WAS VOTERS NIGHT

Gmaha Men Listen to a Clear Statement of

the Political Issues.

SUCCESSFUL FOURTH WARD RALLY

Boyd's Beautiful Opera House Jammed Full

of Thinkers and Reasoners.

WHERE OMAHA IS DIRECTLY INTERESTED

Points in the Tariff That Touch This City

in Vital Spots.

DESPERATE TAMMANY

Leaders of New York's Democratic Machine Formulate a New Plan of Action.

WILL SWEAR IN AN ARMY OF THUGS

purpose of "thwarting the buildozing attempt" of that convenient bugaboo, John 1. Davenport, "to intimidate voters and overrun the city on election day with an army of United States marshals."

Boss Croker's Resolve.

The idea of any one except Tammany bulldezing and intimidating voters in New York city is so ridiculous that even Mr. Croker must have smiled when he presented the following preamble and resolution:

Whereas, Chilzens have been arbitrarily arrested at the Instance of John I. Davenport with a view to intim dating them, and thus preventing the free exercise of the right of franchise in this city, and

Whereas, Thousands of other arrests for the like unlawful purpose are threstening, especially on the day of election; now with a view to protecting all qualified citizens in their right to east their bullets on the ensuing election day and to prevent forther unlawful Interference, be it

Resolved, That a committee of five be appointed to wait upon the Board of Police of city of New York and demand that such Instructions be given to police officers as will insure the free exercise of the right of franchise Tuesday next: also to requist the sheriff of the city and county of New York to qualify a sufficient number of special depu-ties to attend to all the polling places in this city on that day in order that the right of anchise may be insured to all e tizens and

Further, that said committee likewise wai upon the district attorney of the city and county of New York and confer with him as who have been concerned in such arrest and presented for action to the grand larv.

Leventritt, H. D. Hotchaiss, David McClure,

In plain English, it is now proposed to defy the federal law and the officers eral law. In addition to the army of 3,500 Tammany beelers in uniform, who will be at the polls Tuesday to prevent republican buildering and intimidation, another army of 5,000 deputy sheriffs will also be present to assist in the battle which vill be waged against the government of the United States. Tammany ingloriously failed to roll up the

big registration it had promised the party in this city, and in the effort to cover this lost ground has determined to resort to desperate measures. The law does not enter into consideration with Tammany is this question when the law luterferes with Tammany's designs. An armed force of \$,500 Tammany thugs are relied to keep the officers of the United States away from the polls, and thus afford the courses opportunity for perpetrating the crossest frauds. After the conference had adjourned Leader

Croker remarked: "We mean business. We do not propose

to allow Davenport or his marshals to override the laws of this state."

Mr. Croker is a democrat of the Calbour and Jeff Davis stripe. He believes that the state and municipal authority is superior to that of the United States whenever they conflict.

Address to the Marshals. United States Marshal Jacobus issued a

statement to his deputies today in which he laid down the law to them regards their duties on election day. After a preamble reciting that certain evil persons were intending to incite the turbulent to riot and disorder by musicaging statements in regard to their du ties. Marshal Jacobus says the supreme court of the United States in the Stebela

"The regulations made by congress are paramount to those made by the state legisnature, and if there is conflict therewith, the latter, so far as the conflict extends, ceases to be operative. No clashing can possibly arise. As a necessary consequence such officers and agents (United States marshals and supervisors) must have the requisite authority to act without obstruction or interference from the officers of the state. The constitution and laws of the United States are the supreme law of the land. To these every citizen of every state owes obedience, whether in his individual or official capacity."

Marshal Jacobus assures his deputies that they have a right to go behind guard railines in politing places and no one can prevent

SUPERVISION OF ELECTIONS.

United States Marshals at the Polis and Their Rights There. WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 3.-Solicitor General Aidrick, acting attorney general, in a formal sweeping opinion, just rendered, as to the employment of United States marshale and supervisors at the polls, rules, in addition to the points previously covered as to the rights of these officers to be present within the rails at the nolling places, that the marshals also have the right to summon the sheriff's posse comitatus to assist them and also to call upon all organized military budges for the same purpose. The acting attorney general adds that the alleged instruc-tions issued in New York, Arkansas and atahama bring the state officers issuing them under the provision of the United States laws as to couspiracy to obstruct.
The statement of Acting Attorney Gen-

eral Aldrich is as follows: The attention of the Department of Justice

has been called to certain alleged instructions to the police and state officers in Aiabams, Aransas and New York with reference to their conduct toward such United States deputy marshals as may be in attendance at the polling places. Such instructions being unlawful their authors and all persons attempting to carry them into effect will come within the provisions of sections 5518 and 5323 of the criminal statutes of the United States, which are as follows:

What the Statutes Provide.

What the Statutes Provide.

Section Mis. If two or more persons in any state of territory consumers to prevent by Provide and the Control Day.

DEFIANCE TO THE FEDERAL AUTHORITY

Representatives of the National Government to Be Overawed by Local Toughs.

RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED BY THE BOSSES

Secret Conclave of the Colitical Desperadors.

Decides that the City Must He Carried by Any Means for Grover Cleveland.

New York, Nov 3 — [Special Telegram to This Bee.]—The leaders of Tammany hall beld a meeting today to decide upon a course of action, in view of the opinions rendered by Attorney General Miller and latter by Attorney General Mill vassing votes thereof, or of making returns or certificates thereof, any supervisor of election, the murshal or his general or special deputies, who threat as or intempts to do so, or referes or neglects to all any supervisor of election or the marshal or his general or special deputies, or ellier of them, in the performance of their divides or to give such aid and essentiance, shall be liable to instant arrest without process, amishall be punished by imprisonment, not more than two vents, or by the of not more than two vents or by the of not more than \$1.00, or by both och fine and imprisonment, and shall pay the cest of prosecution.

As Peace Officers, Not Partisans. In view of these provisions, it is not thought that any person or combination of bersons will seek in any way to interfere with the marshals in the discharge of their duty. Any such interference will be rigorously prosecuted. The marshals and their deputies are at such politing places as peace officers and not partisans, and their instructions allow no discrimination for or against any party. An honest ballot and a fair count is what the law was designed to provide, and its constitutionality has been so strongly upheld, and the paramount power of federal government so clearly asserted by of federal government so clearly asserted by the supreme court that it would be tole to discuss that question. The idea that the United States is not as much the object of the people's love and patriotism as any state is utterly mischievous, although implied in the circulars referred to A peace officer of the United States who

seeks to prevent illegal voting, no more invades the rights of American citizens than does the peace officer of a state. The impression that the federal government is a foreign power should be obliterated. The statement that section 2021 is the only section authorizing the appointment of deputy marshais, and that no such appointments can be made, only in cities of 20,000 inhabitants or up, is not the view of the law entertained by the attorney general or myself, nor has such a view been held or expressed by any attorney gen-eral since the enactment of the law. So far The resolutions were unanimously adopted and the following committee named: David Attorney General Taft in his circular letter of September 4, 1876, have been continuously acquiesced in. In this circular he said You will observe that the special lepaties mentioned in section 2021 of the revised statutes have peculiar duties assigned to them, duties which otherwise do not be long to deputy marshals. Such special dep ities can be appointed only in cities of 20.00 signed to marshals and their deputies by sec-tion 2022 or other like statutes belong to all duly appointed deputies, whether they be general or special within the meaning of that and the preceding section. Deputies to dis-charge this latter class of duties may be appointed to any number whatever, accordto the discretion of the marshal, in all states which sheriffs have a similar power."

Rights of the Murshals.

The question whether the density marshals have the right to be within the guard rail of the poiling places is answered in the atto 892, in the affirmative. As will be observed, section 3222, Revised Statutes, prescribes a penalty of imprisonment and fine against any person who with or without the author ity of "any state or municipality" interferes with or prevents the mar-hal or his deputies from the performance of any duty or hinders or prevents their full and free secess to and egress from such places of registration or sell of election, and to or from any root where any such registration or election or canvass of votes may be held."

The statutes are so clear and explicit that really cannot see any room for discussion.
I do not believe that any attempt will be made to violate this law or carry out the revolutionary and dangerous policy an-nounced in the dispatches referred to. If such action occurs trouble will come, as the same law prescribes penalties against a deputy who fails to do his duty. Such a result all good citizens, irrespective of party, will deplore, and the consequences would fall

upon those whose course led to un-warranted resistance to the power of the federal government, as power which the sourceme court of the United States has declared paramount, when member of congress or presidential elector is to be voted for, to any state law or author ity upon this subject. I will add that this is not a partisan question and they are not roos citizens in my opinion who seek to make it one. No party can justly hope to ocserve or attain success by defiance of the law. However that may be our duty is plain. The law must be enforced. The mar-shals are warned under the penalties of the iaw against any interference with the rights of citizens, and at the same time they will guard and protect such rights at whateve

INSTRUCTIONS TO MARSHALS.

United States Mar hal Baxter of New York Has a Few Words to Say. ELMIRA, N. Y., Nov. S .- In reply to the circular issued by William F. Sheeban of the democratic executive committee, regarding rights and outles of deputy United States marshals at the polis on election day, United states Marshal Baxter has issued a letter of instructions to the deputies of the northern district of New York, which, he declares to be equally applicable overywhere. In it he says: "William F. Steeban, chairman of the democratic state campaign committee, has issued a circular in which he assumes to state the rights and duties of special deputy maranals. As the circular is calculated to mislead you in the discharge of your duties, and as its statements are contrary to the clearly defined provisions of the federal statutes, i seems advisable for me to add to the instructions already given you. Sheehan, in his circular, says United States marshals have no more right than any other voter to be within the guard rail of the poiling places, and in support of this statement cites the decision in a certain case, by Justice Brower of the supreme court. The case cited is clearly not in point, as it was, one where there were no United States supervisors of election at the register. election at the politing place. It has no bearing in this case, where there are United

discharge of their duties by special deputy (CONTINUED ON SECOND PAGE.

States supervisors to be supported in the

NEW YORK CITY REPUBLICANS

They Listen to Telling Arguments from Several Eloquent Orators.

ROSWELL G. HORR'S BRIGHT POINTS

He Stabs the Cleveland Speech in Several Valuerable Places-Colonel Shep. herd Gives the Bourbons Some Extra Hard Raps on Fusion.

New York, Nov. 3 .- About 5,000 bankers, merchants and prokers and their clerks filled the side walks and streets in front of and about the subtreasury steps at Wall street today and listened to the republican orators who spoke under the auspices of the republican ciub of this city.

Captain Brainer, the chairman, introduced the speaker, L. E. Chittenden, who devoted his remarks to the benefits arising from the policy of republican administration. The band played an air and then ex-Congressman Roswell G. Horr was presented. He said he did not believe that since the formation of the government of the United States there had been displayed a more pronounced piece of egotism or more unmittigated impudence than the speech of Grover Cleveland at the Lenox Lyceum, Chesrs. Mr. Cleveland, be said, declared that the republicans were vauguished in argument. Who did it, he would like to know! Perhaps he referred to the argument made by Bourke Cockran in Chicago, which was punctuated by General Sickles. [Laughter.] If so, I acknowledge that we can't answer that. Hang it, Bourke Cockran nimself has been trying to answer it ever since, but he can't do it. [Laughter.] Colonel Eillot, F. Shepard was the next speaker. He said that Benjamin Harrison was the only sational candidate running for the presidency, because Mr. Cleveland's party had surrendered Colorado, Idaho, Kan-sas, Nebraska, Nevada, North Dakota, South Dakota, Wyoming and Minnesota, having withdrawn their electoral ticket there in the interest of the Weaver party, and had not therefore been accepted in any

sense of the word as a national party.

Assistant Treasurer Roberts next spoke.

After paying his respects to Mr. Cleveland s Lenox Lyceum speech and referring to an alliance democratic fusion in the west he said: "In case this fusion scheme works, the populists may become master of the gemocratic party in all its policy. Victory for Cleveland would put the populists on top and it would be the most scandalous combine." American politics. Mr. Cleveland ceases o be the biol when he is found to bow down to populists and Weaver.

WARNED BY REID'S ELOQUENCE,

New York German Republicans Give Him

a Glorious Reception. New York, Nov. 3.-The German republicans of New York gave Whitelaw Reid a rousing reception at their mass meeting tonight. The meeting was held at Cooper union and the large hall was filled to overflowing. The audience showed its enthusiasm throughout the evening and the speakers, particularly Mr. Reid, were cheered again and again by many thousand strong-junged mea. The stage of the ball was handsomely decorated. Cappa's Seventh regiment band entertained the crowd until

the speakers arrived. The meeting was called to order by Carl Morse, who introduced Judge Charles Neaher. He made a short speech on the currency question, and then Whitelaw Reid was introduced. Mr. Reid was received with thunderous applause, which continued for several minutes. He said the enthusifor several minutes. He said the enthusi-astic cheers of fellow republicans at the ther end of the Empire state were yet rin f enthusiasm from his German-American fellow citizens. German-Americans, he said, constituted a large class of intelligent people who, from the time of the revolution, had gone magnifi-cently to the front in each crisis of war, each crisis in peace, and each crisis i the history of the republican party. The Germans wished to be on the side of honest government and above all on the side of hon-est money. They could be on that side this year by supporting the republican party. The democrats had done nothing for the pas hair present platform to inspire the confi dence of the people. What had Mr. Harrison done in the past three years that he should be turned out of doors! he asked. He had defended American honor at home and abroad, he had advocated a protective tariff. eciprocity and honest money. The country had advanced in prosperity: working people were increasing their deposits in the savings institutions; wares were increasing and industries flourishing. The democrats on the other hand advocated free trade, ocnounced reciprocity and favored a wildcat currency. The provisions of their platform embodied in law would kill American industries, decrease wages and bring upon to onclusion Mr. Reid predicted certain re

Mr. Reid got great applause at the end of is speech Edwin Einstein, republican candidate for mayor, came in after Mr. Reid's speech and

was heartily cheered. He and Frederick W. Hollts addressed the meeting. McKinley at Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 3 .- Governor Mc Kinley arrived here about 1 o'clock this afternoon from New York. He was met by the committee of republicans and consented to make a brief address at the noonday meet ing of republican business men. He said the outlook in New York was cheering-[applause - and that the republicans would cer-tainly win next Tuesday. Great cheering. He trusted that this great industrial city would not send a free trader to congress. The growth of this great city in her industrial wealth had been due to the protective policy and the people of her city should vote to continue it.

This evening at Music hall Governor Mc Kinley was greeted by an enthusiastic audi ence which taxed the capacity of the build-ing to the utmost. He began his speech by commenting on the plank of the democratic platform favoring the repeat of the 10 per cent tax on state bank circulation. He said that meant a restoration of wildcat money in the United States in place of our splendic national bank circulation and explained what disasters would then follow to the busi ness of the country. The governor then took up the tariff question and discussed it in about the same way he had handled the sub-ject in the east. He then closed by paying a tribute to President Harrison and his administration, especially his foreign policy.
Tonight Governor McKinley was given a
reception at the Union club.

Words From General Wise of Virginia. New York, Nov. 3.-The auditorium of Cooper Union was crowded last night. It was the occasion of the mass meeting of the Wholesale Dry Goods Republican club. The great hall was taxed to its utmost capacity. The cries of fraud from the semograts, he said, made him think of a fox picking feathers out of his teeth and at the same time cambing auyone who loved fowls. conclusion he said that the last democrati congress had spent six months in time anthe people's money in finding out who was

Oregon Democrats Will Stay in the Fight PORTLAND, Ore., Nov. 3. - The democratic state committee has issued an address this afternoon saying that the democratic electoral ticket would not be withdrawn. The ticket is now composed of three democrats and one populist.

New Yons, Nov. 3.-Chairman Habn of the speakers bureau at republican headquarters, said: "The work of the speakers'

bureau is practically over. All speakers have been assigned to the different states and the most of them have returned to their own states. I am satisfied, after twelve weeks work in the speakers bureau, that the voters of this country are prepared to meet questions and are posted on all of them. The members of the republican national committee have refrained from saying very much on the subject of the election, but have waited until they could hear from the necole. waited until they could hearfrom the people. They have heard from them in a very satistory manner and we feel that we can predict confidently that Harrison and Reid will be elected."

FIGHTING THE A. P. A.

Catholic Societies of Detroit Up in Arms Against that Organization.
DETROIT. Mich., Nov. 3.—For the past month it is said there has been a concentrated movement going on among the Catholic societies of this city and county to try conclusions with the American Protective association in the coming elections. Several meetings of delegates from all those societies have been beld, at which the situation has been canvassed and position has been taken on the state, county and legislative tickets. A further meeting is to be held next Friday to maily determine the position which the societies will take on the alder-manic candidates who have not yet been de-cided upon. In making their canvass of the candidates the delegates to the meetings of the Cetholic societies have enceavored not to oppose any liberal Protestant candidate, but to confine their efforts to blacklisting people who are known to be American Protective association members or other proteges of that organization. The membership of the movement is variously estimated at from 15,000 to 17,000 voters, who belong to the dif-ferent Catholic organizations. In addition there are said to be other Catholics who are not affiliated with the societies, who will be more or less moved by the society convention. So far as the tickets have been gone over, no choice has been expressed between the re-publican and democratic state tickets, all the candidates thereon being designated as lib-eral Protestants. The local tickets and legislative tickets, on the other hand, will be badly scratched. No choice has been ex-pressed between Chipman and Pecker, the

democratic and republican congressional candidates. CHARLES EMERY SMITH'S ELOQUENCE

He Addressed the Republican Club of the University of Pennsylvania. PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Nov. 3.-The republican campaign in this city practically closed with a mass meeting at the Academy of Music under the auspices of the Republican Club of the University of Pennsylvania. About 1,500 students from the university and near by colleges filled the building and made the echoes ring with their college yells through-out the meeting. Charles Emery Smith, exminister to Russia presided and made a stirring speech to the collegians. He said the college club had become a vital force in American politics. The college boy had entered the preparatory school of American statesmanship. It was said that edu-cated intellect was for free trade, but these clubs showed it was not true.

Mr. Smith referred hamorously to the defection of Wayne MacVeagh. He was shocked at republican corruption and so had embraced Tannany bail. Mr. Smith pointed out that the administra-tion of President Harrison had opened a new epoch for the cobury, and made a new de-parture under the joint operation of the twin principles of reciprocity and protection. It involved the complete defense of American markets for the American producer and the conquest of foreign markets for our surplus. Mr. Smith closed with an earnest tribute to President Harrison.

REED'S REASONINGS.

Thousands Listen to the Ex-Speaker at Kalamazoo, Mich.

KALAMAZOO, Mich., Nov. 3 .- Ex-Speaker Reed was met at the depot this afternoon by a throng of enthusiastic republicans and escorted to the Wigwam. The building was crowded to its utmost capacity, and the streets of the city were overflowing with those who came many miles to hear the republican leader. When the speaker appeared upon the platform was enthusiastically received. He began by comparing the records of the two great political parties. He character-ized the republican party as progressive, while the democrats, he declared, were a retarding element. Reed then reviewed as ome length the party's record

contrasting it with the work of the democrats at the last session. ouight occurred a big republican parade. participated in by clubs from all over this immediate section of the state. Following the parade there was another meeting at the Wigwam and Hon, E. L. Hamilton spoke

During the evening other local republican Democrats at Brooklyn. BROOKLYN, N. Y., Nov. 3 .- The democrats of Brooklyn held their last great rally for the national ticket tonight at the Academy

of Music. Over 5,000 enthusiastic democrats were crowded into the building and they cheered and applauded the utterances of the orators, Wayne MacVeagh of Pennsylvania and ex-Governor Campbell of Ohio. Con-gressman Alfred R. Chapin presided. Hon. Wayne MacVeagn was the first speaker He said that the return of the republican party to a high protective tariff had driven him into the democratic party, and then en-tered upon a discussion of the tariff question, severely denouncing the McKinley Ex-Governor Campbell of Ohio followed Mr. MacVeagh. After a few laudatory re-marks about Mr. MacVeagh and Judge Gresham the ex-governor answered various irguments put forth by Governor McKipley n his campaign speeches.

Senator Hill Talks. CANANDARGUA, N. Y., Nov. 3 .- Senator Hill addressed an immense meeting this afternoon. His reception was an ovation from his enrance into the bail until his appearance upon the stage from which he addressed the throng. The squator said it was not such a long time ago that they used to hear so much about the Tammany tiger from the republicans. Now it was all wildcat. The republicans were always going around with a great fear on their shoulders. The possibility of something or other dreadful that the democrate might do disturbed them to the uttermost. It was a republican trick to scare people who don't know better than to be acared Mr. Hill sulogized Mr. Cleveland's admin-

Forty Thousand Bollars at Stake. PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Nov. 3. - Probably one of the largest individual bets made during the campaign was made this morning in this city and the combined wagers to the amount of \$40,000 are now in the hands of Mr. Will liam H. Singerly, who acts as the stake-holder. The betting was done by William Thompson of Gloucester, and William B. Ahren, regresenting the republican syndicate. The pet is for \$20,000 on the general result.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 3 -- Hon. Chauncey M. Depew addressed a crowded audience in Music ball tonight, and later an overflow meeting in the adjoining concert ball, thou-sands being unable to gain admission. He was in one of his happiest moods, and from the time he was introduced to the close of his speech he was listened to with profound attention and admiration.

TOPEKA, Kas., Nov. 8.-The democratic state central committee met today and accepted the resignation of Edward Carroll, democratic candidate for congress in the First district, and voted to substitute for his name on the ticket the name of Fred J. Close, the people's party candidate.

ISSUES OF THE CAMPAIGN DISCUSSED

Independents and Democrats Given Some Idea of the Weak Features of Their Party Platforms-Interesting

Nebrasks Political News.

GRAND ISLAND, Neb., Nov. 3 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE |- Senator Charles Manderson held one of the most interesting political discussions here togight that has been heard in the whole campaign. He was escorted from the hotel to the ball by the republican flambeau ciub led by the band. The hall was crowded. Before Senator Manderson was introduced Dr. Renner of Omsta, a pioneer, made a few happy and timely re-

Senator Manderson described the present political struggle in the west and gave his audience his opinion of the duty of a political spoaker. He analyzed the people's party platform and compared the moral, political and material rule of that instrument with the platform of the republicans with its wholesome expressions of thank ulness. He made a clear explanation of how a vote for Weaver will be a vote for Cleveland and read extracts from Boyd's recent letter. Going to the tariff question he took up some of the more important statements made by Morton when the latter was here, and mas-sacred them. He explained the nature of the protective tariff and its results and closed with a strong plea for the republican ticket.

FOX IS VERY FOXY.

Some Pointers on the Record of a Demoeratic Candidate for the Legislature. Chrighton, Neb. Nov. 3. - | Special to The BEE. |-It is astonishing how absolutely undescrying men manage to work themselves to the front in politics. This place furnishes a striking example in the democratic nominee for senator from this district. There is bardly a man in Creighton for whom the upright, law-abiding and law-respecting people have less respect than Fred J. Fox. His career of twenty years here as a lawyer is marked by almost everything but honesty, integrity and the respect of his fellow-citizens, virtues that should be possessed by a man seeking political preferment and honorable office. His whole career has been one of cheating, swindling, embezzlement and debauchery. For five years he has been in the shadow of the penitentiary, and he has had his bands full to keep from within

how to punish those who have wantonly in-sulten the honor of their race, and that they will vote for the re-election of President Harrison and for the republican ticket. Sin-cercly rouss The cases in which he has appropriated the funds of his clients are not numbered by the dozens, but almost by the hundreds. The collections he made it was his practice to retain until forced by law to give them up. Among his embezziement cases of the last five or six years is the Phoenix Insurance company, about \$400. He was cited before court at Madison and obliged to make restitution in part; those who would like to know the particulars are referred to H. A. Whymon, the Norfolk arent of the company, and H. C. Brome, attorney at Omaba. The Marsh Harvester company, the West Union Ia., bank, Riley Bros., wholesale figuor dealers, 1118 Farnam street, Omaha, and August Sucatorff, Pierce, Neb., are among the numerous cases of unlawful retention of money and embezzlement laid at his door. The only thing that can be said in his favor is that he took treatment for drunkenness a short time ago. He was then picked up by ex-Senator Bonesteel and by scheming and working a Fex delegation was elected to the senatorial convention, and at the convention by hook or crook he received the nomination. If he was as we known over the district as he is here, where he calls his home, he would not get a vote but that which Bonesteel's money can Bonesteel is furnishing rox the carry on his canvass, and is in fact the man and the only man that will be represented if Fox is elected to the senate.

STROMSBURG'S RALLY.

Republican Speakers Interest a Large Crowd in Polk County. STROMSBURG, Neb., Nov. 3 - Special to

THE BEE] - Yesterday afternoon Prof. John A. Enauder of Augustana college, Rock Island, Iil., spoke in the opera house to a a good audience of Scandinavians. The professor spoke about an hour and a half and was listened to with marked attention first to last. In the evening Hon. Hainer spoke at the same place. He qwelt at length on the tariff and showed up in good shape the fallacies of the independents. Mr. Hamer was followed by Prof. Enander, who spoke elequently in the Swedish language to the Swedish part of the audience, which completely filled the opera house Prof. Enander was followed by Hon. E. L. King of Osceols, who spoke for a short time in his usual interesting way. The three speakers were vigorously applauded. The Stromsburg band furnished the music. The hard rain the day before, placing the roads in a pad condition, prevented many from at-tending. At the close of the evening meetng three rousing cheers were given for Mr

Enthusiasm at Callaway.

CALLAWAY, Neb., Nov. 3. - Special to THE BEE. - Yesterday was republican day in Callaway. Speaking continued almost con stantly from 2 p. m. until 11 p. m. to an audi ence of 400 or 500, many independents being eager and attentive listeners. Hon, James Whitehead made an eloquent and ringing speech which elicited long and enthusiastic applause. Immediately after supper the hall was again packed, and Hon. W. H. George devoted an hour and a haif to the masterly presentation of the free silver question emmissioner A. R. Humphrey entertained the audience for an hour. When he ciuded M. E. Vandenburg, candidate for representative, made a short talk, after which Whitehead was loudly called for few ringing remarks he set the house wild. he meeting was closed by a speech from Ferdinand Zimmerer, a farmer and old

Martland's Republican Rally.

GENEVA. Neb., Nov. 3 .- | Special to THE Ber.]-One of the most vigorous republican meetings of the campaign in this county was held at Martland last evening. Notwithstanding the fact that three days' rain had made the roads terribly muddy, the farmers came from ten miles around republican candidates for county office and Hon. J. Jensen and E. L. Martin, candidates for the legislature, and Hon. D. H. Miller of York, candidate for the state sen ate, expounded the principles of republican-

ism to the people. Extensive preparations are being made for the Thurston meeting here Friday afternoon, and for a county rally at Shickley Friday evening. Fillmore county is al right, and republicanism is getting stronger every day.

SARONVILLE, Neb., Nov. 8 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE |- Prof. John A. Enander made a republican speech here today. A very large crowd was out. Mr. Enander talked in the Swedish language. He is an excellent speaker and made many votes for the republican party during his speech.

Clay Center Democrats. CLAY CENTER, Neb., Nov. 8 .- | Special to THE BEE.] - The few democrats of this community indulged in a genuine old fashioned democratic meeting last night. The court room was fairly well filled with democrats, republicans and populists, to hear their doc-

THE BEE BULLETIN.

Weather for Omaha and Vicinity-

1. Tammany's Desperate Deflance, New York Republicans Have a Rally. Manderson's Speech at Grand Island.

Omaha Voters Take a Nigut. 2. Illinois Democrats Rouse Up.

Copple Wins a Great Foot Ruce. 3. Council Bluffs Local News.

4. Editorial and Comment. Washington Gousin. 5. Lincoln and Nebraska News.

Sioux Indians Leave the Reservation. Bismarck Speak; His Mind.

6. Grain, Provisions and Live Stock.

Sydney Smith in Jail.

can state committee:

8. Affairs at South Omaha.

9. Public Works Now in Progress. Indicate Park to Be Closed. Union Pacific's Spien and Condition,

VERY OPEN LETTER.

Hon, Patrick Egan Andresses Himself to

ills Fellow Irishmen.

Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 8-Minister Egan,

who was formerly a resident of Lincoln, to-

day sent the following letter to the republi-

New York, Nov. 8, 1892.—To Hox. A. F. Cabr. Chairman Republican State Committee: My Dear Sir—When in 1889, I had the boner to be named United States minister to

Chili, the entire mugwamp and the very large pre-British section of the entire demo-

to essail my good name, to repeat the Piggott slanders about the frish Land lesgue funds and to stigmatize me as a fugi-

tive from criminal justice. If I had been born anywhere else than in Ireland, those mug-

wumps and democrats would never dare to

assail me in this manner. How long, let me

ask, will Irishmen allow to be heaped upon them from these quar-

ters such know-nothing abuse as this Let them appear to every loyal Trish-Ameri-

can, "who," in the glowing words of Presi-dent Harrison, "though he has given the concentrated localty of his honest heart to the

forgotten and ought not to forget the land of his nativity, to consider dispassionately those piain, simple facts before he casts his ballet next Tuesday. I do most sincerely

ope Irish-Americans at the polls will know

Suit Against Vote Buyers.

Gordon, Robert Hurdgins, jr., Phillip Jus

LIBERTY, Neb., Nov. 3 - [Special to Tin

BER. |-The republicans of this vicinity were

never more in earnest than this fail. They

will carry Laberty precinct two to one at the

least calculation. One fact is very notice-

able and that is the number that are going to vote the straight ticket. Those that have

been wandering somewhat heretofore are

all back in line and declare that they will wote the straight tieses from president of

Captain Ashby, a representative of one faction of the independent party in this

cuse, which was composed largely of re-

RANDOLPH, Nob., Nov. 3 - | Special to Tin

Bee. - Van Wyckism had its turn in Ran

dolph last night. It was a revival of inde

pendents, in which republicans and damo

crats outnumbered them two to one. Before

the meeting a poil was taken, and by actual

tally 101 were republicans, forty-four demo

It Was a Small Audience

DAKOTA CITY, Neb., Nov. 3 .- [Special

relegram to THE BEE. |-An audience of

twenty-two men and seven ladies greeted

General Van Wyck and Mr. Schrader at this

place this afternoon. Schrader occupied an

hour in telling the few scattering hearers

what he knew and ridiculing the republican

caudidates for state offices. Nothing was

too mean for him to say of the grand old party and the men who comprise it. Van Wyck spoke about ten minutes and the gist of his argument was: "If you are satisfied you are satisfied.

Colfax County Independents.

gram to THE BEE -W. L. Green of Kear

ney drew all the independents of Colfax

county to Schuyler to hear him tonight.

The procession tad 130 to 140 lights. One hundred and fifty persons were in line, made up of ninety to 100 voters, forty miners and

a half dozen girls. Tin norms and willing lungs went to make up for the many absent who had been expected. Mr. Green's knife

had been whetted for republicans and all his

gali was spilled upon them. The democrats

Greenwood Republican Rally,

gram to THE BEE. | - A grand republican rally

was held here tonight. Two hundred torch

lights were in the procession. One thousand

people were in the city. There was great

enthusiasm. The speakers were Judge Chapman of Plattsmouth, General S. S. Smith of Omaha, Governor Shedd and

Contradicis the Report.

gram to THE BEE. -J. M. Doyle, democratic

candidate for float representative in the

Thirty-sixth district, was in the city today and contradicts the report that he has with-

drawn from the canvass as stated in yester-

Manderson's Speech Was Interesting.

ORD, Neb., Nov. 3.-|Special to THE BER.|-Hon. Charles F. Mauderson dis-

cussed the political issues here this evening.

discussion of the subject and received the unflagging attention of a large audience.

Brought Back to the Fold.

BER. |-Hon. C. H. Tanner addressed a large

and enthusiastic growd here yesterday, bringing many independents back to the re-publican fold.

ELSIE, Neb., Nov. 8 .- Special to THE

His speech was a clear, able and interesting

FAIRBURY, Neb., Nov. 3 .- Special Tele-

GREENWOOD, Neb., Noy. 3, - [Special Tele-

SCHUYLER, Neb., Nov. 3 .- | Special Tele

vote fully 10 per cent.

vote with the old parties."

were patted on the back.

others.

day's BEE.

the United States to road supervisor.

county, spoke here tonight on the broof independentism. He had a very

PATRICK EGAN.

cerely yours,

starry flag and his adopted country, has no

trine expounded by Hon. Frank Heller and R. V. Montague, both of Omaha. The speakers confined their arguments chiefly to WHY REPUBLICAN POLICIES SHOULD STAY

Reasons for Asking a Continuation of the Present Highly Satisfactory State of Affairs-Details of a Great

Campaign Meeting. Fourth ward republication was placed on tap isst night, and, from the way it took, it is the kind that will set the pace in the remainder of this campaign as well as in sun-

sequent ones. There was no torchlight parade, no blare of brass bands on the streets to dram up a crowd, no wholesale distribution of handbills or work of a special apprehending committee to assist in securing a crowd, but there was a crowd just the same, and it was One of the most intelligent as well as one of the most enthusiastic audiences that ever assembled in this city to listen to a discussion of the issues on which was to be decided a

large pre-British section of the entire demo-cratic press foully and falsely as-sailed me and assailed President Har-rison and his administration for having appointed me and for no other reason than because I was an Irishman who cared to be independent. Wayne MacVeagh, the business partner of Grover Cleveland, was put forward a few days ago at a great demo-cratic meeting in Cooper Union in this city, and as reported in the democratic press, amid the chiers of his sudlence, he dared to assail my good name, to repeat the political campaign. Despite the notice that had been published n advance to the effect that it would be impossible for any one to obtain admission citheet tickets, which were given out on application to prevent boys from crowding in and niring the seats to the exclusion of ladies and votors, there were hundreds seeking admission at the entrance without the secessary bils of pastenoard, and, although many of them were provided for, it was impossible to admit them all, and enough to have furnished a satisfactory audience for an ordinary meeting were turned away. The audience was ilmited only by the capacity of the building, and, including the many who gladly availed themselves of the opportunity to stand, numbered fully 2,500 people.

Candidates on the Stage. Seats for 150 had been provided on the

stage, and there was as little unoccupied space left behind the footlights as there was SHELBYVILLE, Ind., Nov. 3. - Politicians before them. Among the prominent repubwere greatly excited today when it was licans occupying seats on the stage were learned that attorneys for John Surry of Chairman A. S. Churchill of the county cen-Morristown filed complaints against Henry tral committee, Messra, W. N. Nason, T. D. Franc, J. H. Kyner, Charles Stovens, A. 11, tice, Thomas Anderson, Frank Smith. White, J. L. Kniey, D. H. Wheeler, A. Thornson Grabam and Marshall Russell for Lockser, nominees for the legislature and \$300 damages and \$100 attorney's fees in each county and elty offices, B. R. Robison, vice case under the McCabe brinery law, which gives a voter the right of action against any person who hires bim to vote or refrain from president of the State League of Republican Clubs; Hon D. H. Mercer, nominee for concress; Eugene Moore, nominee for state auditor; F. E. Moores, Judgo Gustare An-derson, Louis Littlefield, besides T. K. Sudvoting. It is charged that the defendants made up a purse, bought Surry a ticket to Indianapolis, and gave him \$10 to buy a gun, boreugh, president of the Fourth Ward club with the understanding that he so musture or election day and not return in time to vote. and chairman of the meeting. peakers of the evening.

It was considerably past the hour of s when, after the opening selection by the orchestra, the menting was called to order by Mr. Suaborough, and C. P. Halligan was introduced as the first speaker.

Mr. Haligan briefly reviewed the political eld as it appeared to him four years ago, when as a young man, he was about to cast his first vote. He went over the situation geo-graphically and found that the states south of Aluson and Dixon's line were all demo-cratic and those north of it nearly all repub-lican. He found that the democrats had always opposed magness, while the repub-lican party had been the party of progress. After comparing the two parties as to merit and demerit, he spike a few words for the candidates on the local ticker and asked the earnest appoint of every republican for the

entire tieget, from Harrison down.

The "National Functioles" was the next contribution of the orchestra, and Mr. Enward Rosewater was introduced to discuss Latter and Wages as Affected by the Tarif

and Currency.?! America's Industrial Importance.

He said that the camputan of education about to close was the groatest that had ever been fought in this country, and he be-lieved that the great audience that was crats and seventy-two independents. Van Wyck displayed his usual foxiness, laying present but evinced the interest that was felt in the issues that would be voted on next Tuesday. It had been stated that this was all the woes of heaven and earth at the feet of the republican party. The general's visit to Cedar county will increase the republican to be a sort of a full dress affair, but he saw be-fore him the banker and the laboring man, and it did not appear to be so very exclusive,

> "In 1876," said the speaker, "when the centennial bell tolled out the anniversary of the nation's birth and President Grant opened the Centennial at Philadelphia, the assembled thousands beheld an exhibition of the world's industry and a most gratifying showing of the extent to which America was beginning to compete with the manufactur-ing countries of the world. Two weeks ago there took place the opening of an exposi-tion in Chicago that will be unrivaled by tion in Chicago that will be unrivaled by any exposition in any city where such displays were ever set forth. This display will convince all beholders of the importance of America and the beneficent system of government inaugurated under George Washington and continued until today, receiving its greatest benefits under the auspices of the republical party. One must cross the occan to fully and thoroughly appreciate those facts."

Oughly appreciate those facts.

The sentiment of the Hagish manufacturers toward McKiniev was declared to be one of the utmost unimosity and hostility. and the name of the great tariff advocate was cheered to the acho

"Why is it that England is watching for the result of the election to be held next Tuesday with an interest never before? It is because the ele of Cieveiand would mean that the doors of this country were to be again thrown open to the free cutry of the goods of the English manufacturer, and down would go the condition of the American laborer to the condition of the paper labor of Europe. It seems to me that every good citizen should vote this year, if he never voted so before, for the principles so well represented by Benjamin Harrison, to keep our factories running and a continuation of the general prosperity that the country now

"They tell us about the good times before the war, under a democratic administration, when wages were only 70 cents a day, and never higher than #1 for unskilled labor with skilled mechanics working for from \$1.25 to \$1.75 a day, and compelled at that to trade it out at the store, and scurcely ever receiving even a part of it in money, and the purchasing power of that money worth nowhere what it is took

what it is today.
"In 1890 there were sixty two manufacturing industries in this city, employing 7.520 operatives, with a total investment of \$15,000. The wages amount to \$7,400,000 per sis,000. The wages amount to \$7,400,000 per annum, and the product of those factories, as computed in 1850, amounted to \$38,000,000 per rear. The democratic papers and orators ask the laboring men what benefit they are receiving from the McKinney bill, or from a tariff system. They claim that the pauper laborers of Europe are coming here to take the jobs of our workmen. Is it true that they would ston coming it is were not that they would stop coming if it were not for the tariff

"If that is so it is the best possible proof that