SHIPPING BUILD SOLD CAUSE RESIDEN

SINGLE COPY FIVE CENTS.

BUTCHERED THE ARMENIANS

Revival of the Atrocities Perpetrated on Christians by the Turks.

APPEAL MADE TO CHRISTIAN EUROPE

Moslem Soldiers Kill All Who Fall Into Their Power, Sparing Neither Women Nor the Aged-Claim to Act Under Orders from the Porte.

LONDON, Nov. 16 .- The chairman of the Armenian Patriotic association, G. Hagopian, has sent the following letter, received from an Armenian, whose name is not given because it would jeopardize his life, to the earl of Kimberley, the secretary of state for foreign affairs. The letter is accompanied by one from Hagoplan, in which he says:

"I have no reason to doubt the authenticity of the details. They will be born out by fuller official reports which have been or which will soon be received from the British agents in Armenia. The events reported are of the re-enactment of the Bulgarian atrocities with all their most sickening details of flendish lust and atrocious cruelty on unarmed Christians and defenseless, innocent women and children, deliberately planned and ruthlessly executed under orders received from Constantinople.."

Hagopian concludes by saying the time has come to abolish in toto the existing administration of Armenia and replace it by another regime approved by Great Britain and the other signatories of the treaties of Berlin, and worked under their immediate super

The letter of the Armenian thus prefaced is dated Bittlis, October 9. After saying that the magnate appears to be a second Nero, the writer continues: "The so-called rewriter continues: "The so-clion of the Armenian in 1893 got-up affair, for the repression of which the chief magnate got a decoration. This year the Kurds carried of Armenian oxen and the Armenian appeal for their restora-tion was refused. A fight ensued, two Kurds were killed and three were wounded. The Kurds immediately carried their dead before the governor, declaring the Armenian soldiers

troops far and near. The troops were com-manded by a pasha and a marshal and were their king and government.

KILL AND SPARE NOT. 'Nearly all of these things were related claimed the Kurds did more, and declare they only obeyed the orders of others. It is said that 100 fell to each of them to dispose of. No compassion was shown to age or sex, even by the regular soldiers, not even when the victims fell suppliant at their feet.

"Six to ten thousand persons met such a "fate as even the darkest ages of darkened Africa hardly witnessed, for the women and tender babes might, at least, have had a chance for a life of slavery, while here womanhood was but a mockery before the cruel lust that ended its debauch by stabbing women to death with the bayonet, while tender babes were impaled with the ame weapon on their dead mother's breasts, or perhaps seized by the hair to have their leads lopped off with the sword.

and bayonet in the valley below.
"In another place some 200 weeping and

walling women begged for compassion, fall-ing at the commander's feet, but the bloodthirsty wretch, after ordering their violation,

and the more attractive girls were crowded into a church, and, after violation, elaughtered, and human gore was soon flow-

'At still another place a large company under the leadership of their priests, fell down before them, begging for compassion averring they had nothing to do with culprits. But all to no purpose. All were called to another place, and the pro-posal was made to several of the more attractive women to change their faith, in which event their lives were to be spared. They said: 'Why should we deny Christ? We are no more than these,' pointing to the mangled forms of their husbands and broth-

CONSULS WILL INVESTIGATE.

"A great effort was made to save one beauty, but three or four quarreled over her and she sank down like her sisters. "But why prolong the sickening tale ere must be a God in heaven who will do right in all these matters, or some of us ould lose faith. One or more consuls have sen ordered away to investigate the matter. If the Christians instead of Turks reported these things in the city of Bittlis and the region where I have been touring the case would be different. But now we are com-pelled to believe it. The magsates are hav-ing papers circulated and are trying to compel the Christians to sign them, expressing satisfaction that justice has been dealt out the rebels, and thanking the king and chief magnate. The Christians of tlis will not sign, though it is said that in some of the outlying districts Christians have signed. The circulars have not been offered to Protestants, and as yet the Protestants have not been thrust into chains

blackmailed very much, though lately things are beginnig to look that way. Another letter says some of the regular soldiers themselves admit they killed 100 persons each in a fiendish manner, and that assault was followed by the bayonet. Twenty or thirty Armenian villages, it would seem, have been wholly destroyed, and some per-

TURKISH OFFICIAL ACCOUNT. CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 16 .- The follow ing official account of the Armenian trouble was issued today: Some Armenian brigands, provided with arms of foregn make, joined an insurgent Kurd tribs for the purpose of committing excesses. They burned and de-vastated several Musselman villages. As an fustance of the ferocity of the Armenians It is reported they burned alive a Mussulman notable. Regular troops were sent to the scene to protect peaceable inhabitants against these depredations. The Ottoman troops not only protected and respected the submissive portion of the population and the women and children, but they re-established order and tranquillity. It is not true that the Kurds selzed the furniture, effects and cattle of the fugitive Armenians. The latter took their efrects to the mountains before revolting. The Armenian women at present with the Kurds belong to the families of the brigands and went of their own accord with their husbands to the insurgent Kurds. Respecting the vil-lages alleged to have been destroyed, it was the Armenians who carried off all their be-longings before becoming brigands.

SHANGHAI, Nov. 16 .- A dispatch from Chung King (Shun King), says that the viceroy of Se-Chuen has ben arrested upon orders from Peking, charging him with murdering a Taratr general. The crime is said to have been committed in order to cover enormous defalcations in the provincial ac-

MASSILLON, O., Nov. 16.-Ed Morgan ene of the gang charged with having outraged

oath to kill Just, and Mrs. Morgan swore to avenge if either were killed in the attempt. A mob of Morgan's friends has been organ-ized to lynch Just, but as yet no one has been found to make the start.

SAVED BY A PLUCKY SERVANT.

Vhough Badly Injured She Awakened the Inmates of a Burning Hotel-WICHITA, Kan., Nov. 16 .- Fire broke out in the Patterson house at Harper this morning at 4 o'clock. A furious gale was blow-

ing at the time and ther ewere thirty-seven guests in the house. Two dining room girls, Maud Schemerhorn and Mattie Harper were nearly suffocated, and Miss Schemerhorn, who is only 16 years old, broke a window, threw Miss Harper out and followed her, lacerating her flesh. Miss Schemerhorn then gave the alarm and a dozen guests were taken from the building more dead than alive. Twenty other houses caught fire, but the cutizens and fire department succeeded in extinguishing the fire before the loss amounted to much. Miss Harper was Schemerhorn, although herself badly injured, dragged her limp comrade to a place of safety, then, breaking in a window of the hotel, crawled through and proceeded to perform a most heroic act. Though her feet and hands were bleeding from cuts' received from broken glass, she bravely made her way through the blinding smoke on her hands and knees, never stopping till she had aroused every guest in the house. When the man in the last room opened the door in response to her cries, he found her half suffocated in a bool of blood from her lacerated limbs. Himself half smothered by the smoke, he picked her up, and groping his items on the schedule was the way, finally reached the street. Miss Knights of Labor building in Philadelphia, Schemerhorn was placed under a physician's care. She will recover. When the guests learned of her heroic act a contribution was taken up for her.

HUNDREDS HOMELESS.

Destruction Wrought by the Flames in the

Colorado Mining Camps. BOULDER, Colo., Nov. 16 .- The telephone lines to Gold Hill, Ward and other mining towns west of this city are down today and had overrun the land, killing and plundering there is no communication with those places. People who have ridden in from Gold Hill, This furnished a pretext for massing the however, report that the forest fire was checked by last night's storm and this enhurried to the district. The pasha is said to abled the fire fighters to extinguish the flames have hung from his breast, after reading to just west of Gold Hill. So far as reported his soldlers, an order from Constantinople no lives have been lost. The property damage is estimated at \$1,000,000. Several hundred adjuring them to do so if they loved deed people have been made homeless. dred people have been made homeless.

Although all the larger mining camps were saved, the fire did great damage to the forhere and there by soldiers who took part in ests, ranches and mines in its line of travel. the horrible carnage. Some of them weeping The burnt district reaches from Left Hand at the mouth of Alamakee gulch on the north to Sunset on the south, a territory about five miles long and four and one-half wide. Fred Ehler, a ranchman, was severely

burned while fighting the flames.

The terror stricken inhabitants of Gold Hill are returning today from Big Horn moun-tain and Horsfal shaft, where they sought shelter, and are moving their household fur-niture from the mining tunnels, where they stored it, back to their homes.

Deaths in the Forest Fires. MEMPHIS, Nov. 16 .- Details from the forest fires comes in slowly and in many of the cases indicate only nominal damage. In general the fighters have been successful "In one place 300 or 400 women, after being in warding off the flames. The general forced to serve vile purposes by the merci- situation in Arkansas is unchanged and no has been caused here by the brutal acts of

Third artillery, will meet at Fort Monroe, Va., to consider suggestions for modifications of new drill regulations for light artillery and to decide as to changes, if any, to be made. They will embody their conclusions in a report to the War department. Following is the detail of the general court-martial appointed to meet at West Point Monday, November 12, for trial of prisoners: Captains William F. Spurgin, Twenty-first infantry; William B. Gordon, ordnance department; Charles F. Masch, assistant surgeon; First Lieutenant Edwin B. Babbitt, ordnance department; Wilds P. Richardson, Eighth infantry; Austin H. Brcwn, Fourth infantry; Peter E. Traub, First cavalry; Richmond P. Davis, Second artillery; William Welgel, Eleventh infantry; Clement A. F. Flagler, corps of engineers; Second Lieutenants Matthew C. Butler, ir., Fifth cavalry; Charles S. Bromwell, corps of engineers; John S. Winn, Sesond cavalry, judge advocate.

Second Lieutenant Samuel G. Jones, jr., Fifth cavalry, will proceed to Montgomery for duty with the Alabama state troops. Second Lieutenant Thomas F. Schley, Twenty-third infantry, is granted a leave of three months.

Captain Bernard A. Byrne, promoted from first lieutenant, is assigned to company H, Fourth Infantry, vice Schindel, deceased.

First Lieutenant William K. Jones, promoted from second lieutenant, is assigned to company G, Sixth infantry, vice Byrne.

Second Lieutenant Otho W. B. Far, Second artillery, is granted two months extended leave.

Want Some Express Company Money NEW YORK, Nov. 15 .- The amended complaint was filed in the United States court today in the suit of Malcolm Anderson and today in the suit of Malcolm Anderson and Roger W. Woodbury against Thomas C. Platt and the United States Express company. The plaintiff had a rixty-day option on a piece of mining property in Colorado called the Rialto. The necessary maps and other things for the proper transfer of the company were put in an envelope addressed to Malcolm Anderson in this city for execution. The package was lost in transmission, and was not recovered until the option expired. In consequence of this it is claimed the complainants lost \$190,000 to be made on the option, and judgment for that amount

Persuaded to Leave Clark. DENVER, Nov. 16 .- Gertrude Hutchins granddaughter of Commodore Hutchins, who married Clarence W. Clark on two day's acquaintance, has been persuaded by her friends to leave him and go to relatives in the east. Clark is in jail awaiting a hearing on charge of larceny.

option, and judgment for that amount

Burlington Clothing Store Burned. BURLINGTON, Nov. 16 .- Fire this even woman at Pike Run and who was shot by ing caused \$75,000 damage to the Boston darshal Just, was buried yesterday. At the clothing store. Oswold Pistorious, aged 17, uneral Morgan's father and brother took an was suffocated. Insurance, \$30,000.

KNIGHTS OF LABOR FINANCES

Assets of the Order Foot Up to Almost One Hundred Thousand Dollars.

TWO-TERM ELECTIONS VOTED DOWN

Main Interest Now Centered on the Selection of Officers-Powderly Arrives on the Scene but Refuses to Talk.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 16.-The Knights of Labor held their usual session today and the proceedings were dry. The reports of the executive board, of the finance committee, of

the sum of \$9,000. A schedule of the property in the possession of the order valued at \$60,000; official journal and plant, \$15,000; Canalburg, Ind., coal mines, \$10,000; real estate at Homer, N. Y., \$24,000, and other smaller properties, aggregating about

\$95,000 in all. The committee on law made its report, which was referred to the committee on distribution, to be presented to the subcommit-tees, and a few minor changes were made in the preamble of the order, but the motion to "elect grand officers for two terms of two years each" was defeated by a large major-

A congratulatory telegram was sent to the national grange now in session at Springfield, Ill. Interest is now centering in the election of officers, which will not take place until the latter part of the session. Adjournment was taken until 5:30 p. m.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 16.—Ex-Master

Workman Powderly refused to talk to a representative of the Associated press today concerning his plans. He reached the city last night, and declined to see reporters, and this morning he said he could not speak for publication at this time, and was unable to say what his relations would be toward the convention of the Knights of Labor. Private business brought him here, he said. Powderly's friends are quietly working up

a boom for him, and they are feeling the pulse of the assembly with respect to the suggestion of Powderly's name for the posi-tion now held by Mr. Sovereign. It is evi-dent from the conversations held with dele-gates that there is much objection to the Sowereign administration, and Powderly's Sourceign administration, and Powderly's friends say that the ex-master is now as strong as ever with the rank and file of the organization, and that he stands a very good show of getting the vindication which he is seeking since he was turned down.

FOR FOUR BRUTAL ASSAULTS.

Neck of a Negro at Atchison is in Serious Danger.
ATCHISON, Kan., Nov. 16.—Considerable

excitement, which may end in a lynching,

with The German Congregational seminary, formerly located at Crete, Neb., was deding in the few and grared the many hondred dolars were subscribed by the few days of a report of the few and grared promp and appendix with the few and grared promp and appendix of the few and grared promp and grared prom

Whiteford, which may cause her death, and then turned the revolver on himself and tried three times to put a bullet through but inflicting wounds which will undoubt-edly cause his death. The shooting was the edly cause his death. The shcoting was the result of domestic difficulties. The Whiteford and Strait families until a few weeks ago lived in the same house on Hudson street, the women being sisters. Strait and his wife fell to quareling and separated, but soon buried their difficulties and again resumed marital relations. About three weeks ago they agin fell out. Strait tried in vain to retain the good will of his wife. This morning he sent a note by a messenger boy. The boy returned with the report that there was no answer. Strait purchased two revolvers. Early in the afternoon he saw his wife and sister-in-law in the business section shopping. He followed them across the river toward their home. The first intimation they had of his approach was when he began firing. The first shot being at Mrs. Whitford. It struck her in the side and she fell. His wife wheeled about with a cry and he fired three builets into her, all striking her in the stomach and abdominal region, and passing clear through her. He continued shooting until one revolver was emptled, and then produced the other and fired three builets into his left side in an endeavor to reach his heart. In all he fired ten shots, and then calmly scated himself on a horse block. A crowd gathered, but as he still held the smoking revolver, hesitated to approach.

"Come one," said Strait, "there are only three of us." He and his victims were helped to the house. To the police Strait said: "I am sorry this has happened, but they drove me to it."

Mrs. Strait died tonight. The physicians say Strait and Mrs. Whitford cannot recover. result of domestic difficulties. The White-

Sued Mrs. James Brown Potter. CHICAGO, Nov. 16 .- Mrs. James Brown Potter appeared as defendant in a the superior court today. Miss Margaret Van Zandt, an actress, filed a suit against the star, who is at present playing at the Schiller theater, asking for \$1.018 from Mrs. Potter for expenses attendant upon a trip to India, and costumes. An attachment was placed in the hands of the sheriff, and the company in which Mrs. Potter is now playing will be garnisheed.

today. Their assets are \$150,000 and liabilities \$160,000. They give as reasons for the action that business has been poor for the

BARSHA HASS'T PAID THE BULL

Forest Lawn Cemetery Association Wants Money for a Burial Let. NEW YORK, Nov. 16.—(Special Telegram.)-The Forest Lawn Cemetery association of Omaha has employed Lawyer Louis F. Wilson here to collect a judgment against Rev. William J. Harsha, D.D., formerly pastor of the First Presbyterian church of Omaha and now pastor of the First Collegiate Dutch Reformed church here, which the cemetery association secured against the reverened gentleman for a lot he gave for a grave for a poor person, but for which he never paid.

Officers of the Forest Lawn Cemetery association were asked yesterday concerning the truth of a dispatch from New York stat the recording secretary and financial secretary were presented and referred to the general committee for distribution to the pastor of the First Presbyterian church here, amounted to much. Miss Harper was general committee for distribution to the a bill due for the purchase of a lot. rendered unconscious by the fall. Miss proper subcommittees. The report of the They said that the story was substantially special committees appointed at the last correct. Dr. Harsha purchased the lot for session of the general assembly to call a which the association is now endeavoring session of the general assembly to call a which the association is now endeavoring convention of the chiefs of the national labor organizations of the country in St. Louis in June of this year was read and was also referred. Without transacting any further business the convention adjourned until this afternoon. There will be the usual public meeting tonight.

Which the association is now endeavoring to collect payment January 10, 1890, the agreed price being \$55. Some time after that date he signed a note for the amount, but although the note is long past due he has failed to pay it. The association recently agreed price being \$55. Some time after that date he signed a note for the amount, but although the note to the New York attorney and asked him to endeavor to collect the same from Dr. Harsha. The attorney writes that the doctor has agreed to pay the following the note in the same from Dr. Harsha. The attorney writes that the doctor has agreed price being \$55. Some time after that date he signed a note for the amount, but although the note is long past due he has falled to pay it. The association recently agreed price being \$55. Some time after that date he signed a note for the amount, but although the note is long past due he has falled to pay it. The association recently agreed price being \$55. Some time after that date he signed a note for the amount, but although the note is long past due he has falled to pay it. The association recently agreed price being \$55. Some time after that date he signed a note for the amount, but although the note is long past due he has falled to pay it. The association recently agreed price being \$55. Some time after that date he signed a note for the amount, but although the note is long past due he has falled to pay it. The association recently agreed price being \$55. Some time after that date he signed a note for the amount, but although the note is long past due he has falled to pay it. The first business of the afternoon session that the doctor has agreed to pay the claim The first business of the afternoon session was to receive the report on the financial condition of the order, and it was reported there was now in the grand treasurer's hands the sum of \$9,000. A schedule of the prop-

STORM NOT SEVERE.

Threatened Blizzard in Wyoming Cause Little Damage to Stock.

CHEYENNE, Nov. 16.—(Special Telegram.)—The storm in Wyoming was not as severe as first indicated. Less than two inches of snow fell, but the temperature dropped from three to fourteen degrees below zero in different sections of the state early this morning, and it has not moderated any tonight. Cattle were in fine con-dition, consequently there will be no loss, but the sudden change will cut stock down in flesh very rapidly.

Something of Wyoming's Expenses. CHEYENNE, Wyo., Nov. 16.—(Special.)— It cost the people of Wyoming \$204,581.76 to the state government during the year run the state government during the year 1894. The money was expended as follows: Wyoming university, \$3,797.08; interest on state indebtedness, \$19,200; maintenance of the capitol building, \$3,152.26; fissane asylum, \$11,583.53; Rawlins penitentiary building fund, \$23,216.06; Rock Springs Miners' hospital, \$23,161.47; live stock commission, \$4,985.19; officers' salaries, incidental expenses, etc, \$112,485.07; total, \$204,881.76.

MILLS WILL SHUT DOWS.

Millers Take this Method of Raising the Price of Flour.

CHIC#GO, Nov. 16.—The initial steps looking towards the curtailment of the flour output by a six weeks' surpension of the merchant mills of the country were taken at a meeting of millers at the Auditorium today. The meeting consisted of twelve me, who were che en by vot, and it whose selection 500 millers, representing a daily output of 350,000 barrels, were invited to take part. The committee was unanimous in agreeing that the price of flour was below a profit yielding point, and that some concerted action by the trada was accessary to bring up the price to a profit point. The reduction of stocks was regarded as the best method tending to an inpercase in the price. An agreement was then formed to shut down mills for six weeks within three months, beginning December 10. The agreement will be in force when mills representing a production of 150,000 barrels a day have signed the same. merchant mills of the country were taken

court, who shot and killed Chancellor Allison on Wednesday last, is still alive, but cannot recover. An ante mortem statement made by Mr. Whitworth was given to the public today. In this statement Mr. Whitworth says that before Judge Allison's first election as chancellor the latter told him he would not appoint him unless he (Whitworth) would agree to divide the fees of the office. This, Whitworth says, he agreed to do, and in addition the sums he loaned Judge Allison at different times amounted to £25,000. He says he endeavored to get Judge Allison to secure this bondsmen, and when he learned that Judge Allison would not agree to a settlement he determined to kill him.

Killed His Landiady and Himself. CHICAGO, Nov. 16.-J. J. Higgings, as electrician, shot and killed Mrs. McLaugh lin, his landlady, and afterwards shot him-self through the head, dying almost in-stantly. Higgings has roomed at Mrs. Mc-Laughlin's house for some time, and falling behind in his rent, had been threatened with election. Tonight he called the woman into a bed room, and after a hard struggle threw her to the floor and fired several shots into her body. After killing the woman Higgings left the house, but re-turned, and was standing on the sidewalk in front of the place when he heard the patrol wagon coming, and rather than be arrested, he sent a bullet through his head. lin, his landlady, and afterwards shot him

Haldwin Wants the Judgment Set Aside CHICAGO, Nov. 16,-Lucky Baldwin has filed a bill in the circuit court to prevent the enforcement of a judgment of \$3,428, recovered against him by John W. McClelland, in which garnishment proceedings
have been taken against the Washington
Park club. Baldwin claims it is illegal because no notice was served on him. McClelland is a race horse trainer and was at
one time in the employ of Baldwin. The
suit was brought for saiary for services
and reimbursement for moneys paid out for
the horse owner.

Noted Editor and Literateur Dead-NEW YORK, Nov. 16 .- Francis A. Teall died today in Bloomfield, N. J., in his 73d year. He came to this city in 1841 and Potter for expenses attendant upon a trip
to India, and costumes. An attachment
was placed in the hands of the sheriff, and
the company in which Mrs. Fotter is now
playing will be garnisheed.

Large Confectionery Dealers Fall.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 16.—The firm
of B. H. Douglas & Sons, confectioners,
cooled for the appointment of a receiver

having charge of the work at the start.

IN CASE A CONTEST COMES

Independents Are Preparing for Vigorous Action, Defensive and Offensive.

WILL SHOW FRAUD IN FAVOR OF MAJORS

Ample Evidence of Gross Irregularities on Part of Election Boards in Interest of the Corporation Candidate for the Governorship.

LINCOLN, Nov. 16 .- (Special Telegram.)new element has recently been injected into the election contest. It is based on the evident fact that the newly elected republican state officials from lieutenant governor to the last candidate on the ticket are not at all anxious for a contest. They are not whooping for a recount. On the contrary they are well satisfied to let the matter rest. And one of them remarked, an illegal ballot thrown out for Majors would be lost to the state ticket. There is ample evidence accumulating that thousands of such ballots were polled at the election in Nebraska on November 6.

At independent headquarters at the Lindell At independent headquarters at the Lindell forty-two voters registered, giving places of preparations are being made to meet the proposed contest with crushing evidence of fraud four dead men appear on the list, while the on the part of the railroad managers of Tom Majors' political Waterloo. A representative of The Bee today ealled on J. A. Edgerton, secretary of the independent state central committee, and inquired in regard to the outlook. Mr. Edgerton said: L'Judge Holcomb is elected governor of Nebraska by over 3,100 plurality on the face of the returns. How any one with ordinary political sense and shrewdness can expect to make a successful contest against such a plurality is more than I can understand.

This talk I regard as purely in tht nature of a bluff. WHERE CONTEST TALK ORIGINATES. "It is not supported by a single prominent republican leader of any reputation for political sagacity. It is my understanding that of the republican party in this state if car-the meeting of leading republicans held in ried to a successful conclusion. It is headed

in the Lincoln morning paper?"
"They are certainly too silly for serious consideration. In the first place that paper digresses upon the large number of votes shows that there were nearly as many votes polled for the other state officers as for governor. Naturally there would be a few people who would vote for governor who would not vote for the rest of the state ticket. The claim that ballots were thrown out because marked with a lead pencil would operate as much against one side or the country. And the men who elected him will see that he takes his seat." operate as much against one side as the other. A contest opens up both sides of the question, and each side is allowed all benefits

democratic committee had less. On our part it was the most economical campaign in the history of the state. We couldn't have bribed any one if we had had the disposition. The machine and the funds with which to run it and purchase votes were all on the

other side. "What do you consider the Majors managers in crying fraud, since the returns show them to have been defeated?" SAMPLES OF MAJORS' WORK.

"The Majors managers of this state are n very poor shape to cry fraud. It is much ike the cry of 'stop thief' indulged in by the pickpocket to throw off suspicion from himself. It is done to divert attention from their own frauds, of which we are securing incontestable proof. To say nothing of the immense amount of money used by the railroads and the republican committees in the late campaign, it is enough to call attention to a few Majors tactics on election day. On the Deadwood branch of the B. & M. a train load of railroad men was brought down from Wyoming and voted at Alliance and other points along the route wherever republi-cans had the election boards. On the main line of the same road a gang of Russians was brought in from Colorado and voted at McCook and other points. When their votes were challenged and the judges asked them questions in taking the oath they would answer, 'Yah, yah, republican.' That was all they could say in the English language. They had been taught the one word, 'republican.' That, however, was the open sesame with the judges of these precincts. These facts the independent committee is able to prove, as well as many others. Aside from this, it is common talk in many of the western towns that many republicans who had been out of the state for three and four years were brought back and voted."
"Do you intend to inquire into the alleged frauds in Lancaster county?"

"Yes, if the contest is brought. In the city of Lincoln there were the grossest frauds practiced at the polls. In this city republi-cans had almost the solid registration and election boards. The total registration was nearly 1,000 more than it had ever been in its history. Whole squadrons of men were registered from vacant houses, vacant lots, freight yards, the government square, etc. Even dead men were registered, and their names voted on by illegal colonized tramps. I am reliably informed that there was a train load of 250 railroad men from Wyoming brought into this city the night before election and scattered all over town and voted. A large number of Russians took out their first naturalization papers the same day they registered. Most of these illegal voters were permitted to deposit their ballots in the box. Our committee has the names of many of them, and, should the contest be brought, they, together with a great many others throughout the state, will go to the penitentiary. These are but a few samples of the frauds committed, which we are prepared to prove if it becomes necessary to do so. We were disposed to let these matters alone until the Majors gang began to talk contest. We wanted to avoid expense. But you may give notice in The Bee that if they really desire to unbottle this thing we will have all the money necessary and are prepared to spend it in defense of the legally elected governor of Nebraska, Silas A. Holcomb." Holcomb.

Some interesting information is gleaned by a comparison of the votes of Lancaster by a comparison of the votes of Lancaster county since 1891. With a steady decrease in the population of the city of Lincoln, an astonishing increase in the vote polled at the last election is discovered. Nearly two-thirds of the increase between the votes of 1893 and 1894 occurs in the city. Here are the total votes cast in four elections:

Year. City. Country, 1891 6575

It will be seen that the total increase in the city of the vote of 1892 over 1891 was 80. There was a corresponding decrease in the vote in the country of 19. In 1893 there was vote in the country of 19. In 1893 there was a decrease of the city vote from that of 1892 of 1,347. The decrease in the country was 363. In 1894 the vote in the city of Lincoln. notwithstanding a steady falling off of population, jumps to 6,808, the largest vote ever pelled, an increase of 1,450. The increase for the corresponding years in the country was but \$11. There is no doubt that this New York.

At Edverpool—Arrived—Cevic, from New York.

At Hamburg—Arrived—Moravia, from New York.

At Hamburg—Arrived—Aller, from December of means at its disposal the republican committee was able to engage a large corps of trained speakers. It was enabled to establish was but \$11. There is no doubt that this

THE BEE BULLETIN. TATTOOED MEN NOT WANTED Veather Forecast for Nebraska-

Fair; Warmer; Winds Shifting to South

What the Sovereign Knights Are Doing.

New American Association Meets.

Japan's Answer Anticipated.

Trust to Control Silver's Price.

Destitution Attracts Attention

6. Council Bluffs Local Matters.

3. Foreigners Fear American Financiers.

5. Two Lincoln Women Who Want to Die.

How Sooners Secured Town Lots.

Western Grain Not Going East.

S. Day's Work Instead of Contracts.

9. What Holcomb's Title Rests On.

11. Commercial and Financial News.

2. Stories of Some Sure Soldiers.

M. railroad politicians.

Features of the Live Stock Trade.

Dun and Bradstreet on Business.

When Webster Was a Warbler.

1. Turkish Outrages in Armenia.

2. Official Vote of the State,

4. Editorial and Comment.

7. Work of the W. C. T. U.

Moral Taught by the Result of the Recent Election in Nebraska.

Populists Prepared for a Contest, Result of Running a Tainted Candidate CORPORATION CONTROL IS REPUDIATED

Campaign of Allied Capital Unable to Crush Public Sentiment Against Men Morally Unfit to Hold High Office-A Great Victory.

The further away the recent election gets the greater the magnitude of the victory achieved by the overthrow of the cohorts of corporate monopoly and boodle rings appears With the exception of Nevada, every state north of the Ohio river and north of Texas gave the republican ticket majorities almost phenomenal in proportions. In New York the republican candidate for governor was elected by an unprecedented majority. Even in New York City, the solidly democratic remarkable increase is the result of illegal stronghold, a republican mayor was elected colonization and illegal registry by the B. by a majority reaching almost 45,000. In It is stated on the best of authority that in Ohio, Pennsylvania, Indiana, Illinois, and, in fact, all of the great states of the north the ne Lincoln ward the registration lists show republican victories are so brilliant as to of attract general comment. In Nebraska two congressional districts were wrested from the names of seventy voters appear as residing populists, and the state legislature is s in one house, or at the same street number. Investigation shows the place to be a small strongly colored with republicanism that the cottage. A committee has been quietly at opposition will hardly have sufficient reprework checking up the registration lists and sentation to fill places on the committees, gathering evidence of fraud. Papers are now Every republican candidate for a state office gathering evidence of fraud. Papers are not all ready to cause the arrest of parties implicated when the proper time arrives to strike to have been the only republican candidate to have been the only republican candidate. WHAT THE SCHEMERS HOPE FOR.

"Whom do you really believe are the main agitators of a contest?" was asked of Mr. Edgerton.

"Whoth the specific to any prominence north of Mason and Dixon's line who was indignantly rejected by the people. For this reason the people's victory over the confederated corporations. Edgerton.
"As I said before, I do not think any repustands out in bold relief.

table republican leaders are in a scheme to steal the governorship," he answered. "They COMBINED CORPORATION COERCION. The colossal proportions of the combina-ion that supported Majors can scarcely be must realize that it would be the death knell underrated. Every railroad in the state, excepting, possibly, the Rock Island, was the meeting of leading republicans held in this city a few days ago decided to abandon the idea of going into a contest. All the present talk is instigated by a few Jim Crow lawyers who are trying to work up a case, a few tin horn gamblers who want to avoid payment of their election bets and a few cheap John politicians who want a job and want it badly."

"How about the charges of fraud published"

"How about the charges of fraud published"

ried to a successful conclusion. It is headed by a few cheap strikers, who flatter them selves that each one is a statesman out of a job. The plan is this: A contest will be mination to force Majors upon the people of Nebraska. The whole power of the Burliungton railroad was brought to bear upon the people of the state. Employes of that road were coerced into voting for Majors. The plan is this: A contest will be stated to the legislature. There are committee will be appointed to recount the people of the state. Employes of that road were coerced into voting for Majors. The plan is this: A contest will be stated up with the Burlington czar in his determination to force Majors upon the people of Nebraska. The whole power of the Burlington czar in his determination to force Majors upon the people of Nebraska. The whole power of the Burlington czar in his determination to force Majors upon the people of Nebraska. The whole power of the Burlington czar in his determination to force Majors upon the people of Nebraska. The whole power of the Burlington czar in his determination to force Majors upon the people of Nebraska. The whole power of the Burlington czar in his determination to force Majors upon the people of Nebraska. The whole this committee made up of men of the same this committee made up of men of the same this committee made up of men of the same this committee made up of men of the strain thindated and browbeaten in the most shameless manner. The buildozing of the shameless manner. The buildozing of the railroad forces was almost intolerable, and railroad forces was almost intolerable, and polled for governor more than were polled in favor of Majors. It is a bold plan, but for the other state officers. The facts are that the official canyass now being made result in sending a few of the company of the control of the people in the extreme western part of the state might well imagine that they were livery that the official canyass now being made result in sending a few of the control of the people in the extreme western part of the people in the extreme western part of the people in the extreme western part of the state might well imagine that they were livery that the official canyass now being made in the people in the extreme western part of the people in the people in the extreme western part of the people in the people in the extreme western part of the people in the people in the extreme western part of the people in the extreme western part of the people in the peop that the official canvass now being made shows that there were nearly as many votes polled for the other state officers as for governor. Naturally there would be not disposed to bluff in this matter. or so bold, but the mailed hand was there, even if it had been clumsily concealed beneath the kid glove. General officials and subordinates from their headquarters went out over the length of the Eikhorn, Union Pacific and Missouri Pacific roads to instruct Government Will Hang on Till Voted Out.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., Nov. 16.—The last turned to cast the entire railroad vote of the

question, and each side is allowed all benefits accruing as well as disadvantages. The claim that in certain places persons voted for Holcomb twice and both votes counted is fully as nonsensical. I have falled to learn of a single place in the state where republicans did not have a representation on the election boards. In a number of cities is know that they had every member of such boards.

"There was never a fairer election in the state, as far as the friends of Judge Holcomb were concerned. The independent committee had barely \$1,500, hardly money sufficient to pay postage, let alone to corrupt voters.

The democratic committee had less. On our suppostage is accounted in Georages ended today. Mr. McCarty, the government nominee, was state to Majors, in the hope of forcing his state to Majors all the understand that their places or their wages depended upon the way they cast their votes, nd all were given a gentle hint that any man showing a disposition to vote for Judge Holomb would encounter serious trouble if he persisted.

EASY ENOUGH TO RIDE. Free passes were issued by thousands. Every railroad capper in the state had bundies of passes for distribution among people who could thus be bribed into support Majors. These passes were used in a number

troller Eckels has written an article for the North American Review entitled "Experimental Currency Legislation," in which he will show that all the linancial legislation of recent years has been with a view to correcting temporary ills rather than to obtaining permanent results, but that the effects of these experiments has been to eliminate certain factors from the general problem which confronts the financial law makers of the future. St. Louis Company Were Agents. ST. LOUIS, Nov. 16.—In the federal court today in the case of the St. Louis Bank Note company, charged with having printed warrants for the state of Mississippi in si-militude of government notes, a solle pros-equi was entered, the district attorney hold-ing that he had no jurisdiction, but that the case should be tried in Chicago, where the warrants were printed by the firm for which the St. Louis company acted as agents.

fice by the Whitewayites will by no means

NEW YORK, Nov. 16.-A Washington dispatch to the Evening Post says: Comp-

troller Eckels has written an article for the

prove a bed of roses under the present con-

Tried to Cheat the Hangman MOBERLY, Mo., Nov. 16.—Reason For-bush, the notorious Howard county murderer, made a desperate effort to escape derer, made a desperate effort to escape from the Huntsville jail today. He knocked down the sheriff who went to feed him, took his revolver and attempted to kill the officer with it. Forbush was recaptured after being filled with bullets. He was to have been hung at Huntsville next week. He will doubtless die from his wounds.

Bank Not in Bad Shape SAN BERNARDINO, Cal., Nov. 16.-Bank Examiner Wightman has made his report ington on the condition of the First Na-tional bank. The report has not been made public, but unofficial sources say the condition of the bank was found favorable, and if justly managed will not only pay depositors, but will leave the capital unim-paired.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 16.-James Floyd was killed today in the Belt railway yards in East St. Louis, where he was at work as a switchman. Both his legs were cut off and death resulted instantly. Floyd was hurt by falling in front of a moving switch engine as he attempted to step on the foot board. J. A. Benedict, another switchman, was run over by freight cars and fatally hurt.

John Turk Gets a Beavy Verdict. DENVER, Nov. 16.—The jury in the Inited States court today returned a dict in the suit of John Turk against the colorado Central Consolidated Mining com-pany, awarding the plaintiff damages to the amount of \$116,000. The action was brought to recover the profits of the ore taken from the Aliundi lode during the litigation relative to that and other prop-erties in the vicinity of Georgetown. Shot by Robbers.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Nov. 16 .- This even-

on the upper Stockton road, eight miles from in.s city, and demanded of the bar-keeper, a man named Cornelius, money in the safe. He refused to comply, when they shot and killed him. Worden Sentenced to Be Hanged WOODLAND, Cal., Nov. 16.-S. G. Worden, who was convicted of wrecking a Southern Pacific train near Sacramento, in which the engineer and four United States soldiers were killed, was tonight sentenced to be hanged February 12, 1895.

Towed Back Into Port. MILWAUKEE, Nov. 16 .- The steamer Oades and consort San Diegro, which were ashore this morning a few miles south of this city, have been released and towed into port. Considerable coal was jettonized from both boats.

Movements of Seagoing Vessels, Nov. 16

of ways. Students in attendance at the State university at Lincoln were furnished free transportation to enable them to go home to vote, provided, of course, that their votes would be pledged in advance for Majors. Every township in the state was ransacked for the names of voters who had lived in the state at any time within the past five years. These absent voters were sent for from wherever they could be found, Men were brought from the Pacific coast, from Texas and from as far cast as the New England states upon conditions that they would vote for Majors in return for the free transportation given them. In many parts of the state, and particularly along the line of the B. & M. in the Republican valley, the registration laws were completely abolished and the way opened for the voting of the men from the gravel trains and the emigrant excursions. These emigrant trains were run into the state a few days prior to election day and the strangers induced by small rewards to vote for Majors, even at the risk of punishment if their crime against the bal-lot box should be discovered. The forces from the B. & M. extensions in Montana and Wyoming were brought back to Nebraska to vote, and were judiciously distributed along the line of that company's road between Omaha and McCook and given the privilege of casting their votes for Majors and ing pay from the railroads. This may have been a little hard on the contractors, but they will probably be reimbursed. The same thing was done here in Omaha, and men employed by contractors from this city were brought here and voted. LOCAL EFFORTS TO AID TOM

Allied with the railroads were the fran-chised corporations of the city of Omaha, the leading banks of this city, the stock yards and packing houses of South Omaha, the Standard Oll company, and many wholesale houses. These various forces were organized into an alleged Business Men's ass tion, and the amount of money contributed by this powerful agency could not have been less than \$100,000, and probably reached nearer \$150,000. This immense campa only in Omaha, but in every part of the state where the use of money promised to assist in the election of Majors. In Omaha for several days before election the streets were black with the thousands of professional workers who had sold their pretended influence to the Majors campaigners for not less than \$10 apiece, and many men who claimed to be able to handle whole blocks of voters received all the way from \$25 to ing two masked men entered Beer's saloon \$300 each. In addition to this, they were promised more in the event of the success of their efforts. It is believed that the pledges contingent upon the election of Majors reached \$100,000.

On the other side, the fight against corporation rule in Nebraska politics was fought en-tirely by volunteer forces. Neither the democratic or the populist parties had a campaign organization worthy of the name. While the republicans had complete and well supplied commissary and quartermaster departments and a paymaster general well provided with funds, the men who assisted the opposition had to pay their expenses. Their speakers had to pay their own railroad fares and their own hotel bills. The democratic and populist committees had scarcely funds enough to pay for stationery and postage with which to duct the ordinary campaign correspond-

WAS A GREAT FIGHT.