

HILL'S CASE AGAIN PASSED

Ex-Treasurer Will Not Be Troubled for Another Term.

CONTINUANCE GRANTED UNTIL NEXT YEAR

Melancholy Story of a Mother's Struggle to Retain Possession of Her Child—Developments in an Interesting Case Before the District Court.

LINCOLN, Nov. 22.—(Special.)—The supreme court has again continued the case of the state of Nebraska against ex-treasurer J. E. Hill and his bondsmen. A motion was filed today, backed up by affidavits, as to the illness of Bondsmen Fitzgerald and John H. Ames and T. M. Marquette of counsel, asking for a continuance till some time in April, 1895. The court granted the motion and continued the case till the next term. Following is the order of the court filed today:

"Ordered that the motion for a continuance of this cause be sustained and the cause hereby continued until the next term and the commissioners heretofore named be directed to take no step for the selection of a jury until further order of the court.

The supreme court has adjourned until the first Tuesday in December.

AFTER AN ALLEGED SWINDLER.

Governor Crouse today granted a requisition on Governor Lowell of Kansas for the return of William Austin, now under arrest at Beatrice, B. H. Bogale, Robert Kyd issued on application of the sheriff of Saline county, Nebraska. It is alleged in the application that Austin, in October, 1892, defrauded his business partner, J. C. Stutz, out of \$5,000, by means of a spurious deed, in settlement of their partnership business, for 320 acres of land.

SOUTH OMAHA INTERESTS.

The annual report of the commissioner of industrial statistics will contain many valuable statistics concerning the stock interests of South Omaha. The report will show that the combined farms in 1893 employed 4,082 men, whose wages amounted to \$2,099,977.11. There were sold at these yards during the same period 105,745 head of feeding cattle, an increase of 47 per cent over the year previous. This places South Omaha at the head of the feeding markets of the world.

DAVEY RAIDERS' BURGLARS

At the little town of Davey last night two stores were broken into and rifled of contents valued at several hundred dollars. The general store of A. S. Eger was entered by a back window and a number of goods were taken, including twenty pairs of pants, a lot of shirts, shoes, underclothing, stockings, gloves, mitts, cheap jewelry, groceries, etc. The total value of the goods stolen amounts to \$200. The hardware store of Phillip Opper was also entered and about \$100 worth of goods taken in the line of shotguns, revolvers, silverware, knives and other articles. It is stated by one of the proprietors that suspicion points to residents of the place, as the burglars were evidently well posted in regard to location and habits of the attendants in the stores.

SUSTAINED THE JURY.

Today the supreme court affirmed the decision of the lower court in the case of Whitman against State of Nebraska. Whitman and John Cox were arrested and tried for burglary of Meyer's store at Malcolm. Some of the stolen goods were found in Whitman's possession. Cox and Whitman each tried to fasten the crime upon the other. Whitman was convicted and appealed his case. The court in its opinion held that the jury must determine the weight of evidence adduced and that its estimate will not be interfered with unless clearly wrong.

STORY OF A MOTHER'S TROUBLE.

The suit in the district court for the custody of the little child Mrs. Kilpatrick continues to develop sensational phases. The grandparents of the 4-year-old boy desire him to remain in their charge, alleging that his mother is an improper person and is unable to control him. Yesterday the files in the case were stolen from court, and it became necessary for Clerk Baker to forcibly impress upon the attorneys the necessity of their immediate return. The petition and affidavits recite that after Mrs. Kilpatrick had secured a divorce in January last she went to reside with the father and her divorced husband. While here, it is alleged, she neglected her child, consorted with low characters, attended vile dances and immoral gatherings at West Lincoln, frequented wine rooms, often remaining out until 1 o'clock in the morning. It is charged that on several occasions she visited wooded recesses of Lincoln and contrived to meet a man of family, whose name originally appeared in the petition, but was scratched out either before filing or while it was temporarily out of the custody of the clerk.

To such objects the Kilpatrick family strongly objected, and on the 3d inst. Mrs. Kilpatrick left her home and is now living with a Mrs. L. H. The record in the case is evaded in the alleged fact that while an inmate of the elder Kilpatrick's residence the divorced woman kept company with a reputable, honorable young man of this city, who was devotedly attached to her and sought to make her his wife. Being in love he provided her with money to bank for and gave her considerable cash with which to purchase luxuries and trinkets. At the same time, it is charged, she was throwing dust in the eyes of her honorable lover by keeping ungodly hours and lewd company with the most notorious sports characters in the city.

Such is the melancholy history of the mother who brought suit to gain possession of her child and against whom a restraining order has just been issued by the court. The little boy is now with its grandparents and the mother says she will not again try to get him back.

ALL ANXIOUS TO SERVE.

In the contest for the judicial ermine now being fought by Judge Broderick there are no new developments of fact. The contest has become a movement on foot to take the matter of naming his successor on the bench from the bar association, who have had it in charge up to date. A petition is being circulated with that end in view. The name of Albert J. Cornish has been recently added to the list of eligibles to succeed the judge and his friends are quite vigorous in their canvass.

DEFAULTER WEST ESCAPED.

Dishonest Grand Island Official Given a Term in the Pen.

GRAND ISLAND, Nov. 22.—(Special Telegram.)—John W. West, defaulting city treasurer, pleaded guilty to the criminal charges of embezzlement against him in district court and was sentenced to two years and four months in the penitentiary. West was treasurer from 1887 to 1892, and was a candidate for re-election, but when his chances were slim he confessed to his embezzlement. An expert has placed his shortage at over \$100,000.

Today the case was set for hearing and a motion for a change of venue was filed, but was unexpectedly withdrawn by the defendant and was at once dismissed. He is over 50 years of age and has a large family.

HEAVY LOSS OF A RARER.

NEWCASTLE, Neb., Nov. 22.—(Special.)—About 2 o'clock Thursday morning fire destroyed the farm property of John Daugherty, who lives about nine miles west of this place. The house and all of its contents were burned. The barn, full of harness, wagon and buggy, together with all the farm machinery, hay and grain, were burned. There was no insurance and the property is a total loss.

Falls City Physician Married.

FALLS CITY, Neb., Nov. 22.—(Special Telegram.)—Dr. John C. Taylor of this city and Mrs. Sarah J. Berry of Topeka, Kan., were married at the residence of Dr. Taylor by Judge J. R. White. He is 68 and Mrs. Berry is 22 years of age. His last wife died about two months ago.

Wheeler County Prosperous.

BARTLETT, Neb., Nov. 22.—(Special.)—Of all the counties of western Nebraska probably none are in better shape, financially, than Wheeler. She has a large and well equipped court house, built without bonds,

is practically out of debt, and has plenty of money on hand. Her warrants are cashed at face value, and her debt for this winter will be taken care of in the ordinary way. The commission recently transferred a sufficient amount to the poor fund to meet the increased demands of the winter and arranged to give each man in need of assistance a specified number of days work on the roads.

MYSTIC SHRINERS AT LINCOLN.

Two Hundred of the Craft Banqueted at the Capital.

LINCOLN, Nov. 22.—(Special Telegram.)—Fully 200 mystic shriners sat down at mid-night to a banquet at the Capital Hotel. The larger number of them were guests of Seostria temple of Lincoln. They had been coming in to town throughout the day from various points in the state and some from Colorado and other states. The mystic portion of their ceremonies were held at the spacious lodge rooms of Seostria temple. Among those present from Omaha and other cities were the following: Omaha, H. C. Aiken, Senator Richard Smith, Martin Edwards, B. F. Thomas, John Westberg, Mars Nobbs, J. E. Simpson, J. H. McCall, A. M. Olson, F. S. Browlee, H. G. Conansman, D. M. Bouché, George How, Auburn, H. C. Harmon, Nebraska City; J. Dew, Tecumseh; C. E. Carey, Pawnee City; A. E. Hastie, Pawnee City; W. C. Pierce, Waverly; Dr. Chittenden, Weston; Chas. C. Welch, Clear Lake; E. M. Boyd, W. Bustle, W. H. Harum, Auburn; J. R. Cain, Stella; C. Kraft, Elmwood; W. W. Ehlens, Talmage; L. F. Britt, D. Vanless, Plattsmouth; G. W. Molton, Peru; H. L. Smith, Geneva; S. M. Lee, Oxford; J. W. Trammell, Oxford; J. McKelvey, Geneva; J. B. Saxton, Geneva; G. L. Day, Superior; J. T. Dulligan, McCook; C. H. Dietrich, Hastings; G. G. Rallsback, Ashland; O. R. Arford, Ashland; E. E. Good, Wahoo; Neils Anderson, Vaugh; Judge Wheeler, Hastings; B. H. Bogale, Robert Kyd, Elijah Filley, Ed Saulsbury, A. G. Stewart, A. S. Maxwell, J. A. Traphagen.

The candidate list was: M. Graban, J. S. Oyer, H. L. Lippincott, J. D. R. A. Clark, H. E. Clark, W. G. Boston, L. W. Pomeroy, H. W. Bever, W. R. Wyatt, G. M. Reeves, C. McGregor, C. H. Hedrick, C. A. Pierce, D. H. Hopkins, M. J. Obermiller, J. W. Fogarty, John Casey, Thomas Benton.

LITIGATION OVER TWO CHILDREN.

Two Plattsmouth Women Have an Interesting Contest in the Courts.

PLATTSMOUTH, Neb., Nov. 22.—(Special Telegram.)—County Judge Ramsey has just decided a rather interesting proceeding, the right of custody of two children, in which the respective grandmothers were opposed as principals in the suit. Al Burris, the father of the children, left town for the east some four months ago and left his two motherless children in the hands of Mrs. Benke. It later developed that Mrs. Benke was a county charge, and Mrs. Godfrey Pickler, whose daughter was the mother of the little ones, made application before Judge Ramsey that she be accorded their custody. Mrs. Pickler, in point of earthly possessions, was abundantly able to provide for the children but she met with some resistance at the hands of Burris' mother, one Mrs. Miller, who asked that the court make her the custodian. The case was hotly contested in the courts and resulted in a victory for Mrs. Pickler. It is alleged that Burris' drunken habits and cruel treatment were really responsible for his wife's early death.

The local authorities are on the lookout for two thieves who committed a bold robbery early this morning at Hastings, Ia. The pair entered a meat market, and while one of the thieves covered the proprietor with a revolver the other went through the money drawer and secured \$20. They then beat a hasty retreat to the Burlington railway tracks and made their escape out of town on a westbound freight train.

STOLE HIS EMPLOYER'S WIFE.

Lancaster County Farm Hand Seizes Another Man's Family.

BEATRICE, Neb., Nov. 22.—(Special Telegram.)—Zachariah Jones, until yesterday a citizen of Lancaster county, was arrested here in justice's court today and pleaded guilty to charge of assault and threatening to kill. Zachariah has been employed on the farm of Mr. Wegman, near Martel, and having become infatuated with Mrs. Wegman, a plan was arranged to elope yesterday evening. The couple, accompanied by Mrs. Wegman's 5-year-old child, boarded a Rock Island train and made their way to Plattsmouth where they employed a hack driver to bring them across the county to Beatrice.

When a few miles north of this city the vehicle in which they were riding overturned. Jones, believing the driver, Charles Clark, was unnecessarily careless because he became quite violent, and proceeded to beat Clark and take his property. Getting matters amicably settled, the party came to the city and put up at a hotel. Clark then hunted up the officials and caused Jones' arrest. The hearing was held this afternoon and a fine of \$5 was assessed against Jones, which he paid, securing a conveyance to the wife and child in company with his newly-acquired family. The woman admitted to the officers that she had a husband in Lancaster county, but had decided that she preferred to live with Jones and intended to do so.

Robbed a Getzoff Safe.

GERING, Neb., Nov. 22.—(Special.)—The safe in Enderly Bros' large general store in this city was blown open by cracksmen Monday night and about \$60 taken. Entrance was effected through a rear window. The explosion was effected by parties unknown, but before they could arrive the cash box had been pried out and the robbers were gone. The general store of Ed W. Jones, 107 North Tenth, is believed to be the safe there was not molested. It contained a large amount of money. Enderly would have sustained a greater loss had they had money in the safe, which was afternoo. So far no clues have been discovered and opinion is somewhat divided as to whether it was the work of professionals or of local cracksmen. A reward will be offered for the apprehension of the right parties.

Falls City Woodmen Entertained.

FALLS CITY, Neb., Nov. 22.—(Special.)—The free entertainment given by the Woodmen of the World last night at Jennes opera house was a grand success. A supper was given in their lodge room, which paid all expenses. The address of welcome was given by the president of the lodge, Recitations by Misses Carrie Stetler and Hatie Leibhart were well delivered. Mrs. John Evans of Fremont, recited an excellent recitation entitled "The Stick King" which was heartily applauded. Prof. Kolberg, the chairman, introduced Rev. George E. Price of Elk Creek, who spoke in the interest of the Woodmen of the World. W. H. Root of Omaha addressed the meeting.

Hastings Nov Shot.

HASTINGS, Neb., Nov. 22.—(Special Telegram.)—Al Wilshire, a 14-year-old boy, was badly wounded yesterday afternoon by the accidental discharge of a revolver which he was handling. The ball entered the left hand and lodged near the elbow.

Mrs. Lucy Prince met with a very sudden death last evening. She had been to a wedding in the morning and had been unusually happy and well all day. When she returned to her son's house in the evening she sat down and died in less than five minutes.

Work of Thieves at Grand Island.

GRAND ISLAND, Nov. 22.—(Special.)—About supper time last night thieves entered the residences of James Bryant and Mr. Tritt and stole an overcoat, a black suit of clothes, a gold watch chain and a clock and other articles. The burglars were apprehended and sentenced to the county jail.

Rushville Dwelling Burned.

RUSHVILLE, Neb., Nov. 22.—(Sp. S. Telegram.)—The dwelling house of J. F. Alay burned this morning about 3 o'clock. It is supposed the fire caught from a defective stove. Nothing was saved. Total loss about \$4,000, insured in the North British and Mercantile for \$1,500, and in the Queen for \$1,500.

Nebraska City Merchants' Troubles.

NEBRASKA CITY, Nov. 22.—(Special Telegram.)—The business of J. H. Beaugrain, doctor, was attached today to R. Lorton & Co., of this city for \$400. The Nebraska City National bank also filed an attachment for \$150. Assets double liabilities.

TREASURY BALANCE SHEET

Annual Report to Secretary Carlisle on the Government Finances.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES DECREASE

Decrease in Income Much Greater Than in Outgo—Redemption of Paper Currency—Demands on the Treasury for Gold.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—The treasurer of the United States, Hon. H. D. Morgan, has submitted to Secretary Carlisle the annual report on the operations and conditions of the treasury. The ordinary revenues for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1894, amounted to \$277,722,019, a decrease of \$88,097,509 as compared with the year before. The ordinary expenditures were \$277,625,279, a decrease of \$15,952,834. Including the public debt, the total receipts on all accounts were \$734,906,538, and the expenditures \$698,908,552. At the close of business on June 30, 1893, there stood on the books of the department, charged to the treasurer, a balance of \$733,467,555. Adding to this the receipts on all accounts gives \$1,467,474,093 as a total to be accounted for, and deducting the expenditures leaves a balance of \$733,966,540 on June 30, 1894. In addition to these balances, however, there were other liabilities arising from the postal revenues, from harassing letters and from other sources which brought the total to \$776,041,808 at the former date and to \$804,554,753 at the latter.

After setting aside the amounts treated as unavailable, the principal of which are the deposits made with the states under the law of 1836, there remained the sum of \$746,538,655 in 1893 and the sum of \$775,310,559 in 1894, represented by live assets in the several offices of the treasury and by notes, together with deposits in national banks. Of these balances the sum of \$384,593,930 and \$616,155,820, respectively, were on deposit for the redemption of outstanding certificates and treasury notes, leaving \$151,944,725 and \$159,154,739 as the balances on account of the general fund.

The treasurer remarks the impairment of the gold reserve, rendering necessary the issue of notes in February, was caused chiefly by the depletion of the treasury resulting from insufficient revenues. Even when the supply of paper had become exhausted, the treasury was obliged to pay out large sums of gold in the ordinary disbursements of the coin was freely returned in the revenues. The proceeds of this redemption were used in gold coin and certificates, but during the month of February there were redeemed \$19,200,000 of notes in gold, presumably the most subscriptions in the loan, so the net gold proceeds were about \$29,500,000. This, together with a gain of \$1,500,000 in gold from ordinary sources, brought up the reserve during the month from \$55,000,000 to \$100,500,000, while the net assets of the treasury, with an excess of \$7,000,000 of expenditures over receipts for the month, increased from \$125,000,000 to \$177,000,000. During the succeeding months, till the end of the first week in August, the reserve was affected by deficient revenues and withdrawals of gold for export, movement abroad having been stimulated by the necessity which the treasury was under of furnishing to exporters new full weight after the supply of old pieces had become exhausted. The lowest point touched by the reserve was \$2,118,000 on August 7, 1894.

REDEMPTION OF NOTES IN GOLD.

Prior to July, 1892, the gold reserve was but little affected by withdrawals of coin, there never having been any considerable demand for the redemption of notes. Even when gold exports were heavy metal was furnished by bankers from their vaults or was obtained from the treasury for gold certificates, of course without impairment to the reserve. During the two years before the war the treasury had been called upon to furnish nearly the whole of the requirements for exportation, and there have recently been considerable withdrawals of the same kind. At the end of September the total redemptions of United States notes in gold since the resumption of specie payments were \$181,300,000, and the total redemption of the treasury notes from their first issue were \$68,500,000.

The Two Important Events of the Year

affecting the condition of the public debt were the issue of \$50,000,000 of new gold bonds to replenish the gold reserve and the stoppage of the purchase of silver bullion by the issue of treasury notes.

The first of the two events, the redemption of notes, the treasurer says that prior to August, 1893, the treasury had been able to provide for the redemption of treasury notes in gold dollars out of the reserves, but thereafter, so that there had not been up to that time any impairment of the total amount of the silver fund accumulated under the act of 1862, and the redemption of the silver dollars and bullion in the treasury had become reduced to the amount required by law for the payment of certificates and gold certificates, and the demand for the redemption of notes continuing in consequence of the scarcity of the small denominations of currency, it became necessary to issue new bonds, the dollars called especially for that purpose.

SILVER NOTES CANCELLED.

The silver fund being thus impaired, the notes so redeemed were cancelled in order to replenish the required fund. The silver in the treasury and the notes outstanding. The total amount of the notes retired in this way up to October 31 was \$4,790,434. The amount of certificates of United States paper currency put into circulation during the year was \$359,929,190, having exceeded but once, in 1892, the amount of certificates retired, the surplus being \$319,002,250. This also has been exceeded but once, in 1893. The total paper circulation increased its highest point in May last, when it stood at \$1,175,000,000. Since then there has been a slight contraction, caused chiefly by the gradual redemption and retirement of gold certificates, the amount of which has exceeded, as the law requires, when the gold reserve of the treasury fell below \$100,000,000.

The management of the Columbian exposition having finally declined to defray the expenses of receiving the Columbian half dollar, which have found their way into the treasury, they have been offered to the public in exchange for gold or gold certificates, and a considerable sum of them has been distributed in this manner to the agricultural experimental station convention. Since then he has remained at Woodley, the amount of certificates of United States paper currency retired by the treasury during the year was \$10,500, an increase of \$900 over the year before.

Under the provisions of the last Indian appropriation act the face value of certain defaulted state bonds and stocks formerly belonged to the Indian trust fund has been placed upon the books of the treasury, to credit of the several tribes, to draw interest at the rate of 5 per cent per annum, and the bonds and stocks have become the property of the United States.

There was an increase during the year of \$1,522,250 in the face value of the bonds held on account of the sinking fund of the Pacific railways, which amounted on June 30 to \$1,894,000.

Notwithstanding a change in the regulations whereby tenders of the post-office and express mail were required to bear the charges for transportation, the redemptions were the largest since 1886, amounting to \$105,900,000, or more than half of the average circulation.

No More Free-Gold Fish.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—Citizens who apply to the fish commission for gold fish will be furnished with state commissions to parks and for public use generally, and will not be given to private applicants.

The commission has found it necessary to curtail the general act and a bit of a cut in the number of fish to be sent to each park and for public use generally, and will not be given to private applicants.

Official Decree Received.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—The department of State has received the official notice from Minister Risley from Copenhagen of the promulgation of the decree absolutely prohibiting the exportation into Denmark of American cattle and dressed beef.

Presidential Postmasters.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—The president has commissioned the following presidents:

ABANDONED MILITARY RESERVATIONS

Turned Over to the Interior Department by the War Department.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—By executive order, and in conformity with the terms of the general act of June 5, 1884, a number of useless military reservations have been turned over by the War department to the Interior department for disposal under the laws. These reservations are: Four on Puget sound, namely, on the west side of the Narrows, at the south side of Gig Harbor entrance, 532 acres; on the west side of the Narrows, 637 acres; on the west side of the Narrows, south of Point Evans, 635 acres; on the south side of Gig Harbor, 305 acres; in South Dakota, Fort Sully reservation, containing 25,384 acres; in Wro-

Largest Sale of '94

Come quick to get pick. Nothing Old in the Sale!

On the front table we've put a line of Mens Suits that sold all season for all prices. Up to \$20.00 Some \$12.50 Some \$15. Some \$18.00 Some \$20.00. They're all makes, Sacks double and single breasted, put away and square box styles.

Cheviots in blue and black fancy Cassimeres, Meltons etc. etc.

They're not complete in sizes in our styles, but we have all sizes on the table.

Your Choice \$10.00 They'll go so fast that they won't last!!

Up on the 3d floor on the front table we've done some thing. Overcoats & Ulsters that sold all season all the way from \$12.00 to \$20.00. Big husky Ulsters—nice smooth long overcoats Meltons, Kerseys, Friezes, Chinillas, Shetlands etc. etc. Always sold by us and worth \$12 to 15, 18 & 20. Choice at \$10.00.

Everything in this Sale \$10.00!

All B. K. & Co's own. All Sewed with Silk. All latest Styles.

None of these will be on sale till SATURDAY MORNING.

These special sales are an advertising feature of our business. The money we sacrifice is well spent, as we always make customers of those who once wear our clothing. We will be glad to give money back on any purchase that is not satisfactory.

Browning King & Co.,

15th and Douglas.

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Browning King & Co.,

15th and Douglas.

CLAIM MAUD IS STILL ALIVE

Attorneys for Sam Payne Describe the Position of the Defense.

INTERESTING DEVELOPMENTS PROMISED

Second Jury Secured Yesterday and the Taking of Testimony Again Begun—Brodergard Declares the Slippers Ared Not Those Miss Rubel Wore.

Jeweler Brodergard was the first witness called by the state. He swore that he saw Maud Rubel about 7:50 o'clock on the Sunday morning when she is supposed to have been murdered. She appeared to be in trouble and wanted to borrow 50 cents with which to rent a room for one day. She said she had left home for good. He refused to give her the money. He described the clothing worn by the girl and noticed especially that she wore a pair of light brown plush house slippers.

On cross-examination Mr. Brodergard stated positively that the slippers presented in court were not those worn by Maud Rubel when he saw her. These were the slippers taken from Sugar Lump Clark and alleged to have been taken from the body of Maud Rubel. The witness stated that the slippers worn by Maud Rubel were more reddish in color than those exhibited in the court room.

Embalmer Matthews, in the employ of Coroner Maul, explained how the body was found, describing the clothing found on the body. He testified that the body was badly swollen, gases were escaping from the mouth, nostrils were distended, the face was bluish black and decomposition had set in. He testified that the body was found around the hair so that the hair slipped from the head when he attempted to straighten it.

Dr. Chadwick, who made the autopsy, testified concerning the bruises on the head. Three-fourths of the brain was found so distorted that it ran out and the brain was flooded with bloody serum. He described in detail the condition of various portions of the body, exhibiting to the jury the various organs, especially the brain, which he said was distorted by brain concussion, which might have been caused by a blow from a snaffle or some other instrument, or by its surface, or possibly by a fall. He testified that the body was very badly congested, showing that much violence had been used, that the body had been beaten or bruised about the chest. The skull, although unusually thin, had not been fractured. The body was very badly decayed.

IDENTIFICATION OF BODY.

Coroner Maul testified to his part in the case, the holding of the inquest and the burial of the body.

George Mahoney knew Maud Rubel for several years. He knew her well and had seen her for several months until he saw her at the morgue. He identified the body at the morgue as that of Maud Rubel by the color of her hair, or as by its general appearance. He was at the morgue from three to six minutes and made another brief inspection of the body later on.

Killed by a Passing Train.

LA GRANGE, Ill., Nov. 22.—H. S. Harrison of this village, editor of the Advance of Chicago, came out from Chicago on an evening train and, getting off on the wrong side, was struck by the incoming fast mail and torn to pieces.

WEATHER FORECAST.

Fair and warmer weather with variable winds in Nebraska.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—The forecast for Friday is: For Nebraska—Fair; warmer; variable winds, shifting to south.

FOR IOWA—Fair; southwest, becoming variable.

For Missouri—Fair; colder; much colder in the southern and eastern portion; northwest wind.

For South Dakota—Fair; warmer; winds variable, shifting to south.

For Kansas—Fair; colder in the extreme southeast portion; variable winds.

Local Record.

OMAHA, Nov. 22.—Omaha record of temperature and rainfall, compared with the corresponding day of past four years:

1894	1893	1892	1891
Maximum temperature	42	25	35
Minimum temperature	34	20	14
Average temperature	28	19	24
Precipitation	0.00	0.00	0.05

Condition of temperature and precipitation at Omaha for the day since March 1, 1894.

Normal temperature	36
Excess for the day	36
Accumulated excess since March 1	36
Normal precipitation	.64 inch
Deficiency for the day	.64 inch
Total precipitation since March 1	.64 inch
Deficiency since March 1	15.30 inches

Reports from Other Stations at 8 P. M.

STATION	TEMPERATURE	STATE OF WEATHER
Omaha	38	.00 Clear.
Kearney	42	.00 Clear.
North Platte	42	.00 Clear.
Valmora	42	.00 Clear.
Seward	42	.00 Clear.
St. Paul	38	.00 Part cloudy.
Waverly	42	.00 Clear.
Salt Lake City	42	.00 Clear.
Helena	42	.00 Clear.
Sausalito	42	.00 Clear.
Hopkirk	28	.00 Clear.
St. Vincent	14	.00 Clear.
Guaymas	36	.00 Clear.
Acapulco	80	.00 Clear.
Guaymas	70	.74 .00 Clear.

"T" indicates trace of precipitation.

F. A. WELSH, Observer.