NATIONAL TEMPERANCE DAY

Will Be Observed at Many of the City Churches Today.

WHERE MASS MEETINGS WILL BE HELD

Rev. L. E. Hawk Will Soon Become Paster of the First United Presbyterian-Gospel Meetings at Ontario Chapel -Pulpit Announcements.

The temperance mass meetings to be held in this city today have the following loca-

Trinity Methodist Episcopal church, Twenty-first and Binney, at 3:30 p. m.

First Presbyterian church, Seventeenth and Dodge, at 3 p. m. Wesley Methodist church, Forty-first and

Charles, at 3:30 p. m. Calvary Baptist church, Twenty-sixth and Sewarl, at 3:39 p. m. Preshyterian church, Forty-fifth and Grant, at 7:30 p. m. South Omaha Methodist Episcopal church,

t 7:30 p. m. Beth Eden Baptist church, at 3:30 p. m. Y. M. C. A. Doings.

Preparations are being made for the opening receptions and re-dedication on Saturday, Sunday and Monday of next week.

Mr. Pierce, who has been membership and financial secretary for the past six months, has accepted a very flattering call to be-come general secretary of the Young Men's Christian association at Cedar Rapids, Ia. This association has a fine building and equipment. Mr. Pierce is to be congratu-lated on the honor done him. The board of lated on the honor done him. The board of directors of the Omaha association in accepting Mr. Pierce's resignation to accept this position expressed the highest regard for him and confidence in his ability and character. He loaves Monday.

Mr. T. S. Waltemeyer, who has been one of the most energetic members of the association, has accepted the invitation of the board to take the position of financial secretary and has entered upon the duties of the

tary, and has entered upon the duties of the v. O. Strickler, esq., addresses the young

men's services Sunday at 3:30 p. m. on "Temperance." An excellent musical pre-lude is arranged.

The bible class at 2:30 p. m. will be conducted by Secretary Ober.

The law lecture course has concluded after a most successful course that has more than met the expectation of the committee. Dr. Anglin gives the next medical talk next Tuesday evening on the respiratory

Palm Sunday Services.

The program for Palm Sunday service at St. John's Collegiate church today is: Palm Sunday, service at 6, 7, 8:30 and 10:30. Distribution of palms at 10:30. Chanting of the Passion according to St.

Good Friday, morning service at 8 o'clock. At 7: 30 p. m., chanting of office and Way of the Cross. Saturday, morning service at 8

Will Be an Omaha Pastor The pastor-elect of the First United Pres-

byterian church, Rev. L. E. Hawk, has written that he will arrive in Omaha March 29 and begin his pastoral labors on Sabbath, The congregation and the people in the neighborhood of the church are anxiously expecting his arrival.

anxiously expecting his arrival.

Rev. Leslie E. Hawk is 42 years old and has been preaching for fourteen years. His ministerial life has been spent in two fields in New York, and in both he has been eminently successful. He will be an acquisition to the ministerial ranks of the

Special Gospel Meetings. Rev. J. M. Wilson will conduct a fortnight's gospel and song service at Ontario chapel, Nineteenth and Ontario streets, beginning Monday night.

Pulpit Announcements. "Truth for Authority, Not Authority for Truth" will be the theme of Rev. N. M. Mann's sermon at Unity church this morn-

At Calvary Baptist church this evening Rev. Thomas Anderson will preach on "Who was St. Patrick-Was He a Roman Cath-

The pulpit of St. Mary's Avenue Congre gational church will be occupied this morning by Rev. R. G. Hughes, vice president of Tabor college.

The regular gospel meeting of the Young Women's Christian association will be held this afternoon at 4 o'clock in rooms 106 and 107. Bee building. Subject, "Christ's In-vitation to Suffer and Reign with Him." At Immanuel Baptist church the theme

for this morning will be "The Laccoon," a temperance address. In the evening the theme will be "The Beginning of a Pilgrim-age, the Dream of a Life." This will be the first in a series of sermons covering the question of success, morals and happiness. Quarterly meeting services will be held at Trinity Methodist church today. Love feast at 9:30; communion following the morning service; union temperance meeting at 3 p. m. under the auspices of the Women's Chris Temperance union, and temperance

services in the evening. At the First Presbyterian church tomor row evening Rev. J. M. Patterson will de liver the third discourse of the March series on the establishment of a home. His ad-dress will be on the subject of domestic happiness, or "How to Be Happy, Though Married". Married." At 3 o'clock in the afternoon there will be held at the church a mass meeting in observance of the national temperance day. The meeting will be presided over by Rev. J. M. Patterson, and the following speakers will address the audience Dr. Joseph A. Duryea, Rev. Hellings, Rev. J. A. Turkle, Rev. Frank Crane and Dean

IRRIGATION CONVENTION.

All Arrangements Completed and a Large

Attendance Expected. A meeting of the committees in charge of the irrigation convention to be held in this city on Wednesday and Thursday next was held at the Commercial club rooms yesterday afternoon, at which all arrangements were

The convention will be held in Washington hall. Responses have been received to invitations indicating a great interest and large attendance from all western states. Delegates from states east of the Missouri river have also indicated their intention i

Members of the committee on credentials are requested to be present at the hall at 9 o'clock Wednesday morning, for the pur-pose of receiving delegates and properly accrediting them. Mr. F. C. Ayer, chairman of the committee on mechanical display, has arranged to show the practical working of various kinds of water elevating machinery. The display will be open to inspection every one interested during the two days.

The committee has requested the Con mercial club to give a reception to visiting delegates and the citizens of Omaha on Wednesday evening. R. R. Dickson, mayor of O'Neill, called on the committee yester day and says he will be present with delegation of twenty-five strong, comprising delegates from O'Neill, Basset, Long Pine and Ainsworth, and has already engaged rooms at the Millard hotel for the party. They are directly interested in the propose ditch running from Rushville through Cherry, Brock, Brown and Holt counties.

Ranger's Doctor Died of Fever. SAN DIEGO, Cal., March 17 .- Officers of the steamer Progresso reported that when the steamer left the United States ship Ranger in Port la Libertad, Salvador, on February 24, the surgeon of the Ranger had died of fever, and the services of a surgeon of that port were secured with difficulty at

sickness along the coast and several of the Ranger's men were dangerously ill. The Ranger was coming leisurely northward and will not arrive at this port for some weeks.

TUBERCULOSIS IN COWS.

GIBBON, Neb., March 17 .- To the Editor of The Bee: In your issue of the 12th inst. mention was made of the existence of tuberculosis in the cattle of the state of New York and the alarm it created among the stock raisers of that and adjoining states. It was the writer's good fortune to spend six weeks the past winter as a member of the state corps of "farmers' institute" workers in the western counties of that state and had an excellent opportunity to observe the condition of the stock, as well as hear the subject discussed by com-

petent men in many localities.
At the famous Hawley farm at Pittsford N. Y., where a dairy of 140 registered Jersey cows was used in making a fancy brand of fine butter for special customers at high prices, we witnessed the testing of many of these cows by the state authorities for the presence of tuberculosis by means of hypodermically injecting fluid called "turberculine"—otherwise known as "Koch's lymph"—under the skin of the animal, which caused the temperature of the diseased animal to rise from two to five degrees in a few hours (it having no effect on a cow in good health). We also witnessed the post mortem examination of some of the animals thus condemned by the state inspectors in presence of Dr. Salmon, chief of the bureau of animal industry. About 100 head of this dairy were condemned and killed.

There is no doubt that the disease is not only present but prevalent in both New York and in New England, and, perhaps, exists in the cattle as well as man in a greater or less degree in many states of the

It is fair to conclude that in those states where the disease affects the greatest num-ber of the human family the cattle will al-o be diseased to a greater extent than in other states, for two reasons—the climatic influences that injuriously affect man and renders him more susceptible to the disease has a similar effect upon the animal, and it is a well established fact that the disease is often communicated from the man to the animal and vice versa. This is the alarming feature.

I am told that the Board of Health of New York city assert that a great number of children die annually of consumption contracted from the germs of the disease con-tained in the milk sold by dealers in the city, and many more in the same way take the germs into their systems that develop into fatal disease later in life. The thoughtless consumptive, who spits on the fodder or floor of the feeding room of the dairy barn puts the germs of tuberculosis where they may be communicated to the cows, and they in turn become diseased and de-posit the germs in their milk, which is consumed as food and recreates the dread disase in scores of human beings.

The present general excitement in the castern and New England states is not caused by any sudden increase of tuberculosis in man or animal, but is the result of a knowledge suddenly acquired that the dis ease is far more prevalent than was imagined by the dairymen and stockmen of those states. This discovery was made pos-sible by and is the result of the use of the above described test, which is of comparatively recent origin and has only been in use in this country a short time. Hundreds of cows that appear in perfect health and are pronounced sound by the most skilled veterinarians prove by this test to be badly

diseased..
It is not confined to the lungs, as many suppose, but may be located in almost any part of the body. Your correspondent was at the experiment station at Burlington, Vt. and witnessed the slaughter and examination of a part of the station cows that had the appearance in life of being perfectly healthy and of robust and vigorous constitution, bu and the post mortem revealed the fact that many of them were far advanced in the disease, mostly of the lungs, but in others the lungs were sound. In one case in particular the lungs and vital organs appeared in such a healthy condition that it was at first thought that for once the test had failed, but on further examination the disease was discovered in a considerable portion of one lobe of the udder. All but eight of this station herd responded to the "tuberculine" test and the entire herd was destroyed and examined, and in every case

The New York state inspectors also tes tify to its reliability. It is made both in Germany and in the United States at a considerable expense and furnished to the states at cost-requiring about 50c worth to test each animal.

It is claimed that the germs of tubercu-losis are never found in butter. Being heavier than cream, they remain in the skim milk, and where a separator is used they are largely caught in the albumen that coats the inside of the separator bowl in the act of skimming. In many of the eastern cities milk is put upon the market that has been sterilized by heating to 160 degrees and bottled while hot. This kills all germs, but renders the milk less palatable and may become less desirable as food for infants than natural milk in a healthy condition; besides, it is too expen sive for the poorer classes. The steriliza-tion of milk after it reaches the city and then sold in common cans is not consid

ered practical. In the states west of the Missouri the air pure and bracing and the climate s healthful the inhabitants feel safe from tuberculosis and hundreds of invalids from other states find permanent relief here. The writer believes that in this very condition there is great danger-that the germs brought by consumptive people from the east are being communicated to our cattle and by them to our children, and if the conditions of our milk suply were as carefully investigated as that of the cities of New York we might be as greatly surprised as

There are 1,600,000 cows in the state of New York. It would cost at least \$1 each to test these cows with "Tuberculine," and if 5 per cent were found diseased and destroyed and the state paid \$25 per head inlemnity the expense to the state to clear the present generation of cows (not includ-ing the other cattle) would be \$3,640,000. No wonder the legislature hesitates. Would it not be wise for all states to adopt

recautionary measures? D. P. ASHBURN.

EACH WANTS THE OTHER'S GORE. Bloodthirsty Salvadorians Now in San Fran-

cisco-Causes of Their Feud.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 17 .-- Andres Amaya and Manuel Casin of Salvador, who have arrived in this city exiled by different political factions from their native land, where both were prominent men, are mortal enemies and neither ventures forth unless well armed. The feud has existed between them for a long time and they have hitherto

taken shots at each other and expect to do so again on sight. Casin, who left Salvador February 12, thought when he arrived here that he was out of reach of Amaya and other enemies, but to his surprise, on the vening of his arrival, he found the card of is enemy, Amaya, under his door, and i Central America the presentation of a card under such circumstances means a good deal. Amaya has been general collector of customs and Casin is the largest and richest dis tiller of Salvador. Much of the trouble between the two men grew out of the war in Salvador, they being on opposite sides, but Amaya stated today that while he was colector of revenues Casin wanted him to list liquors incorrectly in Casin's favor, and upon

animosity has existed ever since

Amaya's refusal to do so a fight ensued and

Will Make Another Cut. KANSAS CITY, March 17 .- The St. Louis San Francisco railway, Santa Fe route, yesterday announced that March 19 it will make a limited one-way first-class rate from points in Missouri and Kansas to St. Louis of \$8, tickets good for continuous passage only on date of sale. It is charged that ticket brokers have been manipulating tickets with the consent of competitors of the 'Frisco.

BOSTON, March 17 .- President Bliss of the Boston & Albany rallroad has ordered a reduction of 50 per cent in the running expenses of the road in this city, and to carry this out a wholesale reduction and dis a salary of \$25 per day. There was much | charge of employes will take effect Monday.

WHISKY TRUST SKELETONS

Some of the Secrets of the Giant Corporation to Be Exposed in Court.

SUIT JUST STARTED IN KANSAS CITY

Louisville Banking Company Asks to Have an Assignment Set Aside-Number of Wholesale Liquor Dealers Concerned in the Case.

KANSAS CITY, March 17 .- The Louisville Banking company has filed a bill in the cir cuit court to set aside chattel mortgages and for the appointment of a receiver in the case of the failed wholesale liquor house of Oliver & O'Brien which was taken possession of last Thursday by creditors represent-

The petition makes allegations which, i ubstantiated, bid fair to lead to the divulgng of a gigantic scandal in business and official circles, involving not only a large number of wholesale liquor dealers, but dragging into light public officials who have speculated in Whisky trust certificates. The

harges against the failed firm grew out of the big scandal two years ago, which finally disovered the county had been flooded with hundreds of thousands of bogus whisky certificates. Oliver & O'Brien have branch houses throughout the southwest. Louis-ville and St. Louis distilleries are involved the affair.

The promise of a commercial and political scandal was discussed among the lawyers at a meeting of the Bar association. The defendants are the creditors of the failed firm who were preferred by means of chattel mortgages, and the plaintiffs alleged a conspiracy to defraud creditors who are not preferred creditors.

The preferred creditors of Oliver & O'Brien held claims against the firm amounting to \$44,500. According to the receiver-ship suit these preferred creditors are N. V. Monarch company of Owensburg, Ky. the Missouri National bank of Kansas City; Robert S. Pattison of the New England Safe Deposit and Trust company; Benjamin Hoyt of the Western Storage & Warehouse company; the Baldrick-Callahan company the Davis County Distilling company; Mound company; E. J. Curley & Co., and W. W. City Distilling company; Glasner & Barzen

The plaintiff's claim against Oliver & O'Brien grew out of the big scandal at Louisville two years ago, when it was dis-covered the country had been flooded with hundreds of thousands of dollars worth of

forged warehouse receipts.
Oliver & O'Brien had been assigned some of the forged certificates and the Louis-ville Banking company drew them for the amount, but before the draft reached here the fraud was discovered and Oliver & O'Brien refused to pay. The Louisville Banking company sued and got judgment and on this judgment it is now working. The plaintiff's attorneys raised a novel point that the preferred creditors claims, which are secured by chattel mortgages, are not good because they were attested be-

KNOTTY LEGAL PUZZLE.

Between Colonel Savage and Millionaire Marx Rather Involved.

NEW YORK, March 17 .- In the city ourt suit has been begun by F. Marx to ecover the value of a note for \$500 given o plaintiff by Colonel Richard H. Savage and endorsed by his wife, Anna J. Savage. Mr. Marx is a California millionaire, now iving in Europe, and he came into court only in a legal sense, being represented by a big deposition and by his counsel, Thomas J. Rich. Through these mediums he sets forth that in 1888 or prior thereto, Colonel Richard Henry Savage, who is the author of "My Official Wife" and other novels, was visiting with his wife the country home of the defendant in California. While there the colonel, who had not begun novel writing and play writing, borrowed from the plaintiff \$500, giving his note therefor, his wife endorsing the note. Plaintiff pleaded that the note had never been paid, and asked for judgment for the amount, alleging that in spite of the fact that the statute of limitations had apparently run against the note it had not in fact, as the debt had been renewed or reincurred through recent ac knowledgments by both Mr. and Mrs. Sav-

This point of the legal renewal of the obligation within the time (two years in California) when it would otherwise be out lawed was supported by letters which coun-sel for plaintiff proceeded to read. In one letter Colonel Savage wrote to Mr. Man could get the fee due him in the Ryer divorce case. This was a famous San Fran-cisco divorce case, and Colonel Savage stated in his letter that he expected a fee of from \$12,000 to \$20,000, but as yet it remained only an expectation.

Colonel Savage acknowledged borrowing \$500 from the plaintiff under the circumstances related in the Marx deposition. That stances related in the Marx deposition. That debt was owing when there came to San Francisco J. W. Graydon, late of the United States army, who is the inventor of the cable torpedo system which created a great deal of discussion a few years ago. This system had been successfully operated by Lieutenant Graydon in China during the Franco-Chinese war of 1884-85. Colonel Savage met Lieutenant Graydon and made a contract with him for a half interest in the Russian rights in the cable torpedo patents, in consideration of his (the defendant's) e forts to sell the patent to the Russian government. He was, it also happened. situation to exert peculiar and unusual in-fluence in Russian official circles, Mrs. Savage's daughter having married a nobleman who was, or had been, chamberlain in the czar's household. The contract having been made, and Mr. Marx hearing of it, the latter expressed a great desire to obtain a share

n Colonel Savage's interest.
Thereupon the defendant agreed to share his profits equally with the plaintiff if Mr. Marx would advance \$1.500 for the expenses of Mrs. Savage to St. Petersburg. Million-aire Marx accepted these terms and advanced the \$1,500—that is \$1,000 in cash and \$500 in the shape of the debt to that amount owed to him by the defendant. Then Mrs Savage went to St. Petersburg. But her negotiations there came to naught. Savage claims that one-half the \$1,000 drawn by Mrs. Savage is legally chargeable to Mr.

Judge Conlan did not pass on the equity of Colonel Savage's counter claim, but ordered the case dismissed on the ground that the note on which the action was based was clearly outlawed, under the California statute, and not sufficient proof had been made that the obligation had been legally removed the friendly letters between the parties not constituting a legal obligation

FRYE'S ARMY A FIZZLE.

City Council and Other Bodies Took the Wind Out of the Soldiers' Sails.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., March 17 .- "General" Frye's army of unemployed to march on to Washington is a grotesque failure. The city council, board of supervisors and board of officers of the Associated charities decided to relieve all meritorious citizens of destitution, but to recognize no organization of unemployed. Five hundred dollars was subscribed for immediate use. Work will be supplied on streets and the vagrant law will be enforced. The authorities will dis-perse any army or like organization.

The army, numbering about 300, on learning this result of the meeting, abandoned its barracks and marched out of the city, apparently beginning its great march. There is no organization and no leadership. The leaders are said to have looted the treasury. The large majority was without blankets before they reached here and at Alhambra, five miles distant, many dropped out and re-treated to the railroad in the hope of catching trains. Deputy sheriffs and constable along the line of march have been notified and will arrest members of the dispersed army as fast as opportunity offers.

Settled the Rate War.

NEW YORK, March 17 .- The Southern Railway and Steamship association, which has been holding a convention to settle a railroad cut rate war at the Fifth Avenue hotel, today reached the decision that the

SCHOELPLY'S SLAUGHTERING SHOES

To keep up the interest in this Great Sale we have arranged a lot of Schoelply's Ladies' Shoes that he used to sell for \$4 and sometimes \$5, and even \$7, in three lots to go at \$2 a pair, so that

IF THEY LAST You're In Luck.



MONDAY IS

IN LADIES' SHOES

200 pairs of ladies' fine

FRENCH KID SHOES.

Hand-sewed button that Schoelply sold for as high as \$5 and \$7. An honest fact. They are certainly cheap enough at (Plain toes; sizes 214 to 4.)

150 pairs of ladies'

GOODYEAR WELTS. opera toe. Schoolply never sold them for less than \$4 and sometimes \$5. Ours is

All widths and sizes.)

150 pairs of ladies'

HAND-TURNED BUTTON SHOES.

In plain toes and common sense and opera lasts. Schoelply always got \$4 and \$5, but we bought them cheap and you will appreciate our price of

200 pairs of ladies'

DONGOLA BLUCHER AND BUTTON

Patent tips and piccadilly lasts, that Schoelply sold for \$3; we close them out in

ONE WEEK MORE

Selling Schoelply's Shoes,

At Schoelply's Old Stand,

DOUGLAS STREET.

old rates will be restored. The Louisville & Nashville-Chattanooga, New Orleans & Texas cut rate was referred to the association. Commissioner Stahlman announced the whole matter had been amicably settled and that rates would be restored on April 22.

ANYWAY

ASKED FOR WITNESSES.

Reporter Percival Wants Testimony in the Hearing of His Contempt Case. dge Scott had a full house when court opened yesterday, the prospective fun being the hearing of the W. D. Percival contempt case. Both Percival and the fun failed to materialize, however, and the sheriff reported that he had been unable to get service upon the defendant. The judge insisted that he should be found and gave the sheriff until 10 o'clock Monday morning, with the information that if he could not get him into court by that time would devise some plan which would reach him. Attorney Simeral promis Mr. Percival would be on hand at that time and the crowd melted away. Attorneys E. W. Simeral and E. R. Duffle,

representing Mr. Percival, asked for an order of the court citing Mr. Jardine, sr., Mrs. Jarline and Miss Jardine to appear and give their testimony in this case. The following information was filed: Edward W. Simeral, being first duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the attorney for the defendant. Affiant further says that he is informed and believes that Mr. Jardine, sr.,—father of T. F. Jardine— Mrs. Jardine, his mother, and Miss Jardine, daughter of the said T. F. Jardine, are im-portant witnesses for and on behalf of the defendant herein, and that if the said wit-

defendant herein, and that if the said witnesses are personally present in court they
will testify in substance as follows:
That on or about March 8 the said parties
held a consultation with Cunningham R.
Scott and J. L. Kaley, county attorney, in
the office of the paid Scott in the Douglas
county court house wherein the subject of
conversation was the charge of grand larconversation was the charge of grand larceny of certain property; that at the time and place above set forth all of the parties to the said conference talked over the said charge against the said Jardine; that the said Scott and the said Kaley advised the said T. F. Jardine that it would be for his interest to withdraw his plea of "not guilty" and plead guilty to the charge of grand lar-ceny as set forth in the said information, and that it was understood by the said par-ties that if the said T. F. Jardine would withdraw his plea of "not guilty" to the said information and enter a plea of guilty sentence would be suspended until the Septem ber, 1894, term of court, and that the said Jardine from the time of his plea of "guilty" until the convening of the September term of court would be let out on bond and placed upon his good behavior, and further afflant EDWARD W. SIMERAL.

Minor Court Matters. A verdict for \$2,446 was rendered for the plaintiff in the case of Elbert Lobeck vs Charles O. Lobeck.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

South Omaha Will Get an Assistant County Physician—Other Business. Considerable discussion was had by the county commissioners yesterday afternoon over the question of employing an assistant county physician to attond the poor of South Omaha. It was finally decided to appropriate \$25 for such an officer and allow him to be designated by the South Omaha city council. Commissioner Williams alone voted

The Commercial National bank was designated as a depository for the county funds.

On motion, the taxes collected on the Dodge street property occupied by the Woman's Christian Temperance union from 1887 to 1891 were ordered refunded. It was decided to pay to the road super

visors in all the road districts except Clon-tarf and East Omaha, \$150 for bridges and the improvement of roads. Dr. A. F. Jones was added to the surgical staff of the county hospital. U. P. Engineers Nominated. RAWLINS, Wyo., March 17 .- (Special

Telegram to The Bee.)-At the republican city convention last night Hon. J. F. Hittle The cause was poverty. was nominated for mayor and Charles E. Riford for trustee. Both are Union Pacific engineers. Riford is claimed to be a democrat. The election is on April 10.

Famished and Helpless. The patrol wagon was called to the Weba man named Bouiws, whose home is in to Omaha to hunt for his child, and about

Y. M. C. A. BUILDING 210-212 S. 16th St. INVITES INSPECTION OF NEW SPING GOODS.

DRESS WELL FOR EASTER.

HOW DOES THIS STRIKE YOU?

A genuine Clay Worsted suit at \$20.00.

500 Cheviot and Scotch suitings.

250 styles in trouserings, all this season's patterns, at \$5.00 each.

We also wish to call your attention to the prevailing style in wide and narrow wale cheviots, of which we have a full line.

3DHART.

Y. M. C. A. Building, 210-212 S 16th St.

Leavenworth, Kan. trated by hunger, and the police took him to a chop house and fed him. The man says he left home on account of trouble and stopped at a cheap lodging house as long as his money lasted. He claimed that he had not eaten anything for several days. After being fed by the police Bouiwz was turned loose.

Regular care chasers is the epithet that is constantly applied to the Old Dominion cigarettes. Photograph in each package.

Regular Care Chasers.

NEAL DOW'S BIRTHDAY. Will Be Celebrated by the Good Templars

Thursday Evening. The Good Templar orders of the city have made preparation for a fine program in celebration of the ninetieth anniversary of Neal Dow's birthday, Thursday evening.

The address of the evening will be given by Mr. A. G. Wolfenbarger of Lincoln. It is expected there will be a full representation from all temperance organizations and that every friend of the cause of temperance will be at the meeting, which will be held at Myrtle hall, Continental block.

POISON IN THE FOOD.

Mrs. Rosa Brown and Son of San Antonio Meet Death Mysteriously. SAN ANTONIO, Tex., March 17.-Mrs. Rosa Brown died last night and her son George, aged 10 years, this morning, from poison supposed to have been in their food at dinner last evening. An investigation is Mrs. Alice Turner committed suicide with bloroform here some time during last night.

Found His Daughter.

Two or three days ago J. N. Newell of North Bend notified the Omaha police that his 14-year-old daughter, Edith, had ster street depot yeaterday to care for eloped with a stranger. Mr. Newell came

noon yesterday met the girl on Sixteenth street. The daughter said she left home because she had an idea she had not been treated well. Mr. Newell took his daughter home last night.

IT IS A MYSTERY.

Reported Death of a Woman in Cincinnati

Not Credited by Her Relatives. NEW YORK, March 17.-There is a mystery about the death or disappearance of Mrs. Elizabeth E. Link, nee Shine, which her sister, Mrs. A. C. Sport of Mount Vernon, N. Y., is seeking to unravel. former was married to Albert E. Link in Chicago, August 22, 1887. She represented to her relatives that she had \$6,000 in the bank in Chicago and displayed considerable costly jewelry. The last time Mrs. Spori heard from her directly was in 1890, the letter being dated at No. 150 Pine street, St. Louis. A month ago Mr. Link appeared at Mrs. Sporl's house and informed her that his wife had died November 14, 1893, at 148 Segmore street, Cincinnati, from illness received in a runaway accident some time before. He said that she had been attended by a Dr. Walker, but gave no further particulars of her death, nor did he explain why he had kept Mrs. Sporl so long in ignorance of her sister's illness and death.

Mrs. Sporl has communicated with the Cincinnati police, but they have been unable to confirm Link's story of the death of her sister. Mrs. Sporl can advance no theory for, nor can she understand Link's action in the matter. She feels in doubt as to her sister's reported death and feels that there is a mystery in the case. bank in Chicago and displayed considerable

Lake Rates. CHICAGO, March 17 .- On the approach of the opening of navigation lake rates on grain are dropping rapidly. Today boats were offered at 2 cents a bushel for wheat, as against 3 cents a week ago. About 300,000 bushels were placed for shipment.

Devastated by Prairie Fires. GUTHRIE, Okl., March 17.-A prairie fire has been raging for several days in the southeastern part of the Cheyenne country and several farmers have lost everything. It is feared that some settlers have lost

Police Notes.

Twenty-seventh and Merideth streets Friday afterneon. Nothing of value was stolen, but several men discovered the thief climbing out of a window and gave him a lively chase. The sneak finally escaped and

the police have no description of him. Complaints were filed in police court yesterday by W. Farnam Smith and Alfred De Long against James Fuller, Sam Overgard, Andrew Daugherty and Frank Brown, alleging that they have dumped night soil within the three-mile limit, thus violating section 14 of ordinance No. 3,735.

It is a Sensational Case.

LIMA, O., March 17.-F. L. Lingan, a defendant in the famous Columbus, Lima & Milwaukee railroad suit, finished his testimony today after seven hours on the stand, most of which time he underwent a vigorous cross-examination from the state. Defendant told a straight story and his explanations in most parts were satisfactory to the audience. He revealed many startling facts concerning the management of the defunct Lima National bank, of which he was the cashier, and of the complications which led to the failure of the institution. The case has lasted six days and is the most sensational action ever begun in this Several days will be required to

finish the evidence. Federal Court Notes.

George Sterling's bond has been fixed at Surveyor Miller and Con Gallagher called at the federal building Friday just to look their new quarters over. The customs receipts for the week were

one car of tea and two cars of sait. exports were twenty-five cars of lead.
Scip Dundy has gone away on another hunting trip.

Judge Dundy is absent from the city.

Up for Fifteen Years.

Judge Scott yesterday sentenced Charles Ray to fifteen years in the penitentiary. Ray was convicted of attempting to chloroform and rob a woman in the burnt district, A sneak thief entered several houses near turned states evidence was set at liberty,