division was announced.

EUROPEAN NEWS NOTES.

Humbert and Queen Marguerite.

-Special to Tun Ban. |-Mr. Potter, United

States minister, had a special audience with

the king and queen this morning, to whom

he presented a letter of congratulation on

the occasion of their silver wedding. Their

majesties seemed and expressed themselves

pleased, especially that one who is persona

gratissima at Italian court had been chosen

as the president's spokesman. King Hum-

bert embraced the opportunity of making a

graceful reference to the love of freedom

which has distinguished both Italy and the

United States. He also referred to the cor-

dial welcome extended the Italian war ships

now in the American waters and expressed the hope that the good feeling existing be-

tween the two countries would remain per-

No Hope from the Conference.

to whether the monetary conference will meet again at the end of May. The Ameri-

can government's reply has not been re-

ceived. It is asserted that owing to Glad-

in the English monetary system the confer-

ence, if it does meet, will only do so to ex-

Bismarck's Condition.

Cable-Special to THE BEE |-The alarm

health has been relieved by bulletins from

Friederichsrune saving it was merely a sud-

den chill, which brought on a severe attack

of neuralgia and loss of sleep, with conse-

quent weakness. The latest reports say the

At the Spitzer Sale.

CARTER STILL TALKING.

of Great Britain.

behalf of the American claims. He criticised

the weak parts of the case presented on be-

half of Great Britain. He admitted

that the United States asked for a monopoly of the seals But

a monopoly, he argued, could only be injurious when artificial prices were

induced by it. In the present instance

that was impossible. On the con-

trary, the monopoly asked for by

production and be beneficial to humanity in

the same way as laws providing for patents

Carter proceeded to refute the British

argument that seals devoured British

waters, Carter said, were the property of the world, Carter quoted from the joint report of the

from the joint report of the commissioners of Great Britain and the

United States appointed to investigate the condition of seal life in the north Pacific

the right of Indians to pursue seals for per

onal sustenance, but not for commercial

Mr. Carter, continuing his argument, re

Mr. Carter, continuing his argument, re-verted to the question of property in scals. He says that the law goes to the farthest extremity when social advantage is at stake and gives protection to prop-erty, even when intangible. In con-

erty, even when intangible. In con-clusion, Mr. Carter submitted that when an animal, though wild, voluntarily becomes

subject to the control of man, so that animal increase could be taken and the species pre-

admitted the British argument that the recognition of the rights of the United States

would tend to establish a monopoly. When did a monopoly become injurious? Only when a rise of prices was induced by it. It was impossible for the United States to withhold the skins from the mar-

ket to force up prices. Such a policy would

lead eventually to such an accumulation that in the end the United States would be

obliged to throw the skins on the market in

measurably. It was only by the care and self-denial of the United States that the sealing industry had been enabled to exist.

therefore the protection demanded was only

The court adjourned until next Tuesday,

WILL NOT ACCEPT JUDD,

Count Kalnoky of Austria So Informs the

VIENNA, April 21 .- Count Kelnoky, Aus-

trian premier, has given notice to the Ameri-

can minister that the Austrian government

will not grant an exequator to Mr. Judd of

St. Louis, appointed by President Cleveland

as consul general for the United States at Vienna. Count Kalnoky states that the rea-son for the refusal of an erequator is be-

ause Judd is an Austrian by his former al-

Will Grant No More Concessions

M. P. for Hull, and one of the owners

which the union dock laborers are on strike, states that the employers have made

Approved the Suffrage Compromise

has approved the compromise granting uni-

versal suffrage, accompanied by piural vot-

This afternoon the duchess received

several prominent ladies, and this evening a

reception was given by Mr. Edward Cooper

in honor of the ducal party. The duke and his party will leave for Washington temor-

To Build a New Court House

\$150,000 for a new court house.

HULL, April 21. Charles Henry Wilson,

the Wilson line of vessels, against

United States.

served, the right of property resulted

yould tend to establish a monopoly

peean to sustain his contributed by the contribution of the contri

fish

British

tolerate

those

in the waters of

United States would encousing

prince is very much better.

were sensational.

and copyright.

ocean

Columbia. The

BERLIN, April 21.- [New York Herald

press it powerlessness and dissolve.

BRUSSELS, April 21 .- | New York Herald

petually unbroken.

DUN'S REVIEW OF THE WEEK

Monetary Doubts Exert a Great Influence on General Trade.

EFFECTS OF BAD WEATHER ALSO FELT

Building Trades Active and Lumber in Good Demand, While Other Business is Retarded by the Uncertainty of the Currency Situation.

New York, April 21.-R. G. Dun & Co's. weekly review of trade: Monetary doubts have overshadowed all other influences at New York, but have not generally affected trade at most other points.

Wheat has fallen 2% cents, with sales of 40,000,000 bushels; corn 2% cents; oil 2% cents, and coffee 115 cents. Wheat receipts have been 2,200,000 bushels at western points in four days and Atlantic exports net 600,000 bushels. Pork products are somewhat lower, though declining less than corn. In the cotton market liquidation has continued, and with sales of 1,200,000 bales here the price has dropped five-sixteenths of l cent. The week's receipts from plantations are equal to last year's, and reports indicate some increase this year in acreage.

Reports from other cities show some em barrassment from storms and the backward spring, with some signs of shrinkage from other causes. Tardy spring makes clothing quiet, and the advance in shoes retards buyers. The building trade is active and the demand for lumber large, but sales of wool are moderate.
Iron is somewhat weaker at Pittsburg, but

the glass trade is active.

Business at Cleveland is in volume larger than last year, but money is active and

At Cincinnati there is a fair shipping business in clothing.

The demand for dry goods at Indianapolis is good, but money is closer.

Trade at Detroit is good, with collections

At Chicago navigation opens with heavy shipments. Currency does not return as was expected, and large sums are tied up in was expected, and large sums are tied up in fair preparations, so that bankers are con-servative. Receipts of cattle, butter and barley increased moderately over last year sheep, 30 per cent; wood 33 and wheat 70 per cent, while in cheese, hogs, flour and lard there is a decrease, corn 30 per cent and rye and cured meats 60 per cent.

At most northwestern points weather checks trade and at points in Wisconsin lightness of money causes apprehension and collections are slow. At St. Paul trade is fair, but seeding retarded.

St. Louis reports bright prospects and large demands for many from the south.

large demands for money from the south west, though owing to the low price of cot ton southern orders are remarkably slow.

Trade Good at Omaha. At Omaha trade is good, and at St. Joseph

Business at Kansas City is very quiet, with large receipts and lower prices for At Denver trade is only fair and at Salt

Weather retards trade at Louisville and Weather retards trade at Louisville and Nashville; Knoxville and at Little Rock Jusiness is quiet; at Columbus very dull, but with improved collections, and at Atlanta fair for the season. At Mobile cotton is moved more freely and

at New Orleans sugar is strong, but rice and other trades quiet. Money in active demand. Pig iron is a shade firmer for foundry. Bessemer is weaker at Pittsburg and Bir-mingham. No. 2 is offered at \$9. Trade in bar is dull, with the prices as low as ever and a cut to \$1.06 in beams and channels is and a cut to \$1.06 in beams and channels is reported. Sales of lake copper at \$11\frac{1}{4}\$ cents are rumored. The demand for tin is slow, while coal is dull and easy. In textile fabrics mills are still busy with old orders. Collections throughout the country are at all points slower than usual and conditions such that a monetary stringency might occur if exchange with this center was emborrassed. Meanwhile exports of merchandise in April fall much below last year's, while imports fall much below last year's, while imports increased nearly 20 per cent, so that the excess of imports amounts to considerably

The failures occurring throughout the country during the last seven days number 208, compared with totals of 209 last week. For the corresponding week last year the

BRADSTREET'S REVIEW OF TRADE.

Uncertainty of the Financial Question Has a

Depressing Effect. New York, April 21.—Bradstreet tomorrow, will say: The backward season and storms cause a tendency on the part of jobbers generally in staple lines to act conservatively, while general trade is less favorable than a week ago. Further reduction of cotton prices results in a shading of quotations for cotton goods, print cloths going off one-eighth of a cent, with an improvement in general demand based on the concessions. It is denied that the prices are shaded, but samples of the new clip are in the markets. In addition quotations have gone off on wheat, corn and oats, pork and lard, on rice and coffee among food staples, the reduction in the last being due to the pricking of the bull bubble blown by the European speculators in that berry. There is a manifest halt in the rate of progress of general trade, compared with like seasons in previous years, although the volume of business is of larger proportions, as shown by

bank clearing totals.

Exports of wheat from both coasts of the United States for six days, ending with April 20, aggregated 3,063,000 (flour included), a total slightly in excess of that for the preceding week, but about equal to the mantity and abread in the like week a year. quantity sent abroad in the like week a year ago. It is 20 per cent more than was sent abroad in the third week of April in 1891, 1890 or 1889. Stocks of wheat at home and in Europe and affect for Europe caused traders to buy conservatively and constitute the dead weight in prices. Some Chicago carriers have secured money in New York this week, the western center having had its

surplus funds fully employed.

The acute condition of the currency complication creates bearish and declining ten-dencies in the market for securities. There encies in the market for securities. has, however, been an absence of panicky symptoms, and declines are moderate, but liquidation had still to be effected, showing that the markets discounted the anticipated rises. Professional operators, while bearish, hesitate to swell the short interest, and long buying is preventing complete specu

The lack of improvement of favorable re port as to the outlook in the New England and middle states has not changed. The increase in movement of cotton goods from Boston, due to decline in prices, is offset by continued decreases in the volume of shipment of shoes for a month past.

Louisiana sugar acreage has increased cotton crop reports are unfavorable and there is said to be a scarcity of seed. In the province of Quebec trade in dry goods, paints and hardware continues to suffer because of the unseasonable weather and bad country roads. Manufacturers are busy on fall samples. There is considerable in quiry for ocean freight room, and large quantities of grain will be moved as soon as navigation opens, which will probably be two

Wall Street for a Week. NEW YORK, April 21.—Bradstreet's weekly review of the stock market this week will say: In spite of the weakness in prices and sharp breaks which have occurred in particular stocks, the stock market, which for a while has been free from panicky symptoms. supports the pressure of the existing financial complications with noteworthy steadiness. The street has been preparing for an expected crisis for months past and therefore not surprised. Liquidation has been so thorough that the opportunity for "shaking out" weak holdings were reduced to a minimum, while brokers and their customers have arranged their accounts in anticipation of the actual developments. This is illustrated by the comparative case of money. The street on the whole seems to or money. The street on the whole seems to regard the present dispensation as a neces-sary evil, and as the first step toward an cluddation of the whole silver trouble, there being much less disposition to look for a temporary relief in the form of a govern-

ment bond issue than was the case a short time age. The nearest approach to a real break in prices was on Friday, when the shipment of \$5,00,000 in gold and a rise in call loan rates, supplemented by the failure of a large street concern, caused heavy de-clines, which, in the last part of the day, were followed by a strong raily on the rumor that the treasury would continue to pay out gold on the treasury notes.

CLEARING HOUSE STATEMENTS. Omaha Continues to Show a High Per-

centage of Increase. Naw York, April 31.—The following table compiled by Bradstreet's, gives the clearing house returns for the week ending April 20, 1803, and the percentage of increase or decrease, as compared with the cor-responding week of 1892:

t I	CITTES	CLEARINGS.	ncrease	ecroase
	New York	8 .700,610.098	26.0	77.00
5	Chicago	111,517,076	24.7	2000
8		101.635.720	13:0	11:1
0	Philindelphis	74,700 174	22227	18718
t l	San konnelsed	15 574 171	10.0	*****
-	Philadelphis St. Louis San Francisco Bellimoro	74,700,774 26,227,715 15,574,071 15,631,740	7.5	11111
1			40.15	37777
	Cincinnati.	14.115.780	5.0	111111
ē	Kanaas City	10,887,914 10,771,823	27.0	A
	Cincinnati. Kansas City. New Orleans Minneapolis.	8,700,717	40.0	
Î	Buttle	8,424,983	6.0	12.55
8	Lorisville	7,826,452	16.0	110000
8	Lorisville. Detroit. Missausee.	6,1833,862	1.6	171111
	Cheanad	9,741,571 6,807,511	10.0	513551
	Omaha	6,404,317	42.0	
5	1 terrain later training	11 5 10 500	3000.0	
ă	Denver	5,151,168	23/0	11111
n.	Indianappila	4.813.815 4.813,511	19.5	
ď	Denver St. Paul. Indianapolis. Columbus O.	0,522,400		10.0
	Houston Memphis	4,512,886	45.0 20.0	11001
55 C	Memphis	2,832,107	29:0	12712
	Harting I.	2.418,723 2.271,697	14.0	12.00
1	Hartford Portland, Ore. Washington	13974,639		
	Washington	2,649,615	29.2	
t.	Dallas	2,047,500		
	Peorla	1,726,000 1,770,918	95.0	141111
F	Savannah Nashville Salt Lake City St. Joseph	1,245,748	20,0	31 5 30 5
1	Salt Lake City	1,402,154		20 5
	St. Joseph	1,638,092	3.2	*****
ġ.	Buluth	2,254,495 1,748,839	36.0	11/4/4
	Atlanta	1,092,171	447.80	8.5
8	New Haven	1,713,028	19.0	
	Atlanta New Haven Springheld, Mass	1,743,467	27.1	
9	Worcester Portland, Me Fort Worth	1,544,931	14.5	
	Fort Worth	1.957.758 1.947.670	151.9	55.53
y	Seattle	1,178,762	22.0	
S	Sioux City	1,148,170	17.5	*****
ti .	Waco	1,101,709	14.0	25555
1-	Grand Ranida	1.038.795	20.2	
4	Seattle Sloux City Waco Des Moines Grend Rapids Norfelk	905,867	1 5	PK POT
9	Los Angeles	1,009,085	61.3	
0	Syracuse Wilmington Del Tacoma	1,175,250 1,030,963	19.0	*****
1	Tacoma	1 300,352	14.8	10.550
1	Lowell	1,000,352 867,700 791,210	6.0	18.7
	Lowell	791,210		18.7
r	Lincoln	594,512 631,584	13.5	*****
n	Lavington Ky	253,520	1.5	****
ă -	Birmingham Lexington, Ky New Bedford	5574,059		
8	TODERS	453,873	12.6	0.7544
	Binghamiton	4/3,873 281,700 812,806	25540	3.3
1	*-pokune *Saginaw. Mich	302 965		117541
1-	*Jacksonville			
t-o	*Jacksonville	610,926 311,087	*****	****
	Emporta Kan	52,651		111111
	*Emporia Kan Fall River *Charleston.	314,087 52,651 825,447 816,541	*****	1595.00
4	"Sloux Falls	257,121		
h	*Sioux Falis	257,194 523,475 260,084		100000
	Springfield, O	260,084	11000	*****

18,913,182 19.0 ... *Not included in totals.

Total United States... \$ 1.242,915,644 18.6 Outside New York... \$ 553,405,546 9.8

Dominton of Canada.

INGALLS ON ORATORY. THE SUNDAY BEE will contain another exlusive letter from the pen of ex-Senator

5,529,581 100.0

fail to read it. ESCAPED FROM SING SING

Two Daring Condemned Murderers Gain Their Liberty. SING SING, N. Y., April 21.-Roehl and Pallister, murderers, escaped from prison last night. Both men were under sentence

to be electrocuted soon. Guard Hulse said that at 7 o'clock last night he passed supper into Pallister's cell. The condemned man threw a handful of pepper into the guard's eyes. Hulse was blinded and Pallister rushed on him, took his revolver away and under threats of death forced Hulse into Palister's cell, first taking the keys from him. He then locked Hulse in the cell and unlocked the cell of Murderer Frank Roehl.

The two murderers then unlocked the cells of Carlyle W. Harris and Murderer Osmond. They invited these to escape with them Both Harris and Osmond refused. Pallister and Roehl waited until 9 o'clock, when Guard Murphy came on duty. As Murphy entered the corridor Pallister presented a pistol at Murphy's head, taking the keys from him and locked him in Roehl's cell. Pallister took Hulse's shoes and cap from him and put them on himself. Threatening to kill the guards if they made an outery, the two murderers climbed down into the yard and made their escape, whether by the river or over the wall was not known. The terribly stormy night facilitated their scape. It is supposed Pallister had been

escape. It is supposed Painster had been saving the pepper given him daily with his meals with the object of escape in view.

In connection with the escape of the two convicts, condemned aurderers, it leaked out this morning that the brother of Rochi arrived in this city ten days ago from Ger many with \$7,000, which Roehl had inherited His brother, upon his arrival here, called upon Goldberg & McLaughlin, the prisoner's informed them that he was roing to Sing Sing. After a stay of a fe days there he returned to this city and said that he would immediately return to Euthat he would immediately return rope. He is believed to have remain country and to have assisted in his brother's escape.

It is believed that Harris' refusal to take advantage of his opportunity to escape will have some weight with the governor in de-

COLUMBUS FLEET ARRIVES.

Three Caravels and Their Escort Safely in

FORT MONROE, Va., April 21.-The three Columbus caravels arrived at 10:30 o'clock this morning in tow of Spanish warrships and were received with great thunders of salute and a display of flags ofthe countries represented by the fleets, and dropped anchor at the end of the line of vessels. The little fleet was tumbled about off the Virginia coast yesterday in a lively fashion by the northeast wind that blew all day, but managed to make the capes early this morn-ing, and after taking pilots aboard pro-

At the head of the fleet was the pro-tected cruiser Infanta Isabelia, towing the flagship Santa Maria, which dis-played the flag of the admiral. Behind and a mile astern came the torpedo vessel Nouva Espana, with the Nina as her charge, and in the latter's wake

was the big black protected cruiser Reina Regent, with the Pinta. When off the fort the stars and stripes when on the fort the stars and stripes were brought out and saluted by the leader, the fort quickly responding. Before the Santa Maria was abreast the Philadelphia, the Dutch frigate Vanspyk ran up the Spanish colors and saluted them with thirteen rounds. Then the Russian ship General Admiral commenced the salute, and later every flagship in the barbor and later every flagship in the barbor. and later every flagship in the harbon honored these curious looking crafts and the country they came from.

were more or less damaged.

Hemmed in by Ice. MENOMINEE, Mich., April 21 .- The steam barge Burnham and the tug Claus are hemmed in by ice here and are in danger of beign crushed. The steam barges Colburn and Mills, which came here vesterday were Mills, which came here yesterday, were fairly driven away by the heavy wind and

OPPONENTS OF HOME RULE

Sir Henry James and Mr. Balfour Attack the Measure.

GLADSTONE'S GRAND ANSWER TO THEM

Never in Better Form, the Grand Old Man Makes a Stirring Appeal for Justice for Ireland-Passed Its Second Reading.

LONDON, April 21. - Members of the House of Commons flocked to the House early today to secure seats for the final contest over the second reading of the Irish home rule bid. Dr. C. K. Tanner, nationalist member for Cork, was first to arrive, being present as early as 6 o'clock.

Sir Henry James' Address.

Sir Henry James, liberal unionist, addressed the House this afternoon in opposition to the bill. He said that the government of Ireland would be in the hands of those now forming the majority of Irish representatives-men drawn from the land league and proved to be conspirators against law. These men would take place and power with the determination to sweep out of Ire-

land the landlords, whom they regarded as an English garrison.
"Talk of the bill as a final settlement," exclaimed Sir Henry. "It is simply a meas-ure to enable a section of Irish agitators to deal as they may choose with the country.
It is practically a repeal of the union and an epitaph on the supremacy of the Imperial Parliament. Instead of being a measure of peace between the two countries, it was a message of war. There might for some time be an armed peace, but if it should require the interference of the military in order to enforce it where could real neare by. The enforce it, where could real peace be? The bill surpasses the ingenuity of man in devising proposals to bring the law into contempt There is not a man in Ireland who could not set its provisions at defiance. Neither could the judges enforce it. Had the bill been explained to the English constituencies, the present government could never have obtained even a limited English minority in support of it, and the prime minister, who is trying to pass the measure solely through Irish votes, would never again have sat on a ment bench. Sir Henry James was heartily applauded at the close by the conservatives and liberal

mionist members.

Early in the evening the debate was m

opolized by minor members. At 10 o'clock Mr. Gladstone entered hurriedly amidst cheers. Members began to return rapidly. At 10:30 Mr. Balfour was received with cheers. All the members had meantime taken their places and the house waited expectantly for the heavy guns of the final de bate on the second reading.

Balfour's Arguments.

Mr. Balfour arose shortly before II o'clock. A longer period had never been occupied with the second reading of a bill, he said, than had been allowed for the present debate. No man, however, had dared contend that within the narrow limits of the two islands four assemblies, with four execu-tives, could be operated in harmony with one Imperial Parliament. He, himself, could not believe that this childish limitation of the United States constitution would ever commend itself to the judgment of the British people. [Cheers.] He, therefore, would put the federation aside, as not immediate to the discussion. The home rule bill had been brought forward to meet the had been brought forward to meet the liberal party's necessities, which were connected with Irish agitation and Irish crime. [Hear, hear.] Never had such an important constitutional change been proposed with such filmsy reasons. Substantial arguments for the necessity of the measure could be enumerated on the fingers of one hand. Two of these arguments were that the union had of these arguments were that the union had failed and that coercion had failed. Mr. Balfour was interrupted by confusion

among the Irish members, and upon resum-ing his speech shouted that agrarian crime in Ireland was at its worst before the union. This statement evoked loud cries of, "No, false," and "Shame," from the Irish members.

Proceeding, Mr. Balfour said it was madness to look forward with the premonition of seeing agrarian crime stamped out in the mmediate future. It was absurd to hold England responsible for Ireland's woes, although it might be admitted that England sometimes had played a sorry part tow her sister country, who could but feel gusted with the creeping hypocrisy of the men who, although aware of the history of

Ireland, threw upon England the responsiollity for Irish wrongs.

What answer had the government given the argument that home rule would inflict injuries upon the British taxpayer? None. What answer did the unionists get when hey asked about the so-called supremacy of British Parliament! Everybody knew that this would be only a paper supremacy The Irish would have the real and the British the illusory supremacy. [Cheers.] Could anybody imagine how the two majorities

would work together! What Home Rule Meant.

Mr. Baifour described the bill as a decisive step towards separation, although not a final one. To make it law, he said, would lead altimately to the disintegration of the em-He next discussed in considerable de ail the financial aspect of the home rule The bill, if passed, would entail losses hardship upon all classes in Ireland. Irish ambitions would center in the Dublin Parliament. Irishmen would regard the Imperial Parliament as a foreign and unrelated body. The Irish people would drink from the bitter and polluted stream of Irish history instead of the pure stream of English history. [Laughter.]
"If you commit this great political crime,"

said Mr. Balfour in closing his speech, "you make yourselves responsible for an irretriev able national disaster, and all hopes of a peaceful and united Ireland will vanish for

Prolonged cheers and counter cheers followed this peroration.

Prince Christian joined the prince of Wales in the peers' gallery and Sir William Harcourt took his place on the treasury bench.

When Gladstone Arose.

As Mr. Gladstone arose to address the house the cheering was renewed. Like Mr. Balfour, he was in splendid form. His voice was clearer and fuller than any time before during the session and his movements gave evidence of unusual energy and earnestness. The principal weapons of the opposition he said, were bold assertion, persistent exaggeration, constant misconstruction and opious and baseless arguments. There were financial arrangements to dealt with, but among the difficulties nothing existed which ought to abash or terrify men when they were to accomplish a great object.

The opposition had evaded steadfastly the answer to the question of the second reading—how can Ireland be governed if this bill be

Lord Salisbury had asked for twenty ears of coercion, but as the duty of convert ng Ireland to Protestantism, inaugurated under Queen Elizabeth, had failed down to the present time, what ground was there for hope that in but twenty years it would succeed? The late government had started with a majority of 120. Neither the children nor grandchildren of this generation would see such a majority again. Yet the whole see such a majority again. Yet the whole fabric of their policy had failed; and what guarantee was there that it would not fail again! The present bill sought to close a con roversy that had lasted for centuries. and's loyal acceptance of the present bil cause distrust and this disbelief to

ing, based on education and property, as adopted by the Chamber of Representatives. Completing the Ruin at Zante. vanish. There had oeen no disaffection of the Irish mind since the door of hope had been ATHENS, April 21. Two violent shocks were felt in Zante today. Several of the repened. The continued distrust of the Irish maining buildings were wrecked and half a copie, despite ail they could do, came simply ozen persons injured. to this—that they were to be pressed below the level of civilized mankind. When the boon Still Entertaining the Duke. of self-government was given to the British colonies was Ireland alone to be excepted from its blessings! To deny Ireland home New YORK, April 21.-The duke de Veragua and his party today visited Brook-

legiance.

strikers.

rule was to say that she lacked the ordinary faculties of humanity. His Grand Closing.

Mr. Gladstone's closing words were: "You cannot be surprised that we have under-taken the solution of this great question, and as on the one hand it is not least of the arduous efforts of the liberal party, so, or the other hand, it will have its place in his tory—sye, and not remote, but early history—as not the least durable, fruitful and blessed among its accomplished acts. Before the cheering ceased George Bart-ley, conservative for North Islington, rose to

continue the debate. Mr. Morley, chief sec-

retary for Ireland, moved the cloture and it LEAGUE DELEGATES retary for Ireland, moved the clothre and a was adopted.
William Saunders, radical for the Walworth division, of Newington, who threatened to hold the opposition, changed his mind at the last moment and went into the lobby with, the ministerialists.

As Mr. Gladstone returned from the lobby, liberats and nationalists, rose, cheered and waved their hats. John Redmond shouted: "Three cheers for Parnell!" but the only response was laughter.

Republicans Who Will Represent the State at the Louisville Meeting.

NO DIFFICULTY IN MAKING SELECTIONS sponse was laughter.

The announcement that the bill had passed the second reading by a vote of 347 to 304 was the signal for more cheers and hat waving. There was another demonstration when Mr. Gladstone left the House. Crowds had gathered outside the building and as the prime minister rode away he was followed by their cheers.

Instructions in Reference to Securing the Next National Convention for Des Moines Not Issued-List of the Representatives.

by their cheers.

The division was taken on strict party lines. Every nationalist member voted with the majority. The dissident liberals to a man, went with the opposition. The prince of Wales remained until the result of the DES MOINES, In., April 21.- Special Telegram to Tue Bee. - At the lowa republican league meeting today the following delegates were chosen to attend the national league convention at Louisville May 10: Ex-officio president pro tem, C. T. Dawson; secretary, F. R. Conaway; at large, A. B. Commings. Minister Potter Has Audience with King G. B. Pray, Frank D. Jackson, W. M. M. [Copyrighted 1833 by James Ger. Ion Bennett.] Rome, April 21. → New York Herald Cable

Farland, W. P. Hepburn and J. P. Dolliver First district, not represented, but will be illed later: Second district, F. W. Mapin of linton, George H. Metzger and F. W. Smith Clinton, George H. Metzger and F. W. Smith of Davenport and Will Balley of rown City; Third district, Homer A. Miller of Eagle Grove, F. B. Daniels of Dubuque and A. Shellato of Independence; Fourth district, James E. Blythe of Masen City; Fifth district, Charles Wanser of Tama and Frank Letts of Marshalltown; Sixth district, Calvin Manning of Ottunwa, W. G. Ray of Grinnell, James A. Rice of Oskaloosa and Jason Greene of Newton; Seventh district, A. McCall of Adel, John M. Work, C. C. Dowell and W. M. Lewis of Des Moines; Eighth district, General F. M. Drake of Centerville, Charles T. Hartinger of Osceola and W. O. Mitchell of Corning; Ninth district, John A. Storrey of Green. Oaceola and W. O. Mitchell of Corning; Ninth district, John A. Storrey of Green-field, H. W. Byers of Harlan, J. J. Stedman of Council Bluffs and C. W. Neal of Stuart; Tenth district, W. T. Diller of Lake City, and Charles Kuehule of Denison; Eleventh district, Edgar E. Machk of Storm Lake, H. B. Wyman of Sheldon, G. McMilan of Rock Rapids and P. R. Bailey of Prim-gram

Cable-Special to THE BEE!-The Belgian All vacancies in the above list will be filled by the executive committee later. The date of the next state convention is left to the discretion of the secretary. cabinet has questioned the United States as

Took Everything in Sight. Stoux City, Ia., April 21.- | Special Telestone's unflinching opposition to any change gram to THE BEE.]-Bert Michael, a well-todo fellow, recently married Mary Bael in this city and went with her to live on a farm in South Dakota near Bridgewater. Shortly, after he settled down Charles West and James Devlin went to Bridgewater from this city. Michael Devlin went to work for Michael and West got employment near by. created yesterday concerning Bismarck's A couple of days after they drove across the country to Salem with Michael's team. Devlin came back and reported that West took the team from a barn and drove it Michael started in pursuit of West, but did not find him. When he returned he found that Devliu had gone with his wife, taking a mule and cart belonging to Michael. No trace has been found of either West, Devlin, the woman or the stolen property.

Pauts, April 21.—[New York Herald Cable -Special to Tug Beg.]—The fifth day of the Iowa Storm Damage. Spitzer sale this afternoon brought a total Cheston, Ia., April 21.—[Special to The Bee.]—A regular old-fashioned winter blizof 360,810 frames, bringing up the total for the first five days to almost a million francs. zard set in last night and has been in While the prices today were good, none progress all day long and is continuing with increased furry. A terrific rain and a strong wind has accompanied the storm. Much damage has resulted from the wind, and if it turns cold fruit and vegetables will be in-jured. Trains on the Burlington are reported He Refutes the Arguments Made in Behalf late, the storm being general along the Q's Paris, April 21.-J. C. Carter, counsel for main line. Sioux City, Ia., April 21,—[Special Telethe United States in the Bering sea tribunal arbitration, continued his argument on

gram to THE BEE | The railroads have re-covered from the blockade occasioned by the blizzard yesterday and freight train traffle was resumed this afternoon, while passenger trains are again running on time.

Swindled Iowa Brokers. Stoux Cirv, Ia., April 21.-(Special Telegram to The Bee. |-George St. Isser was sentenced to two years in the Anamosa penitentiary today for obtaining money under false pretensions. He was inspection agent for Bong Bros. chattel mortgage brokers, and in collision with E. Hansen and Victor Fish swindled his employers out of large sums would get them to sign fletiti gages describing property that existed in his mind only and recommend the granting of the loan to the brokers, getting checks for it which were presented at banks for payment by Hansen or Fish, whom he identified under various aliases. Fish got one year

and Hansen has fled. Boycotting the Illinois Central. FORT DODGE, In., April 21.- (Special Tele gram to THE BEE.]-A formal boycott of th Illinois Central railroad has been declared by the business men of Fort Dodge. Mayor Granger is circulating a paper which is already signed by all the heavy shippers of the city, all signers agreeing not to do any freight or passenger business with the Illi-nois Central after May I unless that line takes immediate steps to build a new senger and freight depot here. It pected that nearly every merchant in the city will sign the agreement, which will mean a yearly loss to the road of about \$100,000, tunless the demands of the city are complied with.

Captured a Shoplifter, Sioux City, Ia., April 21.-[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]-A man giving his name as Harry Wilson was arrested here by the police today on a grand larceny charge. He was seen to lift two overcoats in a clothing store and when arrested had them in his possession. Among his effects were express receipts from many cities in the west for goods consigned to H. Hall, New York, all representing goods of considerable value. The police thing they have a shoplifter who has operated extensively in this part of the

Thrown Under the Wheels. GLENWOOD, In., April 21.-[Special Tele gram to THE BEE.]-At 2 o'clock this afternoon as a freight train pulled out of Malvern. Clarence Lyney. 19 years of age, attempted to get aboard. He was thrown under the wheels and killed. His home is in Newton.

Charged with Forgery. DAVENPORT, Ia., April 21 .- | Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-Frank Stoltz, aged 40. has been arrested here for forging three notes with the name of his employer, E. S. Glaspell. The notes aggregate \$100. Newspaper Mea Fight.

Hamburo, Ia., April 21.-[Special to The BEE, |-O. H. Tibbetts and Charles Stimp son, two newspaper men here indulged in a fight in front of the postoffice this morning. One shot was fired. No one hurt.

WEATHER FORECASTS.

It Will Be Fair and Slightly Warmer in Nebraska Today. Washington, D. C., April 21.—Forecast for Saturday: For Nebraska and the Dathe concessions they will grant the kotas-Generally fair; northwest winds BRUSSELS, April 21.-The Belgian Senate slightly warmer.

For Iowa: Fair; brisk northwesterly winds; slightly warmer. Local Record. OFFICE OF THE WEATHER BUREAU, OMAHA April 21.—Omaha record of temperature and rainfall, compared with corresponding day of

past four years:

1893, 1892, 1891, 1890

Maximum temperature, 45° 41° 73° 72°

Minimum temperature, 30° 35° 50° 51°

Average temperature, 38° 38° 64° 62°

Precipitation, 01° 08, 55, 00° Statement showing the condition of temperature and precipitation at Omaha for the day and since March 1, 1863: Normal temperature Deficiency for the day Deficiency since March 1 Normal precipitation Deficiency for the day Deficiency March 1

GEORGE E. HUNT, Local Forecast Official,

South Dakota Farmers Seeding. CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., April 21 .- [Special HCRON, S. D., April 21.—Farmers resumed Telegram to THE BEE . The Board of seeding this morning, following two days insupervisors has ordered a special election to terruption by rain and slight snow, accombe held June 20 for the purpose of voting on the proposition of bonding the county for panied by a heavy north wind. Freight cars on the east line of the Dakota Central

were abandoned east of Brookings and snow plows sent from here to clear the track. North, south, east and west lines are not in-terrupted.

Custer Post Camplice.

Custer Post No. 7, Grand Army of the Republic, will give a campfire at its hall on Fifteenth between Dodge street and Capitol avenue next Tuesday evening. Goospeakers will be in attendance and the comnittee in charge promise all visitors a good

John E. Ristey Itt. New York, April 21. - John E. Risley, the newly appointed minister to Denmark, is seriously ill at his residence in this city.

LOCAL BREFI IES.

Work on the Hendrix water power canal begins today. Minor permits aggregating \$1,450 were

ssued yesterday by the inspector of build-Today being a legal holiday in this state, all of the county offices will be closed during the entire day.

The case of forgery against Albert Lindsley was dismissed in police court yes-terday on account of no prosecution. The contractors have begun the brick and stone work on the Omnha club house at the corner of Twentieth and Douglas streets.

Contractor Coots is now placing in positic the carved oak panet work in the city ha entrance. It will be completed within a few Mrs. Dr. Freda Lankton has been asked

by the board of managers of the woman's congress at the World's fair to deliver an address on "The Medical Profession for The regular weekly meeting of the Board

of County Commissioners will not be held this afternoon. It being Arbor day and a holiday the members will simply meet and adjourn until some day next week. Sheriff Bennett went to Lincoln yesterday taking wito him Ed Deane and James Ben nett, the two men who were convicted of having burglarized a shoe store at Sixth and Pierce streets, and who were sentenced to

terms of two years each in the state peni tentiary. A short session of the Fire and Police com a store session of the Fire and Fe con-missioners was held yesterday aftermoon. Ed O'Neill of Truck 3 was appointed captain of hose company No. 11, vice Noonan, dis-missed. J. A. Henderson and Al Troebe were appointed regular firemen.

The East Omaha Land company has brought suit in ejectment against Willis K. Jacobs. The plaintiff alleges that the de-fendant is squatting upon one of its lots and refuses to move, notwithstanding the fact that he has no legal right in the property Extensive preparations are being made for the convention of railway physicians and

surgeons which meets in Omaha on the last two days in May and the first day of June. It is expected that there will be over 500 of the leading physicians and surgeons of the country in attendance at this meeting. Robert Strom, who lives at 1622 Harne street, reported to the police last night that a room in his residence had been rented to a stranger during the afternoon and that later on it was discovered that a watch, re-volver and several other trinkets were miss

A description of the stranger was left with the police. Ben Baker, United States district at-orney, returned home with his family last ight and took a carriage at the depot for his residence. On the way up one of satchels was lost off the driver's box. search of the streets was made as soon as the loss was discovered, but the missing grip could not be found.

Rev. S. Wright Butler will deliver a plain talk to men about the things which cause men to wreck their lives Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock at the Young Men's Christian association hall. The service will be attrac-tive, as usual, with orchestral accompaniment and singing by quartet and chorus. The bible classes at 9:15 a, m. and 3 p. m. will also prove attractive and helpful to mon.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

E. A. Williams of Fremont was in Omaha R. E. and E. W. Gibson came in from Crete

I. E. Doty of David City was upon the streets yesterday.

F. G. Hansen of Crete registered at one of

Miss Etta Steele of Herman, Neb., who came down to attend the Paderewski recital, returned last evening.

O. W. Crawford, secretary of the Transmississippi Commercial congress, will leave Omaha this afternoon on the Union Pacific flyer for Ogden to attend the session of the congress at that place next week.

NEW YORK, April 21.—[Special Telegram to The Bre.]—Omaha: E. J. Roe, buyer for Gate City Hat company, Westminster; F. R. Robeson, Westminster; T. J. Mahoney, Hoffman; S. E. Hutchison, St. Denis. CHICAGO, III., April 21.—[Special Telegram to THE BEL.]—Nebraska arrivals: Palmer—John Walters, Jr., Omaha, Victoria—F. M. Van Houten, Omaha, Auditorium—Miss Jessie Reynolds, Omaha, Great Northern—Frank Welff, Omaha, At the Mercer: J. R. Norris, Byron Kings bury, Chicago; H. P. Johnson, Davenport Ma.; F. C. Gentoch, Sait Lake; E. J. Des-Moineane, Chicago; T. F. Hummell, Fre-mont; H. H. Wallace, Tekamah; Charles Allen, Aurora, Neb.; A. Hinshilwood, Cleve-land, O.; C. E. Latshan, Chicago; O. D. Noble, Lincoln; H. D. Pettibone, Minneapolis: N. B. Armstrong, Mrs. J. C. Fetzer Ottumwa; Thomas M. Reid, Chicago; Cap tain L. A. Thrasher, Lawrence, Kan.; W. E. Peebles & Son, Pender; S. B. Hathaway, New York; Charles A. Dodds and wife, Park City, U. T.; J. B. Aveline, Sait Lake: D. Q. Nichelson, Valentine; Charles Harding Nichelson, Valentine; Charles Hardi Norfolk, Neb.: Thomas Tobin, Salt Lake,

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ly used than any other cathartic. Sugar-coated, purely vegetable, and free from mercury or any other injurious drug, this is the ideal family medicine. Though prompt and energetic in their action, the use of these pills is attended with only the best results. Their effect is to strengthen and regulate the organic functions, being especially beneficial in the various derangements of the stomach, liver, and bowels.

Ayer's Pills are recommended by all the leading

physicians and druggists, as the most prompt and effective remedy for biliousness, nausea, costiveness, indigestion, sluggishness of the liver, jaundice, drowsiness, pain in the side, and sick headache; also, to relieve colds, fevers, neuralgia, and rheumatism. They are taken with great benefit in chills and the diseases peculiar to the South. For travelers, whether by land or sea,

Ayer's Pills

omitted in the outfit. To preserve their medicinal integrity in all climates, they are put up in bottles as well as boxes.

"I have used Ayer's Pills in my family for several years, and always found them to be a mild and excellent purgative, having a good effect on the liver. It is the best pill used." -Frank Spillman, Sulphur, Ky. Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer's Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by Druggists Everywhere.

Every Dose Effective

Hood's Cures

My Health is Solid

As a Duck's Foot in the Mud Cured of Gravel and Indigration by Hood's Sarsapartila



Change Timeris

"I want to say that I have been made a new man by Hood's Sarsaparilla and Hood's Pills. I was in a wretched condition and paid to one physician \$42 for attendance and prescriptions, which gave me no relief. I suffered intensely from gravel, and think I have enclured as much misery as any man from that complaint. I gave up hope of ever getting well and was only walking ing about to

Save Funeral Expenses. Nothing would stay on my stomach. I began to take Hoed's Sarsaparilla, and found that it did me good, so I kept on till I have taken as solid as a duch's foot in the mud.

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla

CURES I shall keep Hood's Sarsaparilla in the house, as I consider it the cheapest and best medicine in the market. My indigestion is entirely cured, and all symptoms of the gravel have disappeared." FREDERICK EARN-FRED. No. 64 South Carpenter street, Chicago, Illinois.

N. B. Besure to get Hood's and only HOOD'S. Hood's Pitts act easily, yet promptly and

Terrible DAMGER POINTS

for the lungs and pipes. Beware of the cold the cough, the chest pain, the inflammation, THE DEADLY PREUMONIA,

the rocked lunt, the droaded Consumption.
Put on duty only the strongest guard, the oldest and most fairnful stand-by, DR. SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP.

Break up your co'd at once. Stop your cough. Drive out that inflammation in time. Defy that Pneumonia. Cure that Consump-

THE PULMONIC SYRUP

acts quickest and surest of all remedies of the lungs. The oldest and best approved standard for every lung trouble. Dr. Schenck's Practical Treatis s on Diseases of Lungs, Stomach and Liver, mailed free to all ap-plicants. Dr. J. H. Schenck & Son, Philadelphia

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AMUSEMENTS.

BOYD'S NEW FOR SOCIETY Sunday, Monday & Tuesday, April 23, 24 & 25 THE EMINENT ACTOR. LEWIS MORRISON, in his entirely new and reconstructed sublime section and dramatic production of "FAUST."

EVERY COSTEME | NEW THE WONDERFUL "BROCKEN SCENE," Embellished with flashes of genuing lightning. The sale of seats will open saturday morning at he following prices: First flor ale, the and flow alconybic and the

FARNAM St. THEATRE POPULATION 15c, 25c 35c, 50c, 75c. 3 Nights Thursday, Friday and Saturday Evenings

STOCKWELL'S SPECTACULAR UNCLE TOM'S CABIN PETER JACKSON as UNCLE TOM.

Usual Saturday Matinee. FARNAM ST. THEATRE PRICES 15c, 25c, 35c, 50c and 75c, 4 NIGHTS Beginning Mat nes SUNDAY FRITZ AND WEBSTER

A BREEZY TIME. Funny situations, clouds of prutty girls tun nusic and skillful dancing. MATINEE WEDNESDAY, ANY SEAT 250.

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The Rijou Stock Company in THE - UPPER - HAND. Little Sara The Phenomenal Child Dances. Matince Daily. - Popular Prices.

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