THE OMAHA BEE

COUNCIL BLUFFS.

OFFICE, NO. 12 PEARL ST.

Delivered by Carrier in any part of the City.
H. W. TILTON, - - - - MANAGER

TELEPHONES:

Business Office, No. 43.
Night Editor, No. 23.

MINOR MENTION.

N. Y. P. Co.

Council Bluffs Lumber Co., coal.

Craft's chattel loans, 204 Sanp block.

Genuine Rock Spring coal. Thatcher, 16 Main street.

Mrs. A. J. Shipley of Oskaloosa is in the city, the guest of her son, Harry Shipley, for a few days.

A case of scarlet fever was reported yesterday at the residence of John Caldwell of Morningside.

Lieutenant Charles D. Palmer is preparing to erect two large implement warehouses in the southern part of the city.

The Social union of the Presbyterian church will meet tomorrow evening at the residence of Dr. S. Phelps, 124 South Seventh street.

Mrs. Walt McFadden has received a letter from Mrs. Meiss, a daughter of C. E. Stone, of this city, stating that her husband has entirely lost the use of his eyes.

The infant child of Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Rundell died Saturday night of congestion of the lungs. The funeral will take place at 2 o'clock this afternoon at the family residence 1903 Third avenue.

J. H. Clark, court reporter for Judge Macy, who has been holding court at Avoca, returned Saturday evening to his home in this city. He states that the case which was brought by Fremont Benjamin for the purpose of getting a client out of jail by attacking the legality of the drawing of the grand jury, which returned the indictment, was decided by the court against the defendants. It is likely an appeal will be taken to the supreme court, thus settling what might prove to be a vexed question for many years to come.

Recollect that the only installment house in Council Bluffs and the largest installment house in the west is Mandel & Klein's. We sell at eastern prices every article of household furniture you use, and instead of requiring you to pay cash we let you have it on easy payments. There is no necessity of denying yourself the use of any article when you can get everything you want on such easy terms. The largest stock of carpets, stoves and furniture in the city to select from. 320 Broadway.

Chaul-Moo-Gra—The blood purifier and Colorado root, the cough and catarrh remedy, at Dellaven's drug store.

Turner Will Be Here.

Rumors have been afloat for several days past that L. M. Turner, who is the plaintiff in all of the injunction suits brought by Attorney Seabrook, was wanted by a number of people in this city, but that they did not know just where to put their hand upon him. Turner has been out of the city for several days, but detectives have been shadowing him, and at last he has been found. The city authorities, who were made defendants in the cases have been the ones most interested in the capture, but they have not felt enough sympathy for the general public to let it be known just what they were doing in the matter. It was known that a criminal charge would be entered against him, but what that charge would be was to some extent a mystery. It is now learned, however, that it will be a charge of perjury, and several of the saloonkeepers who are co-defendants with the authorities will be brought in to act as prosecuting witnesses.

A warrant was issued in Justice Patton's court several days ago. Justice Patton was was seen on the subject last evening, but he was unwilling to say anything about it. From another party, however, who is on the inside of the business, it was learned that Turner would be brought into the city today in charge of an officer.

It is surmised by some that the suit which has been begun against Turner may not be prosecuted unless he refuses to go out of the saloon closing business at once. It is thought that the case will simply be used as a guillotine, which will be hung over his head with the imminent danger of falling unless he consents to dismiss the suits which he has instituted. It is also stated that by means of the same threatening instrument the authorities expect to extort from him a statement of the true inwardness of the whole prosecution. There is no one who thinks that the charge of perjury has been made against him out of mere motives of revenge, or with a desire to send him across the state. Many think that he has been only the tool of a third party, and an effort will be made to find out whether or not this is the case.

Kindergarten school, 803 Fourth avenue. Spring term opens March 2. Mrs. F. L. Sackett.

The ladies of Council Bluffs are invited to call at Brown's C. O. D. grocery and be served with a delicious cup of Armour's beef tea. Step in while down town.

The Manhattan, sporting headquarters. N. O'Brien.

Pure fresh drugs at Davis', opposite Ogden.

Musicale.

Mrs. W. H. Wakefield entertained a few of her friends Saturday evening at her home on South Eighth street by giving in honor of Miss Hibbs of Boone, who is visiting Mrs. C. H. Richmond. The following ladies were present, all of whom took part in the programme: Mrs. Richmond, Miss Hibbs, Mrs. R. H. Mullis, Mrs. Cora Erb, Miss Bullard, Miss Bowman, Miss Nellie Bowman, Miss Margaret Liddell, Miss Maud Oliver, Miss Mame Oliver, Mrs. Will Sapp, Mrs. W. W. Sherman, Mrs. Bert Evans, Mrs. Seybert and Mrs. Shea.

Stop and Think.

And ask yourself why you should pay old-fashioned prices for groceries and provisions when you can get first class, clean, fresh goods at modern prices? Read these prices: Crackers, per lb, 5c; 3 lbs gingersnaps for 25c; Arbuckle's coffee, 25c per package; German coffee, 25c; hams, 6c per lb; bacon, 7c; codfish, 7½c; 10 lb pail white fish, 60c; 3 cans corn, 25c; 3 cans tomatoes, 25c; 4 cans peas, 25c; Davis' No. 10 flour, $1.50; Davis "Blue D" flour, $1.35; Buffalo flour, $1.25; Gold Medal flour, $1.45; Snow Flake flour, $1.00; 25 lbs buckwheat, $1.00; 25 boxes of matches, 25c; box good laundry soap, $1.00; 3 lbs leaf lard, 25c; good broom, 10c; oranges, 15c per dozen; coal oil, 8c a gallon; 2 loaves bread, 5c; 1 lb good tea, 25c. Prompt delivery of goods.

Brown's C. O. D. grocery. Telephone 29.

For Rent—An eleven-room residence on North Scott st. and an 8-room residence on corner Broadway and 10th st. J. C. DeHaven.

Best heavy goods, 25 per cent off, cash. Reiter, the tailor, 310 Broadway.

Drummers at Curch.

Last evening the drummers of this city and Omaha to the number of about a hundred met at the Hotel Gordon and went to St. Paul's Episcopal church in a body, in response to an invitation extended to them by Rector Mackay. At the church they were assigned seats in the center of the house. A large audience was present in addition to the visitors. The services of the evening were very interesting. A sermon had been especially prepared for the occasion by the rector, an outline of which will be found in the commercial travelers' department of this issue. The surpliced choir sang in a very pleasing manner "Give Ear, O Ye Heavens," by Armes, and "Evening Service in E," by Clarke-Whitfeld.

The New Pacific is the most centrally located hotel in Council Bluffs.

Call on Schurz-Smith Co. for chattel loans and real estate. 20 Pearl st.

1,000,000 brick for sale by M. Hughes & Son, Council Bluffs

Saugart & Co. carry largest stock of bulk field, garden and flower seeds in the west. Catalogue and samples by mail.

THE NEWS IN THE BLUFFS.

Andy Ellsworth Killed by a Motor While Coasting on Ridge Street.

SECOND FATAL ACCIDENT ON THE LINE.

A Pleasant Musicale on South Eighth Street—Rev. T. P. Thickstun Gives His Idea of the Model Boy.

A pool of blood oozing from beneath a motor train standing at the corner of east Pierce and Ridge streets yesterday noon showed only too plainly that a tragedy had taken place, and if any further indication had been needed it would have been found in the feverish interest with which a crowd several hundred strong was gazing at the spectacle.

Beneath the forward trucks lay the body of little Andy Ellsworth. He had been coasting down Ridge street, which begins at Pierce street and runs up over a steep bluff. At the foot of the hill and on either side of the street stand buildings which shut off the view almost entirely from both directions. At the foot of the hill and in the middle of the street runs the motor line. The hill has been used as a coasting place by the boys of that vicinity, and in spite of the dangerous surroundings, there had until yesterday been no accident.

At about 11:30 past eleven o'clock motor No. 3, in charge of Conductor Sullivan and Motorman Wightman, was passing along East Pierce street in an easterly direction. As they were about to cross Ridge street the motorman looked up the hill, when he was horrified to see a boy on a sled coming at full speed toward him and almost upon him. He reversed the current as soon as he could, but it was too late. Just before the sled reached the track it struck a patch of bare ground and stopped, throwing the boy heading beneath the front platform of the motor. A moment later the train stopped and the men got off to look for the boy. One shoe was all that was visible. They seized hold of the foot and attempted to pull the boy out, but he was wedged in so tightly as to thwart all their efforts. The police station was then telephoned to, and a few minutes later the patrol wagon started for the scene of the accident. In the meantime the trainmen were doing what they could toward extricating the boy. Finding it an impossible task and thinking that the boy must certainly be dead, Coroner Waterman and Undertaker Estep were sent for. A messenger was also despatched to the electric power house for jack-screws with which to lift the car off its tracks.

Some time elapsed before the jackscrews arrived, but when they came it was the work of but a few minutes to lift up the car and pull out the lifeless body. A horrible sight met the gaze of those who happened to be standing near. The boy's clothing had been caught on the machinery and he had been wrapped around the axle in such a way as to mangle him frightfully. The entire scalp had been torn off, his neck was broken, his left ankle and right shoulder were dislocated, in addition to this his face had been burned and discolored by the electric current. As soon as he had been removed he was taken to the undertaking establishment of W. C. Estep, where the body was prepared for burial.

No one attaches any blame to the employes of the company. They state that they were prevented from seeing the boy until they were almost opposite the street and they stopped the train as soon as possible. They also state that they had warned the boys of that vicinity repeatedly not to coast on the hill, telling them they were sure to get hurt, but the boys refused to take the warning.

The victim of the accident was the ten-year-old son of a laborer who lives on Ridge street. The father is a cripple and it is said, has been compelled to live on the charity of his neighbors a good share of the time. He has been working recently on the excavation on Stutsman street, and had a narrow escape from being buried in a landslide last week, an account of which was given in THE BEE at the time. There are two boys and a girl in the family.

The coroner will hold an inquest in Estep's undertaking rooms at 10 o'clock this morning.

For the next week those elegant hand-painted tea pots with a pound of the finest sun-dried Japan tea, will be sold at 90c each at Land Brothers. The tea contained in these beautiful pots is superior to to any 75c tea in the city, and there is not a dealer on this side of the Pacific ocean who can purchase the pots so they can be retailed at $1. They make elegant presents. See them and you will admire and purchase them. 23 Main street.

Call on D. J. Hutchinson & Co. for choice bargains in lots in Wilson Terrace. Special inducements for the next few days.

The new dental rooms of Drs. Woodbury are the finest and most complete in the west. Next to the new Grand. "Telephone, 145."

More About Black.

Mention was made in these columns yesterday of the arrest of a man named M. E. Black, on the charge of having stolen some clothing and other articles from one of the lodgers in the Pacific house. Further inquiry reveals the fact that Black is an Omaha lawyer, who has been stopping at the hotel for about a week. Since he has been there he has been very gay, drinking and carousing around in a most reckless manner. The guests of the hotel have been annoyed by losing articles of clothing from their rooms, and have been unable to catch the thief. Since Black's arrest with a portion of the stolen goods on his person they are of the opinion that all their trouble came from him. It is said that Black has had some serious family trouble, and some of his friends are inclined to think that he has become partially deranged. They seek to explain his apparent disregard of the law of property in this way. He is still in jail, not having been able to secure bail. He will be given a hearing this morning on the charge of larceny.

A Week of Bargains.

From now until March 1 we will give from 5 to 15 per cent discount for cash on different lines of goods we carry. You will learn that our prices for carpets, matting, rugs, oil cloth, lace silk, madras, chenille and other curtains, China silk, fringes, loons, felt, silk and mohair, plushes, table covers, down comforts and pillows, carpet sweepers, upholstery goods, etc., are lower than any house carrying same goods on either bank of the Big Muddy. This is the opportunity of the season for good bargains.

Remnants of carpets, many of them large enough for small rooms, and elegant patterns, at less than manufacturers' cost.

COUNCIL BLUFFS CARPET CO.

Buy your coal and wood of C. B. Fuel Co., 539 Broadway. Telephone 136.

Evans Laundry Co., 520 Pearl street. Telephone 290. Goods called for and delivered.

Do you want an express wagon or boy? Ring up the A. D. T. Co., telephone 179, No. 11 North Main street.

The Model Boy.

At the Berean Baptist church yesterday morning Rev. T. P. Thickstun took for his subject "The Model Boy," his text being as follows: "And the child Samuel grew on, and was in favor both with the Lord, and also the men." 1 Sam., 11, 26. He spoke as follows:

"The world wants men. True men, as true and steady as the needle to the pole. To obtain these we need model boys; whole armies of them; enough to fill all our offices, all our workshops, all our counting-rooms, all our banks, all our pulpits—every place of trust and responsibility. These are not to be imported from distant parts of the universe. They are not to be angels from heaven humanized. They will not be the great, model men of a hundred years ago brought back to the earth again. They will be the boys of today.

"To become model boys, and by-and-by model men, like Samuel, you must seek and serve the Lord. You must establish a union between yourself and God's spirit, in intimate and compete that whatever is the Divine will for you, will also be your own will for yourself. Repent then of all your sins; turn from them as hateful to God; believe in Jesus, and pledge to him eternal obedience.

"In the second place, like Samuel, in speaking of God's commandments be sure to do it faithfully. Of the severity of his judgments hold back nothing. Tell every what 1 Sam., 3:18. Your elders, your tutors, everybody, tell them the whole truth.

"Samuel won a strong Christian character. Boys, go and do likewise. You don't need to be a great overgrown, pagnacious fellow. There are too many such now, with no real strength in them. The strength you want is the ability easily to manage yourself. If you can do that you are a strong boy, and can also manage others.

"Samuel was a great worker. The boy that succeeds today has got to work for it with all his might. The sun is always doing. Light is continually astir. The vapors and the rain drops are incessantly busy. The winds cease not to execute the mission allotted to them in God's providence. Boys, go and do likewise.

"Samuel was a lifelong temperance boy. By the vow of his mother, and later by his own vow, he became a Nazarite, which means separation from wine and strong drink all alcoholic drinks. Num. vi, 2-3. This is a lesson, though 3,000 years old, to every boy of today. If you want a clean mouth, a pure breath, a clear brain, steady nerves, strong muscles, a healty touch, an intelligent eye and a long life, adhere both alcohol and tobacco. They taint; they bitterly, malignantly taint every atom of human nature with which they come in contact."

Spring Goods.

A little early to talk about spring dress goods. They are here, nevertheless, and in immense quantities. The first delivery of our importation order has been received, over 500 pieces, the latest shades and tints of the French and German weaves. The most noticeable are the delicate shades of grays, tans and Vienes rose. We never had a more complete line of henriettas, serges, brilliantines, etc. Without any exception this is certainly the finest line of dress goods ever shown by us. As is usual our low prices rule.

Ginghams, flannelette and pineapple tissue are the leading fabrics in the wash goods line, the latter a soft fabric resembling a china silk. They come in plain and assorted patterns. The price being much cheaper than china silks brings them within the reach of all; for the present 15c per yard.

Ginghams—Our display at 10c, 12½c and 15c we claim to be the best ever shown for the money. The patterns are simply exquisite for that line of goods.

Flannelette, a very popular fabric; was so last season; going to be two-fold this season. We show it in four grades—5c, 10c, 12½c and 15c. The 15c quality looks like very much finer goods than is usually sold for that price. The whole story is, we bought them cheap and mean to sell them so. It pays to turn them over quick on the small profit system.

Table linens and table napkins deserve a little attention, our stock at present having been replenished with everything in that line. The enormous sale in that department previous to stock-taking run it pretty low, but now it is back to its normal condition, and might say better than ever. Our line of bleached table linens from 45c to $1.50 consists of values seldom, if ever, approached by any retail scores. With all the credit we can say the same about the unbleached linens, only the prices start much lower and don't run up quite as high; 20c to $1.00 is our limit for unbleached. Table napkins, any size, table napkins any price, from 5c each, or 50c per dozen to $5.00 per dozen. The most complete line we have ever had the pleasure of showing.

BOSTON STORE.

Fotheringham, Whitelaw & Co., leaders and promoters of low prices, 401, 403 and 405 Broadway, Council Bluffs, Ia. New York office, 47 Leonard street.

J. C. Bixby, steam heating, sanitary engineer. 202 Merriam block, Council Bluffs

MANSFIELD GETS FUNNY.

He Has a Poor Opinion of the Omaha Detectives.

Harry Mansfield, alias King, alias Rogers, who escaped from the county jail over two weeks ago, has a very poor opinion of the Omaha police force in general and the detective department in particular. In order that they might know his sentiments he wrote to Chief Detective Haze and County Jailer Lynch. The letters were dated February 20, and purported to come from Newton, Ia., having evidently been written at the same time and place as the one received by Belle Brandon, of which mention was made in yesterday's BEE.

To Detective Haze Mansfield confidingly wrote that he was just a little too slick for any of the Omaha cops and further expressed the belief that there isn't a detective on the force who could catch a cow with a bell on. He promises to come back here some day and steal the town, and unless the detectives grow wiser with advancing years he proposes to bundle them up and carry them away with the rest of the boodle.

In his letter to Jailer Lynch Mansfield apologizes for walking out of jail without permission, and expresses the hope that it will not occasion the official any trouble. On second thought, however, he recalls the apology, and says that if the jailer was "onto himself," as he should be, there would have been no missing prisoner and no explanation demanded.

Don't Fool Yourself!

Notwithstanding all rumors to the contrary, the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry's new steam heated palace sleeping cars, with "electric lights in every berth," still leaves the Union depot, Omaha at 6:10 p. m. daily, arriving at Chicago at 9:30 a. m., in ample time to make all eastern connections. Ticket office, 1501 Farnam st.

J. E. PRESTON, C. Pass. Agt. F. A. NASH, Gen. Agt.

ADMITS HE KILLED CONNORS.

Dwyer Regrets His Failure to Murder Dick Cushing.

Joe Dwyer, the murder of John Connors, admits that he killed Connors, but says that he had no trouble with the dead man and had no desire to kill him. He also acknowledges having stabbed Cushing, who is still a prisoner, but who is in a very critical condition. Dwyer says that he had had trouble with Cushing who, he claims, was trying to give him the worst of it. He fully intended to kill Cushing and is sorry because he was not successful. He is sorry that Connors was killed because he was an inoffensive party and was merely trying to stop the fight between Dwyer and Cushing.

Dwyer was stripped yesterday afternoon and his description taken. He was found to be very liberally tattooed, and numerous emblems, devices and initials were indelibly stamped on his arms and body. In his pockets were found letters from a former pal, who is now a convict in the Jefferson City, Mo. penitentiary, indicating his association with crooks of all descriptions.

Predictions for February Weather.

As there are but twenty-eight days in this month there ought to be less cold atmosphere than in January, but "all signs fail in dry weather," therefore we can only say that the electric-lighted, steam-heated, vestibuled, limited trains of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway will continue to run daily between Omaha, Council Bluffs and Chicago. The electric light reading lamp in each berth is the novelty of the age. Ticket office, 1501 Farnam street, Omaha.

Y. M. C. A. Meeting.

The attendance at the men's meeting in the Young Men's Christian association concert hall yesterday at 4 p. m. was 235. Rev. W. L. Hoopingarner, the evangelist, spoke on the subject: "Personal Work," taking for his text John 4:42. "He Brought Him to Jesus." He said that for personal work the first thing necessary was a personal Christ, an experimental reality in the heart. "Some people do not believe in experimental religion," said the speaker, "but I want to say to you that it is possible for the man whose sins have been pardoned to know it, blessed be God. Paul never doubted the reality of his religion, and never said he guessed or hoped, or thought he was saved. He said, 'I know whom I have believed.' I cannot conceive for a single moment of a man having been pardoned of his sins, and had his name written in heaven, and been made partaker with the saints, not knowing anything about it. It was the knowledge of a personal Christ that made Paul able to endure hardships for the gospel's sake; which led Martin Luther to protest against the corruption in the church in his day; which caused John Knox to stand upon the hill in Scotland and pray, 'O God, give me Scotland, give me Scotland, or I die!'

"Another thing that is necessary is the enducment of power. Without this all Christian work will be unavailing. With it an irresistible influence accompanies the worker and gives him success in winning the hearts of men."

The interest throughout the service was intense, and in the after meeting a number expressed a desire to become Christians.

All scalp and skin diseases, dandruff, falling of the hair, gray or faded hair, may be cured by using that nature's true remedy, Hall's Hair Renewer.

FILTHY POLICE COURT ROOM.

A Matter Which Demands the Janitor's Immediate Attention.

The married men on the police force, particularly those who are on duty most of the time about the city jail, will probably have the use of an excellent garden spot the coming summer near to their place of duty unless the janitor of the police court room should decide before spring to remove some of the soil and other foreign substances that now cover the floor to a depth sufficient to grow sweet corn or peach-blow potatoes. The janitor draws a salary of $50 per month and the actual work he performs is accomplished in about twenty-five minutes each morning. The matting and carpet in the court room look like they had been soaked in a sewer for several months and then put in there to dry, and the board floor outside of the railing which encloses the bar looks more like the floor of a pig sty than that of a court room. Considering the salary paid it is an absolute outrage upon decency the way the police court room is kept.

Mrs. M. Schaenberger, Beaver Dam, Wis., writes: "We have used Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil in our family for coughs, colds, croup and rheumatism. It cures every time.

SUGAR BEET BOUNTY.

Senator Switzler Writes an Open Letter to the Board of Trade.

Senator Warren Switzler of the Douglas county delegation has addressed a lengthy open letter to the directors of the Omaha board of trade concerning a resolution adopted by that body referring to the sugar beet bounty repeal. The resolution is:

Whereas, A bill is now pending in the Nebraska legislature looking to the repeal of the act providing for a bounty on sugar manufactured from beets raised in the state of Nebraska; therefore, be it

Resolved, By the directors of the Omaha board of trade that our senators and representatives be, and are hereby requested to use their influence to secure an extension of the time at which this bill shall take effect till January 1, 1893.

Citing the fact that the question of retaining the bounty on Nebraska beet sugar is one of absorbing interest, and also one somewhat involved and perplexing, Senator Switzen explains very clearly his personal attitude. He states that he was and is opposed to bounties in general because he believes the "system of offering bounties to industries within the state by the state is bad in principle and unwise in policy." However he refers to the fact that, as a member of the senate committee he presented a minority report favoring the extension of the time of repeal one year, such a course being commended on "the ground of fair treatment and good faith." But the majority report of the committee, favoring immediate repeal, having been adopted, Senator Switzler says: "I am now in favor of the immediate repeal of the bounty," unless his minority recommendation should be acted on. In support of this stand he says:

"It is a great mistake for the people of this state to think that the 1-cent a pound bounty on beet sugar was the moving cause in or main inducement for the establishment of the Grand Island factory; and equally erroneous is the belief that the maintenance of such bounty would be the controlling force in the future development of the industry. The committee to which the bill was referred in the senate gave the matter such fair and thorough consideration as the importance of the subject demanded. We had before us a delegation from Grand Island, one from Norfolk and Mr. Oxnard himself, together with some of his employes and experts. The matter was thoroughly canvassed before the committe, and we were, after hearing the matter fully ventilated, unanimously of the opinion that the bounty was far from being the controlling force which induced the erection of a factory at Grand Island, or the establishing of the one now being built at Norfolk. It would scarcely be denied by any business man that it would be a great lack of business sagacity to invest in any enterprise $600,000 upon the precarious inducement of a bounty amounting to from $7,500 to $18,000 a year when such inducement is liable to be removed at any time by the legislature, and against which removal there is no guarantee whatever."

Assuming that these sugar factories were located in Nebraska because the soil of the state will raise sugar beets of quality and quantity such as will make "the manufacture of sugar therefrom steady and remunerative," Senator Switzen asks: "What is the objection of the state in the premises to pay this bounty of 1 cent per pound on sugar raised from beets?" Stating that his proposition has not been clearly answered, Senator Switzler goes on to recite the conditions under which the Oxnards were induced to locate their plant at Grand Island. He says: "In the plant at Grand Island it was not claimed before the committee by Mr. Oxnard himself that they had invested to exceed $600,000. It now appears that a company has agreed to duplicate the plant in Lincoln for $250,000." The citizens' committee of Grand Island gave Mr. Oxnard some forty or fifty acres of land adjoining the city and have entered into a guarantee that not less than 2,500 acres of beets shall be raised for his consumption every year. This committee has also bought a tract of 5,000 acres of land on which Mr. Oxnard has an option. His present plant has not consumed to exceed the production of 2,000 to 2,500 acres. So Mr. Switzler says: "He [Mr. Oxnard] is in a position to control absolutely the price paid for the beets, and also is in a position to get all the benefit from the rise of the value in land. If the farmer does not produce the beets at prices to suit him, he has at hand the means of raising more than enough to supply his present factory independently of the farmer. When questioned as to the necessity or reason for taking this option on so much land Mr. Oxnard replied that he did not know the citizens of Nebraska when he came here, nor did he know whether they would raise beets in a satisfactory manner. It thus appears that Oxnard prepared himself in advance to control the entire output of the beet industry to the exclusion entirely of the farmer. The conclusions from these facts are not difficult to draw."

Pursuing this line the writer says: "At Grand Island we have this situation: The land upon which the factory is located, embracing forty or fifty acres adjoining the city, is donated to Oxnard. All the machinery in the factory was manufactured abroad by foreign labor and was admitted into this country duty free, thus saving in duty alone to Oxnard from $35,000 to $40,000. In addition to this there is an option on sufficient land to raise all his beets and an agreement to pay his taxes for several years to come and on top of all of it is a bounty from the state of one cent a pound and from the government of two cents a pound which Oxnard himself admitted in a fair average year would aggregate two or three times the bounty of the present year; which would amount to $18,750 from the state and $37,500 from the United States, making an aggregate of annual bounty of $56,250 for this one factory alone, which is built on donated land and freed from taxation, freed from duty, and in connection with which there is ground enough to raise all of his own beets! This bounty alone amounts to at least from 12 to 14 per cent on the original investment, which with the other facts shows conclusively that it is a monopoly of the most virulent type."

Senator Switzler says the only argument of any potency in favor of retaining the bounty is the one that surrounding states are likely to give a bounty and draw the factories thither. This, he says, is spurious, as the inducement to locate in Nebraska lies in the soil and not in bounty. Natural, not artificial, attractions will prevail with same business men.

On the Norfolk factory Mr. Oxnard is to receive $160,000 bonus, together with a guarantee of a certain number of acres of beets for "the first year or so." The Norfolk people are anxious that the state give the farmers $1 per acre bounty for raising beets. The state is no more obliged to do this than it is to "furnish money to irrigate the bad lands of the state, with the same end in view, or to furnish a bounty to these who have undillable farms for the purpose of making soil where God Almighty never intended soil should be." He says the Legislature has no right to tax all other farming industries in the state for the benefit of this one. Rare emergencies sometimes arise, such as the drouth, that recently impelled an appropriation of $100,000 for the relief of suffering people, but such an emergency does not exist in connection with beet sugar industry.

In conclusion Senator Switzler expresses an opinion that the people of the state are unnecessarily alarmed. If it is true that the natural conditions exist, there is nothing that can prevent the thorough and speedy development of the beet sugar industry in Nebraska. Local bonuses may be given to encourage the location of factories, but the state should never be taxed for this purpose.

Messrs. Drake, Parker & Co., proprietors of the Grand Pacific hotel, Chicago, make announcement in another column of the completion of 100 additional rooms to their well known hotel. Rates unchanged, from $3.00 a day up.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

M. N. Beckler of Chicago is at the Dellone.

Harry Daugnerty of Denver is at the Paxton.

D. H. Judkins of Indianapolis is at the Millard.

Mr. Randall Morgan of Philadelphia is in the city.

R. F. Kruse of Chicago is stopping at the Dellone.

J. H. Field of Boston is stopping at the Murray.

B. L. Pratt of Sioux City was in the city yesterday.

J. L. Brown of Denver was at the Paxton yesterday.

George D. Rees of Denver was in the city yesterday.

C. E. Brady of Fullerton is registered at the Millard.

Will Trumbull of Lincoln spent Sunday at the Dellone.

J. J. Brown and wife of Chicago are guests at the Dellone.

Mrs. M. Little of St. Paul was at the Murray yesterday.

James Barrett of New York was at the Dellone yesterday.

Lewis Saxby and wife of Chicago are stopping at the Millard.

Oscar G. Rogers of San Francisco is stopping at the Murray.

David Pearson, jr., of New York was at the Millard yesterday.

Frank W. Greaves of Minneapolis was at the Paxton yesterday.

Mrs. P. C. Himebaugh arrived in the city yesterday from Chicago and is stopping at the Murray.

Messrs. C. W. Mercer of the Wood River Gazette and E. D. Reed of the Shelton Clipper called at THE BEE office last evening.

J. M. Thatcher, post trader at Fort Niobrara, accompanied by his wife and two daughters, came down yesterday from Fort Niobrara and are stopping at the Paxton. They will spend several days in Omaha.

The Murray—J. H. Fields, Boston; B. F. Harmer, Chicago; T. R. Harver, Louisville; Oscar G. Rogers, San Francisco; Mrs. M. Little, St. Paul; E. R. Stapp, Des Moines; F. F. Fairchilds, E. D. Hone and wife, Boone, Ia.; A. R. Richardson, Chicago; George W. Poole, St. Joseph.

The Paxton—C. E. Leslie and wife, Kansas City; Harry Dougherty, Denver; B. L. Pratt, Sioux City; Frank W. Greaves, Minneapolis; James Billings, St. Paul; Lafayette Cole, New York; A. C. Fisher, Wood River, Neb.; J. B. Ballou, New York; C. B. French, Kearney.

The Millard—George R. Rees, Denver; Lewis Saxby and wife, Chicago; C. E. Bradley, Fullerton, Neb.; C. H. Bosworth, Springfield, Ill.; C. M. Weber, Sioux City; W. R. Lynch, St. Louis; A. W. Darling, Carrolton, Ky.; G. E. Sanborn, Detroit; E. C. Kreidbohm, St. Louis; M. McSherry, M. J. Bean, Broken Bow.

Burdock Blood Bitters, taken after eating, will relieve any feeling of weight or over fullness of the stomach. Sold everywhere.

AMERICA APPLAUDED.

German Politicians Toast the Republic as a Model.

BERLIN, Feb. 22.—[Special Cablegram to THE BEE.]—At the dinner given by Herr Barth last evening to the members of the reichstag, Dr. Windthorst offered a toast in honor of Mr. Walter William Phelps, the United States minister to Germany. In offering the toast, the clerical leader said that America, notwithstanding the temporary madness shown by the adoption of the new tariff law, was still the model, by the imitation of which Germany might insure the spread of napoiness and liberty among the people. This sentiment was heartily applauded by Herren Rickert, Rickert, Schroeder, Bamberger, Siemens and other political leaders present.

De Witt's Little Early Risers; only pill to cure sick headache and regulate the bowels.

INVOLVES THE SHORT LINE.

Heavy Judgment Secured Against the Construction Company.

NEW YORK, Feb. 22.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—A judgment for $40,752 was entered yesterday against the Wyoming-Pacific improvement company in favor of the United States Transfer and Exchange association on a note dated August 12, 1890, for $40,000, payable on demand. Attached to the note as collateral security were eighty bonds of the Nebraska & Western railroad company. The Wyoming-Pacific improvement company was incorporated about three years ago with a capital stock of $3,000,000, and was engaged in the construction of the Pacific Short Line, included in which was the Nebraska & Western railroad. Wendell Goodwin was president and Edward E. Gedney, president of the failed North River bank, was vice president.

Dr. Birney cures catarrh, Bee bldg.

A Fighting Priest.

CHICAGO, Feb. 22.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—In a few days Rev. John Zeilia pastor of the Church of St. Mary of Perpetual Help, at Thirty-second and Ulman streets, will be arraigned before the ecclesiastical court of the diocese and charged with thrashing his assistant priest, Rev. Paul Salerecki, almost to a pulp, four weeks ago. The members of the parish have also presented a petition to Archbishop Feehan, charging their pastor with improper conduct and constant neglect of his ecclesiastical duties. Father Zilia, who is a large, powerful man, became jealous of Saulerecki, whose gentle ways won the people's hearts, and on one occasion, because Saulerecki charged only $5 for a marriage fee, where the fee should have been $10, hurled him to the floor, jumped on his chest and left him to crawl to his room, bruised and bleeding. This is only one of the many similar outrages with which Father Zilia is charged.

Drowned in the Flood.

HOLBROOK, Ariz., Feb. 22.—A disastrous flood is prevailing here. The Little Colorado is overflowing its banks and changing its channel. The railroads are badly washed out. All the streams south of here are unfordable and mails are accumulating here for points south. The Giles river is higher than it was ever known to be. The flood at Globe City destroyed several dwelling houses and William Middleton was drowned.

Have They, Now.

NEW YORK, Feb. 22.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—There is not at present a single gambling house in operation in this city. Within the last ten days the proprietors of faro banks have received notice from the powers controlling such matters that they must close at once and tightly. Every gambling house in the city has barred its doors.

Strike Extending.

LONDON, Feb. 22.—[Special Cablegram to THE BEE.]—The strike of plush weavers at Bradford is extending and threatens to involve 5,000 workmen.

DEFENDED HIS COURSE.

Luther P. Marsh Lectures Eloquently on Modern Spiritualism.

MIDDLETON, N. Y., Feb. 22.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—It is known that Luther R. Marsh, the eminent lawyer and esteemed citizen, no sooner escaped by the kind assistance of his friends from the clutches of the fat spook priestess, Madame Ann Odelia Diss Debar, that he fell into the clutches of Mrs. Clarissa J. Hayler, a pretended spirit medium of some note in this city. For more than two years he has been a secluded inmate of Hayler household here. Mrs. Hayler has so thoroughly worked her way into the graces of the rich and credulous lawyer that he has expended a large sum of money in converting the former humble Hayler cottage into a spacious and elegant mansion which may be properly styled a temple of spiritualism. In order to vindicate himself Mr. Marsh some days ago gave notice of a lecture on spiritualism to be delivered at the Casino theater, the proceeds to be handed over to some public charity. A large and highly respectable audience listened to the address. The address was a scholarly literary production and was delivered with all the graces of finished oratory. It had the effect at least of commanding the close and respectful attention of the audience and exciting admiration for the able and elegant manner in which Mr. Marsh presented his peculiar views.

DEMOLISHED THE PLATFORM.

Why No Anti-Parnellite Meeting Was Held Yesterday.

DUBLIN, Feb. 22.—Parnell made a number of speeches on his way to Roscommon today. The general burden of his remarks was that not even the Healyites dared to say Gladstone's assurances were satisfactory. The men to whom Ireland had looked for confidence had now sunk low enough to accept English gold in payment for their subservience to English parties.

An attempt was made to hold an out-door anti Parnell meeting at Carrick on the Shannon, County Leitrim, today but the Parnell sympathizers demolished the platform which had been erected for the speaker's accomodation.

BREVITIES.

The following gentlemen, members of the Nebraska commandery of the Loyal Legion, passed through Omaha yesterday on their way home from the funeral of the late General Sherman: H. C. McArthur, Lincoln; H. C. Russell, Schuyler; H. E. Palmer, Plattsmouth; Joseph Teeter, John Steen, Wahoo.

Omaha camp No. 12 of Modern Woodmen of America will give a musical and literary entertainment at the hall in the Barker block next Wednesday evening. The proceeds will be devoted to the relief of the family of Neighbor Jas Anderson. A fine programme has been prepared.

Hon. N. K. Griggs of Beatrice will lecture in Trinity M. E. church next Tuesday evening, February 24, on "National Character Illustrated by National Song." Mr. Griggs has a wide reputation as a poet and orator. This lecture has been enthusiastically received at Chautauqua assemblies and in several large cities. It will pay you to hear it. This is the third lecture in the Trinity M. E. church.

Shot Dead at a Dance.

PRINCE CITY, Mo., Feb. 22.—On Wednesday night at a dance in the town of Monett, four miles east of here, on the Frisco road, two young men of that place, Tom Hendricks and one Lane quarreled and commenced to fight. When they were on the outside of the dancing room they both drew revolvers and each fired one shot at the other. Hendricks reeled backward into the door and fell dead, while Lane escaped unhurt. A bystander named Charles McCauley was shot in the back, but not seriously wounded, it is thought, by Hendricks.

Skating Champions.

CHRISTIANA, Feb. 22.—The international skating tournament closed today. Hazen, the Norwegian champion, won two out of three contests and was awarded 500 kroners and the gold medal. Cornick, the Canadian champion, won the two mile race.

Fell Down a Stairway.

Henry Fleichman, who lives at 724 South Thirteenth street, accidentally fell down the stairway at 708 South Sixteenth street last night about 10:30 and sustained a severe sprain of the back and several painful bruises about the head and shoulders. The patrol wagon was called to take Mr. Fleichman to his home.

A Warrant Will Be Issued.

A warrant will be issued today for the arrest of a young man named Bock, who broke into the ticket office at the coliseum and stole a large quantity of tickets which he has been giving away about the city or selling for a trifle where he could do so.

"What's that? A new invention which works *all the year round?* Surprisin'—these days are not like the old times. Bleedin' was the only remedy them days. But now, as you say, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is a true remedy for the blood."

It's not like the sarsaparillas, that are said to be good for the blood in March, April and May. The "Golden Medical Discovery" works equally well at all times, in all seasons and in all cases of blood-taints, or humors, no matter what their name or nature.

"Golden Medical Discovery" is the only Blood and Liver medicine, sold by druggists, *guaranteed* to benefit or cure *in every case*, on fair trial, or money paid for it will be promptly refunded. World's