# THEY ALL OBJECTED

Democratic Senators Who Dislike to Be Classed as Obstructionists.

TORM RAISED BY A NEWSPAPER ARTICLE

Members Make Explanations and Tell "Where They Are At."

SENATOR HILL CREATES A MILD SURPRISE

His Resolution Looking to a Complete Revision of the Wilson Bill.

BREAKING OF THE SILVER STORM CLOUD

Mr. Harris Objects to the Consideration of the Seigniorage Bill-Position of the Republicans on the Tariff-In the House.

WASHINGTON, March 6 .- A somewhat amusing episode enlivened the senate proceedings today inaugurated by Senator Berry's personal explanation. A New York newspaper included him in a group of portraits of nine democratic senators whom it charged with being "obstructionists" to the tariff bill. Mr. Berry denied that he had ever been anything but an earnest advocate of the bill, and on all occasions had advised its speedy report to the senate without modification. His explanation was followed by explanations from Messrs. Faulkner, Class, McLaurin and Morgan, which led to much amusement in the senate chamber. The main interest of the day centered about the dis-cussion as to the disposal of the Bland bill. Mr. Stewart gave notice that tomorrow at 2 o'clock he would move to take it up and make it the business before the senate until disposed of. Mr. Teller also spoke on the same subject. After a brief executive ses-

sion the senate adjourned at 3:20.

There were but few democratic senators the chamber when the vice president's gavel fell. Mr. Hill awakened interest by offering the following resolution and asking

offering the following resolution and asking its reference to the committee on finance: Whereas, The secretary of the treasury has announced a deficit of \$78,000,000 for the current year, and Whereas, House bill No. 4.884, known as the Wilson bill, proposes to discard \$76,000,000 revenue from present tariff taxation and to meet the double dediciency by new internal and direct taxation; therefore be it Resolved, That the senate tinance committee frame amendments to the senate bill amending the said bill, omitting the said internal and direct taxes newly proposed and instead thereof, make provision for sufficient revenue by tariff on foreign imports and otherwise revising the tariff without creating a deficiency.

BREAKING OF THE SILVER STORM.

BREAKING OF THE SILVER STORM. The silver storm cloud which had been lowering all the morning broke over the senate when Mr. Harris of Tennessee moved the second reading of the Bland bill. In doing so he stated to the senate and especially to the senator from Nevada (Mr. Stewart), that the latter was not a more earnest advocate of silver colnage than he. But he (Harris) believed that there was one quantion which should take precedence over this and without any breach of confidence he could state that the finance committee was on the verge of reporting the tariff bill to the senate. He therefore objected to further proceedings on the seigniorage bill He therefore objected to and under that objection it would have to go

Considerable discussion followed, in which Senators Allison, Hale, Manderson and Stew art took part. The last named gave notice that after the expiration of the morning hour he would move to take up the Bland bill and have it made the unfinished business before the senate until a vote could be

Mr Berry of Arkansas rose to a question of personal privilege. He read the head-lines of an article in a New York newspaper which he characterized as "infamous thout foundation, and thoroughly unjust.' was headed, "Obstructing Commercia It was headed, Prosperity." and contained portraits of nine senators, and asserted they had joined hands to defeat the Wilson bill. Among them was Senator Berry. The Arkansas scna-tor denounced the assertion that he was opposed to the Wilson bill. Mr. Berry asserted he had asked for no favors fo the industries of his state and when the lumbermen of Arkansas had requested him to urge upon the finance committee the im position of a higher duty on lumber refused to do so; on the contrary he has stated on every occasion that he would vote for a reduction on every article in the bill. He had gone to the finance committee and urged the committee to report the Wilson

bill as it came from the house have urged them to defy the men who are delaying the reporting of this bill on account of local interest," continued Mr. Berry. "Every member of the finance committee will bear me out in that I have neither asked, either in caucus or out, for a tax on any article."

Mr. Voorhees, as chairman of the finance ommittee, vouched for Mr. Berry's constancy and desire for the passage of the bill. may not be necessary," said he, "but it is with pleasure that I bear witness of the truth of every word the senator from Ar-kansas has uttered. He has not been an obstructionist, but has been an eager helper

on every subject bearing on the tariff,"
Mr. Harris of Tennessee also bore testimony to Mr. Berry's support of the Wilson
bill. Mr. McLaurin of Mississippi, who was of those named by the article, denied that he was obstructing the passage of the Wilson bill for protection purposes. He had never heard of any coalition between disaffected senators until he read it in a Washington paper, "I am not in favor of pro-tection," he declared, "but only for rev-

FAULKNER ALSO PROTESTS. Amid the laughter of the sente, Mr. Faulk-ner of West Virginia, another of the alleged obstructionists, rose to a personal explana-tion. He had not intended to notice the newspaper's article, but as his name had been read by Mr. Berry and would appear in the record, he felt impelled to make an explanation. Some of the items of the Wil son bill as it came from the house did not suit his ideas, and, as a democrat, he had gone before the finance committee and made statements in the interest of his people and accordance with the Chicago platform He favored a tariff for revenue only, and was not in favor of putting any article on the free list, but he would put everything on the dutiable list, not for protection, but for rev-enue only. He announced, "I am a democrat, and if you bring that bill in as a democratic

easure it will receive my support." Mr. Morgan of Alabama caused some amusement by falling into line with the other "conspirators" mentioned in the newspaper article.

The senator from West Virginia," said "is not guilty as charged, but I am not nearly as bad as he and therefore I am not uilty." (Laughter.) Mr. Call of Florida said the statements

made in the newspaper was absolutely faise so far as he was concerned and he believed they were so far as the other senators

Mr. Allison of Iowa, referring to Mr. Berry's statement that he had not asked any member of the finance committee to favor an increase of duty on any article said that he could vouch for the truth o Mr. Berry's statement as far as he (Allison was concerned. Mr. Berry had never asked him to favor an increase on any article (Laughter.) Becoming more serious, Mr Allison said: "Has it come to pass in the history of tariff legislation that the senate is obliged to take a bill as it comes from our co-ordinate branch without the detting of an '1' or the crossing of a 't.' The tariff

the attention of the two houses of congress | COMMENTS OF LABOUCHERE the attention of the two houses of congress in many years, for it not only affects the revenue, but it affects every industry in the United States. The house of representatives had this bill under consideration for six months before it came to us, and it has come to this, that the finance committee has had it for three weeks. ('Five weeks,' corrected a republican senator.) We have it to rush through. Speaking as a senator on this floor, I, for one, intend to have an opporfloor, I, for one, intend to have an oppor-tunity to consider this bill in every para-graph and in every itom. We might as well lay aside the idea that this important bill is to be railroaded through the senate."

NOT SO GREAT AS SILVER. Senator Teller, in whose name and by whose courtesy these explanations had been made, spoke on the question before the senate with reference to the Bland seigniorage bill. He urged that the bill be image bill. He urged that the bill be im-mediately taken up and kept before the senate until disposed of. Referring to the question of the tariff, he said Mr. Allison had called the tariff the great question, but it was not. It was comparatively the little question, the monetary question was the great question.

The morning hour having expired, Senator Stewart had the right to the floor by virtue of his previous announcement that he would move to take up the Bland bill, but some of the silver senators having told Mr. Stewart that they were not ready to proceed with a discussion of the bill, Mr. Stewart waived his right and asked that the bill go over till tomorrow, when at the same bour he would move to take it up for consideration. The unfinished business, a bill for the erection of a government printing office, was laid before the senate, but Mr. Harris asked unanimous consent that it be laid aside and that the senator from Colorado be

allowed to continue.

The presiding officer faid before the senate the report of the conference committee on the urgency of the deficiency bill. Mr. Cockrell moved that the senate disgree to the house amendments, and further neist upon its amendments and agree to a

conference, and this was ordered.

Some other routine business was transacted and at 2:05 p. m. the senate proceeded to the consideration of executive business and at 3:20 adjourned.

#### IN THE HOUSE.

Pension Appropriations Again-Take Up the

Time of the Representatives.
WASHINGTON, March 6.—Some routine business preceded the debate on the pension appropriation bill in the house today. Quite a heated discussion was precipitated at the beginning of the session over a resolution instructing the secretary of the navy to appoint a naval cadet from the Fifth South Carolina district. It seemed that Mr. Strait, the republican from South Carolina, failed to appoint a cadet and the secretary of the navy appointed and charged to that district a young man from Alabama. It developed that in several other cases the secretary of the navy had filled vacancies from districts with esidents of other districts, and there was a manifest disposition on the part of members of the house to resent what they considered an infringement of their rights.

The speaker ruled the discussion out of order and Mr. Hopkins, republican, of Illinois demanded the regular order.
Mr. Boatner, democrat, of Louisiana, from the committee on judiciary, asked unanimous consent for the consideration of the resolu-tion directing the investigation by that committee of the injunction issued by Judge Jenkins on behalf of the Farmers Loan and Trust company against the Northern Pacific railroad. There was no objection and the resolution was adopted.

Mr. Linton of Michigan secured unanimous consent for the consideration of a resolution authorizing the secretary of the treasury to transfer a certain piece of property in the city of Saginaw, Mich., to that city, and it in Brazil's loyal navy, have gone out into the manned

Mr. Strait of South Carolina rose to question of privilege on the ground that his rights had been invaded by the secretary of the navy in appointing and charging to his district a naval cadet from another state. He detailed the circumstances under which the appointment had been made.

Mr. Cummings, chairman of the naval com-

mittee, said the committee agreed with Mr. Strait and had reported a bill to prevent such mistakes in the future. "But that does not go far enough," inter-rupted Mr. Hatch. "We want to correct this wrong already done the member.

Mr. Strait asked the adoption of the following: "Resolved. That the appointment by the secretary of the navy of a naval cadet for the Fifth district of South Carolina from the Sixth Alabama district was without authority of law and is void."

The resolution was adopted. The house then went into committee of he whole for the further consideration of he pension appropriation bill, an agreemen saving been reached to close debate at

DAM SICKLES' SPEECH. Mr. Sickles of New York took the floor and read an extract from Mr. Cleveland's letter of acceptance of the presidential nomination, saying the debt due the defender, of the union should be ungrudgingly dis-charged. Upon that pledge to the soldiers the democratic party stood and won a politi-cal victory. The pension system commanded he approval of all parties and all sections. Justice to the union soldiers was the one thing upon which all were united. He was not able to agree with the commissioner of pensions either in his interpretation of the law or the manner of treating the legisla-tion of congress. The commissioner had characterized the act of December 23, 1893, in which congress declared a pension to be a "vested right," as "inaccurate and inappropriate." That was not a decorous way of treating an act of congress, and his superior officer should have returned it to him with the admonition to treat congress with more respect. (Republican applause.) Commissioner Lochren was as defective in his law as in his manner. (Re-newed republican applause.) He had only to go to his law dictionary to to go to his law dictionary find what was a right and what vested right. A right was a well-founded claim. A vested right a right to present

enjoyment. The pension was a vested right conferred by law. Yet an army of 12,000 men had been deprived of that enjoyment official of the government. Mr. Milliken of Maine made a brief speech in favor of liberality in pensions and was followed by Mr. Grosvenor of Ohio. The charge that there was wholesale fraud in the pension rolls Mr. Grosvenor stamped as false. If the president had gone to Illinois and had selected the hero of Fort Henry, a democrat of education and training before Mr. Cleveland knew the difference between democracy and humbug, as secretary of the interior, no such trouble as confronted the democracy would have occurred. There was more fraud in the custom house in New York in a single year than in all the pension cases that have ever come before the pension bureau. There were more illegal moon-shine stills, ten to one, than dishonest

soldiers on the pension roll.

Mr. Coombs of New York took the republicans to task for attempting to make presidential capital out of the pension business by making unjust charges of hostilits to the system against the southern repre-sentatives. The southern representatives, he said, had quietly acquiesced in the demand for pensions. They did not even reply to the taunts of the other side.

Mr. Blair of New Hampshire said the cry that the pension roll was a roll of dishonor and tainted with fraud had been long heard in the land. As far back as 1881, in order o get at the fraudulent pensions, the entire roll was published. It was examined in every community, and, as far as he know, not a single case of fraud was discovered. Mr. Mahon of Pennsylvania, who concluded the debate for the day, declared he did not believe the commissioner of pensions who was a brave soldier, would have pursued his policy toward the veterans had he not been forced to do so at the dictation of the president. At the end of his remarks

the committee rose. Mr. Dockery presented a bill from the (Continued on Second Page.)

Truth's Editor Cannot Become Reconciled to Rosebery's Elevation.

CUTTING REMARKS FROM THE EDITOR

Everything Connected with the Transaction Disliked by the Versatlle Henry-England, He Says, is a Land of Snobs-A Great Roast.

LONDON, March 6 .- Mr. Henry Labouthere, in an article which will appear in tomorrow's Truth, will say: "The responsibility for the acceptance of a peer as prime minister rests upon the radicals, unless a clear statement is made in the queen's speech that we are to have a different policy regarding the House of Lords than Lord Rosebery is supposed to entertain. Some of the radicals will make it clear that they will declare the tinkering of the pernicious assembly of peers, and that the right of that body to interfere with the nation must cease. Lord Rosebery's public utterances with regard to Ireland are not at all satisfactory. The secrecy with which Mr. Gladstone's resignation and Lord Rosebery's appointment were managed is a clever but most unfair maneuver. Had the proper time been given at least a hundred radicals would have pro-tested against a peer premier. We have not only a peer premier, but a peer in a poke. I do not object to any individual peer because he was born in the purple, and if Lord Rosebery is really a radical the difference of his being a peer may be surmounted by a bill allowing peers to renounce the privilege of peerage in order that they may sit in the

House of Commons. Mr. Labouchere then proceeds to argue that the House of Comons cannot remain the ruling assembly while the premier is in the House of Lords. In this connection he says: "We will not have real control over says: We will not have leaf can be a hos-tile vote at the cost of ruining the party. We are also idiots to suppose the electors will not preceive the utter absurdity of our position when we appeal to the country with the battle cry of the 'abolition of the Lords.'

He concludes as follows: "I am now convinced that the radicals dearly love their lord. Love of and subserviency to the the weak spot in the Anglo-Saxon We are a race of snobs and are never race. happier than when indulging in an orgie of

snobbism.

The Telegraph says: "Mr. Gladstone has placed himself in the hands of Sir James Paget, the famous surgeon, and the oculist Netheriliff. We regret to say that there is Netheriliff. We regret to say that there is undoubtedly a cataract forming on one of his eyes with the prospect of a similar weakening of the other, but nothing that is not liable to yield to ordinary treatment."

"Lord Rosebery The Daily News says: "Lord Rosebery will retain his seat in the county council." LONDON, March 6.—Lord Rosebery took formal possession this afternoon of the office recently occupied by Rt. Hon. William Ewart Gladstone, as prime minister of England. Gladstone, as prime minister of England. The new premier first visited the chancellor of the exchequer, Rt. Hon. Sir William Vernon Harcourt, and then passed into Mr. Gladstone's rooms, where he was cordially greeted by the ex-premier as his successor.

Lord Rosebery afterwards drove to his residence in order to prepare for the queen's drawing room. drawing room.

To Reinforce Peixoto. PARIS, March 6,-The turreted battle ship Riachulo and the protected cruiser Benjamin Constant, the two most powerful men-of-war bay at Toulon, where they have been held since the outbreak of the rebellion. Peixoto ispected that their officers sympathized with Mello's cause and might join him if allowed to put out to sea. One hundred and fifty new officers and men were sent here by the government on the steamer Brazil, reaching Bordeaux last Saturday and immediately went to Toulon and took their positions. These two additions to the fleet positions. These two additions to the fleet President Peixoto is collecting to move upon

Rio will sail at once. Guatemala and Her Debt. LONDON, March 6.-The British minister to Guatemala, in answer to inquiries sent to him when it was announced from Paris that Guatemala had repudiated her exterior that Guatemala had repudiated her exterior debt, cables that the Central American republic mentioned does not intend to repudiate her debt, but is compelled to make a temporary suspension of payment of interest upon the exterior debt. This temporary suspension, it is added, is due to the fall in silver and the abnormal rate of exchange.

Succeeds Henry Fowler. LONDON, March 6 .- Rt. Hon. John Shaw-Lefevre, M. P. for Central Bradford, formerly postmaster general, and more remerly postmaster general, and more re-cently first commissioner of works, has ac-cepted the presidency of the local govern-ment board in succession to Rt. Hon, Henry Fowler, who succeeds the earl of Kimberley as secretary of state for India, upon the latter's succession to Lord Rosebery as secretary of state for foreign affairs.

Germany's Silver Output. LONDON, March 6 .- A dispatch to the Fimes from Berlin says: The imperial treasury has distributed various documents the members of the silver commission e documents include statistics of the sil ver production of Germany, which amounted in 1833 to 768 kilograms. The amount of foreign silver employed in Germany was 269,920 kilograms.

Chill to Have a Cabinet Crisis SANTIAGO, March 6.-The conservatives uffered a complete defeat in the elections of the Chilian congress. The minister of foreign affairs, minister of the interior and minister of justice all failed of re-election and a cabinet crisis is imminent.

#### HOW SHE BECAME INSANE.

Years of Domestic Trouble Spoiled a Once Beautiful Woman.

DENVER, March 6 .- Mrs. Mary Hildinger, who became insane in St. Joseph, Mo., yesterday, resided in this city with her husband, Harrison J. Hildinger, until January 15 of this year, when they left here for their old home in that city. Early one morning last October Mrs. Hildinger, while attempting to rob the cellar of a neighbor, was shot by the owner, Joseph Wycoff, who mistook her for a man. Ninety leaden pellets had entered her back and limbs and while suffering from these wounds she was neglected by her hus-band most shamefully. The woman at this ime told her neighbors that her husband, a dissolute painter, had compelled her to do
the deed which nearly resulted in her death She was once an extremely beautiful woman, possessed of considerable wealth, but years domestic trouble have destroyed all and led her to the mad house.

#### SOUTHERN CITY SCORCHED.

Culman, Ala., the Scene of a Disastrous Conflagration

CULMAN, Ala., March 6 .- Fire broke out at 10 o'clock last night in the business portion of the city. The wind was blowing a gale and in less than five minutes an entire block was in flames. A terrific explosion of dynamite stored in Koopman & Gorde's warehouse occurred. Clabe Mitchell being killed. George Dinkleburg is seriously in-jured and will die. The entire block north of Main street is burned. The explosion of dynamite shattered all the window glass in the city.

Large Tannery Burned Down. WOODBURN, Mass., March 6,-G. & E. G. Places' tannery, the largest in this section, burned early this morning.

Rejected the Amendment. BERLIN, March 6 .- The committee of the Reichstag which is considering the Russo-German commercial treaty rejected today by

a vote of 15 to 10 an amendment fixing the duration of the treaty at one year and adopted the article with its originally fixed

term of ten years. RELIGIOUS CRAZE IN INDIANA.

Fanaticism Running Rampaint in Putnam

and Adjoining Counties.

GREENCASTLE, Ind., March 6,-(Special Telegram to The Bee.)—A strange religious fanaticism had taken pessession of the ignorant people in the southern part of Putnam county, and great excitement is occasioned thereby, John and Charlie Scott of Harrodsburg, Ind., and a Miss Huffman of Illinois are conducting a series of meetings which are producing wonderful and terrible results. They operate by prayer and the laying on of hands; their victims are said to go into trances and stay that way for a long spell, until it is not uncommon to see eight or ten laid out on seats for hours at a time.

Yesterday a commission of justices of the peace was held on one case, which is very pittable, and is the direct result of this strange miracle working. Marcus Leucus, a prosperous farmer, has gone violently insane, the direct result of this religious craze. Six men are required to keep him in bed and he won't wear any clothes. He followed a star Friday night all night in the hope of catching the same, and only gave up the chase in daylight, when it disappeared. His favorite theme is the bible, and he con-stantly states "he never had so much fun with Jesus Christ in all his life."

The poor fellow was taken to the Indianapolis insane hospital today.

The neighbors are up in arms over the
strange threaten to wipe it from
the face of the earth. Some talk shotgun
and others advise whitecapism. Just how
the trouble will end is in doubt, but trouble

The "evangelists" are said to secure large sums of money during the trances of their victims, and sell their pictures for 25 cents each. One victim under the excitement has thrown away his crutches and claims his life-long rheumatism is cured; others who have been blind claim to see. The craze is spreading rapidly.

#### CREATED A PANIC.

Attorney Clay of Minneapolis Frightens

People with His Revolver. MINNEAPOLIS, March 6.-A scene of the wildest excitement and terror was enacted this afternoon in the rooms of the Com-merce and Commission company on the first floor of the Guaranty Loan building when Attorney B. B. Clay, who has been operating somewhat extensively, became greatly excited and pulled a revolver upon Manager Clark of the company and threatened to shoot him. It was just as the market was closing and the last reports were being re-

Manager Clark was seated at his desk

and his assistant, Mr. Littlefield, seated near him. Clay had been selling and buyand his assistant, Mr. Littlefield, seated near him. Clay had been selling and buying first in one department and then in another. Things did not go to suit him. He believed that he was losing. Just before the market closed Sugar went up 12 points, which seemed to be the straw which broke the camel's back, for Clay became suddenly enraged, and, drawing a huge revolver, he rushed up to Manager Clark and demanded a settlement of the money which he thought was due him from the transactions. Mr. Clark informed Clay that he was entitled to no make, whereupon Clay cocked the gun and went a step nearer Clark. The latter now became thoroughly frightened, and, think of discretion the better part of valor, to the infuriated man that he would give him a check for the \$100. Clark turned to so into the vault for the check book, Cla following closely, Clark suddenly dayted into the vault and slammed the door be ad him.

Clay then turned and Mr. Littlefield and shoved the reverse within six inches of his face. Clay of time to get out of the way of bullets which were likely to be turned loose. Clay did not offer to shoot Mr. Littlefield, and after a moment quickly left the place and was not seen afterwards. The police were notified and are investigating the affair.

JUMPED THE TRACK.

#### JUMPED THE TRACK.

Five People Hurt by a Wreck on the Penn-

sylvania Near Columbus, O. COLUMBUS, O., March 6 .- The Pennsylvania special, No. 20, which arrived at Columbus at 8:10 p. m. and left at 8:20, met with an accident at Reed avenue crossing, about two miles from the city, about 8:30. The train had just passed a tower at a rate estimated to be about twenty miles an hour, when the last sleeper jumped the track and was thrown against a target, being

and was thrown against a target, being practically smashed into kindling wood. The force and weight of the sleeper leaving the track pulled the other cars off and the whole train was derailed, but none of the cars turned over.

At the time the train passed the tower the crew of a yard engine were in the tower waiting to begin. The fireman of this crew, John McCormack, was badly hurt: Fireman James Jenkins and Yardmaster Bert Woodward were also injured. Bert Cooper, telegraph operator, badly hurt; M. L. Wilson, car inspector, badly hurt; C. C. H. Bell, brakeman, badly injured. All are from Columbus.

#### CLEVELAND IN WASHINGTON.

Arrival of the Presidential Hunting Party at the National Capital.

WASHINGTON, March 6.- The president reached the white house at 1:45 this after-noon after a nine days trip through the North Carolina sounds, looking better than since he first came here nine years ago. His ruddy face showed unmistakable signs of exposure to the sun and wind during his trip, and his step was noticeably more elastic than when he went away. To some friends who called this afternoon the president said he had never in his life had a more enjoyable hunting trip. Every moment of it had been a delight to him, and as for substantial results he asked his friends to look at his bronzed face and hands and then at the pile of swan, wild geese and ducks that he had brought back. After luncheon the president applied himself to work in his office, and later received calls from Secretaries Carliste and Horbert. The hunting party killed thirty-one brant, thirteen swan, eight geese, six snipe and two ducks. Nobody will disclose the tally of the individual shooting. trip, and his step was noticeably more elas-

In Fear of the Daltons SEDALIA, Mo., March 6.—The American Express and the Missouri, Kansas & Texas road officials are much disturbed over news from the territory of the movements of the Dalton gang of outlaws. For several months these criminais have been quietly months these criminals have been quietly fortified in the Sapulpe mountains forty miles west of Vinia Friday night, it is learned, they brake camp, and, heavily armed and otherwise thoroughly equipped, rode toward Vinia. Every indication pointed to a raid on the Missouri, Kansas & Texas, and as a result the road's officials and those of the American Express company have put on extra guards.

Movements of Ocean Steamers March 6. At the Lizard-Passed-Illinois, from Philadelphia from Antwerp, At Isle of Wight-Passed-Liebentz, from New York for Antwerp, At Algiers-Arrived-Angusta Victoria, from New York.

At Liverpool-Arrived-Hillyer, from New York.

At London-Arrived-America, from New At Bremen-Arrived-America, from Bal-New York-Salled-Cevic, from Liver-

ST. LOUIS, March 6.-Rev. W. M. Phelan. ditor of the Western Watchman, received formal notification today that the charges preferred against him by Bishop Bonacum of Lincoln, Neb., have been withdrawn: The notification came from Rev. Father Roche, secretary to Bishop Bonacum, The charges were three in number and grew out of the prosecution of Bishop Bonacum for criminal libel.

Benneum Backs Out

land. The French papers applaud the speech of the British ambassador. Big Job for Paul Jones. NEW HAVEN, Conn., March 6 .- Paul Jones, the globe trotter, will arrive in this city tomorrow. All the students of Yale propose to have him black their shors at least once, paying 25 cents. As there are 2,000 students the job will last about six months if he undertakes it.

## MINERS ARE AGGRESSIVE

Deadwood May Lose the County Seat on Account of Recent Trouble.

LEAD CITY WORKNIG FOR THE PRIZE

Late Developments in the Case Indicate that the Affair May Yet Seriously Disturb the Black Hills District.

DEADWOOD, S. D., March 6 .- (Special to The Bee.)-Individual mercantile establishments and factories have many times been boycotted, but Deadwood is probably the first town that has ever been called upon to defend itself as a whole from a boycott. All this is the outcome of the dispute with the South Dakota Mining company regarding the wages to be paid to laborers on its ditch on Annie creek. The story of that trouble runs in this way:

A number of miners declared a strike against the company in question. The strike was endorsed by the labor organizations of the county, six in number. New workers were brought in to take the strikers' places. The miners unions assembled in force and drove the newly hired employes from their work. The Deadwood business men then held an indignation meeting and pledged their efforts to the company's support. The miners, through their organizations, declared a boycott on the merchants who attended the meeting and started a movement for the removal of the county seat from Deadwood. There have been no new scenes of violence, but the situation has been full of interest all the time. A meeting of delegates from the various labor unions was called to nom-inate a candidate for county seat honors against Deadwood. It was a foregone conclusion that Lead City, a mining town four miles from Deadwood, would be chosen, but when the meeting convened it was found when the meeting convened it was found that Spearfish, a valley town fifteen miles from Deadwood, had been doing some effective work of the vote-getting sort. The meeting was long and stormy, but Lead City was finally nominated by the narrow majority of two in a total of thirty votes.

Deadwood property owners were more en-

Deadwood property owners were more en-tertained than alarmed by all this, as they held firmly to the belief that a two-thirds yote would be necessary to reverse the vote taken in 1877, by which this city was given a majority of 109 over all competitors. The Lead City people were not discouraged by this, however. They admitted that a twothirds vote was a practicable impossibility, but they began an inquiry into the legal phases of the situation. The Lead City attorneys rendered opinions holding that the the county seat had never been properly located, and that a majority would locate it now. A delegation of Lead City citizens went to Rapid City and laid the case before prominent attorneys of that city. Opinions have just been received from them in which the conclusions of the Lead City attorneys are endorsed and the advocates of the twothirds vote theory are given very cold com-

fort.
This conclusion is based upon the fact that the election at which Deadwood was chosen was held in an odd numbered year, while the statute in 1877 provided that county seat elections might be held only at regular elections in even numbered years. The position is also taken that the election in question was never properly called.

The Lead City campaign committee has

The Lead City campaign committee has begun the raising of a fund, and the Lead City real estate men are already adding a little to their prices. Deadwood has taken no action in the matter, but it has been discussed, and the indications are that a fight will finally be made at the polls, and later, in the courts, if Deadwood should get

less than a majority.

In the meantime the Deadwood business men are taking steps to have the boycott against them raised. At a meeting held Saturday evening of last week resolutions endorsing high wages were passed. resolutions have been forwarded to the labor unions, and are now under consideration. No official action has been taken, but from the conversations held by The Bee correspondent with individuals in the unions it is safe to say that they will be rejected. The resolutions do not mention the late trouble, but are confined to the proposition of high wages in the abstract. The laboring men are taking the position that the resolutions do not touch the question at issue, and are not, therefore, to be considered.

#### GUILTY OF MANSLAUGHTER.

Mary Yusta Escapes Lightly for the Crime of Killing Maggie McDermott. DEADWOOD, March 6 .- (Special Telegram to The Bee.)-Mary Yusta was this morning found guilty of manslaughter in the second degree. The maximum penalty for

this is four years. The jury reported at 9:45 this morning, after being out twenty-one hours. Sentence will be pronounced March 12. The defendant is the daughter of a Salire county, Nebraska, farmer, and is not yet 17. She shot Maggie McDermott December 17 in a saloon of this city. defendant was pale, but composed when the verdict was read. The jury came in first with a verdict of manslaughter. The judge sent them back to fix the degree. After thirty minutes they reported as above.

Sisters Denounced by a Priest. SIOUX FALLS, S. D., March 6 .- (Special

to The Bee.)-A well founded rumor has gained circulation to the effect that Father Nolan of the Catholic church here has been cited to show cause, before Mgr. Satelli or Archbishop Ireland why Mother Stanislaus should not be reinstated as mother superior of the local parochial school. There has for some time heen a quiet fight going on in Catholic circles with regard to the school and the sisters who were conducting it. About two months ago Father Nolan denounced the school from the altar and said that the sisters, who professed to belong to the order of Ursaline nuns, were in reality no nuns at all, but simply women who had taken the veil for the purpose of getting a position in a Catholic school. The priest warned the members of this parish against the school and told them that they sent their children there at their own risk. The parochial school seen after that closed up, but the sisters rented a building and continued to conduct a private school. The fact that Mother Stanislaus and Sister Mary Clement have been east for the past two weeks gives credence to the rumor above

mentloned. Improving Sioux Falls Prospects SIGUX FALLS, S. D., March 6 .- (Special o The Bee.)-A shirt factory has just been located here which will open for business on April 1 and will employ from 100 to 200 hands. The company is capitalized at \$100,-

The committee appointed by the city council to consider the purchase of the Sioux Falls Water company's plant last evening reported at the council meeting in favor of the appointment of a committee of apprais-ment to determine the value of the plant. The water company claim the works and street mains to be worth \$250,000.

Lord Dufferin Currying Favor. PARIS, March 6 .- Lord Dufferin's speech nade here yesterday in which he declared that the prospects for European peace were even brighter than in 1893, has produced an excellent impression in France and in Eng-

House of Ill-Fame Blown Up CHICAGO, March 6 .- Kitty Day's house of ill fame at 152 Nineteenth street was wrecked this morning by a bomb which was thrown into the hallway. The inmates of explosion. No one was injured. The front portion of the house was completely wrecked and the place was rendered inhabitable.

HELD UP IN ILLI \_ S.

Three Robbers Go Through a sile & Ohio Train Near East St. 1 s.
ST. LOUIS, March 6.—Tor shout 9 o'clock the Mobile & Ohio trast which left here at 8:25 o'clock, was held by three obbers at Ferest Lawn, III. Bout four niles from East St. Louis, a is the third time within the past six athu thut

miles from East St. Louis. I is the third time within the past six atha that this road has suffered from role and this point. It is thought tonight's lup was perpetrated by the same gang the committed the other robberles. The same particulars are very hard to obtain. Near Forest Lawn and particulars are very hard to obtain. Near Forest Lawn the Mobile & Ohio runs through a swamp. The tracks have been built up high above it and it was along there that the robbery occurred.

It cannot be ascertained at this hour what the robbers obtained, but it is not thought the haul amounts to much. The Southern Express company, which suffered heavily by the previous robberles, had become cautious, and since the last one has not made any heavy shipments on this train. Mr. Frazer, in charge of the Southern Express company's office at Twelfth and Poplar streets, stated to an Associated press reporter that the agent on the express car of the robbed train was a new man named Franklin. "The train," said he, "which leaves St. Louis at 8.35 p. m., rarely, if ever, so far as I know, carries any great amount of valuables. There are two through safes in the car, which are provided with combination locks in which all valuables are kept. These safes are not under my charge and I know nothing of their contents."

The Jeent of the Southern Express company J. St. Louis is J. H. Waters, but he is out the city and could not, therefore, be seen. A friend of his, however, said he did not think very much was taken by the robbers, for he had been told by Mr. Waters that the train hardly ever carried any valuables. "It has been attacked by robbers too often to allow the earrying of anything tempting to that class of people," he said.

President and General Manager Mann of the Mobile & Ohio railroad were at the Sauthern hotel this evening when they were informed by messenger of the robbery. They immediately ordered a carriance and were driven to East St. Louis, from which place they went direct to the seens of the robbers, in the first the same prov It is just learned that the robbers were

frightened away before they could get at the valuables in the express car. VISIT THE RACE COURSE.

Grand Jury Investigating the Cases Against

the Roby Pool Sellers. HAMMOND, Ind., March 6.-The grand ury, instructed by Judge Gillet to return ndictments against Roby pool sellers if sufficient evidence could be obtained, vis-Ited the race course this afternoon accompanled by Sheriff Charles H. Frederick to panied by Sherin Charles H. Frederick to investigate the matter. During the last three days the jury has heard testimony from about fifty witnesses. This morning the jury visited a gaming room in this city. Before leaving for the track a petition, signed by Mayor Reilly, the city officials and 300 citizens and taxpayers of the county, was presented to Peter Gelsen, foreman of the jury, protesting against returning indictments against the Roby Fair association and those connected with it.

Not Enough Money in It. TORONTO, March 6.-Edward Hanlon the oarsman, has cabled to Sullivan and Harding, the British scullers, that he has no desire to row for \$2,500, but if they make the stake \$25,000 he will allow each man \$1,000 expenses to come to America and guarantee not only a double scull race, but two single contests, each man to be accom-modated.

John D. Creighton's Trotters Sold. LEXINGTON, March 6 .- John D. Creighton of Omaha has sold to L. D. Harkness, the New York millionaire trotting-horse

After Major Schnell. William Schnell has been charged with violating the amateur rules and has been uspended by the League of American Wheelmen racing board, pending an in figation. All amateurs should avoid in

ing him in athletic competition until his case has been decided, under penalty of Leach is the Kicker. KELLOGG, Ia., March 6.—(Special to The Bee.)—B. F. Leach won the \$1,000 purse and

## championship of Iowa in the high kicking contest at this place Saturday night.

TO PREVENT TICKET SCALPING.

Senator Wilson of Iowa Introduces a Bill to that Effect.
WASHINGTON, March 6.—Senator Allison of Iowa has introduced a bill to put an end to ticket scalping. It provides for an amendment to the interstate commerce act o as to require railways to supply all their ticket agents with a certificate of appointment, which is to be exposed to public view. All tickets sold must have the name of the agent and the date stamped on them. It is made unlawful for any one to sell tickets of a road from which he does not hold such certificate. The penalty is a fine of \$5,000. Railways are required to redeem unused tickets at the principal offices or any ticket office for the price paid, less the schedule fare for the portion used, if presented within ninety days after purchase. The sale by any person of a partially used ticket otherwise than as indicated is made a violation of the act. Railways which place tickets in the hands of unauthorized agents are made liable to a fine of \$5,000. ticket agents with a certificate of appoint

Falled of a Quorum. WASHINGTON, - March 6 .- The demo cratic house caucus, called for 8 o'clock tonight to consider the advisability of strengthening the rules, failed to secure a quorum and the fifty-eight democrats presnt adjourned without reaching a

Gold in the Treasury. WASHINGTON, March 6 .- The amount of gold in the treasury at the slose of business was \$107,417,520, a gain of \$211,641 since yesterday. The cash balance was \$137,-759,216.

### EXPIRED BY LIMITATION

Further Batch of Valuable Patents that Have Ceased to Be Effective. WASHINGTON, March 6.-Several hun dred patents expired by limitation today Among the more important were the follow ing: Grain binders, G. H. Houston, Beloit, Wis.; photographic cameras, J. O. H. Jewett and P. F. Leonard, Macon City, Mo.; spring air guns, H. M. Quackenbush; grain binders, L. A. Scovil, Circleville, O., assignee to him-self and L. F. Scovil; railroad switches, R. W. Barrett, Ely, Vt.; breechloading firearms, J. S. Edge, jr., Yardley, England; printing presses, W. C. Kritch and Arthur Greenwood, Leeds, England; grain binders, D. McPherson, Caledonia, N. Y.; fire alarm telegraph repeaters, bell strikers and signals, C. H. Pond, Jackson, Mich.; water meters, Parker Wells, Lynn, Mass.; hydrolic engines, A. J. Stott, Philadelphia; revolving fire arms,

Daniel Moore, Brooklyn, N. Y. Cruelty of a Barbarous Monarch. LONDON, March 6.-A dispatch to the Pimes from Paris says: An officer who has just returned from Dahomey reports that when King Behanzin found that escape was impossible he summoned his aged mother and said to her: "I am going to surrender to France. My father must know it. You therefore shall see him and tell him." The king thereupon had his mother beheaded, while he calmly looked on smoking a pipe.

olving fire arms,

Freight Train Came First.

HOUSTON, Tex., March 6 .- A second at tempt was made to wreck the Southern Pacific passenger train last night near Stafford, rocks being placed on the track. A freight train ran into the pile but no one was hurt.

ATLANTA, Ga., March 6 .- At Collings last night a mob took Sylvestre Rhodes, colored, from an officer who had just arrested him and shot him to death. Rhodes had brutally the house were all askep at the time of the | murdered a prominent young white man.

Judge Lynch's Summary Ection.

# KILLED AT THE POLLS

City Election at Troy, New York. Ends in an Awful Tragedy.

REFUBLICAN WORKERS ARE SHOT DOWN

Their Attempt to Prevent Illegal Voting Results Fatally to Them.

FOUR VICTIMS OF POLITICAL PASSION

Bitter Struggle Over the Selection of a Mayor for the City.

STORY OF THE DESPERATE ENCOUNTER

Bat Shea, a Notorious Tough and Ward Heeler, Accused of the Crime-Ho Himself Desperately Wounded in the Affray.

TROY, N. Y., March 6 .- A mayor was elected in this city today, but the record of the election is spotted with blood and scenes such as the old resident in Trox, has no recollection of. In a darkened room in a family residence lies the body of Robert Ross, who left his home this morning to aid in the election of the candidate that the republican party had endorsed. In a room in the same house Hes his brother William, perhaps mortally wounded. In another part of the city lies wounded a notorious rough and ward heeler, Bat Shea, and in still another part of the city is John McFough, who received a bullet and is seriously injured.

Among the watchers at the Twelfth ward, First precinct, polling place, were Robert Ress and his brother William, both being there in the interest of the republican party. There was also a well known character named Bat Shea. About 1:30 o'clock a gang of at least fifteen strangers stood waiting to vote, while men whose names were on the poll list, both democrats and republicans, were crowded away. Robert Ross objected to this and had words with Shea. The story told by the surviving Ross is that Shea was the man who killed Robert Ross. He said the trouble began in the polling booth a crowd of repeaters, headed by Jeremiah Cleary and Shea, attempted to vote. When the vote was challenged the men went outside and immediately started an argument with the Ross brothers. Suddenly the crowd surged forward, and in an instant revolvers were drawn and shots fired. Robert Rosa fell to the ground and his brother cried "I'm shot." Then the firing ceased as suddenly as it begun. William Ross was shot in the neck, just below the base of the brain, and will probably die. His brother died almost instantly. John McFough is dangerously, wounded, while Shea's wound is not conside

ered serious. John Ross sald: "I did not fire a pistol. It was murder, deliberate murder, and it was premeditated. Only about an hour and a half before this man Shea struck my brother William full in the face. I dragged William away and told him to take the blow and say nothing. The blow would not hurt him. I did not think at the time that they would

use their guns." Mayor Wheelan said tonight: "It is only the natural result of the Murphy heelers to carry the election by fair means or foul. It Is a stain on this city."

Senator Edward Murphy was busy all afternoon attending to the distribution of cuff and collar workers who came to talk

about the Wilson bill, but he found time to say: "It is a deplorable affair, and I am greatly grieved at it."

NEW YORK ELECTIONS. Returns from the Various Countles Show

Strong Republican Gains. TROY, N. Y., March 6 .- The vote polled was as heavy as that cast in the presidential year. With a few districts missing the vote for mayor shows that Mollery, the regular democrat, has defeated Wheelan, the in-

dependent, by about 1,400 votes. NEW YORK, March 6 .- The election returns from the various counties of the state show decided republican gains. They have won in some districts that the democrats held to be essentially their own. In Geneva, the republicans made a clean sweep. Every, one of their caudidates was elected by an overwhelming majority. In Rochester the republicans are jubilant over the outcome of the election, the candidate for mayor hav-ing been elected by a majority of probably 3,000. In Little Falls not a single democrate was elected. Every town in Wayne county, shows republican gains. In Gloversville the Board of Aldermen is entirely republican. The returns from Rockland, Washington, Essex, Clinton and Green counties all show that the republicans have either held their own or made large gains. Lansingburg elected the entire republican ticket by over Lansingburg 1,200 majority. Last year the democratic majority was 565. Saratoga county went re-publican by an increased majority.

Another Republican Victory. BURLINGTON, Vt., March 6 .- The republicans carried the Burlington city election today by the largest majority ever given any, candidate. W. J. Van Patten for mayor received 369 majority, and four out of five al-

Aluminium Life Boats. WASHINGTON, March 6 .- The plan to use aluminium boats in the Wellman Arctic expedition has attracted considerable attention in this city. Superintendent Kimball of the life saving service is much interested in these boats, and the Navy department is considering the possibility of beats of this material becoming valuable in the additions to the equipment of the new men-of-war, the creater that the department may be possed. In order that the department may be posted as to just what has been done with them Naval Constructor Woodward has been ordered to make a thorough test of the three Wellman boats and report as to the practica, bility of having aluminium life heats and launches for the navy. Mr. Woodward, in company with Mr. J. C. McGuire, the engineer in charge of the equipment of the Wellman expedition, is now in Baltimore. where a test of the boats will be made.

Funds for United States Courts. WASHINGTON, March 6 .- The attorney general has sent to the senate a request for an increase of the appropriation proposed in the urgency deficiency bill now before the senate sufficient to make the total not less than \$400,000 to meet deficiencies already existing or about to occur in the United States courts in almost all the states in the union. He says that the \$200,000 provided in the bill as it comes from the house will be declared at once and will be paid within ten days after the money is made available. He encloses a letter from the district attorney of the state of Washington which states he has no funds for the payment of

Shot Hinself Through the Head NEW YORK, March 6 .- J. C. Lally, sacretary of the aqueduct board, committed suicide today at his home, 34 West Twenty-third street, by shooting himself inrough the head.

the fees of witnesses and urging immediate