THE NATION'S WALLET.

A Straight Ten Millions Lopped off the Debt, With Stacks of Lucre in the Treasury.

Thirty Million Acres of the Public Domain Disposed of During the Fiscal Year.

Countless Frauds Practiced Under the Timber, Desert and Pre-emption Laws.

The Annual Report of Commissioner McFarland - Miscellaneous Washington News.

CAPITAL NOTES.

THE DEBT STATEMENT,

Washington, November 1.—Reduction of the public debt during October, \$10,-304,798; decrease of debt since June 30, 1883, \$39,584,470; cash in treasury, \$364,-347,501; gold certificates, \$83,328,940; silver certificates, \$99,579,141; certificates of deposit, \$12,620,000; refunding certificates, \$325,850; legal tenders, \$346,681,-

Cash in the treasury, \$364,347,571; debt less cash in the treasury, \$1,511,506,737; decrease during October, \$10,304,798. Decrease since June 30, 1883, \$19,584,470; current liabilities, interest due and unpaid, \$2,698,375; debt on which interest has ceased, \$4,348,745; interest thereon, \$288,857; gold and silver certificates, \$182,908,081; United States notes held for redemption of certificates, \$12,620,000; cash balance avail-\$161,483,443; total, \$304,347,501; avail-significates, \$12,620,000; cash balance avail-\$161,483,443; total, \$304,347,501; avail-significates, \$12,620,000; cash balance avail-\$161,483,443; total, \$304,347,501; avail-significates, \$12,620,000; cash balance avail-significates, \$12,62 347,501.

THE PUBLIC DOMAIN.

office, Hon. N. C. McFarland, in his annual report, states that the disposals of nual report, states that the disposals of public lands during the year, embraced in 19,030,769 acres, and the Indian lands 399,235 acres, an increase over 1882 of about 5,000,000 acres. The receipts from all sources in connection with the disposal of public lands were \$11,088, 479, and from sales of Indian lands, \$625,404; total, \$11,713, 883. The public lands were disposed of safely states that the disposal of public lands were disposed of safely states. After August it is difficult to get men to work on the road, as the harvest fields pay so much better, and after the harvest wet weather begins and after the harvest fields pay so much better, and after the harvest wet weather begins and after the harvest wet weather begins and after the harvest fields pay so much better, and after the harvest wet weather begins and after the harvest wet weather begins and after the harvest fields pay so much better, and after the harvest fields pay so much better, and after the harvest wet weather begins and after the harvest fields pay so much better, and after the harvest wet weather begins and after the harvest fields pay so much better, and after the harvest fields pay so much better, and after the harvest wet weather as follows: Public sales, 273,069 acres; private entries, 2,179,955 acres; pre-Hon. Benjamin F. Butterworth to-day emption entries, 2,285,710 acres; mineral entries, 31,520, homestead entries, 8,-171,914; timber culture entries, 3,110,-930; entries with military bounty land warrants, 45,414; entries with land claim scrip, 1,058; total number of entries and

to be made to a great extent for speculative purposes. He renews his recommendation that the pre-emption law be repealed. The report recommends an amendment to the homestead laws requiring the period not less than six ner's jury in the Zora Burns case agreed months after settlement of claim has been placed on record before the final proof claring that the girl's death was occashall be admitted, irrespective of the alleged time of residence prior to entry. The Commissioner states the commutation feature of the homestead law is open to the same abuses as the pre-emption laws. He argues that the homestead laws should be amended so as to require proof of actual residence and improvement for recommends the total repeal of the timsioner finds, in the operation of the desposes with no intention of reclamation. Bothemly, a rich Englishman and mem-The practical operation of the law has ber of the British association at St. Louis, been to enable land to be purchased in large quantities, thus resulting more in Texas to start a sheep ranch. Before the encouragement of monopoly than they started she got a deed for his lands port also says the timber and stone land is in my possession," the Commissioner says, "that much of the most valuable taining diamonds and jewelry worth timber lands remaining in possession of the Government on the Pacific coast is being taken up by home and foreign She burned his body at Skeleton Kanch capitalists through the medium of entries and started south, but was arrested nine made by persons hired for that purpose. I have found it necessary to suspend all mitted. The case was worked up by entries in this class.'

the timber lands should be reserved by Hatton. law from ordinary disposal and sold only after appraisement and upon settled bids. He recommends Congress make some legislation in relation to private land brought suit in the Superior court against claims in New Mexico, Colorado and Senator Sharon for divorce, division of Arizona, and recommends a commission community, property and allimony, the be appointed to examine and settle these claims based on wilful desertion and re-

grant railway was reported during the Under joint management as man and year, making a total of 17,449 miles of wife the property is now worth \$15,000, road reported as constructed under all ooo. She asks that an account be taken grants to June 30, 1883. The question of all business transactions since the mared in the prescribed time is deemed an appropriate one for legislation. The Commissioner recommends the passage of an act making false and fraudulent returns of public surveys pun-ishable by fine and imprisonment. Much progress has been made in the work of protecting public lands and public timber. The practice of fencing public lands is condemned, and the recom-mendation renewed that an act be passed imposing penalties for this offense, and for preventing legal settlement and entry by force and intimidation. The Commissioner asks that his salary be fixed at \$5,000, and for a moderate increase of the salaries of the principal officers and clerks in his department. The character and responsibility of the office, together with the fact that its business has increased 82 per cent since 1881, appears to the Commissioner to justify the request.

THE EXCURSION PARTY

INVESTIGATING COREA. The Secretary of the Navy has detailed ensign John A Bernardan, to proceed to Corea for the purpose of making a report on the geological and other sci

entific features of that Island, A MEDAL FOR SCHWATKA.

The Secratary of State received from the geographical society of France a very handsome gold medal, intended as a tes-timonial to Lieut. Frederick A.Schwatka, U. S. A., in recognition of his services in the successful expedition to King William's land in 1878 and 1880.

THE FIVE PER CENT CASES. Ex-Senator Thurman and Judge Shellabarger opened argument to-day in the Supreme Court of the United States for the States of Illinois and Iowa, petitioners in what are known as the 5 per cent cases, maintaining it is the duty of the commissioner of the land office, where required to do so, to state the accounts between the United States and the States of Iowa and Illinois; that the duty of the commissioner to render such state-ment is purely ministerial and mandatory in its character, leaving no room for the exercise of judgment or discretion, and that the petitioning States are entirely without remedy unless it be afforded by the interposition of the Supreme Court in granting a writ of mandamus. Commissioner McFarland, in reply to the allegations of the petitioners, admits he has refused to furnish the required statements of account, and says he has done so for the following reasons:

Total debt, \$1,866,052,995; Total interest, \$9,801,243.

Cash in the treasury, \$364,347,571; Cash in t First-That neither the acts of 1818

\$161,483,443; total, \$364,347,501; availing first above suggested; that in 1858 the State of Iowa made a formal demand upon the Secretary of the Interior as an official superior then to the commissioner The Commissioner of the general land of the federal land office to be allowed the percentage now claimed and the same was refused with reasons, where-

formally assumed the duties of Commissioner of Patents.

CRIMINAL RECORD.

MURDERED BY A MADMAN. CHICAGO, November 1.-Chas. Schrafilings posted during the year, 251,685, aggregating 30,000,000 acres. The increase in the number of claims recorded in 1883 was 55,548 over the year 1882.

The Commissioner states he is satisfied cart lot on the outskirts of the city, the cart lot on the outskirts of the city, the more than heavy enough to counterbalmurderer using a club with which he dashed out the boy's brains. The murderer was arrested.

THE ZORA BURNS CASE.

LINCOLN, Ill., November 1.-The coroupon a verdict at 1:45 this afternoon, desioned by knife wounds inflicted by persons unknown. As Carpenter is still under arrest on a warrant, the prelimi-nary examination will be the next step

A FIENDISH FEMALE.

WICHITA, Kans., November 1.—Nellie C. Bailey, the young woman charged with a period of not less than two years before the murder of Clement Bothemly, in Inthe h mestcad entry may be commutated dian Territory on the 7th inst., was held by cash payments. The report further to-day by United States Commissioner Sherman for appearance at the next term ber culture law on account of its inherent of the United States Circuit Court at defects. The same object, the Commis- Wichita. Nellie C. Bailey is 21 years old, a handsome brunette, well educated ert land act and he finds entries have and moved in the best society of New been largely made for speculative pur- York City and New Jersey. She met encouragement of reclamation. The re- in Kansas valued at \$20,000 and while passing through the territory en route to act is flagrantly violated. "Information Texas she shot Bothemly through the mitted. The case was worked up by United States Marshal Hollister and As-The Commissioner is of opinion that sistant United States Attorney Charles

SMARON'S NIGHTMARE.

San Francisco, November 1.-Miss Aggie Hill, claiming to be Mrs. Sharon, Senator Sharon for divorce, division of claims with proper appeal for review peated acts of adultery. She says, when upon error of law. The construction of 1,210 miles of land | The property was only worth \$5,000,000. of declaring the forfeiture of these grants riage, that half the common property may be determined and divided.

CAPTURE OF COUNEERFEITERS. Indianapolis, Ind., November 1. United States Marshal R. S. Foster with posse of detectives went to Pike county, this State, last night in pursuit of a gang of counterfeiters, supposed to be located in that pertion of the state. They succeeded in arresting nine of the gang this morning at Steinville, a small village in Pike county, about 25 miles from Evansville, after a desperate fight. The following are the parties captured: Three brothers named Columbus, Jesse and Joseph Hanchens, Henry Grossman, Henry Kinder, Wesley Woods, Phil Taylor, Bertie Suthers and Andy Hart-They were all brought to this city to-night in charge of the marshal and deputies. During the fight Joe Hanchens was shot through the right lung, Jesse Hanchens in the hand and Hart through his hat. The gang have been operating in the southern part of the State, with headquarters in Knobs,

and \$5 gold pieces. The business of manufacturing spurious coins has been

conducted on a large scale, their opera-tions extending into adjoining States. CORPORATE SKINNERS,

The Miserable Condition of the Northern Pacific Shown by its Manager.

St. Paul, November 1.—Herman Haupt, general manager of the Northern Pacific railway, has tendered his resigna-tion, which has been accepted, to take effect November 1 and the following circular has been issued: GENERAL MANAGER'S OFFICE, Novem-

ber 1.—Herman Haupt, general mana-ger, having severed his connection with the N. P. railway company, the under-signed, in addition to his duties as vicepresident, will for the present assume the duties of general manager.

T. F. OAKES.

(Signed) T. F. OAKES. General Manager Haupt, in an interview with the associated press reporter, said, this evening, his resignation was entirely due to the policy of radical retrenchment, adopted by the Northern Pacific, which practically tied his hand and prevented proper running of the road. At a meeting of the stockholders it had been decided to act of all provided it had been decided to cut off all possible expense, and he had received instructions to cut down the force past what was actually necessary. Numbers of the directors complained that the expenditures were to much in excess of the receipts.

Mr. Haupt explained this by stating the road was turned over to the operating department by the construction department as fast as parallel rails were laid. So bad was the condition of the road that through trains could not be run over it with any degree of safety or speed. The with any degree of safety or speed. The road was miserably ballasted, cuts were narrow, no stations nor water-tanks were built, no side tracks put in—in fact, the Concho river in Texas. But few setnothing was done to put the road in condepartment, supposably out of the surplus earnings which did not exist, instead of by the construction department. This course made the expenses very heavy. Another reason was that practically all the work of the year had to be done in June, July and August. After August it is difficult to great the surplus earnings which did not exist, instead the territory which was formerly occurred by them alone, cities, towns and cattle interests have grown up, and railroads have been built. In these great changes the troops of the division have been active and important agents.

During these late years it has been my great men to work on the road, as the especial gratification that I have no discontinuous control of the surplus earnings which did not exist, instead to the find that in the territory which was formerly occurred by them alone, cities, towns and cattle interests have grown up, and railroads have been built. In these great changes the troops of the division have been active and important agents.

neglected, especially considering its pres-ent condition, and as to the discharge of 460 men in the repair shops at Brainerd, the result would be that the yards at that point would be crowded with disabled engines and dismantled freight cars, which would greatly impair the efficiency of the road. Of course this would re-duce temporarily the expense of the road engines and dismantled freight cars, which would greatly impair the efficiency of the road. Of course this would reduce temporarily the expense of the road to a large extent, but instead of being a saving there would be an actual less and next spring when the necessary repairs had to be made the expense would be more than heavy enough to counterbal. stated that his office force had been cut down to a point which precluded efficient

resignation. to other officers of the road, Mr. Oakes said theae would be none at present.

Schooner Wrecked.

schooner Sophia Minch, from Marquette to Cleveland, with 1,150 tons of ore, report for duty. The transfer was ac-went ashore here at 4 o'clock this morn-complished quietly and without any cereing during a storm. She was being towed into port and when near the river the rudder broke, and the tugs were forced to cut loose. The tug Peter Smith carried a life crew to her, but on account of the heavy sea abandoned it. Both crews are on the drifting vessel. Two men of the life crew, remaining on the watch, together with the volunteers, were res-

The River Coal Mines.

all miners working under the 34 cent port of those who may be forced to stand in defense of river prices.

Business Failures.

CHICAGO, November 1 .- Franz Gindele confessed judgment to-day aggregating \$22,000. Warren J. Durham, who entered judgment on the 29th of October against Culver, Page, Hoyne & Co., stationers and book binders, filed a creditors' bill against the firm to-day, alleging the transfer to John Norris was contrary to the interest of the creditors in general and in favor of certain preferred creditors. An injunction was granted restraining the firm from disposing of the assets, confessing judgment or preferring creditors.

AN IMPORTANT DECISION.

Which Disposes of the "Innocent Party" Plea.

DENVER, November 1.—An unusually important case was decided by Judge McCrary, of the United States Circuit to-day. The United States brought suit to cancel 61 patents to lands held by the Colorado Coal and Iron company and others in Los Animas county. The patents were obtained through the pre-emption law between 1870 and 1874, and issued from the Pueblo land office. It was afterwards found that the patents were irregularly obtained, and that the patentees were fictitious persons. Testimony was introduced to show that the registaar and receiver of the land office were parties to the fraud. The defense claimed that the deeds were now-good, granting they were fraudulently obtained, because now in the hands of innocent parties. The Judge held adversely, and rendered a decision in favor of the complainant, which concels the title to 2,560 acres of valuable land.

CHICAGO, November 1 .- A Dayton,

THE CHANCE OF CHIEFS.

The Farewells and Congratulations Incident to the Change of Commanders.

General Sherman Retires to Honors Worthily Won in Peace and War.

Interesting Excerpts from His Last Annual Report on the Work of the Army.

Settlement of the Indian Problem.

General Grook's Campaign and the

Sheridan's Farewell, CHICAGO, November 1. - The following nas just been issued:

HEADQUARTERS DIVISION OF THE MISSOURI, Chicago, November 1, 1883.

I hereby relinquish command of the division of the Missouri in order to assume the new duties assigned me by the President in general orders No. 71. dated "Headquarters of the Army, October 13, 1883," In parting with the officers and soldiers whom I have had the honor to command for the past fourteen in a very incomplete condition; in fact, years, I desire to express my thanks for tlements existed, and the construction of dition. This had to be done, and the railroads across the country had only just cost of it had to be met by the operating begun. Since then the Indians have

to me a pleasure as well as a duty. P. H. SHERIDAN, Lieutenant-General, (Signed)

SCHOFIELD'S ORDER. (Signed) J. M. Schottelo,

THE TRANSFER. WASHINGTON, D. C., November 1. - The work. These were the reasons in brief which actuated him in tendering his formal transfer of command of the army from General Sherman to Lieut. General Vice-President Oakes was interviewed Sheridan, toek place at noon to-day at as to the successor of Gen. Haupt and the headquarters of the army in the war said that there would be no successor, at department building. General Sheridan any rate not at present. While intimating that there might be some changes as acquainted with the business of the office. General Sherman and members of his staff rendered him every assistance. Shortly before 12 o'clock the two highest officers of the army called on the Secre-CLEVELAND, O., November 1.—The tary of War, General Sherman, to take official leave, and General Sheridan to meny whatever, beyond the issuance of the following general order, notifying

the army of the change of commanders: HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY, WASHINGTON, D. C., November 1.

General Order No. 77:] By and with the consent of the Presi dent, as contained in general orders No. 71, of October 13, 1883, the undersigned relinquishes command of the army of the United States. In thus severing rela tions which have hitherto existed between PITTSBURG, November 1, - Theriver coal him and the United States army, he niners have called a convention for next thanks all officers and men for their fidel Tuesday, for the purpose of suspending ity to the high trust imposed on them during his official life, and will, in his rerate, and to provide means for the sup-tirement, watch with solicitude their progress upward in the noble profession o which they have dedicated their

> (Signed), W. T. SHERMAN,

R. C. DRUM, Adjutant General.

SHERIDAN'S ORDER, HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1. General Order No. 78.]
In obedience to the orders of the Pres ident, promulgated in general orders No. 71, October 13th, 1883, from these head

quarters, the undersigned hereby assumes command of the army of the United States. The following named officers compose the personal staff of the Lieutenant General: Major Michael V. Sheridan, Assistant Adjutant General, Military Secretary; Capt. Wm. G. Volkman, Fifth cavalry, Aide-de-Camp; Capt. Jas. F. Gregory, Corps of Engineers, Aidele-Camp.

P. H. SHERIDAN, Lieut. General. Official:

R. C. DRUM, Adjutant General. These orders were the last and first official acts respectively of the out-going and incoming commanders. General Sheridan received congratulations from prominent gentlemen all over the country.

SHERMAN'S ANNUAL REPORT. Washington, November 1 .- The last

annual report of General Sherman is in the hands of the Secretary of War. The army is consists of 2,143 officers and 23,335 men, the figures being almost identical with that of last year. Sherman considers Crook's Apache campaign a success and considers if Crook permitted to manage the Apaches in his own way all wars will cease in Arizona and the complicated Indian question disappear.
The subject of military education is
treated at some length and the opinion

best military schools in the world. The Indians are regarded as substantially purchase can probably be made. The eliminated from the problem of the army, form of subscription has not been decidcontinental lines of railway settles forever the Indian question, the army question, and many others which have hitherto troubled the country. The general regards the building of these roads regards the building of these roads the most important event made in times of peace, and believes they account fully for the peace, good order and prosperity of the country. The recommendation of last year is renewed, that the atrongest points be enlarged and minor places abandoned. "The soldier," says General Sherman, "must be treated as a fellow man. Let him live in comfort, and he will respond to the call of duty."

Special Dispatch to The Ber.

Fremont, Neb., November 1.—Bent Jensen, a citizen of Fremont, was run over and killed by a freight train at ten o'clock a. m., while crossing the U. P. track. He was horribly mutilated.

SPORTING NOTES. and he will respond to the call of duty even to death. When a soldier is em-ployed as a carpenter, mechanic or labor-er, it is only fair that he should be paid for such labor."

Because of the transfer of the command to General Sheridan, no recommendations for the future are made other than renewing such as were made in former reports. The opinion is expressed, however, that it will be found wise to provide a common organization for all arms of the service, and that Congress should provide for the and that Congress should provide for the ransfer of regiments from remote to home sections after a fair period of service. In this connection particular attention is called to the case of the Twenty-first Infantry, which has been on the Pacific coast fourteen years. The Gen-eral hopes Congress will not withhold means of transportation in this case, especially now when the treasury is groanng under surplus revenue, caused in part by the conduct of the very men who appeal to them, for he believes the army has protected, defended and encouraged the building of its trans-continental railways and the settlement of the great West, which are the chief causes of the great prosperity that now blesses our BEATING THE RE GENERAL DRUM'S REPORT.

gested that increased pay for re-enlist-ment be made to depend on immediate re-enlistment in the same regiment, and that the man re-enlisting be granted a furlough of one, two ore three months, according to the number of terms served.

A bi-monthly supplement of clothing accounts is recommended. A statement is made in this connection that the government lost \$70,000 last year in cloth. ernment lost \$70,000 last year in clothing overdrawn by deserters. The mili-tary prison at Fort Leavenworth is mentioned as a successful institution, under excellent management, and it is recommended for promotion with increased pay. Notwiths(anding the great eforts to fill the army to the authorized strength, it still lacks 2,149 men of the full quota.

The Stock Show at Kansas City. KANSAS CITY, November 1.—The first annual fat stock show of Kansas City, opened at Riverview park to-day. Enries were made from a dozen or more States and from Canada. A procession of the animals on exhibition occurs tomorrow. The show continues until the 8th inst., and a public sale daily, beginning to-morrow.

The weather to-day was perfect and the attendance large for the opening day. Stock men were present from all parts of the country interested in the coming sale of 500 head of imported and blooded cattle, 300 Polled Angus and Galloway and 200 Shorthorns, Herefords and other breeds. These are not included in the entries on exhibition, which number over 200 head of cattle, besides hogs, sheep and poultry. The day was spent in weighing and measuring and the show begins in earnest to-morrow. A number f newspaper representatives are here from abroad. The prospects are highly favorable for a successful fair and sale.

Senator Wilson on Prohibition. Chicago, September 1.—Senator James Chicago to attend the Hennepin canal meeting, but might do so to-day if his business affairs would allow. Concerning the action of the newly-elected Legislature in Iowa, Senator Wilsen said form on which our victory was won, I have no doubt that it will obey the will put another constitutional amendment college. Chattanooga, Tennessee, has sent an invitation to the convention to meat there in 1984

A Better Outlook.

LASALLE, Ill., October 1.—The miners' strike, which has been in operation four months, now seems in a fair way of settlement. Yesterday the Illinois Valley Coal company put a party of men at work whom they had brought from Chicago. The newcomers were placed under the protection of the sheriff and deputies. One result of their appearance was a settlement be-tween the Oglesby company and their men by which the latter returned to work, receiving 92 cents per ton for third vein coal. The men also offer to resume work for the Union Coal Company at 671 per ton for second vein, provided the machine men were dis-charged in a body. This proposal the company declined to entertain, and an early compromise is now looked for.

A Cordial Welcome. OTTAWA, October 31.—The Governor

General and Marchioness of Landsdowne tive gains. and suite attended the Philharmonic society's first concert of the season last night and were heartily cheered. A prettily arranged song of "Welcome" was followed by cheers.

The National Telegraph Line.

NEW YORK, November 1 .- The option recently given the Produce Exchange to of West Virginia upon the President who received them who received them of the vicinity of New Albany. The Ohio, special says the missing St. Louis expressed that the military academy at purchase the National Telegraph company expired yesterday. S. A. Sawyer, who received them most cordially.

and while the army and immigration contributed largely to this result, the completion of the last of the four great transpletion of the four Nothing will be done until the Chicago Board of Trade is heard from,

Rilled by the Cars at Fremont.

pecial Dispatch to THE BEE.

PIMLICO RACES. BALTIMORE, November 1. - Fortwoard three-year-olds, three-quarters of a mile, Old Liz won, War Eagle second, Parnell

third; time, 1:18.

BRIGHTON BEACH RACES BRIGHTON BEACH, November 1. - Three quarters of a mile, Maiden's Golden Plover won, Polonia second, Puritan third; time, 1:181.

One mile, Brunswick won, Ryan sec ond, Clarence third; time, 1:461. Three-quarters of a mile, for three-year-olds, Litton won, Orange Blossom second. Caramel third; time, 1:18. Mile and one-quarter, Dan won, Bab-cock second, Little Buttercup third;

time, 2:133.

Mile and one-quarter, over six hurdles, Rochester won, Major Wheeler second;

BEATING THE RECORDS.

PROVIDENCE, November 1.—One thou-Adjutant General Drum has submitted sand people saw all the previous double team records beaten at Narragansett his annual report. He says the state park to-day. The track was in magnifimilitia has steadily improved in discipline, soldierly bearing and knowledge. He recommends retirement on full pay of men who have faithfully served thirtyfive years, and an amendment to the stat-ute authorizing the President to drop Before the horses were called, Frank and from the rolls of the army, for desertion, any officer absent from duty three months without leave, so as to include officers on the retired list within the meaning of the law. The last recomendation has a bearing on the Nickerson case. In order showed the fastest double team heats on will be inevitable.

double team record time of Yellow Dock, accept. 2:11, the best on record for a trotter gothe best record at that way of going being in the neighborhood of 2:16a.

The Savannah Fire.

SAVANNAH, Ga., November 1.-The 000,000; insurance not over one-third of the loss. The charred remains of five bodies in addition to three already recovered, were removed from the debris of the burned warehouse to-day. The body of a colored woman was also found among the ruiss on Sachem street. Seven bodies were negrees. The remains of a white man was recognized as James Cash, connected with a large drayage firm. The bodies were burned almost beyond recognition and principally by articles found upon them, they were identified. The remains were placed in boxes and removed to the morgue to await the action of the coroner and burial by their friends. It is believed other bodies are still buried at the hotel safely. During the passage among the fallen walls and the firemen of the procession a man and boy were

are still searching. The burnt district was visited by thousands to-day. The sufferors made homeless and destitute by the fire are being cared for by the city. A relief fund amounting to \$4,000 has already been raised. The Secretary of War has thrown open the United States barracks for their use. The ruins are still smoldering, but there is no danger of a fresh outbreak.

The Temperance Union. Detroit, November 1 .- At to-day's session of the National Woman's Chris-F Wilson, of lowa, and his wife are in the city. He said he had not come to ports of the corresponding secretary and ports of the corresponding secretary and treasurer were submitted. Both indicate prosperity. The Union Signal, the organ of this body, reported 12,000 subscribers. The ladies of the convention decided by a rising vote to set apart the second Tues-"The Legislature will carry out the plat- day in January next as a day of special prayer in the churches for their work. Among these present is Rev. Dr. of a majority of the people and enact a Merrick, of Delaware, Ohio, the venera-prohibitory law. It is not necessary to ble ex-president of the Ohio Wesleyan

TELEGRAPH NOTES.

A small rate war has developed between the Cairo Short Line and the Cairo & St. Louis narrow rauge railroad, the former road selling tickets from St. Louis to Cairo at \$1.25. In accordance with the President's orders General Augur has relinquished the command of the department of Texas, and is succeeded by General McKenzie. The latter has an-nounced his aides-de-camp to be First Lieu tenants J. H. Dorst and Alex Rogers, both of the Feurth cavalry.

Garrett Huyck, bookkeeper for J. V. Far-well & Co., Chicago, while attending to the target last night during rifle practice by mem-bers of the First regiment, State militia, was shot and killed accidentally, having gone in front of the target as one of the marksmen fired.

Five women narrowly escaped burning in a paper mill at Packard's Falls, N. H. Two were badly burned about the face and arms. Loss \$35,000, insurance \$14,00. The municipal elections held throughout Great Britain yesterday show large Conserva-

It is now thought that Mary Churchill, the lost daughter of Col. Churchill, of St. Louis, has not been in Dayton, Ohio, at all, and his sister there, Mrs. Startle, denies all knowledge of it. She states that in her opinion Mary's letter to her father was dictated and she is in the hands of kidnappers.

Postoffice Robbed.

HAVERHILL, Mass., November 1 .- The

CASUS BELLI COOD.

and Buck the French at Every Point.

The Press of Europe Reach the Conclusion that War is Inevitable.

Great Preparations at the French Arsenals and Navy Yards for the Coming Struggle.

The Galvanized Irish of Londonderry

Again Display Their Misera-

ble Meanness. GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

DRIFTING TO WAR. LONDON, November 1.-The Daily Telegraph si ys it is enabled to state that the egraph sysit is enabled to state that the Chinese en bassy view Wednesday's vote in the French Unamer, expressing confidence in the Ministry, as the first step towards war; and if M. Ferry asks for a grant of money to dispatch reinforcements to Tonquin, China will certainly enter Tonquin forthwith.

Paris newspapers doubt the reliability of M. Trigon's dispatch that General Milott succeeds General Bonet as com-mander of troops in Tonquin. He will act in concert with Admiral Courbet and Commissioner Harmond. It is rumored, however, that the latter will soon return

Great activity prevails in the arsenals at Toulon. Fresh transports have been ordered put in readiness for use. In case of war with China the fifteenth army corps will probably be selected for ser-

A correspondent at Paris says: M. Challemel Lacour, resigns because he publicly intimated his belief that a foreign power, namely England, has been urging China to resist France. M. Pau Bert will take the ministry of instruction

in place of M. Ferry.
It is reported that the Black Flags occupy Sontag and the Chinese possess Bacninh. If, therefore, the French attack the latter place, war with China

Paris, November 1 .- The Voltaire be-

GENUINE ORANGE HATE, LONDONDERRY, November 1 .- A large number of Orangemen took possession of and occupied the city hall to-day to pre-vent the Lord Mayor of Dublia, for whom vent the Lord Mayor of Dublia, for whom the hall had been engaged, from deliver-ing a lecture upon the franchise. The corporation rescinded a resolution to rent the hall for a lecture by the Lord Mayor of Dublin. The Nationalists entertained him at dinner to-night. Policemen lined the streets through which the Lord Mayor passed. A troop of lancers arrived to assist in preserving the peace. The seizure of the city hall creates intense excitement. Some Orangemen stationed themselves upon the roof of the building and waved their regalias. Several of them, with the sponge rods of cannons, have gone inside the building, and declare themselves determined to

hold the city hall. Upon the arrival of the Lord Mayor of Dublin he was driven to the hotel. The escort carried green banners and the bands in the procession played Irish national airs. The Lord Mayor arrived shot. Serious rioting is expected. The Orangemen have planted the union jack

on the roof of the city hall. In the evening, while the escorting the Lord Mayor of Dublin to his hotel was passing the City Hall, the Orangemen fired upon it and threw slates from the windows and roof. A man was wounded and is dying. His deposition has been taken. The Nationalist procession dispersed after the Lord Mayor entered the hotel, but an angry crowd afterwards congregated around the City Hall and stoned the windows. The police charged the mob and cleared the streets. The military was called out. Lancers are parading the main streets. There is intense anxiety in all circles. The Orangemen later vacated the City Hall and withdrew from the vicinity. The Mayor of Londonderry issued a proclamation appealing to the people to refrain from violence and retaliation.

THE LIVERPOOL COTTON FAILURES. LONDON, November 1 .- The Times attributes the failure of Morris Ranger, the Liverpool cotton broker, to his grossly reckless speculation in England and America, and on the Continent. It says he aimed to control the cotton exchanges of the world, and had the help of wealthy houses in London, New York and Ham-burg. The effect of the failure in Liverburg. The effect of the failure in Liver-pool will be local. The London money market was not affected by them. Probably there will be an increased demand for cotton.

CHOLERA AT PEKIN. Berlin, November 1.—Sanitary pre-cautions have been taken at all German ports, owing to the breaking out of cholera at Pekin.

A DESPERATE FIGHT. VIENNA, November 1.—A desperate fight occurred at Kacani, Herzegovina, between the Austrian gendarmes and robbers. Several robbers were killed.

High License in St. Lo " Sr. Louis, November 1.—The total revenue derived from dram-shop, wine and beer license from the 1st of September to January 1, under the new high license law, amounts to \$251,128, an increase of \$138,697.

Fatal Fires.

CINCINNATI, November 1 .- Mrs. Mary Welsh, aged 65, and her grandson, Chas. Skellman, aged 7, were suffocated last night during a fire in their at Cummins-ville, in the northwestern part of this

MIDDLETOWN, O., November 1.—Two children of John Ernest, aged 5 and 6, postoffice was entered by thieves last suffocated by smoke this morning. The night, the safe blown open, and \$500 in dames of the dwelling were distinguished cash and about \$7,000 in stamps taken.