THE OMAHA DAILY BEE.

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WAR FOR VENGEANCE

Why the Tomachilans Have Taken Up Arms

Against the Government,

DRIVEN TO DISOBEDIENCE BY DIAZ

Refusal of the President to Abrogate a Law

Caused the Trouble.

BOUND TO HAVE THEIR PROCESSION

Religious Celebration Forbidden by Law Per-

sisted In by the People.

EXTERMINATION IS NOW IN PROGRESS

Federal Troops Slowly but Surely Wiplag

Out the Little Band of Rebels Who

Are Ensconced in the

Mountains,

CHICAGO, Dec. 27.-Juan S. Hart of El

Paso, Tex., editor of the El Paso Times,

which has been proscribed by the Mexican

authorities because of news regarding the

Mexican revolution that appeared in its col-

umus, is in Chicago, and in an interview

with an Associated press reporter today

it, but it exploded. The men escaped with wounds about their faces and hauds. The MELLO A FLYING DUTCHMAN IN A STATE OF PANIC police are investigating the matter. MERVA'S MURDER. Madrid Worried Over the Threats of Its An-More Facts Concerning the End of the Frague Glovemaker. archist Population. VIENNA, Dec. 27 .- It is said that Merva. THEATER-GOERS BADLY FRIGHTENED Their Activity Keeps the Royal Family Away from the Opera. IN THE CITY EXCITEMENT PREVAILS tends to publish its contents. Residents Fearful of Further Outrages by the Reds. WILDEST OF RUMORS GIVEN CREDENCE Public Thoroughly Aroused Over the Impending Danger-Trial of the Two Reds Recently Arrested - Their Impasstoned Address to the Jury. MADRID, Dec. 27 .- The trial of Del Roche and Verra, charged with attempting to blow up the congress house at Madrid and who were arrested April 4, 1892, is now in progress. The two were arrested at the goors of the chamber with bombs in their possession and papers found upon their persons showed that they were in a conspiracy to destroy the senate house, the law court, the offices of the council of state, the minister of war, the royal palace and the bank of Spain. The trial is likely to be protracted, as forty-two witnesses are to be examined. The court room will be carefully guarded. it to him f Krise. Six persons were arrested last evening upon suspicion of being engaged in a conspiracy to commit an outrage by the use of dynamite. It has transpired that the governor of Madrid received two letters in which the the police ripening in Prague. writers threatened to blow up the opera house, at which place the queen regent and the infant were to attend a performance last evening. The governor thereupon warned the royal family and they remained

away. In some manner the news of this warning reached the audience and spread with alarming rapidity. The result was a panic. The police showed considerable judgment while the audience was making its exit, and succeeded in proventing anybody from being hurt. The scattering of the audience from the opera house spread alarm and excitement throughout Madrid, and all through the night the wildest rumors were in circulation. The governor did his utmost to reassure the people, but it was a long time before the public excitement calmed down.

Upheld Anarchy.

De Roche and Ferra addressed the jury in an excited manner, upholding the principles of anarchy and condemning violence, but proclaiming that the term 'anarchist' was synonymous with that of 'honest man." The prisoners denied that they had any in

tention to blow up the Cortes, and assert that a man named Junez, a police spy, dis-guised ts an anarchist, induced them to carry the parcels to the chamber, and they insisted they themselves were ignorant of their contents.

TRADE IN ENGLAND.

the murdered glovemaker of Prague, was accustomed to remain all day locked up in his room and only to open the door to personal friends who were able to give the watchword which he had made known to them. He induced the brother of the young woman whom he was courting to join the secret socialist society, Oinladina. The brother, soon after being admitted to mem-borship, was arrested and the sister, out of revenge, handed Merva's notebook to Dr. Herrold, the young Czech leader, who in-In the confession to the Prague police Dolesea and Dragoen, the murderers of Merva, said that they visited him on Saturday last, played cards with him and herped him to decorate the Christmas tree, which he was fixing in the rear of the kitchen in his house to please his mother. They then proposed to him that they should have a fencing bout. Morva replied that the police had seized all his weapons. They then con-tinued their amusements, Merva sing-ing a Croatain song of revenge on traitors. This excited his visitors so much that Doleses whispered to Dragoen, "If you don't do it now, I shall never speak to you again." Dragoen then caught Merva by the throat and pushed him to the ground. Dolesea then drew a dagger from his pocket and stabbed Merva in the breast. The blood gushed over both assassing who wiped it off on the paper and curjains and then hurried away. They threw the dagger in the river Moldau. Then river Moldau. Then they ran aimlessly over the city, and after some time spent in this manner they visited the rooms of Krise, where they washed themselves. Thence they went to a tavern where they drank beer and played pil lards. Drageon assed money from his mother in order to enable him to guit Prague, but she refused to give He then returned to the lodgings Krise and his wife did not return until midnight. It is assumed that they en-couraged the murderers to commit the deed and promised to prove an allbi for them. Dolesea dropped some hints which would indicate that there is a great plot against THEIR HOLIDAYS ENDED. House of Commons Meets Again and Discusses Tower Hill Agitators. LONDON, Dec. 27 .- There was a fair attendance in the House of Commons today when the members reassembled after their short Christmas holidays. The benches were well filled, but it was remarked that there was no representative of the Admiralty present. Among those present at today's sitting was Rt. Hon. John Morley, secretary for Ireland, who has been ill and absent for some time past, and who was loudly cheered

upon his return to duty. Mr. Henry Asquith, the home secretary, replying to a question put by Knatchbull-Hugessen, an independent conservative, as to what steps the government intended to take regarding the recent speeches of a violent nature delivered on Tower Hill, said that he did not believe the report of those uttorances was accurate, but he added the government was making a careful inquiry into the matter. The speeches re-ferred to were made by two agitators known as Williams and Jowers, who declared that a secret society was in process of formation, and that unless the demands of the unemployed were satisfied before Christmas there would be a reign of terror in London unprecedented in history The home secretary further said that the utterances of the two men mentioned were so qualified that it was most difficult to charge them with inciting to crime. The government did not desire to prosecute these two speakers unless their conviction was reasonably certain. Both men, the ome secretary also said, were well known. and were being carefully watched, and they would be immediately arrested if it was proved that they were using language or taking measures calculated to incite people o commit outrages.

His Movements at Sea 'Are Carefully Concealed from His Enemies. PEIXOTO HAS GOT HIMSELF INTO A SCRAPE

While the Insurgent Admiral is Causing Endless Guessing as to His Whereabouts the Brazilian President Gets Into Trouble with Portugal.

(Copyrighted, 1893, by the Associated Press). PERNAMBUCO, Dec. 27 .- The greatest nystery seems to surround the movements of Admiral de Mello and his war ships, the Republica and Aquidaban. All sorts of reports are circulated concerning him. He would seem to be a sort of "Flying Dutchman" for he is reported to be at several different points, some of them thousands of miles distant from each other. As a fact, however, nothing seems to be definitely

known, except that Admiral de Mello with two or more war ships started north on December 20 with the intention, it is presumed, of engaging the new Brazilian cruisers Nietherov and America. Since then nothing has been seen of the rebel ships, though all sorts of rumors are

in circulation. It is stated that trouble is brewing be tween Brazil and Portugal owing to the fact that the Portuguese minister at Rio de Janeiro, Comte de Paco d'Arcos, is detained at Rio de Janeiro by order of President Peixote although the minister is desirous of leaving Brazil on leave of absence. It is added that the Portuguese minister wanted to leave Brazil in spite of the orders to the contrary issued by Pelxoto and the latter used force in order to detain the comte at

Rio. The affair is said to be likely to lead to much additional trouble for the government of President Peixoto. The Spanish war ship Cristobal Colon arrived here for coal and orders yesterday and her officers reported that on Christmas eve, there was, according to information sent them, a heavy engagement between the rebel ships and the forts. The result of the

engagement was not known to the Spanish officers, but both sides are said to have suffered severely. Caused a Sensation in Portugal. LISBON, Dec. 27 .- A great sensation has

been caused in government and other circles by the report that the Portuguese minister, Comte de Paco d'Arcos, is detained by force at Rio de Janeiro. The Portuguese minister was recently recalled to Portugal and was to leave for here on Monday. The passengers of a steamer which has reached this port confirm the rumor that the minister is de-tained. A statement to this effect is said to have been forwarded to the Portugese government by his brother, and notice has also been telegraphed by the passengers to the

minister's relatives in this city. The message forwarded by the Portuguese minister is said to have read as follows: Inform the Messageries company that I am unable to embark owing to force majeure. Am forcibly detained. PACO D'ARCOS.

The Portuguese government is said to be investigating the affair, and to have asked the representative of a foreign power at klo de Janeiro to act for Portugal in this matter.

As the day wore on and the preparations to receive the rebel warships were continued the excitement increased ashore and the Nictheroy appeared to be overjoyed at the enemy. These feelings increased in intensit when the news reached here from Babia that Admiral de Mello had arrived there and had thus put an end to all mystery con cerning his whereabouts and had terminated all doubt as to his intentions in coming north. The rebel warships are now reported to be coaling at Bahia preparatory to sailing for Pernambuco, with the intention of cap turing or destroying the Nictheroy, after which, it is said, if they are victorious, they will turn their attention to the America. Expect to Fight Today.

us. I then hauled the beat around and grove her upon the beach among them and they sprang into the water after us and placed sprane into the water after us and placed us under arrest. "They hauled dows the American flag and placed us in a prison for several hours. I was then at Rio de Janeiro while my men were held at Sauta Cruz. "After reaching there I was taken before the chief of police, who committed me to prison without any food. I protested against the treatment and begged for something to eat, and finally I was sent out in charge of a detective to pro-cure something. When I got the detective clear of the prison I forced him to permit me to see the American consul. We reached Mr. Town's office, and when I explained to him the unjust manner in which I myself and my men had been treated he accompanied me back to the chief official's office and after some

to the chief official's office and after some argument I was released. I made a long re-port to the consul as to the treatment of us and the pulling down of our flag, but he paid no attention to it." G'He's no American," continued the skipper. "Several American vessels have been pierced by suray shots from Mello's forces,

which are growing in strength rapidly." Captain Andrews says he was surprised at the accounts of the revolution as they claims the actual facts are suppressed by the Brazilian officials.

Another Rumor Desird at Washington, BUENOS AYERS, Dec. 27 .- It is rumored here that Mr. Thompson, the United States minister to Brazil, has recognized the insurgents as belligerents. An explosion of a powder magazine at

Corro has cone immense damage. WASHINGTON, Dac. 27 .- Not a particle of credence is placed here in the report from

Buenos Ayres that Minister Thompson at Rio de Janeiro has recognized the insurgents as belligerents. It is improbable that Mr. Thompson would take any such step before receiving instructions from Washington, and it can be stated with assurance he has received no such authority.

Anxious for Relief.

NEW YORK, Dec. 27 .- The Herald's Montevideo dispatch from Rio says: Word has reached this city from Rio Grande do Sul that the loyal garrison in Bage is being sadly demoralized by sheer hunger, due to the difficulties of getting provisions through the insurgent lines. The feeling in Rio scems to be that any thing which would end the suspense would be a relief.

Ordered to Prepare for Sea.

NEW YORK, Dec. 27 .- Orders for the Mian tonomah to prepare in twenty-four hours for sea was received at the navy yard today. The ultimate destination of the monitor will undoubtedly be Rio.

IN THE WORLD OF INDUSTRIES. Mahoning Rolling Millis Pass Into the

Hands of a Beceiver. PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 27.-The Mahoning Rolling Mill company, with headquarters. in this city and mills in Danville, has cone into receivers' hands. The liabilities are \$340,000 and the assets \$182,000.

Abraham S. Patterson, the president of the company, said yesterday that the reason the receiverablp was applied for was on account of the financial stringency. . The plant consists of ten double puddling furnaces, six heating furnaces and three trains of rolls having a capacity of 300 tons of iron per week. The works at Danville employ 800 hands and were running on full time until a week ago.

Receiver Burley in Charge. CHICAGO, Døc. 27 -- Receiver T. J. Hurley of the broken firm of McElroy & Co. was in ossession of the officer of the Constanty In vestment company today, much to the sur Mixed moneys received for re-demption demption Mixed moneys for daily use Bonds held as security for na-tional bank circulation. Held as a reserve to replace worn and mutilated notes unfit for circulation prise of the company's boadholders. Mr Hurley received his appointment from Judge Windes Saturday evening, but all the court attaches had left to get roady for the Christmas vacation and the appointment did not become generally gnown

During the day the attorneys perfected

their bond, procured the certified copy of the

Denver's National Banks.

posits of the ten banks 16 be \$13,901,813.

is \$307,052. The net increase is \$919,918.

Resumed with a 10 per Cent Cut

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 27 - The large-ingrain

carpet mill of Donan & Bro in Kensington resumed operations on full time this morn-ing. The employes of every department have consented to accept a 10 per cent reduc-

Filed an Amended Bill.

CHICAGO, D.SC. 27.-An amended bill has been filed in the suit of the Griffin Wheel & Foundry compony against the Graut Loco-mative works asking for a receiver for the

Broke One of the Stockholders.

PHILADELPHIA. Dec. 27.—Samuel Kertner, coal merchant and director in the New En-gland, has assigned. It is supposed that neavy losses in this stock has brought about

For Its Creditor's Benefit.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 27.-The San Fran-cisco Bridge company made an assignment tonay for the benefit of its creditors. Liabil-

ities, \$238,000; assets, estimated at \$500,000.

BHEAT IN THE NOBTHWEST.

Reports to the Northwestern Miller-The Fiear Market.

representing 11,500 parrels capacity.

MINNEAPOAIS, Dog. 27 .- The Northwestern

not pay out.

defendant concern.

his downfall.

1891.

Rotterinm

tion.

Mr. Hurley then took, charge,

doubt but we shall be victorious.'

HAVE BEGUN THE INQUIRY	ination of their qualification for office at the expiration of the terms of the present in- cumbents.
	ON SECONDARY EDUCATION.
Hawaiian Matters Being Considered by the	the second
Senate Subcommittee.	Suggestions for Increasing the Efficiency of the Different Institutions.
	WASHINGTON, Dec. 27 - The report of the
and an and an and an an an an and and an	committee of ten, appointed at the meeting
WITNESSES EXAMINED ON YESTERDAY	of the American Efficational association at
	Saratoga in 1892 to make an investigation
So Far Kept a Secret-A Thorough Investi-	of the present courses in the high schools, acadamies, and other secondary educational
gation of the Circumstances Lead-	institutions throughout the country, and
ing to the Revolution to Be	the report on the most feasible method of
Made.	unifying the various courses, has been com-
×	pieted. It is to be issued by the burcau of education during the latter part of the
Witness The OF Cloudle in	The states

WASHINGTON, Doc. 27 .- Considerable interest attaches to the Hawalian investigation, which is to begin today under the auspices of the senate committee on foreign relations. No one seems to understand just what is proposed to be done by the commit tee. The work will be in the hands of a subcommittee of the committee on foreign relations, consisting of Senators Morgan, Butler and Gray, democrats, and of Senators Sherman and, Frye, republicans. It is to be undertaken under the resolution of Senator Morgan on the 20th inst. It is presumed the investigation will take the shape of an inquiry into the conduct of Minister Stevens at the time of the revolution and of Commissioner Blount, with the possibility of going into the question of the recognition of the provisional government of the islands and also an investigation as to the regularity of the Biount appeintment. The subcommittee met this morning and

went to work on the Morgin resolution, Senator Butler of South Carolina being the only absentee. Dr. O. P. Emerson, secre-tary of the Board of Mission for Hawaii, was the first called. The proceedings of the committee were held behind closed doors. It is understood that Dr. Emerson was examined particularly concerning the landing of the troops on the island as show-ing the part that Minister Stevens and Com-mander Wiltse had taken in the revolution. The committee is especially nuxious to ob-tain the most minute facts with reference to this episode, and as Dr. Emerson was an e witness, and also the first person before e committee, he was questioned very closely as to the exact relative time of the landing of the troops as compared to the ac-tions of the Hawaiians themselves. Senators Grey and Frye took a leading part. Prof. Alexander, surveyor general of the Hawalian Islands, is also in attendance upor the committee and will be examined later.

MONEY IN THE TREASURY.

Different Kinds and Amounts that Are Stored in the Vaults.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27 .- There is probably no more interesting place in the Treasury department to sightseers than the immense vaults in the treasurer's office, where so much gold and silver and United States se curities are secured. The immense travel eastward from the World's fair in addition to the ordinary number of sightseers has taxed the capacity of the treasury guides to the utmost. The most frequent question asked of these guided is the amount of money stored in the vaults. For a ready answer to this question the office has prepared a brief statement showing the amount and description of the contents of each of the eight vaults. These are kept by many show there are stored in the vaults a total of \$742,193,000, the part consisting of coin weighing about 5,000 tons. The following are the amounts and description of the money

 money:
 Standard silver dollars
 \$149,860,000

 Gold coin
 \$11,500,000

 Fractional silver
 \$33,000

 National bank notes received for
 \$500,000

3.500.000

e various courses, has been com-is to be issued by the burcau of during the latter part of the It is a lengthy discussion of the methods at the various institutions and makes a numat the various institutions and makes a hum-ber of important recommendations. Among these is that of employment by the educa-tional association of a corps of inspectors to watch the progress of the secondary educa-tion in the United States, and to take action to further the objects of the association. Presenter Education Harvard solution is President Eliot of Harvard college is chairman of the committee, and Dr. W. T. Harris the commissioner of education is also a member. The report is considered the most valuable and important document ever issued by the bureau. Will Be Tried on Two Charges. WASHINGTON, Dec. 27 -Jose Donjam, the letter writing crank, who sent epistles to Vice President Stevenson, Senator Mills. and other prominent public men, was to have been arraigned in the police court this morning, but there was delay in preparing the warrants and the case went over. Senator Mills' son was in the court room ready to submit evidence in behalf of his father and the vice president's private secretary was also ready to be sworn.

It has been decided by the district at-orney to prosecute Donjam on two separate charges, one of forging the name of his father to a postai note or order and the other of sending threatening and scandalous matter on postal cards or the cutside of envelopes through the mails. Each of these offenses is a felony under the federal statutes.

Uncle Sam's Employes.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27 .- The first volume of the blue book, the official biennial register of nil United States employes, is ready to be issued next week. It consists of about 1,200 pages relating to the executive, the legislalive and judicial branches of the govern-ment. Its publication has been delayed several weeks owing to pressure of work at several weeks owing to pressure of work at the government printing office. The second volume consists of 1.400 pares devoted exclusively to the postal service. The latter volume is expected to be issued in Manuher Annil

March or April

Report the Vessel's Arrival. WASHINGTON, Dec. 27 .- The Treasury department has received a letter from Captain Munger of the revenue outter Corwin, announcing the arrival of that vessel at Honolulu at 8 o'clock on the morning of the 14th inst. The report contained nothing more than the merc fact of the vessel's ar-rival. It is understood, however, that the Corwin is to be back in San Francisco on the 30th of December, in which case she will probably bring information from United States Minister Willis

DAN COUGHLIN'S TRIAL.

Condition of the Carison Cottage Testified To-Rumors of New Evidence. CHICAGO, Dec. 27.-Police Captain Schut-

tler, as a witness in the Coughlin case, today told of the condition of the Carlson cottage and gave otherwise practically the same testimony as at the former trial.

Frank Murray, superintendent of a Pinkerton detective agency, was called and testi-

gave the causes of and the developments thus far in the revolution now in progress in Chihuahua. "The number of revolutionists," said Mr. Hart, "is small, there not having been over 130 in the field at any time, but they have fought fiercely and government troops have so far suffered to the number of 600 soldiers and thirty officers, while ninety of the revolutionists and ninety-four of their women and children have so far met death at the hands of the soldiers. The general impression that the revolution is a continua-tion of the border trouble along the Rio

Grande, which was led by Gara, is incor-rect. The beginning of the present out-break took pince about two years ago in the central part of the state, in the village of Tomachie, in the fall of 1891. The villagers, who were all Catholics, desired to celebrate a certain saint's day by carrying the image of their saint from their church to the

mountains near by, where a day of religious festivity was to be spent. Knew They Were Violating the Law.

"They knew such an act was a violation of the laws of Mexico, and that by paying a fine permits for such celebration could be secured. They went to the town author-ities, called on the president, who refused the permit. A meeting of the villagers was held, the president was informed that the celebration would be held, dospite his refusal, and the festivities took place. The president became alarmed and notified the conductor of the monthly bullion train, then enroute from the monthly builton train, then men of the village had revolted and were likely to rob the train. Officials of the city of Guarreno, with an escort of soldiery, im-mediately set out for Tomachie. The citirens heard of the approaching government forces and the men first for the mountains, leaving the women and children at home. The latter barred the doors of the houses, but the soldiers fired through the walls, killing two small children and an old man. and the judge of letters, who was with the party, was charged with assaulting a maiden. After a few days in the village the forces returned to Guerrero and the

Review of Business for the Past Year Published by the Patl Mail Gazette

LONDON, Dec. 27 .- The Pall Mall Gazette today publishes a review of the trade of the year, compiled from official returns, during which it says:

"Trade during 1893 was worse even than in 1892. General gloom now hangs over the country's industries. The imports for eleven months declined £17,500,000, as compared with 1892, and exports declined £6,500,000. There has been a shrinkage in every class of import and export tobacco, with an increase in imports of $\pounds 67,000$, and manufactured articles made in Germany and elsewhere increased imports, amounting to £600,000

are the only exceptions. "The coal trade and the trade in textlies have decreased enormously, and the value of yarns for textiles exported has diminished nearly 12,750,000.

"The shipment of coals has suffered an equal reduction and there is a terrible depression in all trades, due to the coal strike. prior to which trade was reviving. "The cotton trade was not only injured by

the cost strike, but by increased foreign competition, and the quantity of raw cotton imported is remarkably small, less than 10,000,000 hundred weight having been pur-chased in all countries, whereas more than this was obtained in America alone in 1893. During the past month the export of cotion yarns and twists has declined in bulk, but has been compensated for by an increase in price. The decline in the exports of cotton piece goods is serious; last month their value decreased £20,000. Since 1891 there has been an unbroken decline in the quality and quantity and value of these goods for castern demand.

"On the other hand, American trade is steadily advancing, but what effect the change of tariff will cause is a matter of conjecture.

"Merchants generally, however, are look ing with confidence for an improving trade in 1894, provided there is no serious strike or lockout.

SOCIALISTIC STUDENTS.

High Mission that German 'Varsity Boys

Have Abrogated to Themselves. BERLIN, Dec 27.—The socialist students in the universities of Berlin, Freiburg, Munster, Marburg and Kiel, for the first time in German university history, have publicly declared thei sentiments by sending an address to the international congress of so-cialistic students at Genoa. They also in-tend to send a delegate. The address says "We are of the opinion that the intellectual proletariat has the important role of expaunding socialistic theories to the people We are not yet in a position to organize our selves publicly, but we assure the congress that in spite of public restraint we will con-tribute to the extension of socialist ideas with the greatest energy and by every means within our power.

The Vorwarts pays the students the compliment of printing their address, but throws cold water on their youthful fire by denying their right to speak in the name of the in-

BANKER LOEWY SENTENCED.

Berlin Swindler Will Spend Five Years in dusi and Lote Civil Rights.

BEALLY, Dec 27 .- Herr Loewy, the banker who has so long been before the courts, has been found guilty upon fresh charges of swindling and fargery and has been condemned to five years imprisonment and to be deprived of his civil rights for six years.

MAY LET CATHOLICS VOTE.

Pope Les Inclining to Change His Attitude Toward the Italian Government. KOME, Dec. 27 .- The Perseveranza of Milan

says Pope Leo XIII. is inclined to accede to the appeal of the Jesuits to allow the Roman Catholic citizens of Italy to participate in political elections.

Injured by Their Curiosity.

walking to Mueggieezen yesterday, found a | where she grounded yesterday and the canal package in the road. They cautionsly opened is once more clear for traffic.

Mr. Gladstone, replying to a question on the subject, said that it was inexpedient to make a public inquisition regarding the revenues which the duke of Sixe-Coburg Gotha (the duke of Edinburgh) receives from the duchy of Saxe Coburg.

Released Jail Birds.

CATTANISSETA, Doc. 27-Further details have been received here of the riots at Valguarnera. For many hours the town was in the hands of the lawless mob, who, after an attempt to invade the barracks, stormed the prison and liberated all the prisoners. The latter profited by their unexpected release to rob many private residences and shops. A number of private houses were set on fire the robbers. The troops finally enforced

Unable Even to Stand the Voyage.

order.

PARIS, Dec. 27 .- It is asserted that the Bayard, which has just been repaired at a cost of several million francs for replacing the Triomphante as the flagship of the French squadron in the cast, has been detained at Toulon, the experts declaring that the was unable to stand the voyage. M. Lockrey, the correspondent adds, declares Hoche, Marcea and Neptune are that the aiso topficavy.

Riotous South Airicans.

JOHANNESBURG, Dec. 27 .- Serious rioting took place yesterday among the natives at Witwatesrant. The natives who engaged in the disturbance were mostly emaloyed in the mines and numbered about 20, 800. The native miners fought furiously. A hundred men were wounded. The rioters tried to destroy one of the public buildings, but were dispersed by the special police.

Rumors About Banks in Italy.

London, Dec. 27.-In this city, in Paris and Berlin Italian bonds have been depressed owing to rumors that several large Italian banks are unable to carry over their holdings. It is reported, however, that Italy is negotiating a loan of 6.0.000.000 lire in Germany. In this city it is reported, that a new loan is not believed to be in course of negotiation in Germany or elsewhere.

Mandists Deleated.

LONDON, Dec. 27. -The Times publishes a Brussels telegram to the effect that it is reported that the Muhdists attacked the troops of the sultan of Semio, north of Queel river, but were driven back towards the Nile and Bahrgize, an affluent, and the dis-trict adjoining, where they are now threatening the allies of the sultan.

Vailant's Preisminary Trial.

PARS, Dec. 27.-The proliminary examination of August E. Vaillant, the anarchist who threw an explosive bomb into the Chamber of Deputies recently, injuring a large number of people, was concluded today. Yalilant will be tried at the assists January 5.

Sliver Situation in India.

Bostnay, Dec. 27 .- The speculation in silver here has collapsed and the bails bave lost heavily. There is a prospect that ex-change will improve within a forthight and that the export trade will expand.

Frince Bismarch's Health.

LONDON, Dec. 27 .- A Berlin dispatch to the Times says rumors are current in regard to Prince Bismarck's health. The Vossische Zeitung says Prince Bismarck is completely restored in health.

Surz Canal Open Again

Pour Sain, Dec. 27 .- The British steamer BERLIN, Dec. 27 .- Two workinen, while Clan Matheson has been pulled off the place

Advices from Bahia say that Admiral de Mello may be expected here tomorrow, in

which case the dynamite gun will have an opportunity to show what it can do. Nobody believes that Admiral de Mello will make an attack on the Nictheroy in broad daylight, and it is now said the dynamite cruiser may not give him the chance of trying to cut her out in these waters, but will steam out of the harbor and engage the rebel admiral on the open sea. Of course all these rumors and counter-rumors are

mere conjecture and nothing is positively known of the intentions of either de Melli or the commander of the Nictheroy. Keeping a Sharp Lookout,

Rumor has it here that Captain Nunez may torpedo the harbor and take other precautions to prevent being taken by surpris at night or any other time. The electric search light is kept constantly in working order, and the people of Peruainbuco are again worked up to the highest pitch of ex-citement in anticipation of witnessing the battle between the dynamite cruiser and the repel warships. Sharp lookout is kept all along the neighboring coast and sig nal men are stationed on every elevation of ground from which a good view of the coast waters may be had. The government tor-pedo school ship Parahyba, which was recently ordered north, arrived here and a nost as suddenly disappeared, fearing, it is thought, to be engaged in the coming struggle between the Nictheroy and the rebe

Another version of the sudden departure of the Parshyba is that she was ordered by Peixoto to steam to parts unknown upon an important mission. The Nictheroy's crew. during the stay of that vessel in these waters, have not been idle and may be said to be thoroughly acquainted with the dynamite guns, us well as the handling of the rapid firing guns, which are likely to

play the most active part in a night attack should Admiral Mello decide upon attempt ina to cut out the Nictheroy.

FIRED ON BY PEINOTO'S SOLDIERS. Exciting Experience of an American Skip.

per in Brazilian Waters.

PHILDELPHIA. Dec. 27 .- The American schooner Grace Andrews, commanded by Captain Andrews, has arrived here from Brazil. Captain Andrews tells the follow-

ing story: "I arrived at Rio de Janeiro April 12 inst." said the captain, "from America and in June left for Angra des Rois. On September 6 1 went to Rio to attend to some of the snip's business. I arrived there in the evening

and started to the home of L S Andrews, my brother, who is in business there. I was halted and held captive that night by Persoto's soldiers, but managed early the next morning to get to a notel. 'I wo days later I started back for San Goncola, where my vessel was, and on

sate content, where his vesser was, and on reaching there I was informed by my con-signee that owing to the revolution we would be held back from loading our cargo, and it would be necessary for no to return to Rio and caucel the charter. "Istarten back for Rio in my ship's small boat. I took with me an interpreter, a Por-toguese sallor, and two colored scames. When we were within builting distance of a When we were within hulling distance of a small sailing boat, the name of which I can-not remember. I saw hundreds of soldiers running toward the boat, all centering at the point we had to pass.

Fired on the Flag.

"I holsted the American flag, but they shouted in Spanish what my interpreter said was. "If you don't stop we will shout you." The soldiers thought we were trying to get a way, so they find the were trying to get away, so they fired several shots at York.

CHANDLER'S PLANS.

He Has a New Scheme for the Remonetization of Silver.

order and went to the company's office with a deputy sheriff, who served the writ. WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.-Senator Chandler of New Jersey is about to come forward claimed that there was no minute upon the court clerk's memorandum nor the proper with a scheme looking to the remonstization of silver. The senator proposes very radical book of record to show that such an order was issued. Attorney Whittlesey, repre-senting the company, said today: "We methods of bringing this about. He con templates the introduction in the senate. shall fight this order of court, and I have no after the reconvening of congress, of a reso ution which he will advocate, asking the United States to invite all the countries in DENVER, Dec. 27. - The statement of the national banks of this city at the close of business on December 19 shows the total dethe world, eastern, western and southern, to attend a monetary conference. The new features of the proposed conference is that it shall not be restricted to the European gold standard countries, but shall include increase in the deposits of eight banks is \$1,220.008 The docrease in the other two, the People's National and German National, the South American and Oriental silver standard countries. Moreover, the invita tion to the conference is to contain a declara Receiver Asked For for a Cuttery Company tion of the Unitied States that the purpos shall be the establishment and maintenan-TOLEDO, Dec. 27 - An application has been made for the appointment of a receiver for the Chapin Cutlery company. The petition sets up that the total indebedness of the of an international ratio, with the specifi declaration that if such a ratio cannot b agreed upon it will be the purpose of th United States to adopt a single standard and that standard not gold, but silver. H ompany is \$63,736 and that the assets will

taking this extreme position, not as yet ad-vocated in congress even by the radical sil-ver men. Senator Chandler thinks the hands of the gold standard countries not now trad-ing extensively with the _western world can be forced.

SOUTH CAROLINA'S TRADE MARK. Governor Tillman's Suit Against the Com-

missioner of Patents.

WASBINGTON, Dec. 27.-Governor Tillman's petition for a mandamus to issue against the commissioner of patents, commanding him to register a trade mark on the word 'Palmetto" for the dispensary liquors of South Carolina, will be given a hearing 'or Thursday, Janury 4, defore the district court of appeals. J. A. Johnson and J. E. Smith of this city are the attorneys for the state, and Assistant Attorney General Hale and Law Clerk Campbell of the Interior departhave the campoint of the interior departs ment will appear for the commissioner. The case was argued in the district subreme court in October. Judge Bradley issued a peremptory writ of mandamus to Commis-sioner Seymour, commanding him to register the trade mark and make return to the court within twenty days. Counsel for the commissioner then appealed the case to the court of appeals of the district.

SENT BY MAIL LAST FEAR.

Some Stupendous Figures Frepared by the

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27 .- A statement pre pared at the Postoffice department shows tbat during the last fiscal year the total number of pieces of letter mail sent in the domestic mail of the United States was 2407.810.175. There were also 535,517,899 postal cards handled. The number of news papers and periodicals mailed by publisher in the several counties of publication, free, was 382,861.271. Newspapers and periodicals mailed by others than publishers and performing agents. 71,075,777. The total second class matter handled, books, pamphlets, etc., 595,154,179. Fourth class matter mailed, 48,753,181 pieces. Grand total number of about getting enough wheat from current receipts. The domand for patent flour has been good, while mill stuff has commanded been good, while init stud has combined a ready said." The export shipments were 7,300 barrels, against 11.949 the week before. The stock of flour in store amounts to 25,500 barrels, against 44,000 the week before, and 87,500 in 1832. There are five mills in operation, pieces of domestic mail matter handled, 5,021,481,056.

Western Land Office Changes.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27 .- Active preparations are making at the Interior department for changes in the registers and receivers of land offices throughout the west. There are about twelve of these whose tegms expire Movements of Occasionmers, December 27. At Scilly-Sighted, Paris, New York to outhampton; Amsterdam, New York to during January and only these will be taken

p immediately. Much attention is being devoted to the At Queenstown-Arrived, Teutonic, New cases of applicants during the holidays and recommendations will soon be made to the president in order to allow sufficient time Yors to Liverpool. At Bremen-Arrived, Havel, from New for nominations of successors and an exam-

fied that he had been employed in the cas by T. Conklin, liquor dealer, with whom Dr 1.000.000 Cronin boarded. Murray's testimony de veloped nothing new. Dr. Nail J. Moore 1.000.000 gave evidence regarding the wounds on the 250.000.000

There were rumors in the court room today 325,000,000 that new evidence of importance had been discovered by the officers of the state. A man who is said to have been the recipient of confidences from Cunnyea, the absent al-leged conspirator, has been heard of. He lives in another city and a detective is said o have been sent to interview him, with i ew to attempting a corroboration of Mrs

oy's testimony. The prosecution met its first repulse in he afternoon. Judge Tuthill refused to a f mit its important testimony upon the oue the of the conspiracy in Camp 30. The de-cision of the court was practically a recog-nition of the supreme court's ruling, that unless more evidence relating to the ap-pointment of a secret committee and the attonding plot could be secured the question must remain untouched. The evidence taken during the afternoon was not important.

BOGUS CATCK WORKER.

Sioux Falls Business Men Short About \$500 on the Deal.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., Dec. 27.-(Special Telegram to THE BEE |-Last Friday So Aboott arrived here. He represented him self as a member of a large cattle firm of Powers & Abbott of Conrad, Mont. He said his sister was coming here for a divorce, and his sister was coming here for a divorce, and he arranged to lease a large residence in this city. At E. B. Smith's, furniture dealer, he bought \$25 worth of furniture, pave in payment a \$500 check signed by Powers & Abbott on the Stockman's bank, Fort Benton, Mont., and certified by the cashier o the bank. Smith gave him \$75 in change Abbott bought \$192 worth of curtains and carpets of E. J. Daniels, giving n \$200 check with similar endorsements. He worked a

hardware dealer the same way on a stove deal. Other suckers were caught in the net. Business men were probably buncoed to the amount of \$500. Abbott is minus.

OFPOSED THE TAX.

interesting suit in Which the Independent Order of Odd Fellows is Involved.

TOPERA, Dec. 27 .- A temporary injunction was granted by the Shawnee county district court today restraining the grand lodge of Odd Fellows and the grand officers from collecting from the subordinate lodges of the state the \$1.50 per capita tax to pay the in-debtedness on the De Bolssiere Odd Fellows' Orphans home. Reno lodge, No. 99, of Hutchinson and ninety other lodges are the plaintiffs in the suit. It is claimed that the maintenance of the home is foreign to the purposes for which the order was organize and the collection of the tax tilegal. Th Th plaintiffs represent less than one-fourth of the orders in the state and the grand officers are of the opinion that on the final hearing, which has been set for Februar, 14 they will have no difficulty in disproving al.

DON'T HANG A CRAZY MAN. Argument of Counsel for the Defense in

the allegations of the petition.

the Prendergasi Case. CHICAGO, Dec. 27.-Attorneys Essex and Heron addressed the fury in the Prendergast case today in behalf of the prisoner. Mr. Essex begged the jury not to commit a judicial murder by hanging an insane man. Mr. Heron devoted an hour or two to ridicule of Assistant State's Attorney Todu.

After Herron had concluded Mr McGorty spoke for two hours for the defense. He Mr. When two more stars for the derivate. The confined himself wholly to the law insues. Mr. When, who was to make the closing argument for the defense, was ill and court adjourned when Mr. McGoriy closed, a To-morrow Mr. Whate will talk for thirty minutes. Mr. Trude will close for the state and it is very possible that by night the jury may have the case.

Fire in a Convent.

PROVIDENCE, Dec. 27 .- There was a fire in a convent this evening. Several persons are reported burned to death. Loss, about \$250,000,

Comachicans came back from the mountains They buried their dead with oaths of ven-geance, and thus began the revolution. What money they had was invested in Winches-ters and ammunition, and for months they awaited revenge.

awaited revenge. "President Diazaftera time declared them rebels and sent troops on an errand of ex-termination. At the first encounter there were but thirty-eight Tomachicans in the field and the federal troops numbered over 100. In the encounter which followed twenty-four soldiers and four officers were while the vibrares escaped without a killed, while the villagers escaped without a

Fought Like Heroes.

"Then, on September 2 of last rear, General Rangel, with 600 soldiers, appeared be-fore the village. In the engagement 100 men and nine officers fell in the federal ranks and but one Tomachican was wounded. Hostilities ceased for a time, but in November of that year General Hernandez, who is still fighting with the remutants of the Tomachicans, aided by General Corres and Tomaconcans, alord by General Corres and his Pina Indians of Sonora, the general com-manding over 1,000 men and two Gatling guns, succeeded, in an engagement of ten days and nights, in nearly ex-terminating the revolutionists. The latter had reinforced themselves to the num-her of 100 and but twelves or fourteen or ber of 100, and but twelve or fourteen es-caped on the eighth night of the fight. The others were killed, but not until they had al-most annihilated one regiment of the Mexican infantry and strewn the bodies of the soldiers so thickly on the ground that no ef-fort was made to bury them.

"On the tenth day the victorious soldiers entered the village and commanded the women and children, who had locked themselves in a caurch, to surrender. Upon their refusal, the walls were tumbled in upon their heads, and ninety-four defenceless villagers died in the ruins. It was a massacre in every sense, bloody, brutal and unpardonable.

Completely Suppressed.

"News of the various engagements has been suppressed by the Mexican government and stories of the battles emphatically denied. The suppression of news has, I think, been nided by officials of raliroads in that vicinity who feared travel would be lessened by stories of the war. There is no reason why this should be the case, how-ever, as the scene of the revolution is remote from all railroads. The revolution is now practically wiped out, and it is probable little more will be heard of it. The men are into more win be near of it. The men are undoubtedly religious fainties or they would not have attempted war under such uneven conditions, but they have fought bravely and well, with the flerconest of despair, and have caused Mexico no little concern despite the numerous and sweeping denials of that government."

COLORADO FARMERS,

They Endorse Governor Waite and Con-

demn Secretary Morton. DENVER, Dec. 27.-The State Farmers alliance met here today. Some of the reports presented indicate the alliance is gaining ground in Colorado. Governor Waite was invited to address the farmers tomorrow. Resolutions will probably be offered denouncing the governor for calling a special session of the legislature, but as his friends are present in force they cannot be adopted without a stiff fight.

Governor Walte sudressed the alliance this evening in explanation and defense of his call for a special session of the legislature, after which the alliance endorsed his action. There were forty delegates preser-only four of whom expressed dissatisfaction

only four of whom expressed dissatisfaction with the governor's proclamation. A resolution was adopted declaring: "That we condomn the course pursued by J. Sterling Morton, secretary of agriculture, in his ingentlemanly and unfarmerlike attack upon all the organizations of the tillers of the soil, and we carsently urge President Cleveland to displace him with a competent man, who has at least some spmpathy with agriculturists, as the office he holds was cre-ated for their benefit."

aled for their benefit." The alliance voted to petition congress for an issue of \$200,000,000 of greenbacks, to be expended in the construction of reservoirs for irrigating near the crost of the cast and west clopes of the Rocky mountains; for the completion of the Hennepin canal; for deep water harbors, coast fortifications and other improvements.

Miller reports the stock of wheat in private elevators of Minneapolis at 997,000 bushels, 10.000 less than last Monday. The Market Postoffice Department. Record estimates the stock of wheat m country elevators of Minnesota and the two country cievators of Minnesota and the two Danotas at 6,726,000 bushels, an in-crease over last week of 165,000. This makes the total northwestern stock 28,810,842 bushels, or 418,300 bushels more than last week. The addler says that the mills at Superior and Duluth last week produced 49,000 barrels of flour, against week produced 49,000 barrels of flour, against 30,228 barrels the preceding week, 15,651 for the corresponding time in 1892, and 8,411 in Business was stimulated by declining freight rates. Prices of mill products are unchanged. The mills have been troubled