## WILL FORCE THE SILVER BILL

Bland's Bill Reported Favorably and Placed on the Calendar.

TO INVESTIGATE THE PENSION BUREAU

Five Members of the House Will Look Into the Way General Raum Has Conducted His Office - What Was Done in Congress Yesterday,

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 10.-The most significant event in the proceedings of the house today was the report of the Bland free coinage bill by the committee on coinage, weights and measures. The action was not one which involved debate, as the bill almost immediately went on the calendar, to be taken up in the order of its consideration, but it indicated the intention of the free coin age men to force the bill with all possible haste, Indeed, Ropresentative Pierce, Chair man Bland and other leaders of the free sil ver movement in the house assert that the measure will be pressed to a vote and actually passed by the house within the next sixty days. In this event there is no doubt the senate will have an opportunity of passing upon the Bland bill long before the date of either of the great national conventions.

Investigation of the Pension Bureau. The house, also, today ordered an investigation of the pension bureau, as managed by Commissioner Raum. The scope of the in vestigation is made much broader than that of previous inquiries, and Messts. Enice of Tennessee and Cooper of Indiana, as the in stigators of the investigation, will be expected to furnish the evidence and practic ally conduct the fight against the present administration of the bureau.

After the reading of the journal nearly ar hour was consumed in debate over a resolution recommended by the committee on accounts for the employment of two additional mess-agers for the house. The resolution passed after affording opportunity for several lively speeches by economic members. On motion of Seerley of Iowa a bill was

passed extending the time for the construc-

tion of a bridge at Burlington. Mr. Catchings of Mississippi, from the committee on rules, reported a resolution for the appointment of a select committee of five members to investigate the methods of business in the bureau of pensions, whether use has been made by the commissioner of his official position to promote his private affairs or for partisan political purposes; whether there has been discrimination made between pplicants for pensions and practicing attor eys; whether any of the clerks have taken agvantage of their position to make profits, and whether the civil service law has been violated by the commissioner.

Criticised Commissioner Raum. Mr. Euloe of Tennessee offered an actend

ment extending the scope of the inquiry so as to include the methods followed by the board of pension appeals.

In advocating his amendment Mr. Enlo

criticised the administration of the pension office and reiterated the charge against the commissioner and his sen, which he made Mr. Smith of Illinois could see no reason

why the pension office should be made the general target of a number of gentlemen on the floor. He did not see why this bureau should be singled out for political buncombe General Raum was not a raid of an investi-gation at this or any other time in regard to the workings and conduct of his office. Never since the establishment of that office had there been such a high order of work done as had been done since Commissioner Raum had taken charge of it. The amendment was agreed to and the res

olution as amended adopted.

Mr. Bland of Missouri, from the committee on coinage, weights and measures, reported the bill for the free coinage of gold and sil ver and for the issue of coin notes. The mi nority was given leave to file a minority re

not later than Monday next. r. Bland wished the bill to be place upon the house calendar, but Mr. Dingley of Maine made the point that the bill must in yolve an expense upon the treasury and hould go to the committee of the whole

Bland said that there was no charg made upon the treasury. The speaker held the matter in abeyance, stating that he would examine the rule upon the subject.

To Control National Banks.

Mr. Bacon of New York, from the commit tee on banking and currency, called up the bill for the better control and to promote the

safety of national banks. Mr. J. D. Taylor of Ohio thought that the bill was wholly unnecessary. The laws now,

if properly administered, were sufficient to remedy the evils complained of. In his judg-ment this measure would block the wheels of business and would do no good whatever No law of congress had ever made a dishonest man honest; and if a man wished to be dishonest he could be so under this legisla tion as well as under the present law. Mr. Walker of Massachusetts favored the

bill, as providing safeguards against im-proper borrowing from the banks.

Pending a demand for the previous question the morning mour expired the point of no quorum having been made against the demand. This gave rise to a little the latter contending that no business could be transacted until a quorum had appeared and the speaker taking the view that the morning hour having expired, the business

out respect to a quorum.

In the course of the colloquy the speaker said that (with the greatest respect to gentleman) the gentleman was dodging lestion, as he had been accustomed to do

pending on it went over until tomorrow with

during the last congress.

The laughter caused by this remark was renewed when Mr. Reed smilingly suggested

that complaint had been made against because he had not dodged any question.

Military Academy Bill. The house then went into a committee of the whole, Mr. McCreary of Kentucky in the

chair, on the military academy bill. Mr. Bowers of California made a speech in which he described his efforts, "seated in an easy chair in the luxurious room of the military affairs committee," to reform the military academy bill and to cut down expenditures. He was taking his leisure (at the rate of \$14 a day) and he was wondering at the large aggregate of appropriations in the support of the academy when a picture comebody else reform on that side. democrats yesterday denounced the Fifty-first congress for having in the aggregate

arose of the cheerless room of the cadet, and he came to the conclusion that he would let made immense appropriations. He joined in that denunciation. It was easy to criticise an "aggregate." An "aggregate" was a very convenient term. But he had yet to see any confrom rise and doncunce the Fifty-first congress for having appropriated too much for a public building in his district or for the improvement of navigation of a dry creek in which he was interested.

Mr. Watson of Georgia opposed the appro-priations made in the bill. Economy had to start somewhere. If congress was to begin to economize, let it begin. There was no place so fit for a beginning as the commence-

In speaking to a verbal amendment, Mr. Compton of Maryland inveighed against the "desperate and trembling" exar of the last congress and against the extravarant appro-priations made under his rule, and criticised the appropriations made by the military ommittee (a majority of whose members had een elected on the platform of reform) as being extravagant. The committee then arose and the house adjourned.

The speaker placed the free coinage bill on the house calendar.

Nominated by the President. Washington, D. C., Feb. 10.—The president today sent the senate the following nominations: Walter H. Sanborn of Minne-

sota, United States circuit judge for the Eighth judicial district; J. H. Burford, asso-ciate justice of the supreme court of Okla-homa; Henry L. Besee, register of the land office at Ashiand, Wis.

IN THE SENATE.

Senator Gibson of Maryland Takes the Oath of Office-Matters Considered. Washington, D. C., Feb. 10.-Mr. Squire, from the committee on public buildings, reported a bill appropriating \$500,000 for a public building at Seattle, Wash.

The joint resolutions as to the payment to the state of West Virginia her proportion of the direct tax was again taken up in the morning hour, and after debate went over without action.

The bill providing for the public printing and binding and the distribution of public documents was then taken up as the unfinished business. The clause authorizing the franking of official matter gave rise to some ifficulty as to the correct phraseology to be adopted, and various suggestions were made. Finally it was fixed in these words. "The president, members and members-elect, delegates and delegales elect to congress shall have the privilege of sending free through the mails and under there frank any mail matter to any government official." The bill then went over without action until to-

Mr. Gorman presented credentials of his colleague, Mr. Gibson. The cath of office was administered to him by the vice presi-

After a brief executive session the senate adjourned until tomorrow.

Quit Employing Convict Labor,

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Feb. 10 .- The Kansas Wagon company, which has been manufacturing wagons and buggies for the last seventeen years with convict labor at the state penitentiary, has announced through its president, Anthony Caldwell, that in future it would employ free or outside labor exclu-sively. The company found it hard to sell vehicles made by convicts, as there seems to be a growing prejudice among farmers against prison-made goods. It was also found that the convicts were very wasteful with material and hard to manage.

Failure of Broker Bruns. New York, Feb. 10. - The failure of Philip Bruns has been announced on the stock exchange. The liabilities are about \$400,000, all o personal friends who were not desirous pressing their claims, but the publication of the schemes of White & Co., showing that Bruns was a debtor to that firm for about \$160,000, caused the president of the Stock exchange to request him to announce his suspension. This he did today. It is under-stood his assets, aside from his stock ex-change seat, are simply nominal. He has no utstanding contracts.

Perhaps the Bill Didn't Pass. Lansing, Mich., Feb. 10 .- The supreme court has ordered a rehearing upon the new mortgage tax law to be held Tuesday, February 16. In the order the court hints that this law, or the bill that preceded it, was never passed by both houses of the logisla-ture. At the hearing it will be ascertained what the legislative journal shows upon this point, and other charges concerning the legislative proceedings in regard to it will be fully investigated.

Lost on the Races and Saicided. St. Louis, Mo., Peb. 10.-About 5:30 p. m. as a large number of attendants of the East St. Louis races were returning across the Eads bridge, one of them, an unknown young man, suddenly mounted the railing and jumped into the river below, revolving several times in his descent He was un-doubteally drowned. It is suspected he had lost his own or some one clse's money at the races and was made desperate in consequence.

BOULDER, Colo., Feb. 10.-A big strike is reported from Copper Rock, and it promises to be even larger than the Orphan Boy. It is called the shady Side and Is located a short listance south of the Orphan Boy. The vein is about four feet wide and pieces of ore from the top show a streak of white quartz two inches wide. It is so full of free gold that it s yellow in color. Every miner and prospector in town is outfitting for the new field

Irish Parliamentary Party Affairs. LONDON, Feb. 10 .- The Standard says it nears that John Dillon was proposed as leader of the majority of the Irish parliamentary party, but that his name was withdrawn be-cause a majority of the McCarthyites indicated that they would not vote for him

Standard also states it is informed that Red-mond formally declined to negotiate a reunion unless flealy is expelled. He is Old but Vigorous. NATCHEZ, Miss., Feb. 10. - The particulars of the killing of a negro near Cannonsburg, Jefferson county, by Wade Harrison, a promi

nent gentleman 80 years of age, on Monday, have been received here. The two engaged in a dispute over a settlement when the negro caught the old man by the throat. Mr. larrison cut the negro in the neck with a knife and killed him. Defended His Mother's Honor.

NEWPORT, Ark., Feb. 10.-Luke Courtney who killed a man named Wilson at Blackwells two months ago, and who surrendered to a constable at Riverside Saturday, was acquitted by the examining court vesterday The evidence showed that Courtney killed Wilson for uttering vile things about his (Courtney's) mother. The verdict is generally approved.

Jumped from a Moving Train. OTTUMWA, Ia., Feb. 10.-Mrs. Blanche Harrison of Denver fell off or, in a fit of insanity jumped off, a moving passenger train near Agency, this morning. She was picked up in a critical condition, but will re-cover. She refuses to tell any of the cir-cumstances of the accident or anything of herself. Her jewelry indicates that she is

Four Spanish Anarchists Garroted. Madain, Feb. 10, - Four of the anarchist leaders were garroted in the public square at Xeres this morning. The names of the men executed were: Busiqui, Zarzetella, Lamela and La Brjano.

Everything passed off quietly. The sympa-thizers of the dead anarchists made no demonstration. Retail Furniture Dealers' Convention, GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Feb. 10 .- A call was issued today for a national retail furniture

dealers' convention to be held in this city July 12, to correct abuses that now exist in the business. The call is signed by fifty of the largest retail houses in the country. Chinese Robbed and Murdered. PHENIX, Ariz., Feb. 10 .- Last night two hinese at Parqua Hall, a mining camp, had

their throats cut. Their watches, jewelry and several hundred dollars in money were New York Life's New President. NEW YORK, Feb. 10. -John A. McCall has occepted the presidency of the New York Life Insurance company, provided he be given

Schooner and Three Lives Lost. LONDON, Feb. 10.-In a collision today with a British steamer the schooner Railway was sunk near Cardiff and three of her crew drowned.

Woman and Two Children Cremated. OTTAWA, Out., Feb. 10.-Mrs. Rothschild and two children were burned to death in a fire which destroyed two stores and a factory

London Coat Porters Strike. LONDON, Feb. 10.-Eight thousand coal porters of this city are on a strike over a dispute regarding wages.

## FRAUDULENT LAND ENTRIES

Methods of Acquiring Lands by Eastern Corporations to Be Investigated.

FEATURES OF THE FREE WOOL BILL

Congressional Excursion to Chicago-Chinese Immigration-Bland and His Silver Bill-Many Items of Interest from the National Capital,

WASHINGTON, D. C., Fob. 10 .- In the matter of government proceedings against alleged fraudulont timber land entries in Washington, Oregon and California, the commissioner of the general land office, with the approval of the secretary of the interior, has instituted a change of procedure, by which parties claiming title to these lands will hereafter be required to produce the original entry and their witnesses at the local land office for futher examination with reference to any contracts or arrangements which may have been made prior to the entry for the conveyance of the land to corporations or syndicates.

It appears from the records of the general land office that large tracts of valuable timber land in different localities have been entered on the same day by a large number of persons and immediately thereafter all the parties have transferred to syndicates. It is now confidently asserted by these syndicates that the government cannot prove that the entries were originally made in their in-terests. This new order is made with a view to simplifying the procedure in such cases. Bland Will Press His Silver Measure.

Mr. Bland introduced the following resolu-

tion today:

Resolved. That the bouse bill No. 4.426, for the free coinage of sold and sliver, for the issue of coin notes and for other purposes, be made the special order immediately after the reading of the journal on Wednesday, February 17, 1892, and that consideration thereof be continued from day to day until disposed of.

"That looks as if you meant to press the silver bill at all times?" said an Associated Press reporter to the noted free silver chair-man of the free coinage committee. "Yes, and on all occasions," said Mr. The resolution was referred to the rules

committee. The only amendment made by the committee to the bill as introduced by Mr. Bland was to increase the maximum denomination of any coin note issued under the provisions of the bill from \$500 to \$1,000. After Mr. Tracey had moved to lay the Bland bill on the table and Mr. Taylor had moved to report it adversely, a motion made by Mr Bartine was carried by eight to five direct-ing that the bill be reported favorably to the ise. Mr. Bland was instructed to make he report and leave was given the minority to file their views. The committee then ad-journed. The fight was transferred from the committee room to the floor of the house.

Farm Animals and Their Value. The annual estimates of farm animals,

compiled from local returns of January to the Department of Agriculture, indicate an increase in each kind of from 3 to 4 per cent in cheep, swine and horses, about 2 per cent in cattle and scarcely 1 per cent in mules. Estimated numbers are: Horses, 15,478,000; mules, 2,314,000; cows, 16,416,000; other cattle, 37,651,000; sheep, 44,938,000; swine, 52,-A slight increase in value appears in store

cattle and beeves, sheep and swine, a de-cline of 1 per cent in the price of cows, 2 per cent in horses and 3 per cent in mules. Average values are: Horses, \$65.05; mules, \$75.55; milch cows, \$21.40; other cattle, \$15.16; sheep, \$2.58; swine, \$4.60. The value of all aggregates \$2,460,955,678.

Interstate Commerce Law Amendments. The senate committee on interstate com merce today heard further argument upon the pending bill to amend the interstate com-merce act so as to clothe the commission's decisions with judicial force and otherwise make its provisions more stringent. J. K. Cowan, general counsel of the Baltimore & Onio road, made a long argument to show that the bill was unconstitutional.

William E. Rogers, ex-member of the Board of State Rullroad Commissioners of New York and now a member of the con safety appliances, spoke in favor of the bill introduced by Senator Cullom to compel rail-roads to equip their cars with automatic ounlers and continuous brakes and locomo

tives with driving wheel brakes.

Mr. Ely of the Pennsylvania railroad opposed any action at all by congress looking to the equipment of railroad cars with coupers on the general ground that legislativ interference was not needed. As the rail roads were directly interested, they should be allowed to settle the matter among themselves. He thought the matter would in time

Utah Pleading for Admission.

The house committee on territories gave a hearing this morning to a delegation of citizens from Utab, in favor of the passage of the bill introduced in the house by Delegate Cain, and a similar bill introduced in the sen ate by Senator Faulkner, providing for local self-government for Utah and for the election of the territorial officers. Among the sons present were ex-Governor West, Smith, a lawyer of Ogden and Judge Judd, formerly associate justice of the territors. The tenor of the arguments advanced today was that the present government of the territory was inadequate, corrupt and mpractical. Charges were made by the pokesman that the officials in power adminimpractical. istered the laws of the government more for their own personal good than for the good of the people, and that malfeasance in office was common.

Chinese Immigration. The Chinese immigration bill agreed upon by the committee is that introduced in the house by Mr. Stump, the chairman of the committee, with some modifications. The provisions of Mr. Stump's bill have been published. The report presented with the bill says, in part: "The presence here of Chinese is inimical to our institutions and is deemed injurious and a source of danger. Recently the Pacific slope was a new coun-try and the Chinese might have been a necessity at one time, but our own people are fast filling in and are developing this rich and highly cultivated land, and American citizens cannot afford to stand idly by and see this undesirable race carry away the fruits

of labor which justly belongs to them." Washington Brevities. Mr. Stone, from the committee on Mr. Stone, from the committee on war claims, reported favorably the bill to reimburse California, Oregon and Novada for moneys expended in the suppression of the rebellion. California is, under the bill. entitled to \$1,461,869, Oregon to \$224,526 and

Nevada to \$104,000. The first volume of the blue book for 1891 shows that there are employed in the postal service of the United States in all capacities 184.431 persons and in all other departments of the government 62,863 persons, making a

The treasury department today purchased 275,000 ounces of silver at from \$0.0059 to The following confirmations were made by the senate today: Postmasters—Richard Butler at Clinton, Ili., and J. E. Chatlen at

WOOL AND WOOLENS.

Some of the Features of Springer's Bill as it Will Be Reported to the House. Washington, D. C., Feb. 10.—There has been a substantial agreement reached by the wool and woolen special committee of the democratic majority of the house committee on ways and means on the provisions of the wool bill. This special committee, by agreement among the democratic members, was charged with the duty of considering the Springer bill, drafting any proposed modifications and gathering special information re

iating to wooi growing and woolen manufac-tures. Its members have agreed upp the changes in duties they will recommend, and a conference of the democratic members of the ways and means committee has been called for tomorrow morning, at which time the matter will be formally considered. As the special committee number five out of ten democrats of the ways and means committee it is believed the agreement resched embod-ies the provisions of the free wool bill,

OMAHA, THURSDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 11, 1892.

ies the provisions of the free wool bill, which the ways and means committee will recommend to the house for passage.

The changes to be made in the bill, as introduced by Mr. Springer, have not been formally drafted and it will be some days before the bill is put in shape. Very substantial reductions have been made in the duties on woolen manufactures as proposed by the bill as introduced by Mr. Springer. The advalorem duties on woolen manufacturers of all kinds, including clothes, dress goods, carpets and all other woolen articles, imposed pets and all other woolen articles, imposed under the McKinley law, and which rates were left unchanged by the Springer bill, have been cut down wherever in excess of 40 per cent, and the average rate of duty proposed by the new bill on woolen manufac-tures is about 5 per cent below the uniform rate of 40 per cent fixed by the Mills bill.

Changes from the McKinley Bill. Under the agreement reached wool is made the agreement reached wood is made free, as proposed by the Springer bill, all duties on woolen manufacturers, where 40 per cent or less under the present law, are left unchanged, where more than 40 per cent they are reduced to that rate, so that no woolen duties will be higher than the Mills rate, and those on the cheaper grades of goods will be less.

Under the McKinley law duties range from 40 to 60 per cent, so that there is a reduction of 20 per cent made from the highest rate now imposed, and the average rate is brought down to about 35 per cent. On shoddies and waste the agreement adopts the Springer rate of 30 per cent against the present rate of 30 cents per pound.

All compensatory duties, of course, are taken off, as raw wool is made free, so that the present per pound and per yard duties will be abolished if the bill becomes a law, and only ad valorem duties retained.

Think it Will Pass the Senate. Members of the committee say that the bill will be the principal measure reported from the committee, and that an examination of its provisions, when formally announced, will show that not only has "no backward step" been taken in the direction of tariff reform, but a step in advance has been taken of considerable importance, and that the wools schedule is regarded by all tariff references as the key to the protective taciff system, and reductions are made greater than those proposed by the demo-crats two years ago. A careful consideration of the bill, they believe, will show it is pro-

may have a fair show of passage through the WILL VISIT CHICAGO.

senate and os becoming a law.

posed to make a substantial attack on the tariff, and at the same time it is one which

Arrangements Complete for the Congres sional Excursion. Washington, D. C., Feb. 10 .- Arrangements for the visit of the members of the Fifty-second congress to Chicago on Washington's birthday for the purpose of inspecting the World's fair site and buildings in course of construction are now complete, and the formal invitations were today issued by Chairman Durborrow of the committee on

the World's Columbian exposition. Hou, A. T. Ewing, chairman of the Chi cago citizen's committee, has arrived in this city as the personal bearer of the invitations,

which reads as follows: "The citizens of Chicago have the honor to invite the secators and representatives in congress to visit the city of Chicago on Monday, the 22d day of r'ebruary, 1802, to examine the work now in progress for the World's Columbian exposition, authorized by

act of congress, approved April 25, 1890." Members of the Press Included. A similar invitation has been issued to the press representatives at the national capital, and includes every newspaper man whose standing entitles him to admission to the oress galleries of the two houses of con

The visitors will leave Washington, February 19, over the Baltimore & Ohio railroad and arrive in Chicago Saturday afternoon about 3 o'clocd. The return trip will be made over the Pennsylvania railroad and the excursionists will reach Washington early Wednesday morning, the 241h

Pullman Palace Car comprny has already made arrangements to check all baggage from Washington direct to the hotel at ing the visit so as to save all triffing annoy

Chairman Ewing stated this evening that the idea of inviting congress to fisit Chicago had its origin at an after dinner talk at the house of one of the principal citizens of Chicago and this has grown into a great citizens

What Inspired the Invitation, The motive which inspired this invitation was one of gratitude of the citizens of Chi-cago who fully appreciate the great honor which was conferred upon the city by select ing it as the location of a great international exposition—the greatest event of this generstion-and they desire that the national representatives shall come and see for them selves how faithfully the trust is being executed. The desire of the citizens is that the nvitations shall be received in the which it is given, namely: That of pure hospitality, and in no event shall the dignity and hospitality be lowered to cover an uite-rior sordid motive and each guest shall be cordially welcomed and his time spent in an agreeable and instructive manner.

Particularly is it desired by the citizens of Chicago to remove the impression that the coming event has any connection whatever with the proposed appropriation for the World's Columbian exposition. The World's fair directors and officials have no connection whatever with the present affair which is being conducted exclusively by the private but public-minded citizens of the city of

Western Pensions. Washington, D. C., Feb. 10 .- | Special Telegram to The Beg. |- The following list of pensions granted is reported by THE BEE and Examiner Bureau of Claims:

Nebraska: Original—Birsk Livingston, Deles D. Walker, Harvey Brower, J. H. Brant, Francis M. Smith, Martin Christen-sen, Conrad Bodes, Thomas L. Curas, George Rose, Joseph Conley, Thomas Kay, John T. Ream, Francis M. Sageser, Daniel N. Clements, Byron C. Rizhardson, Walton Walton, J. M. Livingston, Charles K. Pheips, Marsden I. Craw, James H. Applegate, George W. Cooper, John V. Plympton, John J. Chitwood, John McWilliams, Original widows, etc.—Louisa Richey, Daniel Nettle ton, Elizabeth Roach.

ton, Elizabeth Roach.

Iowa: Original—Ralph E. Halloway,
James M. Worthington, William H.
Hunter, Ewing B. McCteary, Leonidas
H. Brannon, Charles W. Shepard, Joseph Mickle, John L. Morgan, J. W. Bonney,
Samuel F. Miller, George W. Bollenbaugh,
John G. Krouse, Ransom Lee, Oscar A.
Terpening, Frank Markel, William F.
Condron, Morrison Willver, Elias J. Tietsort,
John Matthews, Isaac Kemble, John Ryan, delegates to the national convention at John Matthews, Isaac Kensie, John Ryan, James H. Shaver, Thomas J. Shafer, Ralph E. Halloway, Dixon Cottinger, Edga Stowell, Thomas Moore. Asbury Hartshein John U. Young, John W. Wilson, Patrick H John U. Young, John W. Wilson, Patrick H. McConley, Benjamin, Lake, David W. Baldwin, Lewis E. Ward, Robert J. Salen, George A. Smith, Mortimer H. Shepard, John W. Moon, Waiter Babbs, Alex. Abbott, Herman A. Herns, Frank O'Brien, John W. Blizzau, Archy O Laughliu, Peter Leenbout, Walker Miller, Jackson C. Smith, Morris H. Warner, Jacob Hurrell, William B. Brown, Edwin S. Morey, Additional—Edwin M. Carrel, Peter Conners, Orlginal widows, etc.—Emma C. Johnson, Hannah J. Mathews, Pauline Rohde, Catherine Eich. Mathews, Pauline Rohde, Catherine Eich. iaria G. Gibson, Jane G. Pulver, mother. South Dakota: Original—LerenzoC. Stead man, Carolina Munson, J. Hantimer, Henry M. Ballard, John A. Booth, George Pratt, M. Ballard, John A. Booth, George Frank, H. H. Henderson, Additional—James Haw-lins, Franklin S. Mason, North Dakota: Original—Cyrus G. Alton, Joseph Allen, J. K. Lampe.

MAY LOSE A BIG EXHIBIT

Official Delay of World's Fair Managers Likely to Prove Very Costly.

EUROPEANS TIRED OF PROCRASTINATION

Discovery of a Corpse Floating in the Lake Frozen in a Solid Block of Ice-Gossip of the Gar-

den City.

CHICAGO BUREAU OF THE BRE, CHICAGO, ILL., Feb. 10. Official delay seems likely to lose the World's fair the fines; single exhibit Europe had to offer-the \$300,000 electrical display planned by Siemens & Halske of Berlin and London. The display as originally planned included a magnificent array of art illuminating appliances, a tunnel with new electric mining apparatus, powerful machinery with one motor alone of 1,500 horse power, a great electric search light and a section of street rallway track 3,000 feet long showing three different systems of operation by electricity. Space had been applied for by the firm through Herr Wermuth, the imperial commissioner for Germany, and the manufacturers supposed there would be little delay in getting the necessary grant of space from the exposition company here. Herr Adolph Vogele was sent to Chicago to get the necessary plans, expecting, as he said, to stay four days. That was four months ago, and Herr Vogele is still here. When Herr Vogele found he was making no progress he cabled the Berlin house. Aradd von Siemens, president of the company, came over immediately, bringing with him his chief engineer, an architect and the counsel the company to urge upon exposition company the neces-of closing up the affair sity of closing up the affair at once so work could be commenced on the exhibit. Mr. Siemens and his company of

advisers have occupied a suite of rooms at the Auditorium for three weeks. Yesterday after a final effort to get a definite answer to their proposition from the directors and Chief of Construction Burnham, they intimated that they would abandon any attempt at an elaborate exhibit and content them-selves with a small display of specialties. The national board of control meets today and will probably take up the general question of controlling the exhibits, using the Siemens & Halske case as one in point. It is understood the board intends to settle finally whether

shall have it in their power to install or exclude exhibits.

Chief Ives of the department of fine arts, who has been traveling in Europe for six months in the interests of the fine art exsend splendid displays. Chief Ives has just visited Barcelona and Madrid, and is also confident of a fine exhibit from Spain. He will sail for New York next Saturday.

the directors and the chief of construction

Frozen in a Cake of Ice. Frederick Parker, an employe of the water works pumping station, last night noticed an odd-looking object floating in the lake which proved to be the body of a man firmly frozen in a cake of ice. The calloused hands proclaimed the man to have been a laborer, or more probably a sailor, and from appearances the body had been in its present condition for some time. It is not known who the

dead man is or whore he came from. He was perhaps 50 years of age. Odds and Ends.

A new enterprise is to be started in chicago within the next two months which will do a great deal toward revolutionizing the system of operating rolling stock on all the railroads. This is the construction of an extensive plant where compressed air appliances of an improved pattern for passengers and freight trains will be manufactured. The new scheme will be controlled by a wealthy stock company, among the members of which is E. P. Ripley, third vice president of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road

Among all the ingenious efforts of sub-dividers, what is known as "Jackson Park addition," takes rank. Lots have been selling in the alleged addition for meaths. The plat presented to prospective lot purchasers shows land skirting the southwest shore of Lake Michigan between Jackson Park and some point not definitely located in Indiana. The unitles of time and space are entirely ignored, and from the plat here would be no way of determining the alleged addition is from Jackson Park, or forty miles from the business center of Chi

cago. Cook county citizens are indignant because as it is alleged, it is to lose \$100,000 in school funds properly belonging to it, and the cause is variously charged to the density of State Superintendent Raabi, the indifference of State Auditor Pavey and the perverse negli-gence of the census bureau at Washington. Samuel Maxwell, chief justice of the su preme court of Nebraska, is at the Sherman being in town for the purpose of the delivery of a course of lectures on the code of plead-ing before the law class of the Northwestern

university. The Columbia Electric Transmission com-pany, for the conveyance of power by elec-tricity after the plan now in use in Frankfort, Germany, is to erect a plant at Mar-scilles, Ill., eighty miles from Chicago. A new style of thief has been discovered

by the arrest here of a man named Charles B. Lord, who has been making a living by removing stamps from papers left on mail boxes. Lord has a complete outlit for his work, including books for pulling out letters, and knives and sponges which he uses for cutting and washing the stamps off. The Danville News formally announces

Joseph G. Cannon's candidacy for the repub ican nomination to congress. A son of George D. Plant, ex-county superintendent of schools and present principal of the O'Toole school in the old Town of Lake, s locked up at the finistead street station.

harged with highway robbery. Western People in Chicago, The following western people are in the

At the Palmer-W. J. Cooper, Lincoln; T. P. Gere, Sigux City, Ia.; Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Douglass, Omaha; Mrs. J. E. Boynton, Douglass, Omahi Codar Rapids, Ia. At the Weilington-Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Cassady, Council Bluffs; T. W. Marquette, ir., Des Moines.

At the Auditorium-L. A. Carey, J. Mulvihill, Omaha. DECIDED ON REPRESENTATION.

Remnants of Congressional Committees Meet and Call Conventions. The three gentlemen composing the present republican congressional committee in the Second congressional district of Nebrasks met ast night at the Millard hotel and decided upon the time and place for the holding of the district convention, at which

Minneapolis will be selected.
The committee is composed of the members The committee is composed of the members of the old First district committee who reside in the counties now in the Second district, viz: Douglas, Sarpy and Washington. They are Fred W. Gray for Douglas, Henry Gottsch for Sarpy and Denne Allbery of Blair for Washington county. The meeting was brief and harmonious. It was decided to call the district cohvention on Saturday, April 23, in Washington hall. The basis of representation will be upon the vote on Judge Post last fail. Each county will be entitled to one delegate for each 150 votes and one delegate-at-large. The chairmen of and one delegate at large. The chairmen of the county central committees will be re-quested to call the primaries and the county conventions for the purpose of selecting delegates to the district convention.

In the Sixth District. KEARNEY, Neb., Feb. 10.-[Special Telegram to THE BEE. | — The following is the republican central committee of this congressional district as confirmed at this evening's | yesterday.

meeting: Arthur, no representation; Boyd, E. O. Biake, Butte; Blaine, G. W. Rankin, Brewster; Brown, T. J. Smith, Ainsworth; Buffalo, J. L. Keck, Kearney; Box Butte, A. L. Field, Alliance; Banner, E. F. Coman, Harrisourg; Chevenne, W. P. Niles, Sidney; Cherry, A. D. Cole, Cody; Custer, C. C. Woodruff, Broken Bow; Dawson, J. H. Me-Call, Lexington; Devel, F. B. Morgan, Chap. Woodruff, Broken Bow; Dawson, J. H. McCall, Lexington; Deuel, F. B. Morgan, Chappell: Dawes, A. J. Handion, Chadron; Garfield, F. A. Webster, Burwell; Grant, O. P. Warner, Hyannis; Holt, John Skirving, Stewart; Hooker, J. A. Holmes, Sences; Keya Paha, H. S. Jarvis, Spring View; Keith, E. M. Searles, Ogallala; Kimball, L. W. Biggle, Kimball; Lincoln, J. E. Evans, North Platte; Logan, J. B. Gandy, Grundy; Loup, George F. Scott, Taylor; McPherson, D. P. Wilcox, McPherson; Rock, J. D. Kreybel, Bassett; Shorman, Taylor; McPherson, D. P. Wilcox, McPherson; Rock, J. D. Kreybel, Bassett; Sherman, W. H. Conger, Loup City; Sheridan, J. Beeley, Gordon; Scotts Biuff, E. P. Westvelt, Gering; Sionx, E. G. Hough, Harrison; Thomas, W. E. Rankin, Thedford; Valley, John Wall, Arcaoia; Wheeler, L. D. Gassburn, Beloit; Greeley, G. W. Scott, Scotia; Howard, Charles Chinn, St. Paul.

The committee met here this evening at

Howard, Charles Chinn, St. Paul.

The committee met here this evening at the Midway hotel. The counties represented were: Buffalo, J. L. Keck; Box Butte, A. L. Field; Cherry, C. H. Cornell; Custer, C. C. Woodruff; Dawson, E. O. Cook; Deuel, F. B. Morgan; Lincoln, J. E. Evans; Me-Pherson, J. D. Thatcher; Sherman, W. H. Conger; Sloux, E. G. Hough; Howard, B. F. Thomas. The temporary organization make Thomas. The temperary organization make J. L. Kock chairman and W. W. Barney of Kearney scretary. The committee decided to hold two conventions, one for ciecting two delegates and alternates to the national con vention and one for nominating congress-man. Kearney was selected for the district convention to name delegates and the time shall be two days prior to holding the state convention to elect delegates at large. The representation of counties shall be the same apportionment as decided upon by the state central committee for the state convention and the chairman and secretary will make

It was decided emphatically that no prox-s will be allowed at any convention over which the committee has jurisdiction, but alternates will be named. The time and place for holding the congressional conven-tion was referred to the district convention. Kearney and Broken Bow are candidates. and when the matter of cutertainment and convenience is taken into consideration Kearney has first place in the minds of the committee present. The permanent organization made J. E. Evans of North Platte chairman and W. W.

Barney of Kearney secretary,
A resolution was passed unanimously, recommending Kearney for the congressional convention. The chairman will appoint an advisory committee to cooperate with him in

campaign work. When the business was completed the meeting resolved into a republican love feast and campaign oratory began to flow. Chair-man Evans suggested that campaign work begin early, and that special attention should be given to republican clubs and school house meetings. W. H. Conger said the olive branch should be held out to the way ward, and that by well directed efforts all dissatisfied republicans would swing back nto line; that the campaign should be an

educational one.
The meeting was harmonious throughout The following advisory committee was appointed: John Skirving of Stewart, W. H. Conger of Loup City, C. C. Woodruff of Broken Bow, E. H. Cook of Lexington and F. P. Morgan of Chappell.

Fifth District Representation. HASTINGS, Neb., Feb. 10-|Special Telegram to THE BEE. |- The republican congressional central committee of the Fifth district met in the parlors of the Bostwick hotel at 7:30 this evening, presided over by its chairman, Colonel J. P. Gage of Franklin county. Judge J. P. Rhea of Holdrege was elected secretary to fill a vacancy and on assuming the office resigned his position as committeeman from Phelps county. Herbert W. Scott was chosen in his place and delegates from Hall and Perkins counties were admitted. It was ordered that two conventions be held, one for the purpose of nomi rating a congressman at McCook, and the other to elect delegates to the national republican convention at Minneapolis, to be

ield at Holdrege.
The former convention was set for June 13 and the latter for May 5. The basis of representation was made for one delegate for each county and one for every 100 votes cast

in 1890 for G. H. Hastings. This gives Adams sixteen delegates. Chase and Clay fourteen, Dundy four, Frontier six, Furnas seven, Frontier six, Gosper three, Hall twelve, Harlan five, Hitchcock five, Kearney eight, Nuckells, Perkins and helps five, Red Willow nine, and Webster It was recommended that no proxies b

allowed in these conventions but that the delegates present cast the full vote of the ounty.
A number of candidates for congressme were present. Among them were Prof. W. E. Andrews of Hastings, James L. Cline and James McPheely from Minden. Wait M. Seely was one of the interested crowd. Committeemen are very chary about ex-pressing their preferences for congressmen

and no one can predict the result. Fourth Distret Republicans. FARMONT, Neb., Feb. 10.- | Special Tele gram to THE BEE. |- The republican congressional central committee of the Fourth district met this evening in the parlors of the Clarendon hotel in this city. H. M. Kellogg of Hamilton, temporary chairman, cailed the meeting to order. C. S. Miller of Fairmont was elected permanent chairman on first bal-C. A. McCloud, formerly secretary of the old Second district, was elected secretary of the new Fourth by acclamation York was selected on second ballot as the place of holding the convention. Fairmont made a good fight for the honor, but lost by one vote. The committee recommended that each county be allowed one delegate and one at large for each 150 or major fraction thereof, of the votes cast for G. H. Hasting

in 1890. Wednesday, April 13, at 7:30 p. m., was selected as the date of the meeting of the convention.

The chairman and secretary were authorized to issue a call for the meeting and see that it is published in the republican papers of the district. It was recommended that each county be allowed as many alternates

as delegates.

The committee extended a vote of thanks to the people of Fairmont for the hospitality shown its members. The committee then adjourned subject to call of the chair.

The following delegates were present; D. C. Revnolds of Butler, C. S. Miller of Fillmore, Jack Emery of Gage, H. M. Kellogg of Hamilton, George Cross of Jefferson, E. L. King of Poik, E. M. Jenkins of Thayer, R. K. Johason of Saunders, W. H. Stout of R. Johnson of Saunders, W. H. Stout of Saline, R. S. Normal of Seward and A. J. Newman of York.

Gas and Oil in Michigan. KILLMASTER, Mich., Feb. 10.-Prospectors or gas and oil at this point say the indications on the rock are more favorable than any new territory in which they have ever fore the rock was reached is pronounced true petrolsum gas.

Mrs. Newberry Charged with Insanity.

CLEBURNE, Tex., Feb. 10.-James Barnard

last evening made affidavit charging his mother, Mrs. Mary Newberry, with lunsey, Mrs. Newberry, it will be remembered, is the old lady who about a week ago confessed to having murdered her three little grandchil Work of Sacrilegious Burglars, GALESBURG, III., Feb. 10.-The Church of

Corpus Christi was entered by burglars last

night. The altars were smashed open and

the silverware, silver relic case and the con-

tents of the contribution boxes were stolen

In the Burlington's Interest. Boston, Mass., Feb. 10 .- The Burlington circular to stockholders offering them the right to take new convertible bonds at par up to 10 per cent of their holding was issued

## BLOOD FLOWING

Nav Sudians Leave Their Peaceful Pur-- raits for the Warpath.

SERIOUS OUTBREAK IN NEW MEXICO People Along the Border of the Reservation

Badly Frightened at Present.

COWBOYS FIGHTING NEAR COOLIDGE They Issued a Challenge to the Indians

Which Was Promptly Accepted.

MAY ANNIHILATE THE WHITE MEN

Word Brought from the Battle by a Runner in Search of Reinforcements.

CATTLE STEALING CAUSED THE ROW

Predatory Excursions of Renegades from the Reservation, Reprisals by the Cattlemen and Resentment by the Indians-

A Serious Situation.

ALBUQUEQUE, N. M., Feb. 10.- Special Pelegram to THE BEE. |- J. M. Dennis, the awmiller at Coolidge, who is here, received last night a dispatch from his manager, A. E. Batchelder, that the Navajo Indians were congregating in squads of from twenty-nye to fifty at the small towns on the Atlantic & Pacific between LaGuana and Coolridge,

with the intention of clearing out the cowboys along the road. At Chaucz station seventy-five Indians are olding a pow-wow. They have on the war paint, and are heavily armed. The people are in great excitement. The women have their trunks packed, ready to leave, while the cowboys are rustling all the arms they can get, and propose to stand their ground. Mrs. C. Jenkins, wife of the manager of he eating house at Coolinge, with her two children were the first to reach the city, and she tells THE BEE correspondent that the In-

population of Coolidge and vicinity are up in arms and ready for the conflict.

dians and cowboys are massing their forces

for an engagement, and that the whole white

Challenge Offered and Accepted. Yesterday a number of cowboys from several of the ranges ascembled at Coolidge and defied the Indians then in town to commence carrying into execution their threats. The Indians left on horseback and went in the direction of Coddington's ranch. An hour later a runner came into Coolidge at breakneck speed, and reported that an engagement was in progress at the ranch between the Indians and cowboys there, and that if the latter were not soon reinforced the Indians would annihilate them. Those in Coolidge then left to join their associates, out the actual result of the right has not been

received. It is said today that the fight now reported raging is one of bloodshed and is being dest perately fought on in every inch of ground

bered. There is a rumor in circulation here to. gight that the fight at Coddington's is still going on, and that each side is in timber and hooting from behind trees. The Indians were noticed carrying away three of their

The ding room girls at the Coolidge eating houses and the women from other towns and anches are expected in the city tonight.

How It All Started.

During the present winter the cattlemen whose ranges border the Navajo reservation have lost a number of cattle, stolen and killed, and the cowboys have traced the depredations to the Navajos. The owners of the stock have called on the chiefs for some kind of settlement, but their iemands were met with slurs, aunts and throats. Both sides since then have been bantering each other for a fight and the cowboys finally destroyed one of the Navajo houses, the Indians retaliating by burning the out houses on a ranch a few miles from Coolidge, and the present affair is the outcome of the bad feel-

ing which has all winter existed between he Indians and cow boys. This is another illustration of the manner n which the Indians are controlled by the department at Washington. More than half the Indians are off the reservation, and always have been. All the trouble is caused

TRAIN ROBBER HEDSPETH ARRESTED. Surprised While Going for His Mull in the

by the thieving of the renegades.

San Francisco Postoffice.
San Francisco, Cal., Feb. 10.—Marion Hedspeth, the noted Missouri desporado, who is wanted in St. Louis for connection with the Glendale, Mo., train robbery, was arrested at the point of a pistol at the postoffice here today, by Captain Lees and a detail of detectives. Heaspeth was taken to Lees' office where two revolvers, a roll of reenbacks, aggregating \$800, \$200 in gold and a number of diamonds and other jewelry

were found on him. Hedspeth took his arrest good-naturedly, and said he was willing to return t. Louis without requisition papers. The detectives had information that Hedspeth was in town and were waiting in the postoffice for him to call for his mail.

As Hedspoth crossed the threshold one As Hedspeth crossed the threshold and detective grasped him from behind and pinned his arms to his sides. The other officers then presented their pistois and pointed them at Hedspeth, Captain Lees remarking: "Take your hands out of your marking: "Take your hands out of your pockets or I'll kill you." Reluctantly Hodsneth obeyed the command and was quickly taken to police headquarters.

Hedspeth in an interview stated he had

been keeping watch on the police and was better informed of what they were doing than the officers were of his movements. "Where were you when your wife was ar-

"I was at 772 Tenth street, Orkland, at the time. She is innocent of any crime and should not have been arrested, and I have no toubt but that she will go free in a short Were you in concealment most of the "No. On the other hand I have attended

theaters and gone around to public places and made no special endoavor io avoid ar-Later in the day Hedspeth was locked up in the tanks at the city prison, and will be guarded day and night to prevent his escape. When arrested, Hedspeth had just received five letters from the delivery clerk at the postoffice. They were addressed to A. B.

Demands of Trainmen Granted. St. JOSEPH, Mo., Feb. 10.-The St. Joseph & Grand Island road has granted the demand of the conductors and brakemen for more money, thereby averting the threat-