

HATCH'S HATCHET.

Flourished Threateningly Over Democracy's Sin-Stuiv Pate.

His Grievance, Chicago's Capture of the National Convention.

Belford After Bismarck as to Naturalized German Americans.

Southerners Using the Precedent of Relief for Ohio Sufferers.

Logan and Voorhees After Railroads and Cattle Kings.

Several Important Pension Measures Introduced Yesterday.

FOURTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, February 25.—Mr. Ellis (dem. La.), rising to a question of privilege, sent to the clerk's desk and had read from The New York Sun of Saturday an extract from a document said to be in the possession of the postoffice department, stating that George F. Bratt gave a fee of several hundred dollars to John Ellis for services in securing the star route contract on the Donaldson route. Ellis entered his solemn and unequivocal denial of the whole story, and said Bratt's denial of it was on file in the postoffice department, but he could not rest content with Bratt's denial and his own assertion, and asked the house to make an investigation.

Mr. Gibson (dem. W. Va.) introduced a joint resolution appropriating \$30,000 for the distribution of seed among the sufferers from the Ohio flood. Referred. By Mr. Belford (rep., Cal.)—Calling on the secretary of state for information touching the alleged subjection of naturalized German-American citizens to military duty while temporarily residing in Germany.

By Mr. Finerty (ind., Ill.)—A joint resolution declaring that congress laments the death of Wendell Phillips as a national bereavement.

By Mr. McComas (rep., Md.)—Proposing a constitutional amendment providing that no state shall be granted any grant of any character to an incorporation from taxing the capital stock of such corporation.

By Mr. Stevens (dem., N. Y.)—To establish an inter-state railway transportation bureau for the regulation of commerce with foreign nations and among states and within the Indian tribes.

By Mr. G. D. Wins (ind., Va.)—For the completion of the monument to the mother of Washington, at Fredericksburg.

By Mr. Dunn (dem., Ark.)—For the appropriation of half a million dollars for the relief of persons rendered destitute by the overflow of the Mississippi river and tributaries on territories reported a bill providing for a civil government for Alaska. Committee of the whole.

Also requiring that governors of territories be residents of such territories two years before the date of appointment. Calendar.

The committee on education reported a bill to aid temporarily in the support of common schools.

Mr. Hatch (dem., Mo.) supported the bill, and ridiculed the fear expressed by some of the opponents of the bill. It would provide for a large number of federal officers to work against the democratic party. He was not afraid of a few more office holders. That was not what the democratic party had to fear. What the democratic party wanted was funerals—funerals in New York, funerals in Indiana, funerals in Ohio. [Laughter.] It wanted to bury some of the barnacles and corpses hanging to it. It had a national committee at there a few days ago and a majority of that committee did not even have originality or independence enough to find a place in the United States wherein to hold a convention outside the place where the republican convention was to be held. He had traveled long enough in the wake of the old barnacles of the democratic party following the republicanism. [Laughter.] A little independence in it—before he would follow the republican party to Chicago he would have gone to Los Angeles. He would have gone where the thermometer reached 400 degrees below zero or 300 degrees above the boiling point and then he would have gone to Chicago. [Laughter.] He would have the democratic party for once possess independence enough to strike out on its own hook. He defied the intelligence of the house to introduce a measure which had for its object the prosecution of the agricultural interest and which sought in the slightest degree to interfere with the operations of those gigantic and almost monarchical corporations which controlled the transportation of the country, without hearing some democrat attacked by a quail of conscience and jump on it quicker than a duck on a June bug with constitutional objections. [Laughter.]

The bill was then read by sections for amendment.

Mr. Hatch opposed the amendment providing that the number of persons employed in the bureau of animal industry shall not exceed twenty at any one time. Adopted.

The committee, without action, arose and the house adjourned.

SENATE.

Mr. Logan (rep. Ill.), from the committee on judiciary, reported the original resolutions agreed to relating to railroad lands, one calling on the secretary of the interior to inform the senate whether any railroad companies mentioned in the act of May 7, 1878, had failed to comply with said act, when and in what respect they failed, and whether they had subsequently complied; and further, whether said companies had paid dividends and to what amounts, and what steps, if any, had been taken to enforce the provisions of said act.

The second resolution calls on the attorney to furnish similar information.

Mr. Voorhees (dem. Ind.) offered a resolution, which was referred to the committee on judiciary, instructing that

committee to inquire concerning the leases of lands in Indian territory for cattle grazing, how much money had been paid into the treasury for such leases, whether the lessees had surveyed the land, etc.

Mr. Ransom (dem., N. C.) offered a joint resolution to appropriate \$100,000 for the relief of the sufferers by the recent great wind storm in the southern states. He said over five hundred people had been killed and many thousands wounded. The suffering resulting from the storm was great.

Messrs. Ala. supported the resolution. Messrs. Harris (dem., Tenn.) and Morgan (dem., Ala.) opposed the resolution on constitutional grounds. Neither had received a request from his state for government aid.

Mr. Voorhees (dem., Ind.) thought these sufferers should not be left entirely to private charity. The resolution was referred.

The senate resumed consideration of the currency bill. Mr. George (dem., Miss.) spoke in opposition to it.

The vest amendment was rejected—14 to 56. The bill as modified by Morrill's amendment passed—43 to 12. It provided for the issue of notes to banking associations to an amount not exceeding the par value of bonds deposited or in excess of the actual amount of capital stock paid in; the associations issuing notes payable in gold shall receive notes on the bonds deposited in money, prescribed in the act for other national banking associations.

The acting secretary laid before the senate the bill to authorize the construction of additional steel vessels for the navy.

After executive session the senate adjourned.

PENSIONS.

FOR ALL THE DISABLED.

WASHINGTON, February 25.—Senator Harrison introduced a bill in the senate yesterday providing a pension for all honorably discharged soldiers who served six months in the war of the rebellion in the military or naval services, provided they are now disabled. The bill proceeds upon the theory that there are many soldiers and sailors who did not contract disabilities during the war of such a well defined nature as to enable them to make proof thereof, but who are broken down in health by reason of the hardships and exposures of the service. The highest rate pension granted is \$24. The bill increases to \$12 the pensions of all widows whose husbands contracted disability in and since the war and who are now drawing \$8, also the pensions to soldiers' widows to be pensioned under the first section, or the origin of his disability without a widow being required to prove that death was due to the service. It does not grant a pension to all widows but only to those who are or become disabled. The bill is the result of a demand which the government under the existing laws is unable to meet. The pension law under the act will begin at the date of filing application therefor.

SIMPLIFYING PROCEDURES.

Representative Cannon also introduced a bill to simplify the procedure in pension claims and extend the benefits of the pension laws to claimants unable by existing laws to furnish the necessary evidence, whereby the private calendar is encumbered with private acts to the detriment of public business. It provides that no disability shall be the basis of the claim, or the origin of his disability in the service, be required if the record of the war or navy department shall show six months' service and honorable discharge; provided that the disease or disability therefrom exists to an extent that can be discovered and described as pensionable by the examining surgeon, and that the disease or disability shown as provided, the fact of the present condition of physical inability and dependence upon others than those bound legally therefor for support, and the fact that the soldier or sailor left no widow or minor child, shall alone be required to be shown by competent testimony, and proof of dependence and no date of death of a soldier shall be required; that it shall not apply to officers and soldiers and sailors of the regular army or navy since the 1st of July, 1865. Referred to the committee on invalid pensions. The effect will be to render it possible for the granting of 50,000 pensions and expedite the granting of 100,000 more.

WASHINGTON TOPICS.

THE PRESIDENTIAL TERM.

WASHINGTON, February 25.—Representative Springer today introduced for reference in the house a proposed constitutional amendment making the presidential term six years, and rendering the president ineligible to re-election to the next succeeding term. It provides for a direct vote for president in each state, and abolishes the electoral college, each state to have a number of votes equal to the number of its representatives and senators in congress, to be given each candidate in proportion to the total vote cast for each. The term of representatives in congress is fixed at three years, and congress shall meet each year on the first Wednesday in January, the first session to convene in January succeeding November election.

NOVEMBER WELL EXPLAINING.

Dr. Norvell Green, president of the Western Union Telegraph company, appeared before the sub-committee of the senate committee on postoffice and postroads today, and gave the committee a large amount of information in detail respecting the number of offices, instruments, miles of wire of the company, its expenses, etc. He had met with difficulty in securing liberty to submit the Associated Press contract, but in view of the misrepresentations which had been made the Associated Press had given its consent. No terms, he said, were granted Associated Press papers that were not open to any other papers.

A Free-Thinker Freed.

LONDON, February 25.—Flood, the editor of The Free Thinker, today completed a year's imprisonment for blasphemy. Bradlaugh, with two thousand sympathizers, met him at the gates of the prison.

THE MIGHTY MAHDI.

His Simple Message to Egypt: "I am Coming; Be Ready."

He Secures Abyssinia's Neutrality by a Pledge of New Territory.

Rumored Precipitate Evacuation of Khartoum by Gordon.

A Mutiny Occurs Among the Black Troops at Suakim.

The Dead Bodies of Baker Pasha's Army Breeding Pestilence.

Other Foreign Matters—Lasker's Brother on Bismarck.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

THE REBEL YELL.

SUAKIM, February 25.—Another refugee from Tokar reports that he met a rebel acquaintance who told him the intention was to put all the garrison of Tokar to death, except the gunners, after surrender, notwithstanding promises had been made. A friendly friendly tribe brings the information that the rebels had attacked the tribe and taken 73 prisoners and 60 grain laden camels. Reports are abroad that rebels will attack Suakim to-night.

"I AM COMING, BE READY."

CAIRO, February 25.—Great uneasiness is felt here at the report that the powerful Beharret Arabs who occupy the territory between Khartoum and Wady Halfa, and eastward as far as Berber, have revolted. It is true, Gen. Gordon with Khartoum and other garrisons are cut off. The Mahdi emissaries are going throughout the whole of Egypt bearing the simple message, "I am coming, be ready."

PUSHING TO THE FRONT.

TRINIDAD, February 25.—Baker Pasha has been appointed chief of the intelligence department with Col. Burnay, correspondent of The London Post, as assistant. The transport Thibet has been detained at quarantine owing to the appearance of small-pox among the troops on board. All soldiers returning to England on the troop ship Jamaica volunteered their services, which have been accepted as a most welcome addition to Gen. Graham's force. Being veterans they will give steadiness and confidence to younger soldiers.

RUSSIA AND INDIA.

ST. PETERSBURG, February 25.—A deficiency of 100,000,000 roubles in the last fourteen years has been discovered in the administration of Turkestan. It is stated Russia has voluntarily offered England a pledge to stop at Merv and use his influence with the Khans of Bokhara and Khiva to facilitate English commerce. It is also stated the Russian government invited England to join in constructing a canal from the sea of Aral to the Indian frontier.

REPORTED EVACUATION OF KHARTOUM.

NEW YORK, February 25.—An improbable report from London is published that General Gordon had spiked his guns, destroyed his stores and determined to evacuate Khartoum forthwith on account of the report that Mahdi was marching on the town.

MAHDI'S PLAN FOR ABYSSINIA.

CONSTANTINOPLE, February 25.—It is positively asserted that Mahdi and King John, of Abyssinia, have signed a convention to the effect that King John shall remain neutral, and, in return, shall receive a part of the Red sea and a large accession of territory.

MAHDI MARCHING ON KHARTOUM.

The report that El Mahdi was marching toward Khartoum is confirmed. El Mahdi's inaction after his victory at El Gedi is explained thus: Finding that sheikhs of the different tribes wished to go home with their spoils in order to attend harvest, he proclaimed a holy truce during the months of Moharret and Safar, ending with the date of the anniversary of the birth of the Prophet. That time being expired, the campaign is resumed. El Mahdi appeals to the Moslems of India to support Islam.

BAKER'S UNDEBATED DEAD.

Admiral Hewitt has sent an order to Suakim for 500 black troops to go and bury the dead of Baker Pasha's army at Teb. Many hundred bodies are lying unburied, filling the air with noxious miasma. An outbreak of cholera is feared. A cavalry reconnaissance was made today toward Teb. The Arabs were found in force between Teb and the earthworks thrown up by Baker Pasha.

THE BLACKS REBEL.

SUAKIM, February 25.—There was a meeting this morning of the black troops. They dispersed through the bazaar, and threatened to join the rebels. Admiral Hewitt will retain a number of marines at Suakim, and the blacks will be sent to Cairo forthwith.

A Double Tragedy in Kansas.

HUMBOLDT, Kans., February 25.—The community is horrified over a double tragedy that occurred five miles south of Moran, in the east part of this county, at 9 o'clock this morning. James T. Harclerode and Robert McFarland were shot by Hugh Guiland, assisted by his three sons, Joseph, Ike and Andrew. Harclerode was shot in the back and instantly killed. McFarland was shot three times and his head crushed with a club. The murderers escaped but were closely pursued and rode into Humboldt, where they surrendered to officers. The town is excited to-night. Many armed men are on the streets. The sheriff is here with a strong posse. It was a cold blooded murder, and trouble is feared before morning. The dispute was over land claimed by Guiland but owned by Mrs. Hawes. All the parties concerned are land leaguers but the organization is blameless.

Robert Garrett, J. K. Cowen and other Baltimore & Ohio stockholders.

The Chicago Cattle Market. Special Dispatch to This Bee. CHICAGO, February 25.—The stock of cattle now on sale in the Chicago stock yards is poor and rough, and buyers were not willing to pay the prices asked. While the receipts were rather light, there was little or no demand on export account, and the quotations on big cattle may be quoted at \$6.70 to \$7.00. Sales of shipping steers averaging 1,110 to 1,304 lbs. were made at \$6.15; dressed beef steers, averaging 1,021 to 1,109 lbs., brought \$5.65 to \$5.70; assorted feeders, 800 to 906 lbs., \$5.44 to \$5.25.

The agitation concerning the bill to establish a bureau of animal industry continues at the stock yards. The paper is receiving the signatures of the cattle dealers. The Tribune has a long editorial urging the passage of the bill. It says in conclusion: "Congress should pass without delay the bill which the American cattle growers ask for with one voice, and the petty, selfish and shortsighted opposition of the cattle brokers and freight agents and the 'eveners' ring' should not be permitted to interfere with it."

THE IOWA LEGISLATURE.

The Legislative Lever Actively at Work to Make Earth Shakes—Effort to Unseat Clayton, of Pottawattamie.

DES MOINES, February 25.—In the senate to-day bills were introduced to amend the laws relating to the State agricultural society; to establish an additional normal school; to prevent surties on written instruments hiring or relating to creditors; to amend the law relating to evidence; to protect bridges on public highways; to legalize the acts of Thomas W. Darling, notary public of Jackson county; to regulate the admission of attorneys to practice; to abolish the railroad commission; to appropriate for expenses incurred in securing the remains of the late J. M. Hobrook to Manchester and allow his widow the amount of his salary as a member of the senate. The following bills were passed: To exempt soldiers' pensions and military allowances from attachment by creditors; to reimburse officers for returning fugitives from justice where the officers acted in good faith even though convictions do not follow, to elect township clerk and assessors and road supervisors in the odd numbered years; to remove county and township officers for habitual drunkenness or for habits or willful neglect of duty; gross partiality, corruption, oppression or extortion, willful maladministration in office upon conviction of a felony for failure to produce or turn over and fully account for all public funds and property in his hands at any inspection or settlement and authorizing school boards or other vested with the appointing power to remove a treasurer, clerk or other officer for any of the above causes; to appropriate \$1,800 to reimburse the sheriff of Fremont and Mills counties for money expended in the capture of Poka Wells and other Riverbank robbers. Adjourned.

FATHER AND DAUGHTER DROWNED.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., February 25.—The Rev. J. G. Thurston and daughter, the latter aged 10, were drowned at Oxford on Saturday. Thurston, who was a Presbyterian minister, was on the way to preach on Sunday.

A FALLEN BRIDGE.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., February 25.—The iron bridge over Bear Grass creek, on the Cincinnati Short line, fell to-day just after the train crossed. The abutment had been weakened by the flood. The bridge is 150 feet long, and was regarded as one of the best on the road.

BROKE HIS LAST BRAKE.

LINCOLN, Neb., February 25.—T. Farrell, a Burlington & Missouri river brakeman, was killed in Cedar Creek quarries to-day. A flat car broke in two and Farrell was dragged under the brakes. He has friends in Mendota, Ill.

A THREATENING CRISIS.

VERMONT, February 25.—The cranberry below the delta is 1,500 feet wide and five feet deep and steadily increasing.

THE FATHER OF A FAMILY SUICIDES.

DEBUIQUE, Ia., February 25.—Stephen Partrick, a prominent citizen of East Dubuque, Ill., aged 60, suicided to-day by cutting his throat with a razor. During the morning several attempts at self-destruction were prevented by his wife. This afternoon his body was found in the forest intensely cold from rheumatism for several years past, was an employee of the Illinois Central, and leaves nine grown up children.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

WASHINGTON, February 25.—The secretary of state received a cable this morning from Minister Foster, Madrid, announcing the death by suicide at Alicante, Spain, of James R. Partridge, residing there, on account of ill-health. Partridge was in the United States diplomatic service many years in Brazil and other South American countries, his last being at Lima.

The shipping committee this morning took up the bill to admit foreign built ships to the American registry free of duty, and voted 3 to 6 to report it adversely. Those voting in favor of the bill were Slocum, Throckmorton and Deuster; negative, Dingley, Long, Hunt, George, O'Neill and Lore. Dibble did not vote. The remains of Assistant Surgeon Ambler, one of DeLong's comrades, was buried at Markham, Virginia, yesterday, in the presence of a large number of naval officers, and residents of Fauquier county. The casket was covered with the Union Jack and floral wreaths, which had been accumulating all the way from Siberia.

Puffing a Postoffice.

ST. LOUIS, February 25.—The Post-Dispatch's Rich Hill (Mo.) special says: The postoffice was burglarized last night, and \$1,000 in cash and stamps stolen. The safe door was drilled and the bolts thrown back by means of a wire.

Diseased Cattle at Liverpool.

LONDON, February 25.—Thirty-one head of cattle and seven sheep, belonging to the cargo of the steamer Ontario, at Liverpool, from Portland, Me., are diseased. The infected animals are Canadian. There is reason to believe the

HARDSHIP'S HEAVY HAND.

Four Unfortunates Roasted to Death in Denver Death-Traps.

A Drunken Man Perishes in Flame on a Burning Steamer.

The Blizzard Strewing Dakota Prairies With the Dead.

A Minister and His Daughter Drowned in North Carolina.

A Hoosier Lover Shoots His Sweetheart and Suicides.

The Varied Daily List of Unhappy Transpirings.

CALAMITIES.

A FATAL FIRE AT DENVER.

DENVER, February 25.—At 2 o'clock this morning a fire destroyed the National and Nashville hotels, two small frame buildings on the corner of Nineteenth and Waze, occupied as the lodging houses of railroad laborers. Four men—Whalen, Maguire, Sullivan, and one unknown, perished. The other occupants of the building, including several women and children, barely escaped with their lives, some leaping from the second story windows. The fire is thought to have originated in the kitchen of the Nashville. Loss \$5,000, insurance \$3,000.

STEAMER BURNED.

SAN FRANCISCO, February 25.—The steamer "Sanalito" plying between here and San Quentin, caught fire at the latter place last evening, and in a short time burned to the water's edge. Origin of the fire is unknown. An employee was carried aboard a short time previously in a helpless state of intoxication. It is supposed he was cremated. The North Pacific Coast railroad was the owner. It cost \$150,000, insurance small.

DEATH IN A BLIZZARD.

MINNEAPOLIS, February 25.—The Journal's Valley City (Dak.) dispatch says: The body of Fred Nelson was found five miles from the place where he started in a blizzard. His two children have not yet been found. The body of Thorwald Anderson, who left Clark City for his claim just before the blizzard, was also found. It was not before known that he was lost.

FATAL EXPLOSION.

LONDON, February 25.—The boiler of the steamer Kosta, from Hong Kong to Maceo, exploded, killing eight Europeans and nine natives.

GAS AS A SHATTERER.

TORONTO, February 25.—A gas explosion in the vault of the bank of commerce to-day injured Clerk Shaw, who entered with a lighted lamp. The shock shattered the building and shook up the occupants.

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disease originated in Liverpool as the Ontario took to Portland a cargo of Hereford which showed traces of disease after landing, and that it is not the places of detention or Portland that are infected.

BISMARCK'S BRUTALITY.

HIER LASKER'S BROTHER ON THE MATTER. NEW YORK, February 25.—Morris Lasker, of Galveston, Tex., who accompanied the remains of his brother, Edward Lasker, to Berlin, has just returned. Lasker thinks, regarding the return of the resolution to the house of representatives, that "Bismarck, having discovered his grave mistake in excluding all official recognition at the funeral services of Dr. Lasker, seized upon this resolution, which, in contrast with his action, had met with a very warm sentiment on the part of the German people, to give it the importance of a political document, and by returning it to weaken the influence of the friendly sympathy which existed between the two people in behalf of the ideas which Dr. Lasker lived to advocate and support. Bismarck has used the resolution to put to ridicule its authors, a representative body of the American people. It seems to be the general impression in America that Minister Sargent is a man held in no esteem in Germany, and void of tact to uphold the dignity of his position. I have met people of all shades of politics here. I find that while some close adherents of Bismarck display bitterness with regard to Sargent, produced by the American pork controversy, yet all but the most servile officials press speak of him in terms of high respect, and the masses are in full sympathy with his position on that question. As to Sargent's tact and determination as minister, from unobscured information, I may say that as a result of the pork controversy, German officials are instructed to approach with delicacy every question and transaction in which they are engaged with Sargent. I dare predict nothing would suit Bismarck better than to have Sargent made the scapegoat in this matter."

INVINCIBLE DYNAMITE.

It Considerably Shatters the Victoria Railway Station in London.

LONDON, February 26.—Shortly after 1 o'clock this morning a terrible explosion occurred in the clock room of the Victoria railway station, London. The explosion was undoubtedly of dynamite. A large portion of the roof was blown off and nearly all the glass work in the station was destroyed. Seven men were sent to the hospital with severe injuries. Extensive damage was done surrounding property. Two reports accompanied the explosion, the noise being like a discharge from a cannon, and was followed by an immediate cessation of all work in the booking office, cloak room and waiting room were completely shattered, and are a confused mass of debris. Luckily all trains had ceased running and only a few persons were about the station.

SOME-HEAD SAMMY.

The Sage of Gramercy Park Still Hankers for the Presidency—He Unbosoms His Grievances.

CHICAGO, February 25.—The Times will tomorrow publish an interview with John Donnesberger, a prominent democrat citizen, chairman of the Cook county board of commissioners, who has just returned from Washington by New York. While in New York Donnesberger called upon Samuel J. Tilden, at his Gramercy Park residence, Saturday last. Donnesberger says: "Mr. Tilden received me very courteously. He is very feeble and impressed me with the idea that his health is failing. Weak as he appeared, he insisted on showing me all through the house, even to his bedchamber. He talked on politics in a general way; told me, or rather gave me to distinctly understand that

HE WAS DISAPPOINTED

In not receiving the nomination again four years ago. He felt he was unjustly dealt with in 1876, and that for the peace of the country he did not insist upon his rights. I believe from our conversation that he would like to receive the nomination again; he feels it is due him. His mind is strong; he is very hard of hearing and only whispers in conversation. He holds your hand while talking to you, apparently to steady himself. He does not like Hendricks, and from what he told me I don't think that he wants Hendricks placed on the ticket again with him. He told me he had been pretty well all the past year and until about three weeks ago. He complained of not feeling so strong but felt the presidential nomination was due him. He wants to be the candidate again. There is no doubt in my mind about it, I continued Donnesberger; "he gave me that impression in our half hour conversation. He is mentally very strong, and displayed a wonderful knowledge of public affairs. We had not exchanged views on the tariff, nor upon the party platform generally. Whenever any subject came up he would refer to the fraud practiced on him in 1876, and every time he spoke of that he seemed to me to feel very sore and as a disappointed man."

Mapleson to the Water-Worried.

CINCINNATI, February 25.—The mayor to-day received a draft for \$2,500 from Colonel Mapleson for the Ford relief fund, the proceeds of a benefit performance given in Chicago.

Another Go-as-you-Please.

NEW YORK, February 25.—Rowell, Fitzgerald, Vin and Norenne have signed articles for a six day go-as-you-please. Others promise to enter.

A BRAB-NOW LORD.

LONDON, February 25.—Sir Henry Brand has been elevated to the peerage with the title of Lord Hamden.

Wei De Meys.

It is now undisputed that Wei De Meys' Catarrh Cure is the only treatment that will absolutely cure Catarrh—fresh or chronic. Very efficacious. Saml. Gould, Weymouth Water, N. H. "One box cured me. Mrs. Mary Kenyon, Bismarck, Dakota. "It restored me to the pulpit. Rev. Geo. E. Reis, Cobleskill N. Y. "One box radically cured me. Rev. H. T. Taylor, 140 Noble street, Brooklyn. "A perfect cure after 20 years suffering. J. D. McDonald, 710 Broadway, N. Y., &c. Thousands of testimonials are received from all parts of the world. Edw. Ford, \$1.00. Dr. W. D. Meyer's Illustrated Treatise, which contains by the cured man, free. Free 25c. per box. Prepared only at No. 400, N. Y. Sold by Druggists.

"NIGGER" KILLING.

Congressional Committees Investigating How It Is Done.

A Lively War of Words Between Wise and Vance.

"Where Republican Majorities are, Shot-Guns are Needed."

Startling Stories of the Times in Copiah County, Miss.

A Family Who Could Kill as Well as Be Killed.

DANVILLE'S DISGRACE.

CONGRESSMAN WISE'S TESTIMONY. WASHINGTON, February 25.—The first witness in the Danville investigating committee was Congressman John I. Wise, who stated the issues of various Virginia campaigns. The Funder party, he said, sought to perpetuate the race issue. He introduced papers to show that the whites brought on the difficulty at Danville for political purposes, having despaired of winning the contest otherwise.

Senator Sherman asked if the funders were inspired by objections to persons or to race? "The man appointed was unquestionable. The witness said that Danville and Pittsylvania were the most lawless counties in Virginia. Pittsylvania county and the adjoining county in North Carolina were alike in this. Senator Vance—That's a republican county by a large majority, sir." "Witness—Yes, and wherever there is a republican majority there will be a democratic minority."

ROUSSEAU SIBBONS.

Vance—There will be a large number of convictions to the penitentiary. Wise—And crowds will go down before