How a Market for Surplus Corn May Be Recured.

EUROPEANS KNOW LITTLE OF IT AS FOOD

Senator Paddock Favors the Idea of Approprinting a Considerable Amount for the Purpose of Developing the Field for American Products.

WASHINGTON BUREAU OF THE BER, 513 FOURTEENTH STREET, WASHINGTON, D. C., April 11.

Today Senator Paddock submitted as an amendment to the agricultural appropriation bill a provision appropriating \$25,000 for continuing and enlarging the education of people in Europe in the use of our Indian corn for food purposes. Last year congress appropriated but \$2,500 for the purpose and Colonel Charles J. Murphy, the special agent of the Agricultural department who has for some years been showing Europe how to make "Johnny cakes", "flap jacks", mush, corn bread, etc., has had a hard row to hoe. He has kept steadily on with his work but has not made the progress he wanted to

Senator Paddock has received a number of letters the past few days from prominent merchants and boards of trade urging him to use his influence in securing a decent appropriation to enable the Agricultural depart ment to carry on the work of introducing our corn products into the markets of Europe, among them being letters from Thurber, Whiland & Co., importers of New York, and Evan Thomas, president of the New York Board of Trade. Both of these firms speak from actual knowledge of the splendid field Europe affords for disposing of our surplus corn, provided the army of agents be increased from one man, Colonel Murphy, to the proper size to cover the ground in a more

It Will Benefit Carmers.

They state that if a proper appropriation had been made two years ago our exports of corn, and the products of corn, would have been so much larger than this as to have made a very appreciable difference in market prices. Colonel Murphy, who has been for years making corn cakes, corn puddings and other articles of food from corn in the atreets of Paris Barin London and other streets of Paris, Berlin, London and other large cities of Europe, has written the Agricultural department an account of the manner in which his labors have been received, and has pictured a magnificent foreign market for every grain of our corn at a much larger figure than it it receiving today if the oppor-tunity is only embraced and the field worked up properly. He says the only form in which our corn is known on the British isles as a food artic. is corn starch; that the prejudice against corn meal is so strong in England that whenever it is sold it is under the brand of something else; that our corn in any form in most places in Europe is con-sidered simply an article for horse and cattle food. However, he has been very successful wherever he has gone in eradicating that impression. Wherever cornmeal has been bolted and sold as flour or starch it has been well received and is popular.

What Class it Now Reaches.

The process of bolting or manufacturing into starch has made it very expensive taken together with the fact that it is no well known and there is not a heavy de-mand for it. Thus, while the intent is to furnish a nutritious and cheap breadstuff for the artisan and laborer, an article has been produced which is only demanded by those who can afford luxuries. The thing needed who can afford luxuries. The thing needed is education to eradicate the prejudice and teach the common people how to use corn. Such a thing as canned corn is known to very little of Europe. It is believed that with an expenditure of \$25,000 to \$50,000 a year for three or four years a market will be created in Europe for all of our surplus corn and the senate intends to force this fact upon the house so strongly that the latter cannot refuse to concur in the appropriation for enlarging our corn market.

Nebraskans in Washington,

For an hour today the private galleries of the senate were occupied by Nebraskans, General John C. Cowin, Thomas H. Benton, state auditor; J. H. Hill, state treasurer, wife and two daughters; G. H. Hastings, attorney general, wife and daughter; J. H. Ames, L. C. Burr and son; J. C. Allen, wife and daughter; J. H. daughter of Omaha were all present. General Cowin is here to argue before the supreme court the Felix case against M. P. Patrick, on appeal from the circuit court of the United States for the district of Nebraska. Messrs. Ames and Burr are here to argue another case from Lincoln. Messrs. Benton, Hill, Hastings and Allen will appear before the Interstate Commerce Commission on Wednesday in response to an invitation for railroad commissioners to wife and two daughters; G. H. Hastings mission on wednesday in response to an in-vitation for railroad commissioners to make suggestions regarding matters of interest to that body. Ames and Burr are expected to appear before the supreme court tomorrow. Before the supreme court Attorney George H. Hast-ings and Charles H. Burr were admitted to

Judge Gresham and the Alliance.

There was considerable amusement among Illinois congressmen today over a telegraphic announcement in the local papers this morning that Judge Gresham would be a presidential candidate, as he was meeting with great favor among farmers alliance men was the general impression that Judge Gresham would not permit the use of his name in such a connection. One Illinois con-gressman said, however, that he had good reason to believe that Judge Gresham was not only willing to be the standard bearer for the farmers alliance, but was actually working through his intimate friends toward that end. The congressman said that he had visited Kansas and Nebraska last fall and had found a decided Gresham sentiment among the alliance men. He had taken pains to find out how the sentiment started, and he learned to his satisfaction that it was due to the talk of men closely identified with Judge

"It was clear to me at that time," said the flinois congressman, "that Gresham's friends were endeavoring to have this farmer's organization start a Gresham boom in the west, which would have its influence taken up in the east, and the dispatch this morning amounting that Gresham and Polk are to head the alliance ticket corroborates

Miscellaneous.

In the case of Frement C. Dodge and others, appellants against L. W. Tulleys, the supreme court of the United States today modified the decision of the courts of Nebraska by reducing the amount found due to \$1,094, and the attorney's fees from \$1,000 to \$500.

Assistant Secretary Croupse starts to the

Assistant Secretary Crounse starts to the

Assistant Secretary Crounse starts to the Pacific slope on Wednesday, and will stop on his way out at Omaha.

Senator Manderson today introduced a bill to pension Warren Hallett of Nebraska.

M. F. Dougherty was today appointed postmaster at Ward, Crook county, Wyoming, vice F. Ward, died.

Today Senator Paddock secured, through the interior department, an allowance for an extra clerk for the O'Neill land office, at a salary of \$900 a year.

Senator Kyle of South Dakota is opposing with might and main the confirmation of Frank Lillibridge as agent for the Cheyenne Indians. Mr. Kyle is opposed to Senator Pattigrew, upon whose recommendation Lillibridge was nominated, and it is presumed that bis opposition is largely opposition to Pattigrew. that his opposition is largely opposition to Pettigrew.
John F. Fleming of Des Moines is at the

American.
J. C. Cowin of Omaha is at Walker's.
Thomas H. Benton of Liucoln is at the

National. J. W. Lake of Hampton, Is., is at the Eb-

hitt.

Assistant Secretary Chandler affirmed the decisions of the general land commissioner in five timber culture entry cases from Rapid City, S. D., rejecting all the applications to make entry. The cases were those of Jonn Fullon, William W. Smith, Reuben B. Tusdaie, John Newcombe and Hugh Vance.

John L. Webster is here on business before the supreme court.

Senator Allison, chairman of the appropriation committee and of the sub-committee on the district bill, has gone to his home in Iowa. He expects to get back to Washing-ton next Sunday night in season for the

IT WILL BENEFIT FARMERS the work of conference with the house on the District of Columbia appropriation bill.
P. S. H.

NEWS FOR THE ARMY. Complete List of Changes in the Regular

Service.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April II.—|Special Felegram to The Bre.]—The following assignments to regiments of officers recently promoted and transfers of officers are or

Second Lieutenant Wirt Robinson, Fourth artiliery, will be relieved from duty at the United States military academy, West Point, June 13. He is granted leave of assence from that date to include January 1, 1893, with permission to leave the United States. The resignation of Second Lieutenant Wirt Robinson Fourth artillers, has been accepted by inson, Fourth artillery, has been accepted by the president, to take effect January 1, 1893. First Lieutenant Benjamin L. Teneyck, assistant surgeon, is detailed as a member of the army retiring board at Fort Leaven-worth, Kan., vice Lieutenant Colonel Joseph P. Wright, surgeon, relieved. First Lieutenant Henry DeH. Waite, Fifth cavalry, will report to Colonel Edwin F. Townsend, Tweifth infantry, president of the army retiring board at Fort Leavenworth, for examination. Leave of absence for three months on surgeon's certificate of disability, with permission to leave the Department of

Dakota, is granted Ceptain Alonzo R. C. Chapin, assistant surgeon. The superintendent of the recruiting service will cause forty recruits to be assigned to the Sixth cavalry and forwarded to the Department of the Platte. Leave of absence Department of the Platte. Leave of absence for two months, to take effect on or about May I, with permission to apply for an extension of one month, is granted Captain William C. Gorgas, assistant surgeon. Leave of absence for seven days on account of sickness, to date from April 2, 1892, is granted First Lieutenant John B. Beilinger, Fifth cavalry. First Lieutenant Charlos A. Churchill, Fifth infantry, having been found incapacitated for active service by an army retiring board, will retire to his home and retiring board, will retire to his home and report by letter to the adjutant general of the army. Leave of absence for three months on surgeon's certificate of disability is granted Second Lieutenant Charles Brom-well. Second Lieutenant Earl C. Carnahan, Twelfth infantry, is transferred from com-pany F to company H of that regiment. He will remain on duty at Fort Sully until the opening of navigation to Fort Yates, N. D., when he will proceed to join the company to which he is transferred

Dr Birney cures catarrh. BEE bidg GREAT SUNSPOTS.

What a Creighton College Astronomer Says of the Solar Disturbances. On the 4th of February one of the largest sunspots which has been seen for twenty years appeared on the east limb of the sun, n latitude 300, south of the sun's equator. A few days later it could easily be seen without the aid of a telescope by protecting the eye with colored glass. As it moved across the disk of the sun during the twelve days it was visible, it displayed itself in a group of spots of unusual activity and extent of surface. The great spots were typical ones, for they consisted each of the usual dark nucleus with the less dark leveling or penumbra. Two of these nuclei, united in the same penumbra, were from six-tenths to eight-tenths of a minute of arc in diameter—the sun's entire diameter spanning thus thirty-two minutes of arc—thus giving for the dimensions of the large single penumbra 72,000 by 33,000 miles, while the total area disturbed by the group was 135,000 miles long and 80,000 miles wide. A better idea, perhaps, will be formed of this great hole in the sun by imagining our four inferior planets, viz: Mercury, Venus, the Earth, and Mars arranged in a line, and again eight others of the same size added. These twelve planets might walk abreast into the chasm without grazing the sides. No wonder that in this. as in former cases of great sun spots, the giant group has been accompanied by violent and extraordinary magnetic disturbances (such as have not been observed for ten years) and by brilliant aurora. These auroras are reported from

all parts of the old and new world.

An electric storm accompanied the aurora on February 13. Between 5 p. m. and 7 p. m. the storm was at its height, and interfered with the working of the telegraph system over a considerable section of the cour try. "At intervals during the auroral dis-play it was found possible to send messages between Albany and New York without the aid of the regular batteries," says the Chi-cago Tritune. In Sweden and Russia earth

The extraordinary group of sun-spots disappeared on the western limb of the sun on February 18, but reappeared on the eastern limb about March 1, followed by another group. Since then the cloudy, stormy weather which visited Omaha interfered materially with observations at the Creigh-ton college observatory. The beautiful weather of April has revealed that though weather of April has revealed that though the solar disturbances have not lessened, but rather increased, in activity, almost duplicating their extent, the sun's face is blotched by three spot groups in higher southern latitudes. The period of minimum sun-spots of two years and a half ago is being succeeded by a period of maximum spots in the Columbian year of 1892.

There are certain supposed connections of

There are certain supposed connections of the sun-spot period with terrestrial phe-nomena which are of interest. Sir William Hershel collected quite a mass of statistics tending to show that there was an "intimate connection between the number of sun-spots and the price of corn, the latter being low when there were few spots and high when they were more numerous. His conclusion was that the fewer the spots the more favor abe the solar rays to the growth of the crops. This theory has not been confirmed by subsequent conservations and will receive ts death blow, we trust, in this year's plen tiful crop. There is, however, great reason to believe that the frequency of auroras and magnetic disturbances is subject to the eleven-year period corresponding to that of sun-spots, these occurrences being most

requent when the spots are most unmerous. Disease never successfully attacks a system with pure blood DoWitt's Sarsaparilla makes pure, new blood and enriches the old.

REPUBLICAN PRIMARIES CALL.

HEADQUARTERS REPUBLICAN COUNTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE, DOUGLAS COUNTY, NZ-BRASKA, OMAHA, April 11.—The republican electors of Douglas county, Nobraska, will assemble in delegate convention at Washington hall, Omaha, Nob., on Friday, April 2, 1892, at 2 o'clock, p. m., for the purpose of electing sixty-three (63) delegates to the republican state convention, which meets at Kearney, Nob., April 27, 1892, at 11 o'clock a. m.; also eighty-three (83) delegates to the congressional convention, which meets at Omaha April 23, 1892, at 2 o'clock p. m.

As a representation in such republican county convention the city of South Omaha will be entitled to fourteen (14) delegates, and each ward in Omaha to the number of nine (9) delegates, and each other precinct in Douglas county to five (5) delegates.

The republican primaries will be held on Thursday, April 21, 1892, between the hours of

county to five (5) delegates.

The republican primaries will be held on Thursday, April 21, 1892, between the hours of 12 o'clock noon and 7 o'clock p. m. in South Omaha and in each ward in the city of Omaha, and between the hours of 7 o'clock and 9 o'clock p. m. in all other precincts. In South Omaha and in each ward in the city of Omaha republican caucuses will be held on Omaha republican caucuses will be held on Friday, April 15, 1892, at 8 o'clock p. m. in the

following places: OMAHA. First Ward—Eleventh and Pierce streets.
Second Ward—Kaspar's nail.
Third Ward—His North Tweifth street.
Fourth Ward—Judge Anderson's office.
Fifth Ward—Isio therman avenue.
Sixth Ward—Twenty-sixth and Lake streets.
Seventh Ward—212 Park avenue.
Eighth Ward—2107 Cuming street.
Ninth Ward—Twenty-ninth and Farnam treets.

streats.

And in the country precinets at such time and place as the member of the committee for the several precinets may designate. And the primary elections will be held at the following places on April 21, 1892: OMANA.
First Ward-Eleventh and Pierce streets.
Second Ward - Sixteenth and Williams

Second Ward — Sixteenth and Williams streets.
Third Ward—114 North Twelth street.
Fourth Ward—304 South Fifteenth street.
Fifth Ward—1816 Sherman avenue.
Sixth Ward — Twenty-fourth and Lake

Seventh Ward-1212 Park avenue. Eighth Ward-21.4 Cuming street. Ninth Ward-Twenty-sloth and Farnam

Minth Ward — Twenty-slath and Farnam streets.

And in all other precincts at the same place as held last year unless otherwise changed by the authority of the members of the committee for the several precincts.

The above republican primary election and caucus will be governed by the rules adopted by the republican county central committee of flougias county, as provided by the statutes of Nebras's a.

Dr. Birney, nose and throat. Bee bidg

ASKING FOR YOCUM'S PARDON

Attorneys in the Case Argue the Matter Before Governor Boyd.

PETITIONS FROM TWENTY-FIVE COUNTIES

Prominent Citizens of Hastings Write Letters to the Governor Remonstrating Against a Pardon-Arguments to Be Heard Tomorrow,

LINCOLN, Neb., April 11 .- | Special to THE BEE. |-The attorneys concerned in the prosecution and defense of Captain A. D. Yocum, who shot and killed Myron Van Ficet at Hastings on the 22d of last February, appeared before Governor Boyd this afternoon with petitions for and remonstrances against the extension of executive clemency in the case. General A. H. Bowen. who was Captain Yocum's principal counsel in the trial, opened the case and briefly reviewed the circumstances of the unfortunate affair. He laid particular stress upon the fact that the testimony went to show that during long and continued absence of Captain Younn from the state the deceased deliberately and repeatedly sought to accomplish the ruin of Alice Yocum, both by persuasion and by force, that in shooting the traducer of his daughter Captain Yogum was actuated by an incontrollable impulse that amounted practically to insanity of an emotional nature.

County Attorney Hoeppner, who conducted the prosecution, followed with an appeal to the governor to stick closely to the record in the trial of the case, which proved only the fact of the homicide. He argued at length to prove that the action of Yocum was deliberate, intentional, and that he proceeded in a cowardly manner by shooting down a man from behind his back.

W. P. McCreary, also for the prosecution, followed County Attorney Hoeppner. He attacked the matter contained in the heading of the petitions and asserted that not one-tenth of the signers had the remotest idea of the true facts of the case.

R. A. Batty, for the prosecution, read a number of remonstrances from leading citizens of Hastings against the pardon of Yocum, Among the letters read were those from E. C. Webster, treasurer of the Nebraska Loan and Trust company; Mayor Rittenhouse, Councilman Fisher and ex-Postmaster Evans.

General C. J. Dilworth, department com-mander of the Grand Army of the Republic, made the closing address of the afternoon for the defense. He denied that the governor should stick closely to the record of the trial and asserted that the governor was not appealed to as a judge, but as an executive, who rightly had the power to interpose his elemency in the matter. General Dilworth's argument visibly affected a large number of those present, especially a large number of ladies who had brought petitions on their own account. He appealed not to the stern own account. The appeared not to the stern austerity of the judge, but to the warm heart of the father, who, finding no protection in the law for the honor and good name of his gaughter, takes upon himself the infliction of adequate punishment.

Attorneys Casto of Hastings and Harwood of this city will continue the argument before governor Boyd tomorrow at 11 o'clock, the former for the prosecution and the latter for the defense.

The petitions presented to the governor today were very voluminous and contained nearly 8,000 names. Petitions were presented from twenty-five counties of the state. A delegation of prominent ladies of Lincoln were present this afternoon and one or two ladies of state wide reputation will make personal appeals to Governor Boyd tomorrow in behalf of the wife and daughter of the

Sent Up for Three Years. The case against Walter Clark and Henry Smith, accused of the robbery of a number of Lincoln merchants, came before Judge Hall this forenoon. Clark failed to appear and his bond of \$2,000 signed by C. N. Cran-dall was declared forfeited. Smith pleaded guilty and was sentenced to three years in

the penitentiary. H. W. Zink, under arrest for embezzlement, was arraigned. He entered a plea of not guilty and his trial was set for April 18. On a former trial for the same offense he was convicted and sentenced to the peniten-

tiary for two years, but he succeeded in getting a new trial.

George Metz and Robert Shepherd were brought into court on the charge of hog stealing. They will have their trial Wednesday. Wednesd ay. Right of Way Complications.

A potition was filed in the district court this afternoon by L. L. E. Stewart asking for an injunction to restrain the Rock Island Railroad company and Messrs. Montgomery. Mailroad company and Messrs. Montgornery, McClay, Gilliand, Schilling and Hartley, the right of way commissioners, from appraising his property near Seventeenth and Vine streets. He alleges in support of his petition that on January 2, 1892, Judge W. E. Stewart appointed a commission to appraise the right of way, and that their appointment has never been revoked and that consequently they are the voked and that consequently they are the only ones authorized to make the appraise-ment. He alloges further that the Rock Island is not the real party interested in the appraisement, but that a syndicate of properry owners have given a bond to furnish right of way and terminal facilities in East Lincoln for a specified amount, and that the

proceedings in condemnation are engineered by this syndicate. The hearing of the case was set for tomorrow. WAS HEART FAILURE.

Excessive Drinking Paralyzed Elliott W. Ball's Vital Pump.

An inquest over the body of Elliott W. Ball, who was found dead in the rooms of the Castle Gold Cure institute, was held in Maul's undertaking rooms at 3 p. m. yester-

day afternoon. Dr. B. F. Monroe of the institute stated that the man had come to the institute very much intexicated, and had been given simply two or three drinks of whisky, a little caf-

fein and an ordinary dose of bromide.

E. A. Holyoke said that he had met the man on a South Omaha car and had taken him to the institute because he thought he needed it and because he was convinced that if left on the street he would be arrested. He had seen the man's wife, who said that her husband had wanted to take the treatment, but was afraid of it when he was

Dr. L. A. Merriam had performed the autopsy and said that the organs were all in splendid condition and showed none of the usual effects of alcoholic victims. There was no sign of any hypodermic injections in the arm. He could give no cause of death from the autopsy, but from the history of the case supposed death was caused by paralysis of the heart, brought on by heavy drinking, though there were present none of the usual

organic signs of alcoholism.

Mr. Mullen testified that he had known deceased for three years, had seen him on numerous sprees and that when recovering from these he was subject to spasms or sink-

ing spells.

A verdict was rendered in accordance with the testimony that death was the result of heart failure, brought on by excessive drink-

Trouble Over a Lunch. Mr. Charles Barnard, who keeps the Cali



fornia restaurant at 1112 Farnam street, ealled at Tus Bez office last night to say that the item which appeared in the evening paper with regard to his having slapped a boy who went into his place to get a lunch was a gross misrepresentation. He said that the boy came to his place and ate a good hearty lunch and then became very insolent and began to abuse the waiters and the proprietor. Mr. Barnard said he told him to get down off the stool and get out. The boy refused to obey, but instead continued to use vile and indecent language concerning the waiters. Mr. Barnard then took the lad by the collar, he says, and bulled him off the stool. The boy ran out of the place without paying for his meal. Mr. Barnard laid aside his apron and followed the boy a block, finally overtaking him and after cuffing his ears on account of the boy's abusive language, he turned him over to Police Officer Walker, who called the patrol wagon and sent the boy to the police station. Mr. Barnard filed a complaint against the boy, charging him with using indecent and abusive language, and obtaining his dinner under false pretenses or without paying for it. The case will come up for hearing at 3 o'clock today.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

G. A. Seybolt of Lincoln is at the Arcade. J. J. Tufts of Sioux City is at the Murray. F. L. LaRue of Corning, Ia., is at the Pax C. N. Miller of Des Moines is at the Mil-

James Jordon of Burlington is at the M. C. Dally of Dunlap, la., is stopping at

Thomas Sewell of Lincoln is registered at the Millard. W. W. Brewer of Des Moines, is stopping at the Dellone.

William A. Lord of St. Joseph is stopping

at the Payton H. H. Smith of Tekaman, Neb., was yesterlay at the Murray. John S. Hooper of Blue Hill, Neb., is stepping at the Millard. C. W. Wilson of Ashland, Neb., is stop-

ping at the Arcade. B. C. Marquardt of Avoca, Neb., is registered at the Arcade. Miss E. A. Beers of Carroll, Ia., is regis-tered at the Delione.

W. H. Watt, a wealthy mine owner of Idaho, is at the Paxton. M. W. Dickerson of Red Cloud registered at the Murray vesterday. John C. Sprecher of Schuyler, Neb., was at the Paxton yesterday. George F. Milburn of Minden, Neb., a grain man, is in the city.

J. W. Deweese and B. A. Gibson of Lin-coln were at the Paxton last night. Mrs. W. A. Diiworth and Mrs. J. C. Wiliams of Hastings are at the Arcade. G. S. Bowen and F. H. Farnsworth of Greeley Center, Neb., are at the Delione. V. C. Sprickley of Geneva, Neb., was among yesterday's arrivals at the Paxton.

Charles McGee and Leslie Thacker of North Platte were at the Paxton yesterday. Seth Builock and Henry Frowley, mining uperintendents of Deadwood, are registered Ex-Mayor R. C. Cushing and family, who

have been on an extended trip through southern California, have returned home. Mrs. W. L. Park, who has been visiting at the residence of her sister, Mrs. C. A. Dill, returned to her home in North Platte, Neb., Thomas H. McCague and family returned

yesterday by the Missouri Pacific from Pen-sacola, Florida, where they have been during Miss Viva Pidwell of San Francisco has just arrived in the city to make a visit to her uncles, John R. Manchester and A. G. Mc-Ausland. Miss Pidwell is a very pretty blonde and an accomplished musician.

Hon. J. W. Love, United States consul at San Salvador, C. A., for years a resident of Fremont, started for his post yesterday. He expects to return in October. Mr. Love has consented to contribute a series of letters exclusively to THE BEE.

Several prominent democrats, who will be n Omaha to attend tomorrow's state convention which will be held to send delegates to the national convention, have engaged rooms at the Paxton, and will arrive today. Among them are Congressman Bryan, Juan Boyle of Kearney, I. M. Broome of Alliance, Neb., Tobias Castor and J. M. Moan.

WORKED A LOTTERY SWINDLE

Chicago Police Break up the Game of Two Smooth Confidence Men.

THEY ADVERTISED A BRANCH IN OMAHA

Patrons Were to Take the Oath of Secrecy and Receive in Return a Tip on How to Make a Thousand Dollars.

CHICAGO, III., April 11 .- A clever confidence game has just been broken up here by the arrest of two bright young men who have been working it. A few days ago the police came in possession of a circular bearing the letter-head: "H. N. Royal & Co., New Orleans, New York, Chicago and Omaha; financial standing \$1,000,000," dated Chicago, April 1, and offering to arrange matters so as to enable the person to make \$1,000 without a cent of cost to himself The only thing required in return was "absolute secrecy," to insure which the sender inclosed two oaths, exactly alike, one of which was to be signed and returned. They agreed to send by express full particulars how to secure \$1,000 as soon as the oath, properly signed, was received. In conclusion the circular said: "We will withdraw this offer unless we hear from you Monday, April 18. Send oath by express and be sure to pay the charges. We will explain why this is necessary in our next letter. We presume that you would not object to receiving \$1,000 through a letter. Do not use the mail, but

through a letter. Do not use the mail, but send all communications by express."

It was thought that the scheme was a time-honored green goods game. Detectives visited every express office and found that a great number of express packages were being forwarded to a room at 815 Clark street. Yesterday Detective McDonald captured a young girl alond in the office. She did not know what business was conducted in the room, as the had only been employed. in the room, as she had only been employed since Thursday to receive packages. She did not know the name of the man who had employed her, as she had secured the position in answer to an advertisement in a

newspaper.
Just then a well-dressed young man with a brown mustache walked in. 'That is the man who employed me,' the girl said, and he was at once arrested by the detective. At the central station the prisoner said his name was La Dumas, but from letters found on him it is believed that his name is Frederick G. Bonfils. After a long session in Captain Shea's igner office the man broke down and told the details of his scheme Bonfils' lodering room at 2619 Wabash street was visited by the detectives and a bright young man, fashionably dressed, was arrested. In the room were found 3,000 lottery tickets in exact imitation of tickets of the Little Louisiana Lottery company for a drawing May 19, 1892. The capital prize was to be \$300,000 and they assured the buyer that "a larger per cent of prizes are given in this lottery than in any other lottery on earth." Both men acknowledged that thay had everything ready to send out the tickets and reap the harvest. Bonfils came from New York in March last and the men are believed to have worked their swindling scheme in the east. Bonfils is said to be a graduate of West Point and to be a member of a prominent family in Missouri. of a prominent family in Missouri.

Scientists Organized.

The Omaha Scientific association is a new association which was organized last night at the Young Men's Christian association quarters. The purpose of the society is to promote the study of the sciences and to found a museum of natural history, including a botanical and zoological garden in one of the

parks of the city.

The meeting last night was held simply for organization, and the following officers were elected: Dr. George L. Miller, General Estabrook, Dr. B. F. Crummer, Dr. S. R. Towne, Edward Daniels, Prof. Erwin Lewiston and D. E. Morrow. S. R. Towne was chosen secretary, but no other officers were elected. It was decided to incorporate the society immediately and get quarters for holding

SMOKING TOBACCO.

I'm an old smoker, and

have at one time

or another tried all

the different Smoking

BLACKWELL'S

Tobaccos, but for a good smoke Bull Durham

beats 'em all.

been the hold which it takes on old and fastidious smokers.

What its excellence first secured, its uniformity has always

retained, and it is, therefore, to-day as twenty-five years ago,

Get the genuine. Made only by

Blackwell's Durham Tobacco Co.,

DURHAM, N. C.

250ZS.FOR 25°. ABSOLUTELY PURE - JUST TRY IT.

BEFOORE AND AFTERUSE. Ithus caused by self abuse and over indulgence or any personal weak ness can be restored to perfect health and the NOBLE VITALITY OF STRONG MEN. We give a written guarantee with 6 boxes to cure any case or refund the money. \$1 3 box; 6 boxes \$5

For sale in Omaha by Snow, Lund & Co.

J. POWDER

BE A MAN Cau be STRONG and VIGOROUS in all respects by using SPANISH.

NERVINE, the great Spanish Remedy. YOUNG MEN OR OLD suffering from NERVOUS DEBILITY, LOST or PAILING MANHOOD, nightly enissions, convulsions, nervous prostration, caused by the use of opium, tobacco or alcohol, wakefulness, mental depression, loss of power in either sex, spermatorthose caused by self abuse and over indulgence or any personal weak-

The Triumph of Love!

Happy and Fruitful Marriage.

Every MAN who would know the GRAND TRUTHS, the Plain Facts, the Old Secrets and the New Discoveries of Medical Science as applied to Married Life, should write for our wonderful Hitle book, called "A TREATISE FOR MEN ONLY." To say carnest man we will mail one copy Entirely Free, in plain scaled cover. "A refuge from the quacks."

THE ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

the most popular Smoking Tobacco in the world.

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By the peculiar searching and cleansing qualities of this great medicine it expels like magic all poisons from the system. No one need suffer from blood disorders who will give the celebrated compound

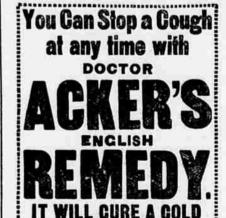
Kickapoo Indian Sagwa a fair trial. It is simple, harmless, yet powerful and

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Army and Navy

PENSIONS: Sold ters in the Regular Arm and Sailors, Seamen and Marines in the United States Navy,

since the War of the Rebellion, For sale by Kukn & Co., and Sherman | who have been discharged from the service on account of disabilities incurred therein while in the line of duty, are Entitled to Pension

> at the same rates and under the same conditions as persons rendering the same service during the War of the Rebellion. except that they are not entitled

under the new law or act of June 27, 1890. Such persons re also entitled to pension whether discharged rom the service on account o disability or by reason of expiration of term of service, if, while in the service and line of duty, they incurred any wound injury or disease which still disables them for mannal

labor. Widows and Children of persons rendering service in the regular army and navy Since the War are

if the death of the soldier was due to his service, or occurred while he was in the service.

Entitled to Pension.

Parents of Soldiers & Sailors dying in the United States service since the War of the Rebeljion, or after discharge from the service, from a cause originating therein, leaving no widow or child under the age of sixteen years, are entitled to pension if now dependent upon their own labor for support, whether the soldier ever contributed to their support or they were dependent upon him at the time of his death or not.

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