W. C. T. U. OFFICERS ELECTED.

board of the voluntary liquidation of the Farmer's & Merchant's bank of McCook, Red

Willow county. The captal stock it \$25,000 None of the depositors will lose by the sus

pension. The supreme court today appointed Erhart Opp receiver of the recently sus-pended bank of Stewart.

KEPT LATE HOURS.

This afternoon the excise board held

Lasby were present as representatives of the

preciated

OCCUPIED BY APPLICANTS

Governor Holcomb's First Day in Office Enlivened by Place Seekers.

Intimation that None Will Be Made Until After the Legislature Has Adjourned-Retief Work is Being Vigor-

ously Prosecuted.

APPOINTMENTS COMING SOON

LINCOLN, Jan. 4 .- (Special.) -- Governor Holcomb's office was thronged all day with applicants for patronage. Those who wished to see him for "just two minutes" consumed a quarter of an hour's time, and those who declared positively that they wanted but five short minutes in which to interview him remained in prolonged session until politely, yet urgently, requested to withdraw. In consequence of this a temporary bureau of appointments has been established, in charge of Clerk E. W. Nelson. Frank S. Mary Is at the desk formerly occupied by A. C. Wright, recording clerk, and Benton Maret greets the visitor from the chair so long filled by Secretary, now Congressman, W. E. Andrews. Today was passed by Governor Holcomb chiefly in receiving verbal applications for appointments in departments and state institutions, and incidentally in examining bonds of state officers recently filed with him by the newly elected incumbents. Most of them had been left with Governor Crounse for approval, but the outgoing executive fully agreed with the governor-elect at a conferheld Wednesday evening that the only legal course to pursue was to submit all bonds of the newly elected officers to the incoming governor. The misunderstanding in relation arose from a recollection of the complications surrounding the transfer of the executive office from Governor Boyd to Governor Crounse two years ago. Then the newly elected officers filed their bonds the day after the legislature assembled, not anticipating the two weeks' delay in the organization of the senate. Consequently Governor Boyd, who held his office for two weeks longer than ex-pected, approved the bonds.

NO WARDEN SELECTED. The principal point of attack of the numer ous place hunters at the capitol today was the to that effect to the contrary notwithstanding. At the recent meeting of the democratic executive committee in this city there were five members present, and their object was to take action on the possible appointment of a warden. James O'Shee had three out of the his 3-months-old child had died. five votes, and Leidigh and Dahlman each. With this strength O'Shee secured the endorsement of the democratic state organization unanimously. It is claimed by certain leaders of what are recognized as pop-democrats that Governor Holcomb has ded to recognize them in the distribution of patronage as far as the wardenship of the penitentiary, if not to a more extended concession. Upon this basis O'Shee would seem to be in line, as he has the unqualified en-dorsement of Congressman W. J. Bryan for the position. Governor Holcomb has intimated that he will make no important ap-pointments to any of the state institutions until after the adjournment of the legislature. and it is the accepted belief of this report that has had so disquieting an effect upon the grand army of place hunters. RELIEF BILL PREPARED.

The appropriation bill for the relief of the drouth-stricken people of western and north-western Nebraska will be introduced in the house next Wednesday morning. The bill has been drawn up and was submitted to the members of the joint relief committee today. All members of the joint committee were not present, however, and in order that the bill may receive the approval of the entire com-mittee a final meeting will be held next Tuesday, at which the house and senate members will go over the bill in detail with the State Relief commission. The bill provides for the appropriation of \$100,000 from the state treasury. It provides further for the retention of the relief commission appointed by Governor Crounse some weeks ago. A sum not exceeding 5 per cent of the entire amount appropriated may be deducted for the payment of the expenses of the commission. The money is to be paid out upon youchers directed to the auditor and signed by the chairman and secretary of the commission The law provides for the appointment of a relief board of three members in each county, the members to be appointed by the county judges of the respective counties. Penalties are imposed upon parties who apply for and obtain relief when not entitled to it. The bill is similar in its provisions to the one sed four years ago. nder this proposed law, if it is neither

changed in the committee nor by the legislawill continue the present commission with W. N. Nason of Omaha as chairman L. P. Ludden of Lincoln as secretary, and Robertson of Broken Bow as treasurer. WORK OF RELIEF GOES ON.

The rooms of the state commission at the Brace building in this city are the scene of a great deal of hard work. Four stenographers are busy answering the immense cor respondence, and an average of 200 letters are received at each mail delivery. The comnission is constantly receiving generous orders of assistance from all parts of the and from telegraphic advices received this forenoon it is learned that fully fifty carloads of corn are enroute to Nebraska The commission this afternoon elved a telegram from a mining district in Missouri, asking for shipping instructions for 800 tons of coal which had been donated. The coal will be shipped over the Hannibal & St. Joe to the state line free. The comhas up to today distributed 125 carloads of coal and is sending out more every One shipment of 20,000 pounds of flour was made yesterday, and it was all contribby one generous, but unknown, individ-It is also a fact not yet generally known t just on the eve of his departure for south the late T. M. Marquett of this ply drew his check in payment for 50,000 pounds of flour, to be distributed by the

quet last evening Ben S. Baker of Omaha spoke feelingly of the destitution in the drouth districts of the state, and said that he believed the republicans present felt like contributing a small sum, at least, to the relief fund. A collection was taken up, and the hats yielded \$218.87. The amount was turned over to Treasurer Robertson of the

Nearly all of the members of the legislature have gone home for Sunday. The senate standing committees will be ready for announcement Wednesday morning as soon as the senate convenes. The house committees are looked for Tuesday morning. Swindled His Friends.

GRAND ISLAND, Neb., Jan. 4 .- (Special.) -N. B. James, traveling salesman for the Hoosier Drill company of Council Bluffs,

Ia., is a fugitive from justice. He has traveled through Nebraska for the last four or five years, and during that time formed a large acquaintance among keepers, merchants and others, who is that of obtaining the above-mentioned parties' endorsement on drafts that he had in his possession and out of which he obtained a considerable amount of money. The Koehler hotel of this city is out \$50, Police Judge Garlow \$29, George Leman of Columbus, Neb., \$50, George Spears of Norfolk \$40, and it is said that he has \$399 which

belongs to his firm. James formerly traveled for a Wisconsiu house and for the last year was in the em-play of the Council Bluffs house, who sent out to make some collections during hard times, but not hearing from him some time they became suspicious and called him in, but their man and notes failed o put in an appearance, but sight drafts

came instead. Fairment Veterans Entertained. FAIRMONT, Neb., Jan. 4 .- (Special.)-Han, Church Howe spoke to the Grand Army of the Republic and other citizens here last A large crowd was in attendance and t good musical program was rendered, saide from the very interesting talk given by Mr. Howe. He was due at the hanquet at Linsoln last night, but owing to the engagement

he was unavoidably absent. A collection was taken up during the evening for the benefit of the Grand Army of the Republic sufferers

SATE REST

CREDITORS WILL LOSE MUCH.

Affairs of Goldgraber Clothing Company in Very Bad Shape.

FREMONT, Jan. 4 .- (Special.) -- Dodge county district court was in session a short time yesterday afternoon, Judge Marshall presiding. In the attachment case of the Commercial National bank against the Goldgraber Dry Goods and Clothing company a jury was waived and the case was tried to the court; finding for the plaintiff for \$4.066. Same entry was made in the cases of Blocky Bros., \$522.04; E. G. Stearns & Co., \$1,530.30; J. V. Farwell & Co., \$542. and Rothschild Bros., \$679. Court adjourned until Monday next.

The work of invoicing the stock of the Goldgraber Dry Goods and Clothing company has been finished and the value of goods found in the store amounts to \$13,746.14.
This is about \$19,000 short of the liabilities, and it now looks decidedly as if some of the creditors would be badly left. The Commercial National bank holds \$7,800 worth of ods under attachment to secure its claim

goods under attachment to see \$400.

of \$4,000 and another claim of \$400.

The court assignments for this judicial

The court assignments for this pudicial district for 1895 have been asnoun Judges Marshall and Sullivan as follows Dodge county, January 14, April 15, September 23; Platte county, January 14, April 15, September 23; Merrick county, February 4, April 29, October 14; Colfax county, February 4, April 29, October, 14; Nance county, February 18; May 12, November 11. The Sunday school at Jamestown, a country neighborhood a few miles out from the city,

Hazard, Neb., one large box of new dry goods, two and a half burrels of oatmeal, a bushel of rice and a bushel of beans. Nick Meyer got on a howling drunk some time ago and slept in a hemp stack two nights. He is now at the county poor farm, very sick, and the doctors think he will lose both feet from the effects of freezing them. The body of the late Mrs. Martendale, who died at her home in Niobrara, arrived from that place today and was interred in Ridge cemetery. The deceased was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Wintersteen, sr., of this

INTERESTING ASHLAND ENTERPRISE. Denver and Lincoln Capitalists Will Make Heavy Investments.

ASHLAND, Neb., Jan. 4 .- (Special.) - Denver and Lincoln capitalists yesterday secured an option on several pieces of land south of wardenship of the state penitentiary, O'Shee of Lancaster, Dahlman of Dawes, Sheridan of Red Willow and Leidigh of Otoe all being of ochre, also two large springs. Just what present with their lieutenants. It may be stated positively that the governor has not decided the question in his own mind, reports effect that they purpose erecting a paint mill and an ice house, to supply Lincoln packing companies with ice.

This morning Jacob Ennis, living south of this city, found that during the night child was not known to be suffering from anything more than what was supposed to be a light touch of earache.

At the home of Mr. and Mrs. James Jar. dine, sr., yesterday afternoon occurred the marriage of their daughter, Miss Jessie, to William H. Lindsey of Madison, S. D. After the ceremonies the guests were scated to a bountiful dinner. The happy couple left on the evening train for the east, where they will spend a few weeks visiting the groom's parents in Ohio, before taking up their permanent home in Madison, S. D. A dance was given at Simington's hall

last night for the entertainment of the univacations. About thirty couple were present. Pickering's orchestra furnished the music. An affair termed a "10 cent social" was by the ladies of the Congregational church. At McCook post, Grand Army of the Republic, election last night the following of-ficers were elected for the ensuing year: R. D. Pine, commander; I. V. Davis, senior

ommander. Yesterday occurred the marriage of Ed-Holliday of this city, at the residence of S. M. Page, Father C. P. Hackney officiating. They take up their home at Seward, where the groom is engaged in business.

YORK, Neb., Dec. 4 .- (Special.) - A number of marriages have been celebrated in York and vicinity in the last few days.

William R. Radeliff of Richardson county and Miss Cora Bailey were married at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Charley Carpenter. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Mr. Earl Coborn and Miss Emma Turley were

narried at the home of the bride by Rev. Mr. Long on January 1. Both of the young people are from York county. Jesse C. Staley and Miss Bertha C. Jowere married at the residence of Mr. O. R. Jones, a few miles from this city. The cere mony was performed by Rev. A. C. Crosth-

waite. Mr. Staley is a resident of El Reno, On January 1, at the office of the county judge of this county, Samuel Wright and Miss Cora Harris were made one by Rev. Long.

Both are residents of this county. York county's soldiers' colony will hold eting at this place on Saturday, January The meeting will be held in the court house, and the usual good attendance is expected

Monday evening Mrs. P. Kilner entertained a number of friends at her residence. The house was beautifully decorated and lighted. The music of the evening was furnished by Dever's orchestra. Miss Jennie Cohn, Miss Emma Smith and Miss Blanche McGinty, who have been visit-ing at this place during the holidays, returned

to Wilber yesterday. York's being honored by one of its citizens being appointed secretary of the senate is much appreciated. Hon. T. E. Sedgwick has for a long time been a resident of this place, and the city is only too glad to hear of his receiving the appointment.

Under the Wrong Charter. GRAND ISLAND, Jan. 4 .-- (Special.)-The city attorney, who has been newly appointed, announces his belief that the city has for the past three years been operating under the wrong charter. In 1889, he says, a law was passed entitling cities of 8,000 to 25,000 inhabitants to enjoy the privilege of cities of the first class. In 1891 the law was repealed as to the number of inhabitants, changing 8,000 to 10,000. The city never had 10,000 inhabitants, and Mayor Platt had certified to only 8,000.

Blaz at Blue Hill. BLUE HILL. Neb., Jan. 4 .- (Special Telegram.)-At midnight the two rear sheds of Merritt's drug store were burned, with contents. The fire department saved the main building. Loss on stock, \$75; insured in the Home of New York. Loss on building about \$200; fully insured.

Does the tariff effect wages? Under all tariffs sales of Dr. Price's Baking Powder in-HOMESTEAD MEN WON'T STRIKE.

Strikers at the Braddock Works Are Confident of Victory. PITTSBURG, Jan. 4.-Workmen at the Homestead Steel works say there is no prob-

dissatisfied with the new scale. At the Edgar Thompson Steel works Braddock the strikers are hopeful of victory. Last night there was an explosion at one of the furnaces, supposed to have been caused by inexperienced men at work. The com-pany is trying hard to keep the furnaces from cooling, and thus prevent a great dam-age. There has been no trouble at either

place. Ratiroad Plans in Arizona DENVER, Jan. 4.-Engineer J. T. McWil liams has completed the survey of a railroad route from Flagstaff, Ariz., to the nearest point on the grand canon of the Colorado,

thirty-five miles away. Another new railroad project that is under consideration is the construction of a road from some point on the Fort Worth & Denver near Amarillo, Tex., to Resewell, N. M.

Oregon Ridney Tea cures all kidney trou-bles. Trial size, 25 cents. All druggists.

CHARLES CARLETON TO HANG are available to make his case stronger, he

Supreme Court Passes on the Case of Gothman's Murderer.

Lincoln Lawyer Declares that the County Attorney Insists on Holding Pat Couroy Longer Than the Law Permits.

LANCASTER COUNTY PRISONERS OBJECT

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 4.—(Special.)—
Charles C. Carleton, who murdered August
Gothman in Dodge county in June, 1893, and who was found guilty of murder and sentenced to be hanged, and who appealed his case to the supreme court, will be compelled to suffer the penalty affixed by the lower court. The supreme court late this afternoon handed down a decision affirming the judgment of the lower court and fixed the final date for his execution on April 26, 1895. Carleton's attorenys brought the case to the supreme court on 150 separate alleged errors. The opinion was written by Commissioner Irvine and assented to by the entire court. The case is one of the most celebrated in the recent criminal history of the state, and in writing his opinion Judge Irvine reviews the case at length.

In 1892 August Gothman, the murdered atributed by express to drouth sufferers at man, lived in Shelby county, Iowa, and in November of that year he married Minnie Orsulak, a girl 18 years of age. At the time of his marriage Gothman was a widower with four children. In 1893 early he moved to Pierce county, Nebraska, taking his entire family with him. In May, 1893, the Gothman family left Pierce county. Gothman left first, and his young wife, the four children and his wife's father followed in the afternoon of the same day.

Some time after the departure of the Gothman family, Mrs. Gothman, her father and the children arrived at the residence of Charles Carlston, five miles west of Fre-mont, on what is known as the Military road. Mrs. Gothman and her family stopped tem porarily at Carleton's house, while her hus band was supposed to have gone to South Omaha. Mrs. Gothman was habitually addressed by her stepchildren as "Minnle Carleton household supposed she was an elder sister of the children.

RESULT OF A LOVE AFFAIR. Between her and Carleton, who was young man 24 years of age, a sudden attachment sprung up, and on the Monday follow-ing her arrival she and Carleton left to-gether. Carleton testified that he took her at her own request and started toward Fre-mont. On the way she asked him to find her a place to board, and he took her to the house of a man named Van Ness, six or eight miles northeast of Carleton's. He arranged for her to stay there a week. On his return home he told the other members of the Gothman family that Minnie had go to Sloux City and would not come back. It developed afterward that while taking Minnie Gothman to the Van Ness home Carleten proposed marriage to her and she accepted. A week later Carleton and Mrs. Gothman went to North Bend, and she told

him that she was not the sister of the Goth man children, and that her name was Minni versity students who are home spending their Orsulak, and further that her parents wanted her to marry Gothman, but she did not want to do so. They went to the office of the county judge at Schuyler, procured a license given last night at the home of Ray Brush and were married. They then returned to Carleton's home and announced their mardage. On the night of June 7 Gothman reappeared at a hotel in Fremont, remained there over night, and departed the next morning. On vice commander; J. C. Blackmor, junior vice that night Gothman was killed, and Carleton went to Fremont and gave himself up to authorities. Gothman's body was found at

ward McMillian of Seward to Miss Vina the Carleton house, with three bullet wounds. Holliday of this city, at the residence of Carleton claimed in his evidence that Gothman came to his house, and, after an ap-parently friendly conversation, told Carleton that Minnie was really Mrs. Gothman and attacked him with a revolver. A struggle ensued, in which the gun in Gothman's hand was discharged by accident several times, the fatal wounds being inflicted by accident. The story was too improbable for the jury and Carleton was convicted. PRISONERS COMPLAIN OF INJUSTICE.

Attorney Alex Aitschuler is vigorously pros ecuting his self-appointed task of rescuing prisoners from the vengeance and malice of the county attorney, as he so forcibly ex presses it in his various petitions for habeas corpus writs. This morning Judge Holmes was engaged in hearing the application fo the release of Pat Conroy, who claims that he has been held over longer than the term to which his commitment reads he was bound over. The matter was taken under advisenent, but the county attorney thinks that he has good authority from the supreme court for holding a man over for at least two terms, the court not counting the one which was being held when he was bound over.

morning Michael Corrigan again rushed into the breach via Mr. Altschuler Michael renews his old claim that the county attorney is maliciously punishing him by holding his case over till the next term, and is making unlawful use of his pretended authority to decline to try him any time befor the statutory limitation. Michael was bound over for larceny from the person, and says that the county attorney has persist-ently refused to give him a fair and speedy well knowing that if he did so he Michael) would not long remain in jail. writ was made returnable tomorow morning before Judge Holmes.

LINCOLN'S NEW JAIL. The county commissioners today mailed in all members of the grand jury during the last five years to be present at the meeting called for next Thursday after-noon in the court house to discuss the question of a new county jail. The plan of the missioners is to issue bonds for the building of a new structure to be located directly west of the court house, fronting on Ninth street. They are inclined to the belief that it will be an unnecessary expense to make the building of stone to correspond with the court house, as nowadays the security of jails does not depend on the strength of its walls, but of its cages and cells. They have no well-defined plan yet, but will hold sultation with the mass meeting of citizens and taxpayers. They favor connecting the new jall with the court house by a covered gangway, and the furnishing of a criminal ourt room in the jail. An invitation tended to every one to come up and discuts the matter. The meeting will be called to

part of yesterday in hearing arguments on the case brought by George W. Berge to compel the county commissioners to approve his bond as county judge in order that he might then proceed to test by quo warranto \$2.50, boxed and delivered on the cars. the right of the present incum-The arguments were very exhaustive, and the court took the matter under advisement until temorrow morning when it is the court took the matter under advisement until temorrow morning when it is the court took the matter under advisement until temorrow morning when it is the court took the matter under advisement until temorrow morning when it is the court took the matter under advisement until temorrow morning when it is the court took the matter under advisement until temorrow morning when it is the court took the matter under advisement until temorrow morning when it is the court took the matter under advisement until temorrow morning when it is the court took the matter under advisement until temorrow morning when it is the court took the matter under advisement until temorrow morning when it is the court took the matter under advisement until temorrow morning when it is the court took the matter under advisement until temorrow morning when it is the court took the matter under advisement until temorrow morning when it is the court took the matter under advisement until temorrow morning when it is the court took the matter under advisement until temorrow morning when it is the court took the matter under advisement until temorrow morning when it is the court took the matter under advisement until temorrow morning when it is the court took the matter under advisement until temorrow morning when it is the court took the court took the matter under advisement until temorrow morning when it is the court took the matter under advisement until temorrow morning when it is the court took the matter took the court took until temorrow morning, when it will render

IN CONSIDERATION OF LOVE A bill of sale decededly out of the usual as filed in the county clerk's office, wherein ability of a general strike there, though the employes of some departments are much love and affection, his entire stock to his son, Moses H. Wittstruck, on the agreement that he provide provisions, fuel and light to his

parents and family and pay all bills.

County Attorney Woodward is just no cogliating the problem of whether to have grand jury called for the January term of district court. There are two murder and one manslaughter case on the docket for the next term, the negro Davis, for causing the ieath of Rock Island passengers, A. S. for shoting Jerry Peck, and Marshal Kroesen Waverly, for shooting Billy Holt. the rulings of the supreme court when an in-formation is filed against an accused, the county attorney must put on the back of the information the names of all the witnesses he expects to call, and he is restricted to those names only, but if the grand jury in-dicts a man he is required to place only the names of those witnesses before the grand jury. The advantage lies in giving him an opportunity to hear what his testimony will be, and if it leads up to securing further testimony he can secure that. Whereas, if

HISTORY

The ninth annual convention of the Wom The ninth annual convention of the Wom-an's Christian association has closed. The following officers were elected for the ensu-ing year: President, Mrs. J. I. Underwood; recording secretary, Mrs. M. D. Weich; cor-responding secretary, Mrs. T. H. Leavitt; treasurer, Mrs. D. A. Riser; assistant treas-urer, Mrs. C. T. Bowers. Notice was today received by the banking Rows at that Piace.

of Which is Summarized in a Short Letter from Gresham.

pages of correspondence relative to Bluefields, summarized in the following letter: "To the President: The secretary of state, whom was referred a resolution adopted protracted cession on the question of revocaby the senate on the 4th ultimo, requesting ion of the liquor license recently granted the Lindell hotel. The citation was upon the president, 'if not compatible with pubcharges filed by the chief of police that he lie interest to send to the senate any reports charges filed by the chief of police that he had found people in the saloon at 12:45 last of correspondence relating to affairs at Blue-Sunday morning. Eminent counsel in the fields in the Mosquito territory and also to persons of Hon. G. M. Lambertson and General J. R. Webster for the prosecution, and inform whether any American citizens have been arrested or the rights of any American D. C. Courtney for the defense of M. L. Meir, appeared before the board. Counsel for the defense submitted that the board had no with during the past two years by the govcitizens at Bluefields have been interfered power to revoke a license except upon a con-viction in court. This was denied by Messrs. Lambertson and Webster, they contending ernment of Nicarauga,' has the honor to submit the correspondence called for, that the that the board was the judge of all violations of license laws. The question has stirred up considerable excitement among the ciergy, as well as laity, owing to the fact that the saloon in question is in the immediate vicinity same may be transmitted to the senate should the president deem it compatible with the public interest to do so.

"Although the resolution covers affairs at Bluefields during the past two years, the of a number of the principal churches in the city. Rev. Lewis Gregory and Rev. C. C.

religious objectors. The city attorney read extensively from books, reaching the conclusion that the power to revoke without convition is doubtful, after which the board took the matter under advisement until Monday. Rellevue Brevities. BELLEVUE, Neb., Jan. 4 .- (Special.)-Quite a large company of our young people went down to the "horseshoe" on Monday vasion. evening and skated out of 1894 into '95.

Mrs. Anna Kayser entertained a number of young people on New Year's eve. The evening was spent with games, and a few minutes before 12 a handsome Christmas tree was lighted to usher in the new year. The guests report a very pleasant evening. Mosquito chief, protested.
"War vessels of Great Britain and later

Mrs. G. Chapman and grand-children have one to New York to visit relatives. Miss Jessie Flynt spent several days with Miss Fannie Whitley at South Omaha. Mr. A. Wright's and Mr. William Betz's families spent New Year's day with relatives n Omaha

Miss Margaret Thompson has been on the ick list for several days. Miss Hattie Eddy returned to her school ork in Omaha on Tuesday. Mrs. E. L. Chaffee returned from Omaha, where she had been spending several days, n Wednesday.

Carleton's Cool Conduct.

FREMONT, Jan. 4 .- (Special.) - Charles C Carleton was informed this evening of the action of the supreme court affirming the action of the district court, which sentenced him to be hanged for the murder of August Gothman in June, 1893. His execution is now set for April 26. Carleton took the matter coolly and bore up well under the bad news, though he said he expected to receive a new trial, and says that the decision is not justice. There will be no change in the guards at the jail, as watchmen have been on duty constantly since he was first sentenced, a year ago.

Pythians Meet at Grand Island. GRAND ISLAND, Jan. 4 .- (Special.)-The Knights of Pythias of this jurisdiction have a meeting here today. Eighteen lodges are represented. A business session was held this afternoon and a banquet at the Palmer touse tonight.

Demise of J. E. Banning. NEHAWKA, Neb., Jan. 4 .- (Special.) - J. E. Banning, a prominent grain buyer and politician of this place, died Tuesday from dropsy, after a year's suffering. He was buried by the Odd Fellows yesterday.

Every garden party is incomplete withou

cake in which Dr. Price's Baking Powder is used. BEST ORANGES TWO DOLLARS.

California Fruit Exchanges Not Asking Any Extravagant Prices.

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 4.-Judging by the action of the executive committee, the southera California fruit exchanges have not decided that because there have been freezes in Florida they are going to take advantage of changes had made no quotations except for the holiday trade, which is generally limited, and the prices realized are no criterion of the market for the general trade. General quotaons have heretofore been made about February 1, when the heavy shipments usually began. This year, however, the exchanges are prepared for business a month ahead o regular time, notwithstanding the fact that the fruit is a little late in riper

The executive committee of the exchanges met at the central office in the Phillips block and fixed prices for the opening of the season ing a commissioner to the reservation as follows: Fancy California navals free on board cars, \$2 per box; choice, \$1.75; standard: \$1.20.

Compared with the opening prices of previ ous years, the exchanges do not appear to b taking advantage of the conditions in the east brought about by the Florida freeze. It may be, however, that as the season advances and it becomes apparent that the trade will stand it, these prices will be raised.
P. E. Platt, the eastern representative of the Southern California exchange, is in business of the exchange in Chicago, and from

Francisco on his way to take charge of the gua over the entire reservation. him some interesting particulars about the orange crop have been obtained. The change is now appointing 200 or more brokers or agents, one for each city big enough to handle a carload at one time. The brokers will be advised daily by Mr. Platt from Chicago and the management of Los Angeles f the changes that are made in the prices and the figures at which they may sell oranges The orders as fast as received by the brokers are wired to headquarters. The crop this year is estimated at about 5,500 carloads, or a little less than 2,000,000 bexes. Since the news has been received of the frosts and consequent loss of the orange crop in Florida prices have advanced somewhat for California fruit, but notwithstanding the damage to the Florida crop and the fact that inquiries rder at 2 o'clock Thursday afternoon.

The three judges were occupied the greater and orders are rolling into the exchange from republic of Nicaragua, on the same footing all over the country very reasonable prices, Mr. Platt points out, have been fixed and the exchange is now selling seedling oranges from \$1.50 to \$2 and the choicest navals at \$2 to this date no injury of any kind has befallen

Try it. Once used it takes the precedence of all others-Cook's Extra Dry Imperial Champagne. It has a most delicious boquet

Asked for Aid for Nebraska. ST. PAUL, Jan. 4,-Rev. Frank Diran and Rev. Thomas McClary called on Governor Nelson today and presented resolutions by the Methodist ministers of Minnespilis request ing the governor to take proper action in regard to the reported suffering and destitution n Nebraska. The governor was not in and his probable action is not known.

Fatal Fight with Escaped Convicts. DENVER. Jan. 4 .- A special to the Times from Phoenix, Ariz., says: Price, the escaped murderer, and Counterfeiter Young were aught on the desert near Gila Bend by Deputies Brothers and Moore. A fierce fight en-sued. Price was mortally wounded by a shot through the body and Young's leg was broken.

Murder Trial Continued. CHEYENNE, Jan. 4 .- (Special.) - The case of the state of Wyoming against Charles Boulter, charged with murder in the second degree for the killing of Thomas O'Neil, has been continued until March 4, when it is unduring a trial he finds that other witnesses derstood that the trial will be begun.

BLUEFIELDS

Diplomatic Dealings Concerning the Late

REPORT ON THE MOSQUITO DISTURBANCES

Cleveland Transmits to the Senate Three Hundred Pages of Correspondence, All

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3 .- The president to-

day sent to the senate about three hundred

events to which it relates occurred within the last twelve months. 'In December, 1893, war broke out between

Nicaragua and Honduras In January a detachment of Honduraan troops seized Cape Gracias a Dios in Nicaragua, about sixty miles above the Mosquito strip. The Kearsage was ordered to Bluefields to protect the interests of American citizens but was wrecked on the Roncador reef. Early in February the government of Nicaragua sent a military force to the strip to repel the threatened inasion. On February 11 the Nicaraguans ook possession of the Bluffs, and on the 12th they took possession of Bluefields and proclaimed martial law in the reservation.
Against this action Clarence, the so-called

of the United States were sent to Bluefields to protect the respective foreign interests in that locality. The Nicaraguan commission to the reservation attempted, with the con-currence of the British naval and consular epresentatives, to organize a provisional ad-ninistration for the strip, in which Nicaraguans and foreigners were to take part, but the endeavor proved abortive. This gov-ernment withheld its sanction of the scheme as inimical to the sovereignty of Nicaragua and American interests at Bluefields refrained from participating in the proposed adminis-tration. British marines were temporarily landed to protect life and property in view of threatened disturbance, but they were with drawn when the necessity for their presence no longer existed and thereafter an American vessel sufficed for all needs of foreign 'INDIANS' TEMPORARY SUCCESS.

"In July last a movement against the Nicaraguan authority was temporarily sus-cessful, the so-called Indian government was for a time restored, the bluff captured with loss of life on the part of Nicaragua and the Nicaraguan garrison of Bluefields expelled. A few citizens of the United States who were believed to have taken part in this insurrection left the country. Two Americans, Lampton and Wiltbank, accepted municipal office under the short-lived regime and they and ten or twelve others, mostly and Jamaicans, were arbitrarily arrested and banished. The remonstrance of this government and the demand that the two Americans be allowed a hearing, and n any event, an opportunity to arrange their Mairs before expulsion, resulted in permis-tion being given them to return to Blue affairs fields under pledge of good behavior. With Ausburn, whose return was for a short time refused, but afterward allowed, the under-signed is not advised that American citizens in Bluefields have been arrested. Sundry omplaints growing out of interruptions of rade and use of American vessels by the Nicaraguan authority have had proper atten-tion and will doubtless yield to the usual methods of treatment.

"During the period covered by the events question the Nicaraguan government withdrew the exequatur of Mr. Braida, the United States consul at San Juan del Norte, on the ground of his alleged unfriendly acts, but it was subsequently restored and unfortunately threatened for a time to strain the good reations between this government and that o Nicaragua. One Wilson, an American citizen, having been murdered at Rama by Arguello, the temporary governor of the town the consumers and get fabulous prices for mand for the trial and punishment of the their fruit. Up to yesterday the fruit ex- criminal and his accomplice was made Arguello was arrested at Rama, but escaped with the evident connivance of the local authorities, and his rearrest and detention at Bluefields were followed by a second escape, under circumstances indicating gross negligence, to say the least, on the part those responsible for his safe custody. is said to have fled the country, thus baffling the efforts of the proper authorities to de justice in the case. The Nicaraguan government, however, testified its abhorrence of the atrocious crime by dismissing Torres from the office of governor of Rama and by sendplace of Lacayo, who was in command Bluefields at the time of the second escape of Lacayo, who was in command at NICARAGUA'S SOVEREIGNTY RECOG-

NIZED. "The facts above stated and incidental references to the treatment of the question of the inter-oceanic canal by the government of Nicaragua appear in the correspondence.
"It will be observed that from the beginning of the conflicts, which at times were serious, this government has steadily recog-San nized the paramount sovereignty of Nicara

"At no time during the last forty or fifty years has the so-called native Indian gov-ernment in the strip been real. On the contrary it has been an alien municipal gov administered according to methods. Although Americans and American interests have for some time dominated in the strip, this government, while interven ing in proper cases for their protection, has constantly disavowed any right of its own or of its citizens to govern the reservation or participate in the political affairs. ever right of self-government the Indians en joyed under the treaty concluded between Great Britain and Nicaragua was to be exercised by themselves, and not by aliens in That the treaty contemplated the eventual surrender by the Indians of as other citizens of the republic.

A copy of a convention, concluded on the 20th of November last, is herewith cocated, by which it is declared that the Mosquito Indians, while retaining 'special privi-leges' in accordance with their 'customs' and 'raclal disposition,' have 'agreed wholly to submit to the laws and authorities of Nicar. gua for the purpose of forming part of the political and administrative organization.'
"Great Britain, it is proper to say, has given this government the most positive assurance that she asserts no right of sovcreignty or protection over the territory, but on the contrary respects the full and paramount sovereignty of the government of Nicaragua. Respectfull submitted.

GOMMANDER O'NEILL'S REPORT. Another interesting portion of the corre spoudence is made up of the reports of Com mander O'Neill of the United States steam ship Marblehead. Describing the status of the American residents at Bluefields, he says they are respectable, but preferred the mild and easy government of the Mosquitos to Nicaraguan rule, and he was obliged to caution them not to be too outspoken. The British subjects were Jamaica negroes identified with the Mosquitos and hating the Nicaraguans. Upon his advice, after the fight of July 5, Cabezas withdrew the Nicaraguan troops and tranquility enaud, every foreigner rejoleing in the turn of affairs. The commander says Caberas laid the binne of the outbreak upon Mr. Hatch, the acting British vice consul, and he (O'Neill) would not be surprised if it were so, as Mr. Hatch was on most intimate terms with the Moswas on most intimate terms with the Mo quitos. Cabezas also said he had allowed the British ship Cleopatra to take away 150 soldiers, as it was a matter of coercion. A large part of the correspondence is that

between Secretary Gresham and Ambassador Bayard in regard to England's position with reference to the control of the Mosquitos, and it shows, contrary to the popular belief, that England views the settlement that has been achieved with a feeling of relief. Mr. Bayard details many interviews with Lord Kimberly. It appears from a letter from Mr. Bayard that Lord Kimberly has implied an invitation to the United States to join with Great Britain in devicing a solution of the problems growing out of the Bluefields incident. But

growing out of the Bluefields incident. But Mr. Gresham replied that "compliancs with the invitation might imply willingness on the part of this administration to depart from the consistent policy pursued by previous admin-istrations in dealing with the Central Ameri-can question." The situation at Bluefields sewhere in the strip presents no question difficult of solution. The sovereignty of Nicaragua over the whole of the national

omain is unquestionable. On the 20th Mr. Bayard said: "All instructions and reports of re-es-ablishing Clarence at Bluefields are denied absolutely at the foreign office. Sensational attempts are apparent to create a misunderstanding and misrepresent the relations and intentions of the United States and Great Britain in con-nection with Nicaraguan affairs."

On the 22d he writes: "Her majes y's overnment is well pleased with the prospect of having Clarence and his fortune eliminated from the present controversy. There was the most open expression of satisfaction at the foreign office upon the reported voluntary incorporation of the Indians with the rest of Nicaragua, for it was a consummation devoutly to be wished for, and they were glad to be free from the subject."

HILL CAUSED A STIR.

Political Gossips All Agog Over His Attending the Cabinet Dinner.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4 .- When the list of names of guests at the president's dinner to names of guests at the president's dinner to city. Terrible confusion provailed during the cabinet was given out the appearance among them of Senator Hill of New York were not lost. The center building contained was received with some incredulity. There had been no intimation that the New York senator was to be present and when it became known about town that Mr. Hill was the guest of the president the fact was at subject of the greatest speculation There had been rumors that an understanding had been reached between the president and Mr. Hill, but the presence of the latter at the white house was the first tangible evidence that the rumors were probably authentic. But once during this administration has Mr. Hill been within the portals of the executive mansion. That time was just after the arrival of Senator Murphy and the two New York senators appeared at the white house together, but the best information is that they did not see the president at that time. The president and Mr. Hill met is general assemblage before the dinner began and their meeting was to every appearance one of extreme cordiality. They remained the patients are huddled, owing to the pretogether for some minutes in close conversation. Mr. Hill escorted Mrs. Hearst to the dining hall. Senator Hill declined to discuss his presence at the white house, saying it was a purely social visit and had no political significance, and consequently he did not feel has its own at liberty to talk on the subject. Nevertheless his attendance will be a mark for ing the fire. political gossip for some days to come. It is understood that Mr. Hill was invited to the last cabinet dinner, but declined.

NEW MONEY ORDER OFFICES.

Large Increase in Both Foreign and Domes

tle on January 7. WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.-As a result an increase of postal business during the last three months, twenty-nine international money order offices, ninety domestic money order offices and 102 limited money order offices will be established throughout the country on January 7. Pennsylvania and Texas will have seven new domestic offices each; California, six; Ohio, five; Washington. Indiaua, Michigan and Oklahoma, four each; Colorado, Georgia, Indian Territory, Misnestota and Missouri, three each; Arkan-sas Illinois, Iowa, Maryland, Mississippi, Nebraska, New Jersey, South Dakota, Vir-Representational offices are Angels Camp, Lorin and Tomales, Cal.; Jewett City, Conn.; Neoga, Ill.; Clayton and Witamac, Ind.; Durant, I. T.; Mystle, Ia.; Kennebunk, Me.; Sharon, Mass.; Grayling, Homer and Imlay City, Mich.; Wolverton, Minn.; Minter City, Miss.; North Tarrytown, Rye and Sackett Harbor, N. Y.; Johnstown and Milton, N. D.; Perry, Okl.; Audenreid and Sheffield. Pa.; Shiner, Tex.; Ashland, Va.; and Lodi, South Milwaukee and South Superior, Wis.

SENDING OUT INCOME TAX BLANKS

Uncertainty Exists as to the Number Persons and Corporations Liable. WASHINGTON, Jan. 4. - Commissioner Miller of the internal revenue bureau has begun sending out taxpayers' return blanks for assessment of the internal revenue income tax under the act of August 28, 1894. These blanks will be sent to the collectors of internal revenue throughout the county and by them will be distributed to the taxpayers. to the taxpayers. There are sixty-three collectors and it is the intention to send out as rapidly as printed about 300,000 copies although it is not expected that this number will actually be required in making returns The most uncertain element in reaching a conclusion as to the number of actual income tax payers is that of corporations, of which there are no reliable data at hand. This difficulty in even approximating the total is increased by the fact that in some states corporations are created by special charter granted by the legislature. In others by certificates issued by the secretary of state, and in others by the courts. Each of the six forms contain that part of the new tariff act relating to an income tax.

CANAL BILL BLOCKED.

Opinion General that it Cannot Go Through at This Session.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.-The judgment of those senstors who remained in the city during the recess is that the Nicaragua canal bill cannot pass at this session. "It is not ; favorable time to urge such a measure," said Senator Davis of the foreign relations com mittee, "Times have been so hard and the people do not like the idea of increasing ex-penses or of creating an additional debt. The short session of congress is not a favorable time to urge such a measure, as sufficient time can be consumed to secure its defeat." Other senators discuss the subject in much the same way. Several of those who favor the project think the present consideration of the measure is a good thing, as more or less discussion is bound to be had. This is the view of Senator White of California, who favors the canal, but does not see the possibility of getting the bill through at this session. Senator White says that the proposition to send an engineer commission to Nicaragus to make another examination of the survey is merely a dilatory one by the opponents of th project to prevent action.

Building New Battleships. WASHINGTON, Jan. 4 .- It is practically settled that the naval appropriation bill as reported to the house will contain provisions for two and possibly three battleships, as cost of about \$4,000,000 each. This will be by far the most important item of the bill. Representative Talbott, who is making the first draft of the bill, is heartily in favor of battleships and the report on the bill which will probably be written by him, wil make a strong showing of the merits of th battleship as an arm of naval service.

Bill to Kaise the Beer Tax. WASHINGTON, Jan. 4 .- A bill "to pro vide for an increase of the public revenue' has been introduced by Representative Money of Mississippi. It provides for a tax of \$2 per barrel on malt, brewed or fermented thirty-one gallons and a like rate for other quantities.

Children Gry for Pitcher's Castoria. Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria. Children Cry Pitcher's Castoria.

FIRE IN AN INSANE ASYLUM

Central Portion of the Euilding and One Wing Entirely Destroyed.

ALL OF THE INMATES WERE SAVED

All the Buildings that Escaped a Few Years Ago Were Destroyed-Patients Now Huddled Together in One Small Wing.

ANNA, III., Jan. 4 .- Fire broke out at 1 o'clock this morning in the roof of the center building of a group of three buildings of the Southern Illinois Hospital for the Insane in this city, and spread with great rapidity. By 4 o'clock the north wing, in which were huddled 500 gibbering lunatics who were with great difficulty restrained from breaking out, was in great danger, but the flames were kept away from it. The main building and the south wing were already a mass of smoldering ruins, but the heat from the debris was so intense that it could not be approached. A special train on the Illinois Central with three engines. and crews, which arrived from Caire at 3 a. m... was drenching the ruins and en-deavoring to save the adjacent buildings. In the excitement attending the transfer of the more violent maniacs a number were badly bruised by stumbling down stairways, their keepers being unable to maintain even a semblance of order among them. None a semblance of order among them. None escaped, however, the keepers being reinforced by volunteer special officers from the 600 patients, all of whom. thought, were gotten out safely, with one exception.

None of the attendants or patients had

time to secure their clothing and the snow worked a great hardship in transferring the patients to other quarters. It is thought none of those confined in the asylum are at large, although desperate attempts at escape were made during the progress of the fire, and it was with great difficulty that the poor creatures were confined to their quarters. their quarters. They were crowded into a new building already nearly full. The patients will be taken care of in the best possible manner under the circumstan The loss will exceed \$300,000. The fire de-partment from Cairo got the conflagration under control after the center building and the south wing were destroyed. All the buildings that escaped the fire a few years ago were entirely destroyed.

vailing severe weather. The fire was under complete subjection be-fore daylight. The flames were first dis-covered near the roof of the main building and cannot be accounted for. The asylum has its own water works, but for some reason the system was ineffective in fight-The plugs seemed to have

EXTRADITION REPOKED.

Governor of Florida Will Not Surrender Henry M. Flagler to Texas Authorities. TALLAHASSEE, Fla., Jan. 4.-Governor Mitchell has revoked his order issuing a warrant for the arrest of Henry M. Flagler upon the requisition of Governor Hogg of Texas. The order of revocation, as filed in the office

of the secretary of state, reads as follows: "It having been made to appear that Henry M. Flagler, for whose arrest a warrant was issued on December 22, 1894, on requisition made by the governor of Texas, charging said Flagler with unlawfully entering into conspiracy against trade in that state, is not a fugitive from justice of the state of Texas, it is hereby ordered that such warrant issued by me as aforesaid be and the same is hereby revoked, annulled and recalled without prejudice, however, to the right of the governor of Texas, if he shall so desire to show that said Flagler is a fugitive from justice of that state.

It was rumored that the governor had referred the whole matter to Attorney General W. B. Lamar and would not act latter's legal opinion had been obtained in writing and the supposition was action would be governed by Mr. Lamar's advice. It is definitely learned, however, the attorney general had been asked for an opinion, but the order revoking the action taken on the requisition papers was made before he had time to prepare his opinion. The Associated press correspondent called at Mr. Lamar's office and asked for his opinion. He said he had rendered none as yet and that he understood from the governor that it was

not desired. Extradition Papers Did Not Come. CHICAGO, Jan. 4 .- Because requisition papers did not reach here from Springfield Robert M. Posten and Hattie M. Patch, charged with having conspired to defraud the Naional Live Stock bank out of \$30,000, were lischarged today. A noile prosse was entered and it was said that the case had been con by the defendants agreeing to pay he bank \$6,000 on condition that the pros

Ex-President Perxoto Dying. MONTEVIDEO, Jan. 4 .- Ex-President Peixoto of Brazil has received the last sacra-



ONE ENIOYS Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most

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