## SIX THOUSAND UNDER ARMS

Armed Insurgents Scattered All Through the Eastern Part of Cuba.

GOVERNMENT SUPPRESSES THE TRUTH

Expressions of Sympathy for the Insurgents Certain to Result Disastrously to the Person Who Makes Them-Spanish Defeats Claimed as Victories.

clear and trustworthy statement of the condition of affairs in the eastern end of Cuba is brought by a passenger on the steamer Macotte. "I have traveled throughout the now fully 6,000 insurgents under arms. They guez, the minister of war, or came of their are in a dozen or more detachments, but are giving the government no end of trouble. In Madrid to the Standard says that the governmany cases the Spanish troops have been

force of their intellect and ability they have induced the insurgents not to hold off longer for the arrival of leaders. The general opinlon in Santiago is that if the insurgents can hold out till summer the yellow fever will help them greatly. It is said both Rabi and Masso are confident of taking Santiago before October. The Spanish troops are guarding every road, and nobody is allowed to pass without giving the strictest account of himself. It is as much as a man's life is worth in Santiago to talk in favor of the Cubans or tell the truth. Several persons have been shot on account of an expression of opinion. "Instances where the Spaniards were de-feated have been published as government

harbor of Santiago one week ago, but now there are but two guarding the eastern coast and one the southern."

The passenger also said the revolt would kill business in Cuba for two years. Money is already scarce, and prices are high. A panic is feared. It seems to be the general impression among the Spaniards that the impression among the Spaniards that the United States feels bitterly toward the Spanish government, and would like nothing bet-ter than to seize the island, hence their

victories. - Four Spanish cruisers were in the

hatred of the Americans. Nothing official has been received of the report of the Spanish cruiser firing on the Allianca. It is understood that the Spanish officials in Havana claim that the Allianca was within three miles of the shore, and had a right to sink her on

her refusal to halt.

TAMPA, Fla., March 17.—The reports of the Progresso, a Cuban steamer that arrived tonight, give credence to the uprising in the castern department and state that much activity exists among the Spanish troops on the entire island. Thirteen prisoners are reported in the prisons of Havana. San Juilly and Aguirre are being tried by civil court as required by Consul Williams, and it is belleved they will be freed allegather, al-though it is asserted that should San Jully released his life would be in peril.

Spanish troops in the outskirts of Bayamo. The affray lasted two hours and 300 Spaniards The Cubans gave an entertainment in Ybor city, the proceeds being for the treasury of the revolutionary party. The house was

The Cubans had a recent engagement with

PLANS HAVE ALL BEEN WELL LAID. than Revolutionists Have Been Preparing

for the Present Struggle for Years. JACKSONVILLE, F.a., March 17 .- Extracts Key West say: With Mardi, Gomez and Col laz in the east; with the insurrectionists already in possession of the Vuelta Abajo district of Cuba, Spain is confronted by a turbulence which she knows from experience mus result in the death of many faithful subjects and the loss of a large treasure. The forces now at work have been gathering strength twenty-five years. On the defeat of the rising of 1868, the insurgenty fied from the island and made their homes in the United States and the Spanish speaking republics of South and Central America. In these homes of exiles, revolutionary funds were opened and regular contributions were made until in New York alone \$3,500,000 was on hand, and the cigar makers of Tampa and Key West were pouring into the fund at the opening of hos tilities \$3,000 a day. Joseph Marti, with his chief residence in New York, was head and front of the secret operations. Marti's plan was primarily to get some small, fast steam vessels for transports to Cuba. The rising

were to incite insurrection.

The failure of Borden's expedition delayed the beginning of hostilities several weeks. The LaGonda, which is one of the fastest ves-sels in the country, and whose speed caused Borden to charter her, was to cruise in Cuban waters and to occast nally slip into the island a Cuban leader or a company of recruits from ida, where clubs of Cuban revolutionists of formed, and who steed ready to go to Cuba to take up arms against Spain. The day set by Marti for the revolution to break forth was February 22, Washington's birthday, and all arrangements were made to that end, but the failure of Borden's part of the program knocked all other plans out of line, for besides destroying simultaneous operation, it pre vented the landing in Cuba of some ten or twelve important leaders, and at the lowest

estimate 6,000 men. The Marti plan further provided for the organization of clubs or small companies of 150 to 200 men, who were to be ready for a bushwhacking warfare. These men were to be landed on Cuban soil, leaders to take command, and march from place to place, pick-ing up recruits. This project has been fairly successful. The fighting so far has been done under the command of General Santos Parez and Henry Brooks, two able leaders. Gomez is already at hand, and Mardi is gathering forces, and it is believed that the flag of revolution is to be unfurled shortly in full view of Havana, where the final struggle is to take place. By that time every effor will be made by the Cubans to have all their forces at hand. Guaymer, in Puerto Principa forces at hand. Guaymer, in Puerto Principe province, has been designated as the place for the final organization of the republic, and for-mation of a democratic form of government if the revolution succeeds.

Rev. Benson Arrested for I'mbezzlement. PATERSON, N. J., March 17.—Rev. I. N. Benson, rector of the Barnet Memorial temple at Broadway and Strath street, this city ple at Broadway and Strath street, this city, was arrested on Friday, charged with emezzlement. The arrest was kept quiet and the rabbl was released on bail to await requisition capers from Philadelphia or Council Bluffs, Rabbl Benson formerly practiced law in Council Bluffs, where he was given a claim of E35 to collect by Abraham Hirsch & Bros of Philadelphia. He claims to have collected only a part of the money while Hirsch Bros. claim the whole amount was collected.

Taylor Did Not Reach Tampa Yesterday TAMPA, Fla., March 18.-Taylor, th. absconding South Dakota treasurer, whom it was said would arrive here tonight, has not arrived.

Ex-Hawalian Official Died in Exite.

SAN FRANCISCO. March 17.—Arthur Peterson, attorney general of Hawaii under the monarchy, died in this city late last night.

PREMIER SAGASTA FORCED TO QUIT. Protest of the Press Representatives Brings

on a Crisis. MADRID, March 17 .- The Spanish ministry has resigned in consequence of the trouble in the Chamber of Deputies yesterday,

when all the reporters withdrew from the house as a protest against the official defense made by the minister of war of the officers who attacked and wrecked the office of El Globo, the organ of Senor Castellar, It is probable Field Marshal Martinez Cam-

pos will form a new cabinet.

The ministers decided to resign at council this evening. Senor Sagasta subse REY WEST, Fla., March 17.—The first countries of this evening. Senor Sagasta subsequently went to the palace and handed the resignations to the quien regent, who accepted them. It is expected that Marshal Martinez de Campos will form a new cabinet. Senor Sagasta has declared it is his intention not to resume the premiership.

The Heraldo will tomorrow say that Marshal de Campos will take command of the troops in Madrid before he forms a cabinet. General mountainous district constantly since the Bermudez Relias, the military governor of trouble began," said he, "and matters are Madrid, it will be recalled, resigned that ponow in a much worse condition than at the beginning. The fighting started in a desultory and scattered fashion, but the forces gradually became crystallized and there are

dispatch adds: The queen regent is much affected. Senor Sagasta and his colleagues, with the exception of the minister of war, decided to resign directly they were apprised of the feeling among the military. It has been learned that the military deputation that visited the council formulated conditions that no government could accept.

A condition of the firing. At the order of taking possession of the Criental regions and the ancient prophecy of Noah is in course of realization, with the Irish giving back to the east the faith it had rejected. Father Richards referred to the distinct of the right in the fighting, but all the women—even the old ones—as my mother, tucked up their clothes, armed themselves with daggers and

The supreme court decided in favor of civil procedure despite this. The minister of war, conforming to the desires expressed by the officers of the garrison, proposed to the cabinet that a court-martial be summoned to try A majority of the ministers representing the civil elements opposed this procedure, whereupon Prime Minister Sagasta de-clared it was impossible for him to continue longer in office. All the ministers then ten-dered their resignations. Marshal Campos assumed command of the garrison tonight,

TAKE INTEREST IN FREE MASONRY.

church, London, last week was very successful. The edifice was crowded. Even the pulpit, stairs and passages were thronged, and large numbers failed to obtain admission. It is stated that this is the first time there has ever been a parade of the craft in a nonconformist place of worship. church, it may be of interest to note, is fitted with a telephone, which not only transmits to distant hearers the sermon, prayers and music, but also makes a collection, just as if the hearers were in the building. On this occasion the preacher announced that his invisible audience had contributed \$7.50 toward the mission work of the church.

Japs Captured All the thinese Supplies. states that the Japanese army at New Chwang captured all the supplies of pro-visions, etc., which were intended to last the Chinese three months. They also hold all the other ports from which supplies could arrive. Thus the Chinese troops in Manchuria will be compelled either to yield to speedily retire in the direction of Peis reported at Shanghai that the Brit-

LONDON, March 17 .- The Paris corre granted the betrothal of Princess Helene of granted the betrothal of Princess Helene of Orleans, daughter of the late count of Paris, to the duke of Aosta, nephew of King Humbert, and says that the wedding will take place privately in England. The royalists are excited over the report of the betrothal, A dispatch from Rome to the Chronicle says that King Humbert has given his consent to the marriage, and the pope does not object.

Spaniards Defeat the Natives.

MADRID, March 17.—Advices from Maforces under the command of General Sarando have defated the Malay Mussulmans at Mandano. The enemy lost 408 killed, in-cluding the sultan of Mandano and his son-The Spanish loss was two officers and fif-teen men killed and twenty-one officers and 172 men wounded. The Spaniards captured four cannon and a number of rifles.

Forty-Three Bonies Recovered. TROPPAU, Austrian Silesia, March 17. was to be in several places at once, and emis-saries in Spain, the I villipines and Porto Rico Forty-three bodies have been from the Hoheggen mine. Reports yester rom the Honeggen inine. Reports yester-day of a disastrous explosion and fire were received and a number of miners are un-accounted for. Archduke Frederick, owner of the mine, will pay a pension of 100 florins each to the widows. The widows and orphans will also receive a pension from the Miners' Benevolent fund.

LONDON, March 17 .- A dispatch from St Petersburg says it is reported that all the Russian Mediterranean squadron has been ordered to the Pacific to be in readiness to make a positive demonstration in concert with Great \_ritain in regard to the Japanese demands on China.

Porte Will Protect the Christians. CONSTANTINOPLE, March 17.—The orte, replying to a protest from Sir Philip measures would be taken to protect Chris-tains in Asia Minor. The porte has also assured the American minister to the same effect. Currie, the British minister, assured him

Vanderbilt Yacht Arrives at Marseilles. MARSEILLES, March 17.-W. K. Van-lerblit's steam yacht Vallant arrived here today with the body of Lady Mary Alva Montague, the twin daughter of the duches of Manchester, who died in Rome on Fri day last

ROME, March 17.-A consistory will be held tomorrow at which the pope will precanonize sixty-five archbishops and bis including the archbishop of St. Bon Canada, and the Bishop of St. Johns.

Preparations for the March on Peking YOKOHAMA, March 17.-It is officially announced that Prince Komatsu has been ordered to the front as commander-in-chief of the army, which it is intended shall march on to Peking.

Wreckage from Re na Regente. MADRID, March 17 .- A quantity of fresh wreckage, supposed to be from the missing Reina Regente, has come ashore at Tarifa. All the searches for the vessel have been fruitless.

Centrist Leader tiles of Influenz BERLIN, March 17.-Baron von Shoerlerner-Alst, the noted centrist leader, whose illness from influenza was announced in these dispatches yesterday, is dead.

Mary Ellen May Kun for Mayor. WICHITA, Kan., March 17.-Quite a stir was caused in political circles here tonight by the announcement that Mrs. Mary Ellen

by the announcement that Mrs. Mary Ellen Lease would be nominated for mayor of Wichita tomorrow by a citizens' committee, to make the mayoralty fight against the regular republican nominee. If she accepts, and it is said she will, the populists, the democrats, the women and the prohibitionists will back her in the fight, and womin are already talking about getting suffragist orators of national reputation to come here and hold a raily every night until the campaign is ended. A hot two weeks' campaign is locked for.

## TALES TOLD BY A REFUGEE

Only Three Families Remain Out of Village of Seventy Houses.

ARMENIAN WOMEN FOUGHT WITH THE MEN

Were Able to Beat Back the Kurds but Turkish Troops Were Too Numerous -Confirmed the Worst Reports of the Massacre.

LONDON, March 17 .- The following letter has been received from the special correspondent of the Associated press who is letter, which bears date of Kars, February 28, says: An Armenian refugee has just arrived here, after many dangers and privations, since his escape from his home at Sassoun. His name is Marto. He is a shep herd, 20 years of age. He said: "I am the son of Stephan. Our family is

the villages of Khatan, Heting and Gucharpression, cruelty, poverty and famine, they
say My village Arbhi consisted of sev.
penetrate to the remote quarters of the globe many cases the Spanish troops have been beaten back with heavy loss. The most deplorable feature of the warfare is the pillaging and burning. The insurgents have gained confidence since the beginning of the trouble and matters in the eastern district are in almost as bad condition as during the war of 1868.

Madrid to the Standard says that the government it sonly able to count upon the support of the police, the civil guard having declined to act against the young officers who took part in the riot at the offices of El Globo. The spirit of the garrison shows that almost are in almost as bad condition as during the war of 1868.

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Ny village, Axhbi, consisted of sevently houses—now there remains not a single man, not a single house; all is destroyed; the people are all killed save three families. In my family were nine members. My father was the most considerable man in the village. There were in all four men in our family. Why father was the most considerable man in the village. There were in all four men in our family. They are powerful in India: they are powerful in India: they are invading all the countries of the globe. The them their priest and their of the police, the civil guard having declined to act against the young officers who took part in the riot at the offices of El Globo. The spirit of the garrison shows that almost a single man, not ash. My village, Axhbi, consisted of sev-

that no government could accept.

A constitutional crisis is on. According to the military code, those who slander the army through the press ought to be tried by courtmartial, when, according to the press laws, such matters ought to be submitted to a jury. The supreme court decided in favor of civil procedure desired to the press of the control of the courtmartial of the country of the courtmartial of the courtmartial of the country of intention to retire from the battle. When we had succeeded in killing some of the Kurds, Yali Pasha and Yali Kalamedan sent many regular troops—how many there were I do not know, maybe 5,000, naybe 20,000. One thing is very certain, there remained no place without some soldiers. They placed cannon and began to fire. The women fainted and their shells created much terror, death and destruction.

TROOPS SHOWED NO MERCY. "Troops wished to show mercy to nobody, not even to the children or to the old men. The shells as they burst mowed down all before them, as grass before a scythe. We Special Services Held in a Church in the City of London.

LONDON, March 16.—Nonconformists are beginning to take an interest in Free Mafled, and began to seek refuge in our rocks sonry. The special masonic service held by Rev. W. J. Dawson of the Highbury Quadrant field glasses in their hands, they observed the hiding places of the mountains, and if they perceived behind a stone the head of a man they immediately went there. The coldiers cut to pieces all they found there, without distinction of age or sex. The heads of the manders. Those who found refuge in the comperhs could only leave in the night. The Kurds committed all kinds of atrocities. They found no pleasure in killing adult men; they hunted for children, threw them on the ground and plunged daggers in their bodies. After this they pitched them into the air and turned the daggers in them, and threw them against a stone, saying: "When you are grown you would fight us; better go to hell." (Di jakhan ma.) Then they trampled the bodies under foot.

I long parade composed of a number of Irish and Catholic societies, including the Ancient Order of Hibernians, Clan-Na-Cael guards and Seventh infantry, Illinois National guard. The procession, consisting of five divisions, marched through the principal streets of the city and was led by Grand Marshal M. J. Kelly. It is estimated that there were 20,000 people in the parade. Great crowds of spectators through the line of march. The day coming on Sunday, special services were also held in all Catholic churches. victims were brought as trophies to the com-manders. Those who found refuge in the cav-

they knew that I was neither lazy nor sleepy in killing them. We decided, I and my two companions, to fly to Russia. We fled from Sassoun and reached the forest. Entering, we heard a heavy and heartrending sigh. Going to the sound we found Miro, from Khatan, a courageous Sassoun man, from whose mouth flowed blood. We took Miro and carried him secretly, but when we reached the wheat field the Kurds saw us and pursued. Then each of us gave a kiss to our dying compat-riot and fled. The Kurds took Miro, dragged him into a sheep fold and set fire to it. All

was burned. "My uncle was killed in the figuring; the other members of our family took refuge in a cavern. The place was so difficult to reach that we had to draw up the women and chil-dren one by one by ropes. 'My companion, Aveti, had five uncles, of

whom Khaso and Khacho were killed; in the family Mkro three men were killed, the uncle of Keyph, Avo, also was killed. If you wish, I can name one by one all the persons killed and tell you how many cattle were driven away. After my and Maso's flight we came to the village of Ziz and then to Edhnpape. If we had worn our Sassoun aba (overcoat) cognized us and we should have been

The correspondent says: "I have no doubt Marto told the truth, and it is well for him that he is on Russian soil."

DELEGATES TO PRISON CONGRESS. President Cleve and Names the American

PITTSBURG, Pa., March 17.—President Cleveland has appointed the official representatives of the United States government who are to attend the international prison congress. Rev. J. I. Milligan, chaplain of the Riverside penitentiary, who is secretary of the national association, has just re-ceived a list from Secretary of State

tary of the national association, has just received a list from Secretary of State Gresham, and the names are here made public for the first time. The congress is to meet in Parls on June 10, next, and will continue ten days. There will be 800 present, Delegates from every civilized country in the world will be present, and the conference will be held under the supervision of the French government, which is making all arrangements. All the delegates are prominent men, who have great interest in prison work.

The delegat s. in addition to Rev. Milligan, are: General Brinkerhoff of Mansfield, O., president of the National Prison association; P. H. Wines, Springfield, Ill.; Rev. Samuel J. Barrows, editor of the Christian Register, Boston; R. W. McClaughrey, exsuperintendent of police of Chicago and now superintendent of the Illinois state reformatory; Judge M. G. Walls, St. Paul, Minn.; Chariton C. Lewis, the well known corporation lawyer of New York City; Hon. J. S. Apple, president of the Board of State Charities, Denver; Dr. S. H. Lindley, Whittier, Cal.

Official commissions will be issued to delegates by the State department at Washington. In response to his request, Mr. Milligan has secured promises from a number of prominent Americans to furnish papers for the congress.

Thieves at Old Fort Randall. SIOUX FALLS, S. D., March 17 .- (Spe cial.)—John H. McLaughlin, custodian of the abandoned Fort Randall in this state,

abandoned Fort Randall in this state, writes that he is in constant danger of death from prowling thieves at that place. The whole fort is in the charge of McLaughlin and wife. They went out the other night to see what their dog was barking at and they were shot at twicz. They saw two men in the dark and returned the fire, but with no effect. The custodian says that thieves have stolen the chain which has been around the burial lot of the Odd Fellows for twenty years, and the rope attached to a large bell which has been in use for as many years. He wishes that the people will soon purchase the old fort and take law and order there.

DENVER, March 17.-A special to the Rocky Mountain News from Moffatt, Colo. says: Arthur Kelly, while celebrating St. Patrick's day, got into a quarrel and tried to shoot a Swede. He missed his man and struck William Kelly over the left eye, killing him. Arthur Kelly is still at large.

Movements of Seagoing Vessels, March 17. At Queenstown-Arrived-Aurania, from New York. At Havre-Arrived-La Bretagne, from New York. At New York-Arrived-La Gascogne, from Havre.

INFLUENCE OF IRISH IN THE WORLD. BURIED BY FALLING WALLS Notable Services Held in the Cathedral at

Washington. WASHINGTON, March 17 .- St. Patrick's day, coming on Sunday, was celebrated in St. Patrick's church today with high pontifical mass by Mgr. Satolli, and a sermon by Rev Father Richards, president of Georgetown college, on the world-wide work wrought by St. Patrick and the Irish race. Mgr. Satolli was assisted by Rev. Fathers Sharetti, Russell and a large number of the local Catholic clergy. His celebration of the mass was accompanied by orchestra, choir and organ President Richards' sermon was notable in portraying the Irish race as God's chosen people of modern times, as the Jews had been the chosen people of the old dispensa-tion, and also in its eloquent tribute of loyalty to the pope and his American represpondent of the Associated press who is sentative, Mgr. Satelli, Referring to the examining into the Armenian atrocities. The growing influence of the Irish the world over. Father Richards said a mighty empire, over, Father Richards said a mighty empire, far vaster than the Roman power—the empire of the English speaking people—was growing up and overshadowing the world. A grasping, relentless, unfeeling power it is, no doubt, yet, in general, just to individuals, much like that pagan but orderly empire of old. And now, wherever the English flag is planted there, the Irish go with it to plant "I am the son of Stephan. Our family is planted there, the Irish go with it to plant called Netko. The name of our village is the faith. Nay, they outrun their masters. Axhbi. In my neighborhood there was also Driven from home by unjust laws, by op-

addressing Mgr. Satolli, he said: Venerable prelate, from the moment you set foot on these shores, the heart of the American church bade you a joyful and respectful

"We are all of us Irish; all of us Romans in our welcome to thee. When, therefore, you write to the glorious pontiff, whom you so purest faith, the most devoted patriotism. Ask him to rely upon our obedience and our affection, and implore him to bless, from his throne of suffering, his children in these United States, that we, under Leo, may carry on, with high hearted courage and steadfast truth, the mission entrusted by Celestine to St. Patrick and the Irish race."

The statement had added significance on account of the persistent, but groundless, rebers of the order and Georgetown college one of its schools. Twenty Thousand Paraded at Chicago.

CHICAGO, March 17.-The feature of the St. Patrick's celebration here today was a

favorable for Detroit's celebration of St Patrick's day, which proved to be one of the most successful ever held in the city. The parade included all the Irish Catholic mili-tary organizations of Detroit and Windsor, benevolent associations and the various

Archbist op Corrigan Celebrated Mass NEW YORK, March 17 .- St. Patrick's day was celebrated at St. Patrick's cathedral by very impressive services. At 11 o'clock pontificial high mass was celebrated. Sixty-ninth battallon in uniform, and side arms only, attended mass in a Archbishop Corrigan celebrated mass.

Most Extensive Celebration in Years INDIANAPOLIS, March 17.-The celebraion of St. Patrick's day in this city was he most elaborate known in Indianapolis for many years. The demonstration in street parades was made up of about 2,000 uniformed men and those wearing the re-galia of their orders.

Boston Catholies Ce ebrate BOSTON, March 17 .- St. Patrick's day was celebrated here today by high mass in all the Catholic churches in the city. In the morning a number of Irish organiza-tions celebrated the day with receptions and entertainments.

BALTIMORE, March 17.-There was a great "wearing of the green" here on this, St. Patrick's day. There was a special service in St. Patrick's church, where Car-dinal Gibbons and the principal clergy of the city assisted.

Perfect Weather at New Orleans. NEW ORLEANS, March 17.-Perfect spring weather favored the celebration of St. Patrick's day, which was conducted on a grander scale than has been the custom recently.

MURDERED AN OLD TIME CATERER. Cornellus Stagg, the Best Known on the

Coast, Killed for Four Dollars. SAN FRANCISCO, March 17.—Cornelius Stagg, proprietor of the Ingleside, a famous wayside resort near the ocean beach, was shot and killed late last night by one of shot and killed late last night by one of two masked men, whose object was robbery. Entering the bar, at which several men were throwing dice, one robber covered the party, while the other entered an adjoining room and ordered Stagg to go to the bar and produce the money bag, large sums being spent daily by visitors. Stagg at first resisted, and the robber, first striking him on the head with a revolver, then leveled the pistol at the old caterer and shot him through the temple. The masked men, after securing the contents of the till, amounting to only \$1, left. They have not been apprehended. Stagg, who was murdered, was the best known caterer in California. He opened a wayside resort and race track thirty years ago, his place being the headquarters for clubmen and members of the sporting fraternity. During the visit of General Grant and Dom Pedro, emperor of Brazil, a special series of races was arranged, and the leading men of the city were daily and nightly at Stagy's.

DENVER, March 17.-Mr. William Crisp Nicholson, a long time employed with the Nicholson, a long time employed with the Associated press in New York, died in Denver today of consumption, aged 25 years. He came to Denver five months ago in search of health, since which time he improved greatly for a time, but during the last month has been steadily declining. Mr. Nicholson was well known as a bright and intelligent newspaper man and was employed in the Associated press office in New York for eighteen years. His wife was with him when he died. His body will be sent east this week.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., March 17 .- (Spe litical circles by the circulation of a well founded rumor that N. E. Phillips, present warden of the penitentlary, has announced himself to his friends as a candidate for governor on the republican ticket to go before the people in 1895. Mr. Phillips has been for many years one of the Pettigrew "Big Four."

WASHINGTON, March 17.-Helene Cummings, known throughout the Catholic world as Sister de Chantel, for over thirty years mother superior of the Visitation convent in this city, died here today. She was born in Washington, August 18, 1811, and took the white veil at the age of 19.

Twelve Employes Caught in a Round House Fire at Toledo.

Of the Remainder Several Are So Badly Hurt that They May Die-Building Entirely Destroyed and the Engines it Contained Ruined.

TOLEDO, March 17 .- The roundhouse of the Wabash railroad in this city, located at the foot of South street, on the dock front, burned to the ground between 10 and 11 clock this morning. Three-quarters of an hour after the first alarm was sent in the southwest wall of the building, sixty feet in circumference, fell in, burying twelve men underneath it. Two of them were instantly killed, a third died a short time after being taken from the debris, and the others were all badly hurt, one probably fatally. All but one, John Bowen, were employes of the Wabash. The dead are:

R. H. BOHLMAN, skull crushed; internally J. J. PRESTON, back broken; skull

crushed; killed instantly. JOHN BOWEN, skull crushed; internally njured; killed instantly. injured are: F. H. Howard, head bruised; face cut;

slightly burned; will recover.

John Leary, leg broken; arm crushed; skull fractured; may die.

Patrick McDonough, skull fractured; shoulder broken; will recover.

Martin Greenburg, head cut; will recover.

Harry Zimmerman, legs sprained; body Louis Becker, head bruised; shoulder

sprained. Henry Gerding, head bruised and cut T. C. Lauer, head and neck sprained; head

Casper Becker, head and shoulders cut. The first alarm for the fire came by tele-phone to the district offices at 10 a. m. A few write to the glorious pontiff, whom you so worthily represent, say the hearts of his children in America beat with only one impulse—loyalty and love for the see of Peter. In his words, however much the world may carp and blame, we know we shall find the General Foreman Howard summoned the company's private fire department, consisting of fifteen men, to the scene, and a stream of water was directed toward the blazing cupola. A heavy wind was blowing and the fire ate its way down the roof of the roundhouse, WARNING CAME TOO LATE.

When Fire Chief Mayo reached the fire he saw that there was danger of the flames reaching the oil house, repair shops and the Wabash elevator, all in close proximity, and port that the Jesuit order was not in full sympathy with Mgr. Satolli's mission. President Richards is one of the influential memical rected its efforts toward smothering the flames in the southeast end of the structure, which menaced the oilhouse, and the fire at this point was held fairly in check. The roof was already ablaze and threatened to collapse every moment, but the falling of the walls was not at this time anticipated. The iron braces supporting the roof expanded in the intense heat and the frail frame covering at the same time calling out: "Unlock the Board of Public Lands and Buildings. gave way with a muffled roar, falling in on the stalled engines. At this moment the southwest wall, eighteen feet high and eighteen inches thick, was seen to totter out-tended on the lateral pressure of the falling root, and a yell went up to apprise of their danger the fifteen men at work at this por-tion of the building. The warning came too late and twelve of the men were buried in a pile of brick several feet high. That only two were killed outright was nothing short f miraculous.

ing debris, and, as soon as possible, the work of rescue began. Bowen and Post were buried completely and were dead some time before their bodies were reached. They were badly crushed, Bowen's features being unrecognizable. Bohlman was taken out in an unconscious condition and removed to his home, where he died a few hours afterward By this time half a dozen physicians had eached the scene and attention was directe oward carrying out the injured. Leary was found to be the worst sufferer, and it wa The others, though badly used up, will prob-ably all recover. The firemen had a stubborn fight with the now doomed round house, th heavy wind greatly aiding the flames. A noon the fire was practically under contro after destroying all that was inflammable of the building. The property loss is estimated at \$100,000, probably insured. The round-house, which had a capacity of twenty loco motives, contained only six engines, and thea are all badly damaged. A Wheeling & Lake Erie coal car and a Baltimore & Ohio box car were also consumed.

NEWSPAPER PLANTS BURNED OUT.

Printing Company Wiped Out. CLEVELAND, O., March 17.-The Worthington block, at the corner of Ontario and Noble street, occupied by the World newspaper plant and the A. N. Kellogg News paper company, was entirely destroyed by fire soon after 6 o'clock this evening.

The building was of brick and five stories in height. The basement and second floor were occupied by the Kellogg Newspape company, with a composing room and ster ectyping plant, while the World occupied the first and fifth floors. On the third floor was the Claffen Manufacturing company, makers of light hardware, and on the fourth floor was the Bandau Bros. Passementerie com pany, manufacturers of dress and cloak trim-mings. The loss on the building is estimated at \$40,000, with \$10,000 insurance \$40,000 insurance. loss is \$41,000 and the insurance \$21,000 The Ciaffen Manufacturing company and Ban dau Bros. lose \$10,000 each, which is insured. The cause of the fire is a mystery. It started in the rear on the first floor and spread with great rapidity. An explosion, probably caused by gasoline, occurred soon after the fire started, causing quite a little excitement. The World will appear as usual tomorrow.

ST. LOUIS, March 17.-Early this morn ing the storage warehouse and elevator of grain, at the corner of the levee and Bremen avenue, was burned, causing a loss of \$200,000 on the building and contents; fully insured. The building was two stories high, about 156 feet long and forty wide and contained salt and grain valued at \$150,000. The contents that escaped the fire were swept away and destroyed by the flood of water thrown on the flames. The fire broke out in the office, presumably from the stove. It raged all day, but was confined to the flogers warehouse. So rapidly did the flames spread that when the first engine arrived and was ready for work the entire structure was in flames. A second alarm was immediately sounded and the firemen went to work to save the adjoining property, consisting of lumber yards, small storage warehouses and railroad property, as it was seen that the elevator was doomed.

Hieyele Factory Burned Out. grain, at the corner of the levce and Bre-Bicycle Factory Burned Out

MILWAUKEE, Wis., March 17.—Fire early this morning in the Norris building, a large street, caused damage to building and contents estimated at \$50,000. The insurance cannot be ascertained before tomorrow, but is supposed to be ample. The premises were occupied by a bleycle manufacturing firm, the Wisconsin Iron and Wire works, the Milwaukee Brass company and the National Time Recording company. The fire started from some unknown cause in the ton thor of the structure.

lumates Rescued from a Burning Asylum MH.LERSBURG, O., March 17.-The Holmes county infirmary near this place burned this morning, causing a loss of \$25. 600, on which there was an insurance of \$15,000. The forty-six limates of the institution were rescued with great difficulty, but all were taken out safely.

top floor of the structure

CLOSED CINCINNATI SALOUNS SUNDAY. WHO OWNS THE STATE PRISON

Law and Order League Making an Aggressive Fight. CINCINNATI, March 17.-The Law and Order league closed up the city today. Slot

machines and all such devices were run into

the cellars last week. Gambling places have been closed wherever it was possible to THREE OF THEM INSTANTLY KILLED shadow them for some time. During the DOEGAN'S RELATIONS TO NEBRASKA past week the midnight closing law has been strictly enforced. Tonight the records show over forty saloonists arrested today for keeping epen in violation of the Sunday law. Every place with an open entrance in the rear, side, or front to a bar is being pulled. Since the police have acted on the complaints of the Law and Order let. of the Law and Order league a counter move-ment has been started by detectives and officers custed at the instigation of the league. Charges of drunkenness, visiting prize fights and other offenses are being prepared against the police commissioners, to file with Gov-ernor McKinley, who appoints the police commissioners. As Daniel Morgan, one of the commissioners, is a member of the firm of liamentary struggle over these measures, it Russel, Morgan & Co., printers, a boycott has is just as well that the people of the state been started on their playing cards and other goods. Two other commissioners are being boycotted. The leading commissioner in the restrictive movement in Isaac Miller, a lawyer, and the beycotters do not know how to that the act of the legislature by which the get out after him.

> SUNDAY DRINK HARD TO CATCH. Sabbath Closing League in St. Louis Making

an Active Cruside. ST. LOUIS, March 17.—Today has been the bluest Sunday St. Louis has had within the memory of the oldest inhabitant. The Sabbath association had many committees erdasher's establishments that were open ready to sell. The work of the Sabbath association a week ago has put terror in the hearts of the men who have hitherto scarcely thought there is a Sunday closing law on the statute books. In consequence many stores heretofore kept open on the Sabbath day were closed. The sudden break of the butchers, grocers, cigar dealers and saloon keepers to keep holy the Sabbath drove many absent-minded persons to their wits ends to secure the necessities and luxuries usually purchased on Sunday. Officers of the association say they are making an aggressive crusade in spite of the efforts of some influential men to thwart their efforts. The result of today's work will be seen in the number of warrants applied for by the association officer tomerrow. Arrests and convictions will likely follow in every case where witnesses are able to prove an infraction of the law.

county jail here this evening, in which ten prisoners, including three convicted of murder, made their escape. The delivery was accomplished by means of a dummy revolver made of wood. At 7:30 Night Jailor Yerberry went into the north corridor to take berry went into the north corridor to take medicine to W. A. Wilcox, a convicted murderer. When he reached the iron door in front of the cells he saw a revolver thrust between the bars and heard Blanck say: "Throw up your hands." Blanck made Yerberry turn around and tied him to the bars. He next loosened the cord about the jailor's right arm and threw a noose over his neck, He next loosened the cord about the jailor's right arm and threw a noose over his neck,

ombination."
The jailor obeyed, and, with the disengaged hand, soon had the iron door to the cage swinging open, and Blanck then went

Sheriff Vandevanter now has parties scouring the country in every direction. Blanck will fight, and if the officers come up with him blood will be shed. The people gathered at police headquarters as soon as the news

went abroad. GREAT DAMAGE DONE BY STORMS. Three Lives Lost in Alabama and a Large

Amount of Property Destroyed. GADSDEN, Ala., March 17.—News comes from several sections of the state of great losses in houses and cattle by the heavy other bill, the Board of Public Lands and rains and strong winds prevailing the past Buildings figures prominently. few days. A cyclone struck Prouto and wrecked the house of W. O. Copeland. The less injured. Lucy Haversham, a 9-yeartree, breaking her arm and leg and sev-

river, thirty miles above this place. A water and fifty to 100 barns were wrecked. Three men who were logging on the Coosa have not been seen since the storm, and are thought to have been lost.

Incidentally, it is provided that all existing contracts for convict labor made by individuals, corporations or co-partnerships

rrangements Being Perfected for a Co-CHICAGO, March 17.—A large number of that has aroused the intense opposition of the Pullman strikers of last summer, with their families, and others, intend to settle pointed out that under the provisions of this spring as a colony in the south. A the bill, if it should become a law, there meeting of those interested in the move- is no possibility of a disinterested ap-ment was held this afternoon, at which praisement. There is nothing to prevent the committee was appointed to make a prospecting trip to view the various sites that are under consideration in Tennessee, Alabama and Louisiana. It is said that of the Pullman strikers, who, it is alleged, were blacklisted, over 200 have been unable to get work elsewhere. Most of these will be members of the colony. Many of those who now have employment in the Pullman shops are anxious to cast their lot with the colony. It will also have many others, both employed and unemployed at the present time. All the stores in the new colony will be co-operative, and one rule of the association says that "no franchises for supplying its members with public necessities shall be granted by the association."

The manufactories will be of a varied character, but will be those which can utilize such mechanics and laborers as are members of the colony. One of the manufacturing plants proposed will build railroad and street cars.

TOOK REVENCE ON A HOME WRECKER. pecting trip to view the various sites that Buildings and W. H. Dorgan from reaching

Had Disgraced His Family. DENVER, March 17 .- George R. Kroning was shot and killed this afternoon shortly after 3 o'clock by William R. Peck at room 268, Equitable building, Kronius, 5:15 o'clock at St. Luke's hospital. Equitable building. Kroning died at ng's wife obtained a divorce from him sev ing's wife obtained a divorce from him several weeks ago, on the ground that he had been unduly intimate with a woman who was said to be Mrs. Peck. It seems that Kroning called at police headquarters last might and asked for protection. Tonight Peck rushed into headquarters and excitedly informed the officers in charge that he had just shot Kroning. He said that he did not know whether he had killed him or not, but he had emplied the six chambers of his revolver into his body. Peck refuses to talk. Both men were employed by the Rio Grande Railroad company. Until the scandal of the divorce case they bore the best of reputations.

South Dakota School Lands. SIOUX FALLS, S. D., March 17 .- (Special.) -Tomorrow about 9,000 acres of school lands in this county will be leased to the highest bidder. The lands set apart are of the nost valuable in the county and no trouble at all will be encountered in leasing them for a good rental. John Lockhart, the new commissioner of school and public lands, will conduct the leasing.

Question Concerning the Penitentiary Now Pressing for an Answer.

Some of the Peculiar Features of the Management of the Institution Under the Contract System-If the State Had It.

LINCOLN, March 17 .- (Special.)-There are pending in the house four bills affecting the state penitentiary and the convict labor contract. Inasmuch as the closing days of the present session are to witness a parbe fully informed as to their provisions.

state penitentiary was leased to C. W. Mosher as assignee of W. H. B. Stout be declared invalid. Representative Judd of Boone county has inaroduced three bills, numbered 604, 605

Representative Barry of Greeley county

has one bill, house roll No. 641, providing

and 607, which are all dependent upon each other. The first simply provides that "in all at work, and they made purchases in all cases of vacancy in any office of the penisaloons, groceries, dry goods stores and hab- tentiary the Board of Public Lands and erdasher's establishments that were open Buildings, by and with the advice of the governor, shall fill the vacancy by appointment, and the said Board of Public Lands and Buildings shall have power to remove any officer of the penitentiary when-ever in their opinion the interests of the

state demand such removal."

The second bill provides for the appointment of the prison officers and as many assistants, keepers and guards as may be necessary, the bill being as follows:

the association say they are making an aggressive crusade in spite of the efforts of some influential men to thwart their efforts, The result of today's work will be seen in the number of warrants applied for by the association officer tomorrow. Arrests and convictions will likely follow in every case where witnesses are able to prove an infraction of the law.

\*\*DESPERATE BREAK FOR LIBERTY\*\*

Three Murderers and Seven Other Prisoners Hold Up the Jailor.

SEATTLE, Wash., March 17.—A daring jail delivery, headed by the notorious Tom Blanck, twice a murderer, was effected at the county jall here this evening, in which ten prisoners, including three convicted of mur-

At present there are twenty-three men on the pay roll, exclusive of the warden, deputy, steward, clerk, chaplain and physician. The cage swinging open, and Blanck then went through the jailor's pockets, taking his keys and 30 cents in cash. Then proclaiming freedom to all in the cells, he walked leisurely into the air.

There were twenty-two prisoners in the cages, but only eleven joined in the attempt to escape. As soon as possible the night jailor was released from his predicament and contractor deems necessary. It is also barely possible that the temptation would be strong to appoint more than those above enumerated.

IN DORGAN'S INTEREST. The present claimant of the lease of the state penitentiary, W. H. Dorgan, figures in the foregoing bills only incidentally. It is in the third bill, introduced by Representative Judd, that Dorgan's interest principally lies, House roll No. 607 appropriates the sum of \$50,000 with which to purchase the property

Lands and Buildings shall appoint one ap-praiser, W. H. Dorgan another, and that house was torn from over the heads of the two appraisers so appointed shall select the two shall officiate as an umpire. The umpire provided by the bill seems to have but very little to do. The two appraisers are directed to at once proceed to appraise the cash value of the prison con-From Brewton and Eufala comes news of great damage to farms and destruction of live stock.

The worst fatality occurred on the Coosa river, thirty miles above this place. A water the umpire is to be called in. He has no spout burst and the river rose out of its banks, unlodged the house of Jacob Anderson, and carried him, his wife and baby down the stream. The house was wracked upon a rock, and the three inmates drowned. A negro servant saved his life by catching the many the stream is to be called in. He has no voice in determining the value of the property or the "value" of the "contract" as long as the two appraisers agree. When the appraisal is completed the award is to be filled with the auditor of public accounts, who is directed to draw his warrant upon the state treasury for the amount. The bill limb of a tree as the house sped down the the state treasury for the amount. The bill stream. Hundreds of cattle were drowned appropriates the sum of \$50,000 to carry

with Dorgan shall remain in full force PULLMAN STRIKERS GOING SOUTH, and unaffected, save that the compensation for such convict labor shall be paid to the state instead of to Dorgan.

It is the peculiar features of this bill members of the Board of Public Lands and an agreement as to the two appraisers to be appointed. It is even claimed that they have agreed to agree in the event of the enactment of the law. If they do connive at the appointment of two appraisers friendly ornament.

PLANS ALREADY LAID.

So confident are the members of the lobby that the bill will become a law that they have already laid their plans for the future management of the penitentiary. It is an open secret that J. A. Buckstaff, at present one of the manufacturers at the penitentiary under the Dorgan contract, expects to lease from the Board of Public Lands and Buildings the labor of the convicts at so much per day. It is equally well known that the board will reappoint the present warden, A. D. Beemer. Dr. Houtz, whose frantic gyrations in the senate last week pending the appointment of the investigating committee excited no little merriment, will be retained as the prison physi-cian. And finally, no one believes for a mo-ment that the Board of Public Lands and Buildings will have any difficulty in finding twenty-five or thirty men willing to accept the under positions at the positentiary. It is well understood that Dorgan is heartily anxious to have the contract taken off his hands. It has become a very unmanageable elephant—under the present condi-tions of his lease. It is predicted that if the legislature adjourns without annulling his contract and providing for the purchase of his property it may be set down as certain that he will cheerfully unload upon any one who will pay him a reasonable cash price for his property and throw in the unexpired portion of his alleged lease as a free gift.

Buckstaff's interest can be easily detected without the sid of a microscope. There is nothing in any of the proposed laws that places any minta um price at which the Board of Public Lands and Buildings shall lease the convict labor. The only provision under which he can operate is the one contained in section 3.784 of the Consolidated Statutes, which directs the Board of Public