THE CHATTA PARKY BEEC SATTERDAY, MARCH S. 1993.

Carney officiating. It was the prisoner's most urgent request that his body should be preserved from the dissecting room, and it was granted. He will be quietly intered in the Catholic cemetery with the usual rites which the church accords to the repentant.

Among those who witnessed the execution was Tom Akeson, the son of the old farmer who fell by the murderer's hand. He had made a special request to be allowed to be present, and he stood in one corner of the enclorure until after the trap was sprung, when he gazed for a few seconds on the rigid form and left the room.

In many respects the execution was suggestive of that of the soldier, Dixon, which occurred in Omaha a couple of years ago. The condemned met his doom with the same calm resignation and without a sign of fear Like Dixon, Harry Hill had or trembling. Like Dixon, Harry fill the been steeped in religious doctrines during been steeped in religious doctrines during detail. He declared that Hill was the man bis last days until he regarded the scaffold who had done the shooting, while his own has the vehicle that was to bear him to a part in the assault had been to beat Mrs.

last hours are unanimous in the belief that they were preparing to separate, when they his calmness was the result of a firm belief that his sin had been forgiven. They dehis calmness was the result of a firm bellef that his sin had been forgiven. They declare that he had truly repented and that he died a Christian. Sheriff Eikenbary holds the same opinion. He says that he was never so much impressed by the bearing of man as he has been by that of Hill during the past few days. He was perfectly resigned and was even happy. It was only within the past three days that he seemed to obtain this perfect confidence in his assurance of Divine forgiveness, and in the sheriff's opinion he was sincere in every valled and the subsequent proceedings. sheriff's opinion he was sincere in every declaration that he made. Sheriff Eikenbary believes that Hill spoke the truth when he declared that he did not know who fired the shot that killed Mr. Akeson. He thinks that both the men were drunk, and that when they went to the Akeson homestead they had no idea of the tragedy that would

A large number of those who witnessed the execution were visitors from other coun-ties. Among the officers who were present were Sheriff Drexel, Deputy Rosenzweig and Jailer Joe Miller of Omaha, and Sheriffs Wilber of Lincoln, Milliken of Fremont and Smith of Franklin.

IT WAS A BRUTAL CRIME. The murderous crime for which Harry Hill paid the extreme penalty has but few com-parisons in the criminal record of the past parisons in the criminal record of the past decade. It was entirely unprovoked, and the brutality with which it was conceived and executed was beyond palliation or sympathy. An old man shot dead in cold blood before An old man shot dead in cold blood before his horror stricken family, his aged wife beaten almost unto death, his son and other members of the family seriously injured— this was the measure of the crime that Harry Hill and his murderous partner perpetrated in the hope of stealing a small per-

tion of their victim's savings.

The victim of this bloody butchery was Matt Akeson, a German farmer, who lived about six and one-half miles northeast of Weeping Water in Cass county. On the avening of November 1, 1893, Mr. Akeson was seated at the supper table with his family. These consisted besides himself of Mrs. Akeson, their son Tom, and the two hirei men. They had scarcely begun their meal when the door was opened and two burly men stalked into the room. One of them carried a revolver, and this was pre-sented at the head of the old farmer with a savage injunction to throw up his hands. Dazed by the unexpected danger, the old man was for a moment unable to respond, and without an instant's hesitation the intruier pulled the trigger. Akeson fell dead from his

instantly disabled by a shot through the left wrist. Gus Berg, one of the hired men, valiantly came to the rescue, but the ever ready weapon was turned in his direction and a bullet struck the side of his head, leaving a severe scalp wound, causing a narrow es-cape from instant death. Another bullet hit the other hired man in the leg, and seeing that they could not cope with the armed assassins Berg fled to give the alarm and obtain assistance.

ASSAULTED A DEFENSELESS WOMAN. In the meantime the other ruffian had turned upon the helpless old lady and knocked her down with a heavy club which he had brought with him. Blow after blow was rained on her bleeding head, and this nerved the wounded men to a fresh effort. They pluckily grappled with the brute, and finally compelled him to desist. The man who had killed Akcson had by this time emptied his revolver and the two men took to their

By this time Gus Berg had reached the house of a neighbor, but by the time help arrived the murderers were out of reach. Soon after the news reached Plattsmouth and a number of carriages filled with determined men were quickly driven to the Akeson homestead. When they arrived the whole neighborhood was aroused and a systematic search for the murderers was at egun. There was no difficulty in obtaining their decription. The two men were not unknown to the Akeson family. On the Saturday preceding the murder they had applied at the farm house and asked for food and shelter. They were offered work in the corn field, and professed to be willing to earn their support. They were kept over Sunday, and Monday morning they were set to work husking corn. But they were not notable for their industry, and when Tuesday came Akeson discharged them and paid them for what they had done. It was soon learned that the two strangers

been seen in Weeping Water on Wednes-One of them had waited outside while other went into a hardware store and purchased a revolver, after which they dispeared. The same men were recognized the Akeson family in the murderers. by the Akeson laminy is the murderers. They had evidently stopped at the house only long enough to become acquainted with the premises, and then planned the robbery which resulted in the bloody encounter. CAPTURED AND NEARLY LYNCHED.

The description of the murderers was then telegraphed to all the towns in the eastern part of the state, and before midnight hungaried efficiency were dreds of officers and interested citizens were on their trail. The Omaha police were the first to recognize the descriptions of the men. They were at once identified as those of Harry Hill and John Benwell, both of whom had been frequently arrested in Omaha for petty crimes. The identification assisted materially in the search, and both men were arrested in Lincoln late Saturday evening The arrest was made by Chief of Police Cooper and Detective Malone of that city and on the following morning Sheriff Tighe of Plattsmouth arrived in Lincoln. He was accompanied by Tom Akeson, who at once identified them as the murderers.

The days immediately succeeding the cap-

in Plattsmouth than at any other time in The brutality of the crime and the general esteem in which Mr. and Mrs. Akeson were held by the entire community inflamed public sentiment to the highest pitch, and the town was filled with an immense crowd of infuriated men, who were determined that no time should be lost in taking vengeance on the assassins. It was only by bringing the prisoners to Omaha and lodging them in the Douglas county jail that the indignation of the mob was evaded. The prisoners were started for Plattsmouth on the day following their arrest, but dur-ing the journey the denuty short was ing the journey the deputy sheriff who was in charge of them received word of the situation at Plattsmouth and instructions to take his men to Omaha. They were quietly taken from the train and carried to the jail in a closed carriage, to remain until it was considered safe to take them to Plattsmouth. Meanwhile no knowledge of this ruse has reached Plaitsmouth, and the town was will with excitement. The train on which it was expected the prisoners would arrive was due at 11 o'clock, and when it reached the depot fully 1,000 men were congregated with the expressed intention of saving the county the expense of a trial. The men were not there, but the crowd increased and the ar-

deputy in taking the murderers to Omaha, made them a short speech in which he declared his intention to protect his prisoners and maintain the majesty of the law. When he had finished a gray-haired farmer mounted a dry goods box and urged the crowd to see that speed; justice was meted out to the men who had murdered an innoout to the men who had known for a cent man whom they had known for a century. He was elo-quent in

rival of every train was watched. By noon the crowd had doubled, and Sheriff Tighe,

who was also ignorant of the action of his deputy in taking the murderers to Omaha, made them a short speech in which he de-

ing from St. John's Catholic church, Father ders of the mob, while a volley of cheer, Carney officiating. It was the prisoner's was assurance that his advice would be followed to the letter.

> BENWELL MADE A CONFESSION The same condition of affairs continued throughout the day, and County Attorney Travis was sent to Omaha with instructions to have the prisoners kept there indefinitely. Incidentally Charley Mosher, the defaulting ex-president of the Capital National bank, who was then confined in the Cass county jail, was brought to Omaha for fear that the mob would turn their attention to him when were balked in obtaining their exted victims.

Hill and Benwell were locked in solitary cells in the Douglas county jail, and they had been under lock and key but a few hours when Benwell was put in the sweat box and soon broke down entirely. He related the whole story of the crime and admitted every detail. He declared that Hill was the man DIED WITH A HOPE OF HEAVEN.

The priests who were with Hill during his had finally brought up at Lincoln, where

With such evidence at the committed of the county officials the conviction of the the evidence been less conclusive there is but little doubt that it would never have been safe to take them to Cass county. But when it became apparent that a conviction was certain, calmer counsels pre vailed and the subsequent proceedings in the case were not marked by any hostile demonstration. The prisoners were tried in duc found guilty. Hill was sentenced to hang and Benwell is now a lifer at Lincoln.

Since his sentence Hill's attorneys have done everything in their power to obtain a commutation or a stay of proceedings, without avail. Governor Holcomb decided that it was not a case where executive intererence was possible, and a few days before the date of the execution the lawyers relinguished their last hope.

#### ROPE BROKE ON HIS NECK.

Negro Had to Be Hanged Twice for the Murder of a Farmer.

ATLANTA, Ga., March 1 .- Jo Dean, a coal black negro, who murdered A. P. Leigh, a well-to-do farmer of Campbell for his money and afterwards confessed to the crime, was hanged in Fairburn today. By order of the court the execution was to be private, but the crowd of 5,000 excited people that had assembled tore down the high fence around the gallows and made it public, wretched man had to be hanged twice. first time the rope broke. Like a dead man he was taken back on the scaffold and again swung off. Meantime his hands had become untied, and in his frantic contortions he dis-robed himself. The drop fell at 11:55, and eleven minutes later he died. During the morning Dean, in response to his earnest en-treaties, was allowed to make a speech from the court house steps. He described the murder of the old man, and said love of money, ignorance and the devil did it.

George Magee Hanged at Frankfort. FRANKFORT, Ky., March 1.-The trap which hanged George Magee was sprung at exactly 6:30 a. m. He came to the scaffold per fectly composed and met death bravely without pulled the trigger. Akeson fell dead from his a murmur. He was accompanied on the chair, while the tiny stream of blood that scaffold by Father Oneal and Assistant Cobb. mingled with his silvered hairs told where the bullet had crashed into his brain.

Scarcely had the urderous purpose been accomplished when Tom Akeson sprang at the throat of his father's murderer. He was pressed himself as sad, but ready to go. He slept well last night, and arose at 5 o'clock Magea's crime was the killing of Guard

Thomas, a colored employe in the peni-tentiary, in September last. He had a personal encounter with Thomas and had been punished for it. At the first opportunity he sneaked up behind Thomas and stabbed him to death.

In the battle for pure food Dr. Price's Baking Powder always leads. It has put to flight the enemies of good cooking.

SURVEYING THE STATE LINE.

h Dakota Officials Co-Operating with Nebraska Authorities Toward that End. LINCOLN, March 1 .- (Special.) - Land Commissioner Russell today received a letter from Surveyor General Hughes of South the contract for surveying fractional townships 35, ranges 13 to 20, inclusive, to Messrs. Harvey and Gumaer, both of them Nebraska men. The award was made on the a heavy vote against it. The vote then re recommendation of Alex Schlagel of the land commissioner's office. Surveyor Gen-

eral Hughes is an old Nebraska boy. The mystery surrounding the Schwartz livorce case, the petition for which was filed last week in district court, has at last been solved. Attorneys for Charles J. Schwartz filed it Saturday, and therein it is alleged that Schwartz married Sarah under compulsion in this city in 1884. At that time he was considered her star boarder and a youth of 19, she being 38 years of age. She had children of her own older than he, but when she threatened prosecution for bastardy the youth married his elderly inamorata to quash the case in its infancy. He declares in his petition that she has since treated him cruelly and in-humanly, and has, also, divided her favors

promiseuously among other men.
Sherman W. De Hass this morning pleaded guilty to disposing of mortgaged property belonging to Abbott Bros. He was sentenced to one year in the penitentiary. De Hass was arrested in Texas and divorce papers were served upon him by his wife after he was landed in the Lancaster county

Charles W. Haskins, the brute who mauled the features of Florence Simons until they were an unrecognizable pulp, was today sentenced to one year in the penitentiary. His real name is Hester. Tuesday morning last he entered the barber shop where the girl was working and broke her nose while beating her with a broomstick.

#### LINCOLN SOCIAL EVENT.

Elaborate Reception Tendered the Members of the State Legislature.

LINCOLN, March 1 .- (Special Telegram.)-Almost for the first time in the history of legislative sessions the city of Lincoln tendered an elaborate reception to the members of the state legislature this evening. The affair was given under the auspices of the ture of the murderers saw more excitement | Lincoln Commercial club, and 1,590 invitations were issued. The senate chamber and representative hall were utilized, the one for reception room and the other as a ball oom. Both had been completely transformed by the profuse decorations, the senate chamber resembling more a conservatory filled with tropical foliage that a room designed for legislative purposes. More than 1,000 people were present, including the clite of Lincoln society, the members of the Commercial club and their ladies. The tollets of the ladies were elaborate, and the assemblage was beyond question the most brilliant that ever gathored in the capital city,

The Lincoln Light infantry was in attend-

ance in full dress uniform, together with the First regiment band. Music for dancing was furnished at 10 c'clock, while refreshents were served during the evening in the lleutenant governor's rooms.

Interesting Land Case on Trial DECATUR, Neb., March 1 .- (Special.) -- An important law case was tried in Justice Kenyon's court here yesterday, in which A. W. Webster was the plaintiff and Albert Stevens the defendant. The jury disagreed. The care has been called again for Wednesday. It was a fight over a piece of land in Riverside The land in litigation lies close to the Missouri river, about eight miles south of Decatur. It was bought by Henig of Golden Springs from the government in 1858 at Omaha, but he never received actual title. Henig lived on it for several years, and in the fall of 1872 it was washed away by the river. Nine years after the Missouri replaced the land, and Hentg commenced to pay taxes on it again. When the land was washed away there were no taxes paid, the c putting it on the records as "no Last fall the land was sold to Webquarter of a century. He was eloquent in assessor putting it on the records as "no a way that appealed most effectively to the passions of his awdience, and when he consider. In the meantime a man named Bray cluded his extortation with the sentence, "As men and citizens of the county I caution man named Sievens. When Webster discovyou not to ure violence, but I ask you to do unto others as others have done to Matt Akeson," he was carried away on the shoul-

### WILL BUY SEED GRAIN ONLY

House Intends Appropriating \$200,000 for that Specific Purpose.

CLOTHING, FOOD AND FUEL KNOCKED OUT

No Provision Made for the Succor of Settlers Pending Another Harvest Time-Debate on the Bill Lengthy and Acrimonious.

LINCOLN, March 1 .- (Special.) - The house spent the greater portion of the day in committee of the whole considering the new re Hef bill, which, as recommended for passage appropriates \$300,000 to purchase feed and seed for destitute farmers, gives the relief commission a percentage of \$4,000 for hand-When this confession was shown to Hill he also lost his nerve and frantically exclaimed: "My God, this will hang us both!"

Commission a percentage of \$1,000 for annual ling the same, and requires a bond of \$20,000 for the faithful performance of its duty. The bill is plastered all over with amendments. House roll No. 534 was considered in con Had nection with the other, and also recommend d for passage. It provides that counties can use their surplus road and bridge funds for the purchase of seed grain.

Just before adjournment Howard sprung a sensation in the shape of a motion to make for tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock. He said that there had been a "tie-up" between the Douglas and Lancaster delegations, in which Lancaster was to get all she asked in the way of university appropriations, and in return was to kill all stock yards legislation. After adjournment, and the tabling of his motion, a number of members vigorously combatted this statement and said that the stack yards bills would be reached in their regular order. They are now on the general file, only eighteen down the list, and must necessarily at an early day come up for passage. Davies told Howard that he had no fears but that the stock yards bills would be reached in time for action by both houses,

ROUTINE OF THE DAY. The house this morning went into com-nittee of the whole, with Harrison in the chair to consider house roll No. 595, the new relief bill, appropriating \$100,000 in aid of drouth sufferers.

provides for fuel, food and clothing, in addition to money for feed and seed. Speaker Richards moved an amendment to strike out the words "fuel, food and clothing." On that point many of the populists took issue with the speaker, and an extended debate followed. Richards urged that the object of the bill was to seed the state. Barry called attention to the fact that it was a long time until harvest, and people were likely to suffer. Miles didn't want any feed or fuel given the destitute. He said the people of the eastern portion of the state were willing to "give" the poor of the west some seed, in order that a crop might be raised, but he opposed anything for food or fuel. Scott called Miles down in a vigorous man

ner. He said if Miles would go out into the northwest he would learn more about the matter than he appeared to know at present.

A running fire of questions and answers between Conaway and Suter ensued, in which it was developed that the commission now broken. He ate a hearty breakfast and ex-pressed himself as sad, but ready to go. He Rhodes both dwelt on the fact that the amendment of Richards would tie the hands the relief commission, and that people would actually starve while waiting for the growth of a crop.

The amendment of Speaker Richards was

carried by a vote of 29 to 23.
TOOK THE LARGEST AMOUNT. The committee's amendment to increase the amount to \$200,000 was then declared the question, but Benedict amended the idment by cutting the appropriation to \$50,000. Pending the submission of this amendment, Haller spoke against any appropriation whatever. He says that he beside the western counties could vote bonds or in some way help themselves. The he represented, Washington, county bonded for over \$200,000, and they paid the interest on it easily.

Munger protested against such a line of ter from Surveyor General Hughes of South argument, and proceeded to show by figures Dakota, informing him that he had awarded the immense profit which could be made on the investment of \$200,000 in corn It would be, he thought, a financial mistake to refuse to pass this measure. Benedict's \$50,000 amendment was lost by

> curred on the amendment of the commit to increase the amount to \$200,000. This carried, and further consideration of the bill by sections continued. Rhodes said he had a number of amendments, relating garden seeds, but amid considerable order, he was jostled to one side and the amendments did not materialize. Speaker Richards moved an amendment looking to the equable distribution of the relief among the different counties, and providing that

> at least \$1,500 shall go to such counties as have organized relief committees, shouthey want it. The amendment was lost. Pending a vote on a number of other amendments looking toward equality in the distribution of relief, the committee rose, reported progress and asked leave to sit again.
> The house then took a recess until 2 At the afternoon session the house im

ediately went into committee of the whole with Harrison in the chair. Chapman moved that when the committee arose it report house roll No. 525, the relief bill, for in-definite postponement. The amendment was

the relief pro rata among the farmers needing relief, the provision applying to counties having a population of 25,000 or more. and which have a recognized auxiliary relief commission. The amendment carried and section 3 was next in line for consideration. Sections were adopted in succession until section 7 was reached, which provides commission of 5 per cent for expenses for the relief commission. Hairgrove gave notice that he should move to amend by making the title of the bill read "For the relief of Mr. Ludden," and did at that time move to amend by cutting the commission to 2 per cent, which prevailed. When section 11 was reached, which provides that a commission handling over \$200,000 shall give a bond in the sum of but \$20,000, Hairgrove moved that the bonds be fixed at \$400,000. The amendment was lost, as was one also, providing that the bonds should be placed at \$40,000. Amendments were carried mak-ing it unlawful to discriminate against soldiers drawing pensions and religious organ

COMMISSION MUST KEEP ACCOUNT. Before the bill was recommended for a sage Munger stated that he thought the commission of 2 per cent in the bill, raising \$4,000 for expenses of the relief commission, was too much. He said \$200 would ship out all the grain which the appropriation provided for. He said the comnission had already been voted \$2,500 in the \$50,000 bill passed several weeks ago. Speaker Hichards then moved that the commission be instructed to keep an item-ized account of the expenditure of the 2 per cent commission, for public inspection, and t prevailed. House roll No. 525 was then. together with its amendments, recom-

nended for passage. House roll No. 534, which had been made special order for consideration with the a special order for consideration with the bill just recommende for passage, was then taken up. It provides that county boards can use their surplus road and bridge funds in purchasing seed and feed. The bill was introduced by Hairgrove and Ashby at the request of the county board of Ciay county.

The committee of the whole then roze, reserved and the return was adopted.

ported, and the report was adopted.

Howard moved that house rolls Nos. \$55 and 328, the stock yards bills, be made a special order for tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock. Rouse moved to table the motion. The motion prevailed. In explaining his vote Howard said that the stock yards leg-islation had been carried along ever since the opening of the session, with no dispo-sition manifested to advance it. He be-lieved that no legislation would be had. He said that it was a result of a tie-up tween Douglas and Lancaster counties.

The house then adjourned.

McVicker Opposed the Bounty.

mittee of the whole. McVicker of Dodge county was reported as having voted against indefinite postprement of the measure. He voted in favor of it.

ROUTINE WORK ONLY IN THE SENATE Forenoon Prefunctority Passed and Adjournment Taxon Till this Morning.

LINCOLN! March 1 .- (Special.)-The senate contented their with perfunctory attention to routine work this forenoon, and ended its brief session's before 12 o'clock with an adjournment until tomorrow morning. The reading of the journal of yesterday's proceedings occupied the greater part of an hour, and then the large batch of bills introduced and read yesterday for the first time was given a second reading. There were about fifty of these bills, and the reading consumed the balance of the forenoon

Several reports from standing committees were received and acted upon, as follows:
Senate file No. 196, by Caldwell, to prohibit gambling in stocks, bonds, grain, lard,
cotton and provisions, and to suppress bucket hops, was recommended for passage and placed on general file.

House roll No. 89, by Kaup, providing for

the adoption of amendments to the consti-tution by a majority vote of the people, was ndefinitely postponed. Senate file No. 277, by Pope, to prevent the imployment of minors in running and operating elevators in large buildings, was sent to the genral file.
Senate file No. 248, by Crawford, provid-

ing for an amendment to the law relating to the advertising of delinquent tax lists, was house rolls 55 and 328, the Omaha stock the printer receives 20 cents for each descripyards "regulating" measures, a special order tion of farm property and 10 cents for town lots. Senator Crawford sought to amend the law by cutting these figures in two.

Senate files No. 17 and 18, which formed the basis for the interesting struggle in the senate yesterday, were today restored to their place on general file without opposition.

The senate then adjourned until tomorrow norning, much to the diagust of a number of scnators who, not expecting the motion, were paying but little attention to the proceedings and did not vote. The vote on adjournment

HERE'S A STATE OF THINGS.

Representative Robinson and Bill Clerk Swisher Are at Loggerheads. LINCOLN, March 1 .- (Special Telegram.)-

There are tonight large splashes of very red blood on the moon, which, metaphorically, faintly illuminates the gloaming wherein are sequestered the myriads of house and senate employes. The trouble has principally to do with the present incumbent of the house bill clerkship and Representative Robinson of the Lancaster county delegation. The name of

the bill clerk is Swisher.

It is the opinion of Robinson that Swisher has bitten off more than he can thoroughly masticate. Through one of the numerous deals made at the opening of the session, and during the go-as-you-please scramble for soft snaps in the gift of legislature members, Swisher received his appointment, as Robin-son alleges, through the latter's influence. Swisher denies this, but be that as it may, he did file a statement with Speaker Richards to the effect that Robinson had tried to hold nim up for \$70 on the strength of the alleged influence. This is Swisher's tale of wce.
Robinson's is tinctured with numerous yariations. The latter says that Swisher has been derelict in his duties, has been guilty of ingratitude, and that a full and free investigation alone can place him in a right light, even though such investigation should

result in the bouncing of Swisher from his It is reported that Swisher wanted to make It is reported that Swisher wanted to make affidavit to the statement filed with the speaker, but was dissuaded from so doing. It is quite probable that some member of the house will introduce a resolution demanding

an investigation.

To an outsider the affair seems of rather diminutive proportions, but the outsider should be given the straight tip that hell la h no fury like the Twenty-fourth session of the Nebraska legislature when the question of employes is exploited. Swisher is a brother-in-law of Senator McKesson. It looks

FAVOR ABBOTT'S CONFIRMATION.

cenate Committee on the Asylum Appointment Makes Up Its Report.

LINCOLN, March 1 .- (Special Telegram.)-Superintendent Hay of the Lincoln Asylum for the Insane has engaged the professional services of ex-Attorney General John R. Web ster and will make an effort to retain his position by appealing to the supreme court. He declines to give up his office without a legal contest, in spite of the advice of the leading republicans in the senate

Early in the week Governor Holcomb sent to the senate the name of Dr. L. J. Abbott of Fremont to succeed Dr. Hay as superintend ent of the State Hospital for the Insane at The senate in executive session referred the appointment to a committee sisting of Senators Hahn, Akers, Sloan, Black and Stewart. The committee held a hot session this afternoon. Superintendent Hay and his attorney were listened to, and they argued that the governor had no right to re move the superintendent except for cause, and that the senate had no right to confirm the appointment. They claimed that there was no constitutional provision requiring the confirmation of the senate, and that the statutes were silent as to the necessity for the assent of the senate. They backed up their assertion by the statement that Governor Crousse appointed Hay two years ago March 23, without sending his name to the senate. After much discussion the committee de cided to report to the senate in favor of Abbott's confirmation. Hay opposed this vigorously, claiming that confirmation by senate would prejudice his case before the supreme court. The report will go to the senate tomorrow, and there may be a fight

Washington Special to Chicago Record Secretary Morton is very indignant over the action of the Nebraska legislatur in passing a law prohibiting the manufacture of oleo margarine in that state, because he believe t to be an industry that is quite as profit able to the farmer as the manufacture o butter, and has added as much to the wealth of the state. He says that during the last year we experted from this county 118,-195,049 pounds, or \$11,265,010 worth of elecmargarine to foreign countries, and the year before (1893) \$11,834,720 worth, of which a onsiderable partion was furnished by Ne

Germany alone took 29,217,927 pounds, for Germany along took 29,217,927 pounds, for which she paid us \$2,857,406. At the same time the total exports of butter were only 10,088,152 pounds, valued at \$1,730,210. In 1893 we exported less than 7,000,000 pounds of butter and received for it \$1,347,742. Germany took only 705,465 pounds of butter last year and paid us only \$108,841.

Fighting for the Library Bui'ding. LINCOLN, March 1 .- (Special.) - A desper ate effort will, be made to pass the \$80,000 appropriation asked for by the State university for a new library building. The combination warked up by the committee on public lands and buildings, to which attention was directed in The Bee severel weeks ago, is quite fermidable, and the matter is warming up the nearer it approaches a focus. Heated arguments are held on the floor of the house after adjournment, and, judging from the appearance of the Lancaster delegation the members feel that they are on Easy street. Benedict of Douglas told Mun-

ger tonight that, while he was favorable to voting a sum sufficient to complete the li-brary building, he did not consider that such an offer implied an expenditure of \$89,000. Governor Holcomb Getting Perter. LINCOLN, March 1 .- (Special.) -- Governo Holcomb, who is confined to the house with an attack of la grippe, is feeling some better this evening, and expects to be at the capito within a day or two. Four of the relief com-mission—Nason, Thompson, Sprick and Hart-ley—left last night for Chicago and St. Louis in response to an invitation from the Boards of Trade of those cities. The object of their mission is to lay before the members the exact condition of and prospects of Nebraska for the present season

Beatrice Shoe Stock Damaged.

McVicker Opposed the Bounty.

LINCOLN, March 1.—(Special.)—There was an error in the detailed vote on the sugar bounty bill debated yesterday in com
McVicker Opposed the Bounty.

BEATRICE, March 1.—(Special Telegram.) for February: Farm mortgage field, fiftyfive, amounting to \$70,830.30; released, thirty, bank. The amount claimed is about \$4,000.

A number of lots were attached at the same and did about \$500 damage. The building is three, aggregating \$5,396.01; chattel mortsugar bounty bill debated yesterday in com- and did about \$500 damage. The building is

# March April May

Are the Best Months in Which to

## Purify Your Blood

And the Best Blood Purifier is

### Hood's Sarsaparilla

Which Parifies, Vitalizes and Enriches the Blood.

At this season everyone should take | He had no appetite, and it was hard work a good spring medicine. The blood has become loaded with impurities and the whole system should be renovated. Nature cries for help and if there is not a prompt and satisfactory response, the penalty must sooner or later be paid in serious illness and prolonged suffering.

This demand can only be met by the purifying, enriching and Blood-Vitalizing

elements to be found in Hood's Sarsaparilla. That this is the best medicine for you to take is proven by the fact that it has the largest sales and accomplishes the greatest cures of any medicine in the world. It purifies the blood, creates an appetite, builds up the nervous system and renovates the entire body. Do not be induced to buy anything else. Insist upon HOOD'S.

A Boy's Life Saved.

"I cannot praise Hood's Sarsaparilla enough for what it has done for my boy. Some four years ago, when six years old, George was attacked by hip disease in his right leg. We had to get him a pair of crutches, with which he was able to move about, but became badly deformed. We had to have his right leg lanced just above the knee. In a few weeks a second sore broke out, both discharging freely. Agonizing pains afflicted him, he could not bear to be moved, his growth was stopped and

to make him eat enough to keep him alive. A few weeks later we had his hip lanced, and following this five other eruptions broke out, making eight running sores in all. We did all we could for him, but he grew weaker every day, although we had three of the best physicians. As a last resort we were prevailed upon by relatives who had taken Hood's Sarsaparilla with beneficial results to give the medicine a trial. We got one bottle about the first of March, and he had taken the medicine only a few days when his appetite began to improve. When he had taken one bottle he could move about a little with his crutches, which he had not been able to use for the preceding three months. We continued faithfully with Hood's Sarsaparills, and in six months he was

#### Able to be Dressed

and go about the house without the crutches. He has now taken Hood's Sarsaparilla regularly for eighteen months, and for the past six months has been without the crutches, which he has outgrown by several inches. The sores have all healed with the exception of one which is rapidly closing, only the scars and an occasional limp remaining as reminders of his suffering. Hood's Sarsaparilla in his case has truly done wonders, and he is daily gaining in flesh and good color. He runs about and plays as lively as any child. We feel an inexpressible joy at having our boy restored to health and we always speak in the highest terms of Hocd's Sarsaparilla." in a short time he was a mere skeleton. | MRS. HENRY W. MURPHY, Exeter, N. H. | WOLFE, Zaleski, Ohio. Be sure to get

"My mother-in-law, Mrs. Elizabeth Wolfe, at the age of 72 years, was attacked with a violent form of salt rheum; it spread all over her body, and her hands and limbs were dreadful to look at. At the same time, my little daughter Clara, who was just one year old, was attacked by a similar disease, like scrofula. It appeared in Large Sores

under each side of her neck; she had attendance of the family physician and other doctors for a long time, but seemed to grow worse. I read of many people cured of scrofula by Hood's Sarsaparilla. As soon as we gave Hood's Sarsaparilla to Clara, she began to get better, and before the first bottle was gone, the sores entirely healed up and there has never been any sign of the disease since. She is a

Healthy Robust Child. Her grandmother took Hood's Sarsaparilla at the same time, and the salt rheum decreased in its violence and a perfect cure was soon effected. It took about three months for her cure, and she ascribes her good health and strength at her advanced age to Hood's Sarsaparilla. It has certainly been a Godsend to my family." Mrs. SOPHIA

desperate efforts on the part of the fire de-partment. There is every indication that the fire was the work of an incendiary. Building and stock were fully insured.

CASES IN YORK'S DISTRICT COURT. everal Matters of Local Interest Are Being

Judicially Determined. YORK, Neb., March 1 .- (Special.)-The case of Ford against Logan and others, which was tried here yesterday in the district court, was decided in favor of the defendant by the jury, after being out but a few moments The case was on a promissory note, the deso being that usurious interest b charged.

George B. France against John and Amanda Bell, and Josiah H. Tilden against the Westinghouse company. The latter is being tried at the present time. The case of Brown be interesting owing to the fact that the defense will endeavor to bring a criminal action against the plaintiff after the same has been Halgren vice president. It has \$4,000 of the tried for forgery.

Victor Benway and Miss Ione Stookey, both of Fairmont, were married at the Congregational parsonage by Rev. R. T. Cross. B. F. Lutes of the firm of Lutes & Hankins of this place returned from Walton, Neb., at which place he was married to Miss Edith Siberts, and was accompanied by the bride. Mr. Lutes is an enterprising young business man of this city.

The debate between the Lyceum League

of America of this place and the Lockridge Township literary, which was to take place tonight, has been postponed until tomorrow night. The debate is causing a great deal of comment, and will no doubt be one of the most spirited and hottest contested de bates ever held in this city. Judge A. C. Montgomery addressed the students of the United Brethren college

yesterday on the two subjects, "His Greatest Act of Life," and "His Capture and Escape in the Army." A good crowd was present, and the judge's remarks were very much enjoyed, being very interesting and Colonel B. Crabb and wife left for Troy, Kan., yesterday, at which place he has purchased a new hotel. The colonel has for a long time been a resident of York, and proprietor of the Legrand hotel, which will be run in the future under the direction of his son, Will Crabb. Colonel Crabb is well

orator and an upright business man. FATAL EXPLOSION AT NORFOLK.

throughout the county as a

Mrs. C. F. W. Marquardt Will Probably Die from Gasoline Burns. NORFOLK, Neb., March 1 .- (Special Tele-

gram.)-While Mrs. C. F. W. Marquardt was preparing dinner on a gasoline stove today the stove exploded and set fire to her clothing, burning her person so severely that it is doubtful if she will escape with her life. The fire in the Reno hotel last night was confined to one wing of the building. The building was thoroughly flooded, the damage by water being much greater than by flame.

Stabbing Affair Compromised. ASHLAND, Neb., March 1 .- (Special.)-The Calvert-Dalton stabbing affair, which ook place near this city last week, was settled yesterday by a compromise, Dalton paying costs of trial and Calvert paying the doctor bill.

J. J. Brown of Omahs, president of the National bank at this place, was in town on ousiness yesterday. Little Denton Snell died very unexpectedly last evening, being confined to his bed but a few hours before death. The funeral servces were conducted by Rev. T. J. Penny this afternoon. 7. B. Wilson made a trip to Plattsmouth

esterday on legal business.
Dr. Meredith was a Lincoln visitor yesterday.

Rev. Mr. White, having resigned the pastorate of the Immanuel Baptist church eived friends last evening at the residence of Luther Snell before his departure for

Sheriff's Wife Held the Prisoner. CLAY CENTER, Neb., March 1 .- (Special.) -Frank Wilson, who is confined in the ounty jail on the charge of burglary, awaitng trial in the district court, made a desperate attempt to escape. While in the hallway getting a drink of water he dashed through the sheriff's house and tried to open the front door. Mrs. Davis, the sheriff's wife, with much presence of mind held the door closed until the sheriff caught the prisoner and placed him behind a cell door, where he will likely remain.

Nebraska City Mortgage Record. NEBRASKA CITY, March 1 .- (Special.)-Following is Otoe county's mortgage record

gages filed, eighty, representing \$21,666.40 released, thirty-nine, amounting to \$5,396.01.
The retail dealers of southeastern Nebraska met in this city last evening. The neeting was held behind closed doors, but is learned that prices and terms upon which implements are to be sold were agreed upon and things so managed as to do away with all competition. The next meeting wil probably be held at Plattsmouth, but local nembers would neither affirm or deny the

BANK FAILURE AT HOLDREGE. Holdrege National Fails to Open Its Doors

-No Statement Made. HOLDREGE, Neb., March 1 .- (Special Telegram.)-The Holdrege National bank of this city failed to open its doors this morning. The crash has been expected for some time, and very few business men of the city got caught. The bank was founded by W. E. Hymer and others. It has been running since January, 1895, without a president, J. P. Hymer being cashier and Frank county funds. No statement has been mad of the assets or liabilities, but there is no prospect of reorganization. The remaining banks here are not in the least affected, I runs being made upon them, and the as quiet as if nothing had occurred. bank has a capital stock of \$75,000, and a surplus of \$5,000. Its correspondents are the Chemical National of New York, the Continental National of Chicago, American Exchange National of Lincoln. It had no Omaha correspondent

Waterloo Notes and Personals. WATERLOO, Neb., March 1 .- (Special.)-Al Mulendore of Valley fame has been sworn in as deputy marshal and in future will make his headquarters at the jail.

W. McWhorter of O'Neill has rented the Robinson farm. A surprise party was given Johnson Foster last night by the young people. All report having a good time.

M. T. Sweet, who has been confined to the house for several days, is around again.

M. W. E. Purchase and A. H. Norton went to Omaha on business this morning. Mrs. Eliza Simington of Lewa City, Ia., is visiting her sister, Mrs. George Archer.

Convicted of Steating Hogs. PIERCE, Neb., March 1 .- (Special.) -- The Davidson hog stealing case, which has occupied the attention of the court for three days, has been disposed of. The jury, after being out eighteen hours, returned a verdict of guilty yesterday morning. Judge Robinson will sentence Davidson on the last day of the term of court. Davidson has really serious time of late. His mother died only a few days ago. Davidson's wife is also lying at the point of death, and the attending physician entertains very little hope of he recovery.

Mrs. George Jackson's Heavy Loss. BEATRICE, March 1 .- (Special Telegram. -Mrs. George Jackson, a widow living in the northern part of the county, came to the city this afternoon to do some trading When about ready to start home she dis covered that she had lost a package contain-ing \$90 in cash, and about \$900 in notes. The money she had borrowed after coming to the city. The lady has been particularly un fortunate, losing nearly \$1,000 last summer by the Cortland bank failure.

Forger Tate Sentenced. BEATRICE, March 1 .- (Special Telegram. Alpheus Brown, alias William Tate, guilty of uttering forged paper, was sentenced this norning in district court to two years in the penitentiary. The paper was checks given to mercantile establishments in this city and purporting to be signed by the Express Pub-lishing company.

Why borrow trouble in the kitchen? Dr. Price's Baking Powder is a barrier to care.

Will Advocate an Appropriation. LINCOLN, March 1 .- (Special Telegram.)-A delegation consisting of ex-Attorney General Hastings, ex-Commisioner of Public Lands Humphrey, Judge Hayward, Judge Broady, J. R. Webster and Captain E. K. Murin assembled at the Lindell tonight to appear before the house committee on claims argue in favor of the bill appropriating \$9,200 to reimburse the impeached for the money which they claim to have ex-pended in their trial before the supreme court two years ago. The claims committee had made other arrangements for the dispo-sition of the evening, but agreed to give the ex-state officials and their attorneys a hearing next Monday evening.

Failure of a David City Butcher. DAVID CITY, Neb., March 1 .- (Special.)-The meat market of Vaclaw Sudik was closed last night by the sheriff on an attachment sworn out by the Central Nebraska National bank. The amount claimed is about \$4,000.

### PIPERHEIDSIECK PLUG TOBACCO.



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