

## NEW YORK SPEAKS.

Gives Unmistakable Evidence Yesterday of Its Presidential Choice.

The Arthur Plurality and Edmunds Minority Unite.

Against the Adherents of the Plumed Knight.

And Capture the Temporary and Permanent Organization.

Boydton Chosen to Fill Both Those Positions.

Platt Votes For The Blaine Man Mid Applause and Hisses.

Arthur's Name Hailed With Three Cheers and a Tiger.

Roosevelt, White, Gilbert and Packard the Delegates.

Proceedings of the Various State and District Conventions Yesterday.

## NEW YORK.

AN ARTHUR-EDMUNDS ALLIANCE. UTICA, N. Y., April 23.—The arrangements are completed for the republican state convention which meets here at noon to-day. There is an intense feeling of uncertainty as to the outcome of the struggle for the supremacy in the convention, but it is generally conceded that the Edmunds delegates, if they work in union, can throw the organization of the convention into the hands of either the Arthur or Blaine men.

## THE DELEGATES AT LARGE.

The Edmunds men held several conferences last night, and overtures were made there by the leaders of the Blaine and Arthur forces, but they refused to treat or name any terms other than naming the four delegates at large, and the temporary chairman. The Arthur leaders accepted the proposition of the Edmunds this morning, and the latter named Andrews, White, Edwin, Packard, Theodore Roosevelt and Senator John P. Gilbert as delegates at large, and George Z. Ervin as temporary chairman.

The Edmunds men claim from 60 to 80 delegates, while the adherents of Arthur claim a few over 200. It requires 240 votes to control the convention, and should the combination hold there is likely to be a short session.

A BLAINE MIS-MOVE.

About noon the Blaine men changed their programme for delegates at large, and substituted the names of Roosevelt and Gilbert, which are already on the combination ticket, for those of Sloan and Erwin, endeavoring to break the combination. The Edmunds men refuse to accept this compromise.

The convention was called to order at 12:30. The roll call showed the only contest would be on delegates from Montgomery county.

Roosevelt then nominated Nathaniel O. Boydton (Edmunds-Arthur candidate) for temporary chairman.

Warner Miller moved to substitute the name of Edmund L. Pitts for temporary chairman.

The roll call was then ordered.

FOR ARTHUR AND EDMUNDS.

The delegates from the 231 congressional district, this morning elected as delegates to the national convention, Lee R. Sanborn and George H. Urban, Jr., one for Arthur and one for Edmunds.

BOYNTON WINS.

There was tremendous applause mingled with hisses when Thomas C. Platt voted for Pitts.

The secretary announced 491 votes, of which Boydton received 251, and Pitts 240.

Boydton's cheers greeted the announcement of the result. The chairman declared Boydton appointed.

Boydton took the chair amid loud applause.

Committees on permanent organization, or contested seats, consisting of two from each judicial district, and on resolutions, were then appointed.

When the convention reassembled, Boydton, temperance chairman, was made permanent chairman.

It was then ordered "that the roll of delegates be called, and that each delegate rise in his place, and name his choice for four delegates at large from this state to the national republican convention."

While the tellers were engaged making up the result of the roll call, the committee on resolutions presented the platform, as follows:

The republican party of New York, in convention represented, declares: First. In confidence in the success of the republican party of the nation in the coming presidential election under standard and leaders to be named in the Chicago convention, because of the necessity for the continuance of the republican administration of the affairs of government, which democratic inability and incapacity would imperil; because the forms of republicanism throughout the land, embodying the superior intelligence and numbers of the people, are united in the support of principles and policies indispensable to the republic's welfare.

Second. Its great respect for Presi-

dent Chester A. Arthur, whose administration, begun under circumstances of peculiar sadness, delicacy and embarrassment, has, by its eminent prudence and sagacity, commended itself to the esteem of the country, and as such receives the cordial acknowledgments of the republicans of his own state.

Third. Its satisfaction with the honest, frugal and intelligent governmental expenditures, the reduction of the public debt and interest charges, relieving the people of unnecessary burdens, accomplished by republican management.

Fourth. Its approval of that policy of protecting home industry from foreign competition, which has, through a country of national being, encouraged immigration, rewarded labor, fostered enterprise, and assured unparalleled progress and prosperity to all vocations, a deviation from which policy would have been the occasion of business confusion and disaster which heretofore have been justified alike in intelligence and by experience.

Fifth. Its determination to adopt all further measures required to improve the service of the government in all its departments, and to regulate the methods of appointments thereto, so that it shall be brought to the highest possible state of efficiency and integrity.

Sixth. Its purpose that equal civil rights shall be maintained under the guarantees of the constitution everywhere in the land; that be respected so that every voter shall have a free ballot which shall be honestly counted.

Seventh. Its recognition of the national obligation imposed by the enfranchisement of the uneducated race; its appreciation of the extraordinary burdens thus laid upon certain communities; its cordial approval of legislation, within just constitutional limits, which shall extend federal aid to the various states in the work of education.

Eighth. Its favor to the equalization and just distribution of taxation.

Ninth. Its wish for the removal of all unjust restrictions upon American shipping interests, the development of our maritime industries, and as incidental thereto the establishment of our navy upon a footing in keeping with modern necessities and our dignity as a nation.

THREE CHEERS AND A TIGER FOR ARTHUR. When the reference to President Arthur was made, there was long and loud applause, and a response to call for three cheers, they were given with a will and a "tiger."

## DELEGATES AT LARGE.

At the conclusion of the reading of the platform, the roll call for delegates at large was called. The result of the roll call for delegates at large was as follows:

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.....472  
ANDREW D. WHITE.....467  
JOHN P. GILBERT.....467  
EDWIN PACKARD.....467  
WARREN MILLER.....467  
ALBINO B. CORNELL.....467  
THEODORE ROOSEVELT.....467  
ANDREW D. WHITE.....467  
JOHN P. GILBERT.....467  
EDWIN PACKARD.....467  
WARREN MILLER.....467  
ALBINO B. CORNELL.....467

Senator Miller and ex-governor Cornell were named on the ticket with White and Roosevelt, by the advocates of the nomination of Edmunds.

Roosevelt and Gilbert made short speeches.

## THE STATE TICKET.

The convention decided to finish its work for the year, and Judges Andrews and Rappello of the state court of appeals were re-nominated.

CONVENTION REPRESENTATION.

Senator Miller presented his plan for the liberation of the republican party, providing for direct representation by the people in conventions. Mr. Miller moved that his plan be referred to the state committee.

George Bliss moved to substitute a special committee to be appointed by the chair, for the state committee, and moved the previous question. Bliss' motion was adopted.

## A COLORED ELECTOR.

On motion of a colored delegate it was decided that the colored voters have a representative on the electoral ticket.

REPRESENTATION ACCORDING TO VOTES.

A resolution was also adopted that the national republican convention be requested to provide that in future national conventions the representation be proportionate to the number of voters.

## OHIO.

THE STATE CONVENTION.

CLEVELAND, O., April 22.—For delegates-at-large the candidates thus far in the field are Hon. S. N. Warner, of Wellington, Laramie county; Judge J. A. Ambler, of Saline, Columbiana county; Hon. Wm. H. West, of Bellefontaine; Judge J. B. Foraker, of Cincinnati; Gen. John Beatty, of Columbus; and Hon. R. C. Parsons, of this city. Ex-Gov. Foster is also spoken of, but not by any great extent. It was said last night that a slate had been prepared which is to include the name of Judge Foraker, Gen. Beatty, Col. Parsons and a colored man. The colored men will meet at 5 o'clock this afternoon and select one of their number to go before the convention as their candidate. Those already mentioned for the place are Rev. P. J. Dexter, of Columbus; Walter S. Thomas, of Delaware; ex-assistant clerk of the state senate; Hon. John P. Green, of Cleveland; Col. Robert Harlan, of Cincinnati; and C. L. Maxwell, of Xenia. There seems to be considerable feeling in favor of the nomination of a colored man.

Gen. Grosvenor said last night: "I would like to see a colored man go as a delegate-at-large, and if they agree on a delegate he can be elected." Gen. Grosvenor expressed himself as favorable to the election of Col. Parsons. The delegation will go to Chicago unopposed, and will probably stand two for Blaine and two for Sherman. The saddest sight of the convention was witnessed this morning at the Weddell house. Hon. J. H. Warren Kaifer sat apart by himself, sad-eyed and forlorn. No one took any notice of him, and he was made an object of extreme pity. It is safe to assert that he will not be a delegate-at-large to the Chicago convention.

The Sherman men are rallying their

forces to-day, and claim they are gaining strength and recruits every hour. They say that if the Blaine men hold a mass meeting to-night, as proposed, it would result in the election of Sherman delegates with Sherman instructions. They claim it will kill Blaine's chances.

The platform adopted by the convention will include resolutions condemning congress for its action on the wool question, and condemning the Ohio legislature for its disgraceful actions. A resolution will be offered suggesting John Sherman as the most available candidate for president; a resolution endorsing the administration of President Arthur, will be adopted; a resolution endorsing the Scott liquor law also. The Blaine men are putting forth every effort to have a solid Blaine state delegation sent to Chicago. Last night the Sherman men were disposed to talk of a compromise, proposing to send the delegation unopposed for any candidate, but the supporters of the Maine statesman would agree to nothing that would detract in the least from the strength of their candidate in the national convention.

CLEVELAND, O., April 23.—The Ohio republican convention was called to order this afternoon in the Tabernacle by Hon. J. O. Converse, chairman of the state central committee. General Chas. H. Grosvenor, temporary president, taking the chair, spoke half an hour. He contended that Ohio would prove the deciding state in the next national canvass. The remainder of the session was occupied in the organization of preliminaries. Tomorrow, the work of nominating a state ticket and electing delegates to the Chicago convention.

During his speech General Grosvenor mentioned Sherman's name which provoked loud cheering. Toward the close he referred to the necessity of nominating a presidential candidate who can carry Ohio, whereupon a delegate shouted, "Blaine can do it," and the convention cheered with redoubled vigor. The convention then took a recess till tomorrow, after the announcement of committees. The district delegates to Chicago are said to be divided as follows: Blaine, 26; Sherman, 14; unknown, 2.

## CONNECTICUT.

THE STATE CONVENTION.

HARTFORD, Ct., April 23.—The republican state convention met here to-day with a large attendance present.

Hon. Samuel Fessenden was chosen both temporary and permanent chairman. In his speech he referred to repression of a free ballot in the south, and the republican protection policy as important issues of that party. He expressed no personal preference as to presidential aspirants but briefly named those most prominently mentioned.

## ARTHUR'S NAME.

received a round of applause, and this was prolonged when Gen. Hawley was mentioned.

The convention elected as delegates at large, John L. Houston, Samuel E. McLean, Augustus Brandegee, and Frederick Mills.

The district delegates elected were: First, Valentine B. Chamberlain and Ralph P. Gilbert.

Second, L. I. Munson and John G. Edmunds.

Third, Ira G. Briggs and Eugene S. Boss.

Fourth, O. R. Fyler and Eben J. Hill. The following resolutions were adopted: Resolved, That President Arthur, coming to his high office under circumstances of extraordinary embarrassment and difficulty, with the patience, justice and sagacity with which he has discharged his duties, strengthened his party, honored himself, benefited the country, and earned the respect and gratitude of the whole people.

Resolved, that the republicans of Connecticut pledge a loyal and hearty support to the nominees of the Chicago convention.

Resolved, That without instructing the delegates this day appointed as regards any particular candidate, and reposing full confidence in their wisdom, we place on record our firm conviction that the situation demands a candidate of approved ability and character, and of large experience in public affairs, and that if in the judgment of your delegates, the proper occasion shall arise, they will meet the unanimous sentiment of the republican party of this state if they present the name of Joseph R. Hawley as a candidate for president of the United States. The resolutions were adopted unanimously.

The convention was then addressed by August Brandegee, who predicted that General Hawley, if nominated, would carry the state by 10,000 majority. The convention then adjourned.

## DAKOTA.

A DOUBLE HEADER.

HURON, Dak., April 23.—When the time came for calling the territorial convention to order, there was a wild scene of confusion. E. W. Caldwell, from South Dakota, and Major Edward from North Dakota, each attempted the capture of the temporary organization for their respective factions.

J. O. Soble was nominated by the North Dakota faction, and J. H. King by the southern crowd. Both were declared elected and both took the chair. Both chairmen immediately called on their respective clerks for prayer, but the clergyman who started first was allowed to hold the floor.

A call of counties was then resorted to to settle the temporary chairman contest.

and resulted in favor of South Dakota and J. H. King. Committees were then appointed and the convention took a recess till 7 o'clock this evening.

## NEBRASKA.

DODGE COUNTY DELEGATES.

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE BEE. FREMONT, April 23.—Dodge county sends a strong Blaine delegation to the republican state convention, and also to the district convention. In our county convention to-day there was something of a fight made in Valentine's interest, but his force was too small to make much headway. The delegation that was elected to the district convention at Norfolk is straight anti-Valentine.

The following are the delegates elected to the state convention: G. W. E. Dorsey, J. W. Love, James Kilbourne, John Close, Dr. Elwood, Ray Nye, J. R. Cantlin, Mr. Baker, Gus Schrage and Peter Caspar.

The following are the district delegates: L. D. Richards, E. H. Barnard, Henry Schurman, R. D. Snyder, G. M. Dodge, J. T. Smith, A. L. Hopkins, C. E. Byrne, J. A. Sill and C. W. Lyman. All the delegates expressed their preference for Blaine, but they are uninstructed.

## IOWA.

POTTAWATTAMIE'S CHOICE.

COUNCIL BLUFFS, April 23.—The Pottawattamie delegation to the republican state convention is uninstructed. It is understood to be divided in preference between Blaine and Arthur, the former leading in numbers.

## THE DEMOCRACY.

BURLINGTON, April 23.—The city is rapidly filling up with delegates and others interested, in attendance on the democratic state convention. The hot air is already crowded, and it will be difficult to find accommodation for the people that will throng here on the night trains. Hon. J. H. Shields, of Dubuque will be temporary chairman; J. C. Kelley, of Sioux City, secretary, and J. O. Brice, recording secretary. Mayor Adams will welcome the convention. The contest is spirited over the delegates at large, and from the several districts, some of which have a half a dozen candidates. The leading candidates at large are L. G. Kinne, Judge Kimball, Judge Hayes, John M. Harris, and Jno. F. Duncomb.

## THE O. R. S.

OTTUMWA, April 23.—The 6th district greenback convention met here to-day and nominated as delegates to the national convention, Dr. A. A. Ramson, of Albion, and J. S. Burgess, of Ottumwa.

## MINNEAPOLIS.

TWO CONVENTIONS.

The Republican Convention of the 5th congressional district at Fergus Falls, today, re-nominated Knute Nelson for congress, and adopted resolutions endorsing Arthur's administration. Another republican convention in the same district will be held at Moorhead, tomorrow, and unless a compromise is effected, two republican candidates for congress will be in the field, and two delegates will be sent to the Chicago convention.

## LOUISIANA.

DEMOCRATIC, OF COURSE.

NEW ORLEANS, April 23.—Election returns are coming in slowly. Up to noon returns had been received from only four precincts, showing a good majority for the regular democratic state and city ticket.

## VIRGINIA.

THE STATE CONVENTION.

RICHMOND, Va., April 23.—Mahone upon calling the republican convention together, was vociferously cheered. After making a short speech, Mahone, as chairman of the readjuster state committee, with the concurrence of the chairman of the republican state committee, named Col. Wm. Lamb, as temporary chairman. Lamb briefly addressed the body. He said they had come here with a high resolve to rescue the mother state from the hands of the despoiler. The proceedings of the last legislature, for oppression and tyranny, could not find a parallel in the history of our country. He looked for happy results from the action of this convention as the time had now come when the people of the south could join the republican party as a party of protection.

## IOWA BREWERS.

They Meet, Form a Fund, and Resolve to Fight Prohibition to the Bitter End.

BURLINGTON, April 23.—The Iowa State Brewers' association convened here to-day. About fifty brewers were in attendance. C. Magnus, of Cedar Rapids, was elected president; Rudolph Long, of Davenport, secretary; Mathias Frahm, of Davenport, treasurer.

It was mutually agreed among the members to make an assessment of \$2.00 for every 100 barrels of beer sold during the past year, which fund is to be devoted to the prosecution of a case to determine the validity of the prohibition law.

A resolution was adopted requesting all liquor dealers and saloon men to co-operate with the brewers in forming an organization to defeat the prohibitory law.

After a preamble reciting that the enactment of the law will rob brewers of the fruits of years of honest toil, resolutions were adopted protesting against this high handed outrage; declaring a firm determination to fight the same and

its promoters by all lawful ways; denouncing the modern political heresy according to which might makes right, and the will of the people is the law of the land, as false in principle, dangerous in tendency, and revolutionary in effects; favoring a judicious license system as the best practical solution of this overshadowing question, and expressing a profound respect for the manliness of the majority of the Iowa supreme court in rendering an opinion against the validity of the constitutional amendment, and looking upon the political decapitation of Judge Day as a treacherous and cowardly assault upon the integrity of the judiciary, and characteristic of the true spirit of prohibition and prohibitionists as well.

The meeting in the afternoon was a secret session at which the above resolutions were adopted.

## A FIENDISH FIST-FIGHT.

A Prize Bout on Long Island to Settle an Old Feud.

LONG ISLAND CITY, April 23.—This morning a prize fight took place here, witnessed by about 400 sporting men. The fight was between Jimmy Kerwin, of this city, and "Con" Walsh, of Green Point, for \$100 a side, London prize ring rules. Kerwin is 22 years of age, weight 141 pounds; Walsh, 21 years, 145 pounds. Kerwin was the favorite in the betting. There is an old grudge between the men, and the fight was said to be one of the most desperate that ever took place on Long Island. Six rounds were fought, during which Walsh was terribly punished.

## THE Q AND U. P.

Coming Close Together Towards a Pooling Arrangement.

CHICAGO, April 23.—The officials of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy and representatives of the Western Trunk Line Association roads held a session here to-day and adjourned at 2 p. m., until to-morrow without taking any definite action. The Burlington stated its willingness to share competitive business with the Union Pacific, and renewed its demand to share in Union Pacific local business. The officials of the latter road, however, declare that the Burlington has made some concessions since the Boston meeting, which may serve to bring about an amicable understanding between all the lines.

## FORTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS.

## SENATE.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—The chair laid before the senate a message from the president transmitting the report of the secretary of the state giving information concerning the average production, consumption, exportation and importation of wheat and cotton in foreign countries.

Mr. Conger, (rep., Mich.) from the committee on commerce, reported favorably and asked unanimous consent to put at once upon its passage the bill providing for government control of the Saulte Ste Marie falls canal, in Michigan.

Mr. Ingalls, (rep., Kas.) said the bill was too important to be considered without debate, and he would object. The bill was then placed on the calendar.

Immediately on disposing of the morning business, however, Mr. Conger called the bill up again and it passed.

Mr. Vest, (dem. Mo.) reported favorably a bill for a bridge over the Missouri near Sibley, Mo. Calen dared.

Mr. Hill (rep. Ct.) reported favorably a bill granting a 30 days' leave of absence to letter carriers. Calen dared.

The senate proceeded to the consideration of bills on the calendar.

The bill amending the revised statutes relating to timber depredations, was passed. It protects Indian reservations from unlawful cutting of timber.

The bill defining the title and duties of certain officers of the medical department of the army was passed.

The bill reported adversely from the committee on finance to authorize the payment of custom duties on legal tender notes, went over.

The chair laid before the senate the special order, the bill to establish a bureau of animal industry to prevent the exportation of diseased cattle, and provide for the extirpation of pleuro-pneumonia, and other contagious diseases among domestic animals.

The house bill was substituted for the senate.

Mr. Plumb (rep. Kas.) said the evils interests of the country were unanimously in favor of the legislation proposed by the bill.

Mr. Coke (dem. Texas) severely criticized the department of agriculture for circulating false reports of the nature of diseases among American cattle. He had carefully read the consular reports, and found no pretence of any animal having the foot and mouth disease or pleuro-pneumonia ever having been landed in England or any other European country.

If the bill passed, with the overshadowing power which it gives the commission of agriculture, Coke would see the people to get rid of their cattle as soon as possible. There was but one reason, he thought, why the agricultural department had given such wide publicity to the absurdly exaggerated reports about cattle disease: that was that the department was determined to sign itself at the expense of the cattle interests.

Mr. Williams (dem. Ky.) said that he

himself was a stock raiser, and he knew that nineteen-twentieths of the stock raisers of the country favored this measure. "And" ejaculated Williams, "to say there was no pleuro-pneumonia in this country, my God! it was," he said, "in New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Maryland and the District of Columbia." Mr. Williams had himself seen it. If that disease should once spread upon the plains, it would do irreparable damage, and the duty was imperative to stamp it out.

Mr. Brown, (dem. Ga.) representing the minority of the committee on woman's suffrage, submitted the views of that minority in opposition to the measure recently reported by the majority committee, which proposed a constitutional amendment granting the right of suffrage to women.

Pending the debate on the pleuro-pneumonia bill, the senate went into executive session, and afterward adjourned.

## HOUSE.

Mr. Payson, (rep. Ill.) from the committee on public lands, reported a bill to prevent unlawful occupancy of public lands. Calen dared.

Mr. Randall (dem Pa.) from the committee on appropriations, reported back the naval appropriation bill with the senate amendments, and moved non-concurrence on these amendments.

Mr. Kasson (rep Ia.) thereupon raised the point of order that the amendments must first be considered in the committee of the whole. The bill was important, affecting, as it did, the construction of new naval cruisers, and he did not think the house should pro forma express non-concurrence in the amendments.

The speaker sustained the point of order, and the bill with amendments was referred to the committee of the whole.

Mr. Randall said he would not move to go into committee, as he had agreed not to interfere with the tariff bill this time. The action of the appropriation committee in recommending non-concurrence in amendments was to expedite the appropriation bill and to secure an early adjournment.

Mr. Townsend (dem Ill.) from the same committee, reported back the post-office appropriation bill, with senate amendments, and moved non-concurrence in three amendments.

On a point of order by Kasson, this bill and amendments were also referred to committee of the whole.

## FOREIGN NEWS.

## THE DYNAMITERS.

DUBLIN, April 23.—The police regard the ominous notices purporting to emanate from invincibles, which were found in various parts of the city yesterday, as a hoax. The purpose of this they believe was to stimulate contributions of money from America, which of late have been seriously falling off.

A FUND TO RESCUE GORDON.

LONDON April 23.—Sir Edward Walker M. P. offers £1,000 toward the rescue of General Gordon. He asks London papers to open a fund for this purpose. "When," he says, "£200,000 would be collected in a few hours."

## TO THE RELIEF OF BERBER.

CAIRO, April 23.—A council was held this morning, attended by Hubar Pasha and General Sir Evelyn Wood. It was decided to advise the British government to send a mixed expedition of British and Egyptian forces to the relief of Berber. Such expedition could reach there in two months.

## A St. Paul Failure.

ST. PAUL, Minn., April 23.—Mayo & Clark, wholesale hardware dealers, have suspended payment. Liabilities, \$130,000; assets \$155,000. Unless an assignment is forced, a list of the liabilities and assets will not be given. The creditors are in New York, Boston, Chicago, St. Louis, Pittsburg, Cleveland, Milwaukee, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Louisville, Grand Rapids, and Davenport.

## Leadville's Bad Banker.

CLEVELAND, April 23.—Frank Dewalt, the defaulting president of the Leadville bank, was arraigned this morning before the United States commissioner, waived examination, and in default of \$20,000 bail was jailed. He will be taken to Denver, leaving to-night.

## The Prohibition Party.

CHICAGO, April 23.—The national committee of the National Prohibition Home Protection party announces that its national convention, which was to have been held at Pittsburg May 21st, is postponed till July 23rd. The Illinois state convention of the same party will be held at Bloomington, June 18th.

## A Bull in His Heart.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 23.—W. H. Lint, secretary of the Bodie mining company was found dead at a late hour last night on Jefferson square, with a bullet through his heart.

## Wei De Meyer.

It is now undisputed that Wei De Meyer's catarrh cure is the only treatment that will absolutely cure Catarrh, fresh or chronic. "Very alluring," said Dr. Gould, Weeping Water, N. B. "One box cured me. Mrs. Mary Kuyon, Blumark, Dakota." "It relieved me to the pupils, Rev. Geo. E. Reids, Colosville, N. Y." "On last radically cured me, Rev. C. H. Taylor, 140 Noble street, Brooklyn." "A perfect cure after 30 years suffering," J. D. McDonald, 710 Broadway, N. Y. "See. Thousands of testimonials are received from all parts of the world. Sold, \$1.00. Dr. Wei De Meyer's Illustrated Treatise, with statements by the cure, mailed free. D. B. Dewey & Co., 182 Fulton Street, N. Y. to-theat-mike-3m

## A GAIN IN GRAIN.

Great Strength in Wheat and Corn on Chicago's Change.

The Former Scoring One Cent Advance Over the Previous Day.

A Steady Reduction in Stocks, and an Increase in Orders.

Good Trading in Corn, but Not a Similar Advance.

Cattle Rules Firmer for the First Time in Weeks.

Making a Gain of 10c to 15c—Sales of Nebraska Sheep.

## CHICAGO'S MARKETS.

## A STRENGTHENED FEELING.

SPECIAL TO THE BEE. CHICAGO, April 23.—Great strength was shown in the wheat and corn market, throughout the entire session to-day, and while prices were subject to rapid fluctuations, they were kept within a narrow range.

The opening prices in wheat were fully 1c over the closing of yesterday, and this advance was well maintained to the close. There is a steady reduction in stocks, and an increasing number of orders from interior points. The market opened  $\$