INAUGURAL OPENING!

GRUNEBAUM BROS.,

DRY GOODS.

1309.

Street. Farnam

1309.

Referring to our introductory announcements, we are pleased to state that the improvements on our building are completed, and with this issue we formally announce that our GRAND OPENING will take place

Monday and Tuesday, Sept. 10th & 11th.

We trust no lady will neglect the opportunity of visiting our establishment on this occasion, as the attractions in decorations and display of Goods shall and will create a lasting impression on the minds of our visitors and by placing before the public an assortment of goods in all the departments, which our patrons will always find full and complete, we earnestly hope to merit the patronage of the people.

THE VARIOUS DEPARTMENTS

Will be under the personal charge of the following experienced Ladies' and Gentlemen:

The	Silk	Department-	Mr. L. Swartz,	formerly with	Lord & Taylor,	New York
The	Black Goods	· "	Mr. C. D. Sydnor,	"	A. Cruickshank & Co.,	Omaha.
The	Dress Goods	"	Mr. G. W. Lucas,	4	R. V. Hillas,	Chicago.
The	Domestic	"	Mr. P. F. Andresen,	"	L. B. Williams & Son,	Omaha.
The	Linen	"	Mr. Wm. Barrie,	u	J. Edward Bird & Co.,	Baltimore
The	Wrap	"	Miss H. Ruane.			

Miss M. Heelan.

Our force of assistants personally request the pleasure of a visit from their friends and acquaintances, and hope that their endeavors to please and satisfy the wants of their customers, will secure for them the patronage. In tendering overy one a hearty welcome, we will state that our GRAND OPENING. Monday and Tuesday, September 10th and 11th, will be an occasion never before witnessed in Omaha.

GRUNEBAUM BROS.,

1309 Farnam Street.

FROSTED FIELDS.

Reports From all States Visited by the Recent Frosts.

The Damage Confined to Potatoes, Tomatoes, Tobacco and Lowland Corn.

Cucumbers and Buckwheat Nipped in Spots-The Aggregate Less Close on a Quarter of a Million.

Iewa City, September 10.—A heavy frost fell Sunday morning, but did but little damage to corn in this county.

Muscating, Ia., September 10.—A slight frost here Friday and Saturday

nights. The damage generally slight, but on some low ground corn is considerably injured. DUBUQUE, Iowa, September 10.-The frost on Saturday night nipped the vines far advanced.

In this vicinity, but so far as learned it

JACKSON M

has not seriously injured fruit. Corn is not injured unless a little in the valley, and that not to any extent. The average of it, it is believed, is by no means as serious as was expected, and crops as a whole have received little damage. No ROCK ISLAND, September 10. - Advices

Sunday morning as doing great damage on low lands. The late corn and pota-toes are generally killed. On the high ground the damage is trifling, if any. The real loss that farmers sustain is on the potatoes, as the corn that has been killed was not counted as good for much except for stock feed.

HURON, DAK., September 10.—Frost was light and did little damage in this section. Two thirds of the corn crop has matured while the greater portion of the , remainder is uninjured.

DES MOINES, IA., September 10.— Only a slight frost Sunday morning in this section. Corn not materially damaged. Tomatoes, sweet potatoes and pumpkin vines did not fare as well. No frost Sunday night.

DAVENPORT, Iowa, September 10.— The frost of the last three mornings have injured corn in the low lands, but that on the high grounds has not been harmed.

MARSHALLTOWN, Ia , September 10 .-The severe frosts of Friday and Saturday mornings affected corn on low lands. Conversation with leading farmers indicate the corn crop is injured one-third in Marshall county.
STERLING, Ill., September 10.—Frost

in this section yesterday morning dam-aged low land corn; upland uninjured. No other vegetation hurt. The damage

to corn is not very great.

DETROIT, September 10.—Frost quite general throughout Michigan last night. Reports do not indicate a heavy character but sufficient to cut down partly grown vegetables. Corn is somewhat late, but it is thought not to be seriously

OTTUMWA, Iowa, September 10.-Very | report damage to crops light in high lands | provisions of the same will.

light frost Saturday night and a trifle and somewhat severe in low lands. Late last night. Practically no injury anywhere in this region. Generally the frosts were not sufficient to kill even ten

The Trimming

Burlington, Iowa, September 10.— Frosts in this part of Iowa Friday and Saturday nights, but no damage to crops

St. Paul, September 10.—The C., St. P., M. & O. road received general re-ports from stations to-day ineticating the frost was severe throughout Southern Minnesota, Northern Iowa and Eastern Nebraska, and corn was badly injured.

DES MOINES, September 10.—The

State Register's reports from a goodly portion of the state in regard to the late frosts will show that the damage to crops is trifling. The corn on the uplands has not been damaged, and on the low wet lands it appears to be the Kansas seed corn that has suffered.

ELMIRA, N. Y., September 10 .- The Chemung valley tobacco crop was damaged \$100,000 by frost last night. Buck wheat and corn were also damaged. BORDENTOWN, N. J., September 10.-

The first frost of the season this morning slightly injured buckwheat, but no damage was done to corn, as the crop is too Jackson, Mich., September 10.—Heavy frosts prevailed in this section of the

state on Saturday and Sunday nights and the corn crop throughout this part of the country is thought to be almost entirely destroyed.

Springfield, Ill., September 10.—
There has been a light frost in this sec-

tion the past three evenings, but no damage was done to corn, owing to the extreme dry weather that has prevailed

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., September 10 .-Farmers report the recent frost damaged only late corn in low lands. The crop on high lands is uninjured and ripening is hastened in this and adjoining

St. Louis, September 10.-A dispatch from a well posted and able correspondent at Topeka, says he cannot learn that there has been any frost in Kansas, at any rate not enough to do any damage. Corn, in most sections of the state, is out of danger of frost. Much of it is already

LOCKPORT, N. Y., September 10. A heavy white frost visited Niagara county last night. The corn and toma-toes are said to be greatly injured, but fruit generally escaped uninjured. MILWAUKEE, September 10.—There

was a heavy frost in Milwaukee county last night and corn on low lands was killed. Buckwheat also suffered. The whole cumber industry was ruined. The loss in this enterprise alone is placed at \$50,000. A specialty is made of cucumbers by many farmers because of the large pickle factory in Waumatosa. A dispatch from Caldwell's prairie says there was a light frost Friday and Saturday nights and a heavy one on Sunday,

doing great damage. SIOUX CITY, September 10.—There has been no frost in this section since Friday 1,600, is valued at \$225,000 and was night. The damage to corn is confined to isolated spots in valleys. About half the will of the late Mrs. Mary Troost, as the corn crop is out of danger from frost. night. The damage to corn is confined dispatches from southwestern Pennsyl-vania, eastern Ohio and West Virginia Home which will be founded under the

WASHINGTON, September 10. - The September cotton returns of the depart- Two Letters From the Kidnappers ment of agriculture is less favorable than those of August. The general average is reduced to 74 per cent; in September. 1883, the general average was 94.

The Dakota State Makers. SIOUX FALLS, September 8.-At a meeting of the convention this morning very little business was done. The committee on elections and suffrage reported in favor of the insertion of the word 'male" in the constitution and of women voting at school elections and being eligible to holding office pertaining to the management of schools. The committee on address offered a resolution, which was adopted, to instruct the president to appoint a committee of nine to prepare an address to the people of the proposed new state urging their support of the constitution adopted by this convention. The convention adjourned until Monday.

Sioux Falls, D. T., September 10 .-Reports of the committees on military and suffrage was adopted with slight modifications, and the committees on education and preamble submitted a report which went over. A vigorous cam-paign is being waged by the prohibi-tionists.

The Defenders of Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, September 9.—The remnant of the association of Defenders of Baltimore in 1812, fourteen, attended religious services to-day. For many years it has been the custom of the association to assemble at their hall on Sunday preceding the anniversary of North Point, and after marching around the battle monument proceed to church. To-day the meeting and marching were omitted because of the infirmities of the members, and they were taken to church from their homes in carriages under the escort of Wilson post, G. A. R. There were only six defenders present, the re maining living members, eight in number, were too infirm to participate.

Fatal Fire. JACKSONVILLE, ILL., September 10 .-While a freight train was coming west, three miles east of this city to-night a stock car, containing two finehorses, was discovered in flames. The train was stopped and a man supposed to be Scott Pickerell, who had charge of the horses, proceeded to the car (a slat stock car.) When he entered it he was in some way overpowered by the smoke from the burning straw or brobably injured by one of the horses and was burned to death together with the horses. The stook was consigned to S. Pickerell, Alexis, Ill.

The New Gillis Theatre. Kansas City, September 10.—The Gillis house new Theater, corner Fifth

and Walnut streets, opened to-night by Mile. Rhea as Adrienne Lecouvreur, by Washington, September 10. - Special The revenue from the property is donated

THE ROSS MYSTERY.

Found Among the Papers of a Dead Detective.

The Failure to Pay \$20,000 Ransom Results in the Murder of the Boy.

The Bloody Determination of the Criminals Fails in Its Object.

NEWARK, N. J., September 10 .- The Evening News revives of the kidnapping of Charlie Ross, July 1st, 1874, from his father's residence in Germantown. The chief detective of police of Philadelphia, Wm. R. Heins, recently died and among his papers were found two letters tied securely in a separate package, on which, being examined, were found to have been written to Mr. Ross by the abductors declaring if he did not come to terms the blood of his son would be on his own head. The letters were not shown the father of little Charlie because they would only distress him more. At the same time Mrs. Ross was so prostrated that all letters and information concerning the case were turned over to her brother, Joseph Mears, who then consulted Heins, head of the detective squad.

The letters just discovered are dated November 22d and 24th of the year of the abduction. The first letter of the abductors say, "We have now arrived at a critical point. We have decided to fix the day when this matter shall be settled. We must have \$20,000 or you will never see your boy. It seems to us you think more of the money than you do your child, or you would have settled this business long ago. You can look at your \$20,000 a thousand times, but it will not oring back your child. Have never been blessed with a child, but it seems to me if I was a father I would have long since paid the money and got possession of him. We are not murderous yet, God forbid, but unless you meet us in New York next Tuesday, the 24th, this busiiness will be over forever. Two of us kidnapped the boy and two have

him in their possession ever since. Your \$20,000 would be only \$5,000 apiece. That is nothing to what we expect to make out of the scheme in hand. If we had known your financial condition we would not have taken your boy. Now that we have him we must have the ransom, so that November 24th we must have money or his blood will be upon your head. You say you want more proof that we have your boy. You fail to see us or our agent in New York November 24th and you will have such aw-

ful proof that we have him."

Then the father, who never got a glimpse of the dreadful threats, is directed to change his signature, "Saul, of Tarsus," to newspaper advertisements notifying the villians of the receipt of their letters, to "Abraham." The note proceeds, . This is the last chance we will give you in this business. We tried to meet you before, and waited some time, but you did not come and we left. We

give you four days more. If you don't France. The Chinese government has meet us that decides your child's fate." taken greatest precautions to protect the The second letter was sent, by which foreign representatives at Pekin. Ross is impressed with the gravity of the situation. This last letter ever penned by the actors in this great crime bore the post mark New York, and was dated November 22, 1874. "We wrote you yesterday," it begins, saying "we yesterday," it begins, saying "we would settle this business Tuesday November 24. This is such scrious business we write you again to let you know this affiair must be settled. We saw your boy as we came over and he is all right. Ross, this matter must be settled or it will be too late. Your boy is in charge of our two confederates. I the matter is settled satisfactorily we can send by wire, "all right," and is delivered all right to you; if we send "all wrong" no power on earth can restore him to you alive. This matter must then be settled by Tuesday, November 24, at noon or never. If you want your child alive keep true faith and meet us in New York." Upon the heel of this etter came another, it proved to be one dated November 22, with the addition of a foot note saying, "we send you a copy of letter mailed to-day. This subject is so important we send you two letters so you will be sure to get one or the other.'

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

THE CZAR IN BULGARIA. London, September 10.—The Post's Berlin correspondent says the agents of the czar in Bulgaria are acting in a thoroughly revolutionary manner and do not even disdain a coalition with the nihilists. It is fear d their actions will bring about a crisis that will lead to the reopening of the whole eastern question. The Telegraph's Vienna correspondent referring to affairs in Bulgaria says it can be positively stated the object of Russia is to get rid of Prince Alexander and place its own nominee upon the throne. None of the powers will, however, tolerate the usurpation of the throne of Bulgaria y a Russian pretender, even though he hould prove to be Grand Duke Sirgius or Grand Duke Paul.

The Standard's Berlin correspondent states the joining of Roumania in the alliance with Austria and Germany is the

answer to Russia. He adds that the relations now existing between Germany and Russia are more than cold and says it is reported Russians are concentrating an armed force north of iver Pruth, between Roumania and

Bessarabia.
Right Hon. Hugh Law, Q. C , Lord
Chancellor of Ireland, is dead. PRANCE AND CHINA. The Paris Figaro states a second inter-

riew took place between Challemel Lacour, French minister of foreign affairs, and Marquis Tzng, Chinese ambassador, at which the question of the location of the frontier of Tonquin and the independence of Annam was discussed. The conference, however, concluded without any definite result.

UNRELIABLE STATEMENTS.

London, September 10.-A Paris correspondent of the Standard regards the statements made in the Figaro, Satur-day, touching the propositions submitted Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, and statements made in the Figaro, Saturday, touching the propositions submitted by the Chinese ambassador for the settle ment of the Tonquin difficulties as un-

China to arrive at an agreement with to-morrow,

WAR A QUESTION OF DAYS. If the article in the Republique Francaise represents the views of the French minister, Chinese war is merely a ques-tion of days and will involve the expulsion of the ministry that entered upon

The Paris Temps editorially recommends that during the pendency of nego-tiations between Challemel Lacour and Marquis Tzeng the dispatch of reinforcements to Tonquin should be continued with unabated vigor. The Times, commenting upon the above recommendation, expresses fear that such action might cause the Chinese government to think France was only trying to gain time and it might thwart the design by suddenly beginning hostilities.

CATHOLIC COUNCIL.

The Rome Moniteur says: The Amercans bishops mentioned as expected to arrive in November will not reach this city at that time. Only a few of their number will participate in the conference to be held during that month, which will simply settle upon questions to be discussed at the general council at a later

day.
The Telegraph's Madrid special asserts the Spanish agitators in Paris sought to promote a rising in Cuba, but the scheme failed, owing to the fiasco in

A DYNAMITE DISCOVERY. The police discovered that a man

Terence McDermot purchased in Glasgow two lots of glycerine several weeks before the explosions there took place and carried them to Whitehead's factory at Birmingham, where they were probably converted into nitro-glycerine and used in the attempt to destroy the public buildings of Glasgow. THE GREAT IRISH DEMONSTRATION.

The demonstration at Waterford Sunday, under the auspices of the Irish Na-tional League, was attended by over 30,-000 persons. The city was profusely decorated with flags and emblems, and there was an imposing procession with banners and several bands of music. The meeting passed resolutions demanding a parliament for Ireland, not only in name but in reality, and declaring that Ireland must have that which England by necessity of time granted Canada, because Canada was rebellious. The adoption of the resolutions was greeted with foud cheers. Michael Davitt denounced the land act as entirely inadequate to the needs of Ireland. He stated that not one-sixth of the land cases had yet been heard and that when they had all been settled the reduction in rent would not amount to one million pounds.

The Wabash Cuts the Iowa Pool. CHICAGO, September 10.—The Wabash road to-day announced a cut between Chicago and Council Bluffs from \$14.50; other lines, have been allowing scalpers a commission of \$5.00. None of the ient of the Tonquin difficulties as uncliable.

It is stated that Germany has advised it is believed they will be forced to do so
they are assured of a fair and respectful hearing by reason of being Americans.

VANDERVOORT'S BOUNCE.

The Distinguished Loafer Relieved of Duties He Rarely Performed.

His Record in Office a Continuous Disregard of Orders and Work.

Summering at Soda Springs and Reporting Himself at Omaha-The Bee's Charges Officially Proven.

Washington, September 10. -It is understood Paul Vandervoort, late chief clerk of the railway mail service at Omaha, recently removed by Postmaster Geneaal Gresham for neglect of duty, will shortly make a personal appeal to the president for reinstatement. It is said at the postoffice department that the records of that department, so far as they relate to this case, show the following state of facts: Vandervoort has been absent from his post of duty most of the time for a year past. During this period his official duties had either been performed by a clerk or had been entirely neglected. His division superintendent has frequently reported the service in that section dereported the service in that section demoralized by reason of Vandervoort's neglect of duty. During the year ended July 31, 1883, he was absent from his post 265 days, most of which was spent in working for the Grand Army of the Republic to the entire neglect of his official duty. When remonstrated with by his division superintendent in regard to his absence he promised immediately after adsence, he promised immediately after adjournment of the Grand Army of the Republic at Denver he would go to Omaha and attend to his proper work. Instead and attend to his proper work. Instead of doing so, however, he went to Soda Springs, Idaho, and remained there until the date of his removal. During part of this time he reported himself to be at Omaha, doing office work. He also reported while at Soda Springs he was arranging service on the Oregon Short Line and telegraphed to Omaha directing his clerk to do that work. He has absented himself from his post of duty with-

out leave and has neglected his duty to such an extent as to call for repeated censure from his division superintendent. His record in the departmene for a long time past has been one continuous disregard of orders. For these reasons, and upon the recommendation of Col. Thompson, superintendent of the railway mail service, he was removed by the postmas-

Evangelizing Ireland.

CHICAGO, September 10.—Messrs. Mc-Granahan and Whittle, evangelists, leave this country October 2d for Ireland where they contemplate carrying on an active missionary campaign. By advice of Mr. Moody they will work in the south of Ireland, where, notwithstanding the preponderance of Roman Catholic sentiment.