## THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Spencer Telling the Story of the Star Route Investigation.

He Ignored a Subpæna on Conkling's Advice.

The Atlantic & Pacific Grant to be Forfeited.

The Return of the Lasker Resolution and Mr. Bismarck's "Regret,"

FROM WASHINGTON. SPENCER ON THE STAR ROUTE CASES. WASHINGTON, March 7 .- Ex-Senator Spencer, of Alabama, now a resident of Nevada, was examined to-day by the Springer committee concerning the star route investigation. Early in January, 1881, he said, I went from Nevada to New York on business. One day, while walking on Broadway, 1 met Mr. James, them postmaster at New York, who asked me to accompany him to his office. I did so, and when at the office he told me he wanted to go into Garfield's cabinet as postmaster general, and asked me to aid him. I said I would assist him. After-wards Irendered what aid I could. When he had been appointed postmaster general I said to him that he had the opportunity few men had in a lifetime to make a great reputation. He asked how. I replied that he could make the postoffice department self-sustaining the first year, and the next year could reduce postage to two cents. How? he again asked. By breaking up the star route ring, I replied. I took a pledge from him that what I said should be strictly confidential, as several men connected with the ring lived in the west and were almost neighbors of mine. I desired that my name should not go to the public as an informer. Afterwards I went to General Garfield, and received a pledge from him that what I would say to the postmaster general should be confidential. He gave me the same assurance

Spencer continued: While in New York I frequently met A. M. Gibson. He told me what he knew, and afterwards showed me a table of the ninetythree routes he had prepared. We met in Washington and together went to Woodward's room, where he was made acquainted with Gibson's information. I remained in Washington about three months, most of the time getting up evidence for the star route cases. I remained in Washington until Garfield was shot I made up my mind that beyond saving the government two or three million dollars a year, the investigation would be a failure. Receiving no pay for what I was doing, I paid little attention to the subject, and in the latter part of March, 1882, went to Nevada and months, most of the time getting up eviremained until June.

that James had given-that my informa-

tion should be a secret. It was at my suggestion that Woodward was selected to take general charge of the investiga-

Spencer then gave an account of his return to New York, his being subport the foot and mouth disease in Great naed to appear in Washington, of his Britain, has called upon collectors of coming here, remaining two weeks, and of his efforts alone and with Secretary their views as to the propriety of prohib-Chandler to secure an interview with iting the importation of cattle. George Bliss. Wile sitting in one of the hotels with Secretary Chandler, Bliss came to the latter one day. They went out and talked two or three hours. I said he didn't want to see me. He told and \$120,000 respectively. Secretary Chandler he desired not to see me until I went on the stand, and, if I did not swear to what he expected, he would cross-examine me. I remained here till the court adjourned, and went at the head of Powder river, in Montana. to New York and showed Senator Conklin my subpoena. He said it was not in legal form, and advised me to go and attend to my business. I asked if my staying in Washington had not waived

of my own knowledge I knew no material fact that would be admitted as evidence that would tend to convict, and cific will have almost a monopoly of the through Secretary Chandler this was stated to Bliss. Witness referred to the testimony of ex-Postmaster General James, in which he said Spencer told him that Dorsey had gone to Senator Spencer's room and said "See how I do business," whereupon he placed \$5,000 or \$6,000 in an envelope, put it on the table, and Brady came in, took the envelope and money and left. I did not say I had seen Brady and Dorsey in a room together. I never saw Dorsey pay Brady any money. James was misto have discovered that a meeting was taken. We have talked so much on the held here last night by secessionist agitastar route investigations that he may tors, and that fiery speeches were made have got things mixed. If I made such a statement I must have been drunk, and I am not in the habit of getting drunk. loads of arms were yesterday unloaded

that the government took the most complicated cases when there were some not complicated. He thought nobody was prosecuted except the Dorsey combination which held about 15 per cent of expedited routes. Witness stated that Second Assistant Postmaster General Elmer told him of an agreement being made to compromise with the larger contractors by arbitration, that Elmer would be the man selected on the part of the government and Ingersoll on part of the contractors and George Bliss would be the third. The arbitrators, however, never met, such action being illegal. It was an open secret, witness continued, that the contractors had to pay thirty thr e and one-third per cent for expediting and increasing the service. It was supposed to go to the second assis tant postmaster general, but witness was not in the secret and did not know posi-

A. M. Gibbon is expected to appear

to-morrow THE SIQUE BILL.

Mr. Dawes reported to the senate to day, from the select committee appointed to examine into the condition of the Sioux Indians in Dakota, an original bill to provide for a division of a portion of the reservation of the Sioux Indians in that territory into a separate reservation and to secure relinquishment by the Indians of title to the remainder. In consideration of this relinquishment, the reform.

seventh article of the treaty of 1868, securing to them the benefits of execution, shall continue in force twenty years from date of passage of the act, and the secretary of the interior shall purchase and supply them with milch cows not exceeding 25,000, and bulls not exceeding 10,000, and \$100,000, shall be set apart as the permanent fund for their benefit, to bear interest at the rate of five per cent per annum, one-half of such interest to be applied to the promotion of industrial and other

THE LASKER RESOLUTION. Herr Von Eisendecker, German minis

ter, said to-day that he had just received The Bill for Dividing Up the Sioux

Lands In Dakota.

Lands In Dakota. as the accompanying letter transmitted from Prince Bismarck, to the department of state in a few days. He added that he had had no communication or understanding whatever with the foreign affairs committee in regard to the matter. He proposed to deal entirely with the department of state. The letter of Prince Bismarck returning the resolution, he said, had already been published in substance but in addition it expressed Bismarck's regret at being compelled, under the circumstances, to re-

new territory which it is proposed to make out of the northern portion of Darreturn, the safe was robbed of all

Mexico for information in regard to the recent alleged irregularities in the organization of its legislature. The governor, coming known and investigation being zation of its legislature. The governor, in a dispatch to Senator Harrison, says instituted paymaster Bartlett was disthe organization of the legislature is charged from the service of the company strictly regular and according to law.

to-day decided to call on leading journalists and newspaper proprietors to give that the detectives would be facilitated their views on the pending newspaper in their work, but the affair becoming copyright bill at an early day. LAND FORFEITURE.

The house committee on public lands to-day decided unanimously to recommend forfeiture of the land granted the Atlantic & Pacific railroad lying east of the junction of that road with the Atchi-son, Topeka & Santa Fe railroad and lying west of Mojave, Cal., and which has not been patented to the road.

Mr. Anderson moved that the entire grant to the road be forfeited, but the proposition received but two votes, those of himself and Shaw. The lands amount to about 40,000,000 acres. The road has earned about 10,000,000 acres.

has agreed on a provision governing mail contracts. It requires that bonds of contractors be approved by postmasters along erwise. This door was close to and ad-the proposed route, that the postmaster joining the vault in which the safe was general shall not be bound to consider

IMPORTATION OF CATTLE.

The treasury department, in view of customs at leading seaboard cities for

PROPOSALS WANTED. Proposals are invited for the purchase of the vessels Benicia and Cijane at interrupted them several times, but Bliss Mare island, appraised value \$140,000

A Greet Cattle Scheme. Sr. PAUL, March 7 .- Morton Freeman, of England, owner of 25,000 cattle in a published letter this evening outlines a scheme for the shipment of cattle via. Duluth and Canada to the seaboard and Europe on the hoof to be fed there for market. He says the English govmy rights to leave. He said no, and I ernment is introducing a bill for the followed his advice.

I want to state, said the witness, that of feeders for that country purpose of making easy shipments of feeders for that country by way of Canada and the Lakes. He believes the Northern Pa-

western carrying trade, and Chicago, 'as far as our western shipments are concerned, is doomed. England," he said, "could take 3,000,000 head of cattle annually if the western United States could supply the beasts." The letter has created an excitement among the

More Scared Than Hurt.

FARGO, Dakota, March 7 .- The agent of the Dominion government here claims Witness then said in regard to the star at the Fenian headquarters, and it is route prosecutions that he always felt even stated that a detachment of troops has started for the border, but this is not generally believed.

Hoboken's Absent Collector,

HOBOKEN, N. J., March 7.—The absence of City Tax Collector McMahone excites surprise. There is some appre-hension, though no other reason than his unexplained absence, for suspecting rregularity in his accounts. He paid into the treasury the full proportionate amount due from him. His bondsmen and relatives expect him to turn up soon. His books have not yet been examined.

WORCESTER, Mass., March 7 .- The will of Hon. L. J. Knowles, in addition to large bequests to public institutions in New England, gives \$10,000 to Carlton college, Northfield, Minu., \$2,000 to the American board of foreign missions. After the death of his widow \$5,000 goes to the Doane college, Nebraska, and \$5,000 to Washburne college, Topeka.

Revenue Reform.

WATERVILLE, Maine, March 7. - The resolutions accompanying the democratic state committee call for a state convention to denounce the present tariff sys-tem, approves the action of the ways and means committee of congress, which indicates a determination to place the democracy of Maine on a platform of revenue OMAHA, NEB. SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 8, 1884.

THE EVIL DOERS.

The Safe of the Q Paymaster Cracked \$27,000 Worth.

In Suicide. Guilty of Thirteen Murders and

Other Crimes.

The Results of a Rush to See the Crouch Butchers.

The St. Louis Safe Robber Supposed to be Captured.

#### CRIME AND CRIMINALS.

ROBBERY OF THE "Q" PAYMASTER. CHICAGO, March 7.—Last Saturday, about 1 o'clock in the afternoon, paymaster C. S. Bartlett, of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad, left his office for lunch without taking the precaution to close the combination of the safe in turn the resolutions.

COMMITTEE WORK.

The senate committee on territories has agreed to give the name "Lincoln" to the safe in which the moneys were kept for payment of employees, was deposited. On leaving the room he did so without waiting the return of the other attaches of the of-

its contents with the exception of The joint committee of the two houses oday decided to call on leading journal made to keep the affair secret in the hope known and in the belief that exaggerated statement would be published concerning the robbery, the officials showed a willingness that the exact facts be furnnished the public. The theory advanced by the treasurer of the company is that the robbery was accomplished by a sneak thief. Two doors led into the cashier's office from the vacant room, one of which was found ajar on the paymaster's return. The paymaster's room is located in the general offices of the company, on the second floor of the building and was constructed specially with a view to guard against intrusion or theft, but in this instance the most ordinary precautions appear to have been ignored. The house committee on postoffices ter is that it was supposed the vacant joining the vault in which the safe was located. When the paymaster left the paymaster assumes the robbery must have been committed by some one having com-

plete knowledge of the room and habits of its occupants.

Detectives have advanced a new theory to the effect that the rotbery did not actually occur as stated by certain employees, but that some trusted employee is a defaulter and selected the "robbery method" for covering his shortage.

A BLOOD THIRSTY VILLAIN.

CHICAGO, March 7 .- A telephone message to The Daily News states Frank to the bank, to provide for paying Rande, the desperado who made the taxes in semi-annual installmentis; to proattempt upon the life of Deputy Mc-Donald last Saturday night, at Joliet, and course of study in the agricultural colwho was placed in solitary confinement, succeeded in ending his career by hanging himself last night. Rande's real name was Charles C. Scott. He killed less than five men in 1877, and is supposed to have murdered thirteen persons in Indiana, Illinois and Misseuri. He was originalbecame a tramp. He was afterward sent engineer and fireman were instantly to the Michigan City prison for burglary killed and one brakeman fatally injured, under another name and left there in '77. He robbed a farmer near Gibson, Ill., and committed almost a similar robbery by a party of citizens, killed three of the latter and escaped. He was finally captured in St. Louis, after a desperate struggle with the officers, and, on his trial for the Gibson tragedy, escaped with a life sentence. His prison life has been marked with three or four acts of desperation similar to that of last Saturday night. He used his under clothes to effect his death, and his lifeless body was discovered on the opening of the sol-THE CROUCH MURDER

difficulty saved from being tramped to death. All portions of the country were represented and the interest was intense. THE LONG ISLAND BUTCHER. New York, March 7 .- Two indictments for murder, three for assault with intent to kill and one each for robbery and burglary, have been found against Charles A Rugg, the colored assassin of

Long Island. A MURDERED PEDDLER.

Sr. Louis, March 6 .-- The skull of a peddler murdered near Cahokia, Illa.,

discovered this afternoon in a hut near the place where the murdered body was found. A negro named Brown lived in the hut and he and his wife were arrested. A bloody ax was found in the hut A Corporation That Is Too Rich to Pay and other evidences of murder.

AN ALLEGED TELLER.

WICHITA, Kas., March 7.—A man who is claimed to be Teller, the St. Louis express robber, was arrested here this afternoon and turned over to the Frank Rand's Bloody Career Ends THE CHILD-WIFE MURDERER.

LAKE PROVIDENCE, La., March 7.

Noah Jackson, a negro, was hanged to-day for the murder of his fifteen years old wife in July last. The execution was witnessed by 2,000 people. Jealousy No Prospect of Raising Colorado vas the cause.

A SUSPENDED COLLECTOR.

BUFFALO, March 7 .- William Buchner, collector of customs at Fort Eric, Canada, has been suspended pending an investigation on a charge of embezzle-ment of \$500 of trust funds.

## OVER IN IOWA.

A NEWSAAPER IN TROUBLE. Special Disptach to THE BEE.

DAVENPORT, March 7 .- The financial troubles which have been hanging over The Davenport Gazette for some time have taken several new turns during the last twenty-four hours. The Moline Paper company swore out an attachment yesterday for \$1,075 on the engine and and folders. Later the Davenport Na-It was also decided to call on the executive department and governor of New small charge, the total amount disappeartype and personal property to secure \$1,293 of past due notes. Other creditors attached the print paper, and the sheriff remained in charge of the office this morning a compromise was made by which the paper was allowed to go to press, and during the day, notwithstanding other attachments, it was arranged to have the paper issued till Saturday, when a full meeting of the stockholders will determine for the future. The occupants of The Gazette block, which includes the postoffice, have all been garnisheed and ordered to make no payments to the company. At last accounts the to the company. At last accounts the business manager was declaring that he would put an attachment on the Electric Light company to secure a bill against that corporaiton. Besides the claims for which attachments have been made and other current accounts, the real estate is mortgaged for \$18,000. There are rumors of still more complicated litiga-

LEGISLATIVE PROCEEDINGS. Regular Press Dispatches.

DES MOINES, Ia., March 7.—In the house this morning the Bolter school bill was referred back to the school committee with instructions to report Monday.

Bills passed: To amend that portion of the code limiting the liability of railroad companies to two-thirds the amount of capital stock by permitting the issue The bill is understood to be for the benefit of the B., C. R. & N. road; also to into two judicial circuits; to allow a township having a town or city within its limits of 1500 population to form an additional township from the territory outside the city or town; to enable the state to be represented at the national educa-

tional exposition at Madison, Wis. In the senate the following bills passad: To tax shares of saving bank stock to stockholders instead of capital stock vide for a more liberal and practical

The resolution adopted yesterday to adjournon the 28th was reconsidered. A TERRIBLE ACCIDENT.

DES MOINES, Ia., March 7 .- The Register's Perry, Iowa, special gives an account of a terrible accident on the ly sentenced to the Iowa penitentiary for Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway burglary, he escaped, and fearing arrest near Astor this afternoon, by which the having his skull crushed and both legs cut off. The accident was caused by the being pursued by a party of six, he killed breaking of one of the drive wheels of two and wounded three others. He the engine and throwing it into the ditch.

near St. Elmo, Ill., and, being followed Foot and Mouth Disease in Kansas. EMPORIA, Ks., March 7.—Gov. Glick, State Veterinary Inspector Holcomb and William Sims, secretary of the state board of agriculture, accompanied by a delegation of leading stockmen of Emporia, visited the locality in Woodson county yesterday, infected by the cattle plague, near Neosha Falls. They returned shortly before midnight and report they

found the disorder to be what is known as "foot and mouth disease." It is confined to three herds and mostly to young cattle and the number Jackson, Mich., March 7.—This morning the examination of Jud Crouch and A public meeting was held at Neosha Dan S. Halcomb, charged with the fa-mous quadruple murder of the Crouch quarantining the infected herd, and family, on November 21st, began in the every precaution will be taken for the presence of a large crowd of people prompt suppression of the contagion. which thronged every available space of The locality named is the only section in the court house. The forenoon was con- the state in which the disease has made sumed in the examination of three wit- its appearance. The affection is quite esses, Reardon, Parks and Hutchins. contageous. From the investigation it The two former testified as to finding the bodies, and the other to well knewn gin The feet and legs of facts. Hutchins told of the conduct of the victim of the malady slough off and Holcomb and Jud Crouch after the the mouth; throat and alimentary canal murder was made known, and then stated that the acted unconcerned. Judd was Sims and Holcomb remained at Neoshs not affected by the news as he should Falls and will employ every effort to have been. After adjournment, as Holprevent the infection from spreading.

comb and Crouch were led back to jail, the crowd pressed forward to get a good look at them. The crush was fearful, several women fainted and were with stock interests of state. A special from Strong City, Char county, to The Republican says Dr. W. N. D. Bird, accompanied by Dr. J. Scroggins, visited several stock farms this morning where the foot and mouth disease was reported and say there are no symptoms whatever of the disease. Much alarm has been felt since the first cases were reported from Chase county,

out there is now very little excitement

### ROADS AND RATES.

I's Just Debts.

Another Caustic Review of the finally consider a restoration of Colorado U. P. Annual.

The Action the People Expect Regarding the Road.

Rates at Present. Honest Government Directors De manded-Various Notes.

## RAILROAD MATTERS.

SOLID FACTS FOR CONSIDERATION. Special Dispatch to THE BEE.

CHICAGO, March 7 .- The Tribune consays: "The report just made by Credit and extra precautions will be taken Mobilier Dillon to the shareholders of day and night.

The provincial building and residence the Union Pacific watered stock displays that company in the comfortable, if anarchpay its debts or taxes."

After going over the figures in detail and showing how the earnings of this road are \$11,000 a mile, nearly twice as much as the Northwestern or Burling-ton, which penetrate the best regions of the rebels at Teb amounts to 1,400 Rickert and against the course pursued by the American congress. the west, the article coucludes:

There ought to be no paltering in the settlement with these unprincipled cormorants. The country demands that the president appoint as government directors some western men next time who will tell the truth about the relations of the road and government, and the peo-ple call upon congress to force the road to provide at once for the payment of its interest debt to the government or submit to foreclosure forthwith."

COLORADA RATES.

Special Dispatch to THE BEE. CHICAGO, May 7 .- The Western Trunk Line association is making most strenuous take was made in reducing the rates so largely. In these efforts the Western of location, equipment and construction bonds to the amount of \$16,000 per mile for broad gauge and \$8,000 for narrow gauge roads regardless of such limitation.

The bull is unable to compete at the reduced rates. St. Louis & San Francisco railroad, which is unable to compete at the reduced rates. Commissianer Vining, it is learned, has divide the Sixth judicial district court requested the Burlington and Alton officers to join in a meeting for the purpose of advancing rates. The officials of the latter roads notified him that they were ready to meet the officers of the western trunk line roads as individuals, but they would not admit the claim of Commissioner Vining that he had power to act for the western trunk line roads, consequently nothing could be done in the matter, and there is no prospect that Colorado rates will soon be advanced. The Burlington and Alton roads seem to be well satisfied with the present rates, and will not consent to advance unless it is done at a meeting of all the roads in interest, and without reference to the desires of the Western Trunk Line association. Active efforts are going on looking to a settlement of the difficulties, the general freight agent of the St. Paul and Vining being closeted together discussing ways and means. The commissioner is handicapped by the fact that the lines he represents disapprove of his ill-considered course, and some of them are inclined to let him get

out of his entanglement as best he may. EXHIBITING TRANSFER BOOKS, Regular Press Dispatches. NEW YORK, March 7 .- Argument was heard in the supreme court this afternoon upon two motions of a similar character in proceedings brought by Harvey Kennedy against the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific railroad. Application was made by Kennedy, as a stockholder of the company, it being a foreign corporation for peremptory mandamus to compel Francis H. Lowe, the transfer agent of the company in this city, to exhibit to him the transfer book of the company within this city during reasonable hours, and also to give a list of the stockholders to Kennedy. Lowe declared that Kennedy did not make these demands in his own behalf, but in the interest of the Chicago & Northwestern railroad company, a rival corporation, to enable them to gain the controlling power in the Rock Island company.

THEY COULDN'T POOL. CHICAGO, March 7.-The general managers of the northwestern roads forming the Central Iowa and Northwestern Traffic association held a meeting to-day in an endeavor to organize one pool in place of the old associations but it was discovered that any uniformity of action was not possible. To add to the difficul-ties of the situation the representative of the Chicago & Northwestern road failed to attend the conference and in consequence an adjournment was taken without date. The Central Iowa asso ciation remains in force until April and the Northwestern until March 15th. Whether another effort will be made to organize a pool is a matter of doubt.

VINING'S APPEAL. CHICAGO, March 7 .- Commissioner Vin-CLEVELAND, Ohio, March 7.—Two nundred miners of Guernsey county have several days ago, which has been massing since the remains were discovered, was struck against a reduction.

conference, provided the above lines should call a meeting for the purpose. The general freight agents of the West ern Trunk Line association held a meeting this afternoon in Mr. Vining's office. It is believed they agreed upon calling a joint conference at an early day between their lines and the four above lines to

#### GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

VARNA, March 7.—During a public ball here last night card playing took place in an adjacent room. The Greek consul participated in the games. The Bulgarian prefect of police stopped the play on the ground that games of chance in public places were illegal. in public places were illegal. A quarrel ensued, and the Austrian vice consul joined the Greek consul in insulting the prefect. The Bulgarian government has asked the Austrian government for satisfaction, and has promised to punish the prefect if it shall be found that he exeeded his powers.

A SCARCE IN HALIFAX. HALIFAX, March 7.—Lieutenant Governor Richer has received notice from inues to find food for editorial comment | Ottawa that the dynamiters are expected in the Union Pacific's annual report. It devoted a column to it this morning and devoted a column to it this morning and

of the lieutenant-governor have special pressed thanks in the name of Lasker's guards and seatinels and the navy yard friends for the many tokens of sympathy ical attitude of a corporation too rich to is instructed to use extraordinary vigiis instructed to use extraordinary vigilance, owing to information received of to the American congress for the action movements of the dynamiters.

AFFAIRS IN EGYPT. SAUKIM, March 7 .- Two chiefs of the Amara tribe with 120 men 40 camels have

rritated at the refusal of the government re-open the Irish land question and intend to begin forthwith a great agita-tion in Ireland, to make strong appeals to the Irish to demand an amendment of the act, and open subscriptions to a spe the act, and open subscriptions to a special fund for agitation purposes. Michael Davitt's services will be secured. A conference of the leaders will be held at Easter to discuss the program.

#### THE AUSTRIAN DYNAMITERS.

VIENNA, March 7.—A quantity of dynamite and nitro glycerine has been dis covered in a house in the suburb oppo-site the mansion of Baron Rothschild efforts to bring about a restoration of The supposition is that it was intended Colorado rates, having found that a mis- to blow up the mansion through the A LUNATIC INFORMER.

LONDON, March 7 .- Nellis, the Irish-

sent to the mad house.

pinnaces. A model of the Jeannette ice bound was landed with the coffin, the latter wrapped in the American flag.

ish at Teb, is now here. They report British victory becomes more widely the chancellor.

in 1806 and created a cardinal in December, 1853.

DYNAMITE LEGISLATION.

ROME, March 7 .- The Intalian em-DIGNA'S DEFIANCE.

SUAKIM, March 7 .- The rebel, Osman Digna, refuses to negotiate. He ignores the flags of truce sent out from Suakim. Graham is already beginning to advance on Osman.

GOING FOR SARGENT. BERLIN, March 7 .- The Deutsche Toge-

blatt publishes an array of comments de-rogatory to Minister Sargent made by certain American newspapers at the time of that gentleman's appointment. PRINCE VICTOR. LONDON, March 7 .- Prince Victor coming to England to visit Empress

He is seeking permission of General Campenon, secretary of the war, to take service in a foreign army. TOM. HENDRICKS. Paris, March 7.-Thomas A. Hen-

dricks returned ill pleased with his trip to southern Europe. He considers Italy unhealthful for American to visit this time of the year.

A HOTEL GUEST BOBBED. Paris, March 7-Augustus Harris was

robbed at the Hotel Continental to-cay of a check for £1,000 and a quantity bank notes and diamonds. BOTH WOUNDED. Paris, March 7.- In a duel with pis tols at Groville to day, between Lepellie-ter, a journalist, and Mardot, a violinist,

both were severely wounded. AN EMMISSARY OF FORB. Paris, March 7.—A short hand writer for a firm of engineers is pronounced an emmissary of Patrick Ford,

of New York. HELD IN SUSPENSE. . Sr. Thomas, March 7.—At the foreign consultate at Jacmel, 280 refugees await the president's decision for execution or pardon.

CONCERTED ACTION. LONDON, March 7 .- The Moscow Ga

#### IT WILL NOT DOWN.

Lasker Resolution Creates an Uproar In the Reichstag.

Rickert Proceeds to Thank Congress For It.

Bismarck's Representative Objects to Criticism of Ris Master.

count of It.

#### IN THE REICHSTAG.

CRITICISING BISMARCK. Berlin, March 7 .- In the Roichstag o-day after the president had been reelected, that functionary announced the death of Lasker and other members dur-

ing the recess. The deputies remained standing while the announcement was being made.

Rickert, independent, speaking as he explained in the order of the day ex-

of the house of reprentatives.

The president informed Rickert that he was departing from the order of the day. Hammerstein in behalf of the conserv-

by the American congress.

Haenel, progressist, admitted that Rickert had passed outside the order of the day but pointed out that this only showed the defect in the usages of the house. He referred to Rickert's praise of the American congress, whereupon the president reminded him that he too was departing from the order of the day was departing from the order of the day, but he continued to speak. He said he had perhaps broken the rules but he considered he was justified and pleaded extenuating circumstances. "When a body like congress," he said, "adopts flattering resolutions we should pay as much regard to them as is consonant with

parliamentary usages."

Baron von Maltzahn contended that reference to a resolution of a foreign par-liament not officially communicated to the reichstag. He insisted that the rights of the house should be upheld. There was no defect in the rules of the house, as was clearly proved by the fact that the left had attempted to cry down Ham-

meratein's protest. Rickert explained that the left had interrupted Hammerstein because, contrary to the rules of the house, he had read his statement. The left, he de-clared, cared as little for Hammerstein's protest as they did for the unjustifiable interference of Bismarck.

This declaration was followed by a great

uproar. As soon as order was restored Von Botticher, imperial secretary of the cellor, said he knew absolutely nothing of any interference on the part of Bis-marck. If the latter was requested to inform the reichstag of the resolutions QEEENSTOWN, March 7.—The remains of Jerome Collins will be escorted to Cork by a guard of honor, consisting of fifty blue jackets, ten officers and two He concluded by protesting against any criticism of Bismarch.

Dr. Brazr stated that the rules of the

OSMAN'S TRIBES WAVERING.

SUAKIM, March 7.—A deputation of the tribes which fought against the Brit-Rickard Cobden was ruled out of order. ish at Teb, is now here. They report Rechter, replying to Von Botticher, that the tribes under Osman Digma maintained that the deputies have a perwaver in allegiance as the news of the feet right to criticise the official acts of

ROME, March 7.—The death of Cardinal Camillo di Pietro is announced. He was cardinal bishop and dean of the Sacred college. He was horn in Possible 1. Moller, progressist, began a speech by directing attention to the banner hanging in the hall, which had been presented to the reichstag by German-Americans, but he was at once called the same of the called the called the same of the called t was cardinal bishop and dean of the Sacred college. He was born in Rome called to order by the president and the discussion closed.

## The Winnipeg Convention,

WINNIPEG, March 7 .- To-day the bassador is instructed to confer with the farmers' convention appointed a commitpowers in regard to the proposed Euro- tee to prepare a statement of demands pean demand upon the United States and place a copy in the hands of every government to legislate against dynamiters member of the legislature; also to watch the proceedings of the legislature and report any show of treason to the convention appurned to await the action of the legislature.

Trawa, March 7 .- It is reported that Sir John Mac onald is convinced that the agitation in the northwest is prompted by a few adventurers who wish to blackmail the government into giving them positions, and that the government knows their price but does not feel like buying just now. The Manitoba representatives are urging the government to concede the just demand of the province ere it is too late.

Held for Forcible Entry.

PHILADELPHIA, March 7. - William G. Jones, assistant superintendent of the Baltimore & Ohio Telegraph company; Thomas J. Fahey, telegraph operator, and harles L. Howell, a stock broker, were held for trial to-day upon the charge of forcibly entering the office claimed by the Western Union company.

# HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA

Is a carefully prepared extract of the best remedies of the vegetable kingdom known to medical schence as Alteratives, Blood Purifiers, Deiretics and Tonics, such as Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock, Stillingta, Dandellon, Juniper Berries, Mandrake, Wild Cherry Bark and other selected roots, barka and herts. A medicine, like anything else, can be fuirly judged only by its results. We point with satisfaction to the glorious record Hood's Sarsaparilla has entered for itself upon the hearts of thousands of people in New England who have personally or indirectly been relieved of terrible seffering which all other remedies failed to reach.

failed to reach. Memor to round

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and has not been so well for five years as now,
found that within a week after taking it she fell
winds better, and is now entirely free from the
vote headaches. She has not taken any of an
count since hast porting and what title she had of