#### COMPARING THEIR RECORDS

Republican and Democratic Government Set Down Side by Side.

SENATOR ALLISON'S STRONG ARGUMENT

What President Harrison's Administration Has Achieved-Effect of Republican Legislation-Democratic Prom-1ses and Performances.

WAVERLY, In., Aug. 31. - Senator Allison opened the campaign for the republicans here this afternoon in a strong speech. It was generally known that the speech was to be the principal effort of the senator during the campaign and there was a large assem-

blage in consequence. Senstor Allison said: This campaign involves the election of a president for four years, and it may be his president for four years, and it may be his successor for four years more: a house of representatives is to be elected for two years, and the political complexion of the senate may be shaded or changed by a few yotes. So that the legislative and executive power of the government may be wielden for one set of policies or another, depending upon the aggregate vote in November, as provided by the constitution.

provided by the constitution.
In 1888 we elected Benjamin Harrison president of the United States and inaugurated him on the 4th of March, 1889, and we renominated him on the 7th of June, this year, as our chief standard bearer to carry

Our banner through the conflict.
We have nominated with him, for the important place of vice president. Whitelaw Reid, editor, scholar and diplomatist, who has carved out his own success, having his origin in the ranks of the plain people of our country, thus knowing their wauts and in sympathy with them, and, if elected, he will be a worthy successor of the eminent and useful citizen who now fills the place with absolute satisfaction to both sides of the chamber over which he presides with dignity

Our party is responsible for the management of current affairs and was wholly re-sponsible for the legislation of the country for two years following the inauguration of President Harrison, and new the responsibility of legislation is divided between the

What shall I say of our candidate, Presideat Harrison, and of his administration What need be said of him as our candidate? in the presence of the American people, his character, his ability, his achievements, his patriotism, his prudence in the great place he occupies, and his integrity, are all recognized and appreciated. His administration of our great affairs has been so wise, so patriotic and successful as not only to merit but re-ceive the encomiums of political enemies as well as that of political friends. "Grandfather's but," so conspicuous in the begin-ning, is lost in his own distinguished personality in the administration of our great af fairs and in his every public utterance. Po-litical friend and foe alige agree that under his guidance our country has not been and will not be dishonored at home or discredited

Achievements of the Administration. If we turn to the achievements of his ad-ministration and the republican legislation connected therewith, we not only find great activity in affairs at home and abroad, but we find great results accomplished.

The reciprocity clause in the tariff revito examine our relations with our southern neighbors and with other countries as well, with a view to enlarging reciprocal trade. This provision was immediately utilized, through our great secretary of state, to open negotiations with the countries lying south of us, resulting in opening new markets for our farmers and manufacturers, which mar-kets have already borne a rich harvest and in the future will be of incalculable benefit to our agriculture, our industries and our

The meat inspection laws of the Fifty-first congress, which the senate had twice before passed, but which failed in a democratic house, enabled the president, through the efficient administration of the State and Agricultural departments, to open markets for our meat products in all European states, barred to our people for nearly ten years.

The controversy, relating to our seal possessions in Alaska, has been satisfactorily disposed of by a treaty with Great Britain which will forever settle that vexed question and, I have no doubt, in a satisfactory way, honorable alike to both countries.

Successful at Home and Abroad. Our complications with Chili, at one time threatening, were disposed of in a way to reflect credit upon our country. And just now, with our northern neighbors in the Dominion of Canada, we have demonstrated that justice must be done, even though narsh measures be necessary to secure it. In all our registors and complications with other our relations and complications with other

countries a vigorous, and at the same time conservative policy has been steadily pursued and successfully maintained.

At home we have had a successful administration of our internal affairs; labor has received an adequate reward and constant employment; our agriculture has flourished; our industries have been prosperous, and many new ones established; our internal commerce has grown beyond reasonable computation; our foreign commerce has recolved a new impotus under the recent legis-lation of congress supplemented by friendly administration; our trade, foreign and domestic, is in a healthy and prosperous condition; our finances are in a healthy con dition; our currency ample in volume, and uniform in value, is being steadily increased under the legislation of 1890.

The national defense is not neglected, as the rapid growth of our modern navy and reasonable progress in coast defenses illustrate. Our national laws are mildly but firmly administrated, so as to remove all cause for discontent. In short, this has been and is a business administration, looking actively to the promotion of every interest and to the continued progress and develo m at of our country in close and active com-petition as it is with the civilized nations of

#### the earth for supremacy The Majority Must Rule.

The republican congress, elected with the president, performed faithfully its great part in this work. It established, not soon to be overthrown, the principle that the majority of the house, for the time being, is responsible to the country for needed legislation. This principle established, the house practically took hold of the great constitutions. tically took hold of the great questions press-ing upon the country for consideration. Our tariff and internal revenue laws, yield-

ing far beyond the necessities of the govern-ment, called for revision, both parties having twice promised such revision in their platforms.

Many of our industries, enfeebled by the

sharp competition of other countries where labor was much cheaper, required some ad-ditional fostering care in order to survive

The continuous withdrawal of national bank notes from our circulation made neces-sary new provisions for increasing the cur-rency of the country commensurate with our growing wants.

The oid soldiers of the country, enfeebled by disease and old age or broken by misfortune, had a just claim upon the government they had saved, for some just pension legislation to aid them in their declining years. This justice required that our pension laws should be liberalized and enlarged for their benefit. The growing aggressions of capital combining in the form of trusts to control

production and distribution, required that laws should be passed to the extent of the furisdiction of congress for their repression.

Our new navy, in the course of authorization and construction, needed large appro-priations for the continuance of the work of

Our sea coast cities defenseless, needed ap propriations to begin their proper defeases. Revision of Land Laws.

Our land laws needed revision in the interest of the settler and plouser. The boundaries of our inulan reservations, too large, needed curtailment for the promotion of white set-tlement, and for the development of the new states and territories.
Our courts, clogged and congested by the

rapid growth of our country, needed reorgan

Our agricultural colleges, beneficent in their influence, needed aid from the general government to enlarge their usefulness in the promotion of better modes of agriculture. The direct tax during the war had been drawn from a majority of the states and had not been paid by a minority of the states. Justice repuired that the taxes

should be refunded to the states that had paid them, or collected from the states that had not. The most convenient solution of the difficulty was to provide for the refund-ing to the states that had paid.

Great Internal Improvements.

The rapid growth of the south, in its new estate, created a constantly increasing pressure upon concress for enlarged appropriations for its rivers and har ors, notably for a large expenditure to establish a deep seaport on the gulf of Mexico. The Missistent of the control of seaport on the guir of Mexico. The Mississippi and its tributaries, with its mouth at the guif and its tributary waters skirting the feet of the Alieghenies and the Rocky mountains, and its sources bordering on the British possessions, forming a system of laternal waterways unknown else where on the glooc, if improved, required and requires large appropriations. The growing northwest, extending with its trade to the Pacific, also demands easy access to the sea by the great chain of lakes lying on our northern border and now carrying more than 30 per cent of our internal commerce, needed improvement and enlargement of its

These and many minor matters less important, though important, pressed upon the Fifty-first congress for solution. Many of these had before received favorable action of the senate, but were lost in the misty mazes of a democratic house. All these subjects, so important, and the accumulation of years of important, and the accumulation of years of conflict between a democratic house and a republican schate, were taken up and disposed of, and in such a way as to stand the test of all criticism, and, with the exception of the tariff revision and possibly the silver law, stand today without criticism by our political loss.

political foes. Many of these laws required large appropriations for their executions, notably the pension law, and provisions for improvement of rivers and harbors, and the law granting bounty to the producers of sugar. The appropriation for rivers and harbors and for sugar production received warm approval in the south, and their cry is still for more, as

children cry for Pitcher's castoria. These in outline are some of the achieve-ments of the republican party during President Harrison's administration. How marked is the contrast in comparison with the four years of President Cleveland, and with democratic control in the house. They dealt with none of these pressing and complex questions, then as pressing as later, only in a way to show how not to do it.

The currency question was as pressing then as later. They did nothing.

Revision of the Revenue Laws.

Our revenues were excessive then as later. In violation of their promises made in 1884, they allowed an entire congress to pass with out action. During the second congress of President Cleveland's term, with another elec-tion pressing bard, at the end of July, 1888, about the time congress should have adjourned, they sent to the senate the Mills' bill, free trade in its tendency, left it a doubtful question whether, under it the revenue would be diminished or increased. Under its provisions many industries, now the text for free trade arguments, were left undisturbed, many were greatly crippled, others wholly destroyed. Its provisions dealt kindly with every southern interest and harshly with very many northern interests. The general effect being to tear down and not to build up. Though sent thus late to the senate, instead of adjourning, as was hoped, so pressing was the necessity for reducing revenue, the senate remained in session until October 20, hoping to complete the bill before adjournment. The bill was reformed so as to reduce revenue and preserve our industries. Compelled to adjourn without completing the bill, it was taken up on the second day after the convening of the next session and returned to the house six weeks before the expiration of the congress. In the house, with ample time to consider it, it slept the sleep of death. This carefully considered and well matured bill, of the senate, formed the basis of the law of October

Democratic Promises and Performances The present house of representatives assembled amid the plaudits of its supporters, with sounding of horns and music of timbreis and with one accord declaring that the appropriations should be reduced from \$50,000,000 to \$100,000,000 per annum. The usual economic resolve was passed, under the guidance of Mr. Holman, and the com-mittee began the work. The tedious and tortuous recitation of the details would oc-cupy too much of my time and exhaust much of your patience, but the record is there for the casuist who seeks to follow it. It answers your purpose and mine to know the

result. I give it to you in brief. The appropriations made at the first session of the last or Fifty-first congress were, in round numbers, \$464,000,000, including all deficiencies of the prior congress, and including the estimates made for all perma

nent and indefinite appropriations.
On the same basis and including the same items and in the same form, the appropria-tions for the first session of this congress are \$508,000,000, or \$44,000,000 in excess of the corresponding session of the republican congress, criticised so severely. A careful study of the details will show that this instudy of the details will show that this increase is chiefly for pensions and for the
postal service, and that for all the other
great services of the government there is
but little change. In every case of reduction, more than the amount of the reduction
will be made up by deficiency bills next
winter. No one can now say what the appropriations for the second session of this
congress will be but they cannot be tesscongress will be, but they cannot be less than the appropriations of the second session of the last congress, so that this shib. boleth cry of last year, and two years ago has passed into the limbo of exploded hum bug and calumny by the open confession and conduct of the democratic organized leader-ship of the house, and by the mature judg-

#### ment of the house as disclosed by its votes. A Surplus, Not a Deficit.

We have heard much of late of a bankrupt treasury, made so by the republican party through extravagant appropriations of the previous congress. If the last congress made a bankrupt treasury through improvi-dent appropriations what will be said now that the present congress has adjourned its first session with an increase of \$44,000,000? It seems to be forgotten that President Har-rison's administration has faithfully applied the surplus revenues to the payment of the interest-bearing debt to the extent of \$296,-000,000, redeeming of this interest bearing debt \$259,000,000, and that taxation and revdebt \$259,000,000, and that taxation and revenue were reduced at least \$50,000,000 by the tariff act of 1890. With all these payments, and with this reduction of revenue such is the growth of our country and its consuming power, that the revenue will be fully equal to our expenditures for the current year, and we are likely to have a greater surplus on the 1st of July, 1893, than we had on the 1st of July, 1893. The total appropriations for this year are in round numbers, exclusive of the sinking fund, \$460,000,000 including appropriations for the \$460,000,000 including appropriations for the postal service. The estimated revenues are \$435,000,000 including postal receipts. But each month thus far there is an increase above the estimate, so that revenues will be nearer \$465,000,000. If every dollar appropriated should be expended within the year, there will be an excess over expenditures. At least \$10,000,000 of these appropriations were expended and accounted for before this fiscal year began, being for deficiencies appropriated this year and expended last year. But these appropriations, to the extent of many millions, will not be expended within the year, so, allowing for deficiencies, I repeat our situation will be better at the beginning of the next fiscal year than it was at the beginning of this year. There is, then, no need of apprehension of a bankrupt treasury, nor is there any truth in the story of vasteful appropriations.

"I take pleasure in recommending Cham-bertain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Rem-edy," says Goo. C. Bankston of Mill Creek, Ill. "It is the best medicine I have ever used for diarrhœa. One dose will cure any ordinary case." For sale by druggists.

KOLER'S MYSTERIOUS DEATH

Liucoln Citizens Disturbed by Another Sensational Tragedy.

FOUND DEAD NEAR THE B. & M. TRACK

Evidence That the Skull of the Victim Was Crushed by a Heavy Blow-History of the Deceased-Capital City Gossip.

LINCOLN, Neb., Aug. 31 .- | Special to THE BEE. |-The reigning sensation in Lincoln today is the mysterious death of Henry Koler, a Russian who had been a resident of the capital city for the past eight years. Koler's dead body was found beside the main line of the B. & M. railroad at Fifth and G streets at 11 o'clock last night. The authorities were notified and the body removed to Robert's undertaking rooms on Eleventh street. There was but little in the pockets of the dead man's clothes to lead to his identification and it was not until today that it was discovered who he was.

The dead man was apparently about 50 years old, rather heavy set, with smoothly shaven face and a heavy sandy moustache. He had evidently been killed instantly as there was no evidence of a struggle at the spot where his body was found. Death had been caused by a deep, jagged hole in the left side of the head, just back of the ear. To all appearances the dead man had been struck behind the ear with some sharp pointed instrument. The hole extended inward and downward, penetrating the lower jaw and extending almost into the throat. The left ear was cut almost in two and there were marks of a heavy blow upon the top of the head. Bruises were also found upon the left shoulder, but not of a serious nature. While the first opinion of all who viewed the body was that the man was the victim of a passing locomotive, a more thorough in-vestigation inclines many to the belief that another murder has been committed and in a

History of the Dead Man.

The dead man's name was Ignataz Kolar, atthough he was known in Lincoln as Henry Kolar. He is an Austrian by birth and evideatly of Russian parentage. He came to the United States in 1878. So much has been gleaned from passports from the Russian government found among his effects at his room at 335 F street. He has been, for a number of years in the employ of O'Neill, the well known plumber of this city. He was by no means in straightened circumstances, as he had a considerable sum of money in the Union Savings bank in this city, and among the other papers found at his looking house were four deeds to property in this city and at Milford, in S erty in this city and at Milford, in Seward county. He lived in this city with his wife for a number c! years, but two years ago she left him, and, it is supposed, went back to Russia. Since her departure Kolar lived in a small room at 335 F street, where he slept and prepared his own meals. He was a hard drinker at times and yesterday was too much under the in-fluence of liquor to attend to his duties. He frequently told his fellow workmen that he was at one time exiled to Siberia by the Russian government for his political views, and that he succeeded in making his escape to the United States. This story was evidentiv a piece of imagination, as the discov ery of his passport, regularly signed and vised would seem to indicate that his departure from Russia was made with the full knowledge and consent of the government.

#### CAMP SHERIDAN'S PARADE.

Thousands of Nebraska Veterans Join in the Procession

CAMP SHERIDAN, GRAND ISLAND, Neb. Aug. 31.-[Special to THE BEE.]-A typical Nebraska summer morning greeted Camp Sheridan today. Even the chronic kickers wore a smile and for once felt that life was worth living. Sunrise guns and breakfast were the important early morning events All the states' headquarters were thronged. soon after breakfast in preparation for the grand parade by states at tain S. H. Morrison, William Mapes was chosen as commander. Company C will be confident the confidence of the different because the water of the confidence of soon after breakfast in preparation female organizations also presented a lively appearance, as the ladies consulted together as to the best means of promoting their cause. The Sons of Veterans were early in line and were the cynosure of all eyes, especially those of the mothers and sisters. But the inspiring scene was when the old boys drew up in line in front of their respective

headquarters and marched away with colors flying and bands playing. The grand parade at Camp Sheridan will ong be remembered. Illinois had even 200 men in line with the Western band at their head. Ohio was almost as strong in numbers and made a fine appearance. Indiana had seventy-five men in line and Wisconsin 100.

But it is useless to undertake to mention each state in detail. The Wabash, Western, Central City, Lexington, Sterling, Hussar bands and others besides numerous drum corps were in line. Honored Their Commander.

The Wisconsin veterans met this morning and presented their past commander J. H. Culver, a gold-headed cane. Com We cott made the presentation The Wisconsin boys decided by vote to elect officers tomorrow at 10, and ar ranged for paying for their flag and printing a roster. The department oresident of the Daughters of Veterans, Mrs. Francis Gar-Daughters of Veterans, Mrs. Francis Gar-low of David City, is not present, and the senior vice president is in charge. Mrs. Ann E. Hunter, chairman of the Women's Relief corps home committee, arrived this morning. She is accompanied by Mrs. Nellie Powell, member of the department executive com-mittee, who will be one of the speakers. The ladies of the Grand Army of the Republic have elaborate heauquarters near the Women's Relief corps. Six circles are rep-resented, Loup City, Ord, Red Cloud, Crete, Arcadia and Minden.

The Pemberton drum corps gave a musical

and elocutionary entertainment from one of the grandstands this morning. The local committees are at their wits end to provide quarters for the thousands who are rolling in on every train. At least 15,000 people are on the grounds today, and still they come. On the is well represented. The street cars supplemented by a score of hacks are vainly trying to do the rapid transit act between the camp and the city. Doubling up in teuts, hotels and boarding houses is the order, and many are glad to get any kind of accommodations. The Soldiers' home is represented on the grounds with a tent, and a number of the inmates are nere living over again their days of active life. Their tent is

is decorated with flags and banners. In the Afternoon. The chief attraction in the afternoon for the crowd was the crowd itself, the numbers present being nearly double that of the morning. The Indiana Veterans association met near the speaker's stand at 1:30. Judge W. R. Burton of Hastings was chosen presi-dent of the association, Comrade McCuchin of Grand Island, vice president; Sam Hancock of Loup City, treasurer; William Stephens of Juniata, secretary. After the election the boys formed in line and paradec around the camp headed by a band and upon disbanding were photographed.

The balloon ascension came off exactly ac-cording to program. Prof. Heddon, the acro-naut, being intently watched in his flight and drop with the parachute. A general band concert followed, each organization striving to outdo the others. The Bee head-

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.



quarters were pleasantly screnaded by Miller's Symphony Concert band of Kearney in a delightful manner, considering the youth of the perforthers and the length of time the band has been organized.

Comrade W. C. Henry was advertised to speak at 3 p. m. on the "Badge We Wear," but for some reasen Mr. Henry was not present. The dress parade at 3 was particle. present. The dress parade at 5 was participated in by 500 old soidlers, who fell in line in companies representing the states from which they enisted. Illinois, Iowa, New York, Ohio, Indiana, Wisconsin and Pennsylvania were represented. Illinois leading with 226 in line. Nearly all the bands and the Sons of Veterars present in the camp took

Sons of Velerars present in the camp took part in the parade, which was reviewed by Department Commander C. J. Dilworth.

There were campfires this evening. Rev. J. G. Tate was the principal speaker at one. He spoke to the Sons of Veterans. His ramarks were prefaced by saying that now he knew what it meant to be an American citizen. He tried to steer clear of politics, but he didn't succeed entirely, for his hearers were bubbling over with it, and when he finished a cheer was raised for Harrison. were bubbling over with it, and when he finished a cheer was raised for Harrison. He was followed by Colonel Russell of towa. At camp fire No. 2 Major Clarkson of Omaha presided. He spoke to the Daughters of Veteraus, and was followed by Mrs. Wiggins of Kansas, Church Howe and

Hastings People Present. HASTINGS, Neb., Aug. 31.—[Special to THE BRE.]—The soldiers reunion at Grand Island proves to be as much of an attraction to Hastings people as to Grand Island. There were fully 300 Hastings people who left on the B. & M., and St. Joseph & Grand Island railroad for the city.

railroads for that city.

FREMONT, Nob., Aug. 31 .- [Special to THE BEE. |-A deadlock which has existed in the matter of hiring a principal for the North Bend schools and which has continued for two months has at last been proken by the decision of a board of arbitration which met in this city last night. At the end of the school year last spring the board of directors school year last spring the board of directors of the schools voted to dispense with the services of the old principal, J. A. Dowden. This entered largely into the election which followed and three new members were chosen who were favorable to retaining Dowden in his position. This tied the board and during the several sessions of the board which were held for the selection of a principal no candidate for the place could principal no candidate for the place could secure a majority of the votes. Scores of ballots were taken without any result.

It was finally voted to submit the matter It was finally voted to submit the matter to State Superintendent Goudy, but he refused to act. Superintendent Hughes of Schuyler and A. E. Clarenden of this city finally agreed to act as arbitrators and they performed that service at last night's meet ing. The arbitrators were in session several nours and all sides of the case were presented at length. It was finally decided to sustain Dowden on the ground that the election in June was a test vote of the sentiment of the patrons of the school, but recommended that he resign or decline the posi

Christians in Annual Convention. FAIRBURY, Neb., Aug. 31 .- | Special to THE BEE, |-The twenty-fifth annual convention of the Christian church is now in session in this city. There are present between 200 this city. There are present between 200 and 250 persons representing the churches all over Nebraska. The opening address was an able one by H. A. Lemon of Bethany on the "Kingship of Christ." M. Putman of Red Cloud delivered a masterly address at 9 a. m. yesterday. The president's address and reports of members of the missionary board showed that much effectual work has been done. In the next year in this work has been done to the past year in this state, and that successful meetings had been held by it in Hastings, Fremont, Omaha, Bennett, Greenwood and many other places. The total number brought into church directly by the efforts of the board foot up nearly 600 in the past year, besides all that has been done by local effort.

Yesterday atternoon was devoted to Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor work. Cramblet, Cook, Abberly and others made good addresses. In the evening the Christian church was too small for the audience, and the Presbyterian house was filled to its utmost capacity to hear Rev. Palister of Har-

Filled the Vacancy

NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., Aug. 31 .- [Specia to THE BEE. |-At a special meeting of company C, Second regiment, Nebraska National guards, held last evening to fill the C. Watson of this city, and in recognition of his many services to the company and militia of the state. The war cry of the guards is: 'Long live the major."

Public Improvements at Fremont. FREMONT, Neb., Aug. 31 .- [Special to THE BEE. |-The Board of Public Works held a meeting this forenoon and opened bids for the construction of the portion of the sewer age system which is to be put in this fail There were six bidders for the work, the amounts ranging from \$25,000 to \$35,000. The contract was awarded to Sholes & Stone of Lincoln for \$25,985. The contract for digging the outlet ditch connecting with the Elkborn river was awarded to J. E. Riley of Omrha at 9.9 cents per cubic yard.

WINSIDE, Neb., Aug. 31 .- | Special Telegram to THE BEE. | - Gustave Kruger, the man injured in a runaway Monday, died tonight. The coroner has been notified and will hold an inquest. From the injuries upon Kruger's body the belief is very strong that there has been foul play, and this opinion is strengthened by the disappearance of Ed-ward Krouse, the farmer he went home with, It is supposed they got into a fight between themselves. Kruger never regained con

FREMONT, Neb., Aug. 31 .- | Special to THE Bgg. |-The first of the harvest excursions to be run this fall by the Fremont, Elkhorn & Missouri Vatley road into north Nebraska and Wyoming, passed through this city today. There were two sections of the regular Black Hills express train, both heavily loaded with land seekers and visitors, there being about 700 in all.

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#### **Bronchitis**

"When I was a boy, I had a bronchial trouble of such a persistent and stubborn character, that the doctor pronounced it incurable with ordinary remedies, but recommended me to try Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. I did so, and one bottle cured me. For the last fifteen years, I have used this preparation with good effect whenever I take a bad cold, and I know of numbers of people who keep it in the house all the time, not considering it safe to be without it."-J. C. Woodson, P. M., Forest Hill, W. Va.

Cough

"For more than twenty-five years, 1 was a sufferer from lung trouble, attended with coughing so severe at times as to cause hemorrhage, the paroxysms frequently lasting three or four hours. I was induced to try Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and after taking four bottles, was thoroughly cured."-Franz Hoffman, Clay Centre, Kans.

La Grippe
"Last spring I was taken down with la grippe. At times I was completely prostrated, and so difficult was my breathing that my breast seemed as if confined in an iron cage. I procured a bottle of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and no sooner had I began taking it than relief followed. I could not believe that the effect would be so rapid and the cure so complete."-W. H. Williams, Cook City, S. Dak.

### AYER'S Cherry Pectoral

Promptto act, sure to cure

DR. C. GEE WO



The only legally graduated Chinese physician Eight years' study. Ten years practical experience with all known diseases. Treats successfully all chronic cases given up by other doctors. Call and see him or write for question blank. Do not think your case hopeless because your doctor tells you so, but try the Chinese doctor with his new and wonderful remedies, and receive new benefits and a permanent cure—what other doctors cannot give. Herbs, Roots and Plants—nature's remedies—his medicines. The world his witness. One thousand testimonials in three years' practice. No injurious decoctions, no narcoties, no poison. Rational treatment and permanent cure.

Following cases successfully treated and curst. given up by other doctors: Thos. Coughlin. 4812 Harney street, chronic rheu-matism 6 years, kidney and liver troubles.

Thos. Culvert, 12th and Farnam streets, general debility, indigostion, loss of strength and vitality. Took medicine for years but got no relief, M. L. Anderson, 1321 Cuming street, catarch, asthma and bronchitts of fifteen years standing.

Has for sale the following prepared remedies at \$1.00 a bottle, six bottles for \$5.00, for the cure of Asthma, Catarrh, Sick Headache, indigestion Blood Poisoning, Rheumatism, Female Weakness, Kidney and Liver Complaint. No agents. Sold only by Chinese Medicine Co., Capital, \$103.033.

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The eminent specialist in nervous chrowic, private, blood, skin and urmary diseases. A regular and registered graduate in medicine, as diplomas and certificates show. Is still treating with the greatest success catarrh, spermstorrhoez, lost manhood, seminal. Weakness, night losses, impotency, syphilis, stricture, gon-orrhoea, gleet, varicoccie, cic. No mercury used. New treatment for loss of vitai power. Parties unable to visit me may be treated at home by correspondence. Medicine or instruments sent by mail or express securely packed, no marks to indicate contents or sender. One personal interview preferred. Consultation free. Correspondence strictly private. Blook (Mysteries of Life) sent free. Office hours 2a. m. to 2p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 12 m. Send stamp for reply.

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PERMANENT SIDEWALK RESOLU

TION.

COUNCIL CHAMBER. OMAHA, Nob., August 19th, 1892.—Be it resolved by the city council of the city of Omaha, the mayor concurring:

That permanent sidewalks be constructed in the city of Omaha as designated below, within five days after the publication of this resolution, or the personal service thereof, as by ordinance is authorized and required; such sidewalks to be laid to the permanent grade as established on the paved streets specified herein and to be constructed of stone, artifical stone, brick or tiling, according to specifications on file in the office of the Board of Public Works, and under its supervision, to-wit:

South side of Leavenworth street, lots I and 2 block 18. West Omaha, permanent grade, 6

feet wide.
South side of Leavenworth street, lots 1 to 7

ck 17, Stanton's sub, permanent

TRADE MARK.

AMUSEMENTS

Farnam St. Theatre | POPULAR PRICES. Thursday, Friday, Saturday, Sunday

IN TANGLED U RISING LOTTIE MORTIMER

BOYD'S THEATRE PAYOR ITER Friday, Saturday, Sunday, Sept. 2, 3 & 4 Engagement of the distinguished Actor and Play-

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Friday Night and A SON OF THESPIS. Saturday Night... FOR REVENUE ONLY. Sunday Night FROM SIRE TO SON.
The sale of seats opens Thursday morning at usual prices.

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Finest Resort Hotel in the West, Strictly First
Class. Large Rooms, Single or Ensuite. Now
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Orchestra and Dancing Every Evening in the Muste Hall. Finest Plunge Bath in the United
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Climate, Cool Nights, No Mosquitos. 3,000 Feet
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are attracting attention all over the world, and
are curring a larger percentage than any springs
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#### Tooth-Food.

This medicine for babies prevents and cures pains of teething and resulting diseases, not by putting children to sicep with an opiate, for it contains no harmfu drugs, but by supplying the teeth-forming ingredients which are lacking in most mothers' milk and all artificial foods. It is sweet and babies like it. \$1.00 a bottle, at all druggists. Send for pam-phlet, "Teething Made Easy."

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## NEBRASKA

National Bank. U. S. DEFOSITORY - - OMAHA, NEB Capital.....\$400,000

South side of Leavenworth street, lots 1 to 7 inclusive block 17, Stanton's sub, permanent grade, 6 feet wide.

South side of Leavenworth street, lots 1 to 7 inclusive, block 17, Billings, sub, permanent grade, 6 feet wide.

South side of Leavenworth street, lot 3 block 16, Leavenworth Business Place, permanent grade, 6 feet wide.

And, be it further resolved:

That the Board of Public Works be, and is hereby nuthorized and directed to cause a copy of this resolution to be published in the official paper of the city for one week, or be served on the owners of said lots, and that unless such owners shall within five days after the publication or service of such copy construct said sidewalks as herein required, that the Board of Public Works cause the same to be done, the cost of constructing said sidewalks respectively to be assessed against the real estate, loter part of lot in front of and abutting such sidewalks

Passed August 19th, 1892.

E. P. DAVIS,

President of the Council,
A ttest:

JOHN GROVES,
City Cierk,
Mayor.

NOTICE TO CONSTRUCT SIDEWALKS.

Mayor.

NOTICE TO CONSTRUCT SIDEWALKS.

To the owners of the lots, parts of lots and real estate oescribed in the above resolution; You and each of you are bereby notified to construct permanent sidewalks as required by a resolution of the city council and mayor of the city of Omaha, of which the above is a copy.

P. W. BIEKHAUSER.

Chairman Board of Public Works.

OMAHA. Neb., August 30th, 1892.

a:0-31s1-2-3-5-6

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The bell has tapped. Its a good start. Co-

lumbia has the pole. Look at her go. Fall suits neat and nobby. Not an old suit in the house. Why? Because we've started new. By long odds we have the largest and best assorted line of fall clothing for both men and boys in the city. The styles are the very latest and the kind and quality are so varied that every body can be suited with a suit. We will guarantee the prices to be absolutely the lowest in the country. Our east window shows the styles and prices.

Columbia Clothing Company,

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Prices: always the lowest for goods worth more than the price.

in Omahe. Store open till 8 P. M., Saturdays until 10 P. M.