## AROUSED MR. TURPIN'S IRE

Mr. Waugh and the Alabama Congressman Almost Come to Blows.

BOTH MEN WILLING TO MAKE A FIGHT

Friends Prevent Actual Hostilities-Pension Matters the Cause of the Trouble-The Senate Discusses the Sandry Civil Appropriation BIIL

Washington, D. C., Feb. 16.-The feature of the day in the house was a personal collision between Turpin of Alabama and Waugh of Indiana, which, but for the bodily intervention of friends, might have resulted seriously, but, as it turned out, any injuries that were received were received by the peacemakers.

The house resumed in committee of the whole the consideration of the pension bill. The chairman, Mr. Wilson of West Virginia, delivered his decision on the points of order raised against the various amendments recommended by the committee on appropriations, changing the pension laws. Those relative to the transfer of the pension bureau to the War department; to the rerating upon the basis of ability to earn a living; to the limitation to persons receiving an income of less than \$600, and to soldiers' widows, were overruled.

#### Sustained the Speaker.

Mr. Burrows appealed from the decision regarding the transfer of the pension bureau. The decision of the chair was sustained by a vote of 103 to 63.

After debate the amendment for the transfer was disagreed to by a vote of 53

The other amendments relative to requiring pensioners under the act of 1890 to show that they are disabled for manual labor and have not an annual income of \$900, and providing that no widow shall be granted a pen-sion if she was not married within five years after the close of the war in which her hus-band served, were also defeated without di-

Mr. Turpin in speaking of an amendment referred to a speech made a few days ago by referred to a speech made a low days ago by Mr. Morse, in which that gentleman either in his open remarks or in his copy sent into the official reporters, had stated that he (Turpin) had referred to the pensioners on the rolls as "ruffians, thieves and scounthe rolls as "ruffians, thieves and scoundrels." He had never used such language toward any one. [Applause.] He stood here ready to respond to any individual for his utterances; and, therefore, he would not sneak into the house of representatives under the liberty granted by its rules and throw into the official reports of the house words of villification, slander and falsehood against his fellow members. [Applause.] against his fellow members. [Applause.]
Mr. Morse replied that he had not attributed to the gentleman any words that had not been uttered by him as far as he (Morse) had understood them.

#### Expected a Sensation.

The committee by this time was expecting a sensation. The area in front of the speaker's desk was througed by members who were waiting a further development between the gentleman from Missouri and the gentleman from Massachusetts. The situation, however, took a new and more serious

Mr. Morse having yielded to Mr. Tarsney to ask a question, the latter brought about a scene which has not been seen on the floor of the house since Mr. Sparks of Illinois and General Weaver of lows took off their coats proceeded to settle their differences by

Mr. Turpin inquired of the gentleman from Massachusetts whether he was aware of the fact that there stood upon the pension rolls an ex-soldier who was drawing a pension of an ex-soniter was was drawing a person of \$19 a month for total deafness, who was receiving a salary of \$1,800 a year, and who was employed at the telephone. [Laughter.]—Now, if any gentleman wanted to know the name of this gentleman he could tell it.

"Name him, name him!" came in a chorus.

Mr. Turpin—I do not know whether the
soldier is a democrat or a republican, but in
the light of the present surroundings I supposed that he is a democrat because he
comes from the doubtful state of Indiana.

"I will not believe your statement unless." "I will not believe your statement unlessyon prove it," shouted Mr. Waugh, advance

ing into the arena in front of the speaker's desk, and then the interest became intense. "The gentleman's name is William E. Davis," said Mr. Turpin, leaving his position in the main aisle and advancing toward Mr.

Hostilities with Difficulty Averted.

"I do not believe the statement is true, whether you have the gentleman's name or not," retorted Mr. Waugh.

"The gentleman can doubt the statement, but he cannot say that I am false," and with these words Mr. Turpin came down the aisle and made a manifestation of an attack upon Mr. Waugh, who was prepared to receive him. The two men were not separated by a foot of space and had it not been for the intervention of Mr. Hooper of Indiana and other gentlemen there would have been an actual pugilistic encounter in front of the actual pugilistic encounter in front of the speaker's desk.

Speaker Crisp seized the gavel from the

hand of Chairman Wilson as quickly as his predecessor (Speaker Randall) had taken it from the hand of Chairman Springer during the Sparks-Weaver controversy. A touch of the authoritative hand of the speaker procured comparative order, but the excitement

was intense.

The speaker appealed to the members to put an end to this most unseemly scene and take their seats, but it was several minutes before his appeal proved of any avail.

When order was finally restored the house, finaling it was in no temper to proceed with the consideration of the bill, adjourned.

## IN THE SENATE.

Mr. Vest Drags Hawalian Matters Into Discussion of the Sundry Civil Bill.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 16.-The session of the senate today was occupied in the consideration of the sundry civil appropriation bill. An amendment involving the continuance of the office of supervisor of elections. gave rise to a long and heated political dis-

After some routine business the senate took up the sundry civil bill. In the course of the discussion Mr. Vest alluded to the depleted condition of the treasury. What, he asked, was the spectacle presented to the country! The secretary of the treasuary was found in Wall street begging like an Italian mendicant for gold from the banks of the country in order to sustain the public credit. And it was openly avowed by distinguished statesmen who were making history and a reputation for the future that their object was to tide over the next two weeks so as to leave the present disgraceful condition of financial affairs on the incoming administration of Mr. Cleveland. Whatever might be Mr. Cleveland's faults as an administrative officer or as a political leader, he left a net surplus of \$100,000,000 in the treasury.

Mixing His Rhetoric. "The other day," Mr. Vest concluded, "the "The other day," Mr. Vest concluded, "the distinguished senator from New Hampshire (Mr. Chandler) proposed legislation prohibiting immigration for twelve months, first because the immigration was of such character as to threaten the moral and political welfare of the country and secondly, because of danger of the introduction of Asiatic cholera. But scarcely had the senator's elequence ceased to revertherate when a dispatch came But scarcely had the senator's eloquence ceased to reverberate when a dispatch came from San Francisco stating that the emissaries of the revolutionary government in Hawaii were on their way to Washington for the purpose of asking annexation to the United States. And it was also made known to the American people that that revolution had been accomplished peacefully, that a "town meeting" had been called and on this information (meagre as it was), the senator from New Hampshire rushed frantically into the senate chamber, scarcely waiting for the conclusion of the morning prayer, and offered resolutions for the immediate and unconditional annexation of the Hawaiian islands—with their 80.000 inhabitants, 4,000 of them white and the rest ants, 4,000 of them white and the rest Kanakas, Chinese, Japanese, Polynesians and the lineal descendants of cannibals, and

with the institution of leprosy firmly established in the midst of these blisaful islands. And now we are told by the morning papers that there is to be another 'continuing' appropriation for the late queen of 'Hawaii of

\$20,000 a year. Mills Makes Himself Heard.

Mr. Mills, democrat from Texas-And a bounty for their sugar, too!
Mr. Vest—And a bounty for their sugar;
but I see that the autocrat of the Hawaiian islbut I see that the autocrat of the Hawaiian islands, Minister Stevens, said that it ought to be reduced to \$12 a tou. Is it not strange that in all this furors of jingoism we hear nothing of the Hawaiian Commercial company, as it is called, an immense corporation, 60 per cent of whose assets consist in sugar plantations on the Hawaiian islands and the stock of which is owned almost entirely by Claus Spreckles! That stock is today selling at a nominal figure, but if annexation takes place millions of millions will be put in the pockets of the men who own the put in the pockets of the men who own the stock. The senator from New Hampshire (Mr. Chandler) is willing now to embrace leprosy, although he shudders with fright at the idea of Asiatic cholera.

The amenument reducing the amount for a canal at the Cascades on the Columbia river, Oregon, from \$1,410,000 to \$1,230,000, was agreed to—yeas, 34; nays, 20.

The next reserved amendment was one

striking out the provision that no money shall be used for warrants or arrests or prosecutions under the internal revenue have, the words for the laws relating to the election of members of congress."

This brought on a political discussion con-cerning the merits and demerits of John Davenport, during which Mr. Frye alluded to William C. Whitney as "an advisor of Mr. Cleveland who has been elected president by some strange insanity of the people.'

#### Hill Makes a Short Talk.

Mr. Hill opposed the amendment and replied to Mr. Hiscock's remarks in favor of the report. It was rather late in the day, Mr. Hill said, to endeavor to whitewash Mr. Davenport and it had been proved to be a difficult task on the part of his colleague. His colleague had spoken of arrests of illegal votors by Davenport in the brothels of New York. Mr. Hill did not know about that, as he had not investigated the brothels of the city of New York as much as his colleague had. [Laughter.] He much as his colleague had. Laughter. He referred to the testimony taken last summer, showing that Mr. Davenport had received money for the purpose of aiding justice, and said that he would not offend his colleage by calling it bribery. Mr. Hill referred to a case where a judicial officer had been removed for taking money as Mr. Davenport had done; and the man who removed him, said he was Grover Clayeland the presisaid he, was Grover Cleveland, the president of the United States. This sentence was applauded by some democratic senators and by persons in the gallery, and the ap-plause was approved by the presiding officer.

Mr. Hiscock took up Mr. Hill's allusion to the brothels of the city of New York, say-ing that he city dot let that remark pass. The senate of the United States was not the place for his colleague and himself to in-dulge in charges against each other as to their personal habits. Personal observa-tions of that kind were entirely out of place. So far as the personal character was con-cerned that question was to be tried in other triburnals.

Mr. Hill withdrew any personal applica-tion of the remark and disclaimed intending

anything offensive.

No action was taken on the amendment. The conference report on the California ebris commission bill was agreed to. Mr. Faulkner gave notice that in conse quence of the very serious illness of Senator Kenna's children the memorial ceremony was postponed from next Saturday until February 27. Adjourned.

#### AMUSEMENTS.

At the Boyd last evening there was standing room only, and that was hard to secure, for "Fantasma" was the attraction. This great spectacular pantomime before it comes casts a shadow on the theatrical business of the town it visits, and when it goes its effects are felt by the succeeding company, but when it is present business booms marvel-ously. It may be natural. Pantomime is the most primitive form of dramatic narrative and a feature of these century-end days is its remaissance. And "Fantasma" is an admirable pantomime in every sense of the word. The story told is the good old one the word. The story told is the good old one of true love and its rugged road. Nor does it lack its moral. The philosopher and the student can in it find as much of interest as the matinee girl and the juvenile can of amusement. Few changes have been made in the work since last seen here. One or two mechanical novelties of a minor nature have been introduced, but it is still the old favor-ite "Fantasma;" indeed, it were hardly posble to in any way improve the spectacle. The people presenting it on this occasion are all highly capable, most of them having been seen in Omaha before in the same parts, and the spectacle moves smoothly along through its three acts crowded with ection and music that please ear and eye and ughing heart.

Frank R. Roberson with the Swedes. A very large audience assembled in the Lutheran Swedish church last evening to hear Prof. Peterson from Des Moines. Owing to the missing of a train the lecturer failed to keep his engagement, and, much to the surprise of those in waiting, they were greeted y Mr. Frank R. Roberson, dressed as an In-ian prince, the committee after strengous forts having secured him at the twelfth

our.
It is needless to say that they were treated to an excellent lecture. Any illustrated lecture that can meet with favor in this city upon its fifth representation in

this city upon its fifth representation in sixty days must indeed be of unusual merit, and the lecturer highly thought of.

Mr. Roberson has demonstrated that he need fear no rival in his profession. His views are unquestionably worthy of high praise for their beauty and truthfulness.

## COURT GRIND.

Got a Verdict for \$1,500 for One Hour's Imprisonment.

In the district court yesterday Francis E. Reisdorph got a verdict of \$1,500 against Soren T. Peterson for false imprisonment. Some time ago Reisdorph borrowed some

money from Mr. Peterson, mortgaging his horses and cattle to secure the payment and then he moved up into Saunders county. When Peterson found out that Reisdorph had moved away he followed him and caused his arrest. He was brought back to Omaha and isilled just one hour. After the preliming and jailed just one hour. After the prelimin-ary hearing had been disposed of and every-thing was settled, Reisdorph, brought a suit in the district court, alleging that owing to the arrest and confinement in the city prison his feelings had been injured to such an extent that it would require at least \$5.000 to make him as good a man as he was before the trouble. Peterson would not pay any such amount and so they went into court, where the case was tried before Judge Ogden

International Incident. The probate court yesterday fixed April 1 as the date for hearing the final report of the administrator of the estate of Charles Rondelez, which recalls a peculiar case.

Some time in the month of August, 1890. Charles Rondelez, a subject of Belgium, died in Omaha. The man was possessed of a sum of money which aggregated \$446.45, and having no relatives. Constantine J. Smyth was appointed administrator, with instructions to pay off the debts, if any, and correspond with the relatives beyond the sea. Mr. Smyth did this and was getting along in good shape until Henry Lobert, the Belgian consult at St. Marys, Kan. appeared upon the scene to make some demands. This gentleman attempted to overturn all that Judge tieman attempted to overturn all that Judge Shields had accomplished by taking charge of the fittle money that poor Rondelez had left behind. He demanded the money and when payment was refused, he laid the mat-ter before the Belgian minister at Washing-ton. Then the matter was called to the ten before the Beignan minister at Wasning-ten. Then the matter was called to the at-tention of the governor of this state and by him referred to James G. Blaine. The Belgian government got hold of the facts and made a demand upon Judge Shields for the money, and then the United States au-thorities took it un again. After a thorough thorities took it up again. After a thorough investigation it was held that the county judge of this county was the only official who had any jurisdiction in the case, and there the matter ended.

Fell Into a Sewer.

The city was constructing a sewer at Thirty-seventh and Ohio streets in July, 1891, and a heavy rain washed down the banks. John S. McDonald went out that way to deliver groceries and drove into the

hole. The result was a broken jaw and a fractured hip. He sued the city for \$5,000 damages, and the case is now on trial before

Drunk and Cruel. Nellie Williams has filed a petition for a divorce from her husband, John S. She charges him with drunkenness and alleges that when they lived out on Seward street John threw her out of the house, and that at another time he placed her in fear of her life by flourishing a lot of razors and swear-ing that he would do something desperate.

Calendars for Today. The call for today is as follows:

taw noom no. 2—judge scott. 9-95—Watson vs Coburn. 28-138—Rell vs Stowe. 25-161—Western Portland Cement company vs Johnson.
28-174—Dickenson vs Johnson.
28-283—National Life Insurance company
vs N. B. & M. Insurance company.
28-331—Union National bank vs Mc Bride &

28-338 Olson vs Omaha Packing company. 28-368 Mezetti vs 1sh. 29-77 Elsle vs Boyd, sheriff. 29-100 Hansen vs Adams. 23-231 Olmstead vs Post. LAW ROOM NO. 3 JUDGE DAVIS.

26-159-Sargent vs Omaha Street Rallway

apany.
1-265-Hyer vs Cesseman.
7-278-McMahon vs Miller.
7-309-Kelkenney vs Omaha.
7-321-Layton vs Troxell.
7-227-Electric Light company vs Markell & Swobe. 27-357—Appleton Chair company vs Gibbs. 27-386—Omaha Driving Park association vs

Murray 28-3-Yeiser vs Omaha Street Railway company. 28-55 Morgan vs Schlesinger. 28-67 Nebraska Savings and Exchange bank

LAW ROOM NO. 5-JUDGE OGDEN. 25-340 Gosney Live Stock Commission com-pany vs Paddock. 26-116 Cowing vs Omaba & Republican Val-ley Ralifond company.

20-119—Cowing vs Onaba & Republican v ley Raifrond company. 27-263—Harbach vs Shields. 27-275—McDonaid vs Omaha. 27-311—Getzchmann vs Wyeth. EQUITY HOOM NO. 6—JUDGE HOPEWELL.

26-117-Mercer vs Omaha. 28-589-Wyatt-Bullard Lumber company vs

Garmong.

29-62—Dennett vs. Haley.
29-109—Kelley vs. Kelley.
29-180—Scott vs. Maynard.
29-225—Bleser vs. Sloman.
29-333—Packard Machine company vs. Baum.
28-349—Hampton vs. Jones. EQUITY ROOM NO. 7-JUDGE INVINE.

29-156—Atkinson vs French. 29-184—Globe Loan and Trust company vs 3rown. 29-223 — Downs vs Down. 29-310 — Gallagher vs Overall 29-362 — Kroh vs Heins.

Piles of people have piles, but DeWitt's Witch Hazel salve will cure them. SPECIAL LOW RATE

### Excursion

To Citronelle, only thirty miles north f Mobile, Ala., on Tuesday, February 21; 600,000 acres of the best fruit and farming lands along the line of the Mo-bile & Ohio railroad at from \$1.50 to If you desire to make a trip south for business or pleasure join this excursion. For further information and a folder giving a description of the climate and lands, call on or write J. R. RICE.

Room 201 Merriam Block. Council Bluffs, la.

Cheap Rates to the Inauguration.

For the inauguration of Cleveland and Stevenson at Washington on March 4th, excursion tickets, reading via Baltimore and Ohio railroad, "The Picturesque Route," will be placed on sale at ticket offices of principal railroads of the west, as well as the ticket offices of the Baltimore and Ohio company. The fare from Chicago will be \$17.50 for the round trip. These tickets will be sold from February 28th to March 3d inclu-sive, and will be valid for return journey

until March 8th inclusive.
The Baltimore & Ohio is the shortest route to Washington from nearly all points west. Its trains are vestibuled from end to end, and carry Pullman sleeping cars.

No railroad in America is better equipped than the Baltimore & Ohio to transport with dispatch, safety and comfort the large crowds which will visit Washington to witness the inauguration ceremonies. Its long experience in transporting crowds to former inaugurations, Grand Army of the Republic encampments, Knights Templar conclaves and similar gatherings on an extensive scale, will prove most valuable in arranging for the coming inauguration.

For more detailed information as to rates, time of trains, etc., apply to L. S. Allen, assistant general passenger agent, The Rookery, Chicago, or O. P. Mc-Carty, assistant general passenger agent, Cincinnati, O.

A good upright piano for \$100.00. Bell Department Store

## NEBRASKA AND NEBRASKANS.

A district meeting of Odd Fellows will be held at Grand Island next Monday. By the death of a relative in Illinois, Mrs. John Burge of Table Rock has fallen heir to a fortune. Three car loads of piling for the Yankton,

Norfolk & Southwestern road have been unloaded at Bloomfield. One hundred and fifty teachers attended the meeting of the Northwestern Nebraska

Teachers association at Emerson last week. William Black, a cowboy on Pool's ranch, near Ravenna, has fallen heir to a small fortune of \$1,200. He will invest it in a

A man named Armstrong put one of his fingers under a chain running around a wheel in the Nebraska City Cereal mills, and the chain took the member off just us easily as a knife. Rushville sports indulged in a wolf drive the other day, and when they had half a dozen animals surrounded they lost their nerve and allowed the "varmints" to break through the lines. They will secure rein-

forcements and try it again soon. A suggestion to people who live in sod houses appears in the Hyannis Tribune, which says: "Walter Brookins is going to try something new for this section in the way of a roof for his house, which will be made of grooved roofing, battened, and then covered with coal tar, sand and a layer of sod. He thinks this will insure him a dry house."

William Finley, who stole a hand car at William riney, who stole a hand car at Germantown on the night of January 20, which ho took to Lincoln, was tried in the district court at Seward before Judge Bates, the jury bringing in a verdict of

# Winning

Dr. Price has been for years perfecting his Delicious Flavoring Extracts, and they are now winning their way to universal favor from their merits.

No housekeeper who has once flavored a cake, pudding or cream with DR. PRICE'S FLAVORS OF VANILLA, LEMON, ORANGE, ETC., will ever return to the use of any other flavoring ex-

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR DR. PRICE'S and satisfy yourself of their superiority. The Price Flavoring Extract Company are the only exclusive manufacturers of Flavoring Extracts upon the continent

guilty. He was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary, and was taken to Lincoln along with Henry M. Hall, who was sen-tenced to fourteen months last week for stealing hors.

stealing hogs. Jacob Baum of Norfolk and Miss Lena Altshuier of Marshallsown, in were united in marriage by Rabbi, Leo M. Franklin of Omaha and the bridal party left for a six weeks sojourn in the east. Mr. Baum is a member of the well known Norfolk dry goods firm of Baum Bros.

Bill Bannet shot and wounded George.

Bill Bennet shot and wounded George Gress at Ansley. They are both married and live in the country near each other. The men met and the firing began without any words. Two shots were fired, both taking effect in Gress' arm and beg. Gress will not die. There is a woman connected with the affair. Bennet has been arrested.

The Bayard Transcript says the solicitor of the farmers canal was in that vicinity several days last week and was yery sucseveral days last week and was very suc-cessful, securing in one day no less than \$7,000 in labor contracts, bringing the total amount in labor contracts and water-rights contracts along the line of this canal to some-thing over \$100,000. Mr. Everett assures us that from the present outlook it is safe to predict that the canal will be completed and ready for use from its source at the Wyoming line to the Red Willow, about six miles north of here, by April, 1894. This canal is one of the most gigantic irrigation enterprises of the northwest, being about eighty miles in length and from 100 down to eighteen feet in width, affording water

to snecessfully irrigate 125,000 acres of the best lands to be found in any country. The enterprise during the coming year will furnish employment to 700 teams at reason-able wages. In fact everyone will find con-stant employment among those who have secured contracts and usually in the vicinity of home as were late by pushed along the of home, as work is to be pushed along the entire length of its line.

SERIOUS STREET CAR STRIKE.

The Wheeling, W. Va., Strike Causes Another Riot Last Night. Wheeling, W. Va., Feb. 15.—As the electric street car strike continues the situation grows more threatening. Another riot occurred at 6 o'clock last night, this time within the city limits. As a car manned by nonunion men was running up Market street it run the gauntlet of a mob numbering 6,000 men and boys scattered along for a distance of several squares. All sorts of missiles were thrown at the car and the operator was forced to desert it. The car was then was lorved to desert it. The car was then ran off the track. The police were hastily summoned and a squad arriving on the scene the mob was dispersed and one man arrested. There is a strong feeling in favor of calling upon the governor for military as-

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but take all the help you can get. And you can get more of it, with Pearline, than with anything else that's safe to use. Everybody knows about Pearline for washing clothes. We talk more about that, because of all the wear and tear and labor it saves, by doing away with that ruinous rub, rub, rub.

But don't let it's help stop there, With anything that will wash at all, Pearline will save you something in the washing. Dishes, paint, woodwork, marbie, white the (without taking up), milk cans, silver, only some of the woodwork, marble, windows, carpets jewelry, etc.—these are only some of the

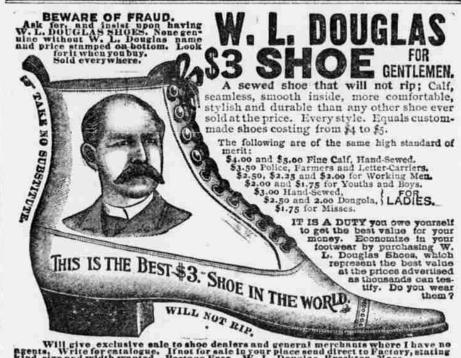
things that are washed best with Pearline. Beware "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S rallsE—Pearline is never peddled, if your grocer sends ou an imitation, be honest—send it back.

"IF AT FIRST YOU DON'T SUCCEED,"

# SAPOLIO

Dr. SYDNEY RINGER, Professor of Medicine at University College, London, Author of the Standard "Handbook of Therapeutics," actually writes as follows: "From the careful analyses of Prof. ATTRIELD and others I am satisfied that VAN HOUTEN'S COCOA and that it is decidedly more nutritions in cer-and highly digrafible.—The quotations in cer-and highly digrafible.—The rapeutics are quite other Cocoas. It is certainly "Pure" and highly digeatible.—The quotations in certain advertisements (from Trade rivals) from my book on Therapeutics are quite misloading, and cannot possibly apply to Van Houten's Cocoa."

The faise reflection on Van Houten's Cocoa is thus effectually repelled, and the very authority cited to where it, is thereby prompted to give it a very handsome testimonial, in



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# CLOTHING HOUSE.

Third Week of the

MARCH IST THE LIMIT.

Every Damaged Garment Must Be Sold By That Date.

Prices Cut Lower and Lower to Clean the Stock up.

The greatest cut in any part of the stock has just been made in the Boys' Department.

Boys' all wool cheviot long pant suits

Former price \$8.00.

Boys' long pant suits in dark and fancy cheviots. Former price \$10.00.

Boys' fine cassimere and worsted suits, sizes 14 to

Former price \$12 and \$15. Boys' short pant suits,

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Some sold as high as \$8. Boys' Short Pant Suits,

Former price \$7 and \$8; slightly damaged by water only.

# Star Shirt Waists 45c.

In order to satisfy the demands for Star shirt waists we will place on sale Saturday 25 dozen of new fresh goods at 45c each.

# SMOKING JACKETS and GOWNS

Any dressing gown in stock on Saturday at

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Our smoking jacket stock we have divided into Prices \$5 and \$3.

MEN'S CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

Men's Cheviot and Cassimere Suits, \$5, \$6.50, \$10.

All sold for more than double.

Men's Pantaloons,

Prices \$1.50 and \$2.

750 pairs of fine pantaloons, slightly damaged by water only, at \$1.50 and \$2 on Friday and Saturday.

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We cheerfully exchange goods and refund the purchase price for any goods bought at this sale when they are not satisfactory.

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