Doomed to Disappointment After Waiting Twenty Years.

DISCIPLES OF JOSEPH SMITH.

A Romance of Early Mormon Days in Nebraska-A Blizzard Victim Found - Various County Conventions.

A Husband Doubly Lost.

NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., May 9.- Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-A romance in real life which deserves a place beside the story of Enoch Arden and in which a Nebraska City man is one of the principal actors, came to light here yesterday.

A little over twenty years ago, when the then young and vigorous church of Latter Day Saints had begun reaching out for converts acress the Atlantic ocean, a mission ary of this faith was sent to England He was possessed of considerable ability as a speaker and set forth the new evangel of God's latest prophet, Joseph Smith, with such power that the common people flocked to hear him by the thousand and whole platoons of them were converted and shipped straigntway to swell the colony of Mormons

Among these converts were a well to-do couple named Mr. and Mrs. John B. Craddock, who attended all the meetings and zealously espoused the doctrines taught. Dis posing of their earthly possessions, they bade farewell to their friends in the mother country and started together on the long voyage toward the new land and the new religion in which they had decided to pass the remainder

of their lives.

Although Omaha was then the general outfitting station for the great overland journey across the plams, the Mormon converts were directed to come by way of Nebraska City. Accordingly, Crandock and his wife, for they had no children upon their arrival in New York came directly to this place. Owing to some accident, Mr. Craddock was de-tained here several days, and his wife was placed in charge of a number of other converts who were just starting. Upon arriving in Salt Lake she was introduced to a promi nent apostle who at once took a great interes in her and proposed that she should be added to the list of wives in his already numerous household. The missionaries carefully avoided all reference to polygamy in setting forth the beauties of the new religion and Mrs. Craddock was horrified at his propo-sition. To add still greater force to her rethat she already had a husband, who, like herself, had become a deluded convert to Mormonism, and whose arrival she was expecting daily. Upon learning that she was already married her apostolic admirer, far from releasing his purpose of marriage, hid her away and when her husband arrived she was nowhere to be found. No one in Salt Lake knew anything about her, and the apostle who held her in captivity told of the dangers of the journey across the trackless desert and of the frequency of Indian massacres.

Overcome with grief at his ioss and horrified as his wife had been by the evidences of polygamy all about him, the broken-hearted husband turned his back on Mormonism and came again to Nebraska City where he en-gaged in business. As time passed on and he still received no tidings of his missing wife, he gave her up for dead and eventually

Mrs, Craddock, after several month's im prisonment in Sait Lake, succeeded in escaping back to the states. Equally in the dark as to her husband's whereabouts as he had been in regard to hers, she knew not where to turn, and finally succeeded in making her way to New York where she again sailed for England. For twenty years she heard nothing of her husband, and had lost all hope of ever hearing from him again when by the merest chance she meta relative of his in England who had but recently

Not dreaming that he had remarried she at once secured passage for America and ar rived in Nebraska City about April 1. Here she found her former husband living with his second wife and a large family of children Neither could forget what they once were t each other and it was a month before th unfortunate woman became reconciled to th fact that she must give him up. Convinced however, that he had acted in good faith and for the sake of his innocent children and his equally innocent wife she determined abandon all her claims. Accordingly she bade him goodbye for the last time yester day and bearing the burden of her ereavement, once more set her face toward the old home across the sea.

Thayer Instruc s for Laird.

HEERON, Neb., May 9 .- [Special Telegran to THE BEE. |-The Thayer county republi can convention met to-day and elected dele gates to the state and congressional conven tion. The convention was harmonious throughout.

The delegates to the congressional are as follows: C. B. Coon, L. J. Dunn, W. D. Church, John Yearnshaw, Dr. Wilcox, L Lange and N. Brittenden. The delegate instructed by a majority to favor Jas Laird for congress.

Wm. Price, F. M. Wetherold, E. M. Carroll, Dr. Monorey, John Redlined, W. Cortland and John Kenney are to represent the

county in the state convention A ballot was taken on choice for president resulting in Robert Lincoln being first choice and James G. Blaine for second choice.

Another Blizzard Victim Found. Bee. |-The body of D. B. Lukens, who was lost during the blizzard of January 12, was found on the evening of May 4 in the hills east of Cedar river. He had wandered about fifteen miles from his home into the hill where there is no settlement. It was by ac-cident he was found. Mr. W. B. Lynds was looking through the hills in search of a cours for a new road when he came upon the body His clothes were mostly burned by a prairi fire and his body was much caten by wolves. The remains were taken to Chambers, Hott

county, for burial. Seward County Republicans.

SEWARD, Neb., May 9 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE. j -- The republican countyconvention was held at Seward to-day. It was one of the most harmonious gatherings of the kind ever held in the county. The following were elected as delegates to the state convention: R. S. Norval, R. S. Neir, W. W. Cox, H. G. Hasford, L. J. Foster, I. R. Rinehart, H. Wortendyke, H. Taylor, L. C Johnson, J. H. Presson.

The convention next proceeded to elect ten delegates to the second district congressional convention and the following are the persons chosen: E. C. Parkinson, B. C. Ragan, S. Powell, W. Weyant, Jr., A. J. Williams, A. W. Ensign, A. W. Hageman, Irvin Stail, G. W. Morton, E. W. Olney. The dele-gates to the state convention were instructed to use all honorable means to secure the election of Hon. R. S. Norval as delegate to the national convention. A resolution was also adopted urging the nomination of Hon. James Laird for congress from the Second district. A vote was taken on the choice for president, and resulted in Gresham first, Lincoln second, Hlaine third, and Sherman fourth. The party is in the best possible condition and a victory this fall is assured.

A Heavy Flood at Curtis.

CCRTIS, Neb .. May 9 .- [Special to the Her.] -Sod houses are a thing of the past in this county. Steady and copious rains have been flooding this section of the country for the last six days. The roofs on sod houses are generally giving away. The Medicine

has overflowed its banks, and Lake Phillippi, adjoining the village, covering forty acres of ground, has raised four feet during the past twenty four hours, and the rip-raping which protects the B. & M, railroad grade has been A NOBLE WOMAN'S SORROW. undermined and swallowed up by the floods. Telegraphic communication from the west has been cut off on account of the inundating and failing of telegraph poles. A washout at Eustis has been reported. A cave used by P. A. Harris, one of our prominent mer-chants, for cellar and storage purposes caved in this morning, damaging him about \$300.

Bought General Grant's Horse. BEATRICE, Neb., May 9.—[Special Tele gram to The Bee.]—Gen. L. W. Colby, com mander of the Nebraska National guards has just purchased from U. S. Grant, jr., for \$2,500, the famous white stallion, Linden Tree, which was presented to General Grant in 1879 by the sultan of Turkey. The horse will be shipped here next week. He is said to be the finest blooded Arabian horse in America, besides being noted as having been the property of America's greatest general. General Colby will have the horse on exhibition at the next encampment. The animal is now on the Grant farm at Washington, Penn.

The Favor Dorsey and Allison. BARTLETT, Neb., May 7 .- [Special to THE BEE. |-At the republican county convention held at Bartlett, May 5, the following dele gates were elected to the congressional convontion at Norfolk: B. S. Leedom, L. P. Glaseburn and John W. Baird. They were instructed to favor the re-nomination of G. W. E. Dorsey. W. W. Powell, M. J. Kirk-prtrick and J. C. Pletcher are the delegates to the republican state convention. The convention favors the nomination of Allison.

Sad Accident to a Farmer. GIBBON, Neb., May 9 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE.]-A serious if not fatal accident occurred to Moses Cook, a prominent farmer living near this place to-day. While hitching a team to the plow the team took fright, trampling him down, the point of the plow striking him in the lower part of the abdomen, making an opening through which the bowels protruded. One of his feet was also horribly mutilated. His recovery is doubtful.

Dorsey Feels Confident. GRAND ISLAND, Neb., May 9 .- | Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-The Hon. George Dorsey was in the city to-day and was se renely happy, he being fully confident of his renomination for congressman. It is reported that Mr. Darnell concedes the nomination to Mr. Dorsey and he will return to St. Paul satisfied to wait for two years. Mr. Dorsey's friends have secured him Custer, Valley, Sherman and Logan counties.

Second Victim of a Fire. BARTLETT, Neb., May 7 .- [Special to THE Bee.]-Edgar, the two-year-old son of D. W. Caswell, who was so badly burned by the burning of Mr. Caswell's house, died Saturday evening, May 5. He lived eighteen days after the accident and was a great sufferer Mr. Caswell lost another son of seven years who perished in the fire. Another child was severely burned, but will probably recover.

Bartlett's New Bank. BARTLETT, Neb., May 7 .- [Special to THE BEE. |-The Wheeler County Bank was organized May 1 by Robert Brown and A. Yeazel, of the Exchange National bank of Hastings, and E. A. Bohne and James A. Hall of Bartlett, Mr. A. Yeazel is president. Robert Brown, vice president, and J. A. Hall, cashier. Its place of business will be Bartcashier. Its place of business was cashier. It will commence business at once lett. It will commence business at once lett. This is the first bank to open in the county

A Dorsey Delegation. ORD, Neb., May 9 .- | Special Telegram to THE BEE.]-The Valley county republican convention held here yesterday elected a orsev delegation to the congressional convention, and the following delegates to the state convention: A. Trout, V. H. Stone, S. C. Bruce, Adam Smith. James Bowen and . D. Termmarman.

Dorsey's Nomination Assured. FREMONT, Neb., May 9 .- (Special Tele gram to The Bee. |-Returns from enough counties in the third district have been ce ceived here to date to give Congreeman Dorsey a majority in the Norfolk convention and more than a third of the district to hear from. His nomination is a foregone con

His Skull Fractured.

PALMYRA, Neb., May 9 .- [Special Telegram o THE BEE. |-Hanz Foster, living four miles north of here, was kicked on the head by a vicious horse. The blow fractured his skull, letting some of the brains fall out. He will

Grant Real Estate Booming. Grant, Neb., May 9 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-Real estate is advancing ran idly in prices. An addition of sixty acres is to be laid out to the original plat at once, and by fall the boom will be running in full blast

Taken to Lincoln. ORLEANS, Neb., May 9 .- [Special Telegram o THE BEE.]-Charlie Eaton, one of the unfortunates wounded in the Rope Creek wreck, was taken from Alma to Lincoln

day on an officers' special car of the B. & M. road accompanied by Dr. Hart, of Lincoln. RESULT OF THE STRIKE.

What It Has Cost the "Q" to Quarrel With the Engineers. CHICAGO, May 9 .- The Chicago, Burlington

& Quincy's statement of carnings and ex-

enses for March and for the quarter ending March 31, was issued to-day. March was the first full month during which the strike of the engineers and firemen was in progress The carnings for the month were \$1,211,188 decrease of \$1,741,493, compared with the corresponding period of las year. The expenses were \$1,357,633, a reduc ion of \$21,513, while in not earnings a defici f \$146,415 is shown, indicating a decrease o \$1,719,979 compared with 1887. ter the gross earnings were \$4,569,000, a de-crease of \$2,216,300; expenses \$3,848,526, an increase of \$419,422; net earnings \$720,473, a decrease of \$4,635,722.

Shot His Daughter's Seducer.

Athany, N. Y., May 9.—Amos H. Tyler, a salesman of Bath-on-the-Hudson, shot and fatally wounded Dr. W. F. Gilroy, a dentist, this morning. Tyler asserted that Gilroy, who was married only five weeks ago, is th father of the illegitimate child of his seven teen-year old daughter. His daughter, or what will be her death bed told him to shoo Gilroy, and he did so. Gilroy is a society man and his newly wedded wife is highly connected.

House of Commons.

OTTAWA, Ont., May 9 .- The house of con nons discussed the government's proposal to secure a further loan of \$25,000,000. Tup per, the minister of finance, explained that \$5,000,000 of the proposed loan was to meet the floating liabilities in London, and \$6,000,000 was to meet obligations in connec ion with railroad sub sidies,

Deny All the Charges.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 9.—The Illinois Centra callroad company filed an answer in the federal court to the suit of Moses K. Jessun and George J. Forrest. The answer denies all charges made that the Illinois Central wrecked the Cedar Falls Minnesota railroad company and the Dubuque & Sioux City.

Boodlers Done For.

Curcago, May 9.—The supreme court of ourt is the county "boodlers" cases, and the defendants will all have to serve their terms of sentence in the state penitentiary.

A TRIBUTE TO MANLY WORTH.

Colonel Ingersoll's Memorial Address on Roscoe Conkling.

AS PURE AS THE STARS ABOVE.

The Brilliant Orator Extols the Virtues and Praises the Unblemished Character of New York's Dead Statesman.

Roscoe Conkling Memorial. ALBANY, N. Y., May 9 .- Thirty hundred persons in the Academy of Music to-night listened to an oration by Colonel Robert G. Ingersoll in memory of Roscoe Conkling, and one-fourth as many more besieged the barred doors while many climed to the roof and peeped through the skylights. The ceremonies were under the auspices of the senate and assembly.

Colonel Ingersoll said in substance:

"Roscoe Conkling—great man, orator, statesman, lawyer, distinguished citizen of the republic, in the zenith of his fame and power has reached his journey's end, and we are met, here in the city of his birth, to pay our tribute to his worth and work. He earned and held a proud position in public earned and held a proud position in public thought. He stood for independence, for courage, and above all for absolute integrity, and his name was known and honored by many millions of his fellow men. In the presence of death, the good man judges as he would be judged. He knows that men are only fragments—that the greatest walk in the shadow, and that faults and failures mingle with the lives of all. Inthe grave should be burried the prejudices and passions born of conflict. Charity should hold the scales on which are weighed the deeds of men. The peculiarities, traits born of locality and sur-roundings—these are the dust of the race roundings—these are the dust of the race—
these are the accidents, drapery, clothes,
fashions, that have nothing to do with man
except to hide his character. They are the
clouds that cling to the mountains. Time
gives us a clearer vision. That which was
merely local fades away."

The orator went into a comparison of
statement and politicians at some length

statesmen and politicians at some length, and continued: "Roscoe Conkling was a man of superb courage. He not only acted without fear but he had that fortitude of soul that bears the consequence of a course pursued without complaint. He was charged pursued without complaint. He was charged with being proud. His pride w.s as inflexible as the 'unwedgeable and gnarled oak' but he was not vain. Vanity rests on the opinion of others; pride on our own. The source of vanity is from without—of pride, from within. Vanity is the vane that turns, a willow that bends with every breeze. Pride is the oak that defies the storm. One is a cloud—the other a rock.

storm. One is a cloud—the other a rock.
One is weakness—the other strength."
The dead senator was then traced into public life. "At the dawn of the reformation," said Ingerso!!, [the chaotic condition of affairs just preceding the great rebellion was alluded to the war was fought and a greater period of reconstruction followed. Men were either traitors or trusted. Roscoe Conkling was always of the latter. He al ways stood in the front rank; he never way ered; he never swerved. He battled for the nation's life; for the rights of the slaves; for the dignity of labor; for the liberty of all. Roscoe Conkling was an absolutely honest man. He was the ideal represen-tative, faithful and incorruptible. He believed his constituents and his country were entitled to the fruits of his experience to his best and highest thought. No man ever held the standard of responsibility higher than he. He voted according to his judgment and conscience. He made no bar gains—he neither bought nor sold. He had the taste of a prince, the fortune of a peasant, and yet he never swerved. No corporation was great enough or rich enough to purchase him. His hand was never touched by any bribe, and on his soul there never was a ordid stain. Above his marvelous intel lectual gifts-above all the places he ever reached—above the ermine he re-fused—rises his integrity like some great mountain peak—and there it stands, as firm as the earth beneath, as pure as the stars above. He was a great lawyer He understood the frame work, the anatomy the foundations of law, was familiar with the great streams and currents and tides o authority. He knew the history of legisla tion—the principles that had been settled upon the fields of war. He knew the maxi-mum of those crystalizations of common sense, those hand grenades of argument,
"He was an orator—earnest, logical, in-tense and picturesque. He laid the foundation with care, with accuracy and skill, and rose by cold gradation and well-balanced form from the corner stone of a statement to the doomed conclusion. He filled the stage, he satisfied the eye, the audience was his. He had that indefinable thing called presence. Tall, commanding, erect, ample is speech, graceful in compliment, titanic in de nunciation, rich in illustration, produgal of comparison and metaphor, and his sentences, measured and rhythmetical, fell like music or the enraptured throng. He ab-horred a Pharisee, and loathed all conscientious fraud. He had a profound aversion for those who insist on outting base motives back of the good deeds of others. He was no mask. He knew his of others. He was no mask. He knew his friend—his enemies knew him. He had no patience with pretence—with patriotic rea-sons for unmanly acts. He did his work and bravely spoke his thoughts. Sensitive to the last degree, he keenly felt the blows and stabs of the envious and obscure—of the smallest of the weakest—but the greatest could not drive him from his convictions. He would not stoop to ask or give an expla-nation. He left his words and deeds to jus-tify themselves. He held in light esteem the friend who heard with half believing ears the slanders of a foe. He walked a highway

of his own and kept the company of his self "He would not turn aside to avoid a foe to greet or gaia friends. In his nature there was no compromise. To him there were but two paths—the right and the wrong. He was maligned, misrepresented and misunder stood, but he would not answer. He knew that character speaks louder far than any words. He was as silent then as he is now and his silence was better than any form of speech; it refuted every charge. He was an American—proud of his country, that was an ever will be proud of him. He did not fin perfection only in other lands. He did not grow small and shrunken, withered and apol-ogetic in the presence of those upon whom greatness had been thrust by chance. He could not be overswed by dukes or lords, nor flattered into vertebrateless subservi ence by the patronizing smiles of kings. In the midst of conventionalities he had a feeling of suffocation. He believed in the royalty of man, in the sovereignty of the citizen and in the matchless greatness of the republic. He was of a classic mould-a fig ure from an antique world. He had the pose of great statues, the pride and bearing of ar intellectual Greek, of a conquering Ro and he stood, with a free air, as though with in his veins there flowed the blood of a hun dred kings. And as he lived he died. Proudl he entered darkness—or the dawn that w call death. Unshrinking he passed beyone horizon, beyond the twilight's purple beyond the utmost reach of human harm or help-to that vast realm of silence or of joy where innumerable dwell, and he has left with us his wealth of thought and deed-the memory of a brave, imperious, honest man, who bowed alone to death."

Conkling's Will. Utica, N. Y., May 9 .- The will of Roscoe Conkling, which was offered for probate to-

day, bequeaths all his property to his wife and her heirs, and makes her sole executrix. POLITICAL NEWS.

Wisconsin Republicans Meet and In struct for Governor Rusk.

Madison, Wis., May 9 .- The republican state convention met at the capitol to-day to elect delegates to the national convention. The convention was called to order by H. A. Taylor, of Hudson, chairman of the state central committee, who made a lengthy speech. Ira D. Braaford, of Eau Claire, was

elected permanent chairman. He made an address at some length. Theodore Otjen of Milwaukee, was elected secretary, after which an hour's recess was taken.

After the recess resolutions were adopted in which the principles set forth in the platform adopted by the national convention of the republican party on the subject of pro tection were reaffirmed; the platform which Abraham Lincoln approved and on which he was elected was indorsed; such revision of the tariff was demanded as will avoid an accumulation of surplus in the treasury after meeting the current expenses of gov-ernment and paying the national debt as rapidly as it matures; President Cleveland's last annual message was denounced as an attack upon America's indus tries, as was also the Mills tariff bill; the methods by which, in several states in the union, large bodies of voters are practically disfranchised in order to promote the election of democratic presidents, congressmen and other officials is denounced. The resolu-tion goes on to say that every friend of free institutions should sternly oppose a part which tolerates or consents to prohibit by these crimes that outrage on the rights of the citizens of the whole republic. The re-publicans of Wisconsin desire the prosperity of all sections of the country and friendly re-lations with all. They further condemn as tending to bring a salutary and needed retending to bring a salutary and needed reform into disrepute and contempt the sweeping changes of subordinate officials of the government made by the present national administration to reward and encourage partisan services, in flagrant disregard of the pledges which the president gave when a candidate for election, and of the professions which, from time to time, he has since submitted to the credulity of the public.

A resolution was also adopted favoring Governor Rusk as a candidate for chief magistrate of the nation.

magistrate of the nation.

The following are the district electors:
First, C. N. Palmer; Second, A. P. Harwood; Third, A. C. Dodge; Fourth, Julius
Goldsmith; Fifth, John Ruch; Sixth, A. T.
Hill; Seventh, O. F. Pemble; Eighth, C. G.
Bell: Ninth John Finney.

Bell; Ninth, John Finney. Electors at large-Lucius Fairchild and Sever C. Prime.

Delegates to the national convention—
Join C. Spooner of Hudson, H. C. Payne of
Milwaukee, H. O. Fairchild of Marinette, H.
C. Adams of Ione.

J. Adams of Ione. The district delegates elected are: First—Jessie Stone, L. H. Barker. Second—A. S. Ludlow, G. A. Knapp. Fourth—H. J. Baumgartner, Charles A. hapin. Fifth—Charles A. Norman, H. G. Kress.

Sixth—A. J. Turner, A. L. Thompson. Seventh—S. S. Fisher, D. G. James. Eighth—James O'Neil, J. G. Liverman. Ninth-B. B. Scott, L. B. Sanford. H. C. Payne of Milwaukee was elected chairman of the state central committee. It was ordered by the convention that the next state convention be held in Milwaukee.

New Jersey Republicans TRENTON, N. J., May 9 .- The republican state convention to select delegates to the national convention assembled at noon. The following are the delegates-at-large: William J. Sewell, Senator Jno. W. Greggs, ex-Congressman George A. Halsey and Jno. Hart Brewer. The platform will be strong for protection and will indorse the legislation of the New Jersey legislature in restraining the liquor traffic, and will attack Governor Green's appointments.

Georgia Democrats: ATLANTA, Ga., May 9 .- The Georgia demo cratic convention assembled here at noon today, and elected as delegates at large Pope Barrow, F. J. Dubignon, Albert Cox, and Washington Dessau. Each of the ten dis-tricts choose two delegates, and an issue was made squarely on the tariff.

Two Blaine Delegates. KANSAS CITY, Mo., May 9 .- [Special Tele gram to THE BEE. |- John A. Duncan, of Kansas City, and S. G. Kelly, of Johnson county, both ardent Blaine men, were toselected as delegates to the nations publican convention from the Fifth congressional district.

The Solid South. MONTGOMERY, Ala., May 9-The demoratic state convention met at noon to-day, with 500 delegates present. Governor Seay was nominated by acclama-tion and the ticket was completed as follows: C. C. Langdon, secretary of state; John L Cobbs, treasurer: C. D. Hogue, auditor; M. McClellan, attorney general, and Palmer, superintendent of education.

Michigan's Labor Party. LANSING, Mich., May 9.—The state convenion of the union labor party met this morning. The convention was called to select a state ticket, but the probabilities are that i will only choose delegates to the nationa labor convention at Cincinnati, who will be instructed to work for the amalgamation of all labor organizations into one politica party.

Democrats of Tennessee. NASHVILLE, Tenn., May 9 .- The democrati state convention was called to order at noon to-day by the chairman of the state executive committee. Ex-Governor A. S. Marks, and Hon. Josiah Patterson were chosen electors

for the state at large. Delegates Chosen. Sr. Louis, May 9 .- The republican district conventions held last night selected the following delegates to the national convention Third district, Colonel W. O. Sullivan and Low; Seventh district, W. L. Morsey and John R. Martin.

Small's Game. ATLANTA, Ga., May 9 .- The state temperance convention before adjourning passed resolutions to make a general prohibition contest in elections for the legislature this

Prohibition candidates will be nominated in every county pledged to vote for a statutory prohibition law instead of leaving the question to a vote of the people. democratic convention meets here at noon to-day to elect delegates to the St. Louis con

A Panic in a Theater. NEW YORK, May 9 .- [Special Telegram to

THE BEE.]-Some one yelled fire in the Thalia theater last night and a general stampede followed. The orchestra stopped short, the entire audience made for the door, all the women shrieked, fifty per cent of them fainted and one delicate young woman was badly crushed. Not until the Thalia was al-most deserted did the big audience learn that it had been unnecessarily scared. Fire works at the Atlantic Garden next door caused all the trouble.

Knights of Honor Officers. CLEVELAND, O., May 9 .- To-day at the meeting of the supreme lodge, Knights of Honor, the following officers were appointed W. C. Jones, Missouri, past supreme dicta tor; D. W. McGargher, Alabama, supreme assistant dictator; S. B. Riggs, Kansas, su-preme chaplain; H. M. Gilmore, Illinois, su-preme guide; Edward Bacon, South Caro-lina, supreme guardian, and George Arkie, West Virginia, supreme sentinel.

Weather Indications

For Nebraska - Slightly cooler, fair weather, winds becoming light to fresh northwesterly:

For Iowa-Stightly warmer, followed by cooler, fair weather, light to fresh winds, be-coming northwesterly.

For Eastern and Southwestern Dakota three men were hauling up ice on an elevator Slightly cooler, fair weather, light to fresh at Ham's brewery, when it gave way, killing northerly winds. two of the men and injuring the third badly

Blew Hard in Ohio. CLEVELAND, May 9,-A cyclone passe over portions of northern Ohio this afternoon. Considerable damage was done to

farm buildings, fences and orchards, but no

loss of life is reported.

OUR BURSTING MONEY VAULTS

Uncle Sam's Pocket Book Growing More Plethoric Every Day.

ADULTERATED FOOD MATTERS.

The Armours Prepare a Bill for Consideration by the House Committee on Agriculture-Robeson's Whisky.

The Growing of the Surplus.

WASHINGTON BUREAU THE OMARA BRE, 513 FOURTEENTH STREET, WASHINGTON, D. C., May 9. It would seem that the income and expen diture of the government just at this time conspire to urge a reform of the tariff. The receipts at the treasury department to-day \$567,044 from customs duties and \$39,308 from the internal revenue, making a total of \$963,442. The expenditures of the government were less than half this amount. The purchase of bonds for redemption by the secretary of the treasury to-day aggregated \$136,000 of 4 per cents at 1.26%. The aggregate receipts of the government at this time are running daily hundreds of thousands ahead of the expenditures, taking the year in and out. The revenues for six months past indicate that the surplus of the year would amount to over \$100,000,000. This prima facia evidence of the necessity

to make expenditures and reduce the income by legislation is referred to by tariff reformers in the house with telling effect. When it comes to hoarding up in the treasury every day an aggregate of about a half million dollars more than is necessary to meet the demands of the government, even the highest protectionist cannot meet the argument for tariff reform. Their only answer is that the reduction of the revenues should be by way of the internal revenue and not the custom duties. The offering of bonds to-day amounted to \$4,475,900, an even \$2,000,000 of these being 4 per cents, and the price asked 1.27, which is regarded as at least three-fourths of a cent higher than the price which should be paid at the treasury at present. FOOD ADULTERATIONS-PROPOSED LEGISLATION.

Another effort was made to-day by the house committee on agriculture to dispose of the proposition to impose a tax on a com-pound lard. This is the bill that raised so much disturbance in the committee a couple of months ago during an investigation being held into the manufacture and sale of compound lard, and in which the manufacture of hog lard and hog products in general was brought out. It will be remembered that a terrific and persistent warfare was waged upon American hog products, and that the investigation was brought to a standstill to prevent the destruction of the export trade There is before the committee now a bill pre pared by the Armours of Chicago, which does not name lard, but it meets the compound lard tax proposition and covers the whole question of food adulteration. It proposes the tax the manufacture and sale of all poses to tax the manufacture and sale of all articles of food adulterated, and provides for an inspection of the manufacture of adulter-ated foods and also a supervision of their sale. It makes it a misdemeanor to manufacture or sell food adulterated so as to be deleterious to health. After a general talk upon the subject to-day the question was postponed for a week from to-morrow when the proposition to refer it all to a sub-conmittee with a view to compiling a measure which will obviate the serious objections en-tertained against all the suggestions now before the committee, will be entertained. It is believed that the whole subject will next week be said on the table indefinitely, so as

to await the result of the investigations into food adulterations being conducted by the epartment of agriculture The members in the house representing the cotton seed oil producing districts are wild against any bill which will prejudice the products of their constituents, and declare they will make a fight against it and renew the attack on hog products if the bill is reported in this congress. Mr. Laird of Nebraska, who is a member of the committee on agriculture, at the request of his constituents, is taking an active in-terest in the consideration of this subject. He says he favors some kind of a proposition which will compel articles to be sold for just what they are, but he does not want t precipitate a row which will ruin the export

of American hog products, and recognizes that there is a good deal of bad blood engen-dered in the house over the agitation. NEBRASKA MILITARY LEGISLATION. The house committee on military affairs expect to get two days on the floor in which to have its measures considered within th next two weeks, when the bills local to Ne braska will be considered. The bill makin an appropriation for the three military res ervations has passed the house, but there are a number of private bills, and the one pro viding for the sale of Fort Omaha and the purchase of a new reservation and son lesser matters are still pending.

SELLING ROBESON WHISKY.
There is offered for sale at auction nex week the furniture, pictures, library, horses and carriages, and a lot of fine old imported brandy, port, sherry, madeira, and rye and bourbon whiskys, which are in the residence of the late Secretary Robeson. The catalogue is a very long and elaborate one, and the sumptuous fittings of one of the finest house in this city are set forth in detail. As we announced in these dispatches some week ago, Mr. Robeson has made an assignment for the benefit of his creditors, and this sale is made in pursuance of it.

PERRY S. HEATH.

The Democratic Caucus. WASHINGTON, May 9. - The democratic

caucus to-night called together about one hundred and twenty-five members of the house. Speaker Carlisle was not present but Mr. Randall was. The proceedings were harmonious throughout, and several of the representatives expressed themselves as very much pleased with the good feeling and the desire for united action manifested on all sides. Under a resolution passed a number of amendments to the Mills bill were preented. One amendment, offered by Spr of Illinois, is in favor of placing on the frelist all manufactured products, the domestic production of which may be controlled by trusts.

Army Orders. Washington, May 9 .- [Special Telegran to THE BEE.]-One year of the term of confinement(five years), imposed by the sentence of a general court martial, for desertion (general court martial order No. 24, April 1

1886,) is remitted in the case of Frank Lon miller, late private service United State army, now in the Leavenworth military The extension of leave of absence on sur geon's certificate of disability granted First Lieutenant John Carland, Sixth infantry, in special orders No. 36, May 1, 1888, is further extended two months on surgeon's certificate of disability.

Another Fire.

CHATHAM, Mass., May 9 .- A heavy forest fire is raging in South Brewster and destroy ing much valuable wood lands, also threat ening the small settlements lying in its The sky was lighted up for miles

Fell and Killed. St. Paul, Minn., May 9 .- This morning

M. D.'s at Work. CINCINNATI, May 9 .- At the session of the American medical association yesterday work was begun by sections. Among those who read papers or spoke were Dectors Davis and Taggard of Illinois, and Dr. Earl of Chicago, THE BEEM MYSTERY.

Mrs. Beem is Interviewed by a Com mittee of the Union Veteran League. CHICAGO, May 9 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE.]-A committee of the Union Vet eran league last evening examined the widow of General Martin Beem. She adhered to the shooting which she has already been talking of. She said she had been inclined to conceal the unpleasantness of her marital relations, but since she has been the object of such bitter attacks she would like to make everything known. She asserts that he had been insanely jealous of her for no good reason; that they had not sustained marital relations for over two years, and she also told how, when she was abroad. Beem ingeniously managed to intercept letters pass ing between her and her attorney, Suther land, of Milwaukee, on purely basiness mat ters, regarding her share of the legacy she was trying to get. The committee adjourned without learning anything of much account without learning anything of much account.

A local paper publishes accounts of Beem's queer financial transactions to late which show him to have been deeply in debt and very despondent when he left for Nebraska.

The paper alleges that he took \$250 from a poor widow to examine the title of some proportion. erty. She was to pay that amount down is he found it clear and that he used the money leaving the poor widow penniless. Several other singular transactions are charged against him in the article.

Warning in Itis Will. CHICAGO, May 9 .- It is asserted to night that the will of General Martin Beem, whose mysterious death caused so much comment, contains a note commanding that if anything should happen to him an investigation should be made. The will was drawn up less than a week before his death. The probate clerk refuses an inspection of the document at present. The peculiar feature of the tracedy is the fact that if it is shown that General Beem was murdered, his life insurance can be collected by his sister in Alton to whom it is payable, but if as Mrs. Beem claims he was not murdered at all but com mitted suicide, his relatives stand no show for the money. The relatives appear to be lieve that he was murdered, and are actively co-operating with the Chicago Union Vet eran league in ferreting out the mystery.

ALLISON MEN PLEASED. New Jersey's Delegation is Said to be

For Him. DES MOINES, Ia., May 9.—[Special Telegram to The Bre.]—Private advices received by intimate friends of Senator Allison in this city state that the New Jersey delegation to the Chicago convention chosen to-day are for Mr. Allison, in case Mr. Phelps is not a candidate. General Sewell, who heads the dele gation, is a strong Allison man, and favors him for first choice. It is also learned that all of the New York delegates so far chosen are for Allison second choice, their first choice being either Blaine or Depew. Allison men in this vicinity are greatly pleased at the favorable news from New Jersey, as it is probable that the course of that state as a doubtful state will have much effect upon other eastern states.

A Boom On Natural Gas. JEFFERSON, Ia., May 9.- (Special to THE BEE.]-On Thursday of last week J. H. Gallaher, a citizen of Jefferson sold to a syndicate 300 acres of land lying just-west of the public square six blocks. The consideration being \$21,000 cash. Last fall, while workmen were boring a well in the schoolhouse yard they heard a rumbling noise and ceased work. After considering the matter a while a lighted piece of paper was thrown in when an explosion occurred which shook the earth for a distance of 300 feet. This tes was tried several times with the same re sult. Other experiments followed, and last! the gas was run through pipes some thre blocks to the postoffice, where it was leburning for several days and nights. Th hole was twenty-two inches in diameter, and by the end of the week and before it was

properly cased it caved in shutting off the flow. The weather becoming cold, nothing becoming cold, nothing more was done with it. A few weeks after this one Byerly bored two-inch hole on his lot just west of the school house and when at the depth of eighty-eight feet he struck a heavy flow with a pressure of seventy-two pounds gas pressure as used at gas works. When lighted i burned to a heighth of fifteen feet and about three feet in diameter. Experts have been on the grounds and pronounced it a much purer gas than is found in most places east as it contains more oxygen, hence is a hotter

blaze; the flame is intensely blue.
Your reporter is told that the company purchasing the tract of land above referred to intends boring a deep hole to test the quantity of gus. This tract lays entirely

within the corporate limits.

The impetus that this has given has already caused the price of real estate to rise in value. Over \$30,000 worth has changed several fine reisdences are in the course of

tinuing through the month is to be held the state musical normal, under the direction of Prof. Bartlett with a large corps of teachers. Already many applications have been received for board and scholarship from a over this and adjoining states and is going to be a grand thing for a town of only two thousand inhabitants.

The streets are all graded, the pavements

around the square are all made of concrete, and everything indicates push and thrifti-ness and if I do not miss my guess this will be a town of ten thousand inhabitants within the next five years.

Supreme Court Decisions. DES MOINES, In., May 9 .- | Special Telgran

to the BEE.]-The following decisions were rendered by the supreme court here to-day City of Creston vs. N. A. Nyc, appellant and the same vs. same, superior court of Creston and Union district. Affirmed. James Magassell, appellant, vs. R. gassell, administrator and George Magassell appellant, vs. R. C. Magassell, Cass circuit Question of claims reversed.

P. Wells vs. Marcus Kavanagh and others, appellants, Boone district, for labor per-formed and goods sold and delivered. Affirmed. G. A. Ross vs. S. G. Crane, appellant Hamilton district, action for the recovery o

personal property. Affirmed. Young Shaffer Suicides. DES MOINES, In., May 9.- Special Tele gram to THE BEE.]-Will Shaffer, son of

the secretary of the state agricultural so ciety, committed suicide by shooting himself in the head this morning. He was a young man of dissipated habits and has been very wild for the past few months. Last week he was left in charge of the office while his father was out of town, and he neglected his duties and left town. Being unwilling to face his father on his return and overcome with remorse he killed himself at the family

Stoux Ciry, Ia., May 9 .- [Special Tele gram to THE BRE. |-United States District

The Government Orders a Suit.

Attorney Murphy has received instructions from Attorney General Garland to bring suit against the state of Iowa for 21,000 acres o land in O'Brien county. There is a dispute between the settlers and the Sioux City & St. Paul railroad company as to the title of these lands.

The Pension Deficiency. WASHINGTON, May 9 .- The house commit

tee on appropriations to-day resolved to re port the bill appropriating \$3,500,000 to meet the deficiency in the appropriation for the payment of army pensions during the remainder of the present year,

FORFEITURE BILL IS PASSED

A Motion to Reconsider Will Be Voted on To-day.

THE TEXT OF THE MEASURE

The House Devotes the Day to Discussion of the Tariff Measure by Members For and Against.

Senate. WASHINGTON, May 9 .- The senate resumed consideration of the railroad land grant for-

feiture bill. Mr. Wilson of Iowa moved to amend the second section, providing that it should not apply to any lands in Iowa on which any person in good faith made, or had asserted the right to make, pre-emption or homestead

settlement. The amendment was agreed to.

The bill was then passed without division. The first section declares forfeited to the United States all lands beretofore granted to any state or to any corporation to aid in the construction of a railroad opposite to and coterminus with a portion of any such railroad not now completed and in operation, for the construction or benefit of which, lands heretofore have been granted; and all such lands are declared to be a part of the public domain. The act is not to be construed as forfeiting the right of way or depot ground of a railroad company heretofore granted, nor as limiting company heretofore granted, nor as limiting the rights granted to purchasers or settlers by "An act to provide for the adjustment of land grants made by congress to aid in the construction of railroads, and for the forfeiture of uncarned lands, and for other purposes," approved March 3, 1887, or as repealing, altering or amonding that act, nor as in any manner affecting any cause of action existing in favor of any purchaser, nor is it to exempt the lands of the Ontonagon & Marquette Railroad company, fifty miles west of quette Railroad company, fifty miles west of lansing.

The second section anthorizes persons in pos-sesion of any such lands, prior to the 1st of January, 1888, to purchase them within two years from the United States in quantities not exceeding three hundred and twentyacres, at the rate of \$2.50 per acre. This section is not to apply to lands in Iowa on which any person made pre-emption or homestead sot-

The third section refers to the lands of the Northern Pacific Railroad company, heretofore forfeited. The fourth section reserves the right to forfeit other railroad grant lands for any

failure, past or future, to comply with stipu-lated conditions.

The fifth section exempts from the operation of the act the grant to the state of Miss-issippi for the Guli & Ship Island railway and the grant to the state of Alabama for a railway from the Tennessee river and Guen-ter's landing to Coosa river at Gadsden.

The sixth section fixes the prices of even numbered sections of land within the limits of all forfeited land grants at \$1.20 an acre. The seventh section repeals certain sections of land grant acts for Minnesota and Iowa so far as they require the secretary of the interior to reserve any lands but odd sec-tions within primary or six-mile grant limits. The last section refers especially to the lands of the Portage Lake Canal company, The animal industry bill went over until

to-morrow.

The senate then resumed consideration of the international copyright bill. After debate the bill was passed—yeas 35, nays 10. The act is to go into effect July 1, 1888. On motion of Mr. Spooner the house bill for the establishment of a life-saving station at the harbor of Kewance, Wis., was passed.

Mr. Call moved to reconsider the vote nasses. Mr. Call moved to reconsider the vote passing the land grant forfeiture bill, so that he might offer an amendment referring to lands

to-morrow.

n Florida. After argument and without action the senate adjourned, leaving the land forfeiture bill to come up again to-morrow on the motion to reconsider.

Washington, May 9 .- The bill authorizing the executive departments of the government to participate in the centennial exposition of the Ohio valley and central states, to be held in Cincinnati from June to October, 1888, was passed, after being amended. It appropriates

The conference report was adopted grantng to the city of Grand Forks, Dak., authority to build two free bridges across the P river.

The house then went into committee of the

whole, (Mr. Springer, of Illinois, in the chair) on the tariff bill. Mr. Morrow, of California, concluded his speech in opposition to the bill, addressing himself more especially to the free lumber clause of the measure, Mr. Hooker, of Missouri, spoke in favor of

the bill, while Mr. Houk, of Tennessee, fol-lowed with a speech against it. Mr. Wise,of Virginia also favored it, and Mr. Kennedy, of Ohio, denounced the democratic party as one of free trude.
Mr. Boutelle, of Maine, then quoted authorities in support of his declaration that Garfield was not a member of the Cobden club. In the same connection he read a let

er from Murat Halstead, which the circumstances under which he became a member of the club. Mr. Bynum, of Indiana, cited authorities to show Garfield was then an active member of the Cobden club and had accepted a member-The committee then rose and the house ad-

WASHINGTON, May 9.- The senate com-

mittee on inter-state commerce to day or-

An Inter-State Amendment.

dered a favorable report upon the amendment to the sixteenth section of the interstate commerce law, which section now provides for summary proceedings by mandatory or other process by United States circuit courts sitting in equity to enforce any lawful order or requirement of the commission. The amendment continues the provisions of the section as they now stand as to any order or requirement of the commis-sion not founded upon a controversy requir-ing trial by jury; but as to matters which, under the constitution, require trial by jury, it is proposed the commission or any person interested may apply in a summary circuit courts sitting as courts of la amendment makes provision for a speedy trial of such cases, and provides that on hearing, findings of fact by the commission

than forty days from the date of the order. Postoffice Changes. Washington, April 9.—[Special Telegram to The Bre.]—A postoffice was established to-day at Rhold, Cheyenne county, Nebraska, and Harvey Ransden appointed postmaster. The following Nebraska postmasters were

shall be prima facic evidence. It also provides that the court shall by its order fix a

time for trial not less than twenty nor more

The following Nebraska postmasters were appointed to-day: Woodson S. Ashby, Hildreth, Franklin county, vice Henry B. Cassel, resigned; John F. Moore, Homerville, Gosper county, vice John W. Martin, resigned; Sylvester Tool, Neal, Dundy county, vice Joseph N. Williamson, resigned; Fred S. Baker, Saint Libery, Howard county, vice Mrs. Grace Bradley, resigned.

James M. Elerick was to-day appointed postmaster at Pittsburgh, Van Buren county, Iowa, vice O. S. Wilkins, resigned. Special mail service to Nchawaka, Cass county, Nebraska, will be discontinued from the 14th inst., and to Ryno, Custer county, from Lyne 30.

from June 30. Appointments. WASHINGTON, May 9.-The attorney gen eral appointed Frank A. Branigan, of Ohio, disbursing and appointment clerk of the dopartment of justice, vice James A. Ewing,