COLORED MEN'S CONVENTION.

Considerable Time Spent in the Discussion of Law and Order.

THE RESOLUTIONS AND REPORTS.

A Spirited Debate on the Question of Education and the Practice of Maintaining Separate

The convention of colored citizens recon-Vened in Garffeld hall yesterday morning at 11 o'clock. It was called to order by Mr. Barnett and was opened with prayer by Chaplain Moore.

The committee on resolutions presented the following:

The committee on resolutions presented the following:

Whereas, The negro in the United States is oppressed and hindered in his progress to a place of higher civilation and is debarred of many of the privileges granted to other citizens both of native and foreign birth, and Whereas. The negro is denied many of the privileges and immunities guaranteed to him by the federal constitution, and

Whereas, The federal government is reluctant in the enforcement of the law and in protecting the negro in his rights; and

Whereas, It is incumbent upon the negro to combine his strength for the further advancement of his best interests by improving his moral, mental and financial status; and his future depends in a great measure upon his own exertions; and, as we believe it to be conductive to the negro's prosperity, that he be more thoroughly distributed throughout the United States; therefore, be it

Hosolved, That we, as a convention take such steps as shall lead our people along the road of prosperity and that we combine with law abiding citizens of all nationalities in the enforcement of the law and in creating a public sentiment that will sustain public officials in the proper exercise of their duty in securing to all people those rights and privileges guarteed to them by the law of the land.

There are two wings in the convention and the resolution was debated with great spirit. A volley of "Mr. Chairman" came from every portion of the hall, and the chairman was compelied to limit the time of each speaker. A fine regard for parliamentary rules was observed, and when noon was reached only about half of the arguments had been

served, and when noon was reached only about half of the arguments had been One enthusiasitic individual wanted to con

tinue the convention until 4 o'clock without recess, but the hungry pangs of the majority prevailed and voted for food versus wind. During the afternoon session the report of During the afternoon session the report of the committee on education called to view the fact that education is the one thing needful. The document disapproved of the matter of separate schools. There was considerable discussion as to what a previous question was, but it ended with the acceptance of the report, which embodied the following resolu-tions:

tions:
That we favor the enforcement of the law which requires all children to attend school. That we believe that the separate public system now in operation in counties and states of the American union is an extra burden upon the taxpayers and contradiction of our government, as it fosters class prejudice, which is detrimental to the best interest of government.

government.

That a committee of two be chosen to ascertain the number of colored children in each of the schools of this city and other cities and

the schools of this city and other cities and towns of Nebraska.

That a committee of two wait upon the parents of children who are not attending school and ascertain their reasons for not doing so, and if their excuse is frivial, to use their influence and the influence of the committee on education to overcome it.

That a committee of two wait upon the scholars in the advanced classes or grades and urge and encourage them to complete their education and assist them in every way possible.

possible.

That a committee of two wait on the schol-

ars that have graduated or who are proficient to apply for positions in mercantile houses and government positions.

The following resolutions were also adopted: Wherens. We believe it to be a fixed deter-

Whereas. We believe it to be a fixed determination on the part of the prominent class of citizens in a large number of the southern states to defeat the object and purpose of the lifteenth amendment, section 2 of article 4 of the constitution of the United States; therefore be il

Resolved. That we respectfully ask our congressmen and senators to use their influence to secure the passage of a national electionism.

Another resolution introduced by Senared Another resolution introduced by Senared.

Another resolution, introduced by Scarred Smith of Omaha, was to the effect that the board of education of Nebraska City be cen-sured for maintaining separate schools for colored children.
This called for a heated debate, which re-

sulted in its being laid on the table. Then a committee on emigration submitted a report which eulogized the climate and productiveness of Nebraska, and recom-mended the establishment of a bureau of immigration, consisting of one state commis-sioner and one vice commissioner from each county in the state, the expense to be borne by the state league until the bureau becomes self-sustaining. The latter part of the report bureau becomes was objected to, and on vote it was decided to substitute a bureau of information instead

of immigration commissioners. The committee on constitution and organization, through E. R. Overall, reported in favor of the establishment of the Afro-American league of the state of Nebraska with th object of aiding and advancing the national Afro-American league. The basis of representation was fixed at one delegate from each local league that has a membership of fifty.

The organization of the state league was then completed by the election of the follow-

Jig officers: President, M. O. Ricketts of Omaha; vice president, B. F. C. Alberts of Lincoln; recording secretary, H. H. Barnett of Omaha; corresponding secretary, B. C. Watkins of Nebraska City; treasurer, E. R. Overall of Omaha Executive committee: Thomas Carnahan, Lincoin; E. R. Sims, Alliance; Jerry Smith, Blair; W. I. Jones, Nebraska City. Board of immigration: Alphonso Wilson, chairman, with authority to appoint balance of the committee. On motion it was unanimously decided that the next session of the league be held in Lin-

District Court.

Lulu Waechter has applied for a divorce from Frank Waechter on the ground of desertion. The parties were married April 7, 1887, at Council Bluffs, and the husband de-

serted his wife on April 1, 1888.

The Bohn sash and door company has commenced suit against Gottlieb H. Mack et al, to recover \$1,033.78 on account of labor material furnished in erecting a house for the defendant in South Omaha.

County Court. Samuel Stover, the ex-sewer inspector, recovered a judgment against the city yesterday in the county court, amounting to \$348. Mr. Stover was discharged by the chairman of the board of public works December 5, 1887, but refused to accept his discharge, as it was not in writing. He was employed dur-ing March for a few days under the direction of the city engineer, and claimed that he had been in the employ of the city during the interim, and brought suit to recover his salary The defense set up that Stover was dis-plarged in December, as there was no more work for him. Chairman Balcombe notified him orally to that effect, although it had been customary to consider men discharged when work stopped for the winter.

Caroline K. Terry was yesterday appointed administratix of the estate of Isaac K. Terry. Alice Dunklan was appointed administratrix of the estate of William Dunklan.

District Court Jurors. The following is the list of jurors for the May term of the district court as drawn yesterday by Clerk F. E. Moores and Sheriff

Boyd: William Brann, First ward; T. P. Riley, Fourth ward; John Hoffman, Second ward; Dan Hurd, Sixth ward; P. F. Denuison, Fifth Dan Hiltu, Sixth ward; P. F. Dennison, Fifth ward; John Conroy, South Omaha; Pat Carl, Fourth ward; J. J. Nobes, Seventh ward; I. N. McCoy, Second ward; Pierce Sanders, Third ward; Dennis Lonnergan, Florence precinct; J. M. Boyd, Seventh ward; Robert Cohee, Third ward; Dan W. Cannon, Chicago precinct; Jerry Mahoney, Second ward; P. A. Anderson, Jefferson precinct; Reuben Forbes, Fourth ward; J. J. Sweeney, Second ward; A. J. Peters, Nith ward, Dan Bong, Second ward; A. J. Peters, Nith ward, Dan Bong, Second ward: A. J. Peters, Ninth ward: Pat Pow-ers, Millard prichet; Otis Haynes, Fifth ward: James Duffy, Second ward; Frank Pivonka, South Omaha; William Donnelly, Waterloo precinct; James McCullough, South Omaha; Chris H. Kittler, Fourth ward: A. E. Agoe, Valley precinct: Joe Heffner, Third ward: Pat Brennan, First ward: George Hensman, Sixth ward; Dan Angell, Eighth ward: Timmethy Kelly, Third ward; Samuel Manner, Eighth Maguer, Eighth ward; J. A. McMurphy, Douglas precinct; J. Jankowsky, Third ward.

HUGHITT'S SELECTION.

How It is Received by the Union Pacific Officials.

While the election of Marvin Hughitt to a directorship in the Union Pacific board was not unexpected at headquarters by the officials, it has occasioned a great deal of discus-

Vice President Kimball intimated several days ago that a representative might be selected from the Vanderbilt interests to suc-David Dows, though he could not be induced to say that such an election would have any

special significance.
Other officials have expressed themselves. however, quite freely and to the effect that this action shows closer relations between the Union Pacific-Norththat. western systems than has heretofore been admitted. Every one in authority insists, however that the selection of Mr. Hughitt was due to the late traffic arrangement between these two corporations, and because it was advisable to have a Northwestern man in the councils. This view, it may be stated, is not favorably received. There seems to be a well-defined understanding that a strong tie-up has been made for a powerful system of road, virtually under one

management, from ocean to ocean.

It requires only the building of 160 miles of new road to reach Pagut Sonnd, and the Union Pacific is now completing arrangements for extending its Oregon Short Line across that stretch from Portland. The estimated cost of construction is \$3,000,000, and there seems to be strong grounds for the belief that the Vanderbilts will furnish this memory.

will furnish this money.

"Mr. Hughitt's selection is, in my opinion," said an official, "the first step of an organized move for the control of the trans-continental traffic; also the beginning of a determined war upon the Northern Pacific."

Sustain Mr. Holcomb.

Director J. H. Millard has returned from the Boston meeting of the Union Pacific di rectory.

He was asked for reliable information conperning the rumors affoat that Vice President Holcomb might soon retire from the service of the Union Pacific. In reply he said: "If there is such a rumor going the rounds

it is wholly without foundation. Mr. Holcomb enjoys the full confidence of the direc tory of the road, and as vice president will be practically in absolute control of the af-fairs of the company. His powers have been extended rather than diminished. He will assume control of all matters relating to the early transfer of terminal facilities to the Omaha side of the river, and work on the union depot will be pushed as rapidly as pos-

That December Agreement.

An agreement entered into last December between Vice President Holcomb and employes, especially shop men of the Union Pacific, took effect yesterday. It establishes nine and one-half hours as a working day but scales the wages accordingly. Those who want to work ten hours have the privilege of doing so and will be paid for it as heretofore. While not stated in the agreement, it was generally understood then that this is a move towards eventually making eight hours a working day on the Union Pacific system They propose to shorten up at the rate of half an hour each year. So far as heard from at headquarters this agreement has been accepted and is now in force over the entire system.

A Reorganized Department. The Burlington's insurance department has been reorganized so as to give employes who get insured better advantages and greater benefits. Those entering the service can become members immediately instead of waitcome memoers immediately instead of waiting one mouth, as heretofore, and continue
such as long as they live, whereas it has been
the policy to cut them off as soon as they had
ceased to be in the employ of the road. The
department is controlled by a superintendent,
J. C. Bartlett, who has his headquarters in
Chicago, and a medical director, Dr. G. H.
Williams.

Closes the Crossing. Louis Littlefield has filed a complaint with Superintendent Gilmore of the Missouri Pacific against the crew of one of the early freight trains of that road which blocks up the crossing at Twenty-second street. Some times the street is closed for ten minutes.

compelling the pedestrian or driver to go to Twenty-fourth or Sixteenth street to cross. Notes and Personals. James Murdock, late traveling freight agent of the Union Pacific, has been apcointed general agent for the Northwestern

General Freight Agent Tibbets went yesterday to join General Manager Dicknson and party for a tour of the Missouri

Beware of Frauds—Be sure you get the genuine Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. It cures colds, croup, asthama, deafness and rheuma-

JUSTICE OVERTOOK HIM. Sol Marks Meets Death at the Hands

of His Wife. The wires bring the information that Sol Marks, known in Tennessee as Jake Ackerman, was fatally shot in the court room by his wife.

The latter was in Omaha with him and impressed those who saw her as being an attractive and lady-like little woman. It was mainly through her efforts that the charge against her husband in the district court was hanged from grand to petit larceny.

Marks was one of the smooth kind of

crooks, and had a record in nearly all the estern states. His latest crime in Omaha was the stealing of a bolt of silk from Larkin's dry goods store. He was arrested and bound over for store. He was arrested and bound over for trial for grand larceny and was subsequently allowed to plead guilty to petty larceny and was sentenced to thirty days in the county jail. While there, he played the sick dodge successfully and was sent to the county poor farm. He took an unceremonious departure from the hospital and the next information of him came in a telegram from Memphis, Tenn., advising the Omaha police that the authorities had him. It was not thought worth while to send for him, and it was left for his wife to put an end to his career of crime. No reason is known for

If Your Liver Reminds You

Of its existence by dull pain or sharp twinges in the right side, or beneath the dexter shoulder-blade, accept the reminder as a warning, and regulate the organ without loss of time, by the use of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. The above symptoms are usually accompanied by yellowness of the skin, con-stipation, furred tongue, disorder of the stomach, sick headache and morning nausea. But a reform is promptly instituted by the Bitters, the best possible substitute for calo-mel, blue pill, and other super-potent and hartful drugs erroneously designated as re edies for billiousness. Appetite and diges-tion are restored, and the bowels resume activity, when an impetus is given to the func-tions of health by this sterling anti-bilious nedicine, which also has the effect of enrich ing and purifying the circulation, and forti-fying the system against malarial infection in air or water. It is also highly beneficial for rheumatism, kidney and bladder troubles.

Building Permits. The following permits were issued by the building inspector yesterday:

Erastus Young, two story frame residence, Dodgestreet and Thirty-second E. Warner, two story brick residence. C. E. Warner, two story brick residence,
Forty-second and Davenbort streets.
C. E. Warner, two story brick residence,
Forty-second and Davenbort streets.
F. A. Thempkins, addition to residence,
Twenty-eighth and Doughas streets.
C. L. Jaynes, one story frame cottage,
Thirtsenth and Gast streets.
C. L. Jaynes, one story frame cottage,
Thirteenth and Gast streets.
Four minor permits. 3,000 3,000

Nervous debility, poor memory, diffidence sexual weakness, pimples, cured by Dr. Miles' Nervine. Samples free at Kuhn & Co's 15th and Douglas.

New Coates House, Kan. City. Absolutely fire proof. Finest and largest otel in Kansas City. Unexcelled in its ap-

Dr. Birney, practice limited to catarrhal diseases of nose and throat. Bee bldg. CREMATED IN THE CORNER

While Thirty Women Escape the Plames by Means of Ladders.

DARING AND EFFICIENT FIREMEN.

Nels P. Drage is Burned to a Crisp and a Wholesale Holocaust is Prevented Only by Remarkable Coolness and Daring.

The gasoline can did its work. The store was burned and Nels P. Drage was burned to

About half-past 10 o'clock yesterday morning the pedestrians on Howard street, between Fifteenth and Sixteenth, were startled by the appearance of a poor little Dane, Peter Oleson, who lives at 2537 Pacific street. With a face like ashes he dashed in and out of the door of Drage's tailor shop, 1519 Howard street, distractedly wringing his hands and gasping something in broken English which the hearers Interpreted-"Mr. Drage's shop is burning.

He meant more than that, but, in his terror, and with his broken speech he failed to make any one comprehend. He was pushed aside, while the crowd which had collected, begar hustling out into the street the stock of tailoring goods for which the flames were stretching out greedy tongues.

The fire had started in the northeast corner of Drage's tailoring shop and, immediately under the only flight of stairs leading to the flats above. An alarm was turned in at once, but at the station it registered "eight" instead of "eighty-two," and the prompt department went flying off toward Vinton street,

In the meantime, a terrible sight was witnessed at the fire. The building is a three-story brick, owned by P. E. Her. On the corner of Sixteenth and Howard is the office of the Nebraska steam laundry, owned by C S. Poore & Co. East of these are the Omah S. Poole & Co. East of these are the Omaha steam dye works and on the east end is the tailor shop, where the fire started.

On the second floor is the dressmaking establishment of Madame Wallace, where thirty-five girls and women were at work.

The third floor is occupied by rooms in the basement forty employes of the laundry were at work. In an instant the narrow stairway, the only

means of egress from the upper stories, was choked with flames and smoke, while the snapping and cracking of the glass and wood of the tailor shop mingled with the roar of Half a dozen roomers from the third story

came plunging down the stairs through the smoke in their night clothes blinded and smoke in their night clothes blinded and dizzy. Then, fearing the draught the door was closed and the helpless spectators prayed for the arrival of the fire department.

A white-faced man dashed up to the door and flung it open. He was grasped by the crowd, pulled back and the door shut in his face.

face. "Stand back, — you, stand back," he vo ciferated, my wife is up there, my wife is up Then the crowd for the first time looked up and at every window in the building saw the blanched faces of from two to half-a-dozen young girls. And till the department arrived they spent the time in urging the occupants of the building to wait for the ladders. Now

and then one more frantic than the rest would attempt to throw herself out, but was pulled back by the cooler ones behind. In a few minutes, which seemed like hours, the department was on hand. Hook and ladder truck No. 1 came first, and the police patrol wagon with it. Ladders were run up at once and the work of rescuing the girls began. Some of them were helpless with ter-ror, and one, especially, could hardly be forced from the building, but kept screaming frantically for her sister.

frantically for her sister.

Jim O'Brien, the patrol driver, carried down the ladder six women who were perfectly unable to help themselves in the least.

One white haired old lady had stood patiently at a second story window just above the tailor shop without uttering a sound and her example seemed to inspire the others with

The alarm had been brought to the dress making shop by a little girl and Mme. Wallace and her husband, Mr. Carcy, rose to the occasion and told the girls that there was no danger but that the goods of the custon must be saved if possible. Everybody was put to work bundling up the silks and laces and a panic was averted till the ladders were

on hand.

The fire was soon extinguished after the hose arrived and began playing on it, but while it was burning Sanitary Officer Hinchey had heard that someone was in the tailorshop, and some of the firemen made a search of the floor on their hands and knees but found nothing. When the flames were out round nothing. When the manes were extinguished another search was made.

The loss on the building will not be more than \$200 or \$300. The tailor stock of N. P.

Drage was almost a total loss and was valued at about \$2 000. Mrs. Wallace values her floor with the fur i goods at about \$35,500 and she carried \$5,000 insurance. She had goods belong to customers valued at \$2,000, most of which was

from smoke and rough handling. The furni-ture on the third floor belonged to P. E. Her and was only slightly damaged.

Among the employes rescued from Mrs.

Wallace's dressmaking rooms were: Mrs.

Wallace, Mrs. Carpenter, Mrs. Beere, Mary Moran, Mrs. Park, Mrs. Beehus, Nettic McKay, Annie Craig, Mary and Ella Barnwell, May Wolff, Katie Robinson, Mrs. Eck-ert, Nettie Hopkins, Annie Wagner and others, whose names could not be learned but all were saved.

Burned to Death.

Chief Galligan, who, with some of his men was making an examination of the burned tailor shop, found under the charred stairway in what had been a little closet, what at first looked like a bundle of rags. A looked and a stairway in what had been a little closet, what at first looked like a bundle of rags. closer examination revealed protruding from the bundle a charred and shrivelled human elbow. The rags were removed and disclosed the contorted body of the proprietor, N. P. Drage, burned almost to a crisp. His burn-ing clothes had ignited the building.

The origin of the fire is explained by the two tailors Olesen and Lundgren, who were in the shop at the time. Mr. Drage had been out collecting and coming in shortly after 10 o'clock went into the closet under the stairs to change his pants. There was a can of gasoline in the closet and in a minute after Drage had entered the place the employes heard cries of pain and turning saw the flames is

suing through the open door.

As above related, Olesen fied in terror from the place. He returned and almost dragged Lundgren after him. Lundgren, it seems, is deaf. He had not seen the flames and had not heard Drage's cries. Both lost contro of themselves and picking up a few articles of clothes rushed from the store. Poor Drage was left behind and was found as described Drage lives at Eighteenth and Spring treets, and leaves a wife and three children His stock of goods was almost completely estroyed, but it could not be learned what value had been placed on it.

The Inquest.

The inquest over the remains of Uels P. Drage was held at Heafey & Heafey's yesterday afternoon.

The first witness examined was Peter Olesen, the little Swede who first gave the alarm of fire. He said he was a tailor and was in the employ of Mr. Drage. The latter had been out collecting in the morning and came in about 10:30 o'clock. He had been wearing a new pair of pants and remarked that he guessed he would take them off and put on an old pair. With that he went into the small cubby hole or closet under the stair-In about half a minute the with heard a sharp exclanation, and then another. He ran to the closet and was confronted with

He ran to the closet and was confronted with a great flame. He at once ran out into the street and gave the alarm.

Being cross examined, the witness said there were two gasoline cans kept in the closet; the larger one held five gallons and the smaller about two gallons. Mr. Drage aways attended to the gasoline stove, and was in the habit of pouring the gasoline from the larger into the smaller can and using the was in the hasit of pouring the gasoline from the larger into the smaller can, and using the latter to fill the stove. The stove had been filled early in the merning and the can re-turned to the closet. The witness did not hear Mr. Drage strike a match, nor did he hear any explosion.

Fritz Oleson and his wife, who are conthat Mr. Drage was being burned to death. The rest of their testimony was unimportant. Chief Galligan was examined and testified to having been notified by Officer Hinchey that a man was in the burning store. He also told of the finding of the dead man. He said he had examined the place and was of the opin ion that the cork hold been left out of the gaseline can and the vapor had filled the room or closet; that the deceased had dropped something while changing his pants and had struck a match to look for it, causing the explosion. Eli F. King, a fireman of No. 3 company

Eli F. King, a fireman of No. 3 company, was the next witness. He helped remove the body. The five gallon can was lying on the floor directly at the feet of the dead man.

Coroner Harrigan stated for the benefit of the jury that the large can was not injured except to char the wooden jacket, and contained kerosene or gasoline after it had been thrown into the street. The small can was found with the top blown completely off.

Officer Hinchey was examined, but his testimony did not develop anything.

This completed the testimony and the jury returned a verdict that the deceased came to his death by an explosion of gasoline, but from the evidence the jury was unable to determine the cause of the explosion.

One of the witnesses stated that the de-

One of the witnesses stated that the de-eased was a member of the Danish Brother-

hood, lodge No. 2, in which he carried a pol hood, lodge No. 2, in which he carried a pol-icy of \$1,000.

The remains were removed to Maul's un-dertaking rooms by direction of the Danish Brotherhood. This order has taken charge of the funeral, which will be held on Saturday or Sunday, the details not having been

ompleted.

The wife and children of the dead man The wife and children of the dead man have not seen the remains and will not be permitted to do so if they can be prevented. The body presented a horrible appearance, the face being intensely black, probably from smoke, as the hair and beard were preserved. The body was burned and ollstered and the feet were burned completely off. The lower part of the legs were charred to a crisp.

A Pleasing Sense

of health and strength renewed and of east and comfort follows the use of Syrup of Figs as it acts in harmony with nature effectually cleanses the system when costive or billious. For sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all druggists.

NOBODY'S DARLING.

And Yet Half a Dozen are Clamoring for a Little Waif.

Four weeks ago Mrs. William Dustin, 1327 South Seventeenth street, became the foster mother of a little waif whose own mother had died almost at the time of its birth. The little one was received with joy into Mrs. Dus-

tle one was received with joy into Mrs. Dus-tin's household and in a short time was idolized by herself and her husband.

The child had come into her possession through its grandmother. Mrs. Alva, who resides at the corner of Twentieth and Cas-tellar streets. Where the father of the waif is no one knows. He was not present at its birth and it was not intended that his off-spring should hear his name because it. spring should bear his name, because it was illegitimate.

**Wednesday, Mrs. Alva called at the resi

dence of Mrs. Dustin accompanied by Consta-ble Jacobs, a detective and a lawyer of this city and demanded possession of the child.
On her entrance, Mrs. Dustin remarked:
"You have come for the baby, ch! Well
you won't get it." At the same time she
rushed to the room where the little one lay and taking it in her arms defied the grand-

At this juncture Mrs. Alva's male friends entered the house and one of them seized Mrs. Dustin by one hand while the grand-mother took the child from her arms. Mrs. Dustin's husband then appeared and violently protested, threatening the direct kind of vengeance on those who were robbing him of his adopted child. He was held by a couple of men while the child was berne

away in triumph. It is now supposed to be in the possession of a woman living on Vin-Mrs. Alva claims that the baby was not adopted by Mr. Dustin and that it had not been properly cared for, and that it was her

desire to see that her daughter's offspring was brought up in a careful and respectable Mrs. Dustin, on the other hand, claims that the child was given every care, and that the grandmother took it away only to give it into the possession of some one who was anxious

Dustin is after his visitors, whom he assey erates he will have arrested for assault, while he proposes to punish Mrs. Alva for kiunap-

BENFITS OR DAMAGES.

What Property Holders Must Pay for the Tenth Street Viaduct. The board of equalization yesterday com pleted the approximate estiment of the

assessment for the Tenth street viaduct damages. The amount per foot frontage north of the viaduct will be as follows, unless otherwise

ordered by the board: Capitol avenue from Seventh to Fifteenth Capitol avenue from Seventh to Fifteenth street, 23 cents; Douglas, Farnam, Harney Howard, Jackson, 29; Seventh and Capitol avenue to alley south of Jackson, 12; Eighth, 18; Ninth, 29; Tenth and Douglas, 52; Tenth and Douglas to alley south of Jackson, 58; Eleventh, Twelfth, Thirthenth, Fourteenth and Fifther the Capitol Seventh of Jackson, 58; Eleventh, Twelfth, Thirthenth, Fourteenth and Fifther the Capitol Seventh of Jackson, 58; Eleventh, Twelfth, Thirthenth, Fourteenth and Fifther the Capitol Seventh of Sev eenth from Capitol avenue to alley south of

Jackson, 29. The above described assessment amounts a round numbers to \$15,670.

in round numbers to \$15,670.

The amount per foot frontage south of the viaduct will be as follows, unless otherwise ordered by the board of equalization:

Mason street, Fifth to Twelfth, 15 cents;
Pacific street, Fifth to Twelfth, 15; Pierce street, Second to Fifth, 6; Pierce street, Fifth street, Second to Fifth, 6; Pierce street, Fifth to Twelfth, 15; Poppleton avenue, Second to Fifth, 6; Williams street, Second to Fifth, 6; Williams, Fifth to Sixth, 15; Williams street, Kountzeuddition, 15; Williams street, Tenth to Twelfth, 15; Woolworth avenue, Second to Fifth, 6: Woolworth avenue, Fifth to Sixth, 15; Worthington, Eighth to Tenth, 15; Pine, Second to Fifth, 6: Pine, Fifth to Sixth, 15; Pine, Seventh to Tenth, 15; Hickory, Sec Pine, Seventh to Tenth, 15; Hickory, Second to Fifth, 6; Hickory, Fifth to Eleventh, 12; Walnut and Center, Second to Fifth, 6; Center, Tenth to Twelfth, 12; Cedar, Oak and Dorcas, Second to Fifth, 6; Oak and Dorcas, Fifth to Twelfth, 12; Martha, Second to Fifth, 6; Martha and Vinton, Tenth to Twelfth, 12; Castellar, Fifth to Twelfth, 12; Arbor Eighth to Twelfth, 12; Castellar, Fifth to Twelfth, 12; Arbor Eighth to Twelfth, 12; Castellar, Fifth to Twelfth, 1 Arbor, Eighth to Twelfth, 12; East and West streets of Bancroft, from Second to Twelfth From Mason to Hickory, 58; Tenth Hickory to Bancroft, 52; Second, north to Pacific, 6; Third, Walnut to Hickory, 6; Pine, to Pacific, 6; Fourth, Martha to Pacific, 6; Fifth, Oak to Pacific, 6; Sixth and Seventh, Dorcas to Mason, 18; Sixth, Dorcas south, 12; Seventh and Eighth, Dorcas to Mason, 18; Nineth, Bancrof to Martha, 18; Nineth, Dorcas to Mason, 18; Pilesenth Mason, 18;

Mason, 18; Nineth, Bancrof to Martha, 18; Nineth, Dorcas to Mason, 18; Eleventh, Mason to Bancroft, 12; Ninth and Eleventh, Valley to Bancroft, 12; Tenth and Eleventh, Valley to Bancroft, 15; Mayne's Riverside, River View, Annisfield & Smith's additions, 6, Seventh avenue, Pine to Place 18; Twelfth street Mason south to Pierce, 18; Tweifth street, Mason south to Pierce, 6; Eleventh, Van Camp addition, 12. This makes, in round numbers, \$21,880. The southern territory extends over two The northern arens six and one-half

"If this estimate is not changed," said Chairman Lowry of the board of equalization, "it will be fought by every property owner in the First ward.

Persons who lead a life of exposure are subject to rheumatism neuralgia and lumbage and will find a valuable remedy in Dr. J. H. McLean's Volcanic Off Liniment; it will banish pain and subdureinflammation.

At the Young Women's Home. The Young Women's home, at 109 South Seventeenth street, was the scene of unusual enjoyment last night, it being the second entertainment, the proceeds of which go towards paying for a fine piano, recently purchased. From early in the evening until nearly midnight the spacious parlors were crowded with the guests and friends of the young ladies. During the evening the follow-ing musical and literary programme was ren-

Solo (bass). "Thy Sentinel and I"

Recitation J. A. Bollman, The High Tide"

Solo (tenor) Nora G. Baker. "Love's Sorrow" B. F. Dancan. Recitation. W. S. Heller Stereoptican views.
Piano accompany ist .W. Stevens .Lee Kratz

In the large dining room, refreshments, consisting of cake, coffee and ice cream were

nected with the dye works next door to the tailor shop, testified that they had seen the little tailor run out of the shop, exclaiming that Mr. Drage was being burned to death. CONTINENTAL CLOTHING: HOUSE, CORNER FIFTEENTH AND DOUGLAS STS.

PRIZE .: WORD .: CONTEST. An Educational Recreation, Highly Exciting, Instructive and

A VALUABLE PRIZE

Amusing.

From Our Boys' and Children's Department Given to Every Sudcessful Contestant, Read Carefully the Details of this Unique Entertainment.

COMMENCING MONDAY, MAY B,

And continuing until further notice, we will sen d a game of letters to any address, in a sealed envelope, with rules and instructions showing how common words of the English language may be formed from these letters. Two envelopes will be sent to every address containing letters which will form two common English words, which may be found in either Webster's or Wooster's Unabridged Dictionary, either one being accepted as standard authority in spelling.

To every boy 14 years of age or under who is successful in forming from the letters sent the two correct words which they represent, all of which are numberen and registered in a ledger in our office and also numbered on the envelopes sent, we will send as a prize by express a pair of short knee trousers made from the Sawyer Woolen Company's, of Dover, N. H., finest quality spring cassimere, equal in quality to any fabric made in this country, if not superior, the lowest retail price of which in our establishment or elsewhere is \$2.00 per pair.

As it is our purpose to distribute the prize, which all come from our children's department, as possible, no contestant will be allowed to compete more than once, and all words sent out must be retarned to us within fifteen days of date or they will not be accepted.

Great interest will be taken in this method of competing for a prize of substantial value, which will be given to every successful contestant. To persons who are skillful at this game it will be a matter of only a few moments' study to win a prize, and at the same time some experts may find it a subject that will require many days and evenings of careful study to solve. The game is fascinating beyond precedent, and thousands of people all over the United States are playing it at the present time during the long evenings as a ssurce of amusement and as a highly instructive recreation in the art of spelling and forming words in the English language. Send to us for envelopes containing the words

FREELAND, LOOMIS & CO.

The Largest Clothing House West of the Mississippi.

SOUTH OMAHA DAILY EVENTS.

Saloons Are All Selling, But Without the Legal City License.

HARD FEELING THE CONSEQUENCE.

Boy's Miraculous Escape from Fatal Accident-No Signs of a Strike Among Packing House Employes.

There isn't a saloon in South Omaha that has a license to sell beer or liquor, but just the same a thirsty or bibulous person can buy booze at any of them. They are flying in face of the law and take the position that the city council is the dereliet body and not themselves. They contend that their applications were in the city clerk's hands in ample time to be considered and passed upon, but the council has neglected to meet and

give them a hearing. The license committee was not in session yesterday morning. Illness in the family of Councilman O'Rourke necessitated his going to Omaha, hence no meeting was held. Both Councilmen O'Rourke and Rowley, who are the saloonmen's friends on the committee, admit they have not struck a single bond and application yet that is regu-lar in form and meets with the requirements of the Slocumb law. Everything is in a

chaotic condition, with no telling what the Yesterday applicants for license marched p the stairs to the city treasurer's office nd deposited either cash or certified checks to the amount of \$500 and securing the treas-urer's receipt for the money. Heretofore the saloon men have paid \$120 on May 1 and the other \$375 of their license money on August
1. A rigid enforcement of the Slo-cumb law necessitates the payment of the

full sum in advance and prevents the consideration of the application for license unless the treasurer's receipt for the money accom-There is sympathy for the saloonkeepers who have been in business for the past year who to comply with the law would have to close their places up pending the granting of their licenses. But with the men who started up yesterday and who openly declare they will run, license or no license, there will be little sympathy. There are several men who have opened up today who apparently

believe they are justified in opening, but who will never get a license if it is possible to en-force the state laws in South Omaha. There are sixty saloons in South Omaha one to every 140 of the population. They are a strong power and believe they are being persecuted. Feeling is strong and knots of men discussed the situation on the streets all day. The condition of affairs is charged to the men who were defeated in the city election last month. It is asserted that the saloons are being persecuted because they refused to support Ed Johnston for mayor and the nominees on the citizens' ticket. Again, it is said to be a plan to force annexation on the people by bringing the saloon keepers, the most interested class, to the support of consolidation. The effect of the election next Thursday is problematical. On one side are those who insist that it is time to enforce the law in South Omalia; on the other side are those who think that the present condition of affairs is satisfactory enough to suit everybody except the prudish portion of the population.

Under a Team of Scrapers. The loungers around the corner of Twenty-

fourth and N streets Wednesday night just before dusk witnessed a scene that for five minutes led them to believe another boy was going to have his life crushed out but this time not by a motor train. A grading outfit was passing along the

street. A string of seven scrapers were altched together, the driver sitting hitched together, the driver sitting on the first one. A small boy thought he would steal a ride and endeavored to get on the sec-ond scraper. He missed his footing and fell under the machine. The spectators shouled to the driver to stop but he thought they were indulging in ridicule at the long string of two wheeled vehicles he had behind him and only draws the factor. The string of two-wheeled vehicles he had behind him and only drove the faster. The louder the shouts to "Whoa!" the faster he drove. Everybody expected to pick up a dead boy when the last scraper had passed. They were surprised when out of the dust and dirt of the street they picked up a lustily bawling urchin who had sustained no injuries except a slight scrutch on one of his hands. Fortunately the boy fell in such a position Fortunately the boy fell in such a position

that the six heavy scrapers had cleared him with their wheels. Dr. Ensor examined him and sent him home. He narrowly missed making another small boy job for the No Strike in Sight.

I packing house employes today. Everybody is at work and the matter is not DICK HALL CAPTURED. even being discussed on the streets. Unless the infection should spread out from Chicago to Omaha and be encouraged by hot-headed men no trouble is feared here. A number of the men at work here had disastrous experi-ences in the last packing house strike in Chi-cago and want no more of it in theirs.

A Bad Boy Captured. Ed Fitzgerald is a prisoner at the city jail.

He is wanted here for some thievery indulged in in the Third ward last fall. He skipped the country, but in the meantime was at his old work in Kansas. He was arrested there and sent to the reform school at Topeka. He escaped from the institution the other day and returned to South Omaha only to fall into the hands of the law again.

They Were in South Omaha. It is now certain that the men who shot Nistel, the clothing clerk, in Omaha last me men who were arrested by Viaduct Watchman Tuhls one day last week and who were sent to the county jail week and who were sent to the county jall for vagrancy by Judge King. The four men were dressed exactly alike in new clothing. The police were sure at the time they had captured a gang of crooks, but the best they could do many the captured a gang of crooks, but the best they could do was to make a charge of vagrancy

City Notes and Personals. John Wiggins of Columbus made his regu-

lar visit to South Omaha vesterday. Patsey Murray, the South Omaha pugilist, will be tendered a benefit by the South Omaha athletic club. James McCarthy of Denison, Ia, spent yesterday in the city. The members of the Presbyterian congre-

gation at their annual meeting last night de-cided to retain Rev. R. L. Wheeler for another year. W. G. Martin has returned from a business trip to Keokuk, Ia.

R. J. Newman, a capitalist of Syracuse, N. Y., is in South Omaha looking over the opportunities for investment. H. R. Altman of the Stockman force, is suffering from slight injuries sustained by his leg coming in contact with the fly wheel

of a printing press. Jarah Jaskalek was out yesterday after a week's wrestle with rheumatism. William Hike, whose jealousy led him to shoot into the house of Fred Moran Saturday night, was taken to the county jail yesterday by Officer Hughes to await trial in

George Campbell, Hopkinsville, Ky., says: Burdock Blood Bitters is the best prepara-tion for the blood and stomach ever manufac tured.

the district court.

The costliest horse barn in the world belongs to D. D. Crouse and is located at Syracuse, N. Y. It has now cost the owner, a millionaire horseman, some thing like \$700,000. Incidental expenses will make the stable cost little short of a round million.

He Admits Having Shot at Detectives Dempsey and Savage.

Dick Hall, the man who shot at Detectives Savage and Dempsey last Thursday night, was lodged in jail last night. He admits he is the party, and as evidence of this he carries a bullet in his leg, which is causing him considerable suffering. Hall, although only eighteen years of age, is hardened in crime, having done several years in jail. About three months ago he was arrested in a vacant building on South Tenth street, charged with committing a nameless crime upon the person of Eddy Gray, a boy fifteen years of age. He was convicted and sent to the county jail for ninety days, his term expiring the same day

he shot at the officers. Taking his own story for it, the night of the shooting he was in Frank Bellamy's saloon on lower Douglas street and seeing the officers hasty retreat, ran into the alle firing his revolver as he ran. Detective Savage fired twice, the first shot taking effect in the right leg, just below the knee. Hall then escaped, went to Dick Burdish's saloon where he told what had happend, after which Bur-dish hitched up his horse and drove him to Council Biuffs where he was secreted in the house of Jack Green, a bartender who resides at 510 South Seventh street.

Hall claims that he is the son of wealthy and respectable parents who reside in St. Louis, and was enticed away from home some two years ago by a man who is now serving out a ten years sentence in the penitentiary at Joliet, where he was sent on a charge of highway robbery.

Pears' is the best and purest soap ever

The Only One.

The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway is the only line running solid vestibuled, electric lighted and steam heated trains between Chicago, Council Bluffs and Omaha.

The berth reading lamp feature in the

Pullman sleeping cars run on these lines is patented and cannot be used by any other railway company. It is the great improvement of the age. Try it and be Sleeping cars leave the Union Pacific depot, Omaha, at 6 p. m. daily, arriving at Chicago at 9:30 a. m. Passengers taking this train are not compelled to

tickets and sleeping car berths at Union ticket office, 1501 Farnam st. F. A. NASH, Gen. Agt. J. E. PRESTON Pass Agt.

get out of the cars at Council Bluffs and

wait for the train to be cleaned. Get

□Jesse Parrott, who fought under General Andrew Jackson of New Orleans is living on a farm near Carrollton, Ga. He was born March 22, 1790. his eighty-fifth year he made a good farm hand," writes a recent visitor.

Pears' Soap Fair white hands. **Bright clear complexion** Soft healthful skin. "PEARS'---The Great English Complexion SOAP,---Sold Everywhere."

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