The Report of the Civil Service Com-

mission Summarized.

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

The President's Views and Action Commended.

Official Intimidation by a Western Senator.

A Commission In the Inter-State Commerce Bill.

White and Rosecrans Abuse Each Other In the House.

FROM WASHINGTON. THE CIVIL SERVICE.

transmitting the first annual report of the civil service commission, together with communications from the heads of several executive departments respecting the practical working of the law. The president says: "Upon the good results which that law has already accomplished I congratulate congress and the people, and I avow my conviction that it will henceforth prove to be of still more sig.

The remains of General Ord arrived in Washington this morning, and ware henceforth prove to be of still more sig-nal benefit to the public service." He commends the zeal of the commission and recommends an adequate appropria-tion. The report occupies sixty-seven closely printed pages. The commission understands the more direct objects of the law to be the putting a stop to official coercion of political action, to levying political assessments, to selection of government employes by official favor and partisan influence and a restoration of the independence of the legislative and executive departments. The islative and executive departments. The retary of state to furnish the senate all information in his department derived

chiefs of bureaus, postmasters and col- products or their cost. activity to those positions. The report admission of the territory of Dakota. says other things being equal disabled seldiers and sailors are given the preferment of the pref ence and no favor or advantage is allowed by reason of sex. The commission held that the power of removal for just reasons are essential to both discipline and efficiency. "It is still possible," says tory. It is still possible to remove every person in the classified service once in four months, but vacancies can only be filled by those who, irrespective of party, demonstrate their superiority in a free, open competition in the committee had given the matter that the committee had given the matter that the committee had given the matter careful consideration, that in presenting that the committee had given the matter that the resolution he had been actuated by a becoming impulse. It was proper now that the country should know at the superiority in a free, open competition earliest moment that congress would not crittenden, son of ex-United States Marof character and capacity."

It is shown that 65 per cent of those admitted under the law were educated in the common schools alone. The report gives extracts from a large number of letters from postmasters and collectors showing that great benefit has accrued to the public service by the enforcement of the civil service rules. It is suggested cruisers. that a party test be no longer applied in the selection of collectors and postmasters and that every corrupt exercise of power in the nomination, promotion, transfer or confirmation, even though corrupt consideration may not be "a thing of value," should be an offense under the bribery laws. The commission declare the civil service act a success and a most difficult post. They acknowledge that through every stage they have had the constant unwavering support of President Arthur.

THE POSTAL BILL.

The postoffice appropriation bill as prepared by the committee appropriates \$10,500,000 for pay of postmasters, the maximum salary being \$4,000. In it the postmaster general is directed to readjust the compensation, after July 1st next, of railroads for carrying the mails by a reduction of 5 per cent from present rates on a basis of average weight. Railroads aided by land grants on condition they transport the mails at such prices as congress may direct, are to receive only 50 per cent of the compensation allowed other roads for corresponding service. The use of official envelopes is extended to all officers of the United States, not including members of congress. This does not apply to pension agents or other officers who receive fixed allowances as compensation for services, including expenses of postage. The aggregate appriation recommended by the bill is \$45,-261,800 The estimates for 1885 were \$50,062,189.

WATSON'S PENSION BILL. Representative Watson has prepared a report accompanying his bill for the in-crease of pensions of soldiers widows and dependent relatives from \$8 to \$12 per month. He estimates the total number of pensions whose rates will be increased by the bill at 124,333, and the aggregate annual increase of pensions at 85,680,-000. Owing to the age of those to be benefited, it is believed that the list will rapidly decrease.

GIVE HIS NAME.

A gentleman who called upon the pres ident yesterday said certain subordinate officers of the postoffice department in a western state expressed a fear of removal in case they advocated his renomination, because a senstor from that state is himself a candidate for the presidency, and claimed their allegiance. The presi said he was surprised and hoped the statement was not true. Official position, he said, did not deprive a citizen of the right to express his political preferences and work for the nomination of his favor-He further said that every employe of day. Even the family hardly knew the government should be protected in when he died. Physicians prounounced the exercise of the widest political lib- heart disease the cause.

A COMMISSION IN IT.

The house committee on commerce

able for such service, that there shall be purities are eliminated. About half the freight, that there shall be no unlawful allowance or any rebate and that pooling under any circumstances shall be unlawful. The bill also provides for the appointment of a commission to consist of manufactured to New York. The firm manufactured another product called "June," which contained a larger proportion of lard than butterine. It cost 20% cents to manufacture it and sold wholesole in the city at 2000000. commission is required to notify the com- ferred it to the best creamery butter. pany to cease violation. If the company tails to comply with the decision of the commission within six days it is required to show cause why it should not be en-joined and restrained from continuance of such violation.'

Paul Stroback, deputy marshal of was prompted entirely by malice, that he was in office only five or six weeks and the total alleged discrepency in his accounts was only \$35 or \$40.

The secretary of war has still on hand \$40,000 of the \$500,000 appropriated for the relief of the flood sufferers, which will be used in the purchase of necessary

Washington, February 29.—The president sent a message to congress to-day transmitting the first annual report of the social supplies, and the purchase of necessary additional supplies, The secretary of the treasury has given not be used in the purchase of necessary additional supplies,

Washington this morning, and were buried at Oak Hill cemetery with military honors.

the public debt during February is about \$2,000,000.

report says there have been several information in his department derived trifling political assessments which ceased from foreign representatives or the when public attention was called to them. United States or otherwise, regarding The amount collected was not more than the amount of wheat, rye, corn and cota half or fourth as much as formerly.

The evils of the spoils system are set forth at great length and the benefits of competitive examinations fully set forth.

The opinion is expressed that a salutary effect would follow the selection of

lectors at large offices from among Mr. Harrison (rep. Ind.) from the subordunates, who would bring business experience rather than partisan ably the original bill providing for the

the report, "to promise the spoils to the great storms in the southern states. 100,000 officers as rewards of party vic- In reporting it back Mr. Ransom stated said this in order that private local char- Crittenden, the noted ity may not be suspended.

The military academy bill was re-ported favorably and placed on the cal-

The senate resumed consideration of the bill for the construction of steel

Mr. Sewall's (rep. N. J.) amendment for building ships at the government navy yards, and Mr. Jones' (dem. Fla.) amendment that the building be apportioned among the different navy yards being before the body for action, both

were rejected. Mr. Morgan (dem. Ala.) withdrew his objection to vessels being built by pri-

vate contract. By consent of Mr. Hale (rep. Me.) the substance of the acts of 1882 and 1883 on the question were embodied in the bill, together with a proviso that bids may be received from those who are able to satisfy the secretary of the navy that they can, in three months after making a contract, be ready to build the vessels. The bill then passed-38 to 13.

Adjourned till Monday. HOUSE.

The committee on education reported back the resolution of inquiry into the management of institutions using funds appropriated for the benefit of agricultural colleges. Adopted.

The house went into committee of the whole on the private calendar, taking up the bill to retire Alfred Pleasantson as major general. It caused considerable discussion, during which there was a wordy encounter between Mr. White (rep., Ky.) and Mr. Rosecrans (dem., Cal.), the former accusing the latter of having unjustly got a thousand acres of California land which belonged to soldiers, and Mr. Rosecrans casting doubt upon Mr. White's mental ability to cast an intelligent vote on the pending meas-

The amendment by Mr. Cutcheon (rep Mich.), that Pleasanton be retired with the rank of colonel was adopted.

The committee rose and in considera-tion of the bill by the house proper several dilatory motions were made and the rell call consumed the time till 5 o'clock. The postoffice appropriation bill was reported by Mr. Townshend (dem. 111.) and referred to the committee of the

A recess was taken till 7:30, the even-ing session to be for the consideration of pension bills. At the evening session the house passed about twenty pension bills and

adjourned until to-morrow. Treasurer Polk's Sudden Death.

NASHVILLE, February 29. - Intelligence is received of the death of Marshal T. Polk, defaulting ex-state treasurer, in East Nashville. He had been ill some days, but his death was unexpected. He was lying on the bed talking as usual to ite, if it did not interfere with his duties. the family, having been up and down all

NEW YORK, February 29 .- The com has agreed to report Representative mittee of the state senate to investigate Stewart's bill to regulate inter-state com- the public health as affected by merce and provide for the appointment adulterations met to-day. C. H. Robinof a commission. As agreed to the bill son, a butterine manufacturer of Chi

no discrimination in transportation of product manufactured by him is shipped three members to investigate complaints. the city at 25@26. Witness said he al-If satisfied the act has been violated the ways used it in his own family and pre-

CRIME AND CRIMINALS.

REV. SPURLOCK'S CONDUCT. GENESEO, Id., February 29.-The church trial of the Rev. M. Spurlock, charged with falsehood, immorality and undue intimacy with Mrs. George, until recently a teacher in the Methodist Sun-Alabama, before the Springer committee to day school, was brought to a close this to day testified in regard to the administration of his office that the prosecution utes, the committee returned with a vertex. utes, the committee returned with a ver-

CHICAGO, February 29.—The grand jury this afternoon found a second indictmont for murder against Neil McKeague. This is for the murder of Mrs. Willson, of Winnetka. The other was for the murder of her husband. It is understood

CARPENTER'S TRIAL. LINCOLN, Ill., February 29,-Orrin A. Carpenter was to day removed from the county jail in Luncoln to Petersburg, Ill., where he will be tried during the March term on the charge of killing Sarah Burns. SEVERAL HANGINGS.

New Orleans, February 29.—A going on. Franklin special says: William Moore (colored) was hanged to-day for the murdemand to the platform, the rope shortened and sion, the trap again sprung. He died of stran-

twitched horrioly after the drop, drawing his legs up so as to touch his brother.

CHICAGO, February 29.—A Daily
News Raleigh, (N. C.,) special says:
Ben Gillman, colored, was hanged at Bay Boro, North Carolina, at noon today, for wife murder.

FOUND MURDERED.

VIKSBURG, Miss., Februaty 29 .- Two tramps yesterday found a woman and child named Haster murdered in a house near Colton. They had been dead two

LOUISVILLE, Ky., February 29 .- Thos. take steps for relief in this instance. He shal Crittenden, and grandson of John Kentucky statesman, also a relative of Governor Crittenden of Missouri, was to-day sentenced to three years in the penitentiary for killing the negro boy, Rose Moseby, at Anchorage, Ky.

A CASHIER'S STEAL

NEW YORK, Feb. 29 .- It is reported that the cashier of G. A. Bennett & Co., stock brokers, is a defaulter to the amount of \$30,000.

THE FIRE RECORD.

SEVERAL HEAVY LOSSES. PHILADELPHIA, Pa., February 29. Five fires occurred during the night. Owing to the violence of the wind and the great distance between the various alarms the firemen found much trouble in keeping the flames under control. The most disastrous was at the chemical works of Powers & Wightmann, the largest of the kind in the country, which were totally destroyed. The loss on this place will be over \$1,000,000. The fire first discovered about 1 o'clock, but the alarm was not responded to because the only three engines in the fire district were already engaged in combatting a similar fire in the wool mills at Second and Lehigh avenue. One of the two en-gines which answered the first call came distance of nearly two miles. The store of Coon Bros., & Co., produce commis-sion merchants, No. 29 South Water st., was damaged \$10,000. About the same time the Echo carpet mill at Lehigh avenue and Palethorpe street and three or four dwellings adjoining were destroyed, involving a loss of \$200,000. The other fires were not so serious, but frequent slarms served to distract the firemen and tax the department.

The building with all its contents was destroyed. Up to 5 o'clock the flames steadily triumphed over all opposition lighting up the entire city, while neigh-boring streets were blocked with panic stricken residents removing goods to places of safety From five until noon its progress was confined to burning inflamable matter within the confines al-ready described. There was no fear of its spreading. Some neighboring houses had their rosfs and fronts damaged, but drenching with water during the night prevented total destruction. It is imposable so far to obtain any idea of the value of the machinery or stocki Estimates vary from a million to a million and a half of dollars. The insurance is estimated at half a million of which \$215,000 is in this city.

On Ciry, February 29 -The opera house was ourned to-night; loss \$50,000. Adjoining property was badly damaged.

PHILADELPHIA, February 29.—Fire this evening in Rodgers' oil and crockery store on South Second street is said to have been caused by an explosion of coal oil. The flames spread so rapidly that Philip Kelly and wife, who occupied the third floor, were cut off from escape, and jumped from a window to the pavement. Mrs Kelly had her skull fractured and her husband an ankle fractured.

AMESBURY, Mass., Feb. 29.—Union block and two adjoining buildings were burned to-day. Loss \$40,000.

A General Strike. PITTSBURG, February 29 .- A general strike of river coal miners is regarded as provides that in the transportation of cago, stated that the product is made property the charges "shall be reason-ichiefly from lard oil from which all impresentatives for its resolution of condo-lence on the death of Lasker, unless it is

FROM FOREIGN LANDS.

OMAHA, NEB. SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 1, 1884.

The Moving of Hostile Armies In Egypt and Tonquin.

Gordon Issues a New and Sensational Proclamation.

mand of the Rebels. Murder In a Convent By a Dis-

General Graham's Useless De-

charged Gardener. Glimpses of the Situation In Egypt's

Rebellious Confines.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS. GORDON'S PROCLAMATION.

CAIRO, February 29 .- General Gordon's proclamation to Soudan issued that no new evidence has been elicited Tuesday is as follows: Since my arrival since the first indictment.

I have given you sound advice. Every-I have given you sound advice. Everything has been done to insure quietness and stop bloodshed. My advice has not been followed. I am therefore forced against my will to summon British troops. They will arrive in a few days when I shall severely punish all who do not change their conduct, You well know that I know everything that is going on

It has caused a sensation here. No (colored) was hanged to-day for the mur-der of Lee Amen, a Chinaman, last spring. After Moore had been hanging half a minute it was discovered that the General Gordon's object is to frighten rope was too long and the feet of the cul-prit rested on the floor. He was raised telegram has been mutilated in transmis-

COLD BLOODED MURDER.

gulation.

Jackson, O., February 29.—Great crowds were present to witness the hanging of the brothers, Luke and William for laziness. To-day while the sisters Jones, for the murder of Andrew Lackey, a year ago. The trap fell shortly after peared and the Lady Superior asked him if he had found work. Chare without on a single piece of rops, one at each end, the middle part of the rope was wrapped around she beam. The double trap worked perfectly.

They slept soundly last night, praying if he had found work. Chare without replying drew a revolver and discharged the gilding of the new five-cent nickel by manufacturers of cheap jewelry, which if allowed to continue, would have proved a fruitful source of defrauding the public in the purchase of pinchbeck jewelry. for an hour before retiring. This morning reloaded the revolver and kept them at The nickel on one side looks very much they sangand prayed constantly while pre-prang for the gallows. Luke's neck was ifred at them twice. Chare was shot in instantly broken, William struggled and twitched horrioly after the drop, draw-upon himself a third mortal wound with pins, and other designs of jewelry, made his own revolver.

CLAIMS ON SPAIN. MADRID, February 29 -The United States government is pressing its claim against Spain for \$393,000 as the balance of the award due on account of American losses during the rebellion in Cuba, and also for \$6,000,000 for estates embargoed during the same period and not restored to their American owners. The government, at the request of Minister Foster, allows the transfer by sea of the body of Mr. Partridge, formerly United States minister to Peru.

A USPLESS PLAC OF LONDON, March 1.—The government has a telegram from Suakim, dated March 1, 1 a. m., saying: Suaking is quiet and there has been no appearance of the enemy nor any news of any engagement. General Graham sent a flag of truce to the rebels, as instructed by the government, warning them to disperse. It is generally believed at Cairo that the rebels will not be deterred by this proceeding, and that the British advance will

take place to-day. FIGHTING NEAR BACNINH. LONDON, February 29 -Advices from with 1,000 men have occupied the extreme post of the rebels in Tong Koi river, ten miles below Bacninh. Chinese skiamishers were firing from neighboring heights and burning surrounding villages, and the gunboats returning the fire. Thirty thousand Chi-

nese have returned to Bacninh. THE BOLD RESELS. TRINKITAT, February 29 .- The enemy were very bold yesterday and kept up a continual firing on Fort Baker. None of the garrison were hit. Spies report the rebels feasting and rejoicing because they have received large renforcements and that the rebels are erecting earthworks. A squadron of English cavalry will act to-day as scouts, with orders to retire to the main body when they touch the rebels.

A VICTORY CLAIMED.

SUAKIM, February 29 .- The friendly tribes which participated in the fight Wednesday claim to have won a victory, and captured forty rebels and camels. Carro, February 29.—Information re-ceived from Kassalia states that the garrison made a sortie on the 12th, and to tally defeated the rebels.

SEEKING DYNAMITERS. LONDON, February 29,-Orders have been cabled by the government to Eug-lish detectives in New York to inquire into the character and intecedents of all persons sailing from New York and Boston for English ports since the 1st of

BITTER SWEET.

February.

LONDON, February 29. - Martin Turner & Co., merchants of Glasgow, engaged in the East India trade, have failed, lia bilities between four and five hundred thousand pounds. The failure is due to heavy losses in sugar. FURIOUS CHRISTIANS.

Constantinopile, February 29.—The porte has appointed Halil Pasha, a Turk, governor of Crete. The Christians are

BISMARCK AND LASKER,

urious. ATHENS, February 29 .- The island of Chios and the towns Chesame and Vourla,

upon the main land of Asia Minor, have been visited by an earthquake. deserted. A DIPPROPER ADVANCE LONDON, February 29,-General Gra-

ham telegraphs that the difficulty of advancing is so great that a forward movement is postponed till to-morrow, when he expects to make a rapid march.

Bealin, February 29.-The National Gazette hopes the seccessionists will not to-day with a vertict of accidental Keepers Association, Lincoln Neb. propose in the reichstag a resolution drowning.

T. L. VonDorn, propose in the reichstag a resolution anking the United States house of re-

resolutions would find a majority. The shot him dead, reichstag is not competent to reply to a resolution of condolence of which they have received no official cognizance. The Politische Nachrichten attributes half the blame to Minister Sargent and

asserts that he is lacking in political fact and so failed to keep the authorities at Washington informed of the true state of

affairs in Gormany.

The Cologne Gazette says: "Bismarck might perhaps have forwarded the resolu- from the orifice, which is about two feet tion to the reichstag, if Minister Sargeut had not, from easily explained reasons rendered himself obnoxious. We hope this unfortunate incident will not disturb the harmony of the two nations whose interests have been closely bound together many years."

THE FRANCHISE IN ENGLAND,

LONDON, February 29.—Gladatone in proposing the bill for extension of the franchise in the house of commons made a great speech in support of the bill, urging the impracticability of separate bills for England, Ireland, and Scotland. He said the passage of the measure would in-crease the voting power of the United Kinodom two million votes. The torys are strongly opposing the bill, and the Parnellites and Scotch members supporting the measure.

MORE DYNAMITE.

Information was lodged with the po-lice that an attempt to blow up the law court with dynamite was imminent. They arrested three men, seized a large quantity of dynamite discovered in a house at Clare Marketnear Strand. In the value containing dynamite found at Charing Cross station, with infernal clocks, was also found a copy of The New York Sun, of February 6th. The latest advices from Trinkitat

GILDED NICKELS.

state firing began at noon to-day.

A Stop Put to Their Use In the Manufacture of Cheap Jewelry.

Boston, February 27,-Major McIl-rath, chief of the secret service for New England, has made a timely discovery of them look as though ornamented with the \$5 gold piece, and they could have been readily soid to the general public for this purpose. Several Attleboro jewelers have been engaged in this business, and have sent samples of jewelry so manufactured to different parts of the west, a considerable quantity being found in Cincinnati and other western cities. in Cincinnati and other western cities.

The manufacturers allege ignorance of the law bearing on counterfeiting, and have feely given up all treated coins in Denver yesterday.

"Yes, sir," he said to a News reporter, "Patti is a wonderful woman—the have freely given up all treated coins in their possession. It is not likely prosecutions will follow at present.

"No doubt, but \$7 does seem a good deal of money to pay to hear a woman sing. Is it a fact that she gets \$5,000 a

NEW YORK, February 29.—The storm which swept the Atlantic coast last night and to-day was severe along the New England coast. Many of the smaller crafts were driven ashore, but the crews year at \$4,600 per night. This agreeinterior of the state it interfered with bor the steam tug Cohassett, attached to the United States training ship New Hampshire, struck on a rock not known to exist. The accident was caused by the water being blown out of the harbor. Montreal, Quebec and St. John, N. B., Haiphong state that the French gunboats report fierce snow storms and the blockate of trains and country roads.

CHICAGO, February 29.—Commissioner Fink to-day telegraphed Joint Agent night. Therefore, Mapleson had noth-Moore that the managers of Peoria eastbound roads have agreed to maintain freight rates and unite at an early day in forming a pool on all east-bound business from Peoria. The following roads will be parties to such pool: Rock Island, Wabash, Indianapolis, Bloomington & Western, Illinois Midland, Peoria, Decatur & Evansville, Chicago, Pekin & Southwestern.

Unconstitutional Legislation. NASHVILLE, February 29.—The federal court to-day granted the railroad com-panies of the state an injunction to restrain the state railroad commission from interfering with their business under the act of the legislature giving the commis sion supervision of railread operations in Tennessee. The court holds the act creating the commission in contravention of the state constitution and of the fourteenth amendment to the constitution of the United States.

READING, Pa., February 29:-Jere-miah Van Rex, aged 68, and worth \$100-000, left home in Amity township, 15 miles below Reading, early this morning to drive to the city in a buggy. The long drive chilled him, and when the carriage arrived at the hotel, he failed to move and was lifted from the carriage and

died in a few hours. Killed the Engineer

JACKSON, Miss., February 28.-A pas senger train on the Illinois Central railway ran into a freight at Tongaloo station, this morning, killing Engineer Fred Fielder. No one else was injured. The engine and a number of box cars were wrecked.

Double Desertion.

Burralo, February 19.—Michael Mann, one of the five dynamite "suspects" who came to this city last summer; was supposed to be a deserter from the British army. He enlisted in the United States regular army and shortly afterward

The Eight Hour System. SPRINGPIELD, Mass., February 29. The national armory to-day established the eight hour system in the works.

Not a Suicide. New York, February 29.—The in-quest in the case of Salmi Morse closed

drowning. Staiked the sheriff;

SAVANNAU, February 29.-In Bryan

previously ascertained whether it can be adopted.

The Germania doubts whether such man mistook the sheriff for a deer and

NATURE'S MYSTERIES.

Mud Geyser Formed During the Flood Still Mystifying Beholders.

WHERLING, W. Va., February 29.

discharge. Heavy timber dropped end-wise into the aperture, after descending below the surface, is hurled into the air with terrific force. About the orifice is a considerable mound of mud, stones and coal thrown out by the gaseous discharge. and, as the nearest coal vein is sixty feet below the surface, the well must be at least that deep. All efforts to fire the invisible discharge force have failed, and the water thrown out is as cold as ice,

The coke syndicate was completed to-day, including practically all the coke ovens of this region. It is expected that the price will be raised at once.

Off the Rails.

MONTREAL, February 29 .- A broken rail caused the through train from Boston to leave the track near Iriquois. Three first-class cars were turned completely over. A passenger named Werner is seriously hurt. Others were badly

An Editor's Wife,

QUINCY, Ill., February 29.-Lydia A. Hynes, wife of C. J. Hynes, editor and proprietor of The Herald, died in this ity to-day.

DECATUR, February 29.-The republican congressional convention will be held as Clinton April 9.

Congressional Convention.

Boston Liquor Licenses. Boston, February 29.—The police commissioners have increased the price of liquor licenses in all grades except those issued to druggists.

Patti's Parrot.

Denver News. C. H. Dittmar, the good-looking advance agent of the Patti troupe, arrived

night?"
"Yes, and I'll tell you how it came were rescued as far as known. In the ment was made on Friday, but having superstitions Patti could not sign it on the running of trains. In Newport har- that day, so the signing was put over her \$5,000 per night to sing Well, when the hour came for signing the contract the husband of the great singer told Mapleson that Patti had expressed a wish to sing with him during the season, but could not afford to do so at a loss to herself, giving the terms offered by Abbey-\$5,000 per ing to do but pay the price, which he then agreed to do, and the contract for

> of a few hours in signing that contract cost Mapleson \$30,000." "Then she really gets \$5,000 per night,

> \$5,000 per night was signed. This delay

os she?" "Yes, indeed, every cent of it, and before the curtain goes up, too. I'll tell how fine they've got this thing down. It is the habit of Mapleson to come into Patti's room before the performance begins to count her out her night's salary. Well, Patti has a parrot, a beautiful bird, which was presented to her by the emperor of Brazil. The great singer always has this bird in her dressing room, and through sheer force of habit he has learned to cry out, as soon as Mapleson enters, 'Cash-cash-cash.' This is the only word in the English language that

parrot knows."
"What does Patti do with her money. "She lives expensively. It costs her about \$100 per day to exist. Then she has a large estate and a castle in Wales, on which she has employed several hundred families, and it costs her about \$200,000 a year to keep that up.

"She will certainly sing at the matine on Saturday?" "No doubt about it. Accompanied by her husband she will arrive in Denver tomorrow morning over the Julesburg Short line at 8:15."

"How much do you pay Gerster?" "Only \$2,500 per night. Gerster is a great singer also. Why, Madame Ger-ster has a seautiful girl baby that will not cry for less than \$500." "Does the dear little creature trave

with her?" "Oh, no. It has palatial apartments in New York. The madame receives three telegrams every day from the ba by's maid, -one after broakfast, dinner and supper."

Bogus Sweetness,

It having been reliably reported to me that a Mr. F. H. Hunt, of Iowa, has been and now is, selling in our state as pure honey a mixture of which honey is a small part only, dealers and consumers are requested to be on their guard, as the article as reported is not a fit article of food. Steps will be immediately taken to have the same analyzed, of which a re port will be at once published. Any one having such in possession is requested to send samples either to me or M. Trester, secretary Nebraska State BEE

Pres. N. S. B. K ass'n, 820 S. Avenue, Omaha, Neb. State papers please copy.

PUSHING PROHIBITION.

The Iowa House of Representatives Ready to Pass the Senate Bill.

All Amendments Offered Speedily Voted Down.

The Majority For Engrossing the Bill Only Three.

Its Passage Even With This Margin Predicted.

The Efforts Made Yesterday to Defeat or Weaken the Measure.

THE IOWA LEGISLATURE.

THE PROHIBITION BILL. DES MOINES, Ia., February 29 .- The louse this morning resumed consideration of the prohibition bill, similar to

the water thrown out is as cold as ice, thus making it certain that heat and natural gas have nothing to do with the mystery.

Of Course It Will.

Connellsville, Pa., February 29.—
The coke syndicate was completed today, including practically all the coke day, including practically all the coke was completed today. vote of 52 to 46, two members, Curtis (rep.) and Wherry (dem.), not being present. The main question was then ordered by a vote of 52 to 47, Babb (dem.) voting with the republicans. Dabney's amendment prohibiting executive paradox was then voted degree. cutive pardon was then voted down-53 to 46. The roll was then called on an amendment offered by Merrill, it being a low license bill, and it was de-feated by a vote of 50 to 49. The question then came up on Clayton's substi-tute for the original bill, and this too was defeated by a vote of 50 to 49. The bill was ordered engrossed by a strict party vote of 51 to 48. The greenbackers all voted with the democrats at each vote, so that the republicans are not expecting much if any sid from them when the vote comes on the passage of the

bill. It will be passed without them.

In the afternoon the house considered the bill to compel railroads to erect station houses at crossings, but no action

was reached upon it.

In the senate the democratic license bill came up and was ordered not en-grossed by 31 to 10. Bills passed requiring passenger depots constructed at rail-road crossings and intersections and to road crossings and intersections and to divide the sixth judicial district into two circuits. A joint resolution pessed mem-oralizing congress to pass a law for the suppression of pleuro pneumonia. Bills were introduced to provide for inspec-tion, and to regulate the sale of petroleum and to establish a female reformatory and prison. Adjourned.

ORGANIZING A FIGHT. DAVENPORT, Is., February 29.—When the news reached here that the prohibitory law was placed on its final passage the saloon keepers of Dixon, this county, immediately started a subscription paper

for an organized fight. It reads: Dixon, Ia., February 29. In the name of personal liberty we, the undersigned, saloor keepers and citi-zens of Scott county and friends aforesaid, do hereby agree to subscribe the amount opposite our names for the purpose of raising a fund to investigate the constitutionality of the Donnan prohibi-tory law passed to-day by the legislature

of Iowa. To this six saloon keepers subscribed \$1,500 within a few minutes. They say hey will raise \$5,000 in the town and induce other places to follow their ex-

ample.

An Old Resident Gone. DUBUQUE, Ia., February 29 .- Absolam Cain, a well-known citizen of Dubuque, died auddenly at his residence this evening of apoplexy. He was a native of Virginia, 70 years of age and had resided

ere for more than forty years. Panie in a Church.

St. Louis, February 29.—A steam heating pipe burst in St. Patrick's Catholic church to-night. The church was crowded and a panic ensued. One woman fainted and was badly trampled. Boston, February 29 .- The steamship

"Boston City" from London brought 90 head of choice Holstein cattle for breed-

Foreign Fragments. Tozonro, February 29. - The city council has passed a law abolishing gro

cers' l quor licenses. ROME, February 29, -Cardinal Has-soun, patriarch of Cilicia, is dead. ROME, February 29. - The Italian cabnet has resigned.

TOME STONE, A. T., February 29.—It is reported that Lieutenont Davis is en

Bringing in Apaches.

route to San Carlos from Cloverdale, accompanied by Chief Geronim and thirty-seven Apaches. John Brown's Widow. SAN FRANCISCO, February 29.-Mrs. Mary Brown, widow of John Brown, of Harper's Ferry notoriet, , died here to-

HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA

Is a carefully prepared extinct of the best remedies of the vegetable kingdom known to medical adence as Alteratives, Ridood Parifiers, Diarctics and Tonies, such as Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock, Stillingta, Dandelion, Juniper Berries, Mandrake, Wild Cherry Bark and other selected roots, barks and herts. A medicine, like anything else, can be fairly ludged only by its results. We point with satisfaction to the glorious record Rood's Sarsaparilla has entered for itself upon the hearts of the sands of people in New England who have personally or indirectly been re-

England who have personally or indirectly been lieved of terrible suffering which all other reme failed to reach. Messus. C. I. Hood & Co.; Gents—Piesse send ; by express two bottles Hood's Sursapartilla and a form of the Cook Books for distribution. Your preparation have worked worked woulders in the case of my wife, who he been troubled with sick headache and bellousages ; years. She only took one-half teaspoonful at a do and has not been so well for five years as now. S found that within a week after taking it she fail we much better, and is now entirely free from those were bendaches. She has not taken any of any count since last spring, and what little she had is to do others med, and we must have it in the hour Yours truly, HOMER B., NASH, Pittafield, Mass.