VOSS MAY YET BE CHOSEN

Becretary Carlisle Will Consider All the Charges Preferred.

NO APPOINTMENT TO BE MADE AT PRESENT

Omaha's Federal Building Not Likely to Have a New Superintendent Soon-Nebraska Democrats Again Fail to Secure Any Postoffices.

Washington Bureau of The Bee. 513 Fourtheath Street, Washington, D. C., April 15. Editor Hitchcock of the World-Herald today telegraphed Secretary Carlisle that he had not protested against the appointment of Henry Vess to be superintendent of construction of the new federal building at Omaha, and that if any one had used his name in that capacity it was a forgery. It seems that some one clipped an article from the World-Herald about Voss and transmitted it to the secretary on a World-Herald letter head and somebody else verbally used Editor Hitchcock's name in connection with It, which left the latter in the attitude of protesting against the appointment. Secretary Carlisle says he will hold up on the uppointment till he hears from all who have any charges to file against Voss, and then act upon the case as it will stand at that

New Western Postmasters.

Still another day has passed and the ambitious democrats of Nebraska bave received no more new postmasters. Iowa, however, got a large grist of new postmasters ters today as follows: Brighton, Washington county, T. Buck, vice I. Niewkirk, removed; Casey, Guthrie county, D. H. Plummer, vice M. J. Cossman, removed; Davis City, Decator county, F. J. Arnold, vice J. M. Arnold, removed; East Elkport, Clayton county, F. J. Zepf, vice C. Schnepf, removed; Hedrick, Keokuk county, D. L. Glass, vice O. M. Durfy, removed; Hillsboro, Henry county, T. G. Cooper, vice W. M. Galer, removed; Hirendelle, Worth county, T. J. Tomson, vice O. Benson, removed; Koota, Keokuk county, Louise B. Stewart, vice F. M. Smock, removed; Lisbon, Lynn county, E. F. Wonger, vice John Hersbey, removed; Mount Hamill, Lee county, Hannah McCracken, vice Thomas Waterhouse, removed; Olin, Jonescounty, F. W. Miller, vice A. L. Parke, resigned; Orient, Adair county, Mark Hennessey, vice F. M. Sprague, removed; Richland, Keokuk county, George Herman, vice Del Ward, removed; Richmond, Washington county, G. M. Eglin, vice Frank Crits, resigned; Rockfalls, Cerro Gordo county, Levi Helm, vice B. A. Brown, removed; Riedd, Floyd county, G. W. Crane, vice C. Niensted removed; Salem, Henry county, R. E. Hoyt, vice R. L. Donaldson, removed; St. Anthony, Marshall county, Alex Robertson, vice Mrs. M. Stockwell, removed; Springdale, Cedar vice R. L. Donaldson, removed; St. Anthony, Marshall county, Alex Robertson, vice Mrs. M. Stockwell, removed; Springdale, Cedar county, Dr. C. H. Darner, vice Peter Thomas, removed; Stiles, Davis county, S. A. Brunt, vice A. G. Wright, removed; Wadena, Fayette county, William Jenes, vice G. B. Scott, resigned; Winfield, Henry county, J. T. Davidson, vice William Smiley, removed.

removed.

The following Idaho postmasters were appointed today: Kendrick, Latah county, J. M. Pearce, vice E. H. Hill, resigned; Nampa, Canyon county, D. King, vice J. W. Griffith, resigned. Miscellancous.

State Senators W. N. Babcock and Mrs. Babcock of Omaha, J. E. North of Columbus and John Mattes of Nebraska City are in the city. Mr. Mattes comes to arrange to take his position as a corn agent for the Agricultural department in Europe. Mr. North hopes to carry away the internal revenue collectors commission.

collectors commission.

The decision of the land commissioner in the amendment of the timber culture case of Martin Leafdale, from Sidney, refusing his application, was today affirmed by the assistant secretary of the interior.

Banker Frank Spearman of McCook left for New York this afternoon. He returns here on Tuesday and goes to the naval review at Fortress Monroe, Va.

William H. Ijams of Omaha had his papers booked at the Treasury department today for the surveyorship of customs at Omaha, and J. J. S. Hasler of South Dakota, who wanted to be sergeant at arms of the senate.

wanted to be sergeant at arms of the senate, has applied for a chiefship of division in the Treasury department.
Assistant Secretary Chandler has af

firmed the decision in the desert land case of the United States against Anna F. Carter, from Evanston, Wyo., rejecting the latter's application, also the decision in the preemption abandonment case of Isaac J. Hayes against Darius F. Baker from Boise City, Idaho, rejecting Baker's final proof. P. S. H.

ANOTHER COALING STATION.

It Has Been Secured on the Gallapagos Islands by the United States. WASHINGTON, D. C., April 15.—There is ex cellent authority for stating that the United

States government has concluded a treaty with the government of Ecuador by which the United States is given the right to acquire a coaling station in the Gallapagos islands, a position of vantage in the Pacific ocean, and so situated as to be of vast importance to naval vessels. This concession is the result of negotiations that have been carried on for some time between Mr. Rowland B. Mahoney, the United States minister to Ecuador, and the Ecuadorean government. The treaty, it is said, was signed some time last month and immediately forwarded to Washington. It is believed it is now in the possession of the senate, waiting

ratification.
It is probable that the recent trouble with Chill was a factor influencing the selection of the Gallapagos isles, situated as they are on the west coast and within three or four days sall of any Chilian port. The United States has already acquired rights to main-tain coaling stations at Pago Pago and Pearl river, and it has complied with all conditions and is now maintaining a station at Honolulu. It was determined by the State depart ment that the Gallapagos islands possessed all the qualifications for a coaling station, and Minister Mahoney was accordingly directed to negotiate for the acquirement of one of them by this government. The treaty arranged by him secures the right to a coaling station to the exclusion of all other nations So secretly were the negotiations conducted that no bint of them was conveyed to the public, although the islands have been mentioned frequently as advantageously situated for the purposes of a coaling station, and some surprise was manifested that the United States had made no effort to secure a foothold there. The Gallapagos islands are fifteen in number, five large and ten small. They are directly between the routes pre-scribed by the Navy department for vessels proceeding from San Francisco to Callao and to Valparaiso and are also on the naval route between Honolulu and Callao and Convacuo. Guyaquil

JOSEPH S. MILLER.

He is Nominated to Be Commissioner of Internal Revenue Washington, D. C., April 15.—The president sent the senate the nomination of Joseph S. Miller of West Virginia, to be commis-

sioner of internal revenue. Joseph S. Miller, nominated to be commissioner of internal revenue, is the first appointment by Mr. Cleveland of one of his most important former heads of departments. Mr. Miller served in the same capacity during Mr. Cleveland's first administration and made a record which commended itself, not only to his own party, but to republicans as well. The appointment is a

most popular one. John W. Riddle of Minnesota, nominated

John W. Riddle of Minnesota, nominated to be secretary of the Turkish legation, is a nephew of Judge Flandreau, one of the pioneers of the northwest, and a democrat of the old school. He has passed much of his time abroad and is a linguist of ability.

John H. Wise, nominated by the president today as collector of customs at San Francisco, is a brother of Congressman George D. Wise of Virginia. He is a nephew of Governor Henry A. Wise and a son of Tully A. Wise, who was Tyler's first auditor of the treasury. He was graduated at the Indiana State university in 1850 and went to Cali-

fornia in 1833, where he has held various of-ficial positions. He has been a prominent advocate of free weel and, during the last presidential campaign, wrote two letters on the subject which were used as campaign documents.

EXPORTS OF GOLD.

It Has Reduced the Free Gold in the Treasury to a Small Amount.
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 15,-The continued export of gold from this country to meet the Austrian domand has reduced the free gold in the United States treasury to \$1,860,000. This allows for \$1,250,000 taken from the New York subtreasury yesterday for shipment by today's steamers. In the belief that gold will continue to be exported for some time to come and in order to supply the demand for gold and to replenish the the demand for gold and to replenish the depleted stock in the New York subtreasury, it is stated that the Trensury department has been shipping gold from the treasury to New York for the past week. The amount thus shipped, it is thought, is not less than \$10,000,000 and may be more.

The statement of the condition of the treasury, made daily to the secretary, shows that the net balance is gradually crawling up, being today \$25,007,129. Of this sum \$11.000,000 is subsidiary coin and \$10,000,000 in national bank depositories.

national bank depositories.

Secretary Carlisle this afternoon, in explaining his action in directing that no more gold certificates be issued at present, said that while the \$100,000,000 gold reserve had not been reached, he was so close to that point that prudence dictated that no more gold certificates should be issued.

The amountement that it was recessary

The announcement that it was necessary to stop the issue of gold certificates will be followed by the rumor that the president has decided to issue \$0.000 000 of 4 per cent bonds to protect the gold reserve in case it becomes necessary. Secretary Carlisle was seen at the Treasury department and was asked: "Is the rumor true that \$6,000,000 of bonds have

He replied: "Six millions of bonds have not been issued."

The secretary did not state explicitly that no bonds were to be issued.

It was ascertained subsequently that the precautionary measures which had been commenced under the Harrison administration of preparing to meet an emergency by the issue of bonds, if necessary, had been carried a step further under the present administration. It was learned that \$5,000,000 of these bonds was now being advanced on further stages toward completion so that if it should be deemed necessary and proper to issue them or any part of them, rather than to break in upon the gold reserve, the emergency could be met with the least possible delay. "Six millions of bonds have

THEY WERE CONFIRMED.

Favorable Action Taken by the Senate on a Sumber of Appointments.

Washington, D. C., April 15.-Alexander W. Terreil of Texas, minister to Turkey. John W. Riddle of Minnesota, secretary of legation to Turkey.

Ed W. H. Stroebel of New York, third assistant secretary of state. Henry Merritt of Illinois, consul at Bre-

Daniel Morgan of Connecticut, treasurer

John H. Wise of California, collector of ustoms at San Francisco

Joseph H. Miller of West Virginia, com-

missioner of internal revenue.
Contad N. Jordan of New York, assistant treasurer at New York City.
Seth Shepard of Texas, associate justice court of appeals, District of Columbia.
Charles R. Beilinger of Oregon, United States district judge for Oregon.
John J. Hawkins of Arizona, associate justice supreme coort of Arizona.
William K. Reid of Utah, judge of probate, Utah.

Utah.

Albert D. Fail of New Mexico, associate justice supreme court of New Mexico, associate justice supreme court of New Mexico,
Henry V. Johnson of Colorado, attorney of the United States court, district of Colorado, Lucius Q. C. Lawar of Oxford, Miss, recorder of the general land office.

Levi H. Manning of Arizona, surveyor general of Arizona.

Francisco Estudiilo of San Francisco, agent for the Indians of the mission of Tule river.

CLEVELAND'S INDIAN POLICY.

Reforms in the Service Which the Presi-

Washington, D. C., April 15 .- A new policy in the dealings of the general government with its Indian wards, and one of the reforms President Cleveland intends to in augurate, according to a congressman interested in Indian affairs, who saw the president this morning, is said to be the president's purpose to divorce the Indian bureau from politics, and it was in line with this in-tention that he had appointed a commistention that he had appointed a commissioner and assistant commissioner of Indian affairs. In the case of Assistant Commissioner Armstrong he had selected him because of his intimate knowledge of Indian matters, and not because of his democracy. The authorization of congress to the president for the selection of army officers as Indian agents whenever he may see fit to detail them in place of civilians, which Mr. Harrison carried out to some extent, will be more fully exercised by civilians, which Mr. Harrison carried out to some extent, will be more fully exercised by Mr. Cleveland, and, judging from what he has said, it is probable that he will detail officers of the army for duty as agents at every Indian agency in the country. Mr. Cleveland has given much attention to the management of Indian affairs, and believes that the office was not managed by ex-Commissioner Morgan in that degree of unbiased political and religious feeling—which should pertain to its administration. He therefore proposes to introduce a number of reforms. roposes to introduce a number of reforms, and congress will hear from him on the sub-

ject at its next session. Live Stock Statistics.

Washington, D. C., April 15.—'The report of the statistician of the Department of Agriculture presents the following as the condition of farm animals in the United

Horses-Average sanitary condition, 97.5. ratio of losses to the country at large, 1.7 per cent, as against 1.5 per cent last year. Cattle—Average condition 94, as against 93.2 a year ago; losses from all causes, 3.4

Sheep—Average condition 94.9, as against 6.3 in 1892; losses from all causes, 4.4 per Swine-Average condition 95.4, the high

Swine—Average condition 93.4, the high-est figure for several years, as against 95.2 for 1892; ratio of losses, 6.3 per cent. The following are given as the approxi-mate number of the several classes of farm animals in the whole country: Horses: 16.207,000; cattle, 52.378,000; sheep, 47,274,-000; swine, 46,095,000.

Washington Notes. Washington, D. C., April 15.-A telegram from Mr. Blount was received at the State department today confirming the news tele graphed yesterday from San Francisco re-garding his action in Honolulu. A full re-port from Mr. Blount is expected to reach Washington in next week's mail.

General Schofield today received a telegram from Captain Guthrie, dated Antlers. saying that there had been no distuurbance at that place since his last report, but that both parties are increasing their forces and that negotiations to induce the governor to disband the militia have not met with suc

Banqueted by the Mexican Minister. Washington, D. C., April 15.—The Mexican minister gave a very elaborate banquet tonight in honor of Vice President Stevenson. Among the notable guests present were the secretary of state and Mrs. Gresham, Secretary of the Treasury and Mrs. Carlisle, Postmaster General and Mrs. Hissell, the secretary of the navy and Mrs. Herbert, Attorney General Olney, the general of the army and Mrs. Schofield, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Henderson, the British ambassader and Representative Springer.

Sailing of the Spanish Fleet. Washington, D. C., April 15 .- The admiral ommanding the Spenish fleet, which will participate in the naval review, telegraphed the Navy department today from Havana that he expects to sail for the United States tomorrow with the Reina Regenta, Infanta Isabel and Nueva Espana towing the cara-vels Santa Maria, Pinta and Nina. If the weather permits he will stop at Hampton Roads, if not he will go directly to New

FROM PETITION TO POSITION

Course of an Application for Office on Its Way to Culmination.

HOW THE APPOINTMENTS ARE MADE

Close Watch Kept on All Papers-Part Played by the President and the Cabinet Officers in the Dealing

Out of Pap.

WASBINGTON, D. C., April 15,-[Special to THE BRE |- "How do they make an appointment, anyway?" is a question propounded scores of times a day in Washington during. this siege upon the republican office holders. It is a matter of considerable interest to know just how the applicant or the official goes about to secure or get a place under Uncle Sam.

If the position is an important one there is and have special functions. Immediately, therefore, that the president receives application papers and endorsements for a position he refers them to the department where they belong.

Occasionally, when the office is an impor-tant one, in which the cabinet officer is di-rectly interested, and where it is known to him that a change will soon be made, he keeps upon his desk all of the papers of ap-olicants relating to it, so that he can place sceps upon his desk all of the papers of applicants relating to it, so that he can place his hands upon them at any moment; but with very few exceptions the cabinet officer refers the papers all to his appointment clerk, who puts them up in separate jackets, writing the names of applicant and endorsers upon the outside, and then puts them in pigeon holes which are labeled in the name of the office i.self.

Finally, when the cabinet officer or the

Sometimes Exercises His Own Mind.

The president doesn't always follow the recommendations of his secretary, or his cabinet officer. He often wants another man cabinet officer. He often wants another man than the one recommended appointed, and it nappens not infrequently that the president selects his own man without respect to the recommendations of his cabinet officer. If there is doubt in the mind of the president as to what he should do, or the position is one of great political or other importance, like the selection of one of the five first-class ministers he lays the question with the reministers, he lays the question with the pa-pers before the cabinet at its meeting and pers before the cabinet at its meeting and the appointment and applicants are discussed in all their bearings. This course is fre-quently pursued. President Harrison set aside certain cabinet days for certain departments' affairs. For instance, postoffice and agricultural matters, including appointments, would be considered at Tuesday's or Thursday's cabinet meeting.

When the Mill Starts,

When the president reaches a conclusion as to an appointment he directs his executive clerk or secretary to make out the appointment of a certain man. There are blanks for this purpose in which the name of the person, the office, etc., are filled in, and this is signed, so that it announces to the senate that the president nominates John Smith of Nebraska to be consulto Halifax. The nomination is sent at once to Halifax. The nomination is sent at once to the senate, which goes into executive session to receive it and refer it to the proper com-mittee for consideration. The committee on commerce considers all nominations of consular officers, because they are commercial representatives; the committee on foreign relations diplomatic nominations; the finance committee all collectors of customs, internal

revenue, etc.
The senate committee refers the nomination to a subcommittee, and the nomination goes through the same process of digestion that does a bill. The subcommittee reports it favorably or unfavorably to the full committee and it is by the chairman reported back to the senate at some future secret session. There a light often takes place. Session. There a ngut often takes place.
Unless the senate votes to confirm the nominee cannot take the office. Sometimes there is a wringle occupying several days and the nomination is defeated. The presilent is notified and sends in another name. If the nomination is confirmed a notice of confirmation goes to the president. He in-forms the department and a commission is made out. This then goes to the president. who signs the document, and the appointee is ready for notification and may appear and take the oath. When he is sworn in, and not till then, does his name go upon the pay roll. When he takes the oath and his oath or certification of it is placed in the hands of the disbursing officer of the department his

Made Possible

One of the largest successes in the way of Flavoring Extracts in the world is the Price Flavoring Extract Company. Their success is attributed to the perfection of Dr. Price's Delicious Flav oring Extracts. This perfection was made possible through the new processes discovered by Dr. Price for extracting from the true fruits their natural flavoring properties. Any housekeeper that will use Dr. Price's Orange, Lemon, Vanilla, or any other flavor, will pronounce them faultless.

The purity of Dr. Price's Flavors offers the best security against the dangers which are common in the use of the ordinary flavoring extracts in the market.

KELLEY, STIGER & CO.,

LADIES' WAISTS.

figures. Prices from \$4 to \$11.00

Ladies' Silk Waists, Marl-

bourough, Tandem and

Roman Sash shapes.

Colors, blue black,

cream stripes, dots and

The finer qualities of lawn and French Gingham Waists with ruffled back and front, also laundered collar and cuffs, all prices

WAISTS

in all the new

stripes and fig-

ures spring and

summer wear,

LADIES' CAPES

DERBY CAPES

\$8, \$9 and \$10.

This week in blue,

brown and tan shades,

handsomely embroid-

ered, all new goods

We also show special values in Derby and

Butterfly Capes, at the

and correct styles,

worth \$1.00..70c

from \$1.40 to.....\$2.75 Fine PERCALE

much red tape in the making of an appointment, for it has to pass the hands of the cabinet officer under whom the appointee is to labor, the president, often the entire cabinet, then the senate, again the primary cabinet officer and again and finally the president. It doesn't make any difference what the position is that you seek; your papers are always referred to the cabinet officer who has direct supervision over the office, even though the papers are first presented to the president. Many persons who apply for places go directly to the president, because they know him personally or do not like the cabinet officer in whose department the position is located. Nearly all of the employes of the government report to and are under the control of the cabinet officer; very few report to the president or congress only those who have places, as a rule, that have been created by special act of congress

Keeping Track of the Papers.

of the office i.self.

Finally, when the cabinet officer or the president concludes that it is time to make the appointment, or some politician so impresses either of them by his persistent efforts, the papers are all called for and are laid upon the cabinet officer's desk. They are packed together, each applicant's papers under a separate jacket. The cabinet officer generally knows before he sees the papers which one of the applicants he wants—some one he knows and feels an interest in, or the friend of his friend, whom he desires to accommodate. Occasionally, where there are many applications or there are some who stand upon the same grounds of merit, the cabinet officer dictates a brief of the character and life of the applicants and their endorsers, and these he sends or takes to the president with his own recommendation as president with his own recommendation as to which one should be appointed.

NOVELTY CAPES Beautiful asssortment in broadcloth, satin and velvet, exclusive styles, choice shape, new designs for the coming season. It will ments.

When the president reaches a conclusion

salary begins to run. This is, of course, the important point of destination, and it seldom occurs that the appointee loses any sleep over subsequent proceedings. P. S. H.

LATEST NOVELTIES IN

Comprising Point de Gene, Point de Irlande, Point Bruges, Point Gauze, Bruxelles Applique, Point de Paris, Point de Venise, Point de Bourdon, Princess Olga, Fin de Sicle, etc., in white, creme, ecru, beige and black.

7, 8 and 9 inch Black Silk

Chantilly and Point de Gene Flouncings,

Latest styles with light tops, at 38c, 45c, 50c, 65c and 75c a yard

Ladies' Wrappers in great

variety of styles this week.

Prices, \$1.25, \$1.35, \$1,50

Ladies'

and \$1.65.....\$1.25

FIGURED

WAISTS

LAWN

with ruffled front

and collar. Price

this week......\$1.00

following prices, \$7, 5, 6 and 8 inch Creme and Beige

Point de Gene and Point de Bruges Flouncings,

Dainty designs with light tops, at 25c, 35c, 45c, 6oc and 75c a yard.

LATEST NOVELTIES IN

In endless variety, including the Santa Maria, La Pinta and Columbia,

pay you to examine our stock of fine gar- Ladies' Shopping, Chantilly and Traveling Bags,

In all the the latest shapes, at 75c, 85c, \$1. \$1.25 and up to \$6 each.

Magnificent Display in Our SILK DEPARTMENT.

PRINTED SILKS. See our magnificent display of figured Japanese silks, 24 inches wide, best grades BLACK JAPANESE SILKS. We offer on Monday 23-inch superior grade best French-dyed wash silk at.....

Some great bargains in the most reliable, best styles in wash silks, at..... CHANGEABLE SILKS. See our new effects in changeable taffetas, any effect now in stock, at

New shot silk of the most exquisite coloring. Handsome weaves for party dresses. Cristolene changeable is something new in dress silks. We have

GRENADINES. Any style in stock, from the old-fashioned weaves (to the very latest fashion. Prices from \$1.15 up.

DRESS SILKS. We have replenished our silk department with new weaves of the most reliable grades. New black satin duchesse. See our all silk satin at.....

For lining or dress purposes; for street or party wear. COLORED FAILLE. We offer something splendid in a colored French faille \$1.15

We have just added many new shades in velvets, plain, changeables plaids and stripe. We have velvets to please the most fasticious. CHALLIS.

Challis at. Fine French chaflis at.....

For summer dress buy one of our really beautiful printed 250 batiste at..... Our ORGANDIES, as well as our MULLS, are of the best styles and effects shown. They will tempt you surely.

Sateens to equal anything shown in silk, Plain, plaid, striped and dotted, any color, any styles. They will please you. Are eco. for summer and fashionable.

See our handsome printed dotted Swiss.

PARASOLS.

We are showing the most complete assortment of high grade parasols to be found in the west. Each one a novelty in itself, both in style and finish. They are made in the best manner possible; in the most elegant designs and combinations and with a beautiful assortment of imported natural handles. The prices range from \$2.85 for a beautiful white silk with ruffle, to \$14 for an elegant design in silk and lace. The following will be found of special value:

50 fancy striped changeable silk parasols, value \$3.50 at \$2.75

50 fancy striped changeable silk parasols with fancy \$3.25

50 elegant changeable surah silk parasols with ruffle,

ruille, value \$5, at.....

25 beautiful surah silk parasols, in all the leading colors, with two lace ruffles and fine natural handles, worth \$7, at.....

Special value in children's parasols from 40c to \$1.65 each...... We are showing the largest assortment of carriage

\$1.65 shades to be found in the city at \$1.65, \$2.15, \$2.25, \$3, \$3,75, \$5, \$6 and \$7.....

UMBRELLAS.

We have just received and placed on sale one of the most elegant lines of ladies' fine black and fancy silk umbrellas ever shown in Omaha. The colors include navy, brown and garnet, also changeable navy, brown and garnet. The handles are agate, decorated dresden, tiger eyes and imported natural woods. We are also showing special values in ladies' black site umbrellas at \$1.50, \$2, \$2.50, \$1.50 \$3, \$3.50 and \$3.75.....

50c

35c

40c

HOSIERY.

100 dozen children's fast black and tan school hose, ex-25c tra heavy, 5 to 91, at..... 100 dozen extra heavy black school hose, double knees, 35c heels and toes, 5 to 9, at 35c or 3 pairs for \$1......

We are showing an elegant assortment of ladies' fine fancy colored hose to maten bronze and tan shoes, in lisle silk plaited and pure silk, at 50c, 85c, 95c, \$1.50 up to \$3..... Children's silk togues at \$2.75 and \$3.

SPECIAL FOR CHILDREN

1 case children's seamless knit waists at 35c or 3 for \$1; sizes 3 to 12 years.....

KELLEY. STIGER & CO.,

Corner Farnam and 15th Streets,