ITS BEAUTIES AND BENEFITS

Senatorial Advocates of the Anti-Option Bill Tell of Its Advantages.

MOTION TO POSTPONE ACTION DEFEATED

Xesterday's Action on the Measure-Dila-

tory Tacties Employed in the House by Opponents of the World's Fair Appropriation.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 28.—The antioption bill passed safely today in the senate through the ordeal of Mr. Wolcott's motion to refer it to the committee on finance with instructions to report it at the next session. That motion was laid on the table by the very decisive majority of 33 to 13, but there were fully half a dozen of the voting senators who were paired and "who voted only in order to make a quorum.

Before the vote suggestions were made to Mr. Washburn, in view of the intense heat and absence of so many senators, that he should let the bill go over until next session as the unfinished business. Tais concession Mr. Washburn declined to make, but he made a counter proposition that, as the bill had been debated over two weeks, the senate should at 4 o'clock tomorrow proceed to vot? on the pill and amendments.

Mr. White Makes an Objection. Mr. White met this proposal as he had met a similar one on Wednesday-with a very prompt and determined objection.

Mr. Paddock then proceeded to deliver an argument in favor of the bill, saving that in that argument he voiced the sentiment of the agricultural state of Nebraska. Mr. Turple also defended the bill from a

moral and logal point of view. Afterwards the amendments came up for action. Mr. Washburn's amendment to strike out section 12 was agreed to. Mr. Daniel's amendment to strike out sec-tion 13 was debated until several sens ors, exhausted by the heat, voted unanimously

for adjournment.

Mr. Jones of Nevada, from the committee on contingent expenses, reported a resolu-tion for the appointment of a select commit-tee of seven sonators to investigate the recent labor troubles at Homestead, Pa., and Shoshone county, Idado, and as to employment of Pinkerton detectives. The resolu-

tion went over until tomorrow. The resolution for a select committee of five senators to investigate the operations of the geological survey was agreed to and Messrs. Wolcott, Carey, Gallinger, German and Jones of Arkansas were appointed such

committee.
The committee on territories was instructed to visit (during the recess) the territories of New Mexico, Arizona, Utah and Okiahoma to inquire into their resources, population, etc., and as to the propriety of their being admitted as states.

Wolcott's Motion Defeated.

Atter spending an hour in passing bills on the calendar, among them an eight-hour bill as to public works of the United States and of the District of Cotumbia, and one for the of the District of Columbia, and one for the purchase of Mr. George Bancroft's library, the anti-option bill was taken up and Mr. Washburn moved to lay on the table Mr. Wolcott's motion to refer it to the committee

on finance.

The vote resulted: Yeas, 32; nays, 13.

The following is the vote in detail: Yeas—
Messrs. Ailen, Allison, Bate, Blackourn,
Call, Coke, Dubois, Felton, George, Hansbrough, Hunton, Jones (Ark.), Jones (Nev.),
Kyle, Manderson, Mitchell, Morgan, Paddock, Pasco, Peffer, Perkins, Pettigrew,
Proctor, Pugh, Quay, Ransom, Stockbridge,
Turple, Voorhees, Walthall, Warren, Wash Turpie, Voorhees, Walthail, Warren, Wash-

Nays-Messrs. Brice, Carey, Cullom, Dixon, Gibson (La.), Gibson (Md.), Hawley, Hiscock, Pamer, Sawyer, Shorman, Stew-Mr. Washburn renewed the request which he made yesterday that at tomorrow at 4 p. m. the senate vote on the bill and amend-

Mr. White-I object to that request.
Mr. Paddock then addressed the sonate in favor of the bill, saying he was impelled his sense of duty to the real agricultural

state which he represented to voice her ap proval of the proposed legislation. Cartisle Will Talk on the Tariff. At the conclusion of Mr. Paudock's re-

marks Mr. Cariisie gave notice that he would, after the routine busit ess tomorrow, address the senate on Mr. Hale's resolution as to the relative effects of "protection" and "tariff for revenue only." Mr. Turple then addressed the senate in

support of the anti-option bill. He argued that congress had the independent power to deal with the sale of options and futures as deleterious and destructive of le-gitimate commerce. He predicted that within a quarter of a century there would be as human food as had formerly attached to the slave trade in the south. The anti-option bill having been laid aside informally, the house concurrent resolution

for the final adjournment on Saturday was laid before the senate. Mr. Allison thought it would be unwise to consider an adjourn ment resolution until the sundry civil bill passed, and the resolution was laid on the

The resolution for a select committee visit the forest reservations in California and inquire into the rights of bona fide tlers there was taken up and agreed to. The committee will be Messrs. Felton, Kyle and consideration of the anti-option bill

was resumed and section 21 was, on motion of Mr. Washburn, stricken out. Mr. Daniel's motion to strike out section 13 was debated until adjournment, but no action was taken on it. The adjournment resolution was referred to the committee on appropriations.

IN THE HOUSE,

Filibustering Against the World's Fan Appropriation Continues.

Washington, D. C., July 28.-The World's fair amendment to the sundry civil appropriation bill is in the exact state that it was when the house adjourned yesterday. Not one step forward was taken. The whole day was consumed in rollcalls. Calls of the roll on a motion to adjourn until Monday alternated with calls of the house in wearying monotony. A quorum would appear for moment and then disappear, until, tired out by the see-saw game and dropping under the oppressive heat, the house decided to post

pone the fight until tomorrow.

Mr. Sayers of Texas presented the credentials of E. L. Anthony, elected from the Ninth congressional district of Texas to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of R. Q. Mills. The gentleman appeared at the R. Q. Mills. The gentleman appeared at the bar of the house and took the oath of office. Mr. McMillin called up the resolution providing for final adjournment at 2 o'clock Saturday, July 30, and after some opposition it was agreed to by a vote of 121 to 51.

The speaker then stated the pending business. It was the motion (made by Mr. Bingham) to table the motion (made by Mr. Holman) to reconsider the vote by which the house decided to recede from its dis-agreement to the World's fair amendment to

the sundry civil appropriation bid.
Immediately Outhwatte of Ohio, the
leader of the filibusterers, was on his feet with a distory motion. Filipustering then began and was continued throughout the day. Rollcalt followed rollcalt until the members were weary, and en the last call the lask of a quorum was disclosed and the house adjourned.

Washington Notes. Washington, D. C., July 28 .- The appropristion committee this morning took the precaution to provide for a continuance of appropriations for the support of the govern-

ment carried by the sundry civil bill and passed a resolution authorizing Chairman Holman to call up the house resolution providing a further extension of the appropria-

viding a further extension of the appropriation for five days.

The maximum temperature reached at Washington today was 93°. There were several prostrations from the heat.

The bouse judiciary committee has decided to take further testimony in pursuance of the investigation into the Homestead troubles and the Pinkertons. Mr. Powderly, grand master workman of the Knights of Labor, has been telegraphed to appear before the committee tomorrow, and a privilege of stating their views will also be accorded the Knights of Labor if they desire.

FIGHTING FOR THE APPROPRIATION Friends of the World's Fair Now Confident

of Victory.
WASHINGTON, D. C., July 28.—Chairman Durborow of the World's Columbian exposition committee said this afternoon, after the adjournment of the house, that the fair people would have a vote tomorrow on the motion of General Bingham to lay on the table Judge Holman's motion to reconsider the vote of concurrence on the senate \$5,000, 000 amendment.

Mr. Durborow added that they would carry the motion by a quorum of the house and win the fight. The fillbustering move ment, he said, was about at its end and would be killed tomorrow.

Mr. Durborow declared that the fair appropriation proposition is twenty votes stronger this evening than it was vesterday. and that the filibusterers were weaker through the loss of several of their men. "And," he continued, "I know of three more men they will lose tonight. The filibusterers were not over forty strong this

Mr. Outhwaite and others of the flubustrers asserted that they would keep up their fight and uitimately win, though it is not do nied that they have lost soveral men who re-fused to continue to remain in Washington and that they are weaker in some respects

' Filibusterers Want to Compromise. The filibusterers are endeavoring to force

a compromise, and have made offers to the World's fair people of a basis of settlement for the deadlock. This would seem to bear out the assertion of the World's fair managers that the opposition is weakening. It seems likely on the whole that before the end of the week a settlement will be reached, as the majority of the members are weary of the continuance of the session and a quorum can hardly be held much longer. The principal compromise was made by

Mr. Outnivaite to Mr. Durborow. It was that the World's fair managers accept an amendment to the sundry civil bill providing for a loan instead of an appropriation of \$5, 000,000. The pro-osition was promptly declined. The house has already concurred in the senate amendment, and before it could adopt a loan proposition it would be necessary for it to reconsider its previous action. Another comprowise talked of among mempers contemplated the elimination of the \$5,000,000 appropriation from the sundry civil bill and the adoption of an ironclad rule that at a certain hour on the first Wednesday in December a vote be taken on a bill to appropriate \$5,000,000 in and of the World's fair, the bill to be an independent measure and one on which a vote could be had immediately. The World's fair people paid little attention to this proposed com-

promise.
Will Try and Force a Vote.

The World's fair managers will make a rigorous effort tomorrow to put an end to the flitbustering. The flual outcome in the event of a failure in this effort is very doubtful, as a quorum cannot be held much longer. The effort will doubtless be made on the resolution offered in the house to lay by Mr. Bingham, and referred to the rules com-mittee, providing for a vote tomorrow after-noon on his motion to table Holman's reconmotion and then for votes on other clauses relating to the fair. An adjournment of congress can very peedily follow any conclusion as to the sundry civil bill. It is enrolled and the clerical vork necessary to prepare it for signature is practically completed.

Agreed to Adjourn Saturday. WASHINGTON, D. C., July 28. -The house has adopted a joint resolution for adjourn-

TOOK HIS OWN LIFE.

George R. Sistare, a New York Banker

Fires a Bullet Through His Brain.

NEW YORK, July 28.-George K. Sistare,

banker, committed suicide by shooting this

The police seemed to have an idea that the

case might be one of murder and not of sur-

cide, but at the club this theory was said to

be foolish. Three shots had been fired from

the revolver. One builet had lodged in a

sofa and another had struck the wall. The

third had penetrated Mr. Sistare's right

temple. If Sistare was shooting at himself.

the police say, he must have been a poor

shot to have fired three times and to have

It developed upon investigation that Sis-

tare was not a regular member of the Man-

hattan club, and had only visited the club but

once or twice before in company of a friend.

The snooting occurred in the reception room

on the first floor. There were no letters or papers found on the person of Mr. Sistare to intimate that he contemplated taking his

At the Manhattan clubit was said that Mr.

Si tare had called at the club and asked to see Lawyer Henry S. Bennett, He was ushered into the reception room and his card

sent up to Mr. Hennett. Shortly afterwards Mr. Bennett entered the reception room, three shots were fired and Mr. Bennett rushed out crying, "He has killed nimself."

The firm of George Sistare & Co. failed in

1890 for over \$1.500,000, and serious charges

of the firm, was arrested on a charge of hav-

ing swindled August Hecksher out of \$63,000 by the failure. Henry S. Bennett was the

Pulice Officer Monahan reported the shooting at the coroner's office this afternoon. He

revolver was clutched in his right hand and blood was oozing from a bullet wound in his

BLOWN INTO ATOMS.

Terrible Results Follow an Explosion in

Sawmill,

GAYLORD, Mich., July 28.-The most fright-

ful accident in the history of this county oc-

curred this morning at Bagley on the north

shore of Oftego lake. Hartnell & Smith's

shingle mill, which had been built about

ninety days ago, was blown to atoms at 7:30

this morning by the explosion of the boiler

JOHN THOMPSON, bolter, of Deerfield, Mich.; leaves a family of live. IRWIN HUTCHINS, bolter, brother-in-law

LEON SRINNER, nacker, married, of La-

seer county.

ANDITEW SWEDOCK, single.

SWEDOCK FOWST, freman, had one arm and leg blown completely from his body, and the others were also horribly maggled.

Gastord.

Ton Small, a packer, living in Gaylord, was injured internally and will die.

FRANK DAVIS, sawyer, was badly hurt over

At the time of the explosion the mill was

in charge of the foreman, E. G. Berry, who was acting as engineer. He can assign no

Smallpox Excitement in Idaho.

Bosse, Idaho, July 28.-The police have ordered all Japanese residents to leave town

immediately. At Nampa the Chinese were

ordered to leave and they will go on the first

train today. A number of Japanese escaped from a smallpox camp at Nampa and came to

Hoise, but they were soon sent out of town

Much uneastness is felt that smallpox will

one of the proprietors; leaves a family

ound Mr. Sistare lying on the floor dead.

were made of financial irregularities on part of the firm. W. H. Sistare, the 1

lawyer for the Sistares.

and the following killed.

cause for the accident.

spread to this city.

right temple.

only hit himself with the third shot.

norning in a room at the Manhattan club.

ment Saturday.

Virginia, for the republican ticket. It is upon equally high authority that the statement is made that at the conference between the president and Mr. Carter today an understanding was reached that Mr. Platt's control of the party organization in New York would not be interfered with in any way. He will be asked to do all that he can to secure the electoral vote of New York for the repubelectoral vote of New Tork for the repute licans and the request will be made in such terms as to make his acquiescence certain. It is believed that after Mr. Piatt has seen Mr. Carter, his support of the republican ticket will not be perfunctory, but enthus

CONGRESSMAN KEM'S LATEST

Amazed His Alliance Brethren by Voting

to Shield National Bankers.

HOW HIS CONDUCT IS CONSTRUED

Generally Believed That Nebraska's Inde

pendent Representative Thinks it to

the Interest of His Party to Sup-

press Certain Information,

Representative Kem has amazed his alli-

ance brothers in the house once more. He

cast a vote yesterday which shields national

bankers and protects banking interests.

Representative Dalzell of Ponnsylvania in-

troduced a resolution so comprehensive as to

compel the secretary of the treasury to un-

banking systems, both national and private,

so far as the department is concerned, during

the past fifteen or twenty or thirty years.

It called for a statement as to the total

amount of taxes paid by national banks to

the United States government; the total

they have paid to the several

states and municipalities in which

they are located; the amount of

taxes paid by all kinds of banks and bank-

ing associations under the acts of March 26,

1867, and May 1, 1837, imposing a tax of 10

per cent on state bank issues; what amount

of money has been jost to national bank note

holders by failure of banks to redeem, and a

statement of what amount of money was lost by holders of state bank notes between 1850

and the period when national banks were

organized.

Mr. Kem voted "no" on the question of adopting this resolution. Notraskans and others are asking why it was, if Mr. Kem believes state banks are the best and national

banks have robbed the people, he refused to compet the secretary of the treasury, from

the official records, to make an exposition of state bank interests under the old regime

and expose the national banking operations

It is clear that Mr. Kem knew that if these figures were forthcoming he and his "inde-pendent" colleagues would have nothing to

how about and misrepresent during the com-ing campaign. It is not facts that they want,

but an opportunity to falsify facts.

After the house refused to adopt the resolution, Senator Sherman offered it in the

Republican Campaign Plans,

republican national committee were followed with great interest today by every active politician in Washington who could escape

from the capitol. The most sensational re

sults were expected from the visit of the chairman, but his interviews with any num-

ber of senators and representatives who called upon him at the Arlington hotel, to

name whom would be almost to rehearse i

directory of congress, did not after all reveal much as to the gen-eral political situation. Mr. Carter held

an interview with President Harrison at the white house during the day and declined to

Object of the Conference.

THE BEE's correspondent was able to

learn, however, from a source absolutely authoritative, these facts: First—The visit of Mr. Carter has especial reference to the

general plan of the republican campaign, and also to some of its details.

Second—His visit involved a discussion of the situation in New York and of the respective attitudes of Messrs. Platt, Warner and Bliss toward the national republican ticket.

Third-His discussion with the president

included a careful review of the possibility

ibly Tennessee, North Carolina and West

of carrying some of the southern states.

say a word for publication.

ticket.

The movements of Chairman Carter of the

senate, where it was promptly adopted.

cover all the general transactions of the

WASHINGTON BUREAU OF THE BEE !

513 FOURTEENTH STREET, WASHINGTON, D. C., July 28.

Perhaps the visit of Collector Hendricks to Washington today had something to do with securing party harmony in New York, Mr. Hendricks said tonight that it had not, that he was here merely on "official business," bu, it would be unusual "official" business that would carr the collector of the port of New York, atte a prolonged interview with Secretary of the Treasury Foster, to the white house for a prolonged chat with the president, and then send him tonight to the private residence of Secretary Foster for another confidential interview Still Mr. Hendricks assured THE BEE cor respondent that his mission to Washington had not the slightest connection with poli tics.

Think Success Certain. Mr. Carter was enthusiastic in all that he

said about the prospect of repu lican victors in the coming campaign. Success was ce tain on the tariff issue alone.

Among the many members of congress who consulted with the republican national chairman today was Representative Houk of Tennessee. Mr. Houk said afterwards: "I have no doubt of a good chance for carry-ing Tennessee for the republican ticket this fail. The third party movement will cut heavily into the democratic vote," Secretary Foster and Secretary Elkins

both held long consultations with Chairman Carter. Tonight ex-Chairman Clarkson spent an hour at the house of Scnator Allison. Mr. Allison is chairman of the ap priations committee of the senate, and Mr. Clarkson was anxious to learn just how firmly the senate would insist upon refusing to adjourn before passing the sundry civil house by the flibusterers against the World's fair appropriation.

Miscellancous. James H. Riggs has withdrawn his resig nation and will continue as postmaseer a O'Neill. Senator Manderson says this wil settle the dispute over the postmastershi settle the dispute over the for a while, at least, till Mr. Riggs is ready to resign again for the purpose of removing from the state, and that when the question of Riggs' successorship comes up again wants a republican recommended for the place over whom there will be no versy, otherwise the matter will be left to a

Primary election.

Senator Paddock has been notified that the Pennsylvania Forestry association, in session at Mount Gretna, Pa., has passed a resolution endorsing his bill for the preser vation of American forests. T. E. Ochiltree of Keckuk, Ia., is at the

R.D. Gager was to lay appointed postmas R. D. Gager was to ay appointed postmas-ter at Dorsey, Holt county, Nob., vice C. W. Cock, resigned; F. Schubert at Cottonwood, Lee county, Ia., vice J. R. Sypher, resigned, and H. Huck at Hanover, Buena Vista county, Ia., vice Hon. Von Engeln, resigned. Senator Paddock has secured the adoption by the spate of his hills. by the senate of his bills to pension Marior C. Gurney of Beatrice, widow of James W Gurney, iate a captain in company E, 127th regiment New York infantry; also a bili to pension Miss Anna Morgan of Nebraska, a neipless consumptive.
Senator Warren has proposed an appro-priation of \$10,000 for the construction of an

dministration building at Fort D. A. A favorable report has been made upon the Pettigrew bill, directing the secretary of the treasury to redeem, in favor of the heirast-law of D. Fulford of South Dakota, four bonds of the United States of the denomina

tion of \$500, \$100, and two of \$50, and known as five-twenties, the bands baving been destroyed by fire July 9, 1872, together with accrued interest from July I, 1872, to date of the maturity.

P. S. H.

IT DAMAGES THE FARMER,

How Speculators Manipulate the Price of Grain to Their Advantage.

- Washington, D. C., July 28.—[Special Telegram to The Ber.]—Senator Paddock delivered a speech in the senate today in support of the anti-option bill. After quite a full and interesting review of options futures and the method of dealing in produce exchanges, how the gamblers on the board first depress the market with the view of forcing actual holders of grain to sell, and when the price has been greatly reduced, buying under cover largely. and after disposing of all of their holdings at the top of the market, selling many bushels beyond for the short account, they repeat the same tactics to run prices down again to the lowest level with a view of making an enormous profit on the bear side, Mr. Paddock said: "The farmer furnishes the substance to be speculated on. His labor and his capital bave produced it. Before all others he is entitled to a free and unobstructed market, but alone of all legitimate producers he is refused it for his principal products. These ure taken possession of by a vast army of men who toil not, upon whose brows gather not the sweat from the labor which it is appointed unto all men to perform. Their stock-in-trade is principally wind, which they possess without limit either as to quantity or quality, but when they have at length put the farmer's grain on the market he is wholly unable to recognize it. He finds that it has become so swollen by the wind forced into it that for every busuel before it left the farm there are now fifty to 100, and in the transformation process it has become principally wind.

"He is assured that this result, which places on the market fifty or 100 bushels of this new variety of wheat in the place of each bushel which he has put into the deal, helps to make the market active."

Has Dama red the Farmer. Speaking of the agricultural industry he

speaking of the agricultural industry he said: "The dealing in options and futures has brought that industry to the very brink of ruin, polluting all the streams of legitimate commerce leading to and from it. It has lowered the standard of business morals, made millionaires of the few and paupers of the multiple. the multitude, among whom are found the representatives of every profession, every trade, every vocation and every social class. Mr. Paddock read a letter from George J. S. Broomhall, editor of the Corn Trade News of Liverpool, to C. Wood Davis of Kansas, stating that it was the custom of dealers in wheat at Liverpool and in other European markets to send to this country and make enormous short sales, thus hedging against their holdings of wheat on the other side. Mr. Paddock said, as to the extent of these short sales by fereign holders, that it was practically the importation duty free of a corresponding amount of wheat to add to our supply and depress the market by this vol-

Mr. Paddock said that the official report of sales on the New York Produce exchange for 1890 shows that 1,238,377,000 bushels of wheat were sold and that of this amount only 22,991,000 bushels represented actual cash wheat. The total wheat crop of the United States for 1899, was only 400,000,000 pushels.

The aggregate transactions in wheat in the same exchange during 1891 were still larger and the aggregate excess of sales in that year larger in proportion to the actual cash wheat than those for 1890. In the week ending February 16 of the present year the sales of the New York exchange amounted to 32,625,-000 bushels, while the receipts of that mar-ket during the same period were less than 5,000,000 bushels, showing that each bushel of wheat received was sold seven times over during that week.

CHILL'S FINANCES.

More Bonds Will Be Placed Among European Capitalists.

Copyrighted 1892 by James Gents i Berriet. VALPARAISO, Chili (via Galveston, Tex.), July 28.- By Mexican Cable to the New York Herald-Special to THE BEE. |-After B protracted depate the House of Deputies has passed the bill authorizing the new loan. It is expected that the measure will pass the senate with but little opposition. From advices which have been received here there is but little doubt that the loan will be quickly taken up in the European financial enters.

The steamer Mincola, from San Francisco to New York, has damaged her propeller. It is reported that two blades are lost and she may have to be docked at Valparaiso.

A meeting of liquor dealers was held outside the congressional building yesterday for the purpose of protesting against the passage by the senate of a law regulating the sale of fiquor and imposing an extra tax on the traffic. The meeting was dispersed by the police.

In consideration of free mail service and reduced passenger rates to government employes the rights and privileges enjoyed by the British-Chilian steamship companies have been extended.

The Herald's correspondent at Artigas Brazil, says that Colonel Santes has inaugurated another revolt. The Herald's corre spondent at Rio de Janiero says that De-metrio Ribero has been attacked in congress by Pelyotto, relative to his conduct in June The Herald's correspondent at Montevideo says that the president is preparing a messave for submission to congress proposing the creation of a new loan to pay outstand-ing expenses. Great alarm was felt in the city last night on account of a report that Colonel Latorre was invading Uraguayan erritory from Yaguaron and Colonel Nice from Riviersa. Later details proved that the story was exaggerated. Uruguayan troops are guarding the frontier, however. The Heraid's correspondent at Buenos Ayres says that the funeral of the men of the Rosales who were drowned while landing from their total was celebrated there yesterday. The under officers of the Rosales have been admitted to sail but Captain Tuewars is still in prison. omicers of the tosales have even admitted to bail, but Captain Tuevers is still in prison. The number of missing is now fifty-eight. The presidential question is still unsettled. The recounting of the vote continues. The friends of Pens are trying to postpone the

October 12, Movements of Ogean Steamers. At Southampton - Sighted - Columbia, from New York; Amsterdam and Mississippi, from New York; Russia, from Baltimore.

teration of the estimates until after

At Glasgow - Arrived - Astoria, from Philadelphia and Scandinavian from Boston. At New York—Arrayd—Germinic, from At New York Arrived Germinic, from Liverpool; Massachusetts, from London. At Para—The United States and Brazil steamer Vigilancia. Captain Crossman, from New York, July 9, sraved July 27, and pro-ceeded for Bahama and Rio Janeiro July 28, At Rotterdam—Arrived—Edam, from Bal-timore. Amsterdam - Arrived - Rotterdam, from New York.

Help Asked for Drouth Sufferers. GALVESTON, Tex., July 28. - A special from Brownville to the News says a petition signed by merchants, business men, citizens and United States and county officials will be forwarded by the next mall to some of the principal newspapers making a strong appeal to the good people of the country for assistance made necessary by four years of drouth. Families in some portions of the country are said to be in a pitiable condition, having only cachus and mesquite beans to eat. The petition cites that help is required

immediately. New York Exchange Quotations. New York, July 28 .- | Special Telegrap to THE BEE. |- Exchange was quoted as follows: Chicago, 30 cents discount; Hoston, par to 5 cents discount; St Louis, 25 cents discount FIELD OF LANCASTER NAMED

First District Republicans Select a Candidate by Acclamation.

ALL ARRANGEMENTS WERE HARMONIOUS

Judge Chapman of Cass Nobly Responds to a Request for the Sacrifice of Personal Interests-Other Nebraska Political News.

NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., July 28 .- [Special Pelegram to THE BEE.]-Harmony personified dropped into Nebraska City today in the persons of 128 delegates to the republican congressional convention of the First district. After an afternoon's lovefeast in the office of the Watson botel they met in the opera house this evening to name Hon. Allen W. Field of Lancaster county by acclamation as their candidate for congress. It was understood during the afternoon that Judge Chapman of Cass county, who had been the only other candidate, was not making a fight as he was but just off a sick bad, and to place the cap sheaf on the mountain of existing good feeling he willingly complied with the request to make the nominating speech in presenting the only candidate and the unanimous choice of the district.

All Was Harmony. The opening hour was set for 9 o'clock and although the delegates were in their seats at that time and the house was crowded it was twenty minutes later when Chairman Wood-

places.

ward and Secretary McCartney took their

In calling the convention to order the chairman said that he saw such harmony on all sides as to warrant the firm belief that the convention would, on this occasion, nominate the next congressman from the First district of Nebraska. He said that the district had been misrepresented in congress long chough and it was desired to place in nomination a candidate who was in favor of American industries as against English or other foreign interests, and one who would show up the fallacies of the mun who for two years had been misrepresenting

Jüdge Sullivan's Views.

Judge Suitivan of Cass was named as temporary chairman. He said that Nebraska had been represented by gabble and noise for two years and he believed that a man would be placed in nomination by the convention who would defeat the man who had brought the honor of the United States in question by voting against the World's fair appropriation and in his pen hostinty to American industries. Mr. McCartney was made temporary secretary, and the credentials of the various delegations were considered. The credentials were sceepted without reading, and the temporary organization made permanent. The roll was called for members of the committee on resolutions with the following result: Cass, Orlaudo Teft; Johnson, J. S. Dew; Lancas-ter, H. M. Bushnell; Nemaha, George W. Fairbrother; Otoc, J. R. McKee; Pawnee, C. O. Brown; Richardson, D. D. Reavis. Resolutions of the Convention.

The following resolutions were reported by he committee and adopted as read:

Resolved. That we the republicans of the First Con ressional district, endorse the platform of the authoral republican party; that we endorse it as a wise and patriotic exposition of the correct principles of a government that has been conductive to the wonderful growth, marvelous development and un-bounded prosperity of the nation. Resolved, That we the republicans of the First congressional district recognize the national importance of the World's Colum-bian exposition that has been instituted by he nation and is under national control. ecognize its great worth to Nebraska the nation and is under national control. We recognize its great worth to Nebraska in bringin: the world aimost to our doors. We believe it should have all necessary support from the general government to the end that the nation's name may be protected and mannified to the utmost. We condemn the votes of the democratic representatives and the votes of the congressmen from Nebraska, cast against aid to the World's fair, as unpatriotic, unamerican and against the welfare and material interests of the people of this state. We denounce the statesmanship of the congressman who, in casting about for subjects for reform, selects an industry just starting in our own state, an industry which is lowering the price of binding twine made from our own products. Resolved, That we invite the closest scrutiny as to the prosperity following republican legislation and a comparison of democratic economy of the present session, with the appropriations of the Fifty-flirst congress. Resolved, That the republican party, which has met and successfully solved the numerous financial responsibilities of the past, can be safely trusted to solve the financial questions of today.

tions of today. District Committee.

The following congressional committee was appointed: Chairman, C. T. Boggs of Lancaster; secretary, Frank McCartney; Otoe, William Pfleging; Pawnee, C. E. Caso; Lancaster, C. A. Atkinson; Richardson, A. E. Gant; Nemaha, Church Howe.
Several short speeches, were made and at Several short speeches were made and at 11:30 the convention adjourned.

The utmost good nature prevailed and the delegates dispersed manifesting much enthusiasm and expressing the greatest confi-dence in the election of their nominee. George Bowerman, Eugene Moore and H. C. Wortham were all on band looking after their respective candidates.

Webster County's Convention,

RED CLOUD, Neb., July 28.—(Special Telegram to The Bee.)—The republicans held their county convention in the courthouse nere today. The rain of last night made the roads very bad, but nevertheless a large crowd and a full set of delegates were in attendance. The convention was called order by J. R. Wilcox at 1:30. W. Andrews was called and introduced as the next congressman from this district and ad-dressed the convention for twenty minutes. He was loudly cheered.

J. H. McCollum of Glenwood received the nomination for representative

on the first formal ballot. Delegates to the state senatorial and float conventions were chosen. Resolutions were adopted endorsing the republican ticket from one end to tu The ticket is as good as was ever nominated in the county, and their election

In Boyd County.

SPENCER, Nob., July 28.—[Special to THE BEE.]—The republicans of this county meet in mass convention July 30 to organize the party by election of chairman and secretary of contral committee, and election of delegates to the different conventions, etc. Hastings, Neb., July 28.—[Special Telegram to Tug Bee.]—The republican ward caucuses for the city of Hastings were beld this evening and delegates elected to the county convention to be held here Saturday. An Address to Republicans.

LINCOLN, Neb., July 28 .- | Special to THE BEE . The following address to the republicans of Nebraska was issued by the officers of the Young Men's Republican club today:
"The Young Men's Republican club of the city of Lincoln has succeeded in inducing Hon, William McKinley of Ohio to come to Lincoln and deliver an address on licanism on the evening of August 3. the earnest desire of the club to make his reception hearty and enthusiastic and the oc-casion productive of incalculable benefit to the republican party of the state. "To this end the club extends a cordial invitation to all young men's republican clubs and republican organizations generally throughout the state to be present and par-

"All clubs contemplating being in attend-ance will kindly report at earliest mo-ment to F. W. Collins, president of the Young Men's Republican club of Lincoln, Neb."

Deuel County Republicans. CHAPPELL, Neb., July 28.—[Special to THE BEE.]—The republican convention held none yesterday elected F. P. Morgan, O. M.

Ganelle, S. P. Delatour and A. P. delegates to the state convention. A lution endorsing Hon. Henry St. Ray for state senator was unanimously carried. Good showers are reported all o county. Farmers are in the midst of harvest and the yield will be better the year.

WILL IGNORE M'KEIGHAN.

Democrats Determined to Name a Good Man and Avoid Fusion. HASTINGS, Neb., July 28.-|Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-The democratic central committee of the Fifth congressional district met in this city this afternoon. Eleven of the eighteen counties in the district were represented by committeemen and five others sent proxies. It was decided to hold the convention to nominate a candidate for congress at Red Cloud Thursday, September I. at 11 o'clock. One delegate at large was allowed every county and one for every 100 votes cast in 1890 for Hoyd. The committee-men were all in favor of putting a good democrat in nomination and ignoring the McKeighans.

Between Van Wyck and Powers. CLAY CENTER. Neb., July 28.—[Special to THE BES.]—The independents of this town-ship held their caucus here vesterday afternoon to appoint delegates to the county convention to be held tomorrow. A warm discussion took place as to the support of General Van Wyck or Powers for governor. They were about evenly divided.

Gage County Democrats. BEATRICE, Nob., July 28 .- | Special to THE BEATRICE, Neb., July 28.—[Special to THE BEE.]—The Gage county democratic central committee met vesterday afternoon and named the following delegates to the democratic congressional convention which meets in Crete August 4: A. Hardy, G. R. Turner, R. S. Bibb, J. S. Rutherford, D. W. Cook, William Linton, R. J. Smith, L. A. Simmons, G. P. Marvin, Samuel Corner, Luke Bridenthal, Harry Gudersleeve, S. T. Walder. The delegation is instructed to present the name of Hon, R. S. Bibb of Beatrice as a candidate for congress and to use atrice as a candidate for congress and to use all honorable means to secure his nomination. A county convention was also called for Au gust 20, at which time Congressman Bryan is to be here and assist in formally opening

Not Entirely Successful.

the campaign

PALMER, Neb., July 28.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE, |-The independents of this county held a raily at the opera house bere tenight. Notwithstanding the fact that ti was a beautiful evening but tew turned out. Charles Grammar of howard county was made chairman. Short speeches were made by Dan McClure, Editor Tanner of the Fullerton Post and W. F. Critchileld of Fullerton, Reference was made to Meiklejohn's record in the last legislature, but it was treated with a silent contempt by the audience. The tariff, silver and pension issues were grouped. tariff, silver and pousion issues were ignored and calamity held high carnival. Forty or fifty of the stately Harrison hats could b seen in the audience. No enthusiasm was manifested. An independent club was formed. The meeting was largely advertised and a large attendance was expected. The general feeling seems to be that as a political arouser the meeting was a failure. Enthusiasm for Meikiejohn is at a high pitch and democrats as well as hìgh republicans are working to score him a big victory. The Prodigal Republican club is gaining members ually, and is admitted to be the leading club in this section. The club band generously furnished music for

MICHIGAN'S GERRYMANDER.

the independent meeting tonight.

It is Declared Unconstitutional by the Su preme Court of That State. LANSING, Mich., July 28 .- The supreme court has decided that the blil pussed by the last legislature gerrymandering the legislative districts is unconstitutional, and ordered the secretary of state to issue notices of election in accordance with the redistricting act of Justice Grant, in his opinion declaring the

senatorial gerrymander act of 1891 invalid. are unconstitutional and void. The secretary of state is restrained from issuing notices under the act of 1891, but not under that of 1885, unless the governor shall call a specia

session of the legislature,
"This act is held unconstitutional upon the inequality of the apportunement. A county to have two secutors must have a ratio and a molety of a ratio of population. Unless it be held that the unconstitutionality of the act of 1885 has been removed by its being acquiesced in in the late elections, it is affected with the same constitutional infirmity as the act of 1891. It is my opinion that notices should be given esced in, but I hold to the opinion of my brethren." Chief Justice Morse agrees with the opin-

ion of Justice Grant: In granting a mandamus in the case of the supervisors of Houghton County against State of Michigan, which declares the repre sentative apportionment act of 1891 void. Justice Grant says it is not intended by the constitution that a county should be divided In forming representative districts, un-less it be entitled to more than one representative, and then the shall be made by the Board of Super visors. It is clear that the constitutions provisions were violated and ignored. county can be dismembered all can. the molety plan of apportionment, Houghton Menominee, Montcalm, Tuscola, Salinac and Macomb counties would each be entitled to two representatives. Of these six countries if three were left out it should be the three last named, as they have the least popula tion, but the legislature reversed the consti-tutional order of preference and gave two senators to the last named three counties and but one each to the first three. The act of 1891 is void becase it attempted to dismem-

stitution in giving the counties two repre-sentatives that had less population than the counties accorded but one. "An examination of the act of 1891 shows it to have been within the constitutional discretion of the legislature, and the notices must be given under it unless the legislature makes a new and valid apportionment in special session."

ber Houghton county and violated the con

The court arrives at an unanimous conclu sion from practically the same standpoint although the phraseology in the opinions of Chief Justice Morse and Justice Grant is not

the same. WYOMING DEMOCRATS MEET.

Dr. J. E. Osborne of Rawlins Nominated for Governor. ROCK SPRINGS, Wyo., July 28 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE.]-On the thirtyseventh ballot Dr. J. E. Osborne of Rawlins was nominated for governor by the democratic state convention in session here. The preliminaries embraced a rather pretty but somewhat tiresome three-cornered fight among Leopold Kabis of Cheyenne, J. J. Hurt of Casper and W. H. Halliday of Laramie. Neither gained or lost very much in balloting and Osborne was finally fixed upon sheep owner in Carbon county, 32 years old and unmarried

and unmarried.

Henry A. Coffen of Sheridan was nom-Henry A. Conen of Sperian was hom-inated for congress and Gibson Clark of Cheyenne for judge of the supreme court. Judge Corn of Evanston, P. J. Quealy of Rock Springs and J. T. Norton of Lander were nominated for presidential electors. piatform pronounces for free unlimited comage of silver; ces-of arid lands under congressional sion of arid tands under congressional direction; denounces the Warren arid hand bill and violations of the constitution and laws; the incompetency of the ropublican state government; deplores the Johnson county invasions and calls for the punishment upon conviction of all classes of law-ment upon conviction of all classes. breakers, as matter what the character of the

Stevenson to Visit Louisville. Louisville, Ky., July 28 .- Hon. Stevenson will be here on August 4 to be present at the dedication of the Watterson ciub building. Extensive preparations [CONTINUED ON SECOND PAGE.]

TWO NECROES RUN DOWN

Struck by an Engine and Killed While Walking in the Yards.

AWFUL END MET BY TWO STRANGERS

They Were Evidently Tramps in Search of a Ride and Were Confused by the Many Locomotives Moving

Around Them.

Two negroes were struck by switch engine 1172 on the Union Pacific in South Omana near the I street crossing last night about 9 o'clock, and one was instantly killed and the other fataily injured. The engine was returning from the south, having helped No. 27, a westbound freight, over the hill. . Engineer James Dinnan was in the cab and was running at a fair rate of speed. The

first intimation he had of anything wrong

was from a switchman who saw the engine strike the two negroes. They were evidently confused, as at that portion of the yards considerable switching is done and a number of engines were puffing on other tracks, and they failed to notice the approach of the engine backing up behind

them. William Jackson is the name of the one who is fatully injured, and that is the extent of the information secured from him. Both Terribly Mangled.

When the engine struck him he was thrown under the wheels. His left leg was torn from the body above the knee, and he was badly crushed about the hips. His right leg was nearly severed also and a deep cut upon the head was also sustained. He was in a semi-conscious state and suffered intense agony. All efforts to secure any information of himself and companion were unavailing, and he did not seem to understand the questions put to him. He was poorly dressed and appearances indicated that he was either

a tramp or a not overprosperous citizen.

Jackson's companion was instantly killed.
His head was completely severed from the body. Several bones were broken and he was bruised and cutabout the body. He was also poorly dressed, and presented much the same appearance as Jackson.

Brought to Omaha. Coroner Maul was notified of the accident

and sent his men out on a special furnished by the Union Pacific. The dead and injured men were placed aboard and taken to Omaha Jackson was kept in the car, the company' physician stating that he could survive but a short time, and it would be useless to remove him to a hospital. The dead man was removed to the morgue.

The two men were seen by several yards-men walking up the track, but no attention was paid to them. In all probability they were tramps and their pilgrimage in the yard was to find shelter or steal a ride in a box car. Their faces are not familiar to any person of the many who saw them.

At the Morgue, The unknown colored man was taken to the morgue at 11 o'clock. Very little was found in the pockets of the dead man. A found in the pockets of the dead man. A small bunch of keys and a short memorandum was all that the clothing contained. Among other items on the scrap of paper were the following: "Potatoes and bread, 15 cents; whisky, 30 cents; peopermint, 10 cents; writing paper, 5 cents."

Jackson, who lived for a short time, was taken to the Omaba varonaster's office at Eleventh and Marcy streats.

Eleventh and Marcy streets, and everything possible done to save his life. All the work of the physicians was useless, and the man died at 12:30 a. m., and was shortly after-ward removed to the morgue.

The inquest will be held today. CAPTURED A COUNTERFEITER.

Ed Wolcutt of Omaha Arrested at Slouz City. Sioux City, Ia., July 28 .- [Special Telegram to Tue Bee. |-Sd Wolcutt, a young man claiming to be from Omaha, was arrested here today for counterfeiting. He took the new silver quarters, cut off the

letters "quar" and changed the last R to N.

making it read \$10. The coins were then neatly soated with gold. He went to stores and bought 5 and 10-cent articles to get the Two freight Trains Wrecked.

LOGAN, In., July 28 .- | Special to THE BEE. |-A head-end collision took place here this morning between two freight trains. The one going west was taking water at the tank. The one going east attempted to stop and have a switch opened so it could run in on the side track. The air brakes failed to work. The eastbound freight kept the main line, striking the other while going at about ten miles an hour. Both iccomotives are slightly damaged and the bumpers are broken on all the cars. Harry Thompso who was stealing a ride in a coal car, had both legs badly smashed. One leg has been amputated and the other will have to be. The injured man says he had been at work at Wheatland, Ia., and was going to Slouz

Iowa Teachers in Session.

MALVERN, 18., July 28 .- | Special to THE BEE. |-The nineteenth annual session of the Mills County Normal institute is in session here this week. County Superintendent O. R. Patrick is conductor, assisted by an able corps of instructors. There are about 136

To Raise the Taxation Laws. DES MOINES, 1a., July 28 .- The executive rouncil today appointed Charles Edward of Whiting, August Post of Moulton, Charles A. Clark of Cedar Rapids and Altred Poynter of Montour a commission to revise the taxation laws of the state.

Nonunion Idaho Miners Scared. WARDNER, Idaho, July 28 .- The order relieving the company stationed at Bunker Hill created consternation among the nonunion men yesterday and about forty de-manded their time. Twelve refused to work without the protection of the troops. A guard of ten was left there to pacify the em-ployes. No more prisoners will be paroled.

> WEATHER FORECASTS. OFFICE OF WEATHER BUREAU, ! OMARA, July 28.

The rains have advanced eastward to the lake regions and the middle Mississippi valley and southward to northern Texas. They appear to have been well distributed over the western states, Nebraska especially having apparently received a generous supply.

The area of high barometer now overties the western states and is central in wester, Nobraska. The cool wave is advancing east and southward. The weather has cleared off

and southward. Its
in the Missouri valley.
Another low barometer is approaching
from the Pacific regions and temperature is
from the Pacific regions and temperature is rising west of the mountains. The line of westward through Texas, thence northwestward to Oregon. Today (Thursday) was the coldest day of the month at Omaha. The temperature rose to 65° against 97° yester.

Local Forecast: For Eastern Nebraka, Omaha and Vicinity-Fine weather; slight change in temperature; probably warmer during Friday.

Washington, D. C., July 28.—For Ne-brasks and the Dakotas—Generally fair; slowly rising temperature, winds shifting to For lows Generally fair, preceded to-night by local thunder storms in southeast-

ere portion; slowing rising temperature, except conter in extreme southeastern portion; northerly winds,