THE OMAHA DAILY BEE.

TWENTY-FIRST YEAR.

OMAHA, TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 15, 1892.

POSTOFFICE BUILDING BILL

It is Considered and Passed by the Senate-Some of Its Provisions.

NUMEROUS PETITIONS FROM FARMERS

They Want the Enactment of Legislation to Prevent Gambling in Futures_Relics of Columbus-Yesterday's Proceedings in the House,

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 14 .- The first half hour of the senate's session today was occupied by the receiving of hundreds of petitions from farmers alliances praying for the epactment of legislation to prevent gamblyg in futures.

Mr. Pettigrew, from the World's fair committee, reported a joint resolution authorizing the president to ask the government of Spain and the municipal government of Genoa, the duke of Veragua, a descendant of Columbus, and other persons and corporations for the loan of any articles, papers, books, maps, documents and other relics of Christopher Columbus and those associated with him, for exhibition at the Columbian exposition. It authorizes the secretary of state to make the necessary provisions for -their reception, the transportation and exhibition; the secretary of the navy to detail one or more vessels for their transportation and the secretary of war to detail a military stard for their care and protection.

Objected to Its Consideration.

Mr. Cockreil objected to its present consid-eration, as it looked to an indefinite expendi-ture, and the condition of the treasury was not such as to justify indefinite expendi-

tures. Mr. Sherman, a member of the quadro-Mr. Sherman, a member of the quadro-centennial committee, explained that these several resolutions had been prepared by the secretary of state and were in pursuance of an existing law, which contemplated the participation of foreign governments in the Chicago exposition. The committee had thought proper, however, to leave the quos-tion of appropriations for the purpose to the committee on appropriations.

committee on appropriations. Mr. Cockrell-Do i understand the senator to say that under the exis ing law we are

obliged to do this thing? Mr. Sherman-Not to do these particular Mr. Sherman—Not to do these particular things; but we are obliged to invite the co-operation of foreign nations and those resolu-tions embrace specific items, which are, in the opinion of the secretary of state, proper. As a matter of course, the president will ex-tend invitations in an indefinite way to all the possible descendants of Columbus. There is but one person living whom I know to be an acknowledged descendant and that is the luke of Voragua. Mr. Cockrell-Let the joint resolution be

rinted and go over. It was piaced on the calendar. Another joint resolution on the same sub-

ject, extending invitations to the presidents of American republies and the governors of American colonies to participate in the World's Columbian exposition, was also re-ported and placed on the calendar.

Conference on the Urgent Deficiency.

A conference was ordered on the urgent deficiency bills and Messrs. Hale, Allison and Cockrell were appointed conferees on the part of the sepate.

The vote by which the senate recently passed a bill in regard to the collection dis-trict of Puret Sound was reconsidered and the bill was recommitted to the committee on cominerce. Senate bill to authorize the construction of

a combined railroad, wagon and foot bridge across the Missouri river at Yankton, S. D., was taken from the calendar and passed.

The senate then proceeded to executive

accompany the bill to change the naturaliza-tion laws. It recites the shameful and il-legal manner in which aliens have been naturalized in many parts of this country naturalized in many parts of this country and declares that congress should make laws to amply protect the states against the clti-zenization of criminals, paupers, anarchists and allens. The name American etizen, says the report in closing, should be esteemed as that of a Roman when Rome was mistress of the world. Such pride can never be felt by our foreign born etizens until the policy of conferring the great boon upon bim is at-tended with great solemnity and scrutinized more securely than at present.

IN THE HOUSE.

Consideration of Bills from Committee on

the District of Columbia. WASHINGTON, D. C., March 14. - This being the day set apait under the rules for the consideration by the house of bills reported from the committee on the District of Columbia, Cnairman Homphill entered the house with a large batch of important local measures apon which his committee desired action. The morning routine consumed considerable time, and it was 1 o'clock before Mr. Hemp hill secured the floor for district business. The speaker today laid before the house a message from the president transmitting a communication from the secretary of the interior, submitting the agreement concluded between the commissioners of the United States and the Cherokee nation for the cession of the Cherokee outlet, and stated that it would be referred to the committee on Indian affairs.

Indian affairs. The floor was then accorded to the com-mittee on District of Columbia. There was little opposition made to the measure and Mr. Outhwaite of Ohio, who had charge of it, stepped cleverly through the legislative breakers, but as the hour was growing late the committee rose without disposing of the bill and the houre a dispused isposing of the bill and the house adjourned

SUPREME COURT DECISIONS.

Finding in Lou Ow Bow's Case-Other Suits Disposed Of. WASHINGTON, D. C., March 14.-Lou Ow

Bow is a Chinese merchant of Portland, Ore.,

who went to China on a visit, and when he returned to San Francisco was refused permission to remain in the United States because he had failed to secure the certification of identification required by the sixth section of the Chinese restriction act to be obtained of interior; Gaspar Torro, minister of justice; Jorgo Riesco, minister of industry; Augustin Edwards, minister of treasury, and Luis from the Chinese government by merchants and others coming to the United States. The United States courts in California in affirming the legality of the commissioner's action, Lou Ow Bow brought the case here on habeas corpus proceedings. The court, in its opinion, after speaking of the rights and obligations which presume by reason of domicile in a foreign country, says it is of the opinion that it was not in-tended that commercial domicile should be forfeited by the temporary absence at the domicile of origin, nor that resident mer-chants should be subject to loss of rights guaranteed by treaty if they failed to pro-duce from the domicile of origin that evi-

Civil Service Reform WASHINGTON, D. C., March 14 .- The house dence which residence in the domicile of choice may have rendered it difficult, if not impossible to obtain. As Lou Ow Bow is unofficially restrained of his liberty, the court directed the lower court to reverse its committee on reform in the civil service to day agreed to report favorably, with immaudgment and discharge him from custody.

> WASHINGTON, D. C., March 14. -Judges of W. A. Kelly of Ogden commissioner for the district of Alaska.

Will Not Except Judge Woods. WASHINGTON, D.C., March 14. - The senate favorably all the judicial nominations, including Judge Woods of Indiana.

Blaine is Doing Quite Well.

Blaine is reported doing well today

ther provides that the standard coupler shall be decided by a letter ballot of all the rail-roads, sent to the Interstate Commerce com-HASTINGS' MURDER TRIAL ON roads, sent to the Interstate Commerce com-mission by July 1 next, which shall decide the ballot and the validity of the vote. The votes shall be based upon the number of freight cars owned by each line, and the type of coupler receiving 60 per cent or more of the entire vote shall be the standard type of coupler. If the roads fail to establish a standard type, then the type shall be that known as the master builders' type.

SENATOR MORRILL STRICKEN.

He is Suffering from an Attack of Pneu

moula-General Grant III. WASHINGTON, D. C., March 14. - Mr. Morrill, the venerable senator of Vermont, is critically ill of pneumonia and the gravest fears are en tertained. Morrill is 82 years old. He has

been in the senate since 1866, and is recog nized as the father of the senate. This afternoon it was stated at the house of Mr. Morrill that the senator was restless and not so well as this morning. Dr. Busey called on him twice during the morning and called on him twice during the morning and will make three more visits during the day. The attack of pneumonia is such as to cause alarm, but it is hoped, as his constitution is very strong, he will recover. The senator contracted a cold last Thurs-day, which rapidly developed into conges-tion of the lungs. This morning it was ap-named in the family that there was scarcely

parent in the family that there was scarcely any hope for his recovery. The secator, how-ever, did not realize his condition, and although the right lung was completely con gested be wished to go to the capitol today in order to deliver a speech upon the West Vir-ginia direct tax bill. It was with difficulty that his wife and son induced him to remain in his bed. These signs of vigor have served to keep alive a faint hope of ultimate recov-ery of the senator in the breasts of some iu-

timate friends, but in view of the fact that he is now in his 82d year there is little grounds for encouragement. General Grant, assistant secretary of war, was taken ill today and is not able to leave his bed. He is overworked.

Chill's New Ministry. WASHINGTON, D. C., March 14.—Senor Montt, the Chillan minister, received a cable message from Santiago, Chili, today announcing the formation of a new Chilian ministry as follows: Juan Castello, minister of foreign affairs; Eduardo Matte, minister

Barros, minister of war.

Approved of by the Committee, WASHINGTON, D. C., March 14.—The pro-lect for the deep water channel through the connecting waters of the great lakes has practically received the approval of the maority of the house committee on rivers and harbors, which is framing the regular river and harbor bill. The amount of the appro-priation has not been fixed.

terial modifications, Mr. Andrews' bill to exclude political influence in the employ-ment of laborers under the authority of the United States. Confirmations.

probate in Utah-Isaac Burton, in Unitah county; G. C. Vaile, Millidad county; Lars P. Edholm. Morgan county.

committee on judiciary has resolved to report

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 14.-Secretary

Captain Yocum and Jeff Teemer Arraigned in Court.

SHERIFF CRANE RESENTS AN INSULT

He Requests the Court to Investigate Insin untions of Unfairness on the Part of the County Attorney-Much Interest in the Proceedings,

HASTINGS, Neb., March 14.- Special Telegram to Tue Bas, |-Four hundred people assombled in the district court room this morning to witness the opening of the trial of Aaron D. Yocum and Jeff Teemer, charged respectively with murder and being an accessory to the crime of murder for the killing on Washington's birthday of Myron Vanfleet, Washington's birthday of Myron Vanfleet. General Bowen was appointed counsel for Teemer by Judge Boall. A separate trial was demanded by counsel. A heated argu-ment followed concerning the right to de-mand a separate trial before arraignment. Judge Beall allowed a separate arraignment and trial. Teemer's attorneys asked for a reasonable time to prepare their case for trial, but finally consented to allowing him to be arraigned. Teemer pleaded not guilty. The state wished to try Teemer first, and the defense objected. The argument on the ques-tion had not been finished when the court took the noon recess.

took the noon recess. When the court reassembled in the afternoon the argument was continued on the question of which of the defendants, Teemer and Yocum, should be tried first. Judge Beall decided that Captain Yocum, the prin-cipal, should be first tried, as otherwise the principal would be jeopardized. The defense principal would be jeopardized. The defense announced themselves ready for trial and Captain Yocum was arranged. His plea was not guilty. The jury box was filled from the regular panel. This panel was exhausted a little before 5 o'clock. The county attor-ney objected to the panel being filled either by summons surved by Shoriff ('trans or by

ney objected to the panel being filled either by summons served by Sheriff Crane or by his deputes, Boyd and Snyder. This was objected to by the defense, who defended the sheriff against implied insinua-tions of unfairness. This objection on the part of the state caused quite a sensation as it throws an implied suspicion of unfairness on Sheriff Crane and his two deputies. The ouestion was deforted for settlement until question was deferred for settlement until the morning session. Sheriff Crane arose and said that until the question was decided whether he was a blackguard or not he would request that the court appoint a spec-ial buillif to take charge of the jury and to fulfil the duties of the office. The jury was cautioned and dismissed until 9 a. m. tomorrow.

Sheriff Crane and his deputies, Boyd and Snyder, are highly indignant over the objec-tion filed by the prosecution. They say that they will engage counsel and if there is any law in the statute book which will compel the prosecution to file addavits with the ob-jection, it will be insisted upon. The action of the prosecution, while no one can fathom the motives backing it, has caused a great deal of surprise here as never until now has the integrity of Sheriff Crane or of his deputies been either publicly, or tacitly im pugned.

NEBRASKA MUNICIPAL POLITICS.

Arrangements Being Made Throughout the Towns of the State to Elect Officers. NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., March 14.- |Special Telegram to THE BEE.]-The republican city cohvention was held at the city ball today. After a short recess William Pflaegin called the meeting to order. Colonel W. L. Wilson was elected chairman and Frank McCartney secretary. Everything passed off smoothly. The following strong ticket, was named: Mayor, Hon. Paul Schminke: clerk, Joan Zeinmors; treasurer, H. C.

narrowly escaped instant death today. The driving rod on the engineer's side broke and one end swung around with terrific force into the cab, breaking it up badly. Andrews was hit just hard enough to throw him back into the tank.

KILLED WHILE HUNTING GEESE.

Young John Devore Shot by a Companion in Hamilton County.

AURONA, Neb., March 14 .- |Special Telegram to THE BEE.]-John Devore and a boy named Anderson, both about 16 years old. wore hunting geese Saturday and while crawling along a hedge came upon some birds. Anderson, who was behind Devore, called to him to duck down and then he shet at the geese over Devore's head. He made a second shot, which Devore evidently did not expect, as he raised just in time to get the load in the back of his head, killing him in-stantiy. The victim was a son of Jamas Devore, a well known farmer of Monroe precinct, this county.

Cass County's Contest,

PLATTSMOUTH, Neb., March 14.-|Special to Tun Ban.]-The contested election for the office of clerk of the district court for this (Cass) county between A. Salisbury, republcan, contestant, and W. H. Dearing, democrat, incumbent, came up before the county court this afternoon. An effort was made to introduce the ballots and poll book of Eimwood precinct, out, owing to the seals on the ballot envelope appearing to have been broken, County Judge Ramsey required the contestant to produce evidence to show that the ballots had not been tampered with and were in their original condition as received from the election officers. The afternoon was spent in arguing on this point. County Clerk Dickson testified that the ballots were

m their original condition. The envelope containing the returns from Center precinct was torn open and ballots exposed to view.

The contestant, Salisbury, produced testi-mony to prove that the ballots had been kept in safe condition and the recount was granted. Elmwood precinct was counted and gave Dearing a net gain of two votes.

Clay Center Physicians Litigate.

CLAY CENTER, Neb., March 14.- |Special to THE BEE.]-County Judge Canfield's court was occupied Saturday hearing the case of Dr. H. O. Conaway of the Omaha Health institute against Dr. F. A. Butler of Harvard and the Harvard Courier for criminal ibel. Dr. Conaway had advertised to be in Harvard in the line of his profession. Dr. Butler sought to prevent his practice by showing that he had no certificate from the State Board of Health, and wrote to Dr. Begntol for information, receiving a roply that Conoway and his associates were frauds, etc., and that the institute from which they claimed to have graduated was a solde, also advising that they be arrested. This letter of Dr. Beghtol's was published in the Harvard Courier accompanied with a communication in the same line by Dr. But-ler. The case is adjourned until March 24, but is dismissed as against the Courier.

Wreck on the Union Pacific,

BEATRICE, Neb., March 14 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-The Union Pacific ridge repair train met with a mishap by reason of a broken truck under the way car about four miles north of Pickrell shortly before noon today. C. H. Paul, one of the train crew, was seriously hurt about the back and scalded by steam from the stationary engine on the pile driving car. Conduc-tor Rogers of the train was also slightly burned on his hands. The injured men were brought here for treatment. The wreck blockaded the track and compelled the Rock Island passenger to back down to Beatrice and transfer to Lincoln by way of the B.

James McCall of the Union Pacific bridge repair crew had a leg broken by a heavy timbor falling on him at Pickrell yesterday. The injured man was taken to his home at Norfolk this morning.

day a decree was granted in the suit of Alberto Randegger, the well known composed and director of the royal academy of music, against his wife. The costs of the action were ordered to be paid by Herbert Coffin, the American baritone, with whom Mr. Randegger proved his wife to have been criminally intimate. Mrs. Randegger had

entered a cross suit against her husband, but this action was withdrawn. Beat the English Force.

MOSAMBIQUE, March 14 .- The representative of the British African Lakes company has received news of a native attack on Fort Johnson in which Officers King and Watson and six soldiers were wounded. Two Sick hists and two Zanzibars were killed and one seven pounder gun was captured by the na-tives. Trade in the vicinity of Fort Johnson is paralyzed. The enemy's loss is unknown.

Hetherington Accused of Murder. YOKOHAMA, March 14 .- An inquest on the remains of George Gower Robinson, killed on February 13 by Lieutenant J. H. Hotherngton, United States steamer Marion, resulted in a verdict of willful murder.

Ordered the Army in Mourning. BERLIN, March 14 .- The emperor has ordered the army in mourning for three days owing to the death of the grand duke of Hesse

Bark Lost and Sailors Drowned. Loxpon, March 14.-The French bark Achille has been sunk in collision with an unknown steamer in the English channel, Five of the bark's crew were drowned.

Passed Its Third Reading. BERLIN, March 14 .- The literary convention between Germany and the United

States passed its third reading in the Reichstag today. LYNCHED A MISSOURI MURDERER.

While Defending His Prisoner From the Mob a Brave Officer is Killed.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., March 14 .-- A murderer lynched and a deputy sheriff shot are the results of the work of an infuriated mob at Forsythe, Taney county, last night.

The murderer was John Bright, who shot and killed his wife in cold blood last Thursday, and the deputy sheriff was Charles Williams, who lost his life in the performance of his duty in attempting to save his prisoner from the mob's fury. Bright lived in the northwestern part of Taney county in the northwestern part of Takey county and was exceedingly jealous of his wife. One morning she started toward the spring for a bucket of water. Bright, gun in hand, left the house and a moment later the children heard the shot. Bright returned shortly and said that Mrs. Bright had been shot. He again left the house and did not return. The children found the dead body of their mother and gave the alarm. A posse was immediately organized and the search for the murderer was commenced. He was arrested Friday and juiled at Ozark sta-

tion. His preliminary bearing was set for the next day at Forsythe. The people of the county had been worked up to a high degree of excitement over the crime, but the officers seemed to have no fear of mob violence. No attempt was made to intercept the officers while they were conducting their prisoner to Forsythe, and when court was opened there was no indications that mob violence would

The court room was crowded with interested listeners and the preliminary hearing was progressing quietly when a mob of about 100 men, all well armed, and with a determination to avonge the wife murderer's crime written on every face, surrounded the building in which court was being held. A deputation twenty-five strong were sent into the court room for the prisoner. As they made their appearance with arms drawn, a

anticioating trouble, beat a hasty retreat. Their anticipation of trouble was well founded, for the prisoner was in charge of Deputy Sheriff Charles Williams, who was

NUMBER 270.

LLING TO BE SACRIFICED "resident Cleveland Will Be a Candidate for a Second Term.

NOT SEEKING THE NOMINATION

Answer to a Letter Asking Him to Define His Position in Connection with the **Coming Democratic Convention** -Political Pointers.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., March 14.-General Edward S. Bragg, author of the famous phrase, "We love him for the enemies he has made," has been urging ex-President Cleveland to make public avowal of his position in connection with the approaching democratic presidentia convention. Under date of March 5 he wrote a letter to Mr. Cleveland from Fond du Lao containing the following paragraph: "The danger to the public interests which a failure of the democratic party would in-

a failure of the democratic party would in-volve seems to me now to require the open a vowal of your willingness to submit to any service to which your party and the people may a sign you. Many entertain fears that you may decline further public duty, which none but you can effectually remove and your voice will be everywhere heard with benefit and effect. I believe your usefulness to the nation may be greater now than ever in the past to carry to victory the cause of tariff reform and to restore the blessings off good government to our the cause of tariff reform and to restore the blessings of good government to our people and your fellow democrats and fellow citizens. I ask to say to your party and the people that your name may be presented to the national democratic convention as a can-didate for its nomination to the presidency, and that you will accept the nomination if the convention will make it and again under-take the duties of president if the people shall, as I believe they will, choose you for that office."

Ex-President Cleveland's Reply.

LAKEWOOD, N. J., March 9, 1892.-Hon. Edward S. Bragg: My Dear Sir-Your let-ter of the 5th instant received. I have thought until now that I might continue silent on the subjects which under the high sanction of your position as my "fellow demo-crat and fellow citizen," and in your relation as a true and trusted friend, you present to as a true and trusted friend, you present to me. If in answering your questions I might only consider my personal desires and my in-dividual ease and comfort, my response would be promptly made and without the least reservation or difficulty. But if you are right in supposing that the sub-ject is related to a duty that I owe to the country and to my party, a condition exists which makes such private and personal considerations entirely irrelevant. I cannot, however, refrain from declars vant. I cannot, however, retrain from declar-ing to you that my experience in the great office of president of the United States has so impressed me with the solemnity of the trust and full responsibilities, that I cannot bring myself to regard a candidacy of the place as something to be won by personal strife and notive self assertion. active self assertion.

Pre-Emmently the People's Office.

"I have also an idea that the presidency is pro-eminently the people's office, and I have been sincere in my constant advocacy of the effective participation in political affairs on the part of all our citizons. Consequently I believe the people should be heard in the choice of their party candidates and that they themselves should make nominations as

directly as is consistent with open, fair and full party organization and methods. "I speak of these things, solely for the purpose of advising you that my conception of the nature of the presidential office and my conviction that the voters of our party should be free in the selection of their can-didates, preclude the possibility of my lead-ing and pushing a self-seeking canvass for the presidential nomination, even if I had a desire to be again a candidate. "Believing that the complete supremacy of the democratic principles means increased happiness to our people, I am earnestly anxious for the success of the party. I am confident success is still within our reach, but believe this is a time for democratio the uptic functions and deliberation not enter a thoughtfulness and deliberation, not only as to candidates, but concerning party action upon questione of immense interest to the patriotis and intelligent voters of the land who watch for an assurance of safety as the price of their confidence and support Yours GROVER CLEVELAND." ery truly,

When the doors were reopened the senate resumed consideration of the postofilee building bill. It was finally passed—yeas, 24; nays, 21; as follows: Yeas -Allen, Allison, Blackburn, Caroy, Casey, Cullom, Dolph, Dubois, Frye, Gallinger, Hans-brough, Manderson, Morgan, Paddock, Peffer, Perkins, Proctor, Sanders, Sawyer, Squire, Stockbridge, Vest, Vilas, Warren,

Nays-Barbour, Bate, Berry, Call, Chan-dier, Chilton, Coke, Daniel, Dawes, Felton, George, Hale, Hoar, Palmer, Pascot, Platt, White Pugh, Ransom, Sherman, Stewart, White

Provisions of the Postoffice Bill.

The bill directs the secretary of the treas ury to cause to be prepared by the supervis-ing architect of the treasury designs, plans, workings, drawings and specifications for postoffice buildings, which before being adopted shall be approved by the postmaster general, secretary of the interior and secre-tary of the treasury. The designs and plane tary of the treasury. The designs and plans are to be so devised as to provide for the construction of the buildings of such dimensions as may be required for the transaction of business of presidential postoflices, and so that additions to their capacity may be constructed from time to time, without injury to the harmony of the design or usefulness of the building, and such designs and plans are to be as nearly uniform as practicable, both as to external appearance and internal ar-rangements, and all such buildings are to be fire proof and provided with a suitable fire proof vault. The postmaster general is from time to time to cause to be constructed build ings in accordance with such general designs and plans for the accommodation in towns and cities having no federal building of all which for three years preceding shall have exceeded the sum of \$9,000 and have not exceeded \$90,000, such building to be fairly dis-tributed among the several states and terri-tories, the places to be designated from time to time by the postmaster general, the secre-tary of the treasury and the secretary of the interior, but no buildings are to be con-tracted for in excess of the amounts from time to time appropriated for such purpose by congress. The proper working, drawings and specifications for such buildings are to be prepared in accordance with the general designs and plans. The inaterial to be used in the construction of any such building is to be determined by the postmaster general. The cost of such buildings and site is not to exceed \$20,000 at any place where the gross postal receipts for each of the preceding years shall not have exceeded ceed a sum equal to the aggregate of the postal receipts thereunder in the three years preceding; nor shall it exceed \$75,000 in all.

Authorized to Purchase Sites.

The postmaster general is authorized, when in his judgment it shall be necessary, to purmase a suitable site for any such building at price not exceeding \$5,000, or where the name cannot be otherwise procured, to ac-quire title by condemnation, in the name of the United States, under the laws of the state within which such site is situated. The postmaster general is annually to report to congress a statement of all postoffice build-ings constructed under the provisions of the act, together with all contracts therefor or relating thereto and a particular state-ment of the cost of exchange during the proceeding fiscal year, and also of all contracts for buildings which may be unfinished; and is also at the same time to report to congress a list of all the buildings report to congress a list of all the buildings with the estimated cost thereof to be erected under the provisions of the act during the next ensuing year. Whenever, in the opin-ion of the postmaster general, the secretary of the treasury and the secretary of the interior it shall be necessary or expedient where the building is to be erected under the provisions of this act for the accommo-dation of government officials other than those connected with the postoffice depart-ment, the building is to be erected with a view to furnishing such accommodations.

View to furnishing such accommodations. The bill of which the foregoing is the re-sult, was originally introduced in the senate by Mr. Paddock. After an executive ses-tion the senate addocument ion the senate adjourned.

Naturalization Laws.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 14.-Represen tative Oates, from the judiciary committee of the house, today submitted the report to

neral Bentamin F Butt y won th appeal which he took from the decision of he circuit court of the United States for the Eastern district of Massachusetts, affirming a judgment for \$15,000 and interest from 1879, obtained against him in one of the Massachusetts courts by the National Home for Disabled Volunteer soldiers.

SHOULD PROTECT OUR RIGHTS.

Chadron's Postmaster Wins His Case.

On October 1, 1883, the postoffice at Chad-ron, Neb., was raised from the fourth class at \$1,000 to the presidential class at \$1,600, William Wilson, the postmaster, was not commissioned by the president until Jan-uary 25, 1887. He claimed that he was en-titled to pay at the increased rate from the date the office was raised in grade, while the treasury accounting office maintained that

treasuary accounting office maintained that the increased compensation ran only from the date of Wilson's commission by the

president. The court of claims decided in favor of Wilson for \$1,900, and the supreme court today affirmed that judgment.

Decided in General Butler's Favor.

entiment of the Senators in the Bering Sea Controversy.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 14.-The senate, in executive session today, spent an hour in the discussion of the Bering sea question. The matter came before the senate in the shape of a message from the president in cepty to a resolution requesting further information as to the effect of the pelagic scaling. The president sent extracts from official reports of the Bering sea commission-ers showing that, contrary to Lord Salis-bury's statement, the British commissioners had conceded that the seals had duninished in number by the hand of man, which of course meant largely through the acts of the poachers in killing the seals at sea. The message was laid before the senate and Mr. Shorman moved its reference to the

committee on foreign relations. But the sonators wished to hear the extracts en-closed by the president and defeated the motion. The matter was read in full, and then followed a debate very similar in character to those which occurred last week. The point of difference was to be seen in the strength shown by the sentiment favorable to the protection of the claiment favorable to the protection of the claimed rights of the United States in Bering sea by all the re-sources of the government pending arbitra-tion. Short speeches were made by Sena-tors Sherman, Butier and Morgan of the committee on foreign affairs, and by Messrs. Platt White and others. At their conclu-Platt, White and others. At their conclu-sion the papers were referred to the commit-tee on foreign relations.

CHARGES AGAINST CAPTAIN BOURKE. General Schofield Says They Will Certainly

Be Investigated. WASHINGTON, D. C., March 14.-General

schofield said today that the War department would undoubtedly investigate the charges preferred by certain Mexican residents of Texas against Captain John C. Bourke, Third cavalry, growing out of his conduct of the campaign against the Garza revolutionists.

The allegations against Captain Bourke are that he allowed his troops to commit depro-dations on the ranches of certain Mexicans long the Rio Grande on suspicion that they were conniving at the escape of the revolu tionists. It also appears that certain Mexi-cans who visited San Antonio to complain of Captain Bourke's acts were arrested by the civil authorities, but were subsequently re-

Excited Comment at Washington

WASHINGTON, D. C. March 14.-An editorial article in the London Times of March 3 on the Boring sea question has excited consideraple comment at the State department. The article is based upon the news published in London of the old decision of the supreme court in the Sayward case and the signature of the Bering sea arbitration treaty. In this article the following language is used : "It is understood that as the award cannot

be given before the opening of the next seal-ing season it will be necessary to renew the modus vivendi for another year."

This declaration was made on the day after Lord Salisbury had, through the Brit-ish minister in this city, notified Secretary Blane that the modus vivendi would not be renewed, but before that fact had been made public

Railroad Legislation

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 14 .- A bill was today introduced in the senate by Senator Allison to compel railroads to equip their cars with automatic couplings within a certain time. The bill makes it unlawful for any railroads to use cars not so equipped and imposes fines for violation of the act. It fur-

good appetite and no fever. IN THE ENGLISH PARLIAMENT.

He ha

Defenses at Esquimault-British Subject Arrested in France

Loxpon, March 14 .- In the House of Com mons today the Hon. Sir John Broderick financial secretary of the war office, stated that he had reason to believe that the Canadian minister of militia was interesting himself in the question of the defenses o Esquimault and that the government was confident that the work would now be carried on. The subject of the arrest of two English

ien at Autel, France, Sunday, the 6th inst. and their detention until Thursday, they not being allowed to communicate with British embassy, was brought up. Mr. James W. Lowther, parliamentary secretary of the foreign onice, stated that the gravo matter had been the subject of a communication to M. Ribot, French minister of foreign affairs. Mr. Lowther said he trusted the French government would be willing to redress the injury and prevent the recur-rence of a similar incident.

Women at Yale College.

New Haves, Conn., March 14 .- The management of Yale has decided that next fall that all the post graduate courses with the degrees of "Doctor of Philosophy" shall be open without distinction of sex. It is not the design to establish an annex or other rival of the college already existing for women, but to receive the graduates of the college and give them as good opportunities for the most advanced research and educa-tion as can be found in Europe. Vale is the first of the great universitie of this country to make this change.

Work of the Sugar Trust

NEW YORK, March 14 .- The Stock exchange today placed in the unlisted depart ment \$25,000,000 new sugar stock which was authorized at the last meeting of the stock holders of the Sugar trust. This is taken as a confirmation of the stories that the trus has absorbed the competing refineries and will have a complete monopoly of the sugar trade. The officials of the trust decline to make any statement in regard to the matter. Lucky Escape of Passengers. MILWAUKEE, Wis., March 14 .- The north bound passenger train on the Wisconsin Cen

tral was wrecked this morning by a broken rail was wrecked this morning by a checks rail at Dale. The baggage car, two coaches and two sleepers were ditched. The wreck took fire and the sleepers and coaches were destroyed. The passengers escaped be-fore the fire spread. Brakeman Gilderman the killed and four passengers injured. was killed and four passengers injured.

Crushed Beneath an Elevator.

Sr. Louis, Mo., March 14 .- An elevator in Rohan Brothers' boiler making establishment, loaded with iron plates, fell this morning. Henry Keiser, Frank Conn and Hugh Duffy, standing beneath it, were crushed to death. Thomas Dougherty and Michael Sweeney, boys, were seriously hurt.

But Her Pension Never Came PHILADELPHIA, Pa., March 14 .- Mrs. Jane Young, the aged widow of Hugo Young,

a Mexican war veteran, was found starved to death in her house near Edgerton, Mont-gomery county, last night. She had long expected a pension, which never came.

The Death Roll, OTTAWA, Ill., March 14 .- Mother Dechanta of St. Xaviers' convent died this morning at the age of 76. She took the veil at Mercy convent, Pittsburg, fifty-eight years ago, and has spent her life in founding hospitals.

Declared a Dividend Boston, Mass., March 14 .- The Oregon

Railway and Navigation company announces dividend of 11% per cent, payable April 1. Anti-Free Pass Bill a Law.

Boston, Mass., March 14 .- The governor has signed the anti-free pass bill.

Freeman; police judge, H. G. Leight coun-cilmen: First ward, Jerry Driscoll; Second, C. W. Stallhut; Third, William B. Rower; Fourth, William Bischof. The naming of the board of education was referred to the central committee, the members to confer with the democrats and make a joint ticket; if this could not be done the committee to name a full ticket. Frank McCartney was made chairman and William Pflagin secre-tary of the city central committee. The committee is as follows: First ward, C. W. Seymour: Second, L. Prue: Third, William Pflaegin; Fourth, F. W. Rodenbrock.

The democratic primaries were held here in the different wards this afternoon and delegates elected to the convention to be held at the city hall Wednesday afternoor

PLATISMOUTH, Nob., March 14.-[Special to Jus BEE.]-The republicants held their primaries Saturday night and selected the following candidates for councilmen: First ward, George Longenhagen; Second ward, P. D. Bates: Third ward, F. H. Steimker; Fourth ward, Joseph Lake; Fifth ward, A. J. Graves. Owing to the discusions among the democrats, the prospects are that the re publicans will elect their entire city ticket.

with all the councilmen. SCHUTLER, Nob., March 14.-[Special Tele-gram to THE BEE.]-City caucuses were held here tonight. The republicans placed in nomination as city officers E. L. True mayor; F. H. Kolm, treasurer; E. S. Piimp ton, clerk; J. E. Arnold and John W. Schultz embers of the school board, long term, and V. W. Rees and John Prokes, short term; D. McLeod, W. A. Jenkins and Henry Kolm, jr., councilmen. This is a strong ticket and almost sure of victory.

ticket and almost sure of victory. The democrats renominated Mayor C. H. Chase, Frank Shouk, treasurer; M. M. Huck, clerk; F. C. Reinecke, J. A. Pence and Frank Otordosky, councilmen; H. C. Wright, John Novotney, G. H. Thomas and V. Maly, mena-bers of the school board. All the nomin to tions are first class and the fight will te a hard one. hard one.

A question has arisen as to whether the women can cast a vote on school officers, as all candidates for office must be printed on one ballot and is a woman to be allowed

ticket with city nominees on it? The republicans organized a club tonight with the following officers: S. C. Webber, president; F. H. Koln, secretary, and will, from now until after the fail election hold regular meetings for the success of the party, FAIRBURY, Neb., March 14. - [Special Tele gram to THE BEE.] - The citizens' nonpartigram to THE BEE.]—The citizens' nonparti-san high license party heid their caucus this evening and nominated the following candi-dates for city offices: Mayor, Major John Hearty; city treasurer, L. W. Goodrich; city clerk, W. H. Barnes; police judge, D. A. Harrington: aldermen, Joseph Butterbaugh and W. A. Pearl. A mass meeting of citizens was held this evening and Major Hearty was nominated for mayor; Nine Pease, city ciers; L. W. Goodrich, treasurer; D. H. Harrington, po-lice judge; G. K. Carpenter and E. F. Lyoas, aldermen.

HASTINGS, Neb., March 14.—[Special Tele-gram to THE BEE.]—The republican city convention met in the opera house this even-ing. J. N. Clarke was made dustenthis even Lou Partridge secretary. Nominations for city offices were made as follows: Mayor, Samuel Alexander: city clerk Colonel Ed N. Samuel Alexander; city clerk, Colonel Ed N. Thacker; treasurer, W. M. Lowman: mem-bers of the board of education, Jacob Bailey and M. A. Hartigan. Councilmen from the various wards were also nominated. The convention was very harmonius and on the convention was very harmonious and enthu sidatic

BEATRICE, Nob., March 14. - Special Tele-gram to Tuz Bez. - The inveliest primaries ever held in Beatrice were those of the re-publican caucusses in the various wards to-night. In the First ward Captain S. Bivens hight. In the First ward Captain S. Bivens was nominated councilman; Second, A. V. S. Saunders; Third, I. N. Casper, and in the Fourth, W. H. Gillespue. The delegations are somewhat divided for mayor. L. E. Warker carries the Second ward, M. E. Sbultz the First. The Third and Fourth wards give divided delegations for Shuitz and S. K. Davis. The city republican convention occurs to-morrow, at which time a mayor, eity clerk. city treasurer and two memoers of the school board are to be noninated.

board are to be nominated.

Narrowly Escaped Death.

COLUMBUS, Neb., March 14.- [Special Telegram to Tuz Ban.]-Engineer H. Andrews **Gibbon News Notes**

GIBBON, Neb., March 14.- |Special to TH BEE. |-On last Friday evening a Knights of Pythias lodge was organized at this place. There were present a large number of visitors from Kearney, Shelton, Lincoln and Omaha. There were twenty-five charter

members. Dr. J. H. Steere, who has been visiting in Washington, has returned. The doctor was one of the first settlers of this part of the state. He came here about twepty-five year ago and as a recreation on account of the lack of business in his profession employed his leisure time in trapping and trading with

the Indians. Conductor Lash Hurt.

COLUMBUS, Neb., March 14 .-- [Special Telegram to THE BEE]-Conductor A. Lash, who had charge of the Sioux City freight No. 71, while climbing from a coal car to a box car fell, at 1 o'clock today, as the train was ap-proaching Norfol* and broke his left leg be-tween the knee and ankle. He was brought o his home here on a work train, where the fracture was set.

Grand Island's Canning Factory

GRAND ISLAND, Neb., March 14.-|Specia to THE BEE.]-The acreage of sweet corn and peas for the canning factory will be greatly increased the coming year. There vill be raised 2,500 acres of sweet corn and 500 acres of peas. It is expected that it will take 300 hands in the canning factory to work up the crop.

Terribly Burned at Dunbar.

DUNBAR, Neb., March 14-[Special to Tur BEE. |- While Ids Jackson, daughter of Thomas Jackson, was burning trash in the yard her clothes caught fire and burned off to the waist. She was torribly burned.

Court at Fairbury

FAIRBURY, Neb., March 14.-[Special to THE BEE.]-The district court convened here today with Judge Babcock on the bench. There are binety-two cases on the docket, eight of which are criminal and six divorces.

Beatrice Church-Goers Robbed

BEATRICE, Neb., March 14.-|Special Tele gram to THE BEE |-Sneak thieves made wholesale raid of buggy robes and horse biankets from carriages and other vehicles in front of the several churches last evening.

Let the Locomotive Get Away.

COLUMBUS, Neb., March 14. - [Special Telegram to THE BEE.]-A locomotive got away from Fireman Perkinson in the yards here early this morning and backed into two empty coaches, damaging them badly. New School House for Beemer. of a trust, and no man, according to the opinion, can be compelled to testify to any-thing that will oriminate bimself. BEEMER, Nob., March 14 .- |Special Tole

gram to THE BEE. |-Bonds for a \$6,000 school house were voted today by a large majority. TRIED TO KILL THE SULTAN.

Plot of Assassins Discovered and Two Mer Placed Under Arrest.

LONDON, March 14 .--- A dispatch from Con tantinople to the Exchange Telegraph company states that great excitement has been caused there by what the police claim to be the discovery of a plot to assassinate the sultan, Abdul ul Hamid II. Every effort has been made to run the conspirators to earth Yesterday the police were rewarded by the capture of two men believed to have been se-lected by the conspirators to carry out their designs analinst the sultan. No doubt is en tertained that it was their intention to assas sinate the sultan.

Assaulted by a Mob.

PANAMA, March 14.-A. Herman, German charge d'affairs at Quito, has been assaulted by a mob. The assault was the outgrowth of the political situation. It is feared he is seriously injured. There is great excitement and indignation among the German rosi dents.

End of a London Divorce Suit.

Loxnon, March 14 .- In the divorce division of her majesty's high court of justice to-

coown to be a brave man, and one would defend his prisoner to the last and, if necessary, die in his defense.

The spokesman of the deputation demanded that the prisoner be turned over to them. Williams refused and tried to reason with them, urging them to allow the law to take ts course. The justice of the peace before whom the

hearing was being held also pleaded with them to withdraw and to respect the law. The deputation, however, was deaf to mason and insisted that the prisoner be turned over to the impromptu court outside the court room. Still Williams declined to give up his man, who all this time looked at if he knew his hour was come.

Finally the delegation, spurred on by shouts of impatience and cries of "Hang him!" "Lynch him!" from the mob without, him! made a rush for Bright and his guard. Williams drew the brace of revolvers with which he was armed and was about to fire when a riffe shot rang out and he fell dead at the prisoner's feet. The shot had pene-trated his heart.

The rest of the work of the mob was quickly done. Bright was quickly seized and drazged out of the court room. He was given no opportunity to confess or deny charge against him, or to say a last word. rope was unceremoniously placed about his neck. One end was swung over the limb of a neighboring tree. A hundred willing nands grasped the other end and in a moment more the murderer's body hung lifeless in view of the court where he had been promised a fair, impartial trial. The coroner will investigate the death of both William and Bright,

WHEAT IN THE NORTHWEST.

Minnesota and the Dakotas Make an Excellent Showing.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., March 14,-The Jour nal has collected reports from sixty different points in Minnesota and the Dakotas showing that there are on a safe estimate about 32,000,000 bashels of wheat in Minnesota and the Dakotas in farmers' hands, after deducting seed and farmers' consumption. The average amount unsold about is 31.3 per

The average announcement of the second secon acreage as last year.

ays the Anti-Trust Law is Unconstitutional JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., March 14 .-- Judge Sherwood in deciding the case in the state supreme court today of the state against the Simmons Hardware company of St. Louis held the anti-trust law of 1887 to be unconstitutional, as section 3 provides a penalty for belonging to a trust and section 6 com pels testimony as to whether or not a com pany, corporation or individual is a member

The Clemenceau Case. NEW YORK, March 14 .-- Mme. Clemenceau, the American wife of George S. Clemenceau, radical French leader, arrived in America two weeks ago and is now in seclusion at Stamford, Conn., awaiting the result of her application for divorce.

Missouri's Congressional Districts. Sr. Louis, Mo., March 14 .- The house bas passed the democratic congressional redisand one republican districts. It is said the republicans have a fighting chance in two other districts.

Investigating a Ten-Year-Old Murder.

WAUPACA, Wis., Murch 14 .- A special grand jury has been summoned to inquire into the death of Bauker Mead, mysteri-ously murdered in October, 1802. It is ex-pected five persons will be indicted.

Victory for the Employes. DENVER, Colo., March 14 .- The Denver & Rio Grande and its employes have reached an understanding in regard to wages. This rettles all troubles. The men get an increase in wages.

ADDRESS TO THE PEOPLE.

Officials of the Third Party Urge Their Followers to Greater Endeavor. MILWAUKEE, Wis., March 14.-An address

'To the People'' was issued today from the

officers of the people's party. It recites the

call issued by the joint committee for a na-

tional convention at Omaha to nominate can-

didates for president and vice president, emanating from the St. Louis conference, and

urges the people to take action on that sec-

tion of the call which urges the holding of meetings to ratify the action of the confer-

ence. The committee suggests that at these ratification meetings that committees be named whose duty it shall be to provide for

the holding of the county, legislative, con-gressional and state conventions for the pur-

pose of nominating candidates and also for

electing delegates to the national convention. The committee urges that great care be taken in chosing delegates, that men be chosen who are known to be true to our

Urgent Need of Money.

Continuing, the address says: "Take mea who have been tried and not found wanting, We have already received word from New

York and Pennsylvania that the old parties intend to pack our primaries, select dele-gates to the state and national conventions

who are not in sympathy with our cause and who will go there to bring confusion and name objectionable candidates. It is also

very important that each state should have a full delegation at the national convention.

and for this purpose we urgo that at all meetings called to select delegates to the na-tional convention, and before such delegates

re selected, a collection be taken up to de-

fray the expenses of those who are unable to

go on their own account. "We again urge upon you the necessity of pushing the work. To do this, money must be raised. Therefore we kindly and carnestly

be raised. Therefore we kindly and earnestly ask all when meeting in primary capacity on March 26, to ratify the work done by the great conference, that a collection be taken up to promulgate our cause. Let the dona-tions from each individual be ever so small, if each one will gassist a little it will collect-ively amount to a great deal. Forward all meney to M. C. Rankin, Terre Haute, Indi-who will receipt for same."

ALGER'S WAR RECORD.

He Makes Public Many Official Documents

DETROIT, Mich., March 14,-General Alger

this morning made public his war record. 1

includes a great many post official documents

from army officers warmly praising Alger and

ecommending him for promotion, and along

with them is a report from General Custom recommending the dismissal of Alger from the service. The entire record is full of

credit to Alger with the single exception of the Custer document and indorsement thereto. In contradiction to the statement

thereto. In contradiction to the statements of Custer, Alger's record shows that after the battle of Booneville he land off on account of liness, as he also did. May 22, 1864, and August 28, 1864. In each case, however, he had a certificate from his official surgeon to show that he was lib It is true that in his last absence on sick leave Custer did not respond to the doctor's application for a sick leave for Alger, but Alger has shown Custer's motive by reveals ing the latter's ineffectual attempt to induce Alger to promote Custer's brother over the heads of older officers. That Custer did no always regard Alger as a flunk is shown by various recommendations in the earlier port tions of the war wherean he praises Alger highly.

highly.

Bearing on It.

cause.