AFTER THE HOLIDAY RECESS

Members of Congress Assembled at Washington Ready to Resume Business.

STEWART ARGUES FOR FREE COINAGE

Mr. Chandler's Bill to Suspend Immigration ualled Up in the Senate-The Anti-Option Bill Also Discussed -In the House.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 4.-The senate resumed business today, at the close of its holiday recess, with a fair show of industry and an attendance of a few more than a quorum. Mr. Allison, republican, of Iowa made his first appearance this session, having been absent hitherto as a delegate to the international monetary conference and had an opportunity of adding to his knowledge on the subject of gold and silver by listening to a speech by Mr. Stewart, republican, of Nevada, in opposition to the bill introduced by Mr. McPherson, democrat, of New Jersev, to suspend the purchase of silver bullion under the Sherman bill.

Some progress was made on the anti-option bill and Mr. Sherman, republican, of Ohio took occasion to state his views on the subject of that measure.

The session of the senate was opened with prayer by the chaplain, special reference being made therein to the dangerous illnesof Senator Kenna of West Virginia, and the trust expressed that his useful life may be

The certificates of election of presidential electors from the states of Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Mississippi, Iowa, Nevada, Vermont, Idaho, Virginia, Massachusetts and West Virginia were presented by the vice president and were placed on file.

To Keep Out the Cholera.

After the introduction and reference of sundry bills and resolutions, Mr. Chandler, republican, of New Hampshire, moved an order that on Friday next, after the routine morping business, and on Saturday, if there was no opposition, the two bills on the calendar reported by the committees on epidemic diseases and on immigration, having regard to the danger of the introduction of cholera into the United States, shall be the special orders and have exclusive consideration on these days without otherwise displacing the present "unfinished busine It seemed to him, he said, that if any bills

were entitled to preference, they were urgent in their character. They represented differ-ent methods of dealing with the apprehended cholera—one a total suspension of immigra-tion for one year, the other increased quaran tine powers to the executive branch of the government. He understood that the executive, even without additional legislative nuthority, proposed to issue within a few days, regulations concerning quarantine that would have an important bearing on the subject. He. (Mr. Chandler) was willing that the quarantine bill should first be considered and disposed of.

Mr. Harris, democrat of Tennessee, who had reported the quarantine bill, quite agreed with the senator from New Hamp shire that those two questions were of the highest importance and that action should be taken upon them at the earliest day

Mr. Washburn, republican, of Minnesota, ecognized the importance of the measures eferred to, but thought that the anti-option bill was still more important. "If an agreement had been reached for a vote on it, we would not hesitate to grant the request of the senator from New Hampshire," he said.

Mr. Harris, democrat, of Tennessee, did

to defeat action on the anti-option bill. He saw no reason why the senate might not come to a vote on it. come to a vote on it.

After a colloquy Mr. Chandler's resolution was agreed to and, at the suggestion of Mr. Teller of Colorado, the McGarrahan bill went over until Tuesday next in the morning

not think there was a disposition anywhere

Stewart's Silver Argument.

Mr. Stewart, republican, of Nevada, called up Mr. McPherson's joint resolution, introduced December 21, 1892, to suspend the purchase of silver bullion under the Shert, and gave notice of to it, being the bill introduced by himself on cember 12, with the third section modified so as to make its closing sentence read And all silver bullion belonging to the shall be coined as rapidly as possible, without delaying coinage, for de-

He proceeded to address the senate in an argument against the repeal of the act of 1890 and in favor of free coinage. The people at the last election, he said, voted for no principle, but change. The republicans would not agree to the change. The demo-crats promised to change tariff schedules. The voters decided that no change could be for the worst; any change might be beneficial. Over 1,000,000 voters, without hope of success, protested by voting for Weaver. Others stayed at home in sympathy Weaver. Others stayed at home in sympathy or disgust, but enough voted to defeat Harrison and elect Cleveland. If the democratic party would remonetize silver and give relief its lease of power would be indefinite. But if it failed and the corner on gold was maintained both the old parties would be

overwhelmed at the next election.
Mr. Allison, republican, of Iowa, who had just returned from the international silver coinage convention at Brussels, and who today made his first appearance in the senate chamber at the present session, remained in his seat while Mr. Stewart was speaking and appeared to be paying close attention to his remarks; but he did not seek the floor when Mr. Stewart closed and the matter went over without action.

Anti-Option Bill Taken Up.

The senate at 2 p. m. took up the anti-option bill as the unfinished business. An amendment was offered by Mr. Washburn, republican, of Minnesota, and agreed to, in serting in section 2 the words so as to make the proviso read: "That such contract or agreement shall not be made, settled for de-livery, or settlement of difference, or by any other mode of performance, or settlement in or upon any board of trade," etc. Mr. White, democrat, of Louisiana moved

to insert in section 3 the word "flour" as one of the articles referred to.

Mr. Washburn, republican, of Minnesota said that he would make no objection to the

said that he would make no objection to the proposed amendment.

Mr. Sherman, republican, of Ohio said, personally, he stood neutral in regard to the bill, as he did not believe it would accomplish what was expected of it. Still he was disposed to vote for it in deference to the opinions of leading agricultural societies and individual farmers. The favores of the individual farmers. The farmers of the country had got it fixed strongly in their minds that the sales condemned by the bill depressed the markets at critical periods, when they sold their products.

Why Sherman Favors the Bill.

The senator was disposed to vote for the bill, so as to secure the farmers and pro-ducers from unlawful contracts and combinations. It was very doubtful, however whether it was within the constitutiona power of congress to regulate contracts and to make things lawful or unlawful, unless they entered into interstate or foreign commerce. But he thought that conss ought, in some way (if it so upon the powers conferred gress ought, by the constitution) to secure to the farmers by the constitution) to secure to the farmers
the fair and just market price for their products. He, therefore, thought the object of
the bill was right, and that it ought to be, if
possible, carried into law in some constitutional way. There was now less than two
months in which to discharge all the ordinary duties of the session. He, therefore,
housed that the senate would preceed to a nary duties of the session. He, therefore, hoped that the senate would proceed to a speedy vote on a bill which was intended to top or mitigate gambling in the products of

Mr. White's amendment was agreed to
Mr. White, democrat, of Louisiana, moved
to strike out the proviso at the end of section 2, and addressed the senate in advocacy
of that motion. The vote was taken, after further discussion and resulted, yeas, 12: nays, 30. As a quorum did not vote the roll of senators was called. Forty-four senators (just a quorum) answered to their names, but without further action on Mr. White's amendment the senate went into executive session and soon adjourned.

In the House. Washinston, D. C., Jan. 4 .- The speaker

called the house to order at noon with a alim ttendance.

Martin of Indiana called up the private ension bills on the calendar as unfinished

Bland of Missouri interposed an objection. One bill was finally passed and then the house adjourned for lack of a quorum

AMNESTY FOR MORMONS. All Who Obey the Law Forgiven Their Past Offenser Washington, D. C., Jan. 4.-President

Harrison today issued the following proclamation: Whereas, congress, by a statute approved March 22 1882 and by statutes in furtherance and amendment therefore defined the crimes of bignay, polygany and unlawful co-habitation in the territories and other places within the exclusive jurisdiction of the United States, and prescribed a penalty for such crimes; and

whereas, On or about the 6th day of Octo-sor, 1890, the Church of the Latter Day Saints, controlly known as the Mormon church, brough its president, issued a manifesto, pro-latining the purpose of said church to no omger sanction the practice of polygamous arriages, and calling upon all members and dherents of said church to obey the laws of he United States in reference to such subject after; and.

the United States in reference to such subject matter; and,
Whereas, It is represented that since the date of said declaration of members and adherents of said church have generally obeyed said laws and have abstained from plural marriages and polygamous cohabitation; and
Whitepas, By a political dated from the content of the content

plural marriages and polygamous cohabitation; and
Whereas, By a petition dated December 9, 1891, the officials of said church, pledging the membership thereof to a faithful obedience of the laws against plural marriages and unlaw-sul cohabitation, have applied to me to grant amnesty for past offenses against said laws, and which a very large number of influential non-Mormons residing in the territories have strongly urged; and
Whereas, The Utah commission, in its report bearing date September 15, 1892, recommend that the said petition be granted and said amnesty proclaimed, under proper conditions, as to the future observance of the law, with a view to the encouragement of those now disposed to become law-abiding citizens; and
Whereas, During the past two years such amnesty has been granted to individual applicants in a very large number of cases, conditioned upon the faithful observance of the laws of the United States against unlawful cohabitation, and there are now pending many more such applications.

cohabitation, and there are now pending many more such applications.

Now, therefore, I, Benjamin Harrison, president of the United States, by virtue of the powers in me vested, do hereby declare and grant a full amnesty and pardon to all persons liable to the penalties of said act, by reason of unlawful cohabitation under the color of polygamous or plural marriage, who have since November 1, 1390, abstained from such unlawful cohabitation, but upon the express condition that they shall in the future faithfully obey the laws of the United States hereinbefore named and not otherwise.

Those who shall fail to avail themselves of the clemency hereby offered, will be vigorously prosecuted.

BENJAMIN HARRISON.

By the president: JOHN W. FOSTER,

CHANDLER'S IMMIGRATION BILL.

Important Provisions of the Proposed New

Law Given. Washington, D. C., Jan. 4.-Senator Chandler has introduced a bill to restrict immigration. It designates four new classes of excluded persons; provides for information regarding immigrants, the issue of certificates by United States consuls, the requirement of more cubic space for immigrants aboard vessels, and a new natural ization clause, requiring sixty days' notice of application. The excluded classes are additional to those persons excluded by the present law, and are as follows:

First—All persons physically capable and over 12 years of age who cannot read and write with reasonable facility their own language, except that an aged person not so able to read and write who is the parent or grand parent of an admissible immigrant, may able to read and write who is the parent or grand parent of an admissible immigrant, may accompany or be sent for, by such immigrant. Second—All persons not provided, in addition to means of reaching their final destination, with sufficient money of their own, or of the heads of their families, for their comfortable support for two months after their arrival, the amount to be required not to exceed \$100 for each single person or head of a family, or \$25 for each member of a family accompanying, or sent for by such head of a family. Third—Persons blind, or crippled, or otherwise physically imperfect, so that they are wholly or partially disabled from manual labor, unless it is affirmatively and satisfactorily shown on special inquiry that such persons are sure of an abundant support and not likely to become 3 public charge.

Fourth—Persons beloaging to societies which favor or justify the unlawful and criminal destruction of property or life.

The section of the bill relating to space on

The section of the bill relating to space on shipboard prescribes a minimum air space on the main deck, or the deck next below, or 200 cubic feet for each passenger carried (double the present requirement), and on the second deck of 200 cubic feet instead of

120 feet as at present.

No passengers shall be carried on decks more than five feet below the water line; berths are required to be placed fore and aft, and a large addition is required in the closet accommodations and ventilation.

About Public Buildings. Washington, D. C., Jan. 4,-Congressman Owen Scott of Illinois today introduced a resolution calling upon the secretary of the treasury for information regarding the progress of public buildings in various parts of the country, for which ap-propriations were made in 1890, Mr. Scott said that of seventy-five buildings for which appropriations were made in 1890, contracts for the erection have been let for only fifteen. There have been partial con-

racts made for ten.
Mr. Scott says the contracts for public buildings have been systematically held up because of the depleted condition of the treasury, and it appears to have been the policy of the administration to avoid every step that would require cash from the government.

Greenbacks as Breeders of Disease. Washington, D. C., Jan. 4.—Representa-tive Outhwaite of Ohio has taken up, and, in view of the danger of cholera invasion, will press vigorously at this session of congress, a proposition for the frequent exchange of soiled money for new notes. Investiga tion made at his suggestion has shown that the old greenbacks and bank notes contain the germs of disease to an unusual degree and that there is reason for apprehension of them as a producer of disease. Fifty thous-and dollars is appropriated to be immedi-ately available to enable the secretary of the treasury to hurry into effect the provisions

Does Not Recognize the Vatican. Washington, D. C., Jan. 4.—The action of the commander of the United States training ship Monongahela yesterday at Lisbon, in failing to accord official honors to Archbishop Jacobini, papal nuncio to the court of Portu gal, is easily explained at the State Navy departments. The government of the United States does not recognize the vatican and, consequently, Archbishop Jacobini had no official standing in the eyes of the Monon

Aimed at the Pinkertons.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 4.—Senator Chandler introduced a bill today making it unlawful for any body of men to the number of ten or more to bear arms as a military body, unless called forth by the properly au-thorized civil or military officers, and makes it the duty of the president to disband and disperse any such organization. This bill is aimed at the Pinkertons and semi-military anarchist organizations.

Appointed to Office.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 4.—The president ent to the senate the nominations of Gilbert Pierce of Minnesota, to be minister to Portugal; George W. Bartch, associate justice of the supreme court for Utah. Post-masters: James H. Morrison at Seymour, Ia.; Frank C. Cervey at South Superior, Wis.; Frank N. Hooper at Eureka, S. D.

For the Suspension of Silver Purchases. Washington, D. C., Jan. 4.-Representative Harter of Ohio presented a resolution in the house today for the suspension of silver bullion purchases until an international agreement, fixing the valuation of silver bullion for coinage, shall be reached, including at least Great Britain, Germany, France and the United States.

How the Sick Are Doing. WASHINGTON D. C., Jan. 4.-Mr. Blaine was feeling as well at 6 o'clock this evening as he felt earlier in the day. Dr. Johnson. his physician, says there is no particular reason to fear a change and that no danger is apprehended from another relapse. Senator Kenna is still a very sick man, but a trifle more comfortable.

WHO HAS THE ORDINANCE

How a Lincoln City Councilman Lost Valuable Instrument.

WEBSTER THINKS HIS DESK WAS ROBBED

Some of the Knowing Ones Pretend to Understand the Situation-Pawnbrokers Requested to Visit the Police Court.

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 4 .- [Special to THE BEE]-A week ago Councilman Webster was entrusted with an ordinance which he was requested to introduce, and which granted a franchise to the Metropolitan Electric Lighting company, a new corporation, which proposes to "buck" the present monopoly. When it came time to introduce the ordinance it could not be found. Since then it develops that several persons have been permitted to see the document, which is said to have somehow drifted into the hands of the old company's officers. People who claim to know assert that Mr. Webster has been selected as the next republican candidate for mayor by the lighting ring, and that the ordinance was nerely to test the feeling of the council. At hat night's meeting Mr. Webster asked and was accorded the privilege of having a spe-chal committee appointed to investigate the disappsarance of the ordinance, which he claims was taken from his desk.

Police Court News.

Warrants were sworn out today for the arrest of M. Adler, H. Goldwater and David Nefsky, three nawnbrokers, who are alleged to have violated the law requiring from them a daily report of all articles purchased by or pawned with them. The police incline to the belief that some of the pawnshops are operated as fences. Adler having neglected report the pawning of a lot of diamonds a hotel bell boy, and which are believed to have been stolen.

E. G. Davidson, who claims to be a com-mercial traveler (for Colgate, the soap man, was arraigned this morning for the larceny was arranged this morning for the latest as bailee from a fellow traveler of a \$15 gold locket which he sold to the hotel bootblack for 50 cents. An unpaid boardbill at the Lindell also stares Davidson in the face.

John Henderson and George McGuire were given sixty days in the county jail for the larcency of a gold watch.

City in Brief. W. S. Parnell, a Burlington switchman, fell under the cars today, but luckily es-

caped with only a broken leg.

The sanitary commission is having a rocky road before it. Its corporate object is to strengthen the devious channel of Salt creek, and the principal impediment is Kendall & Smith's big mill. The commission awarded them \$4,500, but as the proposed channel removes the creek a half mile from their mill. they appealed today to the district court and an injunction to restrain the commission

William Werger, keeper of a billiard hall at Sprague, was up before Judge Brown today on the charge of selling whisky and beer at retail to Rock Island graders without formality of procuring a license. He will have a hearing tomorrow. The Gruetter & Joers Furniture company, a new Lincoln corporation, filed articles of

incorporation today. The capital stock is \$50,000, with H. P. Lau, A. T. Gruetter and C. F. Joers as stockholders. J. N. Wilson was bound over to district court today on the charge of having crimi-nally assaulted Mary Maltha, an elderly German spinster, who resides with her brother on a farm six miles northwest of the

ity, where Wilson was employed. W. P. Hendry, a restaurant man, is look-ing for a man who gave the name of M. W. Cummings and who secured four meal tickets and \$12 cash from him on a check for \$25 on the First National bank of Omaha, purporting to be signed by L. G. Reynolds a saloon-keeper of Omaha. The latter renudiates the check as a forgery, and Cummings, whose real name is said to be Buckmaster, has disappeared. Cummings brought. Mason, Smith and two other "rat" printers from Omaha to work on the Journal, and it was for them the

meal tickets were purchased.

The Burlington and Union Pacific railroads have submitted a proposition to the city council to build a viaduct over West O street if the city would maintain it. The Union Pacific will erect a double decker depot if the scheme goes through.

The attorneys of Gorham Betts, now under arrest and in jail under indictment of the grand fury for complication in the frauds in the management of the state insane asylum today, made application for a writ of habeas corpus for his release.

Another Victory for Boyd. In the case in which the State Journal applied to the supreme court for a writ of mandamus to compel Governor Boyd to pay a printing bill out of a fund not set aside for the purpose, the supreme court to-day declined to issue the writ. The decision of the court was that the governor may in his discretion use the contingent fund for the purpose of stationery needed by the state, but he can not be required by mandamus to approve a warrant against it on account of books and stationery ordered by him.

The Plain Truth Is good enough for Hood's Sarsaparilla— there is no need of embelishment or sensationalism. Simply what Hood's Sarsaparilla does, that tells the story of its merit. If you ever realized its benefits a single tle will convince you it is a good medicine,

The highest praise has been won by Hood's Pills for their easy, yet efficient action. Sold by all druggists. Price 25 cents.

BUYING EXPERIENCE.

Colonel Paxton, Jr., Has His First Round With a Hotel Beat.

Mr. William A. Paxton. jr., was taught a new wrinkle in the hotel business yesterday and his lesson cost him only \$112. A Russian who called himself Peter Pindikowsky has been stopping at the Merchants for the past five or six weeks and represented himself as an agent of Nicollet Bros. of Minan agent of Nicollet Bros, of Min-neapolis. Consequently when the guest-ran out of money and mildly requested Mr. Paxton to cash a small check the latter was only too willing to accommodate him and passed over a por-tion of his patrimony in exchange for a worthless draft on a Minneapolis bank. Paxton was not long in finding out that he had been swindled, but the bird had flown. He hurried to the police station and had a warrant issued for his arrest and telegrams were sent to the authorities of several other cities to intercept the thief.

How to Save Doctor Bills.

"Chicago Daily Calionet, Many a doctor's bill has been saved by the use of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, name is a household word in many parts the country. Chamberlain's medicines have an extensive sale in the World's Fair City and many people testify to the merits of their different remedies.

Farmers Protective Association. The annual meeting of the Farmers Protective association of Douglas county, Ne braska, was held in McArdle school house on Monday, January 2, 1893, at 3 p. m. The officers elected for the ensuing year were as follows: President Patrick McArdie; vice president, Elijah Allen; treasurer, Carster

Fashion Tells What Color to Wear. "Brilliant red with black trimming, is pop-

ular," is the latest decree from Paris.

All light colors, as yellow, orange or pink, can be easily colored a brilliant red with diamond dye fast scarlet. A package of this beautiful dye, sufficient to color two pounds of goods, can be bought for ten cents at any drug store. It will noe fade or crock, and soapsuds only brightens it.

Rohwer; secretary, J. C. McArdie. The association starts the new year in a flourishing financial condition. Since the organization of the society some four years ago, petty theiving has almost entirely died out in that part of the country.

part of the country. IS HE A DEFAULTER?

D. B. Hastie Wanted by the Cudaby Packing Company for Crooked Transactions. The Codahy Packing company has very rgent business with D. B. Hastle, who has, for the past year, had charge of their pay department. As Mr. Hastle is not particularly anxious to interview his late employers the latter have so far been unable to lay their hands on him. The officers of the company claim to have discovered that Hastie is a defaulter for a large amount. It is not stated just how he succeeded in defrauding them, but it is supposed that it was accomplished by means of fictitious pay checks, and it has been discov-

ered that his gleanings from their revenue reached as much as \$200 a month. Tuesday night the Omaha police were notiried of the facts, but not until after Hastie had taken the alarm and made good his escape for the present. The detectives visited his lodgings and ascertained that an American District Telegraph wagon had called for his

District Telegraph wagon has called trunk. The number of the check was obtained from the driver of the wagon and at the depot it was learned that the trunk in the trunk had been checked for Chicago and question had been checked for Chicago and had gone over the Burlington at 4:50 that evening. Telegrams were immediately sent to the Chicago police asking them to arrest Hastle when he arrived.

LEGALITY OF A SPANISH GRANT.

J. C. Needle of Lincoln, Neb., After a Big

Slice of New Mexico's Territory. SANTA FE, N. M., Jan. 4.-An important claim has been filed in the court of private land claims by J. G. Needle of Lincoln, Neb. The claim is made for the Heath land grant of 100,000 acres in southern New Mexico e grant to Heath was made under the law of

1823, which was the most liberal colonization law of Mexico. It was passed during the short reign of Iturbide and was in force only a few months, and for this reason not many grants were made under it. No case under the law has ever reached the supreme court of the United States, but the courts of Texas have several times sustained the law. It is regarded as one of the most important suits in the court and some new and interesting points of constitutional as well as international law arise in the case.

Mr. Needle is one of the Heath heirs. He made several trips to Mexico and is assured by his attorneys that the claim is a good one.

CHEAP BEER.

St. Louis Brewers Engage in a Hot Fight for Trade. Sr. Louis, Mo., Jan. 4.-There is a beer war on between the brewers' trust of this city, known as the St. Louis Brewing association, and the new breweries, which in clude the American National, Columbia, Home and Obert's breweries. The war will also involve the Anheuser-Busch and Lemp Brewing companies, It is principally directed, however, against the new breweries, which the trust is trying to freeze out by

cutting prices.

The association, at a meeting last night, ordered the price cut to \$4 a barrel, which is almost, if not quite, the cost price to the breweries, so all local drade that is done on that basis is done at a loss to the breweries. Those engaged in the fight announce themselves as determined to fight it out, and beer may yet be given away.

A Child Enjoys The pleasant favor, gentie action and soothing effect of Syrup of Figs, when in need of a laxative, and if the father or mother be costive or bilious, the most gratifying results

follow its use; so that it is the best family remedy known and every family should have a bottle. Archbishop Ireland in Chicago. CHICAGO, Ill., Jan. 4.-Archbishop Ireland has arrived in the city and has taken up his headquarters at the Grand Pacific answer to an inquiry as to his opinion on the Father McClynn incident, the archbishop firmly declined to express any. "It is no business of mine," said he, "and any remarks that I might make would be entirely out of

With regard to the forthcoming papal celebration the archbishop professed absolute ignorance as to the steps to be taken in this country. "The most important functions," he said, "will take place in Rome. There will be some attention paid to it in this country, but nothing has yet been arranged.

Ignorance of the merits of DeWitt's Little Early Risers is a misfortune. These pills regulate the liver, cure headache, pepsia, bad breath, constipation and bilious-

Gone to His Friend's Funeral. Bishop Worthington received a telegram on Saturday announcing the death of Governor Baldwin and he left Sunday night to attend the funeral.

Governor Baldwin was the senior warden of St. John's church in Detroit, to which the bishop went as rector soon after his ordina tion, and where he remained until elected bishop of Nebraska.

After the funeral the bishop will attend the meeting of the board of managers of domestic and foreign missions in New York, as he is one of the diffeen bishops to whom this important business of the church is in trusted. He w be absent about ten days.

"Brown's Bronchial Troches' are excellent for the relief of hourseness or sore throat. They are exceedingly effective."—Christian World, London, Eng.

If Your Cistern Is Out of Order

or Soft Water is scarce, don't worry yourself for a momentgo right ahead and use hard water with

and you'll never know the difference,

The clothes will be just as white, clean and sweet-smelling, because the "White Russian" is specially adapted for use in hard water.

JAS. S. KIRK & CO., Chicago. Dusky Diamend Tar Soap. Best Soap for the TO THE OWNERS OF ALL LOTS OR PARTS

TO THE OWNERS OF ALL LOTS OR PARTS of lots on Seward street, from 25th street to 28th street;
You are bereby notified that the undersigned, three disinterested freeholders of the city of Omaha, have been duly appointed by the mayor, with the approval of the city council of said city, to assess the damage to the owners respectively of the property affected by the grading of Seward street from 26th street to 28th street, doclared necessary by ordinance No. 38th passed December 13th, 1892, approved December 19th, 1892.
You are further notified that having accepted said appointment, and duly qualified as required by law, we will on the 12th day of January, A. D. 1893, at the hour of 4 oclock in the afternoon, at the office of Goo. J. Paul. 18.5 Farnam street, within the corporate limits of said city, neet for the purpose of considering and making the assessment of damage to the owners respectively of said property, affected by said grade, taking into consideration special benefits, if any. You are notified to be present at the time and place aforesaid, and make any objections to or statements concerning said assessment of damages as you may consider proper.

[Geo. J. PAUL. JOHN F. FLACK. JOHN F. FLACK. JOHN F. FLACK. JOHN F. FLACK. DIN M. ROB BINS.

action of AYER'S Sarsaparilla, when taken for diseases originating in impure blood but, while this assertion is true of AYER'S Sarsaparilla, as thousands can attest, it cannot be truthfully applied to other preparations, which un; rincipled dealers will recommend, and try to impose upon you, as "just as good as Ayer's." Take Ayer's Sarsaparilla and Ayer's only, if you need a blood-purifier and would be benefited permanently. This medicine, for nearly fifty years, has enjoyed a reputation, and made a record for cures, that has never been equaled by other preparations. AYER'S Sarsaparilla eradicates the taint of hereditary scrofula and other blood diseases from the system, and it has, deservedly, the confidence of the people.

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

the relief I have obtained from the use of AYER'S Sarsaparilla. I was afflicted with kidney troubles for about six months, suffering greatly with pains in the small of my back. In addition to this, my body was covered with pimply eruptions. The remedies prescribed failed to help me. I then began to take AYER rsaparilla, and, in a short is ceased and the pimples time. i advise every young man in case of sickness resultor wo ing from impure blood, no matter how long standing the case may be, to take AYER'S Sarsaparilla."-- H. L. Jarmann, 33 William st., New York City.

WISE BOUNTE COST WHEN YOUR IC HEALTH 0

Wouldn't it CURE You now than LATER ON?

As you value your life don't neglect consulting some one shose advice will be of value

AND SEARLES HERVOUS PRIVATE DISEASES

Blood, Skin and Kidney Diseases, Female Weaknesses, Lost Manhood CURED. PH.ES, FISTULA, FISSURE, permanently cured All maladies of a private or delicate nature, of either sex, positively cured.

Call on or address, with stamp for Circulars, Free Book and Recipes, Dr. Searles & Searles, 118 South 15th Street



DR. E. C.WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATment, a specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Fits, Neuraigia, Hearlache, Nervous Prostration caused by
liquor or tobaco, wakefulness, Mental Depression,
Softness of the Brain causing insanity, misery, decay, death, Premature Old Age, Nervousness, Loss of
Power in either sex, impotency, Leucorrhos and all
Fomale Weaknesses, involuntary Losses, Spermatorrhea caused by over-exertion of the brain. A
month's treatment \$1; 6 for \$5; by mail. We guarniteed boxes to care. Each order for 6 boxes with
\$5 will send written guarantee to refund if not cured.
Guarantee issued only by Theodore F. Lewis, draggist, sole agent, noutleast corner isth and Farnam
streets. Omaha.



A new and complete treatment, consisting of Suppositories, Ointmeat in Capsules, also in box and
Pills. A positive care for External, Internal, Blind
or Bleeding, Itching, Chronic, Recent or Hereditary
Piles. This remedy has never been known to fail.
I per box 6 for 55 r sont by mail. Why suffer from
this terrible disesse when a written guarantee is
positively given with 6 boxs or resigned the money
fract cured. Send stamp for free sample. Guarneed small by Kabax 56 adaptive sole species. ntecissued by Kuhu & Co., draggists, sole agents, rner 15th . (1) + 1 . . . stroots Omaha. Neb. NOTICE OF ASSESSMENT OF DAM

AGES FOR GRADING,

AGES FOR GRADING.

To the owners of all lots, parts of lots an dreestate along Cameron street, from 24th 8 tree to the 49-acre line or the center of 27t street produced.

You are hereby notified that the undersigned, three disinterester freeholders of the city of Omaha, nave been duly appointed by the mayor, with the approvatiof the city council of said city, to assess the damages to the owners respectively of the property affected by the grading of Cameron street from 24th street to the 49-acre line or the center of 27th street to the 49-acre line or the center of 27th street to the 49-acre line or the center of 27th street to the 49-acre line or the center of 27th street produced, declared necessary by ordinance No. 383, passed December 13th, 1892, approved December 19th, 1892.

You are further notified that having accepted said appointment and duly qualified as required by line, we will on the 7th day of January, A. D. 1893, at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at the office of T. H. McCulloch, room 812 New York Life building, within the corporate limits of said city, meet for the purpose of considering and making the assessment of damage to the owners respectively of said property affected by the grading, taking into considering special benefits, if any.

You are notified to be present at the time

any.

You are notified to be present at the time and place aforesaid and make any objection to or statements concerning said assessment of dareages as you may consider proper.

T. H. MCCULLOCH, WM. G. SHRIVER, GEO. J. PAUL.
Omaha. Dec. 23d. 1832.

Proposals for Lighting the Suburbs of the City of Omaha.

City of Omaha.

According to information from the chairman of the special committee on gasoline lighting, the instructions to advertise for bids for lighting the suburbs of the city were not definite enough, and at his request the advertisement is changed to read as follows:

Sealed bids will be received at the office of the city comptroller up to 5 p. m. sharp, January 10, 1893, for twelve 112) candle power gasoline lamps, or electric lights, for lighting the suburbs of the city, for a period of two years. Bids may state price per lamp, moonlight schedule of twenty nights per month, or from sun down to sunrise. No certain number of lamps guaranteed, but the statement is made that in the last bill from the last contractor the city was charged with 1.014 lamps. A certified check in the sum of \$200 will be required from each bidder as a guarantee of good faith. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

THEO, OLSEN, Comptoller. THEO, OLSEN,

Comptroller. □31d6t Omaha, December 30, 1892 Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Omaha Union Depot company will be held at the office of the Union Depot company, at the headquarters of the Union Pacific Ifallway company, in the city of Omaha, on the 9th day of January, 1893, at 3 o'clock p. m., for the election of directors and transaction of any other business that may legally come before the meeting.

T. L. Kimball, President Omaha, December 20, 1892.

D21d20t

Things happen nowadays. A man walked into our store

one day last week, tried on a suit of clothes and immediately had a fit, and the oddest thing about it was that he seemed pleased about it. The year we've just begun is an odd one in many respects. While it came on time to the second, it came on the first. It's an odd number (1893.) Add its four figures together and it's odd again (21.) Spell it out -eighteen ninety three-and it takes an odd number of letters to spell it (19.) There's an odd number of days in it (365), and an odd number of Sundays (53). The moon gets full the first time this year on the second, gets rid of his last quarter before the month is half gone and gets full on the last day of the month again. While the year itself is so odd, we've got done the stocktaking, balance up the books, and begun the new year even. At the same time we have some odd things left We've a few odd overcoats; that is odd lots, not odd patters or odd styles. Some odd sizes or odd lots in suits in both the men's and boys' departments. We've some odd hats, not odd styles, but onlya few of a kind. The shoe man has a few odd shoes (not exactly odd shoes, but odd pairs of shoes)

There are a few little lots of shirts-of underwear of mufflers of neckwear and so on. Among the odd things-should your choice be found-a large saving will be yours in the marked down prices-

Cetting ready to mail cur rew catalogue. Want



We close at 6:30 p. m.

Consult

Successful

Specialist

IF YOU A Learn About Yourself.

Chronic, Private, Nervous and Surgical Diseases CURED. Lost Manhood, Female Weaknesses,

CURED. CONSULTATION FREE. C. W. WILLIAMSON, M.D, Rooms 8, 814, 9, 914,

116-118 S. 15th Street, Omaha **DEFORMITY BRACES**



Elastic Stocking Trusses, Crutches, Batteries, Water Bottles, Syringes, Atomizers,

Medical Supplies ALOE & PENFOLD 114 S.15t13t.,

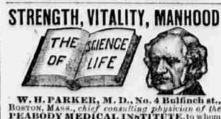
Next to Postoffice.

PURE VIRGINIA RYE

MOUNT VERNON

I beg to call the attention of the public to the above popular brand of pure rye whisky and respectfully ask a comparison with any other brand of pure rye offered in this market. It is far superior to any other whisky and I guarantee s absolute excellence in flavor as it as its purity and its wholesome effewell The public is invited to call and tets, it. Henry Hiller, 616 N. 16th St., family

wine and liquor house. Esmond hote OPIUM horphine flabit Cured in to 20 Gays. No pay till cured. Dr. J. Stephens, Lebanon.



PEABODY MEDICAL INSTITUTE, to whom was awarded the GOLD MEDAL IN the NATIONAL MEDICAL ASSOCIATION for the PRIZE ESSAY on Exhausted Fitatity, Atrophy, Nerrous and Physical Debility, and all Diseases and Weakness of Man, CURES Consultation in person or by letter, Prospectus, with testimonials, FREE. Large book, SCIENCE OF LIFE, OR SELF-PRESERVATION, 300 pp., 125 invaluable pre-scriptions, full gilt, only \$1.00 by mail, scaled



DR.

NEBRASKA

Saturdays 10 p. m.

National Bank, U. S. DEPOSITORY, OMAHA, NEB.

Capital.....\$400,000

Surplus......\$65,000 Cfficers and Directors—Honry W. Yates, president R. C. Cushing, vice president; C. S. Maurice, W. V Morse, John S. Collins J. N. H. Patrick; Lewis & Reed, cashier.

THE IRON BANK. The Mercer.

> **Omaha's Newest Hotel** COR. 12TH AND HOWARD STS.

40 Rooms at \$2,50 per day. 50 Rooms at \$3.00 per day. 30 Rooms with Bath at \$3.0) per day. 30 Rooms with Bath at \$3.0) to \$4.50 per day. OPENED AUGUST 135

Modern in Every Respect. Newly Furnished Throughout. C. S. ERB. Prop.

PATENT BUREAU.

SUES & CO., Solicitors, Bee Building, Omaha, Neb years Examiners U. S. Pat. Office. Advice free

PENSIONS! CLAIMS! COLLAR TRADE CHII, MARK

A. H.DYER.

Elevators, warehouses, factory buildings, and all work requiring a thorough and practical knowledge of construction and trength of materials, a specialty, P. O. Hox 334, Fremont, Neb. MEN French Preparation CALTROS free, and a legal sugrantor that CALTROS will Heatore your Health, Strength and Vigor. Address VON MOHL CO...

Scaled proposals will be received by the State Board of Printing at the office of the secretary of state, at any time before Thursday, January 12th, 1893, at 2 o'cleek p.m., for printing and binding in cloth 5,000 copies report of State Board of Horiteulture for the year 1893, of 300 pages each, the same to be printed in long primer type. The size of page, weight and quality of paper, style and quality of binding, style of lettering on cover and in all respects the work to be the same as the Horiteultural Report of 1892. Sample of work may be seen at the office of the secretary of state.

Work to be completed within sixty days from the awarding of the contract.

Right reserved to reject any and all bids by the State Printing Board.

Dated December 28th, 1892.

D 30 d 101 Secretary of State.

WINTER RESORTS.

THE OGLETHORPE,

A PERFECT WINTER RESORT HOTEL Opens Jan. 4. Send for circular. Famous to healthfulchimate, balor see air, ping! crosts, in drives and squatic and field sports.

WARREN LELAND, Jr., Manager.