DEMOCRATS ARE IMPATIENT

Speeches Must Shorten or Hours in the Senate Must Lengthen.

WAITING ON MONDAY NIGHT'S CAUCUS

Older Republican Members of the Senate Not in Favor of Hindering the Passage of the Tariff Bill-Younger Men for Fighting It.

WASHINGTON, May 13 .- The course of the proceedings in the senate this week will depend largely upon the result of the repub-Hean caucus to be held Monday night. The democrats are hopeful that the caucus will decide upon treating the tariff in what they consider a business-like manner and let the bill proceed upon its cource without as much speech making and without the effort at delay which the democrats claim has been displayed by some of the republican senators so far in the debate.

There is unquestionably a large element on the republican side of the senate chamber opposed to any course which smacks in the least of fillbustering. This element includes a large number of senators from the west and also a sprinkling of the older eastera senators, who feel they have a record to sustain against dilatory tactics. The younger New England republican senators ars, however, almost a unit in favor of con-tinuing the fight upon the lines which have been pursued up to this time. They claim that no dilatory tactics have yet been re-sorted to and none will be necessary and they will probably make a strong plea in the caucus to continue the program heretofore followed in discussing the bill. If the conservative element in the republican ranks wins in the caucus, the present agreement as to hours for debate will probably be observed; if the opposite party carries the day, the democrats will most likely renew the effort to extend the hours and to force

· e fighting Senator Harris said today that in case there were many more calls for a quorum from the republican side, or if the long speeches continued, he would renew his 10 clock motion, but that he did not wish to do so as long as there was any possibility of holding the debate within legitimate

Upon the decision of the caucus will. therefore, depend whether the debate shall proceed in a comparatively orderly manner and the bill be disposed of with some dis-patch, or whether there shall be a general scramble over hours for debate, and with these changed, a resort on the part of the republicans to all the devices which the rules permit to force the democrats from their course, if not to delay the considera-

Senator Aldrich said today that he expected the proceedings this week to be very much on the order of those of last week. He did not believe there would be an effort to change the hours, and he thought the entire week would be devoted to the chemical schedule, of which only seven paragraphs out of seventy-five contained in it have

bill, which relieves from taxation certain bank scrip issued during the currency strin-gency last fall. The state bank men are ready to offer an amendment bringing up the entire state bank question. In antici-pation of the Wednesday debate, Mr. Springer has prepared a speech, which is said to be the most elaborate resume of the banking system made since national banks were established during the war.

Representative Dockery and other members of the appropriation committee are not enfirely ready to halt in the good record thus far made in hurrying along the appropriation bills. They want the three remaining appropriation bills cleared up before giving way to miscallaneous legislation. fore giving way to miscellaneous legislation. It is probable this feeling will prevail, although the state bank men have not given up hope of securing a hearing this week. Monday is District of Columbia day. Chairman McGann will make an effort, however, to suspend the rules and pass the resolution for an investigation of the labor

depression and Coxeyism.

The Indian bill is the next appropriation measure on the calendar, to be followed by the agricultural bill. They will con-sume the entire week unless displaced by the state bank question.

WESTERN PENSIONS.

List of Veterans Lately Remembered by the General Government. WASHINGTON, May 13 .- (Special to Th Bee.)—Pensions granted, issue of April 30, were: Nebraska: Increase—Austin M. Buf-Tecumseh, Johnson. Reissue-Albert

were: Nebraska: Increase—Austin M. Buffum, Tecumsch, Johnson. Reissue—Albert F. Bush. Litchfield, Sherman; Joseph Morford, DeWitt, Saline.

Iowa: Original—August Piper, Stockton, Muscatine; John Aggson, Foote, Iowa. Additional—Samuel Noel, Des Moines, Polk. Restoration—John A. Warner, Iowa. City, Johnson. Restoration and reissue—Nathan H. Rice, Greenfield, Adair. Reissue—Perry Moses, Yale, Guthric; Allen Sparks, McGregor, Clayton. Original widows, etc.—Franzisha Bender, Davenport, Scott; Selmah R. Patterson, Des Moines, Polk.

South Dakota: Increase—James C. Gipson, De Smet, Kingsbury.
Issue of May 1:
Nebraska: Original—Samuel Kizer, Red Cloud, Webster. Increase—Napoleon B, Johnston. Kewanee, Cherry, Reissue—John W. Grewell, Crete, Saline.
Iowa: Original—James Norman, Cedar Rapids, Linn. Increase—Albert A. Pike.
Adams Station, Muscatine, Reissue—Samuel C. Carter, Grinnell, Poweshiek. Mexican war survivors, increase—Preston Smither, West Chester, Washington.

Colorado: Original—William Hurley, Brighton, Arapahoe. Original widows, etc.—Anna Dunnavan, Denver, Arapahoe.

Democratic Colored Men Will Meet. WASHINGTON, May 13 .- The annual con vention of the National Negro Democratic league will be held at Indianapolis, commencing July 3. State conventions will be held in various states on the first Tuesday in June to select two delegates and two alternates to represent each state at the national convention. The call for the con-vention will be issued in a few days. The principal officers of the league are: C. H. J. Taylor of Missouri, president; vice presi-dents from each state: E. L. Dawkins of Plorida, secretary; Smith Wormley of the District of Columbia, treasurer; H. C. C. Astwood of Louisiana, chairman of the executive committee; Rev. P. H. White of New York, chairman of the committee on rules, and J. E. W. Tonshend of New

York, chairman of the conference committee Twenty-Second Iowa Gets Its Flag. WASHINGTON, May 13 .- The president has signed the joint resolutions providing for the return of the flag of the Twentysecond lowa Volunteer infantry, and authortzing the wearing of the distinctive badge of the Army and Navy union.

Another Storm Visits Stillwater. STILLWATER, Minn., May 13.-A second visit of one of last Wednesday's storms occurred here today at 5 o'clock this mornoccurred here today at 5 o clock this morning, continuing, however, only about ten minutes. There was a scattering of hail, which did no damage. Enough rain fell to wash fifty or sixty carloads of sand into the Sawyer house and pile rocks down in the Aiple brewery and cause the loss of more than \$1.000. The foundations of the wastern bridge at Brown's creek across the

St. Paul & Dufuth railroad tracks were washed out, and the whole structure fell on the tracks, so that no trains have run to-

BRECKINRIDGE WAS HIS TEXT.

Lexington Minister Denounces the Police Court Graduate in Unmeasured Terms. LEXINGTON, May 13.-The people of Lexington and vicinity are on the tiptoe of expectation regarding the anti-Breckinridge meeting set for tomorrow afternoon at 2:30. The people are thoroughly aroused, and those in a position to know say the meeting will be a monster affair. In his sermon tonight Ref. R. T. Matthews, pastor of the Main street Christian church, and a prom-lment member of the Ministerial union that Colonel Breckinridge scored so terribly in his speeches here and at Paris, referred to the colonel in non-complimentary terms. Among other things he said: "None of us ministers of the Ministerial union of Lexington are presuming to dictate who shall or shall not be the nominee of a poshall or shall not be the nominee of a po-litical party. As teachers of the gospel of morality, we are simply testifying and warning the people as regards what kind of man should or should not be a can-didate or nominee for public office. We unitedly, in the fear of God, declare before the world that when an immoral politician, standing in the calcium light of Caesar's court is exposed at length in a life of sin court, is exposed at length in a life of sin where domestic sanctity and social morality has been deliberately debauched, and step-ping from the witness box, immediately announces himself still as worthy of representing the people because he has suffered the pains of hell and has confessed to the court his iniquity, we declare that while it is a Christlike thing to forgive him and help him to a better life, his nomination and re-election at the present time will be an open defiance of all personal chastity, domestic purity and religious integrity. We appeal to the voters to honor personal mor-ality when choosing political candidates as against a corrupt and corrupting misrepre-sentation of the social order of our com-munity, a debauching example for youth in every way, a peril to truth and righteous-ness." This sermon made a profound impression on the congregation and it is all the talk around the hotels tonight.

Women Thank Wilson. WASHINGTON, May 13.-The following resolutions have been presented to Hon. Jore Wilson, counsel for Miss Pollard in her recent suit against Breckinridge. They are engrossed and surmounted by a pair of illuminated scales, with "Prejudice, Precedent and Cowardice" much overweighted by "Principle, Progress and Courage." The

esolutions are: Whereas, Hon, Jere Wilson has clearly Whereas, Hon. Jere Wilson has clearly shown man's responsibility toward woman and given her a word of encouragement in her work and boldly planted on the heights a standard for a single moral code; therefore, we, representing the women of the commonwealth, unite in honoring the man who has defended the homes of America by exalting womanhood.

Resolved, That we laud him who, from the history of one woman, has worked out a great problem by establishing the principle of an equal penalty for wrongdoing. Further, we believe that a new era is dawning when mankind, dominated by purer impulses, nobler aspirations, shall "make the world better."

WOMAN'S PROTECTIVE LEAGUE OF WASHINGTON.
Mr. Wilson's reply was as follows:
WASHINGTON, May 12.—To the Woman's Protective League, Washington: I have received through your committee your resolutions commending me for advocating a single moral, code and the evelting of

out of seventy-five contained in it have been disposed of.

STATE BANK MEN ANXIOUS.

Propose Making an Effort to Get Their Bill Up This Week.

WASHINGTON, May 13—Appropriation bills will continue to have the attention of the house of representatives during the coming week unless the state bank element succeeds in its efforts to have the Hawley bill taken up on Wednesday.

Chairman Springer of the banking committee had hoped to take up this long deferred bill, which relieves from taxation certain

OUTRAN THE HORSEMEN.

Flood from a Broken Dam Sweeps Down the Valley and Destroys Much Property. SALT LAKE, May 13 .- A special to the Tribune from Lima, Mont., says the Lima dam broke this morning and the immense body of water is surging down Red Rock river at a terrific rate, sweeping everything before. As soon as the break was discovered men on horseback hastened down the river toward the ranchmen, but most every rancher along the bottoms has lost every thing. Houses, barns, fences, haystacks and all kinds of stock are being carried away. The railroad sent a special train toward the people between Lima and Dillon, and have sent out a large force to repair damages The track is washed out between here and Dillon in many places and the damage will figure high. The water, after leaving the dam, has a clean sweep through a well settled country for over sixty miles, and many families will be without shelter or food. No lives are reported lost.

DINK WILL DIE UNREPENTANT,

He Has No Desire for Spiritual Consolation and Will Make No Statement.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., May 13 .- (Special Telegram to The Bee.)-This is "Dink" Wilson's last night on earth. He was cool and ugly when seen this afternoon, and said he was rather pleased after all that the governor did not commute his sentence. He would rather die than stay in prison the rest his life. Frank H. Wilson visited his brother, and it is believed he convinced "Dink" that he should not make a publi-The chaplain of the prison says "Dink"

has expressed no desire for spiritual com-The death chair has been placed in It was tested today and worked perfectly. For several days past Wilson has been accorded the privilege of eating at

Warden Stout's private table. TWO DESPERADOS CAPTURED.

Members of the Dalton Gang Came Into

the Wrong Town. EL RENO, Okl., May 13.—Nat Sylvia and Felix Young, members of the Dalton gang, who were implicated in the Pont Creek robberies of the Rock Island train some time ago, were arrested here yesterday afternoon by United States Marshajs Madison, Prater and Elchhoff. The desferadoes were in the city all day trading and Selling horses at a public auction. When their identity became known the streets mirach-lously filled with armed marshals, Watching for a supposedly good opportunity, the marshals made an attempt to arrest Young, who had become separated from Sylvia, Young sprang on his horse and dashed out of the city, but was caught and brought back. A running fire was kept up all the time the chase was in progress. No one was injured, however. Silvin was captured at the depot. During the chase after Young two gamblers, Silm Jim Hathaway and Big Hand Donaldson, attempted to assist the bandits in their escape. Hathaway fired at one of the marshals, but half a dozen Winchesters were turned on him, and he soon surrendered. A great many strangers were in town all day, and it is thought a robbery was intended. United States Marshal Madison and a strong guard started with the prisoners for the United States jail at Guthrie. afternoon by United States Marshals Madi

Morphine Ends His Young Love Dream, FINDLAY, O., May 13. - Paul Ewing, aged 15, suicided today by taking forty grains of morphine. He was in love with a girl who would not reciprocate his af-fections and he ended his troubles. Before losing consciousness he informed his parents that two other boys had agreed with him to do the same thing. The others falled to do so, however.

Quiet Sunday at the Coke Ovens. SCOTTSDALE, Pa., May 11 - Everything vas quiet in the coke region today. During the week the clergy came down heavily against the meetings being held on Sundays, and today for the first time the leaders refrained from holding any. It is given out tonight that Southwest Nos. 3 and 4 and the United will be smokeless tomorrow.

Two Children Drown Themselves to Relieve Their Mother of Their Support.

POOR WOMAN INSANE WITH GRIEF

Left a Note Teiling What They Intended to Do-Affectionately Kissed Each Other Goodbye and Then Plunged Into the River.

VIENNA, May 13 .- A sad affair occurred here today. A poor widow named Jebarek had two children, a girl and a boy, aged 11 and 9 years respectively. The woman was compelled to work hard to support herself and her children, who were too young to give her any assistance. The children determined to kill themselves and thus relieve her of the burden of their support. Today they went to one of the bridges spanning the Danube and mounted the parapet. Then they hastily embraced and kissed each other, and, clasping hands, jumped into the river. Before assistance could reach them their bodies were swept out of sight. When the mother returned from her work she found her lodgings deserted. She began to look around for her children, thinking that they had gone into the streets to play. finding them, she returned to her home, where she found a note that she had overlooked, in which the children said that as they were only a burden to her they had decided to commit suicide. The widow is frantic because of the loss of her boy and girl and it is feared that she will become

TROUBLE WITH VIENNA WORKMEN.

Police Summoned and Have Trouble Dis-

persing the Crowd. VIENNA, May 13.-A meeting of workmen was held here today, at which some of the speakers indulged in violent language against the authorities. The police were present and attempted to disperse the gathering, but met with determined resistance. It was finally found necessary to summon reinforcements before the hall could be cleared. Several scrimmages occurred between the police and th workingmen, in which the latter came out worsted. The hall was at last emptied of its occupants, who became comparatively quiet when they found themselves on the street with a strong police force in the vicinity.

National League Appeals for Funds. LIVERPOOL, May 13 .- A meeting of Irish nationalists was held here today, at which T. P. O'Connor, M. P., presided, Justin McCarthy made a speech, in which he congratulated his hearers upon the success of the convention of the league held in Liverpool yesterday. He made an appeal for funds, saying that the recent collapses and financial distress in the United States and Australia and exaggerated reports of dis-union among the anti-Parnellites had to some extent deprived them of financial support. They could not hope for success with-out the sinews of war. John Dillon followed Mr. McCarthy. He

John Dillon followed Mr. McCarthy. He dilated on the responsibility that would devolve upon those opposing the evicted tenants bill if it should fail of passage.

Michael Davit and other Irish members of the House of Commons also spoke.

Chanler Will Tarry at Carlsbad. VIENNA, May 13.-The reporter in this company with Lieutenant von Hohenel, to who is returning from his latest trip to equatorial Africa. Lieutenant you Hohenel was a member of the Chanler expedition. He was wounded August 15, 1893, and was compelled to forego any further journeying with the expedition. He was carried the far interior of Africa to the coast. He was carried fro then took a vessel to Zanzibar, whence he proceeded to Europe. Arriving at Trieste, the representative of the Associated press boarded the mail steamer on which Mr. Chanler had traveled from Egypt and found the young explorer bronzed and hearty. He intends to spend six weeks at Carlsbad before proceeding on his way home.

Argentine Revolutions Come Cheap. BUENOS AYRES, May 13 .- In his message o congress, delivered upon the reassembling of that body yesterday, President Pena announced that a bill would be introduced that would definitely settle the railway guarantee question. The president further said the present cash in the treasury amounts to \$26,000,000. He recommends that a discussion of the state bank question be post-It was added that the amo treasury bills had been reduced to \$750,000. These are payable at maturity. No further bills would be issued. All expenditures would be paid in cash. The last revolution

Death of a German Diplomat, BERLIN, May 13. - Herr Kurd von Schoezer is dead. He entered the Prussian ministry of foreign affairs in 1850, and was promoted, until, in 1860, he was charge l'affairs at the City of Mexico. In 1871 he was appointed German minister United States. He was accredited to the vatican in 1882 with a mission to negotiate with the pope an entente in regard to the kulturkampf. He retired from this position in 1892 because of his relations with Prince

Brazilian Insurgents Defeated Again. RIO DE JANEIRO, May 13 .- An official account of the recent fight between the government forces and the insurgents in the state of Rio Grande do Sul states that the government was victorious. Several en-counters have occurred within a comparatively short time, in all of which the government troops defeated the insurgents. The minister of marine has resigned.

More Arrests in Russia.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 13 .- Arrests continue to be made as the result of the discovery by the police of the organization of the "Friends of Political Liberty." One hundred persons, a majority of whom were stu-dents, were arrested today on a charge of either being members of or being indirectly interested in its work. It is certain many of the prisoners will be sent to Siberia.

Switchmen Hold Their Annual Meeting. EVANSVILLE, Ind., May 13.-The International convention of the Switchwen's Aid Association of America will begin its ses-Association of America will begin its session here tomorrow morning. Two hundred and fifty delegates will be present from every part of the United States. A parade will take place in the morning prior to the opening of the convention, and will be participated in by thousands of men. The session will be secret, and is expected to continue two weeks.

Desperado Met His Match.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., May 13. - Wyatt

Tate, the Monroe county negro desperado,

while resisting arrest last night was shot and killed by Murdock Fountain, a young farmer. Tate was wanted for highway robbery. He has killed two deputy sheriffs who attempted to arrest him within a President Cleveland's Fishing Trip. FORT MONROE, Va., May 13,-The lighthouse tender Maple, with President Cleve-

land and party, arrived here at 10 a m., and after a file of morning papers had been secured proceeded to Norfolk. It Was Only Beat. LOUISVILLE, May 13.-The report that Judge Harlan had been stricken with apoplexy proves to be untrue. He was over-come by the heat and fainted. He is doing

Tapped and Fired the Pipe Line ATHENS, Pa., May 13.-The main line of the United States Pipe Line company, running through the forest nine miles from

part in the matter.

this city, has been tapped and the oil spurting from the hole has been fired. The line has been cut in the valley, and owing to the force of gravity the oil in several miles of the four-inch pipe is crowding down to push out of the break. The parties who broke the pipe line also cut the telegraph wire. A large force of men has been ordered to the scene to fight the fire, which is spouting to the tree tops in a fountain of flame. The cutting is charged to some one with a real or imaginary grievance.

ROASTED BY BURNING OIL.

Frightful Scene At a Fire in an Oil Refinery. BRADDOCK, Pa., May 13 .- The barrel house at Emery's refinery in this city took fire this afternoon, presumably by spontaneous combustion, and was destroyed. The loading racks and five tank cars, standing on a side track of the Buffalo, Rochester &

Pittsburg railroad, were also burned. The fire was a flerce one and attracted mmense crowds of people from all over this locality. While the firemen were making a final stand and thousands of people were watching it there was a tremendous explo-sion. A tank car holding 4,100 gallons of benzine had let go with a mighty roar. For-tunately the burning benzine, which was thrown into the air in she to of liquid fire, had consumed itself before settling down over the crowd. The explosion was followed by a panic that cannot be described in words. The blind, unreasoning, pitiless instinct of self-preservation showed itself. and the weak went down before the strong in multitudes of cases in the frantic rush to escape what seemed like a horrible death. In the stampede men, as well as women and children, were thrown down and trodden over by the flying masses that surged up from behind. Thirty-five of the firemen were burned so that the skin peeled off their faces and hands, and the hair was singed off their heads and faces. Of the many others who were slightly burned there is no record, and the total number of those burned and injured in the stampede will probably reach 100 persons. With all the suffering this fire will cause, the property loss will not exceed \$5,000. A crowd of sightseers were within 100 feet of the tank when it ex-ploded, but most of the firemen were massed within half that distance. The latter were covered by the first flash of the explosion, but the great distance separating the front ranks of the spectators from the exploding tank saved them.

Matt Behan, a refiner, with oil-soaked clothes, was standing close beside the car when the big tank let go. The concussion stunned him as if he had been struck with a sledge hammer, and in a moment he was ablaze from head to foot. He coolly rolled in the grass until the fire was put out, although he was badly burned. Another man, who was a moving mass of flame, sprung into the creek and submerged himself. In the whole crowd only four men were burned

in this way.

Miss Emma Wheaten and Mrs. P. Smith were carried down in the rush, trampled under foot and sustained dangerous injuries. John J. Crosby's ear was burned to a charred John J. Crosby's ear was burned to a charred crisp and his hands are roasted. He is fore-man of the Whitney Hose company. C. A. Coleman is very badly burned about the face, neck and hands, and his lungs are affected from breathing fire. He is in a dangerous condition. O, H. McGarvey and Matt Behan, employes at the refinery, are in a critical condition resulting from their

MINERS COMING TO THE CONVENTION. Ohio Operators Are in Favor of Granting

the Demands of the Men, CLEVELAND, O., May 13.—About fifty coal miners who are to attend the conference to be held here tomorrow in advance of the meeting with the operators, have city of the Associated press proceeded, in thus far arrived in the city. In the absence of John McBride, the president of Trieste, for the purpose of meeting William the Miners' National union, the delegates Astor Chanler, the young American explorer are disinclined to talk. They all say, however, that they are anxious to arrive at an amicable agreement with the operators. sillon today, but he will arrive in Cleveland tomorrow morning. Not a single operator has yet arrived, and it is impossible to learn how many are expected. At one hotel twenty rooms have been reserved for operators, but that is the only place where to regret the fact that more of them could not attend the conference, but they say they have been out of work so long they have no money with which to pay railroad

fare and hotel bills.

A prominent operator who arrived in the city tonight said there was no difference between the Ohio operators and their men. He declared if the operators of other states stood out against a settlement the Ohio operators would endeavor to have their men resume work at the old rates of 70 cents a ton, under an agreement with President McBride that the miners in other states should not return to work until they got what they asked for. It is said tonight that twelve of the Pittsburg operators who refused to attend have engaged rooms

and will be here.

DENVER, May 13.—The Gulf road has requested United States Marshal Jones to retain twenty deputies in the Trinidad dis-trict until further notice. It is said that the striking coal miners at Sopris, five miles from Trinidad, have uttered threats to destroy a bridge which spans a large gulch midway between Trinidad and the mines. In order to guard against this contingency Marshal Jones deputized twenty marshals to protect the property.

GRAND CHIEF SARGENT VINDICATED.

Firemen's Brotherhood is Flourishing and Its Funds All Accounted For. TERRE HAUTE, Ind., May 13.-At the joint meeting of the grand executive board and the board of grand trustees of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen an address to the public was prepared. It says that the boards were called together by Grand Master Sargent for the express pur-pose of inquiring into his official acts and to investigate his management of the Ann Arbor and Lehigh Valley strikes, the Louispose of inquiring into his official acts and to investigate his management of the Ann Arbor and Lehigh Valley strikes, the Louisville & Nashville and Chicago & Eastern Illinois and Great Northern troubles; also to inquire into the manner in which the protective fund had been handled. They have exhaustively reviewed each separate case, and in no single instance can find where Grand Master Sorgent has done wrong. His judgment has been sound, his acts wise and his utterances reasonable and conservative. The bards heartily endorse his official acts and atterances. The custodian of the protective fund has accounted for and paid over to the grand secretary and treasurer every dollar of principal and interest. Not a dollar was misapplied, and the records show the minutest details. The custodian of the protective fund, William F. Hines, is said by the board to be deserving of special credit for the way in which he fulfilled the trust reposed in him. The Brotherhood is stated to be in a prosperous condition, considering the general depression and consequent shrinkage in railroad traffic. Despite the fact that hundreds of firemen are out of employment and the earnings of a majority of those employed have been less because of less work, the order has faithfully discharged its every obligation. At the present time there are 519 lodges, with a total membership of 2s.168. In concluding, the statement says: "For the past eighteen months a vigorous propaganda of villineation and slanders has been maintained and directed with malignant purpose against our order and its grand officers. The batteries of the falsifier have been trained on us with the linent, doubtless, of disrupting our organization. We denounce as unmitigated falsehoods the fugitive items of news floating through the press of the country about the shaky condition of our order and the corruption of our grand officers. We caution our members against the insidious approach of those who are engaged in a reprehensible effort to belittle and disrupt the Brotherhood, an

DENVER, May 13,--M. Vizzaroma, act-DENVER, May 12.—M. Vizzaroma, acting French consul at Honolulu, is in the city on his way to Paris. There was a inli in the Hawaiian difficulty when he left, he said, but he thought the storm was liable to break out again. The people were waiting for the next step of this government. There are not many French residents in the islands, and they are taking a neutral part in the matter.

WILL MEET THEM HEAD ON

United States Marshal Rankin Racing to Intercept Oncoming Commonwealers.

WILL ARREST LEADERS FOR CONTEMPT

Judge Riner Issues the Order and Starts a Posse After the Gang Who Stole the Oregon Short Line

Train.

RAWLINS, Wyo., May 13 .- (Special Telegram to The Bee.)-The Union Pacific management has determined to put a stop to the numerous depredations against its property by so-called Commonweal armies, and the power of the United States court has been invoked to arrest the leaders, who have placed themselves in contempt of the court by the seizure of trains in violation of the orders of the receivers of the road. Last night at Cheyenne, Lacy & Vandeventer, general attorneys for Wyoming, were informed by E. E. Calvin, superintendent of the Idaho division, that an army of 221 men, from various points in Oregon, under the leadership of General S. L. Sheffler and Colonel R. B. Breckenridge, had captured a Union Pacific engine and a number of freight cars on the Oregon Short Line, and were traveling eastward at a speed of forty miles an hour. The attorneys at once made application to Judga Riner of the federal court of Wyoming for a writ directing Sheffler, or any others pretending to be in command of the army, to at once surrender the train to the Union Pacific receivers, and authorizing the United States marshal for Wyoming to arrest Sheffler and the other leaders of the army and bring them into court to show cause why they should not be adjudged guilty of con-

empt. Early this morning Marshal Joseph P. Rankin organized a posse of ten deputies, and at 11:30 a. m. they boarded a Union Pacific special train, to which was attached one of the fastest engines on the system, and the race across the state to intercept the incoming army was began. Besides the marshal and his deputies a number of officials and The Bee correspondent were on board. The special was given right of way over all other trains and run on a fast passenger schedule. Laramie was reached at 1:35 p. m. and a stop of ten ininutes was made for lunch. The train pulled into Rawlins at 5:55 p. m., where engines were changed and a short stop made for supper. The officials and the marshals about the special were kept posted of the movements of the army. A message was received at 4 p. m. from Superintendent Dancroft, who is at Pocatello, Idaho, stating that the men abandoned the train there which they cap-tured yesterday, and took another, on which they left for the east at 8.45 this morning. The company had to clear the track, for they were running regardless of everything. At Cokeville, Wyo., near the Idaho line, the men saw an eastbound rassenger train standing on the side track, and they evidently be-lieved that the company had placed an ob-struction on the track east of there, for they stopped to make an investigation. It is no doubt their intention to proceed as soon as they ascertain that the road is clear. they ascertain that the road is clear.

Both Sheffler and Breckenridge are in con-

tempt of the United States court of Oregon for taking possession of the train at Trout-dale and warrants have been out for their

arrest for some days.

'Marshal Rankin's posse is composed of determined men, who do not propose to be thwarted in their mission to arrest the leaders of the army and take them to Cheyenne for trial. They are George Benton, R. T. Ramsey, W. W. Abrams, J. W. Myers, H. B. Johns, W. F. Hosford, E. S. Smith, A. Breckons and N. J. O'Bryan, all of

SPECIAL LAID UP FOR THE NIGHT. GREEN RIVER, Wyo., May 13.—(Special Telegram to The Bet.)—The special train arrived here at 10:30 and will not leave for Cokeville until nearly morning. Marshal Rankin has been informed by the Union Pacific officials that the Commonweal army, fearing an obstruction on the track east of Cokeville, gave up their train at that place at 4 p. m. Orders were telegraphed from headquarters to take it back to Pocatello, and no trains are being run over that divi-sion of the Short Line tonight. The mer sion of the Short Line tonight. The men have no means of getting out of Cokeville unless they walk. Fearing that the Comunless they walk. Fearing that the Com-monwcalers will resist the marshal and his posse, it is understood that Judge Riner has asked the president to have the troops at Fort Russell, Wyo., and Fort Douglas, Utah held in readiness to respond to a call for assistance at a moment's notice.

President Clark of the Union Pacific has uggested that the parties arrested be taken back to Idaho for trial. If Judge Beatty of the United States court for that district consents to the arrangement Judge Riner will order that Marshal Rankin turn them over to the marshal of Idaho. Should such a plan be determined upon the accused will be taken either to Boise City or Blackfoot.

MARYLANDERS OBJECT TO COXEY.

Citizens Discuss Measures to Rid Themselves of Unwelcome Neighbors.

HYATTSVILLE, Md., May 13 .- (Special to the Associated Press.)-Hyattsville is thoroughly aroused over the presence of about 500 Coxeyites, who are encamped in the picturesque grove known as Little Spa, just east and outside of the town limits. Serious trouble is expected at any hour and tonight three companies of volunteers were organized. Adjutant General Douglas of Maryland was wired regarding the procuring of arms and ammunition for the volunteers, but late this evening no reply had been received. The citizens are determined to drive the Commonwealers out of the neighborhood and are prepared to use drastic means to accomplish that end. At a meeting held at Camp Coxey this evening the citizens who antagonized speechmaking by Coxey and Browne in the streets of Hyattaville Saturday were severely denounced and this has caused increased excitement in the town.

within a day or two, not being entirely satisfied with the present location.

Military to Protect the Marshals.

SEATTLE, Wash., May 13 .-- Five companies of the Fourteenth United States infantry, under command of Lieutenant Colonel Theaker, arrived here this morning in response to a call from Judge Hauford of the United States court, who considered them necessary to aid in enforcing the orders of his court. They number twelve offi-cers and 244 men. Yesterday there were demonstrations against the deputy marshals and threats were made to rescue the 165 Coxeyites awaiting trial tomorrow on a charge of contempt of court in obstructing the operation of the Northern Pacific read, which is in the hands of receivers appointed by the courts.

Arrested for Incendiary Utterances. PHILADELPHIA, May 13.-Michael D. Fitzgerald of Lynn, Mass., leader of the New England Industrial army, Lant Kalingraff and Joseph Wembloth, both of this city, were arrested at a meeting tonight for holding a socialistic meeting, and are locked up in fail awaiting a hearing tomorrow. The meeting was held apparently as an industrial gathering, but two policemen attended it in citizens clothes and they say the addresses, which were made mostly in Russian, called on the people to tear down the government and the militia and have the red flag waving about the white house.

Fell Short of Expectations.

DENVER, May 13 .- The demonstration by the Coxey reserve did not come up to expectations so far as the parade was conserned. The column instead of containing cerned. The cotumn, instead of containing 10,000 people as predicted, was composed of barely 500 people, lead by a single brass band. At the speaker's stand, however, fully 10,000 people were present. Addresses were made by General Master Workman Sovereign of the Knights of Labor, Jay Cooke, Jr., "General" Hegner of the Denver Coxey reserve and Judge Kerr of Pueblo.

Kelly Makes a Night Voyage. EDDYVILLE, Ia., May 13.-Kelly's navy made about thirty-five miles by the river measurement today, leaving Oskaloosa bridge at 1 p. m., arriving at Eddyville at 4:15 p. m. The citizens of Eddyville furnished the army with 500 loaves of bread, 500 pounds of beef and two barrels of soup. At 11 p. m. the navy broke camp and started for Ottumwa.

Galvin Meets with a Cool Reception. GREENSBURG, Pa., May 13 .- Colonel Galvin's army lis resting tonight on the green at Electric park. The reception of the army here was rather cool. The advance agents have thus far been unable to procure any provisions, but hope to have bet-ter luck tomorrow. Latrobe will be the next camping place. St. Paul Has an Army on Hands.

ST. PAUL, May 13.-The Commonwealers who yesterday were refused an asylum at Minneapolis camped near Fort Snelling last night and continued south today. They camped at South St. Paul, where the people furnished them a good supply of provisions.

One Army Disbands. LAWRENCEVILLE, III., May 13 .- Company F of Morrison's division of the Coxey army disbanded here today. Harris, their leader, deserted them, taking all their funds

WILL NEVER NEED THEM AGAIN.

Lynchers Kindly Remove a Victim's Spectacles Before Hanging Him. STRONG CITY, Kan., May 13.—The great excitement which prevailed all of Friday night and which nearly culminated in the

lynching of George Rose, the murderer of Assistant Postmaster Karl Kuhl of Cotton the cooler judgment of the best citizens of the vicinity, broke out afresh last night, and about 11 o'clock a mob of fifty masked men about II o'clock a moo of inty masked mermarched to the Jail and called Sheriff Murdock to the door. As soon as the sheriff
opened the door he was overpowered by
the masked men, who placed pistols to his
head, and conducting him to the door of
the cell occupied by Rose, he was commanded to uniock it. The sheriff entreated
his captors to desist, but to no purpose, and
he was finally compelled to uniock the cell
door under threats that the mob would have
the man they sought even if they had to
pull the jail down. Every approach to the
jail and court house was carefully guarded
by armed members of the mob. Everything
was done in a quiet, orderly manner, every
man seeming to know what he was to do.
After securing the prisoner the mob
marched east to a railroad bridge. In the
meantime word had reached the citizens of
the town generally, and a crowd of fully
1,000 people gathered at the bridge to see
the lynching of the murderer.

A rope was placed around the victim's
neck, and as this was being done one of
the mob said to Rose. "Let me take off
your glasses" (referring to the spectacles
worn by the doomed man).

"Yes," said Rose, "I shall never need
them again."

He was then asked if he had anything marched to the jail and called Sheriff Mur-

He was then asked if he had anything to say, to which he replied: "Gentlemen, I suppose there is no use to talk; you are out here to hang me. I should like to have had a trial by law."

He was asked if that was all he had to say, to which he replied: "Yes, except that I hope God will have mercy on

my soul."

His hands and feet were then tied and he was given a shove off the bridge, falling about ten feet. His neck was broken, and death was almost instantaneous. The lynchers then disappeared, leaving his body dangling between the bridge and the waters the Cottonwood river, where it remained stil 9 o'clock this morning, when the coruntil 9 o'clock this morning, when the cor-oner held an inquest.

The verdict was "Death by hanging by parties unknown." The general verdict here is that the lynching was justifiable, and it is understood that the fifty masked men who did the work consisted of some of the best citizens of Cottonwood Falls.

GETTING EVEN WITH CARNEGIE.

Burgess McLuckie Tells About the Bad Plates on the Monterey.

CHICAGO, May 13.—A Tribune special from Pittsburg, Pa., says: Burgess Me-Luckie, speaking of the report of defective plates on the coast defense ship Monterey says: "One of the Monterey's belt line plate weighs twenty-eight tons. It is fastened on the ship about the water line and it is but slightly curved. This plate is thirteen inches thick and its number at the Carand Browne in the streets of Hyattaville Saturday were severely denounced and this has
caused increased excitement in the town.
Browne declared that inside of twenty-four
hours he would speak in Hyattaville an
saya he will be heard in Bladensburg. a
small town separated from Hyattaville by
the eastern brunch. The commissioners of
that town are firm in declaring that he will
not be allowed to speak. On the suggestion
of State's Attorney Brandt Hon. L. H.
Habercome telegraphed Attorney General
Poeve of Baltimore as follows: "A committee of our people wish to consult you
tomorrow, will you fix an hour?"

The attorney general replied: "Shall be
pleased to receive the committee at any
time."

The purpose of the interview is to receive
advice as to the legal right of the citizens
in getting rid of the Coxeyites. Thiry
deputies are patrolling the town of Hyattaville and Bladensburg. Preparations have
been made at Camp Coxey fc. a long stay,
and reinforcements from Gaivin's Kelliyand Frye's divisions are expected. Browne
states 5,000 men will be encamped here inside of five days.

A large crowd of visitors from Washington and the surrounding country was present at the reincarnation services held at the
camp today. An admission of 50 cents was
charged. Hyattaville has never known
such excitement, and the town has been
crowded all day. Four of the Coxeyites
were arrested in Blandensburg today and
locked up.

The Associated press representative is informed enough provisions are on hand to last
ill tomorrow at noon. The men, for the
most part, again siept on the bare ground
last night, but do not complain so long as
Coxey stands by them. Coxey's power over
his men is simply phenomenal, and they eclare any thing is good enough for them if
Coxey is pleased. Marshal Browne exsects to move his forces to Blandensburg negie mills at Homestead was 18. One of the

TABERNACLE BURNED

Third Time Dr. Talmage's Church Has Been Consumed on Sunday.

CHARGED TO ELECTRIC LIGHT WIRES

Congregation Had About All Left When th Fire Broke Out.

STARTED IN THE ORGAN LOFT

Guests in the Hotel Regent Adjoining Make a Hurried Exit.

HOTEL ALSO WENT UP IN SMOKE

One Woman and Her Babe Rescued from the Eighth Story by Firemen-Firemen Overcome by Heat and Carried to the Hospital,

BROOKLYN, May 13 .- Just after service, at noon today, and while Dr. Talmage was shaking hands with members of his congregation, fire burst out behind the pipes of the organ, and within ten minutes the big fabernacie was doomed to total destruction. Adjoining the church was the Hotel Regent, eight stories in height, with a frontage of ninety feet on Clinton avenue and extending back 200 feet to Waverly avenue. The fire spread from the tabernacle to this hotel and then to the dwelling houses on Greene and Waverly avenues opposite the tabernacle. The wind carried the blazing cinders in such quantities in a southeasterly, direction that dwelling houses on Washington avenue, two squares away, and also the Summerfield Methodist church were set on fire by them, but the greatest loss on any one of these structures did not exceed \$15,-000. The total loss, however, reaches over

\$1,000,000 Mrs. Talmage tells the following story of the fire:

"The doctor was still in the pulpit, shaking hands with the people, of whom there were 100, probably, left. His back was to the organ. I was standing up at the end of the pew talking with Mr. Martin of Chicago, who wanted to see the doctor with messages from loved friends in that city. I looked up toward the ceiling and saw a tongue of flame burst out between the pipes of the organ. I at once called aloud, 'Doctor, the church is on fire.'

FLAMES SPREAD RAPIDLY. "He turned and told all the people to re-"He turned and told all the people to retire, while he went into the study to get a
few things. I waited for him at the door.
The flames spread rapidly, so quickly that
some of the trustees were overcome afth
had- to be helped out. The locior joined
me soon after and we went down to Lafayette avenue to a friend's, where we remained until we could hear that friends in
the Recent were out of days and what the Regent were out of danger, and what prospect there was of saving any of the

The doctor held quite a reception at his home during the afternoon. Or. Talmage made a graphic statement of the incidents connected with the fire. He said:

"At the close of the chuch service I was standing at the foot of the pulpit shaking hands with hundreds of people from all lands. I was about through and walked toward the center of the church, where my vife stood, when she called my attention to fire springing out from the top of the organ. I saw at once that it was under full headway, and my first impulse was to look around and see how many people were then in the house, and to my great joy there were only about twenty, and with twenty-five doors to get through. I felt that they,

would all escape. "I then went into my study, back of the platform, passing under the blazing piping to get my hat and coat, and then I said to my-self, 'Is it manly to run off?' I walked up and down my study room, rejoicing that the fire had occurred when there was no chance of a fatality. While in this sort of brown study a New York friend rushed into the room and taking my arm said, 'Get out of this room immediately, or you'll not get out at all. We went out into the church. One half of the organ was down and the fire had leaped to the roof. nothing could save the building and I came out.

TEARS FOR THE TABERNACLE. The tears were coursing down the doctor's cheeks and his voice broke as he told the story, but in an instant he spoke with his old vigor: "There is mercy on top of the old vigor: "There is mercy on top of the disaster. If it had occurred half an hour before it would have been the calamity of the century. The church and all the rooms adjoining were packed with people, and the panic would have left the whole scene one of indescribable horror. Or if it had occurred two or three hours later when the Sunday school was in session there would have been a thousand house-holds bereft in Brooklyn. Little children, helpless children, what would they have done? God cared for them and even in this calamity His mercy is infinite, and I feel not the least item of disheartenment nor less faith in God, nor less of hope for

the future. "This long procession of disasters is in-explicable—like what occurs sometimes in family, four or five dying from scarlet fever-it is inexplicable, we must simply accept the fact. Our church has been burned three times and it has always oc-

curred on Sunday.
"It is the Lord! Let him do what "It is the Lord! Let him do what seemeth good in his sight."
Whe asked for his own opinion as to the cause of the fire, he said emphatically: "Electric lights, electricity caused this fire, as it did in the last tabernacle on Schermerhorn street."
Continuing, Dr. Talmage said: "The fire may change may entire program and light."

may change my entire program and I do not think I will start on my trip around the world as I intended to tomorrow night. I, however, do not know what I shall do."
The fire spread with lightning-like rapidity and before sunset had destroyed property to the value of nearly \$2,900,000. Ex-Superthe value of nearly \$2,900,000. Ex-Supervisor John H. Reed, who was rehearsing with the choir in the Summerfield Metho-dist Episcopal church, two blocks in the rear of the tabernacle, had discovered that the uilding was on fire and sent in an alarm to fire headquarters. This was quickly lowed by a second, third and fourth alarm, which brought all the apparatus in the western district of the city. It was nearly twenty minutes before the firemen arrived on the scene, and then half a hundred streams of water were turned on the blazing pile. But the church was doomed and every effort was devoted to saving adjoining property. In three hours only the bare walls of the costlest structure of Brooklyn remained standing.

HOTEL REGENT GOES. Long ere this, however, it became evi-The fire started on the second story here, but was speedily extinguished. This proved to be only a temporary relief, for in a little wille flames were discovered in an upper story, blowing flercely up the air shaft. The inflammable nature of the material and the great open amplitheater of the tabernacle gave such a draft that the fire was forced into the air in columns of glowing flames that made a fearful picture of destruction. Flakes of burning wood and red hot cinders were shot up as from a volcano, and carried by strong breezes they swept through the air in every direction. Before long both sides of Green avenue were ablaze. So were those on Waverly avenue, but fast as