South Omaha Commission Men at War With the Live Stock Exchange.

DENY THE AUTHORITY OF THEIR AGENT

Damages as a Result of His Ejectment of Squatter Christiansen-Other Court Doings.

The South Omaha Live Stock exchange has been challenged to enter the legal arena and there battle to a finish. To stockmen, especially those who happen to be members of the exchange, the legal aspect will be crowded with matters of interest.

As the story goes the difficulty originated like this: Some months ago a new livestock commission firm opened its doors in South Omaha, joined the exchange and under the firm name of Jackson, Higgins & Co. built up a lucrative trade, to the disgust of some of the old members of the exchange, who had sat around the yards waiting for business to come their way.

waiting for business to come their way.

The members of this new firm subscribed their names to the exchange rules, one of which was that no fir or member of a firm belonging to the South Omaha Live Stock exchange should agree to pay the fare of any shipper to or from South Omaha, nor should any member of the exchange give or promise to give any rebate on stock buught.

Jackson Higgins & Co. had in their amploy

Jackson, Higgins & Co. had in their employ a traveling agent, John J. Raymaster, whose duty it was to go about the country drumming up trade for his house. In his travels he stopped off at York and bought a load of fat steers from G. F. Burke. The animals were consigned to Jackson Historica. a load of lat steers from C. P. Burke. The naimals were consigned to Jackson, Higgins & Co., and then Raymaster, it is alleged, handed Burke §3.20, the price of a railroad ticket from York to South Omaha. Soon after the cattle were sold the officers

Soon after the cattle were sold the officers of the exchange were informed that the money had been paid. They at once raised a row and charged Jackson, Higgins & Co. with having violated the rules adopted by the exchange. They pleaded that they did not know that Raymaster had paid Burke the \$1.20, as he had made no charge in his expense account. An investigation followed, at which Raymaster admitted that he had paid the money, but that it had been paid out of his own pocket. He also testified that he did not know that he had violated any exchange rules.

The committee, however, did not swallow the story, and Walter E. Wood, who sat as judge, found Jackson, Higgins & Co. guilty. Against them he assessed a fine of \$250 and entered an order that unless it was paid the members of the firm would be expelled

members of the firm would be expelled

from the exchange.

Jackson, Higgins & Co. refused to pay and resterday went into court. They secured an injunction restraining the exchange from taking any action until the case could be heard. Judge Keysor granted the order and set the case for hearing on June 18, at 10

Claims His Wife was Driven Insane.

The Florence take tand cases assumed a The Florence lake land cases assumed a new phase this morning when Anna C. Christensen, insane, by Christian Jantzen, her guardian, brought suit against Edward Callaban, Edward Callaban, Denny W. Lane, William Bennett and Simon B. Clarke to re-

over \$20,000 damages.

Nearly everybody knows the history of the land case. The Christensens lived on a tract of land north of Florence lake. The land was a part of the school section, which they claimed to hold by squatters' rights. Edward Callaban also claimed the land, alleging that it was a portion of another tract of which he was the sole and undisputed owner. The Christensen had built a little home, and for two years had remained in quiet possession. Last March, at the head of a posse of men, the Christensen home was visited, and the wife, who was an invalid, was take: from her bed, driven about the country and dnaily left at a house in the lower part of the city, after which Callaban took possession. Shortly after this Mrs. Christensen became a

maniac and was placed in the hospital.

The petition which has been filed in the case recites that on March 16, 1892, Anna C. Christenen was the wife of Christian A. Christensen; that although in feeble health she was of sound mind, capable of managing her own affairs. There follows a tale of snocking cruelty which shattered the mind of the poor unfortunate. The petitioner avers that Anna Christensen, who is 48 years of age, on the night of March 16 was in her bed, unable to arise therefrom. Just before midnight, Callahan, followed by the other defendants, came to the house, battered down the door and threw the furniture into the yard. Not satisfied with this, they bound Mrs. Christensen hand and foot, tied a gag in her mouth and then wrapping her in a blanket, started for town. On the way in they stopped at numerous saloons and road houses and became beastly drunk. Singing, yelling and beating the women they drove to the house of Christ Johnson at 1109 South Sixth street, where half frozen and nearly dead she was left without friends, money or

Miss Linton's Charge Against the City. Phebe E. E. Linton has gone into court, where she has secured an injunction which restrains Ford & Hughes from laying an arti ficial stone sidewalk along the line of her property at Eleventh and Jackson streets. Judge Hopewell will listen to the case next Tuesday, and if the promises made in the petition are kept, there will be some intereating developments. This petition also brings in the city of Omaha and the Board of Public Works as co-defendants and charges collusion. It sets out that the plaintiff, through her attorney contracted with J. W. Furnas & Sons to lay a flag stone walk around the premises; that the contract price was 19 cents per square foot; that the Board of Public Works had declared the lot a nuisance and had ordered it brought to the established grade of Jack son street. The lot was being graded, and Furnas & Sons were intending to lay the walk as soon as the graders had completed their contracts. All of these facts were well known to the members of the Board of Public Works, but to defraud and cheat the plaintiff, they conspired with Ford & Hughes, who were instructed to lay the artificial stone walk at the rate of 32 cents per square stone walk at the rate of 22 cents per square

Yesterday morning the artificial stone men started in on the work but were called off as soon as the papers were served.

Madsen and His Check. The trial of the case of the state against B. F. Madsen, an ex-councilman, was com-menced in criminal court today. Madsen was inflicted by the grand jury which sat at the February term of court. He was charged with having accepted a bribe. While he was a member of the council, O. H. Ballow ipplied for a franchise to locate an electric light plant in this city. All of the papers in the case were referred to Madsen, who was chairman of the committee on gas and electric fights. On April 1, 1891, Ballou visited Madson's residence, and it is charged that while there he gave Madsen a cheek for \$500 if he would vote for the passage of the ordinance. Madsen admitted the acceptance of the charles are did Rallou starting that he

nance. Madsen admitted the acceptance of
the check, and also did Ballou admit that he
gave it, though both deciared that it was an
"April fool" joke.
When the case was called yesterday,
both Madsen and his bondsman,
S. Jonasen, were absent. The bond was forfeited, but Madsen saved himself by appearing in court a few moments later.

Wauts a Divorce From Solon, Ida May Goff has petitioned the court to divorce her from her husband, Solon Cyrus Goff. She alleges a wedding ou July 4, 1880. and one year thereafter Soiou Cyrus became a rearing drunkard. This continued for years and until July 1, 1891, when Mr. Goff put on the straw which broke the camel's back, as it were. On that date he drew a revolver and threatenest to shoot the life out of the plaintiff. Hence the divorce suit.

Two Tips for Tipplers.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat: "If before returning home to the wife of your bosom, or going to call on your best girl, your breath is unpleasantly sugtive of whisky, and you want to disguise it, just rinse your mouth with a cup of diluted camphor, and the most delicate or suspicious olfactory nerve cannot detect the odor of the enemy you have put in your stomach to steal away your brains, my dear boy," said George Poindexter of St. Paul. "I have tried it and found it to work like a charm. Don't drink the camphor; just wash

REFUSE TO PAY THEIR FINE | your mouth with it, use your tooth brush vigorously, and the job is done. Then, if you have stayed with the boys so long that your legs get shaky and the earth is whirling around like a top, I have another prescription that will fix you O. K. in five minutes. Have the nearest druggist put a drop or two of ammonia in a half pint of water, or so much water as may be necessary to take the burn out of the ammonia, and then you gulp down the dose without taking the glass from your lips. In five minutes you will be so sober that you'll wonder how you managed to get so dounk in so short a time. But be careful not to drink any more that evening; if you do you'll think your whole stomach, diaphragm and all, is leaving its crapulous home through your throat for the outside world."

#### MARVELOUS GROWTH.

The Great American Desert Undergoes Mighty Changes,

While the Sahara remains today as it vas beyond the records of time, writes W. F. G. Shanks in Lippincott's, the American desert is populous with an enterprising race; it is dotted with cities of marvelously rapid growth; it is gridironed with railways; its dry and arid surface has been watered into a richly productive soil, until we see here garden spot of the continent, rather than its Sahara. Not only have the savage tribes been conq e ed and exterminated, but nature nerself has been subdued and overcome. Her small supply of timber has been remedied the tearing of coal from her The water she denied to the plain she had been compelled to surrender from her mountains for equitable distribution by man's artificial means to the plains below. The ener getic American settler on the great des-ert was not content, like the lazy and freamy Egyptian, to watch a Nilometer a thousand years old to know when to look for the rise of his rivers; but, drainng them at their sources in the mounains, he stores their floods and doles their waters out through innumerable sluices and canals and ditches as the broadfields demand life-giving irrigation. And he goes on thus, year after ear, building more drains and reclaiming more acres of his desert. The once guarded and fortified camping posts of a generation ago he has turned into free cities which fear no foe and engage only in friendly rivalry and contention with one another.

a little more than a generation. In less than a generation cities in that region have grown to greater population than cities of the eastern states of the nation which are 200 years old; and in some instances cities of the plains incorporated less than a year ago have a larger population than towns founded by the Puritans and by Penn a century since. It would be incredible, if the official figures did not establish the fact, that Denver, Colo., for instance, incorporated in 1861, has a larger population than Albany, N. Y., founded in 1686, and nearly twice as much as Trenton, N. J., incorporated in 1792, though founded forty years before. The town of Beatrice, Neb., is now just eleven years; its population is 13,836; while Dover, N. H., was settled in 1623, and has now a population of only 12,790. As a still more extraordinary develop-ment, one may cite the city of Wichita, Kan., right in the heart of the desert plains, which, incorporated as recently as 1886, six years ago, has a population of 23,853, an actual valuation of \$27,170,067 of property, a costly water system, twenty miles of water system, twenty miles of electric street railways, nineteen banking institutions, is the converging point of no less than five steam railways, and is lighted by electricity. Colorado itself, this great America desert, was admitted as a territory only in 1861, as a state as late as 1876, and last year its property valuation was assessed for state tax purposes at \$220,-544,064. Such extraordinary illustrations of rapid development of a country

All this has been accomplished within

of our own eastern states and cities. The extraordinary development of this peculiar and interesting region is not yet written history. Indeed, the region is not old enough to be thought entitled to the dignity of historical record. The time to write it has not ripened; the material has not been collected; in fact, it is only beginning to be manufactured. I can only write solely in the hope that I may incite others to steps to preserve the facts of this development. I can only hope in this article to point out this rapid growth of a section of our country, partly as a stimulus to those who are making its prosperity, partly to excite thought as to the possibilities of the early future, to stimulate renewed energy in the same direction of intelligent development, but chiefly to urge the collection and preservation of this history now making. The facts which I throw together without much method, though with some care, I have secured through newspaper clippings from cur-rent publications furnished me from time to time, and from the officials of a number of the cities of the plains who have sympathized with my purpose in preparing this article. I am actuated to persevere in this by a former experience of a similar character.

are unparalleled in history, even in that

## BRIGHT SHOTS OF THE BUDS.

Washington Star: "Now," said the eacher, "the members of the class may tell what they have read in the newspaper. You may begin Tommy Glag-

"I read in one of the head lines," said Tommy, "that they're tryin' to plant a trolley in New York." "That's interesting."

"Yes'm. Only, please teacher, if they planted a trolley what would they There was an awkward silence, and some of the older girls snickered. Then

Willie Watkins raised his hand and shook it in the air.
"Pleas'm, I know," said he.

"Well, what have you to say?" "If they planted a trolley they'd raise ombstones."

A Boston girl who recently went to Bermuda had her sister take her Sunday "Where is our teacher? school class. as'ced one of the boys on the first Sunday.
"She is gone to Bermuda," was the reply. "And where is that?" was the further question. "Why, don't you know?" replied the sister. "It is where the onions come from." "Whew, what a breath she will have," retorted the young heathen.

Detroit Free Press: The toy had been sitting for three hours watching the bob

### Nasal Catarrh.

I was afflicted from infancy with Catarrh, and for ten years with eruptions on my face. I was attended by the best physicians, and used a number of Blood remedies with no permanent relief.

-LIFE WAS A BURDEN-My life became a burden to me, for my case was declared incurable. I saw S. S. S. advertised, and took eight botties, which cured me entirely, and I feel like a new person,-Miss Josie Owen, MONTPELIER, OHIO.

on his fish-line when the man came along.
"What are you doing there?" said the

"Fishin'," said the boy.
"Got anything?" said the man.
"Yep," said the boy.
"What?" said the man.

"Patience," said the boy, and the ma offered him 84 a week to come down t the railroad ticket office and answa

Uncle Ben-Does it do you good to go to church, Johnnie? Johnnie-You bet it does, an' it's a savin' besides.

Uncle Ben-A savin', eh! How is that? Johnnie-Why, mamma promised me a lickin' if I didn't go, so you see I save that much by goin'

Ethel-Mamma, can God see into the coom when the curtains are pulled down?

Mamma-Yes. Ethel-Can he when the blinds are

Ethel (paralyzed)-Well, isn't he looker!

A Little Grammar Lesson—"Liza, you don't seem to be very busy."
"Nome. I'se finished up all the work they was to be did."

"Done, you mean; done."
Yessum; I've finished up all the work
they was to be done did."

Industrious mother-Willie, if you don't go to work you will never be worth the salt that goes in your bread. Willie (stretching and gaping)-Well, rather than go to work you may leave out my part of the salt.

"Johnny," said the mother of a Washington lad, "you must never deceive

"Well, mamma," he said, reflectively,
"I'll tell you what will be a good plan. Whenever I ask you if I can do any-thing you say 'yes.'"

Mamma-When that boy threw stones at you why didn't you come back and tell me instead of throwing them back? Little Son-Tell you! Why, you couldn't

#### SHORT REMINDERS.

For fruit stains dip the spots several times in hot milk.

Keep dowers fresh by putting a pinch of soda in the water. Boil the clothesline and it will not

'kink," as a new rope is apt to do. Leaks about chimneys may be stopped by a cement of coal tar and sand neatly

Keep a small box filled with lime in our pantry and cellar; it will keep the air dry and pure.

Soda is the best thing for cleaning tin-ware. Apply with a damp cloth and rub well, then wipe when dry. Prick potatoes before baking so that the air can escape. This will prevent

their bursting in the oven. For sore throat beat the white of an gg stiff with all the sugar that it will

hold and the juice of one lemon. When baking cakes set a dish of water in the oven with them and they will not be in any danger from scorching. A mixture of finely powdered orris

root, chalk, eigar ashes and a few drops of rosewater, makes an excellent tooth powder. To clean a stove zine or zine-lined bathtub, mix ammonia and whiting to a

smooth paste, apply it to the zine and let it dry. Then rub it off until no dust remains. To mend large holes in socks or in merino underwear, tack a piece of strong net over and darn through it.

The darn will be stronger and neater han without it. A teaspoonful of alum will make clear our gallons of muddy water. Boiling the water is necessary to remove disease germs when a farm pump or town reservoir has a bad name.



### ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most

popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 75c bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Manufactured only by the

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

### LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y. THE BEST WHISKEY

For Consumptives and Invalids must surely be the most wholesome for those who use it as a beverage.



### PURE RYE.

Is the best for all purposes, because it is positively pure and mature. It is exceedingly pleasant to the taste and has a delicious bou-

N. B.-It doesn't burn nor scald

the throat or stomach like inferior whisk ya. It is recommended by the best physicians. Sold only at high class hotels, drug and liquor stores. DALLEMAND &CO. Chicago.

## A GOOD THING

always recognized and the "gooder," the "recognizeder" it is. Ever since the

# Hellman's Administrator's

Closing Sale

has been started great crowds have been in daily attendance. Those who have bought once come again, because they recognize a good thing when they see it. The

## \$3.75 SUITS

are really \$6, \$8 and \$10 suits put into this lot to sell them out quick. We sold out all we had in this lot last week and now we have put in a whole lot more to go at the same price, \$3.75 a suit.

## \$6.50 SUIT

Buys a lot of light colored cassimere and worsted suits, in cutaway or sacks, that are worth twice the money,

## \$6.50, \$8, \$10, \$12.50 and \$15

Buy square cut sack suits that used to be sold all the way from \$10 to \$25

In clay worsteds we are showing Prince Alberts, cutaways and sacks in endless variety, and at almost any price.

Hot weather coats, in stripes and plaids, 25c.

Office coats, in stripes and plaids, 25c.

Serge, flannel and flannellette coats and vests reduced to close.

We are selling the best black sateen shirts for 50c in America. Entitled to Pension. Everybody else gets \$1 for it.

## Hellman's Administrator's Closing Sale,

Same Old Stand, Corner 13th and Farnam.

25 ozs. for 25G.

ABSOLUTELY PURE. JUST TRY IT. PAXTON & GALLAGHER, Omaha, Neb

Retail Prices of New Jersey Rubber Shoe Co.'s Make

oxfords.	Men's	Boys'	Youths'	Ladies'	Misses?	Children's .
Rambler, Cartons Tourist, Cartons Tramp, Bulk	.70	.67	.60	.67		
BALMORAL Rover, Cartons Pedestrian, Cartons.						

Colors: check, black and tan. Tramp in black and check only. Ask for colors you want.

Cut this list out and insist on your shoe dealer supplying you with the above named tennis shoes. They are the best. Dealers are allowed a good discount from the prices named. I do not sell any goods at retail, being western agent for the leading rubber boot and shoe companies of the United States... New Jersey & Meyer---and carrying an immense stock enables me to supply the trade to the Pacific Ocean. When it comes to rubber clothing, oiled clothing, felt boots and German sox, I am on the front seat. Send for lists and prices.

Z. T. LINDSEY.

IIII Harney Street, Omaha, Neb.

## DrDOWNS 1316 Douglas Street, Omaha, Neb.



For sale in Omaka by Sherman & McConnell, 1513 Dodge street.

## 5 17.5 Registered treatments with 17.5 Coxygene in Farts during 1891. For Spermatorrhoea, Varicoccie, Distinates and Emissions and rectaining Lost Vigor. Cure Absolutely Cuaranteed. First treatment sent Free to PRE CHEMICAL IMPORTING CO., CINCINNATI. O. Freque want IDEA IN ADVERTISING

Address suddenly, without notice, Omaha Advertising Bureau, N. Y. Life.

## NEBRASKA

National Bank. U. S. DEPOSITORY. . . OMAHA, NEB Capital ..... \$490,000

urplus ..... 665, 913 Officers and Directors—Henry W. Yates, prod 15 at R. C. Cushing, vice president. G. S. Maurica, W. V. Morse, John S. Collins, J. N. H. Patrick. Lewis A. Reed Cashior. THE IRON BANK.

GOLD MEDICAL CONTROL OF CONTROL O MAYER, STROUSE & G. MFRS. 412 BWAY, N.Y.

#### Healthful Happiness.

The bicycle of tomorrow may be better than the bicycle of today— The Columbia of today is the best of the day-It cannot be better until it is made better-It cannot be made better until modern mechanics ad vance unto another plane of successful accomplishment-In those days the Columbia will lead as in the days of now.

All about Columbias, 52 pages of postivity
—11 illustrations,—free at any Columbia
agency or sent by mail for two 2-cent stamps
Pope Mfg Co., 221 Columbia Ave., Boston.

WOODEN SIDEWALK RESOLUTION CONSTRUCTION.

CONSTRUCTION.

Connell Chamber, Omaha, Neb., May 12, 1892.
Be it resolved by the city connell of the city of Omaha, the mayor concurring:
That wooden sidewalks be constructed in the city of Omaha as designated below, within five days after the publication of this resolution, or the personal service thereof, as by ordinance is authorized and required; such sidewalks to be iaid to the present grade on the streets specified herein, and to be constructed of pine plank of such width and thickness and be laid upon joists of such dimensions and in such manner as is prescribed by the specifications on file in the office of the Board of Public Works and under its supervision, to wit:

office of the Board of Public Works and under its supervision, to wit:

East side of '39th street, lots 1, 2, 3, 4, block 1, Boggs & Hill's 2d addition, 6 feet wide.

And be it further resolved. That the Board of Public Works be and hereby is authorized and directed to cause a copy of this resolution to be published in the official paper of the city for one week, or be served on the owners of said lots and unless such owners shall within five days after the publication or service of such copy construct sidewalks as herein required, that the Board of Public Works cause the same to be done, the cost of constructing said sidewalks respectively to be assessed against the real estate, lot or part of lot in front of and abutting such sidewalks.

Passed May 12, 1892.

E. P. DAVIS.

President of the Conneil.
JOHN GROVES.
City Cierk,
GEO. P. BEMIS.
Mayor. Approved: GEO. P. BEMIS,
NOTICE TO CONSTRUCT SIDEWALKS.
To the owners of lots, parts of lots and real
estate described in the above resolution:
You and each of you are hereby notified to
construct wooden sidewalks as required by a
resolution of the city council and mayor of
of the city of Omaha, of which the above is a
copy.

P. W. BIRKIMAUSER,
Chairman Board of Public Works.
Omaha, Neb., June 4, 1882.

June 1, 1882.

Omaha, Neb., June 4, 1882. Approved:

NOTICE OF ASSESSMENT OF DAM AGES FOR GRADING. AGES FOR GRADING.

To the owners of all lots, parts of lots and real estate along Mason street from 18th street to 20th street.

You are hereby notified that the undersigned, three disinterested freeholders of the city of Omaha, have been duly appointed by the mayor, with the approval of the city council of said city, to assess the damage to the owners respectively of the property affected by grading Mason street from 18th street to 2:th street, declared necessary by ordinance 3070 passed May 17, 1892, approved May 18, 1892.

You are further notified, that having ac-

You are further notified, that having accepted said appointment, and duly qualified as required by law, we will, on the lith day of June, A. D. 1882, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forences, at room 216. N. Y. Life buriding, within the corporate limits of said city, meet for the purpose of considering and making assessment of damage to the owners respectively of said property, affected by said grading, taking late consideration special benefits, if any.

You are notified to be present at the time and place aforesaid, and make any objections to or statements concerning said assessment of damages as you may consider proper.

T. B. MCCULLOCH,
R. W. GIBSON,
J. B. REEVE.

Omaha, May 27, 1892,

## REGULAR ?

## Army and Navy PENSIONS:

Soldiers in the Regular Army and Sailors, Seamen and Marines in the United States Navy, since the War of the Rebellion, who have been discharged from the service on account of disabilities incurred therein while in the line of duty, are

#### Entitled to Pension

at the same rates and under the same conditions as persons rendering the same service during the War of the Rebellion. except that they are not entitled under the new law or act of

June 27, 1890. Such persons are also entitled to pension whether discharged from the service on account of disability or by reason of expiration of term of service, if while in the service and line of duty, they incurred any ound injury or disease which still disables them for mannas

Widows a r.d Children of persons rendering service in the regular army and navy Since the War are

of the death of the soldier was due to his service, or occurred while he was in the service.

Parents of Soldiers & Sailors dying in the United States service since the War of the Rebellion, or after discharge from the service, from a cause originating therein, leaving no widow or child under the age of sixteen years, are entitled to pension if now dependent upon their own abor for support, whether the soldier ever contributed to their support or they were dependent upon him at the time of his

FOR INFORMATION OR ADVICE As to title to pension, ADDRESS

THE BEE BUREAU OF CLAIMS, 220 Bee Building. OMAHA, NEBRASKA. This Bureau is guaranteed by the Omaha Bee, the Pioneer Press and the San Francisco Examiner.

—-ТНЕ----Bee Bureau of Claims

ROOM 220 BEE BUILDING,

# PATENTS

For Inventions PROCURED BY THE

## Bee Bureau of Claims

OMAHA, NEB.

Equal with the interest of these having civin against the government is that of INVENTORS, who often lose the benefit of valuable inventions because of the incompetency or inattention of the attorney; employed to obtain their patents. Too much earliest to be exercised in employing to meete an reliable solicitors to procure patents, for the valuation of a patent dipend; greatly, if notentially, upon the care and skill of the attorney.

With the view of protecting townstors from worth less or carelest attorney, and of soling that it invadious are well protected by valid patents. This B.3 Buttead that retained counsel expert in patent practice; and is therefore propared to their patents.

Conduct interferences.

Conduct Interferences, Make specialles aminations, Prosecute rejected cases. Register trade marks and congrets's Render opinions as to scope and vali 4.

ity of patents. Prosecute and defend in/ringsmit Prosec ite and defent in/rinysm; suits, etc., etc.

If you have an invention on hand send THE BEE BUILDARY a sketch or photograph thereof, together with a brief description of the important features, and you will be once advised as to the best course; pursue. Models are not necessary unless the invention is of a complicated nature. If others are infringement by others, submit the matter of THE BUILDARY of the matter.

THE BEE BUREAU OF CLAIMS 220 Bee Building, Omaha, Neb. This Bureau is guaranteed by the Omaha Bre, the Pioneer Press and the Sau Francisco Examiner.

Cut this out and send it with your in INDIAN DEPREDATION CLAIMS

Persons who have lost property from Indias aids should file their claims under the Indian Depretation Act of March 1, 18d. The time is Depreciation Action are taken up by the court in the order in which they are received. Take Notice that all contracts entered into with attorneys prior to the Act are made null and void. Information given and all claims promptly attended to by the

BEE BUREAU OF CLAIMS.

\$20 Bee Building. OMAHA, NEBRASKA This Bureau is guaranteed by the Omaha Bee, the Ploneer Press and the Sas Francisco Examiner.