# Bright Days at Hayden Bros.

Great Christmas Bargains.

BEADS 25c	Large Bex DISHES 22c	TIN KITCHEN With Dishos,  5c	Extra Large Tin KITCHENSET with Stove 25c	PIANOS 18c	Toy Combination BANKS Nickel plated 20c	ROCKERS 50c	HORSES 65c	BUGGY 20c	DOLL 20c	PLUSH CASE Comb, Brush and Glass 98c	BLACK- BOARDS
DRUM 48c	DOLLS Curly Wigs	Great Cæsars Ghost <b>5</b> C	MAGIC LANTERN and Views	DOLLS 5c	WHEEL BARR) WS	wagons 25c	TRAIN 20c	wheel BARROW 50c	EXPRESS WAGON 25c	PAINT BOXES 3c	DOLL with Curiey Hair 25c
Toy Carts  5c	Full Set PARLOR SUIT 50c	HORSE and CART 10c	TOPS 20c	BUILDING BLOCKS Large size 20c	BLOCKS Large size 20c	NOAH'S ARK 23c	CHILDREN'S Red Chair 10c	IRON WAGON LARRO BIZE 75c	JOINTED DOLL 25c	SLEIGHS with Iron Runners 30c	EVERY- THING Toys

## The Finest Linens.

acme of daintiness and elegance in linens is here. Our large special importa-tion includes the rarest styles and the very best qualities.
Exquisite Table Sets, knotted fringes, hemstitched at \$35.00, \$50.00, \$60.00 and

Beautiful patterns in the finest linens, plain hemstitched at \$100.00, \$125.00 and \$150.00 per set.

Fine pure linen sets at all prices. Linen lovers should see this grand show-

TABLE LINENS-A gathering of special designs in fine Double Damask Linens that has not been equalled in America.

Exact pattern and quality linen as used in the eGrman emperor's court at \$7.50 per yard. The Prince of Wales special style at \$9.75 per yard. Queen Victoria's favorite pattern at \$8.75. The Pride of the Czar at \$9.50 per yard. Our American linen conoisseurs are very

fastidious indeed. We are showing the exquisite patterns selected by Mrs. Cleveland at \$10.00 per yard; Mrs. Rockefeller's fancy

Everything in fine linens.

#### **BAUMER'S ENTIRE** JEWELRY STOCK. At Bankrupt Prices.

Every day more people come and more buy. The solid coin silver chatchaine watches sold by Baumer at \$8.00, and now at \$2.25, find instant purchasers. Judging from our sales of opera glasses the theaters must be get-ting very popular. Perhaps our prices have something to do with the sales. Opera glasses at 75c up.

Thec elebrated Le Maire opera glasses at tre one-third jewelers' prices.



coat in our house for \$15.00. You knoweverybody knows that Hayden Bros. carry overcoats and suits as fine as any in the land-Carr's kerseys, Brook's beavers and imported Montagues

at \$10.00 per yard.

We have some splendid qualities and patterns in fine table linens at \$2.00, \$2.25, \$2.50

\$3.00, \$5.00 and \$5.50 per yard.

Fine pattern cloths, all sizes, at ½ price. sold up to 28.00, for 15.00.

Our great December sale of men's suits, men's overcoats and men's ulsters at 10.00

that has attracted such immense attention, will be continued throughout this week. Guaranteed for the sole purpose of relieving our clothing department of its surplus stock, our clothing department of its surplus stock, and believing that after all the first loss is the smallest, we have sold and will continue to sell this week men's suits, overcoats and ulsters at 10.00 that were never before equaled for less than 15.00 by any clothing store in the world. Fine silk sleeve lined overcoat, fine all wool 34-oz. freize ulsters, beautiful silk mixed and 18-oz. all wool clay worsted suits in this sale for 10.00. worsted suits in this sale for 10.00. Special sule of boys' and children's suits, overcoats, ulsters and reefer coats and fancy junior and reefer suits for Xmas presents.



We have every kind of Toy and every ous after Christmas. Prices have been Game; every ingenious arrangement to in leeply cut so that they may all find owners terest and entertain. Toys will be useless or then. Doll Beds, 25c.

#### Books Holiday Books

The Omaha people recognize a good thing when they see it. Our Book Department undoubtedly is a good thing, if you want nice, fresh, new goods at one-third regular book, store prices 50 different titles of Juvenile Books at 10c each.

100 different styles Juveniles ...... 

16-mo Handy Classics at cost. 12-mo., elegant bindings, 18c.

All titles in novels, 24c.

#### Silks

SPECIAL SALE BLACK SILK DRESS PATTERNS. AN ELEAGNT CHRIST-

MAS PRESENT FOR ANY LADY. 

### Dress Goods

What \$1.00 buys at our special Dress Coods Sale.

Fancy Waist Silks at 59c, 69c, 75c, 98c and \$1.25 per yard.

8 yards of 35-inch English Body Cashmere, 19c a yar" quality, in ALL colors and 8 yards of Imported Challis, suitable for 8 yards of Camelion Suiting, worth 25c a

#### What \$2.00 Will Buy 8 yards of all wool Ladies' Cloth, in all

8 yards of all wool Novelty Suiting. 8 yards of an imported all wool Serge, worth double. 8 yards of 40-inch all wool Henrietta, the regular 50c quality.

#### What \$2.73 buys at our Special Thursday

7 yards of French Serge, full 46 inches wide and worth 59c yard. 7 yards of all wool Scotch Check Suiting, worth 59c yard. 7 yards of 40-inch silk finish Novelty Suit-

and black, green and brown, blue and tan.

#### What 50c a yd. buys at our Thursday Special

48-inch Mohair Serge, in navy, seal, cardinal, wine, black, gray, goods actually worth \$1.00 a yard. 40-inch silk and wool Novelties, all our 75c, 85c and 98c goods. 50-inch Storm Serge (navy only), goods worth 89c a yard. 46-inch imported silk finish Henrietta, extra fine quality, all colors and black, worth



SILK WAISTS FOR CHRISTMAS PRES-

ENTS.
EVENING SHADES in all colors, such are sold at from \$4 to \$5.00; this week \$1.95.
MEDIEM FANCIES in all colors, stripes and figures, divided into three lots, \$2.95, \$3.95, \$5.75. BLACK SURAH, SATIN DUCHESS AND GLACE, divided into four lots, \$2.95, \$4.25, \$4.95, \$5.95. Here is an opportunity to get an elegant waist at the price of the bare silk, and



Sale for Thursday morning. Our stock of the best silver tipped wool seal manufactured, such as are selling in Omaha at \$85.00; to be closed out at \$20.00.

And the balance of our genuine Persian lamb capes, with elegant brocade silk lining. such as are being sold in Omaha at \$85.00 to be closed out at \$25.00.

These two items will be an index of what during the holidays.

## SCOTT ALLOWS FRANK TO GO

Takes the Case from the Jury and Discharges the Defendant.

GETS OUT THROUGH A SMALL HOLE

Could Not Be Liable for Fraud Committed While Performing Tasks Not Authorized by Ordinances and Rules.

The case against Israel Frank, who was charged with obtaining money from the city by false pretenses, was taken from the jury yesterday by Judge Scott and dismissed. The court based its action on the point that was raised Tuesday night; that it was not the duty of Frank, as meat inspector, to keep count of the number of dogs drowned at the pound, and that therefore under the information, which charged him with defrauding the city in the pursuance of his duties, he could not be prosecuted on the charge. When court convened yesterday Deputy City Clerk Holbrook was called to the stand to swear to a recent amendment to the ordinances of the city which provides as fol-

"The Board of Health of the city of Omaha is hereby authorized to designate and empley two meat inspectors, with the approval of the mayor and council, who, under the direction and control of the said Board of Health shall perform the duties required by the rules of said board or the ordinances of the city of Omaha, and who shall be subject to removal at any time by said Board

The defense objected to the introduction of the amendment on the ground that it did Board of Health and the city council; that not specifically name counting of dogs as a these reports were expected by those bodies part of the dut'es of the meat inspector. Assistant County Attorney Day explained that the state did not expect to show by the amendment that the counting of dogs was a part of Frank's duty, but that it was to be used as a part of the proof in the case. With this understanding Judge Scott admitted the amendment, saying that it was immaterial on any other ground.

A section of the charter was then intro-uced which gave the Board of Health ower and authority over the pound and poundkeeper. This was again objected to by the defense for the same reason that an ob-jection had been made to the introduction of the amendment, but Judge Scott again allowed it to be admitted as a step in the

EASY FOR THE DEFENDANT. Saville was then called to the stand the state did not get a step beyond He was asked if the pound and poundmaster were governed by any rules and regulations of the Board of Health. Judge Scott ruled this question out, but allowed the attorneys to ask the witness if the meat inspector was governed by any rules or regulations of the board. The question was objected to, and then followed a discussion of over an hour between the court and the

orders could be given except by the entire board. Turning to the witness he asked: "Were there any rules or regulations adopted which authorized Frank to count these dogs?"

A fine pair of steel skates given away with children and boys' suits and overcoats all

"No," answered Dr. Saville.

"These amendments provide that the meat inspector shall be governed by rules of the board, or by the ordinances of the city," continued the court. "You cannot find any ordinance which places upon the meat inspector the duty of counting drowned dogs. And there has been no rule passed by the Board of Health which puts that duty upon him. There may have been a verbal order given him, but that is not sufficient. It must be a rule or order which was written down and passed by the board. Frank may have agsumed the duty of counting the dogs under the orders of one member of the board, but that is not enough to show that he was performing his regular duties when he committed

the alleged fraud." county attorney said that the main allegation made in the information was not that Frank was in the pursuance of his regular duties when he defrauded the city, that the main allegation was that he had ob-tained money under false pretenses and that that was the point on which the trial hinged. He also said that while the ordinances did not provide that the counting of dogs was a part of Frank's duty, it could be shown that he assumed that duty under direction, and that the board ratified this assumption of

duty by receiving his reports. You will have to talk that to some other court," responded Judg: Scott with his usual You allege that it was a part of his There are no rules giving him the What are you going to do about it?

COURT'S VIEWS OF THE CASE. The witness was then asked under whose direction Frank was instructed to report the number of dogs drown:d. The court ruled out this question. Then the state made a formal offer of what it expected to show by the witness. This showing was that Frank had been directed by Dr. Saville to report of Health with the approval of the mayor the number of dogs drowned each month as and council."

The defense objected to the introduction Frank accepted such duty at the request of bodies showed that they ratified and accepted as a part of the duties of the meat inspector the counting of dogs.

"That won't help you any," said Judg. Scott. "I will concede that Dr. Saville instructed Frank to make these reports. But that carries no weight. The board must give those orders. Even the board itself could not do that without the approval of the council. Dr. Saville had no authority to employ Frank and he had no authority to give him duty to make the reports and he could not b prosecuted civilly or criminally for making false reports under this information. It would be simply a trial of veracity between Dr. Saville and Frank, for the former says he gave the order and the latter says he did

The state said that it had no other proof to offer and then Judge Scott at once took the case out of the hands of the jury and dismissed it. In doing so he made the following remarks:

"It is better that ninety-nine guilty men should go unpunished than that one innocent man should suffer. It is the duty of this court to stand like a rock between the pross-cution and the defindant. It is just as state.

The defense made the objection, but it was not required to give reasons for it or to argue the point. Judge Scott took upon himself underfort the inalienable rights of an American citizen. Some guilty men may escape tuty and during the entire discussion. can citizen. Some guilty men may escape extended over an hour, the defense but it gives innocent men such assurance

that they can sleep in safety.
"I don't see any way out of this," he con-Judge Scott said that it had been shown that Frank had assumed the duty of keeping track of the number of dogs drowned under the direction of Dr. Saville, one of the members of the board. He held that this gave Frank no authority to do so, because no

#### mitted the fraud. Therefore, if he was convicted by the jury, I would not pronounce sen-

Judge Scott then discharged the jury and filled out a verdict finding Frank innocent of All Three of the Accused Parties Put on

HE IS REINSTATED IN HASTE.

the Loss of Pay. The name of Israel Frank once more ornaments the city pay roll. This is the result of the action of the Board of Health yesterday afternoon, by which Frank was reinstated in his position as meat inspector, and his salary was ordered paid for the period during which he had been sus-

Thomas was the only member absent, and, although the board waited nearly an hour for him, he refrained from putting in an appearance. Then, after the regular re-ports had been placed on file, Dr. Saville read a communication from Frank, which related the fact that on October 2 he had been suspended "pending the investigation of charges" against him, and that he had now been declared not guitly by a jury in the district court. Attached was a copy

of the entry docket.

Duncan moved that Frank be now reinstated and his salary cliowed in full. There was no disposition to discuss the subject, and all supported the motion except Mayor Bemis, who declared that he would never vote for a motion to reinstate a man who he had been convinced was guilty and who had only escaped by the most trifling technicality. Dr. Saville announced the vote and the mayor announced that the motion was "very unfortunately" carried.

ALL ON ACCOUNT OF THE CHILD. Contest in Court for the Custody of

the McGrane Daughter.

Judge Duffie is listening to a review of the troubles which have arisen between Thomas G. McGrane and Jennie B. Mc-Grane-Thompson, his divorced wife, over their 16-year-old child, Mamie: According to the decree which was granted to the wife, she was given the custody of the child and McGrane was ordered to pay \$25 a month toward her education. It is alleged, how-ever, by the woman that McGrane has never paid this money and that there is now due her \$1,900 from June, 1893, the date of the divorce. She also desires that McGrane send the child to school until she reaches

her majority or pay \$50 a month toward her education.

McGrane is fighting the claim on ground that the wife would not allow the girl to be sent to the school which he selected. He says that he placed her in the Academy of the Sacred Heart, but that the wife took her away and would not send her back to the woman has not properly cared for the child, is trying to allenate her from him and is on the eve of changing her name for that of her stepfather. Mrs. Thompson denies these allegations in toto.

They Will Not Be There.

Last Sunday William Perkins, Barney Mc-Cormick and George Carroll, who reside at 3208 North Sixteenth street, secured two bull pups and had a dog fight in the front parior of the house. Another mill between canines was announced to be pulled off next Sunday at the same place, but unfortunately the principals will not be present. Judge Berke gave them \$8 and costs each, which they will work out on the streets.

Then Safes Will Suffer. Edward Hart, alias "Boston Mackay," was arrested Tue-lay night and taken to the police station, charged with being a suspicious When taken to his cell Hart said that as soon as he got out he would show the police a trick or two, if he had to blow every atrong box in the town.

FOR THE MURDER OF SELJAN

Trial. TOOK ALL DAY TO SECURE A JURY

Crime with Facts on Which Arrests Were Based-Important Witnesses Absent.

John Seljan, were placed on trial the criminal court yesterday immediately after the conclusion of the Frank case.

When the court adjourned last night at 6 o'clock the jury was empaneled and the blood on the haft and the presence of some opening statements had been delivered to it. There was no great difficulty in obtaining the jury, as the majority of the jurymen called, if they had at one time had an opinion regarding the crime, appeared to have forgotten it during the length of time that has elapsed since. The jury is composed of the following: Thomas R. Pearson, H. V. Epley, G. F. Eleasser, Fred L. Bugbee, Henry Klass, James Hamblin, John M. Rose, Carl J. Wes-

terdahl, Richard A. Wagner, James Gorman, R. D. Angel, Andrew Jackley.

The cross-examination of the talesmen was not particularly close, and there was no at-tempt made to tangle them up on any opinion they may have or may not have formed. Only twenty-six men were called, but eight of these were talesmen selected by the sheriff from the audience, as the resular panel gave out. The defense used only ten of its sixteen peremptory challenges, and the state only two

of its six.
Something of the theory the defense will Something of the theory the defense will pursue in the trial was indicated by one of the questions which was asked the jurymen. This was whether they had fully made up their minds if Seljan was murdered or had committed suicide. The defense attempted to excuse for cause all these who answered in the affirmative, but Judge Scott refused to allow this. An argument over this point securified some time.

Two other questions were also invariably asked by the defens. These were whether the jurymen had ever been in the employ of any police department and whether they ever had relatives who mysteriously or unaccountably disappeared. These questions were almost universally answered in the negative ilmost universally answered in the negative When the jury had been sworn the at-Judge Scott adjourned court until this morning at 9, o'clock.

WHY THEY ARE TRIED. The crime with which the three men are through a window. A big spot of bloo charged was committed on the night of July discovered on the next house, directly

d, and was most mysterious. On the morning of July 4 a bloody coat and vest were found on the river bank near the foot of Harney street. In one of the pockets was found a letter addressed to John Seljan, 1318 Pierce street. The bloody garments were turned over to the police, and a number of officers were sent to the address indicated on the envelope. When the place was reached, a little one-

When the place was reached, a little onestory cottage, a number of men and women
were found looking through a window, into
a small room in the front part of the house.
Ameng them were Mr. and Mrs. Mike Mikan,
Drubnic and Bukovic. None of them could
speak English, but through an interpreter
they said that they had just noticed the
absence of Seljan and the condition of the
room. Seljan was a boarder, as also were
Bukovic and Drubnic, the Mikans being the
boarding house keepers.
When Seljan's room was entered it
was found to be in great disorder and be-

soaked, marks were found on the door and window, and a great pool of blood was on the floor, near the side of the bad. There was nothing else found in the room excep an account book and a knife which belonged to Bukovic. The three men and the woman were at once arrested and all but the woman have been in confinement since. From the

first they protested their innocence, and although they were all subjected to an exami-nation through an interpreter, they made no statements that could be looked upon as THEORY OF THE CRIME. Review of the Pierce Street Cottage

There were two theories advanced. One was that Seljan had been murdered in the house by the inmates. He had received money a few days before and in his trunk was found a considerable sum. It was thought that the murder was committed on John Drubnic, Anton Bukovic and Mike of 3 o'clock. At that time Drubnic and Mikan, charged with the murder of Bukovic were inside the house, not having gone to work at the smelter, where they were employed. Mrs. Mikan was at a store and Mikan was seen walking in front of the house with his child, as if on watch. The finding of Bukovic's knife in the room with of his papers in Seljan's trunk, connected him especially with the crime.

A circumstance that was said to have con-nected the men with the commission of the murder was found in the contradiction of statements that were made by them. The said that they discovered Seljan's absence only a short time before the police arrived and had not been in the room, the door of which was locked. There is a witness the case, however, who will swear that he raw Bukovic in the room and that he was rummaging through Seljan's trunk. The fact that the boarders did not go to work on the day of the murder is also said to be strong evidence against them. There is no direct proof, however, con-

necting anybody with the crime. The nearest to it is the evidence of an engineer who was on his engine on the Thirteenth street via-duct at 2 c'clock on the morning after the murder was committed. He said that he saw a man pushing a vender's car on Thir teenth street and that two men walked be teenth street and that two men walked before it, as if acting as a lookout to see if
the way was clear. They acted with caution and as if in a hurry. There was a
bundle on the cart that looked like a human
body wrapped in something. The men
went north on Thirteenth street and turned
toward the river on Jones street. It is
thought that these were the murderers removing the body to the river. They left moving the body to the river. They left the coat and vest on the land in the belief that it would be thought that Seljan com-mitted suicide. The engineer could not tell who the men with the push cart were. IDEA OF SUICIDE SCOUTED.

This conclusion is supported by the evidence of an employe of the Union Pacific phops, who was on his way home on Pierce street shortly before I o'clock. As he passed the Mikan house he heard a rustling noise. It is thought that it was at this time that the body was taken out of the room through a window. A big spot of blood was site the window, and several blood marks were on the sill.

The sulcide theory was never given much cridence and was entirely dispelled when Seijan's body was taken out of the river near South Omaha a week later. It was found that his throat had been cut. Physicians stated that it would have been utterly im-possible for the man to cut his throat in this fashion and then walk to the river and throw himself in.

There will be some difficulty found in

prosecuting the case, inasmuch as the evidence was worked up by the police force under the regime of the old police commission. Many of the men who were then on the force have been discharged and have left the city. Among them is ex-Chief of Police White, who devoted his entire attention for several days to the case.

Piles of people have piles, but DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve will cure them.

## COOKED BY ESCAPING STEAM

the style and making is perfect.

Five Men Found Dead in the Engine Room and Several More Injured.

CAUSED BY A DEFECTIVE STEAM PIPE

Terrible Accident on Board the American Steamship St. Paul While Resting Quietly at Her Dock.

NEW YORK, Dec. 18.-Five men were killed and six injured this morning by the explosion of a steam pipe on the American line steamship St. Paul, while the vessel lay at her dock at the foot of Fulton street in

North river. The dead are: JAMES FAWNS, assistant engineer, of England.

MANNING, fourth assistant en-ROBERT CAMPBELL, machinist, Nev York.

GEORGE WILLIAMS, machinist, New York. DANIEL M'CULLION, machinist helper, Brooklyn.

The injured are: F. V. Espers, third assistant engineer, Roxbury, Mass. Andrew Heard, storekeeper, Scotland.

-Dunham, machinist, England. A. Fogel, cleaner, Scotland. Edward Wischert, engineer. All these were seriously scalded and taken

o the Hudson street hospital. At the time of the accident, shortly after o'clock this morning, there were thirty men of the crew in the fire room and ten

in the engine room.

The main steam pipe, which is three feet in diameter, runs from the engine to the fire room. It was this pipe which exploded. The main stop valve was blown out.

The accident is believed to have been due to a flaw in the pipe.

Preparations were being made for the sailing of the vessel at 11 o'clock, but fortunately none of the passengers were aboard. The explosion was of terrific force and shook the big vessel from stem to stern. Following the report was the sound of escaping steam. It poured up to the deck from the engine room in clouds and completely enveloped the vicinity. Far above the noise of the escaping steam could be heard the cries of the men who had been at work in the engine room, inured by the explosion.

The nature of the explosion was such that

it rendered access to the locality extremely difficult. As quickly as possible the steam was turned off. Almost simultaneously four was turned off. Almost simultaneously four half-dead men acrambled up the iron stair-way leading from the engine room and fell prostrate upon the port side of the vessel. They were hurried into the cabin and restoratives administered to them. Two other men terribly scalded were found in an almost unconscious condition lying near the bottom of the stairway, and were lifted up to the deck. As soon as the steam had cleared away and those parts of the bodies which were not covered by their clothing looked as if they had been parbolled. The bodies were cov-

The greatest excitement prevailed aboard of the vessel for a time and it was thought that the boiler had blown up. The force of is to us.

we are doing in furs. They must be sold JACKETS, CAPES, CLOAKS, SUITS, SKIRTS, GOWNS, all are being sol usual holiday prices. the explosion was so great that it blew out a portion of the bulkhead and shattered every

particle of glass within a radius of fifty feet. On investigation it was found that the main steam pipe at the bend near the bulk-

head had burst. The pipe is sixteen inches in diameter and extends from one end of the ship to the other. It was said by Superintending Engineer Clark that he did not know exactly what the amount of pressure at the time was, but he was sure that it was not nearly sufficient to couse the pipe to burst. He said that he was not able at this time to tell just what caused the explosion, whether there was not sufficient room to allow of expansion or whether there was a flaw in the casting. Mr. Clark said that he was sure that the vessel could not sail within a week, for it would require at least that time to make the necessary repairs. The steamer has made three

round trips.

The probable result of the injuries received by Wischert, Espers, Fogel and Heard can-not be foretold by the surgeons. It is likely, however, that some of the men will not survive. Second Vice President James White said: "I have as yet no details of the accident. I do not know the exact nature of extent of the injuries, but I do know that the St. Paul will not be able to sail for a day or two, or perhaps for a week. I think the repairs can be made at her dock and that she need not go to Cramp's yard or any other yard. No repairs have been made to her since she was launched and the only work done on her since she left the stocks was the scraping of her bottom and some painting. We have no other ship in port to which to transfer the passengers in case the repairs take several days, and our next ship, the Paris, will not sail before Christmas day. Some of the passengers may wait for the Paris, some may decide to wait for the St. Paul and others may possibly be asked to be transferred to some other line. We shall not charter a ship to take the place of the St. Paul. I am not aware that the explosion has frightened any of the persons booked as passengers, or that any of them have countermanded their reservations. Up to 10 o'clock no intending passets. senger had signified his intention of backing out on account of the accident or on account of the delay.

The first fare steamship to sail from New York to Liverpool is the Campania of the Cunard line and to her the United States mails now on the St. Paul will be trans-

Four Workmen Fatally Injured. SHAMOKIN, Pa., Dec. 18.-Four workmen were fatally injured and nine others badly hurt at Mid-Valley collisry this morning by the wrecking of a runaway work train. A dozen other workmen saved themselves by jumping into the brush while the train dashed down a steep grade. The names of those fatally injured are as follows: JAMES HOLLISTER, engineer, of Marys-

JOHN LEIBIG of Mount Carmel. EDWARD ALEBACH, a miner of Mount GEORGE SMITHEN, a laborer.

Applauded on the Pacific Coast. SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 18 .- The Examiner has the following comment on the president's message: "President Cleveland has taken precisely the stand in his Venezuelan message which Americans who are not jingoes, As soon as the steam had cleared away sufficiently to render seeing the surroundings possible, five men were found lying near in various parts of the compartment dead. They had all been scaled to death, and their faces when the lays of the compartment dead to death, and their faces when the English people discover the positive men are seen to the compartment of the bodies which were not when the English people discover the positive men are seen to the compartment of the bodies which were not when the English people discover the positive men are seen as the steam had cleared away take. He does not bluster nor threaten, but he lays down unmistakably the established policy of the United States and calls upon congress to assist in its enforcement. but who are only alive to the honor, interests bad been parboiled. The bodies were covered over where they were found lying, with pieces of tarpaulin, and word was sent to the coroner's office.

when the English people discover the position into which the sky rocket politicians in carge of their foreign relations have been allowed to lead them, they will demand a change of policy. The refusal to arbitrate a