DOCTOR A. MATTHEWS
THE REAL PAINLESS DENTITT.
Office--No. 350 Bee Euilding, Omaha, Nebraska.
We positively guarantee to extract your teeth without pain or danger. Come and try us and be convinced. We make a specialty of Fine Gold Fillings, Gold and Porcelain Crowns, Bridge Work, etc., at very reasonable prices. All parties having $\$ 10$ worth of Dental Work done at this office
Charge by the aid of our new and only successful painless remed y. Sets ofteeth from $\$ 3.00$ on rubber upward to $\$ 78.00$ on gold. ties and its successes. He was induced to the writing of the following by a personal experience of the different kinds of work used for a period of over twenty-five years.

| A Brief History of Mechanical Dentistry. <br> Difficulties Besetting its progress and Its Final Success. <br> The art of constructing and properly nd justing arifificial teeth and artifical plate will not be without niterest, even to the casual reader, for the pertuetion to <br> pister will not be without interest, oven to the casual reader, for the perrection to which this mostuseful art has antained trom the period of It crude nut bunghing essays, is perhaps, unsurpased th any other department and must aford pleasuro <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  such a state of perfection, which twenty years ago its most acatious operator never anticinated or renmed of. But he who thinks that practical and successful dentistry can be pertormed by <br>  skined in the various mechanical manhyuations that perturn to the prothesis of these organs Teeth can not, like coats, be furnshed rendy made to order. No one can become a sucessful dentist in this dopartment unless he be a natural mechanic. Thero is now morequackery in this art than any other extant. Let us look briefly at its history. Substances Employed for Artificial Teeth. The qualities which should be sought in artuficial teeth are durability and resembianco to the natural organs. <br>  | the rovolting idea of wearing another's teeth, in which, perhaps, were disease. The teeth of neat cattie were also used by nitering their shape, these, of course, being iltted by sawing and filing; but by theabsorption and decomposition Teeth from ivory and tusks of the hippopotamus were next used, but these, like the last mentioned, were permenble by the fluids of the mouth and saon <br>  <br> The Perfection of the Art Due to the Americans. <br> Although the French ied the way in this most valuable invention, it is princi- pally to American Dentists we are indebted for the perfection now attained in the manufacture of porcelain teeth. $A$ want of resemblance to the natural teoth, in color and animation, was the great objection urged against porcelain. Such perfection has now been attuined that few can tell these teeth from the natural. Their advantages over cevery sort of animal substance are numerous. They can be more perfectly fitted to the mouth and are worn with greater convenience and comfort. inate they do noth abtorb its secretions, and never chango their color. properly cleansed, do not contam- These and other considerations eotition These and other considerations entitlethem to universal favor. <br> Methods of Applying Artificial Teeth. <br> Here great progross has beon attainod in this art, as in the election of tho material tor the teeth. The methods tor applying the teeth are tour <br>  vantuges and disadavantuges of these several methods. <br>  them the mot desirable. There may be cases which might determine recours to one of the other methods, but they witt be found rare indeed. | Gold has been the kind of plate sanctioned and used almost entirely by the Thest dentists until rocently, The mod ot attaching the teoth are various, and to the dentist would fur- nish an interesting detail, but by the general reader would be considered unvornish an interes thy attention. <br> Last Great Improvement----Continuous Gum <br> Work. <br>  <br>  cal diticulties to be overcome. But all difficulties have, to the one skitled in manipulation, at length heen overcome, rendering the toeth, thus made more durable, natural in appoarance. almost defying detection, and most effective in mastication, the most important function of teeth, and the one hitherto imperfectly attained. A set of continuous gam teeth has many advantages over those formell in any other way, And, first, there can be no counterfoiting or alloying of the metal employed for the plate, which is platinum. If alloyed it will not bear the heat omployed in baking. The metal is not acted upon by the fluids of the mouth. The platinum plato being more compact and nt the same time more pliable, is made to fit more completoly every irregularity of the mouth, and when flowed over with porcelain, becomes very much stronger Arain there are no in terstices in which the foed can lodge, rendering artifOnportunity is farnished to napt the verge of the gum more perfectly to the mouth, and thus flling out the contour of the jaw, rendering the face more youthand natural in apporance. Itis impossible to break the teeth off by proper usage. They are much me gum is a support and it is unpleasant to bo without them. Indeed, those who continuous gum, say there is no comparison. |
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ANOUNCEMENT-I would respectfully inform my friends and the public that I am prepared to perform work in the most approved style of the Dental Art. I refine
my gold, manufacture my plates, and hesitate not to say that I am performing operations in a style to Challenge Competition. All work is warranted to give satismy gold, manufacture my plates, and hesitate not to say that am performing operations in a style to Challenge competition. Aill work is warranted to give satis-
faction, and I would here especially invite all, who have failed from any cause in receiving full satisfaction, to call and try work skill made. I am also prepared to
insert Artificial Palates, and am warranted in assuring the public who may be afflicted with malformation or loss of this organ, whether congenital, accidental or occainsert Artificial Palates, and am warranted in assuring the public who may be afflicted with malformation or loss of this organ, whether congenital, accidental or occa-
sioned by disease, that they will be successfully treated.


