

THE IOWA CAMPAIGN.

The Candidates for Governor Meet Joint Debate at Independence.

Six Thousand People Witness the Political Battle of the Gladiators.

Prohibition and Protection the Principal Points Debated—Three Hours of Solid Shot.

DUQUETTE, August 29.—The first of the series of joint discussions between Judge Kinne and Governor Sherman, respectively the candidates of the democratic and republican parties for governor, was held at Independence to-day. There was an immense concourse of people present, which was put at fifty, 6,000. Seating capacity had been arranged for about 5,500 and there was very nearly, if not quite as many, standing as were seated. Preparations had been made in the court house park under the joint direction of the democratic and republican county committees, the chairmen of which two bodies had charge of the meeting, and of all affairs. Governor Sherman arrived about 10 o'clock this morning from Cedar Falls, where he yesterday received the military now in camp there. Mr. Kinne came in an hour later from Dubuque, where he had made a speech to a large crowd last evening. The speaking began promptly at 2 o'clock, and closed shortly after 5. Governor Sherman, being the challenged party, had the choice of positions and time, and he chose the opening and close. He spoke for one hour and a half, and Governor Sherman then closed in half an hour.

Without any preliminaries, joint chairman or referees, or anything except music introduced to the large audience by H. Horback, chairman of the republican county committee, and plunged at once into his arguments. He reviewed rapidly the history of the democratic party during the past thirty years and claimed that its policy had been all the time hostile to the best interests of the people. He spoke fluently and rapidly and was listened to with great attention and with frequent applause from political comrades.

When time was called Mr. Kinne at once came to the front and was introduced by L. F. Springer, chairman of the democratic committee. He talked for an hour and a half, devoting himself for about one third of the time to the tariff questions, and the balance of the time to prohibition. He stated that he proposed to deal only with a live question, that was in issue before the people of Iowa, and would let the dead pass take care of itself. He, like General Sherman, was listened to with the greatest attention and was interrupted with frequent applause from his friends as he made his points. After his time was up Governor Sherman spoke in half an hour's speech, and confined himself mostly to answering the different questions that had been asked, and the points that had been raised by his opponent. The debate was conducted with all fairness and great courtesy on the part of the two disputants, and both sides seemed to be well pleased with the manner in which their sides had been presented. Colonel B. Henderson, and Chairman Donnan, of the republican state central committee, came to the help of the governor on two occasions by helping to carry out the statements made by Mr. Kinne, though the governor seemed fully competent to take care of himself and his side of the argument. During the debate, General Weaver, greenback candidate for governor, sat upon the stage, having been debarred from taking part in the discussion. He replied to them in the evening, when he especially analyzed the Government of Mr. Kinne, and Governor Sherman will have another joint discussion at Postville.

DIVIDED DEMOCRACY.

The Spoil Hunters of Cincinnati Split in the Middle.

CINCINNATI August 29.—The adjourned meeting of the democrats dissatisfied with the organization of the late county convention was held this afternoon to hear the report of the committee appointed to prepare a plan of action. The committee's report declared the late convention was held contrary to rules and precedent and its work was fraudulent, and made arrangements for calling a convention, one from each precinct in the county, selected from among persons signing this report with the following scale of wages, 8th and nominate a ticket to be called the democratic reform ticket and be headed by the state democratic ticket, and that a committee of fifteen to be appointed to make arrangements. Larkin McHugh offered a substitute denouncing the late convention but favoring its ticket. The substitute was lost and the committee's report adopted.

THE GLASS MAKERS.

Their Ultimatum in the Matter of Wages—A Strike Certain.

CHICAGO, August 29.—The Western Window Glass Manufacturers' association held a session here to-day, to finally determine upon the scale of wages to be paid employees. All the leading manufacturers of Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio and Pennsylvania are each represented. The committee on wages reported the following scale of wages, which is the same as was submitted by them to the workmen at a recent conference in Pittsburg: For blowing, 10 per cent reduction on the present list for single strength, and 20 per cent reduction for double strength; for gathering, 65 per cent of blowers' wages for single and 52 1/2 to 55 per cent for double. By this reduction, according to the manufacturers, single strength blowers will make from \$100 to \$116 a month, and double strength blowers \$150 and upwards. Single strength tending boys will make \$75 a month, and double strength \$125. Flatlayers of single strength will make \$100 per month and flatlayers of double strength \$125. Manu-

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

An Important Decision on the Resale of Lands Sold to Actual Settlers.

The Choleraic Condition of Constantinople Described by the American Consul.

A Pestilential Ditch Yawns Round the Golden Horn, Sending Forth Death in Every Breeze.

CAPITAL NOTES.

A DECISION FOR ACTUAL SETTLERS.

WASHINGTON, August 29.—In the case of Craig vs. Morgan, the acting secretary of the interior to-day decided a settlement made on the Osgue trust and diminished reserved lands in Kansas where the settler had arranged to sell the lands to others, does not give the right of entry under the act of May 28, 1880, providing for the sale of these lands to actual settlers only.

BANKS AND BONDS.

The treasury department is receiving daily called bonds bearing assignments witnessed by cashiers or presidents of national banks, but not verified by the bank's seal. Heretofore the signatures of bank officers had been certified by treasury officials after comparison with the signatures on file in the office of the comptroller of the currency and known to be genuine. It has been decided, however, that this practice involves too much risk, and hereafter when the seal of a bank is missing the bonds will be returned to the sender.

THE CHOSEN HOME OF CHOLERA.

The department of state has received dispatches from the United States consul general at Constantinople in regard to the cholera in Egypt and the sanitary condition of Constantinople at present. He says: The ditch draining into the Golden Horn, which drains about two square miles of land thickly built and densely populated, receives through a thousand tributaries all the sewage of that large district. It is an open stream of filthy; its noxious gases are spread with every breeze to distant quarters. This pestilential ditch still yawns and defouls the atmosphere of all those quarters facing the golden horn. While the authorities are discussing measures to improve the sanitary condition of the city, the streets remain unswayed, sewers are choked and overflowing with indescribable filth which is constantly increasing.

THE ATLANTIC FLOOD.

Great Damage Done at the Seaside Resorts. ATLANTIC CITY, August 29.—There is not a place on our beach front that has not been damaged to some extent by high tide and heavy surf to-day. Total loss \$75,000. The higher beach along the city is a mass of debris. Bath houses, restaurants, photograph galleries, stores with dwellings attached, and, what were built so far from the surf that it was thought no sea could reach them, were undermined, carried bodily into the ocean and beaten by the waved into fragments. Two hours after the high water to night the tide had fallen but little. Great anxiety is felt about the next high water, as the wind from the northeast is increasing and should it continue until high water to-morrow the damage will be more than double that of to-day. The surf was by far the heaviest ever seen here.

Prohibition in Missouri.

ST. LOUIS, August 29.—Gov. Crittenden is reported to be seriously considering the question of calling an extra session of the legislature to either amend the Downing law so as to make it apply to St. Louis or to prepare and submit a prohibition amendment to the constitution at the next general election. The governor in an interview spoke as follows: "I am an anti-prohibitionist from the sole of my feet to the crown of my head, but I feel with the people of the state that if the law is to be enforced in St. Louis and I have to choose between lawlessness and prohibition, I am a prohibitionist. Under such circumstances prohibition will carry by 60,000 majority in the state."

KANSAS CITY, August 29.

—The decision of Judge Moran, at St. Louis, in the test case against Mr. Lepp, arrested for selling beer on Sunday, has not been passed on in this state. By special legislation, prior to the Downing law, the authorities of St. Louis were permitted to grant, under a majority of the legal voters, permission to sell refreshments of any kind, distilled liquors excepted, on any day of the week. The recent prosecution in St. Louis was made under the Downing law, while in this city they have been made under the old statute of 1845, which heretofore has been a dead letter, but is now revived under the recent agitation. The beer gardens here will, therefore, still remain closed on Sunday.

The Fire Underwriters.

CHICAGO, August 29.—The fourteen annual convention of the fire underwriters of the northwest began to-day and was attended by fully two hundred representatives of companies doing business in the northwest and in Ohio, Indiana, Tennessee, Kentucky, Iowa, Wisconsin and Kansas. In his annual address President F. M. DeCamp, of Cincinnati, referred to the beneficial results of the organization of state boards of underwriters. After the appointment of standing committees for the ensuing year the convention adjourned till to-morrow.

The Indian Investigators.

SIOUX CITY, Iowa, August 29.—Senators Logan, Dawes and Cameron of the special Indian committee reached Sioux City to-day from their tour of inspection of the Missouri river Indian agencies. They go hence to Pine Ridge and Rosebud agencies. The senators are not prepared to say what the committee will recommend, but they express the opinion that the Sioux are ready for lands in sev-

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The National League Congratulate Irishmen on the Bright Prospects of the Fatherland.

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—Two thousand troops have been sent to Canton, and torpedoes and ammunition are being prepared for that place.

TELEGRAPH NOTICES.

The California Cotton Mill company has been incorporated. Capital stock, \$900,000. The factory will be located at Oakland.

By the falling of a staging at Burden dock, Hudson, New York, Patrick Conger was fatally injured and four others seriously.

Another day has passed without any sickness at Pensacola, with a population of 10,000. Paymaster F. L. Brown, at the navy yard, is dead. Another child of Surgeon Owens is reported sick.

A man named O. P. Keller, of New York, called at the White House yesterday, and left with the door-keeper a bundle of pamphlets on "The Advantages of Bible Study," which, he said, he wished to be given to the president at the moment of his return.

The portable saw mill of Irwin & West, at Georgetown, Ohio, exploded yesterday, killing Newton Irwin and Joseph West, the owners, and badly wounding Richard Steele, an employe.

The boiler in the saw mill of Barnes & Jones, at Durango, Colo., exploded, killing employes named Ballard and Clark.

Henry Villard, president of the Northern Pacific coal, with his German agents, fifty-five in the party, are at Niagara Falls.

The City of Peking, for Shanghai, took on board seventy-five cases of cartridges and 100 cases of rifles and revolvers.

HEMPED IN.

A Network of Strong Testimony Woven Around the Missouri Outlaw.

A Connecticut Philanthropist Convinced of Using the Mails for Swindling.

CRIMINAL RECORD.

THE JAMES TRIAL. ST. LOUIS, August 29.—The Post-Dispatch, Gallatin, Mo., special says: The court reassembled this morning and Geo. W. Melan, a farmer in Jackson county, testified to Dick Liddell loading a wagon at his house some time after the Winston affair. The books of the Richmond express office were put in evidence to show the receipt of Jesse's guns and Mrs. James sewing machine. Miss Ella Kindig and her mother, living four miles from Winston, identified Dick Liddell and Jesse James as being together on the day of the robbery. Wm. Bray, a farmer who took Jesse James in a buggy to Hamilton at the time the expedition was abandoned at Gallatin on account of Jesse's sickness, according to Dick Liddell's account of the affair, positively identified Frank James and three members of the gang that visited his farm with their sick companion. R. E. Bray, son of the foregoing witness, testified to the visit of the gang to his father's house. Mrs. Bray corroborated her husband and son, and was much clearer in her identification than either.

KANSAS CITY, August 29.—The Journal-Gallatin special says: The testimony of the state's witnesses was 73-200 for the James trial was intended to supply all missing links and complete the chain of evidence which the state has been forging for, for the past four days, and when the state rested its case to-day, little doubt was left in the minds of those who have heard the evidence from the beginning of its completeness. The state has woven a network of circumstances around the accused from which it will require the most direct and positive testimony in rebuttal to extricate him, but all that can be done by able lawyers will be done. The witnesses for the defense bear good characters and their testimony will be entitled to great weight. The defense will doubtless be conducted upon two theories: First, to show that James was not a participant in the Winston robbery and that Liddell swore falsely. The other position will be that even if the defendant was at Winston, it has not been shown that he took an active part in the affair, or that he killed McMillan or robbed the express-car. This is briefly the line of defense marked out. James' attorneys were in consultation all the afternoon and evening.

A SWINDLER CONVICTED.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., August 29.—The trial of Isaac Lockwood on the charge of conspiracy in defrauding those who wrote him by claiming he would lend money left by a deceased banker to the amount of \$780,000 to defaulters and those who had stolen money, was concluded to-day and the prisoner found guilty and sentenced to one year and to pay a fine of \$50. The judge's charge was rather favorable. Lockwood was much disappointed at the finding of the jury as he confidently expected to go out riding at the conclusion of the trial. It was the intention of Lockwood to obtain \$1,000,000 and go to Washington on the coming session of congress to go into the business of hiring diamonds to ladies at 10 per cent of their value so they could go to parties and receptions without the expense of buying the necessary jewelry. It was further reported that the prisoner buried his face in his hands and was completely overcome with emotion. He was taken to prison to-night.

THE CRUEL TEWKSBURY.

Tanning the Hides of the Paupers Made a Political Issue.

BOSTON, August 29.—The republican state committee issued an address to the people marking the opening of the campaign in this state. It says: No one can overlook the significance of the result in Massachusetts this autumn upon the next presidential election. At the same time it would be worse than idle to disguise the fact that the coming election is essentially a state campaign. To the people of Massachusetts the state issues of almost unrecanted gravity are justly ought to be weighed at this time by other considerations, Massachusetts has been foully slandered for personal and party reasons by her supreme executive magistrate and his followers, and urges the overthrow of the power responsible for such practices.

Another Branch Opened.

CHICAGO, August 29.—The Chicago & Northwestern railway company will begin running regular passenger trains over its recently completed branch to Aurora next Monday.

Fire at Dubuque.

DEBUQUE, August 29.—The boat store and general offices of the Diamond Joe line of steamers, of this city, was totally destroyed by fire at half past 5 o'clock this morning. The loss to the company

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BASKING ON THE BEACH.

And Toasting their Shins on the Sands Washed by Yellowstone Lake.

A Cheerful Meeting of Dead and Living Fossils in the National Park.

CAMP CAMPBELL, AT YELLOWSTONE PARK, August 29.

The president and party arrived here at noon to-day, having marched from the upper end of the lake, a distance of twenty-two miles. The trail was made over rough and rocky terrain, the borders of the lake almost entirely through the timber and the agreeable shade and absence of dust made the ride one of the most enjoyable of the whole journey. At the point where we remain to-night there is abundant grass. Our camp is in the fringe of fine pine timber, which covers the mountain side and is elevated enough to overlook the splendid meadow upon which our animals are feeding and to command a comprehensive view of the lake whose waters wash the precipitous cliffs of Shoshone mountains. Beyond, many of the peaks are snow-capped, which, in the light of the setting sun, are made visible for many miles. The president, accompanied by Capt. Clark, went fishing this afternoon, while the rest of the party were contented to rest and enjoy the panorama spread out before them. The president caught thirty-five fish weighing forty-five pounds. The head of an extinct species of rhinoceros and two vertebrae of the large fossil saurian, in an excellent state of preservation, were found on the bank of the lake near our camp by our surgeon and naturalist, W. H. Forwood. The specimens are interesting and will be sent to Prof. Cape, of Philadelphia.

The Riverdale Wreck.

NEW YORK, August 29.—Crowds of curiosity seekers gathered to-day on the wharf in front of the spot where the Riverdale sank yesterday and watched boats plying around the wreck picking up whatever floated. No bodies were found since yesterday and the belief strengthens that there are none in the wreck. The list of the missing is being gradually thinned out. Those supposed to have gone on the steamer or who were really passengers are heard from as safe in this city or at their homes up the river. The full extent of the calamity has been stated. The wreck will be taken to Jersey flats where search can be made for more bodies if any are there. Three of the injured men are doing well in the hospital, Right Rev. Howell Gardner is seriously scalded but may recover.

Thomas J. Souls, injured on the Riverdale, died at midnight. The following missing people have been inquired for: Mr. Longstreet, Mr. Archibald and Mr. McConnell. Mrs. Emily Morckoff, of Havoc-straw. Abram Tomkins, of Tarrytown, and three ladies who were with him; E. W. W. T. Sippey, Pala-sades Mountain House; ex-Senator Robert H. Strahan, Mrs. Longfear and daughter, of Tarrytown; W. W. A. Harris, of the Belt railway; Moses D. Gently, of Yonkers, and Mr. Rose, of Sing Sing.

A SAD CASE.

Mr. John Boyd Learns of the Death of His Son at Ft. Peterman.

It was rumored on the streets Tuesday that Harvey Boyd, eldest son of Mr. John Boyd, of this city, and manager of his brother's packing house, had been killed at the cattle ranch near Ft. Peterman. Inquiry at the office proved the sad news to be but too true. A dispatch was received in the forenoon, dated Tuesday, from J. B. Morehead, who is in charge of the ranch, saying simply, "Harvey Boyd was gored to-day by a cow and killed."

Why the message did not come Tuesday is not known, but its tidings fell on the young man who was nearly 18 years of age and only left home for the ranch six weeks ago.

Mr. Thos. Boyd left on the noon train yesterday for the scene of the tragedy with a metallic casket in which to bring back the remains.

A dispatch received later in the day stated that the accident occurred while they were branding cattle in the corral. Harvey Boyd was in the corral with one of the med employed N. Boyd's ranch and they were branding a calf. At this juncture one of the cows broke loose and made for the two men who at once ran for the fence surrounding the enclosure.

The man succeeded in leaping over, but Harvey stopped and turned about to look at the furious animal which was pursuing him, and this cost him his life. She overtook him as he hung with one hand to the fence and gored him, one of her horns passing directly through the region of the heart.

DIED.

HIXON.—In this city, August 29th, at 4:30 a. m., Bertha, wife of A. M. Hixon, aged 23 years. Funeral will take place to-day, August 30th, at 2 o'clock p. m., from the residence, Sixteenth street between Howard and Jackson.

FRENCH.—In this city on Wednesday morning, August 29th, Ralph Hubert, infant son of E. K. and L. M. French, aged 3 months. Funeral from the family residence, corner Saunders and Hamilton streets, on Thursday morning at 10 o'clock.

HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA

Is a carefully prepared extract of the best remedies of the vegetable kingdom known to medical science as Alternatives, Blood Purifiers, Diuretics and Tonic, such as Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock, Sillitonia, Eucalyptus, Juniper Berries, Mandarin, Wild Cherry Bark and other selected roots, herbs and barks. A medicine, like any other, can be fairly judged only by its results. We point with satisfaction to the glorious record Hood's Sarsaparilla has entered for itself upon the hearts of thousands of people in New England who have personally or indirectly been relieved of terrible suffering which all other remedies failed to reach.