## THOUSANDS VISIT THE FAIR.

Nebraska's Great Exhibit Draws Great Throngs to Lincoln.

PROSPEROUS FARMERS TALK CROPS.

Assurances from Reliable Sources of the Supply the State's Fields Have Yielded This Year

-Notes.

Lixcoln, Neb., Sept. 8. - [Special to Tue BEE. ]-At 9 o'clock this morning the heavy clouds which had prevailed since last night broke away and the sun came out, making the day a perfect one for fair purposes. Excursion train after excursion train rolled up to the grounds, and at noon it was estimated that there were not fewer than 15,000 people on the ground. Among these were hundreds of school children to whom the gates had been thrown open free of charge.

All the pavilions were thronged with visitors, and the exhibit of blooded animals especially attracted a large number of spectators. The music on the grounds is furnished by

the Humboldt band, and is appreciated by very large audiences. Messrs. R. R. Greer of Kearney, A. L. Strang, world's fair commissioners, viewed the exhibits with a view to making a selec-tion for the Columbian exposition. Commissioner Martin of Omaha is expected

Blooded Stock.

The display of blooded animals is one of the greatest features of this exhibition. The stalls for the accommodation of these animals are located along the fences of the inclosure and scattered in several places throughout the grounds. The horses mainly belong to Nebraska owners, though quite a number of them come from abroad.

Among the dealers on the ground are the following: F. W. Upton, Beaver Crossing; O. S. Wolcott & Sons, Archer; J. N. An-tine, Tamora; N. B. Judd, Dawson; J. Flum, Tamora; Joseph Watson & Co. Beatrice; Frank James, St. Paul; George N. Beatrice; Frank James, St. Paul; George N. Wright & Co., Carleton; George L. Abbott, Staplehurst; Peter Hopley & Co., Lewis, Ia.; D. Mooney, Wymore; W. G. Durrell, Lincoln; A. H. MeLeilan, Trumbull; Alex Sioao, Unadilla; Joseph Watson, Beatrice; L. Banks Wilson, Creston; E. A. Westcott, Malcolm; Ephraim Rife, Lincoln; J. N. Cameron, Raymond; C. H. Crawford, Lincoln; J. W. Hoyle, York; W. H., Barstow, Crete; Westcott, Glibbon & Co., Westcott; Crete; Westcott, Gibbon & Co., Westcott; A. C. Sabin, Beatrice; Bent Ashmore, Lex-

Poultry Exhibit.

The poultry exhibit has been located in a large frame building of the shape of St. Andrew's cross. The walls are lined with cages, crates, boxes and coops and in them are sheltered several thousand pet and farm poultry from the diminutive bantam to the massive and imposing Langsham's. The presence of lordly chanticleer is otherwise made known by the incessant crowing in a hundred different styles. The exhibit is the largest ever made in the state and the variety is much more interesting than it was a

Among the leading exhibitors are the Beatrice Poultry and Pet Stock association Beatrice Pointry and Pet Stock association with 165 entries; Omaha Poultry and Pet Stock association, 150; S. J. & H. Carpenter, Waverly, 30; Smith brothers; Lincoln, 12; A. Armstrone, Greenwood, 12; Carl J. Weck, Ellsworth, Kan, 15 poultry, 80 pigeons; Mrs. W. O. Fletcher, Lincoln, 8; T. F. Loster, Lincoln, 20; Thomas Dobson, 20; Tho F. Loster, Lincoln. 20; Thomas Dobson, Germantown, 20; L. P. Harris, Lincoln. 20; Dr. Knapp, Lincoln, 18; L. C. Lemon, Uni-versity Place, 16; J. A. McNabb, Lincoln, 16; J. L. Lyman, Lincoln; William Rotton, Jr., Unadilia; E. E. Day, Weeping Water, 15; F. Davis & Co., Dwyer, Ind.
The exhibit attracts hundreds of visitors,

who find an accommodating superintendent in J. R. McGahan and an assistant in J. A.

Alley. They Talked Crops. Senator Wilson, Dawes county-Wheat with us will run sixty-nve pounds to the bushel and forty-one bushels to the acre. We have not yet got through harvesting. Oats will reach from sixty to ninty bushels to the acro and forty-five pounds to the bushel. We have had some trouble on account of the rain. We need dry weather now to ripen the corr. A large number of our farmers will prove up on their lands this year, the sheerful prosts and good crops giving them the encouragement they need, number of the settlers up our way left us and went home during the win ter, but they have since returned. They went away with the permission of the government, which allows settlers six months cave of absence when a failure of crops upon

-their claims occurs. All they have to do is to file an afildavit of the failure and the settlers can go where they please for the time allowed. W. A. Day of Hall County—The crops are generally very good. Melons, however, are very poor. There are very few of our farmers raising sugar beets, for the reason that they do not consider that they have been treated rightly. They do not think they have been well enough paid. You know there can be no such thing as a full crop. It has never taken place. Well, that was expected of the farmers who were raising sugar beets. They could not have raised a

full crop of anything, more especially of beets, something they had never raised before. I know it to be a fact, though, that some of the farmers did better when they were cultivating the beets in their own way than they did when they were under the in struction of the experts who had been imported from abroad.

N. H. Hansen, Hunter, Dixon county-

The crops this year are the best we have had for four years and everybody feels happy over the prospect. Wayne and Dixon county are setting up rapidly. I never saw such immigration. They are coming to us from all parts of the country. They are attracted to us because we have had good crops every year, except possibly three years ago when small grain did not show up very well. Corn is a little late, but it is that way all over the country. It will yield with us from forty to sixty bushels per acre. J. J. Morris, Humboldt, Richardson county

-If the frost keeps off till the corn is matured we shall have a good barvest. Some of the corn is good and some is not good. It is all owing to the peculiarity of the season. Some of it is spetted. The wet season prevented corn from maturing. It would make one stalk short and allow another to grow tall. We shall not have a great crop, but we

shall have a good one.

Joseph Graff, Firth, Lancaster countycorn with us is not as good as it was two years ago, though our small grain is much better than it over was before. We can't account for the backwardness of the corn ex-cept by the hot winds which prevailed for

three or tour days. We are away head of last year, though.
E. Breary, Fullerton, Nance county— E. Breary, Fullerton, Sance county Everything is favorable for a grand crop. Flax is especially good. Many of our far-mers were pretty hard pressed last winter, but this crop will bring them out of trouble. There is little luminariation to our county be-

cause it is already settled up. H. Giebb, inland-The crop last year was pretty nearly knocked out. This year, it will be the greatest in three years. Wheat will show up from twenty to twenty-five bushels to the acre, flax, ten to twenty-two bushels. I have raised eighteen and one-half bushels to the acre and have thirty-live bushels planted and sold the produce for S2 cents a bushel. In money matters the people are in pretty good shape. The were a little tight during the winter, but they are going to be helped by this crop. We have never had a holped by this crop. We have never had a testotal failure, though last year was the nearest to one I have ever seen.

Dr. Lewis, Albion—The corn is late, the Wheat is good, the data excellent. They are the best ever raised in the county. Money is

rise and is maintaining it. This crop will put the farmers on their feet. We have never had any relief in our county, the people have always been enabled to pull out under all

George F. Milbourne, Minden—The farmers are elated over the crop prospect. They are away ahead of any crop they ever had. In my immediate vicinity, wheat will run from a third to a half more than at any other time. Corn will be four times greater, and wheat from three to four times more than before. The further west you go, the better the crops become, which is, purhaps, just as

the people require.

S. J. Kryder, Dorchester—The storm took down our cats so that we shall not have an average crop. There were some cats which were taken down so low that they will not be cut. We are all hoping that the frost may not come. Last year, on the 12th of this month, we had frost which froze all vegetation.

D. Anderson, Burwell—The farmers in our neighborhood are nearly all new ones.

Many of them came there with very little money. They got into debt. Those of them who had been in debt before last year, found it pretty hard last winter. They have found it pretty hard even during the past season. Many of them did not have sufficient feed for their horses and they could not give the proper attention to their crops. As a result, the crops in such instances will not average well. Those farmers would put their horses out to feed one-half of the day on grass and work them the other half. But grass and work them the other half. But they could'nt cultivate well in that manner. O. Wilson, Burwell—Let me give you a sample of what we have raised. S. T. Flur-rier threshed thirty-eight bushels of wheat to the acre, and in one acre and three-quar-ters the yield was seventy-four bushels. That was good enough for \$7-an-acre land. We are sending out two men Monday next systematically to advertise. They are going to Illinois and other states especially to seek people

with means to come and settle among us, O. P. Hager, near Lushton-Nothing was raised among us last year, not enough to feed the stock. This year every product is great and fruit is especially plentiful. Winter wheat is making about forty bushels to the acre. Outs, however, are not even. This is owing to the variety that was used. The rust set in and struck some of them. Vegetables are in abundance. We have few settlers coming into our county. There is no land but what is owned by the residents. There are no speculators and no railroad

lands. Ross Colwell, Exeter-All agree that the crops of this year will make up what was lost last year. I have heard none of the farmers talk about the excessive charges of the railroads. H. C. Hardnock, Alve-The crops have

been somewhat injured by the rains. The farmers are discussing freight rates and want some reduction. Some of them provose to hold their grain until they can get the prices they want, but those who are renting can not do this. Some of these renters are

can not do this. Some of these renters are paying \$250 for eignty acres.

D. J. Moeile, Montclaire, Nuckolls county—I haven't heard much kicking about rail-road rates, but they are certainly high enough. I think it will hardly pay for me to ship my grain, because I believe the speculators have special rates. Those shippers are preferred to the farmer. I have planted fifty acres of winter wheat and will realize 1,500 bushels from it. The crops are better now than they have ever been before, R. H. Bell. Dunbar—If the frost will stay R. H. Bell, Dunbar-If the frost will stay

away two or three weeks we will have ex-cellent crops. We can stand a little frost, just enough to stop vegitation and ripen the corn, but not too much. William Campbell, Nebraska City—The railroads could reduce rates one-fifth and still make money. We ship beef and pork and fruit. They charge me 27 cents to ship apples to Columbus, a distance of 127 miles, and it costs me only the same amount to ship scattle to Chicago, a distance of 600 miles. Otoe county will this year ship 150,-

000 barrels of apples and a large part of these will go to Chicago. One firm will take 30,000 of them because the apples can be shipped east cheaper than it can be shipped west. Tomorrow's Programme.

Class O-Instruments. Whole of this class. Class P-Agricultural society. Whole of this class, Class Q-Discretionary. Whole of this class. Class R-Special premiums. Whole of this

Class A-Horses. Driving horses, all pur-Class A—Horses. Driving horses, all purposes, watking horses, mules and asses.
Class B—Cattle. Natives grades Jerseys,
Gueroseys, Hoisteins, mileh cows.
Class C—Sheep. Crosses of any breed.
Grand sweepstakes No. 1.
Class D—Swine. Small Yorkshires.
Class E—Poultry. Whole of this class.
Class E—Poultry. Whole of this class.
Class G—Toxtile department. Machine sowing, painting, cake, etc.
Class II—Fine acts. Lot three, lot five, discretionary.

Class M-Mechanical arts. Lot four, manuacturers: lot five, discretionary. Class N-Machinery. Implements. vehicles.

etc. Speed—Foals of 1888, trotting, mile heats, 3 in 5, \$300; 2:40 class, trotting, guaranteed purse, \$1,000; 2:40 class, pacing, \$.50; running, half mile and repeat, \$100.

Notes. The P. P. Mast & Co's exhibit this year is ahead of former years. It includes Buckeye pressed drills, hay rakes, cultivators, cider mills, etc. The exhibit is in charge of their manager, Mr. H. D. Cone, who reports their trade good. Their new Buckeye pressed drill is having a very large trade, and the factory at Springfield, O., is far behind in

How Box Butte county makes a fine showing. It was incorporated March 14, 1887, and although young is one of the foremost in the state as is proven by the exhibit. Several samples of oats and straw are over six feet high; oats that weigh forty-eight pounds to the bushel and some that weigh only forty-two pounds; samples from an eighty acre tract that yielded eighty-one bashels and a peck per acre; several samples of wheat five and a half feet high; thirty acres in Box Butte yielded fifty bushels of wheat to the acre. Rye samples are as good as any ever shown. They haven't threshed an acre that has yielded less than twenty bushels. Rye averages eighteen to twenty-eight bushels; wheat average is twenty-five to thirty-five bushels; Fine samples of sugar beets, cabbage and squash are displayed in varieties; als toes, fifteen of which make a bushel by weight. They are Mammoth Pearl and Early All the native grasses of the state are exhibited, as well as tobacco, tomatoes, flax.

tima beans, etc. Samples of garden fruit are The Crete nurseries show 300 plates of fruit, 112 varieties of apples, grapes, plums, pears and Siberians too numerous to mention. At the head of the table at the west entrance is printed with fruit a quotation from Solo-mon's song, "Comfort me with apples." The panel work on the south side of the table is of fruits and evergreens advortising the Crete nurseries. They have the largest exhibit in the hall. They show these as samples from their orchard yielding in 1891, 15,000 bushels of apples. Single acres of this orchard by measure are yielding above 1,000 bushels. In nursery stock they show their usual lines of fruit trees, fruit plants, evergreens, shade and ornamental trees. The aurseries brought to the fair thirty parrels of fruit and 200 baskets to distribute among eastern visitors and editors with a view to advertising the resources of the

state. Fairbangs, Morse & Co. of Omaha exhibit Fairbanks, Morse & Co. of Omaha exhibit the celebrated Fairbanks' scales, Eclipse wind mills, pumps, tanks, etc. This enterprising firm have erected a railroad water tank on the grounds twelve feet high by twenty feet in diameter with a capacity of \$25 barrels. Three pumping wind mills and one large nower mill are set up and working. They also have a fancy weighing and measuring scale upon which they weigh all comers. Two wagen scales help to complete this exhibit. exhibit.

## Repudiate the Call.

New York, Sept. 8.-The municipal counsel of the Irish National league of New York met tenight and adopted a resolution repudiating the action of President Fitzgerald of the Irish National League of America, in issuing a call for a national convention in Chieago on October 1 and 2, on the ground that the basis of representation as stated in the call is in direct conflict with the league constitution, and that the proposed change from Philadelphia to Chicago of the meeting place rather scarce, though real estate has taken a president and executive committee,

LOOKS BAD FOR O'FLAHERTY.

Verdict of the Coroner's Jury in Hartington's Poisoning Case.

ADMINISTERED WITH FELONIOUS INTENT.

Defendant Urged an Immediate Hearing and was Placed on Irial - Funeral of One of the Victims.

Hartington, Neb., Sept. 8.- Special Telegram to THE BEE | - In the poisoning case, full particulars of which appeared in yesterday's Bur, the coroner's jury brought in a verdict that Oleson came to his death from poison administered by Dennis O'Flaherty with feronious intent. Martin Kudson's life is still hanging by a thread. O Flaherty de-

mands an immediate preliminary hearing. The testimony adduced at the coroner's inquest was very damaging to the accused. The principal witness, Hans Schager, one of the men who were poisoned, says that O'Flaberty gave them a bottle in response to request for something to drink. The bottle was labelled "poison," but was not noticed r heeded by the men.

After all had drank, O'Flaherty remarked that it was bedoug poison, and drove away, O'Flaherty says he though alcohol and corrosive sublimate were put up by pharmadisist in separate packages.

The preliminary hearing was commenced this afternoon and continued until tomorrow. The funeral of Andres Oison, one of the poisoned men, occured this afternoon. It was largely attended. The attending physicians say Martin Kudson, another of the poisoned men, cannot live longer than a few

NEBRASKA'S FAIR COMMISSION.

Perfecting Arrangements to Exhibit the State's Inexhaustible Resources. Lincoln, Neb., Sept. 8 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-There was a meeting at he Lincoln hotel tonight of the Nebraska Worlds fair commission, The members present were Messrs. R. R. Green of Kearney, director general; A. L. Strang, Omaha, president; J. H. Powers of Hitchcock county, secretary; Seth P. Mobley of Grand Island; Samuel Brass of Juniata; J. Miller of Wayne, and J. S. Morton of Nebraska City. There were present also about forty representatives of the counties in the western part of the state which have exhibits at the state fair.

The object was to enlist the services and influence of the men in securing a first-class selection of exhibits from all parts of the state in the World's Fair. The greatest enenthusiasm prevailed. All the county representatives pledged themselves and their counties to allow the commissioners to use the exhibits now at the state fair, together with any products which might be required ither now or in the future, to give Nebraska a first class representation at the fair. The commission will meet again tomorrow morning in the governor's chambers at the capitol

Soldiers' and Sailors' Reunion. NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., Sept. 8 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE. ]-The soldiers' and sailors' reunion of southeastern Nebraska is now in full blast in this city and all indications point to it being one of the most suc cessful of any yet held. The citizens are prepared to welcome the old veterans. Central avenue is one continuous stream of bunting, Grand Army of the Republic emblems and flags of welcome. From every building is floating to the breeze flags with the fortyour stare. At the camp everything is ready for the boys. From a high pole the stars and stripes shows the visitors where headquar-

ters are. The band from Ashland arrived here at 1:10 p. m. and was met at the depot and marched to Camp Larsh, where everything vas formally turned over to the veterans The Auburn band arrived tonight. The Auburn jost will be here in the morning on a special train. Hon, John C. Watson will de-liver the address of welcome.

The exposition is in full blast and is a great success. Hastings' Paving Discussed.

HASTINGS, Neb., Sept. 8.- | Special to THE BEE. | -At a special meeting of the city council last night the paving petition was discussed. From the outset there appeared to be some legal questions which would have to be settled pefore an election could be called or ponds issued. These questions were referred to Acting City Attorney Tibbetts for examination. Another special meeting will be held in a day or so, when the matter

will be further acted on.

The account of the ball game at Beatrice esterday made the score Beatrice, 11; Hast . It should have been Beatrice, II; Fre-The prevailing sentiment among the Adams

county democrats is in favor of a straight ounty and judicial ticket. A very respecta ble minority, however, are in favor of placing no ticket in the field. The city has been captured by the new

students of Hastings college, which opens comorrow. The two new professors, Edwin Randal, A.B., of Wabash, mathematics. Irving, A.B., of Parsons college, Greek, have arrived. Dodge County Independents

FREMONT, Neb., Sept. 8 .- Special Tele gram to THE BEE. |-The Dodgo county peoole's independent convention was held this afternoon at the court room. They nominated a full county ticket, as follows: Charles Feichtinger, treasurer; J. A. Garner, clerk; L. Johnson, sheriff; G. N. Frazer, judge; E. Crist, clerk of the court; J. B. Street, surrevor; Dr. Charles Inches, coroner, and W. I. Gregg, superintendent. Resolutions were passed endorsing the Cincinnati, Hastings and Columbus platforms, endorsing the judi cial nominees of the Sixth district, declaring that the non-partisan movement on the part of republicans and democrats in the no tions of judges is in the interests of the monopolies, and pledging the nominees to these principles and forbidding them to ac ominations or endorsements at the hands of any other party.

Union Alliance Pienic.

AUBURN, Nob., Sept., 8 .- Special to THE BEE. |-There was a grand union alliance pienic hela at Julian, small station on the Missouri Pacific railway, seven miles north of here, today, by the Rock Creek alliance No. 1,238 and Pleasant Valley alliance No. 1,760. Glen Rock and other prominent alliances from various parts of Otoe and Nemaha counties were in at-tendance. About 1,000 farmers were tendance. About 1,000 farmers were present. Samuel Levitt of Chicago and a prominent man from Kansas addressed the large audience. The Auburn Cornet band was present with twenty-four men and furaished excellent music.
The band left tonight for Nebraska City for a two days' outing at the reunion at

Premiums on Beatrice Bonds BEATHICE, Neb., Sept. 8 .- Special Tele gram to THE BEE. | The \$15,000 school distriot bonds were sold last evening by the Board of Education to Messrs, Scott and

Wrigley of Wyoming, Il., for \$450 premium. President Fitzgerald Very III. Lincoln, Neb., Sept. 8 - [Special Telegram to The Bee.] - John Fitzgerald, president of the irish Land League of America, lies seriously ill at his home with congestion of the | mad was chosen president,

brain. His condition is critical and there are but slight hopes of his recovery. Business cares, with the anxiety of a £3,000,000 suit against him are said to be the cause of the attack. Tought Mr. Fitzgerald's condition was reported to be somewhat favorable.

Instantly Killed at Oakland. OAKLAND, Neb., Sept. S .- [Special to THE BEE, |-Mrs. F. F. Johnson, living five miles east of town, was thrown out of a buggy and SUCCESS OF THE PLAN ANTIC PATED. Instantly killed, last Sunday afternoon. She was returning with a party of friends from a neighbors, when the horses, in turning in at the gate, turned to short and tupped the buggy over, throwing the ladyout and break

ing hor neck,
ONLIAND, Neb., Sept. 8.— Special to The
BEE. - Ernest, the 4-year-old son of S. E.
Lindvall, was run over and killed by way freight No. 15 while switching in the yards here at 2 o'clock this afternoon. No blame can be attached to the railroad company, as it was purely accidental.

Sudden Death at Oakland.

OAKLAND, Neb., Sept. 8 .- | Special to THE BEE. |-Mrs. Charles Beckman, a highly esteemed lady, died very suddenly Saturday afternoon after an illness of only a few hours. She was one of the first settlers of Oakland, having come here over twenty years ago. The funeral services were conducted Sunday afternoon by Rev. H. H. Millard of Blair. She leaves a husband and four children.

En Route to the beunion. PERU, Neb., Sept. 8.- [Special Telegram to THE BEE |- The Martin A. Stowel post Grand Army of the Republic of this place, accompanied by Howe's military band, left this afternoon for Nebraska City, where they will attend the annual encampthe Grand Army of the Republic of southeastern Nebraska.

SAID TO BE A MYTH.

No Truth in the Reported Terrible Aceident Near Dijon.

[Copyright 1891 by James Gordon Bennett.] LONDON, Sept. 8.-[New York Herald Cable-Special to THE BEE. | -Next to the famous victory gained by Balmaceda over the congressional troops, the choicest bit of news provided for European readers for some time past, was sent out by Dalziel's agency September 3. It announced an appalling railway accident near Dijon, in which a train carrying men to the autumn manœuvres ran off the line and went clear over an embankment. Invent such a situation as this and it will not do to have a small number of casualties. One may as well go in for the entire animal at once. So Dalziel fixed the deaths at 200, besides a large numper of injured. Rudyard Kipling himself could not have piled on horrors higher. This news spread a gloom all over the continent.

In London the Times and other papers put the telegram in the largest type. Everybody was eager for further details. None came. Dalziel was entreated to give particulars, but still the oracle remained silent. What is the good of a minor news agency if it cannot produce downright blood curdling sensations now and then and prove its superiority over all competitors?

It is now well known that no accident, big or little, occurred at the time or place stated or anywhere else. The man who saw Balmaceda's victory must have gone by his own railroad to Dijon and saw the special train go over the imaginary embankment. All are, including the Times, wondering where he will turn up next. Baron Manchausen lost the best chance he ever had by dying before the news agencies were established. Great are Delziel and his vanishing correspondent of Chili and Dijon.

Secured by Paris.

[Copyright 1891 by James Gordon Bennett,] Paris, Sept. 8.—[New York Herald Cable Special to THE BEE. |-The destination of the statue of Mary Queen of Scots, executed by M. Ringel D'Illgach on an order of the Duchess de Comar, is now settled. It has been already related how the duchess had offered it to the city of Paris and also to the city of Edinburgh, but as there were some misunderstandings and she had never paid for li, her intentions were never carried out. M. Ringel D'Higach has now taken the matter into his own hands and offered the statue to the state, to be erected in the Jardin de Infante, opposite colonade Louvre.

MINES AND MINING. America's Mineral Resources at the

World's Fair. CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 8 .- Decidedly the most important meeting of the World's fair national commissioners yet held was concluded this afternoon, with significant action regarding the mines and mining department. The unanimity and heartiness with which it was taken was refreshing after the warm discus-sion and sharp divisions that characterized

some of the other proceedings.

This committee adopted a flattering reso intion congratulating Director General Davis on the appointment of Chief Skiff, and pledging their individual and united assist ance to make the department a success. After some discussion the resolution was laid on the table as outside the powers of the

nmission. The committee on live stock reported, recommending that the chief for that department be appointed, making it an independent department. Report adopted. The committee on legislation then offered a ution for the appointment of an historian

Referred to committee on judiciary with structions to report what salary should be paid such official.

The action of the

ken last Saturday, putting control the Latin-American exhibit in the hands of the director general, was reconsidered, and the exhibit was again but in charge of W. E. Curtis, subject to the control of the chief of the foreign department, The commission then adjourned to meet

again next April The board of lady managers met this morning. A motion was carried to meet in-formally tonight to choose a national flower. A committee was appelnted to select samples of the specially notable and brilliant achievements of women, to be made separate display in the woman's building.

The Death Roll.

COLUMBUS, Neb., Sept. 8.—[Special Telegram to The Bra.]—Judge A. C. Turner died in this city this morning, aged 82. He was probate judge of Harrison county, Ohio, fourteen years. He emigrated to Nebraska in 1871, and in company with others founded the Columbus Journal.

He was born in Frederick county, Mary-and, 1890, and moved with his parents to Onio in 1821. He was married in 1837 and practiced law with Edwin M. Stanton, Chauncey Dewey, John A. Bingham, Wilson Shannon and other prominent men at Cadiz, O. He was prosecuting attorney for sev-eral terms at Cadiz.

erat terms at Cadiz.

Of a family of cleven children eight are still living, including Mrs. Priscilla George, Perry, Ia.; Mrs. Alice McKinnid, St. Joseph, Mo., M. K. Turner, J. A., Mary, Frank C. of this citp; Mrs. Bettle Jenkins, Kalamazoo, Neb., and George W. Turner who is now in England. His death has east a gloom over the entire city.

San Francisco, Cal., Sept. 8.—Judge Lorenzo Sawyer died vory suddenly last evening.

This leaves the northern district of California without any federal judge.
Careano, Ill., Sept. 8.—Rev. Harvey D.
Gause, D. D., secretary for the Presoyterian Board of Aid for Colleges and Academies, died suddenly this even at his home on Belden avenue, from paralysis of the heart.

Ticket Agents Elect Officers. St. Paul, Minn., Sept. S .- The National Association of Ticket agents elected officers to-day. Wallace of the Penusylvania raliAMERICA'S MEAT PRODUCTS.

France and Austria to be Urged to Follow Germany's Example.

Foreign Beet Sugar Producers Alarmed Over Suggestions That an Embargo May be Placed on that Commodity.

WASHINGTON BUREAU OF THE BEE, 513 FOURTHENTH STREET, WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 8,

Secretary Rush said today that now that the embargo on American meat products had been removed by Germany his next efforts would be directed towards having France and Austria adopt a similar course and he was sanguine of early success in that direction. The French negotiations are at a stand still be said because the French assembly had adjourned. But from information he had received he was satisfied that the American meat question would be one of the first things taken up and disposed of by the assembly when it came together again this fall

Austria is likely to follow suit for Consul General Goldschmidt of Vienna has just reported to the State department that the Austrian sugar producers are much alarmed at the suggestion that the United States may put up an embargo against Austrain beet sugar unless Austria takes down her emborgo against American meat products. This pressure of the sugar makers of Austria, who are a power in that country, is considered likely to induce the Austrian government to make short work of the embargo at an early

day. ITATA CASE SETTLED. The Itata case is at an end. It has worked its own solution. There is no probability that the procedure of the United States gov-ernment against the Chilian revolutionists charged with having unlawfully proceeded from the United States with ammunitions of war against another government will come before a court for determination. When the revolutionists' vessel sailed from a California port last summer with a ship load of guns and ammunition, in violation of neutrality laws of the United States, a serious question arose. When they won their battle against Balmaceda and his forces at Vaiparaiso, and the victory was made complete by the capitulation of Santiago, the grievance of the United States against them was almost at an end. When the revolutionists were given charge of Chili's governmental machin-ery and Balmaceda evacuated, a second and important step in that direction was taken. When the other day, the Department of State recognized the government in Chili, the restoration of peace between the United States and the revolutionists was practically made complete. When later, the agents of the new government proposed to make restitu-tion with the United States for money ex-pended in overtaking the Itata, the differ-

onces between this and the new government resolved itself into a mere matter of dollars and cents. RETURNING TO WASHINGTON. Instructions have been received by those in charge of the Blaine house on Lafayette square to put it in order for the return of the secretary and his family about October 1. There is little to do in the bouse, however, for Mrs. Blaine does not delight in those modern improvements and decorative changes which are being made in many other resi-dences about the city. The old Seward homestead, which the Blaines occupy and own, has the same appearance inside and outside which it had twenty-live years ago at the time when Secretary Seward's house

RECENT ARMY ORDERS. The following army orders were issued Leave of absence for fifteen days, to take effect on being relieved from recruiting duty is granted Captain Aaron S. Dagged, Second

hold made it the social center of the capital.

infantry. Leave for two months, to take effect on or Leave for two months, to thate effect on or about September 15, 1891, is granted First Lieutenant Lotus Niles, Second artillery. The detail of First Lieutenant Harry L. Hawthorne, Fourth artillery, as second lieutenant Second artillery, for duty at the

Cinton Liberal institute, Fort Plain, N. Y., made May 19, 1891, is revoked.

The leave of absence granted First Lieu-tenant Edwin F. Glenn, Twenty-lifth in-fantry, August 22, 1891, Department of Dakota, is extended five months.

The following transfers in the Nineteenth infantry are ordered: First Lieutenant Will-

iam M. Williams, from company F to company I; First Lieutenant Benjamin M. Purs sell, from company I to company F terant Williams will remain at his present station, Fort Brady, Mich., until further orders. Lieutenant Purssell will join the com pany to which he is transferred. The general court-martial appointed to meet at Columbus Barracks, O., July 10, 1891, is dissolved, the order to take effect on compl of any case that may be before the court at the date of its receipt. A general court-martial is appointed to meet at Columbus Barracks, O., at 11 o'clock a. m., on Thursday, September 10, 1891, or as soon thereafter as practicable, for the trial of such prisoners as may be brought before it. Detail for the court: Captains Constant Williams, Seventh infantry: John L. Clem, assistant quarter master; Gregory Barrett, Tenth infantry Charles W. Williams, Twenty-first infantry Leven C. Allen, Sixteenth infantry; First Lieutenant Theodore Mosher, Twenty-second infantry; John J. Haden, Eighth infantry; Virgil J. Brumback, Second infantry, judge

advocate. A greater number of officers than that named cannot be assembled without injury to the service. Lieutenant Colonel Richard H. Jackson, Fourth artillery, is detailed as a member of the examining board appointed by paragraph 4, special orders No. 203, Septem-ber 2, 1891; from this office. Vice Major Frank G. Smith. Second artiflery, is hereby relieved from detail as a member of said BOND EXTENSION PLAN.

If the bond extension plan of Secretary Foster is not a complete success it is surely not a failure. Two or three weeks ago the secretary concluded he would by this time be call upon to redeem about \$27,000,000 of the 416 per cents which became due a week ago today, and he made arrangements for paving off the holders in exchange at the various sub-treasuries. Today it was discovered in the department that of \$27,000,000, only \$9,000,000 have been presented for redemption, leaving \$18,000,000 unaccounted for in the hands of their owners. The interest on the 4% per cents ceased on September 2, and the holders who have not secured extensions are simply using the United States treasury for handing nurseas. for banking purposes.

MYSTERIOUSLY POISONED.

Nine People at the Point of Death from Eating Poisoned Food.

BELLEVILLE, Kan., Sept. 8. - Nine people of this place are at the point of death as the result of having partaken of poison in the food served at dinner at the house of George Gregg. Mr. Gregg returned from Iowa last Saturday, where he had gone to bring home his wife and children, who had been visiting there.

A young lady, a relative, whose name has not yet been learned, accompanied Mrs. Gregg. Sunday, Ira Johnson, a neighbor, called on the way home from church and accepted an invitation to dinner. Eight persons sat down to the table. Mr. and Mrs. Gregg, their four children, the visiting relalive and Ira Johnson. Soon after dinner they all became violently iii, ex-bibiting all the symptoms of pola-oning. Shortly afterwards the serv-ant who had in the meantime eaten din-ser also became iii, showing the same

symptoms. Since then all have grown steadily worse and the recovery of none of

the victims is expected.

What the nature of the poison was and how it was administered are questions that now it was administered are questions that remain to be answered.

Mr. Gregg and his family are highly respected in the community and it is probable the poisoning was account. There are those, however, who bet it was deliverately planned with creately planned with

FURY OF A CL NE.

Halifax, N. S., Severely andled and Much Damage Done to Shipping.

HALIFAX, N. S., Sept. 8 -A fearful south easterly gale prevailed in this region last night, and raged with terrible violence from 10 o'clock until this afternoon. It has been disastrous to shipping on the coast as several good sized vessels and a number of smaller craft went ashore and afterward washed to pieces in the harbor, and other damage was done. Half of the Intercolonia Railway bridge, across the harbor at the Narrows, has disappeared, and the grand shaft at the Intercolonial elevator was carried away by the flerce wind. Trees and fences were leveled in the city and a large amount of minor damage was done.

The velocity of the wind from 1 to 2 p. m., until the time the storm abated could only be guessed at. Both meterological instruments were entirely broke down during the morn-

The wind struck the harbor from the east and swept along the wharves and through the city, tearing down everything loose and every insecure particle of property in its path. Loose shingles were sent flying through the air,, slates bricks, dismantled awnings, swinging signs and telegraph and electric light wires were strewn in the streets to the danger of few foot passers abroad, and the police and electricians were busy all night clearing up the debris.

At the Lorne club the freshet did much damage. The bathing houses at the head of South pier were lifted from their foundations and toppled over into the dock. Nearly everybody's marine property sustained some damage by the cyclone. Advices from places outside of the city

hows that last night's gale was severely felt in all parts of the province, but so far no serious damage is reported. From Yarmouth to Cape Breton the coast was swept, and it is probable that numerous

shipping casualties will be heard of in a day or two. SENATOR ALLISON IN IOWA.

Republican Campaign Opened in Cherokee by a Strong Speech. CHEROKEE, Ia., Sept. 8.-Senator W. B. Allison opened the republican campaign in this city this afternoon in a three hours' speech, and he received the applause of a large audience that did not seem weary, although the speech was of unusual length. The tariff, free coinage, the prohibitory law and Governor Boies' New York and Cherokee corn speeches were the subjects reated of by the senator. The McKinley bill, he said, though not perfect or in all respects as he would have it, was the best tariff law ever enacted by congress, and was proving to be a most beneficial law for the people. It had not increased the cost of any article in common use while many staples had actually been reduced in price since the passage of the bill. The reciprocity clause had already opened the markets of three counries to us, and had affected an entrance into France and Germany for American pork. For this feature of the bill we are indebted to

that wise statesman, James G. Blaine. The mention of Mr. Blaine's name received loud and long continued applause. The senator claimed that the republican silver coinage inw provided for the use of all the silver mined in the country while protecting itself from the billion of foreign silver which would seek our shores under absolute free coinage. Considerable time was devoted to Governor Boles' New York corn speech as reaffirmed in his Cherokee speech and the figures of Labor Commis-sioner Sovereign upon which the governor's statements were analysed. From the same statistics the governor figured out a small profit to the farmers by raising this cereal. By leaving out articles which the speaker

thought to be extravagant and unreasonable a very substantial profit resulted. The prohibitory law, Mr. Allison said was enacted as a result of a non partisan election at which the people said, by 30,000 majority, that they desired to try the experiment of prohibition. The law should remain and be respected and enforced until the people by a similar election demanded its repeal. The statement made by Governor Boies in his Therokee speech that the attempt to enforce the prohibition law had caused more parper-ism and brought misery to more homes than would the unrestricted sale of alcoholic beverages in the same length of time, was severely criticized, and the speaker thought with a governor, giving atterance to such words, elected there would be hopes for the passage of any law opposed by a considerable number of the people. The senator closed with an appeal for earnest and united republican action, which would result in giving them a victory in the next election by a majority of 25,000. State Chairman Mack, Congressman Perkins and ex-Congressman Struble attended the meeting, and all profess to feel great confidence in small profess. republican success in this state.

HARMONY PREVAILS.

New York Republicans United-Can-

didates Before the Convention. ROCHESTER, N. Y., Sept. 8.-One fact more than any other challenges comment among the men who are here to attend the state convention of the republicans which will be called to order tomorrow at noon. That fact is the cordial unanimity of the friends of Hon. Thomas C. Platt and those of Warner Miller. The line of partisan divisions seems to have faded away or been wiped out.

Investigation led to this apparent condilou of affairs. Mr. Platt had consciontously advocated the candidacy of Andrew D. White. It might have been that he would have preferred to see Collector Fassott actually governor, but between a candidacy and a governorship lay the battlefield of campaign and election day, and well in-formed men say they believe that as a candi date more likely to survive the journey from candidacy to the gubernatorial chair A. D. White is the more available, but the delegates with Fassett's name on their lips come thick and fast through the day and probably ne will be nominated and will accept

The names of the candidates for lieutenant governor and comptroller most talked of now is Mr. Finstein, slated for the latter posiion, while Bocker can have the nomination or lieutonant governor if he desires it. Handbills are around reading, "Nominate Fassett and Becker; voters will see them elected, (signed) Democratic Protectionist." Colonel James M. Varnum, who ran on the republican ticket for attorney general in 1850, has been selected as the permanent

hairman of the republican convention. British Commerce Contracting. Loxpox, Sept. 8 .- The Board of Trade returns show that the threatened contraction

f British commerce has already commenced.

falling off in the tin plate trade.

## HIS HEART WAS VOID OF PITY,

Count Berger's Cruelty Ends in the Murder of His Wife and Self-Destruction.

HARROWING TALES OF DOMESTIC STRIFE.

Woman's Constant Love and Faith fulness Rewarded by Abuse and Murder-A Sad Story.

TOPERA, Kun., Sept. 8 .- In a pleasant cottage in Third street early this morning Count Gustave Berger shot and killed his wife and then committed suicide by shooting himself in the head.

The story of the fearful double tragedy is ne of the uncontroluble passion of man, interwoven with the constant love and faithfulness of woman. Count Berger at the time of his death was

46 years of age and his wife was twenty years his junior. He had resided in this country ton years when he sent to the Fatherland for Miss Johannah Pruter, then a girl of 16, to become his wife. They were married in New York, where they lived three or four years, and then removed to Topeks. Three sons were born to them, the oldest, Richard, now being 8 years old; the second, Gustave, aged 6, and the youngest is Paul, 4

years of age.
The life of the count and his young wife has been a stormy one. The man was exceedingly high tempered and upon the slightest provocation would precipitate a family quarrel. The young woman, too, had a will of her own and would not submit passively to the abuse which was so frequently heared upon her.

Their stormy domestic career was temporarily suspended about two years ago by means of the divorce court. Mrs. Berger could not, however, bear the stigma which was placed upon her children by legal separ-ation. Her life had been threatened repeatedly by her unreasonable husband. finally consented to a remarriage for the sake of her little ones, that they might be brought up in a proper manner. The promises made by her husband at the altar the second time were not long kept, and soon the old scenes were being re-enacted.

Count Berger was understood to be highly connected with various families in his native land. He received from Gormany a regular allowance, and would have inherited a large estate upon the death of a certain relative, to which, however, the orphaned children are still heirs.
Count Berger, besides receiving his regu; lar remittances from Germany, owned several houses, in the vicinity of his own home, which he rents. Yesterday he received from

one of his tenants \$12, the amount of a month's rent. His wife asked him for \$1 with which to buy a pair of trousers for one of the boys. The man received this request with a shower of abuse, severely censuring his wife for her extravagance. At the breakfast table this morning yesterday's quarrel was reopened, and finally harsh words were followed by blows. The count grasped his wife by the arm and flung her to the floor and kicked her brutally. She succeeded in regaining her feet and ran out of the house, when he went to the bedroom and, taking a bull dog revolver of 42-calibre from the bureau, fired at her as she ran. The ball struck her just below the left shoulder in the back, killing her instantly. She fell a

nimself while standing in the doorway and put a hole through his head, the bad entering just below the left eye. The coroner held an inquest shortly after the shooting, and the jury returned a verdict in accordance with the facts as here stated. Until a year ago Count Berger was emloyed as a book-keeper by H. McConnell & Co., lumber dealers, but since then he has had no regular employment. The murdered woman has a brother, H. Pruter, living at Carroll, Ia., who has been telegraphed to

few feet from the front steps in the yard. The murderer then turned the gun toward

ome and take charge of the remains and the Count Berger was a man of good personal habits. He was in unusually easy circumstances financially. His little home is handsomely furnished and finished, and bears an air of refinement and comfort. Mrs. Berger was by no means an extravagant woman, but she took a pardonable pride in her children, and was always desirous of seeing them dressed as well as those of her

neighbors. BEAT THIS SHOOTING.

Excellent Work of the Enlisted Men

and Officers at Fort Sheridan. CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 8.-In the United States army national shooting tournament this was the first day's firing for the medals offered by the government and for places upon the army and distinguished teams. The light and wind were magnificent and the shooting was in accord with the ele-

ments. Lieutenant F. W. Rarasey again led the ranks, making 177 points out of a possible 200. Corporal V. Schweinhart, company D. Twenty-second infantry, was a close second, scoring 176 points, while Sergeant F. Rose, company A. Eighteenth infantry, followed with 174 points.

Last week a score of 160 was considered a winning score, but if today's style of shooting is kept up during the remaining days no man with a score less than 170 will grace either team. Particularly at the long ranges was the shooting good, there being several instances at the 500 and 600 yards where five bulls eyes were made in succession.

WILL APPEAR AGAINST HIS PALS.

Parcish Will Tell What He Knows About the Detroit Abduction Case. DETROIT, Mich., Sept. 8 .- Chief of Police Starkweather stated today that Frank Parrish, who is on his way here from St. Louis to testify in the Perrin abduction case, is perfectly willing to testify, but for fear of being murdered he did not dare to remain in Detroit after it became known to the Con-

sidines that he would appear against them. "All he wants," said Starkweather, "is protection and he shall have it." The discovery by the Consideres that Par-rish was spying upon them came about in a singular manner. One night over a game of cards it was chaimed Parrish had cheated, and the gang held him up and searched him. In a search a document was found in Parrish's pocket which proved to be an agree-ment between Joseph Perrin and Parrish that the latter was to receive a certain amount of money if he could produce the evidence in some matters about the abduction. Parrish was almost killed by the gang that

night, but he escaped with his life. WEATHER FORECAST.

Omaha and Vicinity-Fair, warmer. For North and South Dakota-Warmer; air; southerly winds. For Nebraska and Iowa-Generally fair

Wednesday; winds shifting to southerly; warmer.
For Missouri-Local showers; casterly winds; slightly warmer, except in south-east portion; stationary temperature. For Kansas Showers; slightly warmer; winds shifting to southerly. For Colorado-Fair; warmer; southerly

Russia Has No Special Rights. Losnon, Sept. 8.-Lord Salisbury has write

ten a letter to a correspondent in which he says, referring to the privileges which the porte is supposed to have granted Russia by permitting the vessels of her vorunteer fleet to pass the Dardadelles: "Russia possessed no rights as to the passage of the Dardanelles or Bosocrus which are not possessed by other powers also." The decrease in exports is largely due to the