings of a special meeting of the county commissioners of Sarpy county held the 31st inst., locating a boulevard to Fort Crook along what has come to be known as the "ridge road." The document was referred to the committee on roads to investigate whether this was the plan agreed upon by the two boards at a joint meeting held

The following resolution signed by Stenberg, Jenkins and Williams was introduced and adopted without debate:

Jenkins and Williams was introduced adopted without debate:

Whereas, Retrenchment in the management of public affairs is demanded by the tax-bearing population of this county, and Whereas, We recognize the necessity at this time to conform with this demand; therefore be it

Resolved, We, the undersigned, holding over members of the Board of County Commissioners, hereby declare ourselves determined to use all efforts in our power to reduce the expenses of the county government to the lowest minimum possible compatible with an efficient service and shall use whatever power we possess to carry this measure into effect in all the various county offices of Douglas county, in view of which we deem it proper to announce to all applicants for the position of county poor farm superintendent and matron, that the foint sataries of both shall not exceed a rate greater than \$1,000 per annum.

This was followed by a long resolution, in-

This was followed by a long resolution, in-troduced by Jenkins, highly laudatory of the outgoing county clerk, Fred Sackett, compli-menting him upon the record he had made and the efficient manner in which he had assisted the board in placing the business of the county upon a business basis. This was also adopted without discussion, but Mr. Jenkins followed the announcement of the adoption of the resolution with a lengthy talk in the ame strain as the resolution.

The board then adjourned sine die.

For delicacy, for purity, and for improvement of the complexion nothing equals Pos-

RETRENCHMENT OOES GLIMMERING.

Bennwa's Ordinance Increasing Salaries of City Employes Introduced. At the very first meeting of the new city council, held Tuesday night, legislation was inaugurated which provides for the partial restoration of salaries to the old basis. This is regarded as the entering wedge and close observers opine that if this ordinance is passed it will not be long before the bars are let down and the old regime of fat sala-

ries and sinecures will be fully resurrected The new ordinance, introduced by Mr. Benawa, provides for increased salaries in the offices of the trensurer, clerk and mayor, the addition of one inspector to the sanitary force and the increase of the salary apparent offset it provides for the abolition of the office of secretary of the park board. As the secretary of the park board is not under the control of the council, the insin-cerity of this single example of economy is said to be apparent.

Beginning with the mayor's office the Benawa ordinance raises the salary of the private secretary from \$80 to \$90 per month. The greatest change in in the office of the city treasurer. There the deputy treasurer is advanced from \$125 to \$150 per month. The office of assistant deputy, which was abolished, is again created and the salary is fixed at \$100 per month. The head bookkeeper is raised from \$33.33 to \$115 per month. Two assistant bookkeepers are provided for at \$70 each, instead of one as now. As a partial offset two clerks are dispensed with, but the total expense of the office is

materially increased.

No change is made in the office of the comptroller, but as a resolution adding two clerks at \$70 per month each was introduced at the same meeting, but defeated, it is said that it is the plan of the combine to look after that office, too. One inspector at \$60 is added to the Board of Health force, the milk and meat inspectors are continued at \$75 and \$100, respectively, and the inspector f contagious diseases is continued at \$100 The janitor of the police court is advanced from \$50 to \$60 per month.

BECK NOW TURNS THE TABLES. Asks for the Arrest of Members of the

Hitch Family. N. C. Beck, living near Forty-second street and Lafayette avenue, was at the were taken immediately after the rolling police station yesterday to ask for the arrest of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Hitch, 918 North Forty-eighth street. The latter pair Tuesday asked for the arrest of Beck, alleging that he had shamefully and cruelly treated Julia, his 14-year-old daughter.

Beck is highly indignant at the action and at the consequent publicity into which the affair has dragged him. He declares that he went to the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Hitch on Monday and demanded that his daughter return home with him, but insists that he used no personal violence, nor did he

He says that Julia has the care of his three younger children, the mother being in an asylum. He says that the members of the Hitch family persuaded Julia to leave her home and take up her residence with them, and he thinks for no very good reason. He adds that she left her own home on New Year's night and that for three days and nights he was not allowed to see her. He also alleges that John McNider, a 17-year-old youth living in the neighborhood, has aided the Hitch family in alienating the attention of Julia from her own home and from the care of her little brother and sis-

SMALL CHILD SPIRITED AWAY

Called from the School House, the Little One Disappeared. The 5-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Lieberknecht, who have lived apart since March last, was clandestinely removed from the Leavenworth street school Tuesday morning. The father of the little girl lives in Council Bluffs and is a printer. mother resides in this city and has had the custody of the child for the last nine months despite the efforts of the father to secure it.

Tuesday the little girl was called from
the school room by the message that a
woman wished to see her outside and wanted her to try on a pair of new shoes. The teacher willingly let the child go on the errand, but has not heard of her since. W. B. Carter of \$10 South Fifteenth street made the complaint to the police and asked that word be sent to the police of Chicago at once, as he thought that the child had been taken to that city. It is thought that the woman who did the kidapping is the younger sister of the father and that she has taken the child to Chicago to wait until the affair has blown over. Cap-tain Haze has telegraphed the Chicago officers to watch all trains from Omaha for he woman and little girl.

You need not be afraid of the twinge of theumatism when you have Salvation Oil.

The Burlington Is an hour and thirty minutes faster than any other line to Kansas City. Two trains daily-9:05 a. m., and 9:45

Tickets at 1324 Farnam street, Cradle and the Grave. The following births and deaths were re-

orted at the health office during the twentyour hours ending at noon yesterday: Births-Ewing Brown, 1055 Park avenuboy; David Jameson, 214 South Ninth, girl; Fred Plenter, jr., 1419 Pierce, boy; John A. Holland, 830 South Twenty-second, boy; James H. Harney, Fiftieth and Burdette, boy; Ray G. Hinman, 4251 Patrick, girl; Frank W. Stallard, 1915 Webster, boy.
Deaths—Mrs. Josephine Umpherson, 25, 1019 South Tenth, Prospect Hill; Anna Hop-

kins, 20 St. Joseph's hospital, pneumonia, St. Mary's cametery; Dennis Leory, 15, 1206 South Thirtieth avenue, heart failure, Forest

One Minute Cough Cure is harmless, pro-

Veteran Firemen Elect Officers. Members of the Omaha Veteran Fire-nen's association held their annual meeting men's association held their annual meeting in Fire Chief Redell's office last night. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, W. L. May, first vice president, C. H. Pickens; second vice president, Aaron Cahn; recording secretary, Fred B. Lowe; financial secretary, F. H. Kosters; trasurer, A. H. Sanders; trustees for the term of three years, Charles Fisher and C. V. Gallagher; trustee for the term of one year, to fill the vacancy caused by A. H. Sanders having been elected treasurer of the association, Mike Parr.

Gave Moores a Bouquet.

The desk of Frank E. Moores, clerk of the district court, was gally decorated when he arrived at the office yesterday afternoon, the occasion being his last day in office. The numerous girls employed in the office had provided a monster bouquet of roses and carnations, gracefully tied with a delicate pink ribbon and accompanied by a card expressing good wishes for the recipient.

Is thirty miles shorter and nearly two hours faster than any other line to Denver. Two train daily—8:30 a. m. and 4:35 p. m. Tickets at 1324 Farnam street. DEED.

BROOKS—Charles W., aged 72 years, 5 months and 15 days. Funeral services Friday afternoon at 2 at residence, 4213 Center street. Interment at Forest Lawn.

Awarded

Highest Honors-World's Fair,

MOST PERFECT MADE. ours Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Fice Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant, 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

IS WAITING ON THE EXPERTS

City Attorney Not Yet Ready to Proceed Against Bolln's Bondsmen.

MUST HAVE EXACT FIGURES

riminal Prosecution of Defaulting City Treasurer Left with the County Attorney-Bondsmen Will Make a Fight.

City Attorney Connell says that until the experts have finished their investigation and filed their exhibits he will take no action on Kment's resolution directing the legal department to take immediate steps to obtain the amount of Henry Bolin's defalcation from his bondsmen. Then a meeting of the bondsmen, he says, will probably be called and they will endeaver to reach an understanding. Mr. Connell takes the position that it would be useless to go into court until the experts have determined what part of the total defalcation is to be charged to Bolln's respective terms of office.

The opinion is general around the city hall that the bondsmen intend to fight the case in the courts. They have been advised by their attorneys that the failure Comptroller Olsen to properly check up the treasurer's office will be a good defense, and it is generally believed that the courts will have to be eventually resorted to.

So far as any criminal proceedings against Henry Bolln are concerned it is the intention of the administration to leave that to the bondsmen. The declaration is frequently made that it is not fair that Jerome Coulter should lie in jail while his principal is allowed to go free. This is recognized by the members of the council, but they say their dealings are with the bondsmen. They simply intend to get back the money that belonged to the city, and if the bondsmen do not want to prosecute Bolln the city has no isiness to take such action. City Attorney Connell says that a criminal prosecution is not in his line. It is his duty to see that the financial interests of the city are taken care of, but the duty of inaugurating criminal proceedings lies with the county attorney. It is still considered doubtful whether the experts will succeed in establishing the bal-ance of defalcation between the first and second terms. This is the material point which the attorneys say would be essential to a civil action against the bondsmen and it is positively etated that no such has yet been struck. The experts have been working in that direction for weeks, and it is said that they have reached an approximate conclusion, but a definite statement is still as far away as it was six months ago.

Marriage Licenses. The following marriage licenses were issued

yesterday: Austin W. Reed, Omaha..... Mrs. Mary L. Smith, Omaha. Robert E. Wilsey, Houston, Tex...... Bertha V. Stuart, Omaha..... Charles C. Ellington, Omaha......Julia M. Davis, Omaha..... 

Hood's is Wonderful. No less than wonderful are the cures ac-omplished by Hood's Sarsaparilla, even after other preparations and physicians' prescrip-tions have failed. The reason, however, is simple. When the blood is enriched and purified, disease disappears and good health returns, and Hood's Sarsaparilla is the on

Hood's Pills are prompt and efficient and do not purge, pain or gripe. 25c.

Linde for Temporary Jailer. Sheriff-elect John MacDonald was about he court house and jail yesterday making reparations to assume charge of the sher preparations to assume charge of the sher-iff's office this morning. He announced that John Linde, assistant Jailer under Bennett, would be placed temporarily in charge of the Jail and would be assisted by one of the sheriff's deputies. A new Jailer will be in-stalled later.

ask your doctor! The doctors approve of

Scott's Emulsion. For whom? For men and women who are weak, when they should be strong; for babies and children who are thin, when they should be fat; for all who get no nourishment from their food. Poor blood is starved blood. Consumption and Scrofula never come without this starvation. And nothing is better for starved blood than cod-liver oil. Scott's Emulsion is codliver oil with the fish-fat taste taken out.

<u>.000 POISON</u> A SPECIALTY Primary, Sec diary Syphilia permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for the same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel pile, and no charge, if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, lodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on my part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows failing set, it is this Syphilitic BLOOD POISON that we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. \$500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sesied on application. Address COOR REMEDY CO.,



WOOL SOAP

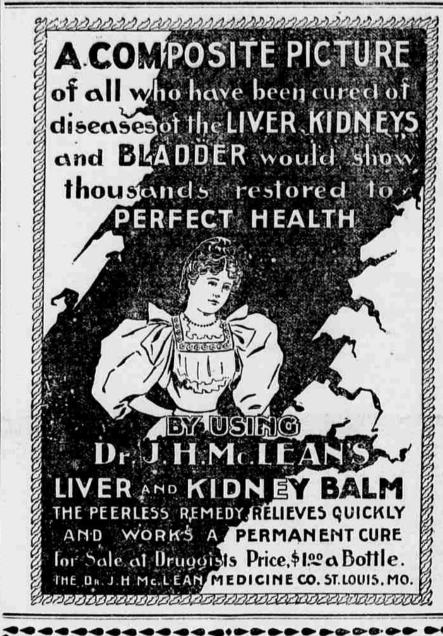
Schattam St. Boston, & Leonard St.,

We have made a large purchase of Woolen Hose at a price less than the cost of the material and place them on sale Monday morning. They are divided into two lots and we offer

seamless-with Double Heels and Toes-also light and fine grades-not a pair in the lot which retail ordinarily for less than 25c, and the great majority of them worth up to 40c.

The 25c lot contains some of the choicest half hose of fine wool and cashmere for which you pay regular from 402 to 60c. This is the opportunity for you to lay in your next winter's supply of socks.

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needs no magic elixir, It only requires a little daily care of the health. Ripans Tabules reduce the wear and tear of life to the lowest point,





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